By the Committee on Environmental Preservation and Conservation; and Senators Richter and Smith

592-04031A-13 2013958c1 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to underground natural gas storage; 3 providing a short title; amending s. 211.02, F.S.; 4 narrowing the use of the term "oil"; amending s. 5 211.025, F.S.; narrowing the scope of the gas 6 production tax to apply only to native gas; amending 7 s. 376.301, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; 8 amending s. 377.06, F.S.; making grammatical changes; 9 declaring underground natural gas storage to be in the public interest; amending s. 377.18, F.S.; clarifying 10 11 common sources of oil and gas; amending s. 377.19, 12 F.S.; modifying and providing definitions; amending s. 13 377.21, F.S.; extending the jurisdiction of the 14 Division of Resource Management of the Department of 15 Environmental Protection; amending s. 377.22, F.S.; 16 expanding the scope of the department's rules and 17 orders; amending s. 377.24, F.S.; providing for the 18 notice and permitting of storage in and recovery from 19 natural gas storage reservoirs; creating s. 377.2407, F.S.; establishing a natural gas storage facility 20 21 permit application process; specifying requirements 22 for an application, including fees; amending s. 23 377.241, F.S.; providing criteria that the division 24 must consider in issuing permits; amending s. 377.242, F.S.; granting authority to the department to issue 25 26 permits to establish natural gas storage facilities; 27 creating s. 377.2431, F.S.; establishing conditions 28 and procedures for granting natural gas storage 29 facility permits; limiting the right of a county or

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30	municipality to regulate natural gas storage
31	facilities; prohibiting a permit for certain natural
32	gas storage facilities; creating s. 377.2432, F.S.;
33	providing for the protection of water supplies at
34	natural gas storage facilities; providing that a
35	natural gas storage facility operator is presumed
36	responsible for pollution of an underground water
37	supply under certain circumstances; creating s.
38	377.2433, F.S.; providing for the protection of
39	natural gas storage facilities through a requirement
40	of notice, compliance with certain standards, and a
41	right of entry to monitor activities; creating s.
42	377.2434, F.S.; providing that property rights to
43	injected natural gas are with the injector or the
44	injector's heirs, successors, or assigns; providing
45	for compensation to the owner of the stratum and the
46	owner of the surface for use of or damage to the
47	surface or substratum; amending s. 377.25, F.S.;
48	limiting the scope of certain drilling unit
49	requirements; amending s. 377.28, F.S.; modifying
50	situations in which the department is required to
51	issue an order requiring unit operation; amending s.
52	377.30, F.S.; providing that limitations on the amount
53	of oil or gas taken do not apply to nonnative gas
54	recovered from a permitted natural gas storage
55	facility; amending s. 377.34, F.S.; providing for
56	legal action against a person who appears to be
57	violating a rule that relates to the storage or
58	recovery of natural gas; amending s. 377.37, F.S.;

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59	expanding penalties to reach persons who violate the
60	terms of a permit relating to storage of gas in a
61	natural gas storage facility; amending s. 377.371,
62	F.S.; providing that a person storing gas in a natural
63	gas storage facility may not pollute or otherwise
64	damage certain areas and that a person who pollutes
65	water by storing natural gas is liable for cleanup or
66	other costs incurred by the state; amending s.
67	403.973, F.S.; allowing expedited permitting for
68	natural gas storage facilities permitted under ch.
69	377, F.S., and for certain projects to construct
70	interstate natural gas pipelines; providing that
71	natural gas storage facilities are subject to certain
72	requirements; requiring the Department of
73	Environmental Protection to adopt rules; providing an
74	effective date.
75	
76	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
77	
78	Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Florida
79	Underground Natural Gas Storage Act."
80	Section 2. Subsection (7) is added to section 211.02,
81	Florida Statutes, to read:
82	211.02 Oil production tax; basis and rate of tax; tertiary
83	oil and mature field recovery oil.—An excise tax is hereby
84	levied upon every person who severs oil in the state for sale,
85	transport, storage, profit, or commercial use. Except as
86	otherwise provided in this part, the tax is levied on the basis
87	of the entire production of oil in this state, including any

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88	royalty interest. Such tax shall accrue at the time the oil is
89	severed and shall be a lien on production regardless of the
90	place of sale, to whom sold, or by whom used, and regardless of
91	the fact that delivery of the oil may be made outside the state.
92	(7) As used in this section, the term "oil" does not
93	include gas-phase hydrocarbons that are transported into the
94	state, injected in the gaseous phase into a natural gas storage
95	facility permitted under part I of chapter 377, and later
96	recovered as a liquid hydrocarbon.
97	Section 3. Subsection (6) is added to section 211.025,
98	Florida Statutes, to read:
99	211.025 Gas production tax; basis and rate of tax.—An
100	excise tax is hereby levied upon every person who severs gas in
101	the state for sale, transport, profit, or commercial use. Except
102	as otherwise provided in this part, the tax shall be levied on
103	the basis of the entire production of gas in this state,
104	including any royalty interest. Such tax shall accrue at the
105	time the gas is severed and shall be a lien on production
106	regardless of the place of sale, to whom sold, or by whom used
107	and regardless of the fact that delivery of the gas may be made
108	outside the state.
109	(6) This section applies only to native gas as defined in
110	<u>s. 377.19.</u>
111	Section 4. Subsection (36) of section 376.301, Florida
112	Statutes, is amended to read:
113	376.301 Definitions of terms used in ss. 376.30-376.317,
114	376.70, and 376.75When used in ss. 376.30-376.317, 376.70, and
115	376.75, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the term:
116	(36) "Pollutants" includes any "product" as defined in s.

