By Senator Grimsley

	21-00279C-13 2013754
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to water quality credit trading;
3	reenacting s. 373.4595(1)(n), F.S., relating to water
4	quality credit trading, to incorporate the amendments
5	made to s. 403.067, F.S., in a reference thereto;
6	amending s. 403.067, F.S.; authorizing the department
7	to implement water quality credit trading in adopted
8	basin management action plans on an ongoing basis;
9	deleting a requirement that voluntary trading of water
10	credits be limited to the Lower St. Johns River Basin;
11	authorizing additional water quality protection
12	programs to participate in water quality credit
13	trading; revising provisions relating to rulemaking
14	for water quality credit trading programs; eliminating
15	a requirement that water quality credit trading be
16	limited to the Lower St. Johns River Basin as a pilot
17	project; deleting a required report; making technical
18	changes; reenacting s. 403.088(2)(e), F.S., relating
19	to water pollution operation permits, to incorporate
20	the amendments made to s. 403.067, F.S., in a
21	reference thereto; providing an effective date.
22	
23	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
24	
25	Section 1. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
26	made by this act to section 403.067, Florida Statutes, in a
27	reference thereto, paragraph (n) of subsection (1) of section
28	373.4595, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
29	373.4595 Northern Everglades and Estuaries Protection

Page 1 of 15

30 Program.-

21-00279C-13

31

(1) FINDINGS AND INTENT.-

32 (n) It is the intent of the Legislature that the 33 coordinating agencies encourage and support the development of 34 creative public-private partnerships and programs, including 35 opportunities for water storage and quality improvement on 36 private lands and water quality credit trading, to facilitate or further the restoration of the surface water resources of the 37 Lake Okeechobee watershed, the Caloosahatchee River watershed, 38 39 and the St. Lucie River watershed, consistent with s. 403.067.

40 Section 2. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (7) and 41 subsections (8) through (14) of section 403.067, Florida 42 Statutes, are amended to read:

43 403.067 Establishment and implementation of total maximum
44 daily loads.-

45 (7) DEVELOPMENT OF BASIN MANAGEMENT PLANS AND46 IMPLEMENTATION OF TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOADS.—

47

(a) Basin management action plans.-

1. In developing and implementing the total maximum daily 48 49 load for a water body, the department, or the department in 50 conjunction with a water management district, may develop a 51 basin management action plan that addresses some or all of the 52 watersheds and basins tributary to the water body. Such a plan 53 must integrate the appropriate management strategies available 54 to the state through existing water quality protection programs 55 to achieve the total maximum daily loads and may provide for 56 phased implementation of these management strategies to promote 57 timely, cost-effective actions as provided for in s. 403.151. 58 The plan must establish a schedule for implementing the

Page 2 of 15

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

21-00279C-13 2013754 59 management strategies, establish a basis for evaluating the 60 plan's effectiveness, and identify feasible funding strategies 61 for implementing the plan's management strategies. The 62 management strategies may include regional treatment systems or 63 other public works, where appropriate, and, in the basin listed 64 in subsection (10) for which a basin management action plan has 65 been adopted, voluntary trading of water quality credits to 66 achieve the needed pollutant load reductions.

2. A basin management action plan must equitably allocate, 67 68 pursuant to paragraph (6) (b), pollutant reductions to individual basins, as a whole to all basins, or to each identified point 69 70 source or category of nonpoint sources, as appropriate. For 71 nonpoint sources for which best management practices have been 72 adopted, the initial requirement specified by the plan must be 73 those practices developed pursuant to paragraph (c). Where 74 appropriate, the plan may take into account the benefits of 75 pollutant load reduction achieved by point or nonpoint sources 76 that have implemented management strategies to reduce pollutant 77 loads, including best management practices, before prior to the 78 development of the basin management action plan. The plan must also identify the mechanisms that will address potential future 79 80 increases in pollutant loading.

