By Senator Dean

	5-00524-14 20141098
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Florida Homeowners'
3	Construction Recovery Fund; amending s. 489.1401,
4	F.S.; clarifying legislative intent; making technical
5	changes; amending s. 489.1402, F.S.; redefining terms;
6	amending s. 489.141, F.S.; revising conditions under
7	which a claimant is eligible to seek recovery from the
8	recovery fund; amending s. 489.1425, F.S.; revising
9	the form required to be provided by a contractor which
10	explains a consumer's rights under the recovery fund;
11	amending s. 489.143, F.S.; prohibiting fund
12	disbursements from exceeding a specified amount for
13	each Division I claim and each Division II claim;
14	providing an effective date.
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16	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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18	Section 1. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 489.1401,
19	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
20	489.1401 Legislative intent
21	(2) It is the intent of the Legislature that the sole
22	purpose of the Florida Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund is
23	to compensate <u>an</u> any aggrieved claimant who contracted for the
24	construction or improvement of the <u>homeowner's</u> residence located
25	within this state and who has obtained a final judgment in any
26	court of competent jurisdiction, was awarded restitution by the
27	Construction Industry Licensing Board, or received an award in
28	arbitration against a licensee on grounds of financial
29	mismanagement or misconduct, abandoning a construction project,

Page 1 of 9

1	5-00524-14 20141098
30	or making a false statement with respect to a project. Such
31	<u>grievance must arise</u> and arising directly out of <u>a</u> any
32	transaction <u>conducted</u> when the judgment debtor was licensed and
33	must involve an act performed any of the activities enumerated
34	under s. 489.129(1)(g), (j) or (k) on the homeowner's residence .
35	(3) It is the intent of the Legislature that Division I <u>and</u>
36	Division II contractors set apart funds for the specific
37	objective of participating in the fund.
38	Section 2. Paragraphs (d), (i), (k), and (l) of subsection
39	(1) of section 489.1402, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
40	489.1402 Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund;
41	definitions
42	(1) The following definitions apply to ss. 489.140-489.144:
43	(d) "Contractor" means a Division I <u>or a Division II</u>
44	contractor performing his or her respective services described
45	in <u>s. 489.105(3)(a)-(q)</u> s. 489.105(3)(a)-(c) .
46	(i) "Residence" means <u>a single-family residence</u> , an
47	individual residential condominium or cooperative unit <u>,</u> or a
48	residential building containing not more than two residential
49	units in which the owner contracting for the improvement is
50	residing or will reside 6 months or more each calendar year upon
51	completion of the improvement.
52	(k) "Same transaction" means a contract, or <u>a</u> any series of
53	contracts, between a claimant and a contractor or qualified
54	business, when such contract or contracts involve the same
55	property or contiguous properties and are entered into either at
56	one time or serially.
57	(1) "Valid and current license," for the purpose of s.
58	489.141(2)(d), means $\underline{a} = \frac{any}{any}$ license issued pursuant to this part

Page 2 of 9

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SB 1098

	5-00524-14 20141098
59	to a licensee, including a license in an active, inactive,
60	delinquent, or suspended status.
61	Section 3. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 489.141,
62	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
63	489.141 Conditions for recovery; eligibility
64	(1) <u>A</u> Any claimant is eligible to seek recovery from the
65	recovery fund after <u>making</u> having made a claim and exhausting
66	the limits of any available bond, cash bond, surety, guarantee,
67	warranty, letter of credit, or policy of insurance, <u>if</u> provided
68	that each of the following conditions is satisfied:
69	(a) The claimant has received final judgment in a court of
70	competent jurisdiction in this state or has received an award in
71	arbitration or the Construction Industry Licensing Board has
72	issued a final order directing the licensee to pay restitution
73	to the claimant. The board may waive this requirement if:
74	1. The claimant is unable to secure a final judgment
75	against the licensee due to the death of the licensee; or
76	2. The claimant has sought to have assets involving the
77	transaction that gave rise to the claim removed from the
78	bankruptcy proceedings so that the matter might be heard in a
79	court of competent jurisdiction in this state and, after due
80	diligence, the claimant is precluded by action of the bankruptcy
81	court from securing a final judgment against the licensee.
82	(b) The judgment, award, or restitution is based upon a
83	violation of s. 489.129(1)(g), (j), or (k) or s. 713.35.
84	(c) The violation was committed by a licensee.
85	(d) The judgment, award, or restitution order specifies the
86	actual damages suffered as a consequence of such violation.
87	(e) The contract was executed and the violation occurred on
ļ	Page 3 of 9