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592-04031A-13 2013958c1 117 377.19(11), pesticides, ammonia, chlorine, and derivatives thereof, excluding liquefied petroleum gas. 118 Section 5. Section 377.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to 119 120 read: 121 377.06 Public policy of state concerning natural resources 122 of oil and gas.-It is hereby declared to be the public policy of 123 this the state to conserve and control the natural resources of 124 oil and gas in this said state, and the products made from oil 125 and gas in this state therefrom; to prevent waste of said 126 natural resources; to provide for the protection and adjustment 127 of the correlative rights of the owners of the land in which the 128 wherein said natural resources lie, of and the owners and 129 producers of oil and gas resources and the products made from 130 oil and gas therefrom, and of others interested in these 131 resources and products therein; to safeguard the health, 132 property, and public welfare of the residents citizens of this 133 said state and other interested persons and for all purposes 134 indicated by the provisions in this section herein. Further, it is declared that underground storage of natural gas is in the 135 136 public interest because underground storage promotes 137 conservation of natural gas; makes gas more readily available to 138 the domestic, commercial, and industrial consumers of this 139 state; and allows the accumulation of large quantities of gas in 140 reserve for orderly withdrawal during emergencies or periods of 141 peak demand. It is not the intention of this section to limit, 142 or restrict, or modify in any way the provisions of this law. 143 Section 6. Section 377.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to 144 read: 145 377.18 Common sources of oil and gas.-All common sources of

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146	supply of oil or native and gas or either of them shall have the
147	production therefrom controlled or regulated in accordance with
148	the provisions of this law.
149	Section 7. Section 377.19, Florida Statutes, is reordered
150	and amended to read:
151	377.19 DefinitionsAs used Unless the context otherwise
152	requires, the words defined in this section shall have the
153	following meanings when found in ss. 377.06, 377.07, and 377.10-
154	377.40, the term:
155	(3) (1) "Division" means the Division of Resource Management
156	of the Department of Environmental Protection.
157	(28) (2) "State" means the State of Florida.
158	(20) (3) "Person" means a any natural person, corporation,
159	association, partnership, receiver, trustee, guardian, executor,
160	administrator, fiduciary, or representative of any kind.
161	(15) (4) "Oil" means crude petroleum oil and other
162	hydrocarbons, regardless of gravity, which are produced at the
163	well in liquid form by ordinary production methods, and which
164	are not the result of condensation of gas after it leaves the
165	reservoir.
166	(5) "Gas" means all natural gas, including casinghead gas,
167	and all other hydrocarbons not defined as oil in subsection (4).
168	(21) (6) "Pool" means an underground reservoir containing or
169	appearing to contain a common accumulation of oil or gas or
170	both. Each zone of a general structure which is completely
171	separated from any other zone on the structure is considered a
172	separate pool as used herein.
173	(4)(7) "Field" means the general area that which is
174	underlaid, or appears to be underlaid, by at least one pool. The

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175	term; and "field" includes the underground reservoir, or
176	reservoirs, containing oil or gas, or both. The <u>terms</u> words
177	"field" and "pool" mean the same thing <u>if</u> when only one
178	underground reservoir is involved; however, <u>the term</u> "field,"
179	unlike <u>the term</u> "pool," may relate to two or more pools.
180	(19) (8) "Owner" means the person who has the right to drill
181	into and to produce from any pool and to appropriate the
182	production either for the person or for the person and another,
183	or others.
184	(22) (9) "Producer" means the owner or operator of a well or
185	wells capable of producing oil or gas, or both.
186	(31) (10) "Waste," in addition to its ordinary meaning,
187	means "physical waste" as that term is generally understood in
188	the oil and gas industry. The term "waste" includes:
189	(a) The inefficient, excessive, or improper use or
190	dissipation of reservoir energy; and the locating, spacing,
191	drilling, equipping, operating, or producing of any oil or gas
192	well or wells in a manner <u>that</u> which results, or tends to
193	result, in reducing the quantity of oil or gas ultimately to be
194	stored or recovered from any pool in this state.
195	(b) The inefficient storing of oil; and the locating,
196	spacing, drilling, equipping, operating, or producing of any oil
197	or gas well or wells in a manner <u>that causes, or tends</u> causing,
198	or tending to cause, unnecessary or excessive surface loss or
199	destruction of oil or gas.
200	(c) <u>The</u> producing <u>of</u> oil or gas in such a manner <u>that</u>
201	causes as to cause unnecessary water channeling or coning.
202	(d) The operation of any oil well or wells with an

202 (d) The operation of any oil well or wells with an 203 inefficient gas-oil ratio.

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592-04031A-13 2013958c1 204 (e) The drowning with water of any stratum or part thereof 205 capable of producing oil or gas. 206 (f) The underground waste, however caused and whether or 207 not defined. (g) The creation of unnecessary fire hazards. 208 209 (h) The escape into the open air, from a well producing 210 both oil and gas, of gas in excess of the amount that which is 211 necessary in the efficient drilling or operation of the well. (i) The use of gas for the manufacture of carbon black. 212 213 (j) Permitting gas produced from a gas well to escape into 214 the air. 215 (k) The abuse of the correlative rights and opportunities 216 of each owner of oil and gas in a common reservoir due to 217 nonuniform, disproportionate, and unratable withdrawals, causing 218 undue drainage between tracts of land. 219 (23) (11) "Product" means a any commodity made from oil or 220 gas and includes refined crude oil, crude tops, topped crude, 221 processed crude petroleum, residue from crude petroleum, 222 cracking stock, uncracked fuel oil, fuel oil, treated crude oil, 223 residuum, gas oil, casinghead gasoline, natural gas gasoline, 224 naphtha, distillate, condensate, gasoline, waste oil, kerosene, 225 benzine, wash oil, blended gasoline, lubricating oil, blends or 226 mixtures of oil with one or more liquid products or byproducts derived from oil or gas, and blends or mixtures of two or more 227 liquid products or byproducts derived from oil or gas, whether 228

