By Senator Joyner

19-00130-13 201380\_\_\_ A bill to be entitled

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An act relating to elections; amending s. 101.657, F.S.; expanding the list of available sites at which early voting may be held to include specified facilities or any other location designated by a supervisor of elections as meeting the requirements of state law; deleting a requirement that an early voting site be designated and used as such for at least 1 year before an election; requiring that each county operate a certain total number of voting sites; revising the beginning and ending dates of early voting; revising the hours of early voting to 12 hours per weekday and 12 hours in the aggregate each weekend at each site during the applicable periods; deleting provisions that authorize the supervisor of elections to provide early voting for certain elections and to determine the hours of operation of early voting sites in those elections; amending s. 101.045, F.S.; permitting an elector to change his or her residence at a polling place and vote a regular ballot at that polling place; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (1) of section 101.657, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

101.657 Early voting.—

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(1) (a) As a convenience to the voter, the supervisor of elections shall allow an elector to vote early in the main or

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branch office of the supervisor and may allow such early voting in any city hall, public library facility, courthouse, place of worship, civic center, convention center, community center, county government center, conference center, community college facility, university or college, fairgrounds, or any other location designated by the supervisor as meeting the requirements of this section. The supervisor shall mark, code, indicate on, or otherwise track the voter's precinct for each early voted ballot. In order for a branch office to be used for early voting, it shall be a permanent facility of the supervisor and shall have been designated and used as such for at least 1 year prior to the election. The supervisor may also designate any city hall or permanent public library facility as Early voting sites; however, if so designated, the sites must be geographically located so as to provide all voters in the county an equal opportunity to cast a ballot, insofar as is practicable. Each county shall operate the same total number of early voting sites that it used for the 2008 general election, or one early voting site plus one additional early voting site for every complete set of 65,000 registered voters in the county as of July 1 of each general election year, whichever is greater. The results or tabulation of votes cast during early voting may not be made before the close of the polls on election day. Results shall be reported by precinct.

(d) Early voting shall begin on the 15th 10th day before an election that contains state or federal races and end on the 2nd 3rd day before the election. For purposes of a special election held pursuant to s. 100.101, early voting shall begin on the 8th day before the election and end on the 2nd day before the

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election. Early voting, and shall be provided for 12 no less than 6 hours per weekday and 12 hours in the aggregate each weekend no more than 12 hours per day at each site during the applicable periods. Early voting sites shall open no sooner than 7 a.m. and close no later than 7 p.m. on each applicable day. period. The supervisor of elections may provide early voting for elections that are not held in conjunction with a state or federal election. However, the supervisor has the discretion to determine the hours of operation of early voting sites in those elections.

Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 101.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.045 Electors must be registered in precinct; provisions for change of residence or name.—

(2) (a) An elector who moves from the precinct in which the elector is registered may be permitted to change his or her place of residence and vote by regular ballot in the precinct to which he or she has moved his or her legal residence, if the change of residence is within the same county and the elector completes an affirmation in substantially the following form:

Change of Legal Residence of Registered
Voter

Under penalties for false swearing, I, ...(Name of voter)..., swear (or affirm) that the former address of my legal residence was ...(Address of legal residence)... in the municipality of ..., in .... County, Florida, and I was registered to vote in the .... precinct of .... County, Florida; that I have not voted

19-00130-13 201380 88 in the precinct of my former registration in this election; that 89 I now reside at ... (Address of legal residence) ... in the Municipality of ...., in .... County, Florida, and am therefore 90 91 eligible to vote in the .... precinct of .... County, Florida; 92 and I further swear (or affirm) that I am otherwise legally 93 registered and entitled to vote. 94 95 ... (Signature of voter whose address of legal residence has 96 changed) ... 97 98 (b) Except for an active uniformed services voter or a 99 member of his or her family, an elector whose change of address 100 is from outside the county may not change his or her legal 101 residence at the polling place and vote a regular ballot; 102 however, such elector is entitled to vote a provisional ballot. 103 (b) (c) An elector whose name changes because of marriage or 104 other legal process may be permitted to vote, provided such 105 elector completes an affirmation in substantially the following form: 106 107 108 Change of Name of Registered 109 Voter 110 Under penalties for false swearing, I, ... (New name of 111 112 voter)..., swear (or affirm) that my name has been changed 113 because of marriage or other legal process. My former name and 114 address of legal residence appear on the registration records of 115 precinct .... as follows: 116

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117	Address
118	Municipality
119	County
120	Florida, Zip
121	My present name and address of legal residence are as follows:
122	Name
123	Address
124	Municipality
125	County
126	Florida, Zip
127	and I further swear (or affirm) that I am otherwise legally
128	registered and entitled to vote.
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130	(Signature of voter whose name has changed)
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132	(c)(d) Instead of the affirmation contained in paragraph
133	(a) or paragraph $\underline{\text{(b)}}$ $\underline{\text{(c)}}$ , an elector may complete a voter
134	registration application that indicates the change of name or
135	change of address of legal residence.
136	$\underline{\text{(d)}}$ Such affirmation or application, when completed and
137	presented at the precinct in which such elector is entitled to
138	vote, and upon verification of the elector's registration, shall
139	entitle such elector to vote as provided in this subsection. If
140	the elector's eligibility to vote cannot be determined, he or
141	she shall be entitled to vote a provisional ballot, subject to
142	the requirements and procedures in s. 101.048. Upon receipt of
143	an affirmation or application certifying a change in address of
144	legal residence or name, the supervisor shall as soon as
145	practicable make the necessary changes in the statewide voter

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146	registration system to indicate the change in address of	legal
147	residence or name of such elector.	
148	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.	