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SB 1098

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5-00524-14
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     or after July 1, 1993, and provided that:
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          1. The claimant has caused to be issued a writ of execution
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     upon such judgment, and the officer executing the writ has made
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     a return showing that no personal or real property of the
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     judgment debtor or licensee liable to be levied upon in
     satisfaction of the judgment can be found or that the amount
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     realized on the sale of the judgment debtor's or licensee's
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     property pursuant to such execution was insufficient to satisfy
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     the judgment;
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          2. If the claimant is unable to comply with subparagraph 1.
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     for a valid reason to be determined by the board, the claimant
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     has made all reasonable searches and inquiries to ascertain
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     whether the judgment debtor or licensee is possessed of real or
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     personal property or other assets subject to being sold or
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     applied in satisfaction of the judgment and by his or her search
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     has discovered no property or assets or has discovered property
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104 and assets and has taken all necessary action and proceedings 105 for the application thereof to the judgment but the amount 106 thereby realized was insufficient to satisfy the judgment; and

107 3. The claimant has made a diligent attempt, as defined by 108 board rule, to collect the restitution awarded by the board.

109 (f) A claim for recovery is made within 1 year after the conclusion of any civil, criminal, or administrative action or 110 111 award in arbitration based on the act. This paragraph applies to any claim filed with the board after October 1, 1998. 112

113 (g) Any amounts recovered by the claimant from the judgment debtor or licensee, or from any other source, have been applied 114 115 to the damages awarded by the court or the amount of restitution 116 ordered by the board.

Page 4 of 9

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20141098

	5-00524-14 20141098
117	(h) The claimant is not a person who is precluded by this
118	act from making a claim for recovery.
119	(2) A claimant is not qualified to make a claim for
120	recovery from the recovery fund, if:
121	(a) The claimant is the spouse of the judgment debtor or
122	licensee or a personal representative of such spouse;
123	(b) The claimant is a licensee who acted as the contractor
124	in the transaction <u>that</u> which is the subject of the claim;
125	(c) The claim is based upon a construction contract in
126	which the licensee was acting with respect to the property owned
127	or controlled by the licensee;
128	(d) The claim is based upon a construction contract in
129	which the contractor did not hold a valid and current license at
130	the time of the construction contract;
131	(e) The claimant was associated in a business relationship
132	with the licensee other than the contract at issue;
133	(f) The claimant has suffered damages as the result of
134	making improper payments to a contractor as defined in part I of
135	chapter 713 <u>on contracts entered into before July 1, 2014</u> ; or
136	(g) The claimant has contracted with a licensee to perform
137	a scope of work described in s. 489.105(3)(d)-(p) <u>on contracts</u>
138	entered into before July 1, 2014.
139	Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 489.1425, Florida
140	Statutes, is amended to read:
141	489.1425 Duty of contractor to notify residential property
142	owner of recovery fund
143	(1) <u>Each</u> Any agreement or contract for repair, restoration,
144	improvement, or construction to residential real property must
145	contain a written statement explaining the consumer's rights

Page 5 of 9

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SB 1098

	5-00524-14 20141098
146	under the recovery fund, except where the value of all labor and
147	materials does not exceed \$2,500. The written statement must be
148	substantially in the following form:
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150	FLORIDA HOMEOWNERS' CONSTRUCTION
151	RECOVERY FUND
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153	PAYMENT, UP TO A LIMITED AMOUNT, MAY BE AVAILABLE FROM
154	THE FLORIDA HOMEOWNERS' CONSTRUCTION RECOVERY FUND IF
155	YOU LOSE MONEY ON A PROJECT PERFORMED UNDER CONTRACT,
156	WHERE THE LOSS RESULTS FROM SPECIFIED VIOLATIONS OF
157	FLORIDA LAW BY A LICENSED CONTRACTOR. FOR INFORMATION
158	ABOUT THE RECOVERY FUND AND FILING A CLAIM, CONTACT
159	THE FLORIDA CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY LICENSING BOARD AT
160	THE FOLLOWING TELEPHONE NUMBER AND ADDRESS:
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162	The statement $\underline{must}\ \underline{shall}$ be immediately followed by the board's
163	address and telephone number as established by board rule.
164	Section 5. Section 489.143, Florida Statutes, is amended to
165	read:
166	489.143 Payment from the fund
167	(1) The fund shall be disbursed as provided in s. 489.141
168	on a final order of the board.
169	(2) <u>A</u> Any claimant who meets all of the conditions
170	prescribed in s. 489.141 may apply to the board to cause payment
171	to be made to a claimant from the recovery fund in an amount
172	equal to the judgment, award, or restitution order or \$25,000,
173	whichever is less, or an amount equal to the unsatisfied portion
174	of such person's judgment, award, or restitution order, but only
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Page 6 of 9