230 <u>(8) (12)</u> "Illegal oil" means oil <u>that</u> which has been 231 produced within the state from any well or wells in excess of 232 the amount allowed by rule, regulation, or order of the

hereinabove enumerated or not.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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592-04031A-13 2013958c1 233 division, as distinguished from oil produced within the state 234 from a well not producing in excess of the amount so allowed, 235 which is "legal oil." 236 (7) (13) "Illegal gas" means gas that which has been 237 produced within the state from any well or wells in excess of 238 the amount allowed by any rule, regulation, or order of the 239 division, as distinguished from gas produced within the State of 240 Florida from a well not producing in excess of the amount so allowed, which is "legal gas." 241 (9) (14) "Illegal product" means a any product of oil or 242 243 gas, any part of which was processed or derived, in whole or in 244 part, from illegal gas or illegal oil or from any product thereof, as distinguished from "legal product," which is a 245 246 product processed or derived to no extent from illegal oil or illegal gas. 247 248 (24) (15) "Reasonable market demand" means the amount of oil 249 reasonably needed for current consumption, together with a 250 reasonable amount of oil for storage and working stocks. 251 (30) (16) "Tender" means a permit or certificate of 252 clearance for the transportation or the delivery of oil, gas, or 253 products, approved and issued or registered under the authority 254 of the division. 255 (17) The use of the word "and" includes the word "or" and the use of "or" includes "and," unless the context clearly 256 requires a different meaning, especially with respect to such 257 expressions as "oil and gas" or "oil or gas." 258

259 <u>(32)</u> (18) "Well site" means the general area around a well, 260 which area has been disturbed from its natural or existing 261 condition, as well as the drilling or production pad, mud and

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262	water circulation pits, and other operation areas necessary to
263	drill for or produce oil or gas, or to inject gas into and
264	recover gas from a natural gas storage facility.
265	(17) (19) "Oil and gas administrator" means the State
266	Geologist.
267	(18) (20) "Operator" means the entity who:
268	(a) Has the right to drill and to produce a well; or
269	(b) As part of a natural gas storage facility, injects, or
270	is engaged in the work of preparing to inject, gas into a
271	natural gas storage reservoir; or stores gas in, or removes gas
272	from, a natural gas storage reservoir.
273	(1)(21) "Completion date" means the day, month, and year
274	that a new productive well, a previously shut-in well, or a
275	temporarily abandoned well is completed, repaired, or
276	recompleted and the operator begins producing oil or gas in
277	commercial quantities.
278	(26) (22) "Shut-in well" means an oil or gas well that has
279	been taken out of service for economic reasons or mechanical
280	repairs.
281	(29) (23) "Temporarily abandoned well" means a permitted
282	well or wellbore that has been abandoned by plugging in a manner
283	that allows reentry and redevelopment in accordance with oil or
284	gas rules of the Department of Environmental Protection.
285	(14) (24) "New field well" means an oil or gas well
286	completed after July 1, 1997, in a new field as designated by
287	the Department of Environmental Protection.
288	(6) (25) "Horizontal well" means a well completed with the
289	wellbore in a horizontal or nearly horizontal orientation within
290	10 degrees of horizontal within the producing formation.

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592-04031A-13 2013958c1 291 (2) "Department" means the Department of Environmental 292 Protection. 293 (10) "Lateral storage reservoir boundary" means the 294 projection up to the land surface of the maximum horizontal 295 extent of the gas volume contained in a natural gas storage 296 reservoir. 297 (11) "Native gas" means gas that occurs naturally within 298 this state and does not include gas produced outside the state, transported to this state, and injected into a permitted natural 299 300 gas storage facility. 301 (12) "Natural gas storage facility" means an underground 302 reservoir from which oil or gas has previously been produced and which is used or intended to be used for the underground storage 303 304 of natural gas, and any surface or subsurface structure, or 305 infrastructure, except wells. The term also includes a right or 306 appurtenance necessary or useful in the operation of the 307 facility for the underground storage of natural gas, including 308 any necessary or reasonable reservoir protective area as 309 designated for the purpose of ensuring the safe operation of the 310 storage of natural gas or protecting the natural gas storage 311 facility from pollution, invasion, escape, or migration of gas, 312 or any subsequent extension thereof. The term does not mean a transmission, distribution, or gathering pipeline or system that 313 314 is not used primarily as integral piping for a natural gas 315 storage facility. 316 (13) "Natural gas storage reservoir" means a pool or field 317 from which oil or gas has previously been produced and which is 318 suitable for or capable of being made suitable for the 319 injection, storage, and recovery of gas, as identified in a

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592-04031A-13 2013958c1 320 permit application submitted to the department under s. 321 377.2407. 322 (16) "Oil and gas" has the same meaning as the term "oil or gas." 323 324 (25) "Reservoir protective area" means the area extending 325 up to and including 2,000 feet surrounding a natural gas storage 326 reservoir. (27) "Shut-in bottom hole pressure" means the pressure at 327 328 the bottom of a well when all valves are closed and no oil or 329 gas has been allowed to escape for at least 24 hours. 330 Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 377.21, Florida 331 Statutes, is amended to read: 377.21 Jurisdiction of division.-332 333 (1) The division shall have jurisdiction and authority over 334 all persons and property necessary to administer and enforce 335 effectively the provisions of this law and all other laws 336 relating to the conservation of oil and gas or to the storage of 337 gas in and recovery of gas from natural gas storage reservoirs. 338 Section 9. Subsection (2) of section 377.22, Florida 339 Statutes, is amended to read: 377.22 Rules and orders.-340 341 (2) The department shall issue orders and adopt rules 342 pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement and enforce 343 the provisions of this chapter. Such rules and orders shall 344 ensure that all precautions are taken to prevent the spillage of 345 oil or any other pollutant in all phases of the drilling for, 346 and extracting of, oil, gas, or other petroleum products, or 347 during the injection of gas into and recovery of gas from a 348 natural gas storage reservoir. The department shall revise such