3. The basin management action planning process is intended to involve the broadest possible range of interested parties, with the objective of encouraging the greatest amount of cooperation and consensus possible. In developing a basin management action plan, the department shall assure that key stakeholders, including, but not limited to, applicable local governments, water management districts, the Department of

Page 3 of 15

21-00279C-13 2013754 88 Agriculture and Consumer Services, other appropriate state 89 agencies, local soil and water conservation districts, 90 environmental groups, regulated interests, and affected 91 pollution sources, are invited to participate in the process. 92 The department shall hold at least one public meeting in the 93 vicinity of the watershed or basin to discuss and receive 94 comments during the planning process and shall otherwise 95 encourage public participation to the greatest practicable extent. Notice of the public meeting must be published in a 96 97 newspaper of general circulation in each county in which the watershed or basin lies not less than 5 days nor more than 15 98 99 days before the public meeting. A basin management action plan 100 does shall not supplant or otherwise alter any assessment made 101 under subsection (3) or subsection (4) or any calculation or 102 initial allocation.

4. The department shall adopt all or any part of a basin management action plan and any amendment to such plan by secretarial order pursuant to chapter 120 to implement the provisions of this section.

107 5. The basin management action plan must include milestones 108 for implementation and water quality improvement, and an associated water quality monitoring component sufficient to 109 evaluate whether reasonable progress in pollutant load 110 reductions is being achieved over time. An assessment of 111 112 progress toward these milestones shall be conducted every 5 113 years, and revisions to the plan shall be made as appropriate. 114 Revisions to the basin management action plan shall be made by 115 the department in cooperation with basin stakeholders. Revisions 116 to the management strategies required for nonpoint sources must

Page 4 of 15

120 6. In accordance with procedures adopted by rule under 121 paragraph (9)(c), basin management action plans, and other pollution control programs under local, state, or federal 122 123 authority as provided in subsection (4), may allow point or 124 nonpoint sources that will achieve greater pollutant reductions 125 than required by an adopted total maximum load or wasteload 126 allocation to generate, register, and trade water quality 127 credits for the excess reductions to enable other sources to 128 achieve their allocation; however, the generation of water 129 quality credits does not remove the obligation of a source or 130 activity to meet applicable technology requirements or adopted 131 best management practices. Such plans must allow trading between 132 NPDES permittees, and trading that may or may not involve NPDES 133 permittees, where the generation or use of the credits involve 134 an entity or activity not subject to department water discharge permits whose owner voluntarily elects to obtain department 135 136 authorization for the generation and sale of credits.

137 7. The provisions of the department's rule relating to the 138 equitable abatement of pollutants into surface waters <u>do not</u> 139 <u>apply shall not be applied</u> to water bodies or water body 140 segments for which a basin management plan that takes into 141 account future new or expanded activities or discharges has been 142 adopted under this section.

143

(b) Total maximum daily load implementation.-

144 1. The department shall be the lead agency in coordinating 145 the implementation of the total maximum daily loads through

Page 5 of 15

21-00279C-13 2013754 146 existing water quality protection programs. Application of a 147 total maximum daily load by a water management district must be consistent with this section and does shall not require the 148 149 issuance of an order or a separate action pursuant to s. 150 120.536(1) or s. 120.54 for the adoption of the calculation and 151 allocation previously established by the department. Such 152 programs may include, but are not limited to: 153 a. Permitting and other existing regulatory programs, 154 including water-quality-based effluent limitations; 155 b. Nonregulatory and incentive-based programs, including 156 best management practices, cost sharing, waste minimization, 157 pollution prevention, agreements established pursuant to s. 158 403.061(21), and public education; 159 c. Other water quality management and restoration 160 activities, for example surface water improvement and management 161 plans approved by water management districts or basin management 162 action plans developed pursuant to this subsection; 163 d. Trading of water quality credits or other equitable economically based agreements; 164 165 e. Public works including capital facilities; or f. Land acquisition. 166 167 2. For a basin management action plan adopted pursuant to paragraph (a), any management strategies and pollutant reduction 168 requirements associated with a pollutant of concern for which a 169 170 total maximum daily load has been developed, including effluent 171 limits set forth for a discharger subject to NPDES permitting, if any, must be included in a timely manner in subsequent NPDES 172 173 permits or permit modifications for that discharger. The department may shall not impose limits or conditions 174