5-00524-14 20141098 175 to the extent and amount of actual damages suffered by the claimant, and only up to the maximum payment allowed for each 176 177 respective Division I and Division II claim. Payment from the 178 fund for other costs related to or pursuant to civil proceedings 179 such as postjudgment interest, attorney attorney's fees, court costs, medical damages, and punitive damages is prohibited. The 180 181 recovery fund is not obligated to pay a any judgment, an award, or a restitution order, or any portion thereof, which is not 182 expressly based on one of the grounds for recovery set forth in 183 s. 489.141. 184 (3) Beginning January 1, 2005, for each Division I contract 185 186 entered into after July 1, 2004, payment from the recovery fund 187 shall be subject to a \$50,000 maximum payment for each Division I claim. Beginning January 1, 2015, for each Division II 188 contract entered into on or after July 1, 2014, payment from the 189 190 recovery fund shall be subject to a \$15,000 maximum payment for 191 each Division II claim. 192 (4) (3) Upon receipt by a claimant under subsection (2) of 193 payment from the recovery fund, the claimant shall assign his or her additional right, title, and interest in the judgment, 194 award, or restitution order, to the extent of such payment, to 195 196 the board, and thereupon the board shall be subrogated to the 197 right, title, and interest of the claimant; and any amount 198 subsequently recovered on the judgment, award, or restitution 199 order, to the extent of the right, title, and interest of the

200 board therein, shall be for the purpose of reimbursing the 201 recovery fund.

202 <u>(5)-(4)</u> Payments for claims arising out of the same 203 transaction shall be limited, in the aggregate, to the lesser of

Page 7 of 9

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5-00524-14
                                                             20141098
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     the judgment, award, or restitution order or the maximum payment
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     allowed, for a Division I claim or a Division II claim
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     regardless of the number of claimants involved in the
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     transaction.
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          (6) (5) Payments for claims against any one licensee shall
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     not exceed, in the aggregate, $100,000 annually, up to a total
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     aggregate of $250,000. For any claim approved by the board which
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     is in excess of the annual cap, the amount in excess of $100,000
     up to the total aggregate cap of $250,000 is eligible for
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     payment in the next and succeeding fiscal years, but only after
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     all claims for the then-current calendar year have been paid.
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     Payments may not exceed the aggregate annual or per claimant
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     limits under law. Beginning January 1, 2005, for each Division I
     contract entered into after July 1, 2004, payment from the
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     recovery fund is subject only to a total aggregate cap of
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     $500,000 for each Division I licensee. Beginning January 1,
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     2015, for each Division II contract entered into on or after
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     July 1, 2014, payment from the recovery fund is subject only to
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     a total aggregate cap of $150,000 for each Division II licensee.
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          (7) (6) Claims shall be paid in the order filed, up to the
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     aggregate limits for each transaction and licensee and to the
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     limits of the amount appropriated to pay claims against the fund
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     for the fiscal year in which the claims were filed. Payments may
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227 not exceed the total aggregate cap per licensee or per claimant limits under this section. 229 (8) (7) If the annual appropriation is exhausted with claims

230 pending, such claims shall be carried forward to the next fiscal 231 year. Any moneys in excess of pending claims remaining in the recovery fund at the end of the fiscal year shall be paid as 232

Page 8 of 9

5-00524-14

20141098

233 provided in s. 468.631.

234 (9) (9) (8) Upon the payment of any amount from the recovery 235 fund in settlement of a claim in satisfaction of a judgment, 236 award, or restitution order against a licensee as described in 237 s. 489.141, the license of such licensee shall be automatically 238 suspended, without further administrative action, upon the date 239 of payment from the fund. The license of such licensee may shall 240 not be reinstated until he or she has repaid in full, plus interest, the amount paid from the fund. A discharge of 241 242 bankruptcy does not relieve a person from the penalties and disabilities provided in this section. 243

244 (10) (9) A Any firm, a corporation, a partnership, or an 245 association, or a any person acting in his or her individual 246 capacity, who aids, abets, solicits, or conspires with another 247 any person to knowingly present or cause to be presented a any 248 false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss under this 249 act is guilty of a third-degree felony, punishable as provided 250 in s. 775.082 or s. 775.084 and by a fine of up to not exceeding 251 $$30,000_{\tau}$ unless the value of the fraud exceeds that amount, 252 $\frac{30,000}{1000}$ in which event the fine may not exceed double the value 253 of the fraud.

254 <u>(11)(10)</u> All Payments and disbursements from the recovery 255 fund shall be made by the Chief Financial Officer upon a voucher 256 signed by the secretary of the department or the secretary's 257 designee.

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Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

Page 9 of 9