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349	rules from time to time as necessary for the proper
350	administration and enforcement of this chapter. Rules adopted
351	and orders issued in accordance with this section <u>are</u> shall be
352	for, but shall not be limited to, the following purposes:
353	(a) To require the drilling, casing, and plugging of wells
354	to be done in such a manner as to prevent the pollution of the
355	fresh, salt, or brackish waters or the lands of the state <u>and to</u>
356	protect the integrity of natural gas storage reservoirs.
357	(b) To prevent the alteration of the sheet flow of water in
358	any area.
359	(c) To require that appropriate safety equipment be
360	installed to minimize the possibility of an escape of oil or
361	other petroleum products in the event of accident, human error,
362	or a natural disaster during drilling, casing, or plugging of
363	any well and during extraction operations.
364	(d) To require the drilling, casing, and plugging of wells
365	to be done in such a manner as to prevent the escape of oil or
366	other petroleum products from one stratum to another.
367	(e) To prevent the intrusion of water into an oil or gas
368	stratum from a separate stratum, except as provided by rules of
369	the division relating to the injection of water for proper
370	reservoir conservation and brine disposal.
371	(f) To require a reasonable bond, or other form of security
372	acceptable to the department, conditioned upon the performance
373	of the duty to plug properly each dry and abandoned well and the
374	full and complete restoration by the applicant of the area over
375	which geophysical exploration, drilling, or production is
376	conducted to the similar contour and general condition in
377	existence prior to such operation.

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          (g) To require and carry out a reasonable program of
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     monitoring or inspection of all drilling operations, or
     producing wells, or injecting wells, including regular
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     inspections by division personnel.
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           (h) To require the making of reports showing the location
     of all oil and gas wells; the making and filing of logs; the
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     taking and filing of directional surveys; the filing of
     electrical, sonic, radioactive, and mechanical logs of oil and
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     gas wells; if taken, the saving of cutting and cores, the cuts
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     of which shall be given to the Bureau of Geology; and the making
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     of reports with respect to drilling and production records.
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     However, such information, or any part thereof, at the request
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     of the operator, shall be exempt from the provisions of s.
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     119.07(1) and held confidential by the division for a period of
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     1 year after the completion of a well.
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          (i) To prevent wells from being drilled, operated, or
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     produced in such a manner as to cause injury to neighboring
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     leases, or property, or natural gas storage reservoirs.
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           (j) To prevent the drowning by water of any stratum, or
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     part thereof, capable of producing oil or gas in paying
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     quantities and to prevent the premature and irregular
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     encroachment of water which reduces, or tends to reduce, the
     total ultimate recovery of oil or gas from any pool.
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           (k) To require the operation of wells with efficient gas-
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     oil ratio, and to fix such ratios.
           (1) To prevent "blowouts," "caving," and "seepage," in the
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     sense that conditions indicated by such terms are generally
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     understood in the oil and gas business.
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406 (m) To prevent fires.

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592-04031A-13 2013958c1 407 (n) To identify the ownership of all oil or gas wells, 408 producing leases, refineries, tanks, plants, structures, and 409 storage and transportation equipment and facilities. 410 (o) To regulate the "shooting," perforating and chemical 411 treatment of wells. (p) To regulate secondary recovery methods, including the 412 413 introduction of gas, air, water, or other substance into producing formations. 414 415 (q) To regulate gas cycling operations. 416 (r) To regulate the storage and recovery of gas injected 417 into natural gas storage facilities. 418 (s) (r) If necessary for the prevention of waste, as herein defined, to determine, limit, and prorate the production of oil 419 420 or gas, or both, from any pool or field in the state. 421 (t) (s) To require, either generally or in or from 422 particular areas, certificates of clearance or tenders in 423 connection with the transportation or delivery of oil or gas, or 424 any product. 425 (u) (t) To regulate the spacing of wells and to establish 426 drilling units. 427 (v) (u) To prevent, so far as is practicable, reasonably 428 avoidable drainage from each developed unit which is not 429 equalized by counterdrainage. (w) (v) To require that geophysical operations requiring a 430 431 permit be conducted in a manner which will minimize the impact 432 on hydrology and biota of the area, especially environmentally 433 sensitive lands and coastal areas. 434 $(x) \xrightarrow{(w)}$ To regulate aboveground crude oil storage tanks in a 435 manner which will protect the water resources of the state.

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592-04031A-13 2013958c1 436 (y) - (x) To act in a receivership capacity for fractional 437 mineral interests for which the owners are unknown or unlocated and to administratively designate the operator as the lessee. 438 439 Section 10. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 377.24, 440 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 377.24 Notice of intention to drill well; permits; 441 442 abandoned wells and dry holes.-443 (1) Before drilling a any well in search of oil or gas, or before storing gas in or recovering gas from a natural gas 444 445 storage reservoir shall be drilled, the person who desires 446 desiring to drill for, store, or recover gas, or drill for oil, 447 the same shall notify the division upon such form as it may 448 prescribe and shall pay a reasonable fee set by rule of the 449 department not to exceed the actual cost of processing and 450 inspecting for each well or reservoir. The drilling of any well 451 and the storing and recovering of gas are is hereby prohibited 452 until such notice is given, the and such fee is has been paid, 453 and the permit is granted. 454 (2) An Each application for the drilling of a well in 455 search of oil or gas, or for the storing of gas in and 456 recovering of gas from a natural gas storage reservoir, in this

456 recovering of gas from a natural gas storage reservoir, in this 457 state <u>must shall</u> include the address of the residence of the 458 applicant, or <u>applicants</u> each applicant, which <u>must address</u> 459 shall be the address of each person involved in accordance with 460 the records of the Division of Resource Management until such 461 address is changed on the records of the division after written 462 request.