Page 6 of 15

implementing an adopted total maximum daily load in an NPDES permit until the permit expires, the discharge is modified, or the permit is reopened pursuant to an adopted basin management action plan.

a. Absent a detailed allocation, total maximum daily loads 179 180 must shall be implemented through NPDES permit conditions that 181 provide for a compliance schedule. In such instances, a 182 facility's NPDES permit must allow time for the issuance of an order adopting the basin management action plan. The time 183 184 allowed for the issuance of an order adopting the plan may shall 185 not exceed 5 years. Upon issuance of an order adopting the plan, the permit must be reopened or renewed, as necessary, and permit 186 conditions consistent with the plan must be established. 187 188 Notwithstanding the other provisions of this subparagraph, upon 189 request by an NPDES permittee, the department as part of a 190 permit issuance, renewal, or modification may establish 191 individual allocations before prior to the adoption of a basin 192 management action plan.

b. For holders of NPDES municipal separate storm sewer system permits and other stormwater sources, implementation of a total maximum daily load or basin management action plan must be achieved, to the maximum extent practicable, through the use of best management practices or other management measures.

c. The basin management action plan does not relieve the
discharger from any requirement to obtain, renew, or modify an
NPDES permit or to abide by other requirements of the permit.

d. Management strategies set forth in a basin management
action plan to be implemented by a discharger subject to
permitting by the department must be completed pursuant to the

Page 7 of 15

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

204 schedule set forth in the basin management action plan. This 205 implementation schedule may extend beyond the 5-year term of an 206 NPDES permit.

e. Management strategies and pollution reduction requirements set forth in a basin management action plan for a specific pollutant of concern <u>are shall</u> not be subject to challenge under chapter 120 at the time they are incorporated, in an identical form, into a subsequent NPDES permit or permit modification.

f. For nonagricultural pollutant sources not subject to NPDES permitting but permitted pursuant to other state, regional, or local water quality programs, the pollutant reduction actions adopted in a basin management action plan <u>must</u> shall be implemented to the maximum extent practicable as part of those permitting programs.

219 g. A nonpoint source discharger included in a basin 220 management action plan must demonstrate compliance with the 221 pollutant reductions established under subsection (6) by either 222 implementing the appropriate best management practices 223 established pursuant to paragraph (c) or conducting water 224 quality monitoring prescribed by the department or a water 225 management district. A nonpoint source discharger may, in 226 accordance with department rules, supplement the implementation 227 of best management practices with water quality credit trades in 228 order to demonstrate compliance with the pollutant reductions 229 established under subsection (6).

h. A nonpoint source discharger included in a basin
management action plan may be subject to enforcement action by
the department or a water management district based upon a

Page 8 of 15

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2013754

233 failure to implement the responsibilities set forth in sub-234 subparagraph g.

235 i. A landowner, discharger, or other responsible person who 236 is implementing applicable management strategies specified in an 237 adopted basin management action plan may shall not be required 238 by permit, enforcement action, or otherwise to implement 239 additional management strategies to reduce pollutant loads to 240 attain the pollutant reductions established pursuant to subsection (6) and shall be deemed to be in compliance with this 241 242 section. This subparagraph does not limit the authority of the department to amend a basin management action plan as specified 243 244 in subparagraph (a) 5.

245

(8) WATER QUALITY CREDIT TRADING.-

(a) Water quality credit trading must be consistent withfederal law and regulation.

(b) Water quality credit trading must be implemented
through permits, including water quality credit trading permits,
other authorizations, or other legally binding agreements as
established by department rule.

(c) The department shall establish the pollutant load reduction value of water quality credits and <u>is shall be</u> responsible for authorizing their use.