463 Section 11. Section 377.2407, Florida Statutes, is created 464 to read:

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592-04031A-13 2013958c1 465 377.2407 Natural gas storage facility permit application to 466 inject gas into and recover gas from a natural gas storage 467 reservoir.-468 (1) Before drilling a well to inject gas into and recover 469 gas from a natural gas storage reservoir, the person who desires 470 to conduct such operation shall apply to the department in the 471 manner described in this section using such form as the 472 department may prescribe to obtain a natural gas storage 473 facility permit. The Department of Environmental Protection 474 shall also require any applicant seeking to obtain such permit 475 to pay a reasonable permit application fee. Such fee must be in 476 an amount necessary to cover the costs associated with 477 permitting, processing, issuing, and recertifying the permit 478 application, and inspecting for compliance with the permit. 479 (2) Each application must contain: 480 (a) A detailed, three-dimensional description of the 481 natural gas storage reservoir, including geologic-based 482 descriptions of the reservoir boundaries, and the horizontal and 483 vertical dimensions. 484 (b) A geographic description of the lateral reservoir boundary. 485 486 (c) A general description and location of all injection, 487 recovery, withdrawal-only, and observation wells. 488 (d) A description of the reservoir protective area. 489 (e) Information demonstrating that the proposed natural gas 490 storage reservoir is suitable for the storage and recovery of 491 gas. 492 (f) Information identifying all known abandoned or active 493 wells within the natural gas storage facility.

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592-04031A-13 2013958c1 494 (g) A field-monitoring plan that requires, at a minimum, 495 monthly field inspections of all wells that are part of the 496 natural gas storage facility. 497 (h) A monitoring and testing plan for the well integrity. 498 (i) A well inspection plan that requires, at a minimum, the 499 inspection of all wells that are part of the natural gas storage 500 facility and plugged wells within the natural gas storage 501 facility boundary. 502 (j) A spill prevention and response plan. 503 (k) A well spacing plan. 504 (1) An operating plan for the natural gas storage 505 reservoir, which must include gas capacities, anticipated 506 operating conditions, and maximum storage pressure. 507 (m) A gas migration response plan. 508 (n) A location plat and general facility map surveyed and 509 prepared by a registered land surveyor licensed under chapter 510 472. 511 (3) The department may require additional information that 512 is deemed necessary to permit the development of the natural gas 513 storage facility. Each well related to the natural gas storage 514 facility shall be authorized and permitted individually upon the 515 applicant satisfying applicable well construction and operation criteria under this part; however, notwithstanding any other 516 517 provision under this chapter, well spacing requirements do not 518 apply. Section 12. Subsection (4) is added to section 377.241, 519 520 Florida Statutes, to read: 521 377.241 Criteria for issuance of permits.-The division, in 522 the exercise of its authority to issue permits as hereinafter

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523	provided, shall give consideration to and be guided by the
524	following criteria:
525	(4) For activities and operations concerning a natural gas
526	storage facility, the nature, structure, and proposed use of the
527	natural gas storage reservoir is suitable for the storage and
528	recovery of gas without adverse effect to public health or
529	safety or the environment.
530	Section 13. Subsection (3) of section 377.242, Florida
531	Statutes, is amended to read:
532	377.242 Permits for drilling or exploring and extracting
533	through well holes or by other means.—The department is vested
534	with the power and authority:
535	(3) To issue permits to <u>establish natural gas storage</u>
536	facilities or construct wells for the injection and recovery of
537	any natural gas for temporary storage in <u>natural gas storage</u>
538	subsurface reservoirs.
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540	Each permit shall contain an agreement by the permitholder that
541	the permitholder will not prevent inspection by division
542	personnel at any time. The provisions of this section
543	prohibiting permits for drilling or exploring for oil in coastal
544	waters do not apply to any leases entered into before June 7,
545	1991.
546	Section 14. Section 377.2431, Florida Statutes, is created
547	to read:
548	377.2431 Conditions for granting permits for natural gas
549	storage facilities
550	(1) A natural gas storage facility permit shall authorize
551	the construction and operation of a natural gas storage facility

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552	and must be issued for the life of the facility, subject to
553	recertification every 10 years.
554	(2) Before issuing or recertifying a permit, the department
555	shall require satisfactory evidence of the following:
556	(a) The applicant has implemented, or is in the process of
557	implementing, programs for the control and mitigation of
558	pollution related to oil, petroleum products or their
559	byproducts, and other pollutants.
560	(b) The applicant or operator has acquired a lawful right
561	to drill, explore, or develop a natural gas storage reservoir
562	from owners of at least 75 percent of the storage rights within
563	the natural gas storage reservoir, or the applicant or operator
564	has obtained a certificate of public convenience and necessity
565	for the natural gas storage reservoir from the Federal Energy
566	Regulatory Commission pursuant to the Natural Gas Act, 15 U.S.C.
567	<u>ss. 717 et seq.</u>
568	(c) The applicant has used all reasonable means to identify
569	known wells that have been drilled into or through the natural
570	gas storage reservoir or reservoir protective area to determine
571	the status of the wells and whether inactive or abandoned wells
572	have been properly plugged. For any well that has not been
573	properly plugged, before conducting injection operations and
574	after issuance of the permit, the applicant must plug or
575	recondition the well to ensure the integrity of the storage
576	reservoir or reservoir protective area.
577	(d) The applicant has tested the quality of water produced
578	by all water supply wells within the lateral boundary of the
579	natural gas storage facility and complied with all requirements
580	under s. 377.2432. The applicant shall provide to the department

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592-04031A-13 2013958c1 581 and the owner of the water supply well a written copy of the 582 water quality data collected under this paragraph. 583 (e) A determination has been made regarding whether native 584 gas or oil will be severed from below the soil or water of this 585 state in the recovery of injected gas. If native gas or oil will 586 be severed, the applicant or operator must acquire a lawful 587 right to develop the native gas or oil before injecting gas into 588 the natural gas storage reservoir. 589 (3) The applicant shall maintain records of well pressures 590 recorded monthly, and monthly volumes of gas injected into and 591 withdrawn from the reservoir. These records shall be maintained 592 at the natural gas storage facility and shall be made available 593 for inspection by the department at any reasonable time. 594 (4) (a) The maximum storage pressure for a natural gas 595 storage reservoir shall be the highest shut-in bottom hole 596 pressure found to exist during the production history of the 597 reservoir, unless a higher pressure is established by the 598 department based on testing of caprock and pool containment. The 599 methods used for determining the higher pressure must be 600 approved by the department. 601 (b) If the shut-in bottom hole pressure of the original 602 discovery or of the highest production is not known, or a higher 603 pressure has not been established through a method approved by 604 the department pursuant to paragraph (a), the maximum storage 605 reservoir pressure must be limited to a freshwater hydrostatic 606 gradient. 607 (5) A county or municipality may not adopt an ordinance, resolution, comprehensive plan, or land development regulation, 608 609 or otherwise attempt to regulate or enforce any matter

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610	concerning natural gas storage facilities governed under this
611	part.
612	(6) A permit may not be issued for a natural gas storage
613	facility that includes a natural gas storage reservoir located
614	beneath an underground source of drinking water unless the
615	applicant demonstrates that the injection or recovery of natural
616	gas will not cause or allow natural gas to migrate into the
617	underground source of drinking water; or in any offshore
618	location in the Gulf of Mexico, the Straits of Florida, or the
619	Atlantic Ocean; or in any solution-mined cavern within a salt
620	formation.
621	Section 15. Section 377.2432, Florida Statutes, is created
622	to read:
623	377.2432 Natural gas storage facilities; protection of
624	water supplies
625	(1) An operator of a natural gas storage facility who
626	affects a public or private underground water supply by
627	pollution or diminution shall restore or replace the affected
628	supply with an alternate source of water adequate in quantity
629	and quality for the purposes served by the supply. The
630	department shall ensure that the quality of restored or replaced
631	water is comparable to the quality of the water before it was
632	affected by the operator.
633	(2) Unless rebutted by a defense established in subsection
634	(4), a natural gas storage facility operator is presumed
635	responsible for pollution of an underground water supply if:
636	(a) The water supply is within the lateral boundary of the
637	natural gas storage facility; and
638	(b) The pollution occurred within 6 months after completion

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639	of drilling or alteration of any well under or associated with
640	the natural gas storage facility permit or after the initial
641	injection of gas into the natural gas storage reservoir,
642	whichever is later.
643	(3) If the affected underground water supply is within the
644	rebuttable presumption area as provided in subsection (2) and
645	the rebuttable presumption applies, the natural gas storage
646	facility operator shall provide a temporary water supply if the
647	water user is without a readily available alternative source of
648	water at no cost to the owner of the affected water supply. The
649	temporary water supply provided under this subsection must be
650	adequate in quantity and quality for the purposes served by the
651	affected supply.
652	(4) A natural gas storage facility operator rebuts the
653	presumption in subsection (2) by affirmatively proving any of
654	the following:
655	(a) The pollution existed before the drilling or alteration
656	activity as determined by a predrilling or prealteration survey.
657	(b) The landowner or water purveyor refused to allow the
658	operator access to conduct a predrilling or prealteration
659	survey.
660	(c) The water supply well is not within the lateral
661	boundary of the natural gas storage facility.
662	(d) The pollution occurred more than 6 months after
663	completion of drilling or alteration of any well under or
664	associated with the natural gas storage facility permit.
665	(e) The pollution occurred as the result of a cause other
666	than activities authorized under the natural gas storage
667	facility permit.

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668	(5) A natural gas storage facility operator electing to
669	preserve a defense under subsection (4) must retain an
670	independent certified laboratory to conduct a predrilling or
671	prealteration survey of the water supply. A copy of survey
672	results must be submitted to the department and the landowner or
673	water purveyor in the manner prescribed by the department.
674	(6) A natural gas storage facility operator must provide
675	written notice to the landowner or water purveyor indicating
676	that the presumption established under subsection (2) may be
677	void if the landowner or water purveyor refused to allow the
678	operator access to conduct a predrilling or prealteration
679	survey. Proof of written notice to the landowner or water
680	purveyor must be provided to the department in order for the
681	operator to retain the protections under subsection (4).
682	(7) This section does not prevent a landowner or water
683	purveyor who claims pollution or diminution of a water supply
684	from seeking any other remedy at law or in equity.
685	Section 16. Section 377.2433, Florida Statutes, is created
686	to read:
687	377.2433 Protection of natural gas storage facilities
688	(1) The department may not authorize the drilling of any
689	well into or through a permitted natural gas storage reservoir
690	or reservoir protective area, except upon conditions deemed by
691	the department to be sufficient to prevent the loss, migration,
692	or escape of gas from the natural gas storage reservoir. The
693	department shall provide written notice to the natural gas
694	storage facility operator of any application filed with the
695	department and any agency action taken related to drilling a
696	well into or through a permitted natural gas storage facility