(d) A person <u>who</u> that acquires water quality credits
("buyer") shall timely submit to the department an affidavit,
signed by the buyer and the credit generator ("seller"),
disclosing the term of acquisition, number of credits, unit
credit price paid, and any state funding received for the
facilities or activities that generate the credits. The
department <u>may shall</u> not participate in the establishment of

Page 9 of 15

21-00279C-13 2013754 262 credit prices. 263 (e) Sellers of water quality credits are responsible for 264 achieving the load reductions on which the credits are based and 265 complying with the terms of the department authorization and any 266 trading agreements into which they may have entered. (f) Buyers of water quality credits are responsible for 267 268 complying with the terms of the department water discharge 269 permit. 270 (g) The department shall take appropriate action to address 271 the failure of a credit seller to fulfill its obligations, 272 including, as necessary, deeming the seller's credits invalid if 273 the seller cannot achieve the load reductions on which the 274 credits were based in a reasonable time. If the department 275 determines duly acquired water quality credits to be invalid, in 276 whole or in part, thereby causing the credit buyer to be unable 277 to timely meet its pollutant reduction obligations under this 278 section, the department shall issue an order establishing the 279 actions required of the buyer to meet its obligations by 280 alternative means and a reasonable schedule for completing the 281 actions. The invalidation of credits does shall not, in and of 282 itself, constitute a violation of the buyer's water discharge 283 permit. 284 (h) The department may authorize water quality trading in 285 adopted basin management action plans. Entities that participate 286 in water quality credit trades shall timely report to the 287 department the prices for credits, how the prices were 288 determined, and any state funding received for the facilities or 289 activities that generated the credits. The department may not 290 participate in the establishment of credit prices.

Page 10 of 15

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SB 754

21-00279C-13 2013754 291 (9) RULES.-The department may is authorized to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 for: 292 293 (a) Delisting water bodies or water body segments from the 294 list developed under subsection (4) pursuant to the guidance under subsection (5). 295 296 (b) Administering of funds to implement the total maximum 297 daily load and basin management action planning programs. 298 (c) Water quality credit trading among the pollutant 299 sources to a water body or water body segment. By September 1, 300 2008, rulemaking must be initiated which provides The rules must 301 provide for the following: 302 1. The process to be used to determine how credits are 303 generated, quantified, and validated. 304 2. A publicly accessible water quality credit trading 305 registry that tracks water quality credits, trading activities, 306 and prices paid for credits. 307 3. Limitations on the availability and use of water quality 308 credits, including a list of eligible pollutants or parameters and minimum water quality requirements and, where appropriate, 309 310 adjustments to reflect best management practice performance uncertainties and water-segment-specific location factors. 311 312 4. The timing and duration of credits and allowance for 313 credit transferability. 5. Mechanisms for determining and ensuring compliance with 314 trading procedures, including recordkeeping, monitoring, 315 316 reporting, and inspections. 317 318 At the time of publication of the draft rules on water quality 319 credit trading, the department shall submit a copy to the United

Page 11 of 15

	21-00279C-13 2013754
320	States Environmental Protection Agency for review.
321	(d) The total maximum daily load calculation in accordance
322	with paragraph (6)(a) immediately upon the effective date of
323	this act, for those eight water segments within Lake Okeechobee
324	proper as submitted to the United States Environmental
325	Protection Agency pursuant to subsection (2).
326	(e) Implementation of other specific provisions.
327	(10) Water quality credit trading shall be limited to the
328	Lower St. Johns River Basin, as defined by the department, as a
329	pilot project. The department may authorize water quality credit
330	trading and establish specific requirements for trading in the
331	adopted basin management action plan for the Lower St. Johns
332	River Basin prior to the adoption of rules under paragraph
333	(9)(c) in order to effectively implement the pilot project.
334	Entities that participate in water quality credit trades shall
335	timely report to the department the prices for credits, how the
336	prices were determined, and any state funding received for the
337	facilities or activities that generated the credits. The
338	department shall not participate in the establishment of credit
339	prices. No later than 24 months after adoption of the basin
340	management action plan for the Lower St. Johns River, the
341	department shall submit a report to the Governor, the President
342	of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives
343	on the effectiveness of the pilot project, including the
344	following information:
345	(a) A summary of how water quality credit trading was
346	implemented, including the number of pounds of pollutants
347	traded.
348	(b) A description of the individual trades and estimated

Page 12 of 15

2013754

349 pollutant load reductions that are expected to result from each 350 trade.