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697	boundary or reservoir protective area.
698	(2) As a condition for the issuance of a permit by the
699	department, an applicant seeking to drill a well into or through
700	a permitted natural gas storage facility boundary or reservoir
701	protective area must provide the affected natural gas storage
702	facility operator a reasonable right of entry to observe and
703	monitor all drilling activities.
704	(3) The department shall ensure that any well drilled into
705	or through a permitted natural gas storage reservoir or
706	reservoir protective area is cased and cemented in a manner
707	sufficient to protect the integrity of the natural gas storage
708	reservoir.
709	Section 17. Section 377.2434, Florida Statutes, is created
710	to read:
711	377.2434 Property rights to injected natural gas
712	(1) All natural gas that has previously been reduced to
713	possession and that is subsequently injected into a natural gas
714	storage facility is at all times the property of the injector or
715	the injector's heirs, successors, or assigns, whether owned by
716	the injector or stored under contract.
717	(2) Such gas may not be subject to the right of the owner
718	of the surface of the lands or of any mineral interest therein,
719	under which the natural gas storage facilities lie, or to the
720	right of any person, other than the injector or the injector's
721	heirs, successors, or assigns, to waste or otherwise interfere
722	with or exercise control over such gas, to produce, to take, or
723	to reduce to possession, by means of the law of capture or
724	otherwise. This subsection does not affect the ownership of
725	hydrocarbons occurring naturally within this state or the right

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726	of the owner of the surface of the lands or of any mineral
727	interest therein to drill or bore through the natural gas
728	storage facilities in a manner that will protect the facilities
729	against pollution or the escape of stored natural gas.
730	(3) With regard to natural gas that has migrated to
731	adjoining property or to a stratum, or portion thereof, which
732	has not been condemned or otherwise purchased:
733	(a) The injector or the injector's heirs, successors, or
734	assigns:
735	1. May not lose title to or possession of the gas if the
736	injector or the injector's heirs, successors, or assigns can
737	prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the gas was
738	originally injected into the underground storage; and
739	2. Have the right to conduct tests on any existing wells on
740	adjoining property as may be reasonable to determine ownership
741	of the gas, but the tests are solely at the injector's risk and
742	expense.
743	(b) The owner of the stratum and the owner of the surface
744	are entitled to compensation, including compensation for use of
745	or damage to the surface or substratum, as provided by law.
746	Section 18. Subsection (3) of section 377.25, Florida
747	Statutes, is amended to read:
748	377.25 Production pools; drilling units
749	(3) Each well permitted to be drilled upon any drilling
750	unit shall be drilled approximately in the center thereof, with
751	such exception as may be reasonably necessary where the division
752	finds that the unit is partly outside the pool or, for some
753	other reason, a well approximately in the center of the unit
754	would be nonproductive or where topographical conditions are

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592-04031A-13 2013958c1 755 such as to make the drilling approximately in the center of the 756 unit unduly burdensome or where the operator proposes to 757 complete the well with a horizontal or nearly horizontal well in 758 the producing zone. Whenever an exception is granted, the 759 division shall take such action as will offset any advantage 760 which the person securing the exception may have over other 761 producers by reason of the drilling of the well as an exception, 762 and so that drainage from developed units to the tract, with 763 respect to which the exception is granted, will be prevented or 764 minimized, and the producer of the well drilled, as an 765 exception, will be allowed to produce no more than his or her 766 just and equitable share of the oil and gas in the pool, as such 767 share is set forth in this section. This subsection does not 768 apply to wells associated with a natural gas storage facility. 769 Section 19. Subsection (2) of section 377.28, Florida 770 Statutes, is amended to read: 771 377.28 Cycling, pooling, and unitization of oil and gas.-772 (2) The department shall issue an order requiring unit 773 operation if it finds that: 774 (a) Unit operation of the field, or of any pool or pools, 775 portion or portions, or combinations thereof within the field, 776 is reasonably necessary to prevent waste, to avoid the drilling of unnecessary wells, or to increase the ultimate recovery of 777 778 oil or gas by additional recovery methods; and 779 (b) The estimated additional cost incident to the conduct 780 of such operation will not exceed the value of the estimated 781 additional recovery of oil or gas; and 782 (c) The additional recovery of oil or gas does not adversely interfere with the storage or recovery of natural gas 783

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784	within a natural gas storage reservoir.
785	
786	The phrase "additional recovery methods" as used herein
787	includes, but is not limited to, the maintenance or partial
788	maintenance of reservoir pressures; recycling; flooding a pool
789	or pools, or parts thereof, with air, gas, water, liquid
790	hydrocarbons, any other substance, or any combination thereof;
791	or any other method of producing additional hydrocarbons
792	approved by the department.
793	Section 20. Subsection (4) is added to section 377.30,
794	Florida Statutes, to read:
795	377.30 Limitation on amount of oil or gas taken
796	(4) This section does not apply to nonnative gas recovered
797	from a permitted natural gas storage facility.
798	Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 377.34, Florida
799	Statutes, is amended to read:
800	377.34 Actions and injunctions by division
801	(1) Whenever it <u>appears</u> shall appear that <u>a</u> any person is
802	violating, or threatening to violate, any statute of this state
803	with respect to the conservation of oil or gas, or both, or any
804	provision of this law, or any rule, regulation or order made
805	thereunder by any act done in the operation of <u>a</u> any well
806	producing oil or gas, or <u>storing or recovering natural gas, or</u>
807	by omitting <u>an</u> any act required to be done thereunder , the
808	division, through its counsel, or the Department of Legal
809	Affairs on its own initiative, may bring suit against such
810	person in the Circuit Court in the County of Leon, state, or in
811	the circuit court in the county in which the well in question is
812	located, at the option of the division, or the Department of

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813	Legal Affairs, to restrain such person or persons from
814	continuing such violation or from carrying out the threat of
815	violation. In such suit, the division, or the Department of
816	Legal Affairs, may obtain injunctions, prohibitory and
817	mandatory, including temporary restraining orders and temporary
818	injunctions, as the facts may warrant, including, when
819	appropriate, an injunction restraining any person from moving or
820	disposing of illegal oil, illegal gas or illegal product, and
821	any or all such commodities may be ordered to be impounded or
822	placed under the control of a receiver appointed by the court
823	if, in the judgment of the court, such action is advisable.
824	Section 22. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
825	377.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
826	377.37 Penalties

827 (1) (a) Any person who violates any provision of this law or 828 any rule, regulation, or order of the division made under this 829 chapter or who violates the terms of any permit to drill for or 830 produce oil, gas, or other petroleum products referred to in s. $377.242(1)_{\tau}$ or to store gas in a natural gas storage facility, 831 832 or any lessee, permitholder, or operator of equipment or 833 facilities used in the exploration for, drilling for, or 834 production of oil, gas, or other petroleum products, or storage of gas in a natural gas storage facility, who refuses inspection 835 by the division as provided in this chapter, is liable to the 836 837 state for any damage caused to the air, waters, or property, 838 including animal, plant, or aquatic life, of the state and for 839 reasonable costs and expenses of the state in tracing the source 840 of the discharge, in controlling and abating the source and the 841 pollutants, and in restoring the air, waters, and property,

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842	including animal, plant, and aquatic life, of the state.
843	Furthermore, such person, lessee, permitholder, or operator is
844	subject to the judicial imposition of a civil penalty in an
845	amount of not more than \$10,000 for each offense. However, the
846	court may receive evidence in mitigation. Each day during any
847	portion of which such violation occurs constitutes a separate
848	offense. Nothing herein shall give the department the right to
849	bring an action on behalf of any private person.
850	Section 23. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 377.371,
851	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
852	377.371 Pollution prohibited; reporting, liability
853	(1) <u>A</u> No person drilling for or producing oil, gas, or
854	other petroleum products, or storing gas in a natural gas
855	storage facility, may not shall pollute land or water; damage
856	aquatic or marine life, wildlife, birds, or public or private
857	property; or allow any extraneous matter to enter or damage any
858	mineral or freshwater-bearing formation.
859	(3) Because it is the intent of this chapter to provide the
860	means for rapid and effective cleanup and to minimize damages
861	resulting from pollution in violation of this chapter, if the
862	waters of the state are polluted by the drilling, storage of
863	natural gas, or production operations of any person or persons
864	and such pollution damages or threatens to damage human, animal,
865	or plant life, public or private property, or any mineral or
866	water-bearing formation, said person shall be liable to the
867	state for all costs of cleanup or other damage incurred by the
868	state. In any suit to enforce claims of the state under this
869	chapter, it $\mathrm{\underline{is}}$ $\mathrm{\underline{shall}}$ not $\mathrm{\underline{be}}$ necessary for the state to plead or
870	prove negligence in any form or manner on the part of the person

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871	or persons conducting the drilling or production operations; the
872	state need only plead and prove the fact of the prohibited
873	discharge or other polluting condition and that it occurred at
874	the facilities of the person or persons conducting the drilling
875	or production operation. A No person or persons conducting the
876	drilling, storage, or production operation may not shall be held
877	liable if said person or persons prove that the prohibited
878	discharge or other polluting condition was the result of any of
879	the following:
880	(a) An act of war.
881	(b) An act of government, either state, federal, or
882	municipal.
883	(c) An act of God, which means an unforeseeable act
884	exclusively occasioned by the violence of nature without the
885	interference of any human agency.
886	(d) An act or omission of a third party without regard to
887	whether any such act or omission was or was not negligent.
888	Section 24. Paragraph (b) of subsection (14) and paragraph
889	(b) of subsection (19) of section 403.973, Florida Statutes, are
890	amended, and paragraphs (g) and (h) are added to subsection (3)
891	of that section, to read:
892	403.973 Expedited permitting; amendments to comprehensive
893	plans
894	(3)
895	(g) Projects for natural gas storage facilities that are
896	permitted under chapter 377 are eligible for the expedited
897	permitting process.
898	(h) Projects to construct interstate natural gas pipelines
899	subject to certification by the Federal Energy Regulatory

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900	Commission are eligible for the expedited permitting process.
901	(14)
902	(b) Projects identified in paragraph (3)(f), (3)(g), or
903	(3)(h) or challenges to state agency action in the expedited
904	permitting process for establishment of a state-of-the-art
905	biomedical research institution and campus in this state by the
906	grantee under s. 288.955 are subject to the same requirements as
907	challenges brought under paragraph (a), except that,
908	notwithstanding s. 120.574, summary proceedings must be
909	conducted within 30 days after a party files the motion for
910	summary hearing, regardless of whether the parties agree to the
911	summary proceeding.
912	(19) The following projects are ineligible for review under
913	this part:
914	(b) A project, the primary purpose of which is to:
915	1. Effect the final disposal of solid waste, biomedical
916	waste, or hazardous waste in this state.
917	2. Produce electrical power, unless the production of
918	electricity is incidental and not the primary function of the
919	project or the electrical power is derived from a fuel source
920	for renewable energy as defined in s. 366.91(2)(d).
921	3. Extract natural resources.
922	4. Produce oil.
923	5. Construct, maintain, or operate an oil, petroleum,
924	natural gas, or sewage pipeline.
925	Section 25. The Department of Environmental Protection
926	shall adopt rules relating to natural gas storage before issuing
927	a natural gas storage facility permit.
928	Section 26. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.

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