351 (c) A description of any conditions placed on trades.
352 (d) Prices associated with the trades, as reported by the
353 traders.

354 (c) A recommendation as to whether other areas of the state 355 would benefit from water quality credit trading and, if so, an 356 identification of the statutory changes necessary to expand the 357 scope of trading.

358 (10) (11) APPLICATION. - The provisions of this section are 359 intended to supplement existing law, and may not nothing in this 360 section shall be construed as altering any applicable state 361 water quality standards or as restricting the authority 362 otherwise granted to the department or a water management 363 district under this chapter or chapter 373. The exclusive means 364 of state implementation of s. 303(d) of the Clean Water Act, 365 Pub. L. No. 92-500, 33 U.S.C. ss. 1251 et seq. shall be in 366 accordance with the identification, assessment, calculation and 367 allocation, and implementation provisions of this section.

368 <u>(11) (12)</u> CONSTRUCTION. Nothing in This section does not 369 <u>limit shall be construed as limiting</u> the applicability or 370 consideration of any mixing zone, variance, exemption, site 371 specific alternative criteria, or other moderating provision.

372

(12) (13) IMPLEMENTATION OF ADDITIONAL PROGRAMS.-

(a) The department <u>may shall</u> not implement, without prior
legislative approval, any additional regulatory authority
pursuant to s. 303(d) of the Clean Water Act or 40 C.F.R. part
130, if such implementation would result in water quality
discharge regulation of activities not currently subject to

Page 13 of 15

378 regulation.

(b) Interim measures, best management practices, or other measures may be developed and voluntarily implemented pursuant to paragraph (7)(c) for any water body or segment for which a total maximum daily load or allocation has not been established. The implementation of such pollution control programs may be considered by the department in the determination made pursuant to subsection (4).

386 (13) (14) RULE CHALLENGES. - In order to provide adequate due 387 process while ensuring timely development of total maximum daily 388 loads, proposed rules and orders authorized by this act are 389 shall be ineffective pending resolution of a s. 120.54(3), s. 390 120.56, s. 120.569, or s. 120.57 administrative proceeding. 391 However, the department may go forward prior to resolution of 392 such administrative proceedings with subsequent agency actions 393 authorized by subsections (2)-(6) if $\frac{1}{7}$ provided that the 394 department can support and substantiate those actions using the 395 underlying bases for the rules or orders without the benefit of 396 any legal presumption favoring, or in deference to, the 397 challenged rules or orders.

398 Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 399 made by this act to section 403.067, Florida Statutes, in a 400 reference thereto, paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 401 403.088, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

402 403.088 Water pollution operation permits; conditions.-403 (2)

404 (e) However, if the discharge will not meet permit
405 conditions or applicable statutes and rules, the department may
406 issue, renew, revise, or reissue the operation permit if:

Page 14 of 15

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	21-00279C-13 2013754
407	1. The applicant is constructing, installing, or placing
408	into operation, or has submitted plans and a reasonable schedule
409	for constructing, installing, or placing into operation, an
410	approved pollution abatement facility or alternative waste
411	disposal system;
412	2. The applicant needs permission to pollute the waters
413	within the state for a period of time necessary to complete
414	research, planning, construction, installation, or operation of
415	an approved and acceptable pollution abatement facility or
416	alternative waste disposal system;
417	3. There is no present, reasonable, alternative means of
418	disposing of the waste other than by discharging it into the
419	waters of the state;
420	4. The granting of an operation permit will be in the
421	<pre>public interest;</pre>
422	5. The discharge will not be unreasonably destructive to
423	the quality of the receiving waters; or
424	6. A water quality credit trade that meets the requirements
425	of s. 403.067.
426	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.

Page 15 of 15