House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 04/08/2014

The Committee on Banking and Insurance (Diaz de la Portilla) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 409.967, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.967 Managed care plan accountability.-

(2) The agency shall establish such contract requirements as are necessary for the operation of the statewide managed care program. In addition to any other provisions the agency may deem

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11 necessary, the contract must require:

12 13 (c) Access.-

1. The agency shall establish specific standards for the 14 number, type, and regional distribution of providers in managed 15 care plan networks to ensure access to care for both adults and 16 children. Each plan must maintain a regionwide network of 17 providers in sufficient numbers to meet the access standards for 18 specific medical services for all recipients enrolled in the 19 plan. The exclusive use of mail-order pharmacies may not be 20 sufficient to meet network access standards. Consistent with the 21 standards established by the agency, provider networks may 22 include providers located outside the region. A plan may 23 contract with a new hospital facility before the date the 24 hospital becomes operational if the hospital has commenced 25 construction, will be licensed and operational by January 1, 26 2013, and a final order has issued in any civil or 27 administrative challenge. Each plan shall establish and maintain 28 an accurate and complete electronic database of contracted 29 providers, including information about licensure or 30 registration, locations and hours of operation, specialty 31 credentials and other certifications, specific performance 32 indicators, and such other information as the agency deems 33 necessary. The database must be available online to both the 34 agency and the public and have the capability of comparing to 35 compare the availability of providers to network adequacy 36 standards and to accept and display feedback from each 37 provider's patients. Each plan shall submit quarterly reports to 38 the agency identifying the number of enrollees assigned to each 39 primary care provider.



40	2. If establishing a prescribed drug formulary or preferred
41	drug list, a managed care plan shall:
42	a. Provide a broad range of therapeutic options for the
43	treatment of disease states which are consistent with the
44	general needs of an outpatient population. If feasible, the
45	formulary or preferred drug list must include at least two
46	products in a therapeutic class.
47	b. Include coverage through prior authorization for each
48	new drug approved by the United States Food and Drug
49	Administration until the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and
50	Therapeutics Committee reviews such drug for inclusion on the
51	formulary. The timing of the formulary review must comply with
52	<u>s. 409.91195.</u>
53	<u>c.</u> Each managed care plan must Publish <u>the</u> any prescribed
54	drug formulary or preferred drug list on the plan's website in a
55	manner that is accessible to and searchable by enrollees and
56	providers. The plan <u>shall</u> must update the list within 24 hours
57	after making a change. Each plan must ensure that the prior
58	authorization process for prescribed drugs is readily accessible
59	to health care providers, including posting appropriate contact
60	information on its website and providing timely responses to
61	providers.
62	d. If a prescription drug on a plan's formulary is removed
63	or changed, permit an enrollee who was receiving the drug to
64	continue to receive the drug if the prescribing provider submits
65	a written request that demonstrates that the drug is medically
66	necessary and that the enrollee meets clinical criteria to
67	receive the drug.
68	3. For enrollees Medicaid recipients diagnosed with

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69 hemophilia who have been prescribed anti-hemophilic-factor 70 replacement products, the agency shall provide for those 71 products and hemophilia overlay services through the agency's 72 hemophilia disease management program.

4. Notwithstanding any other law, in order to establish uniformity in the submission of prior authorization forms, after January 1, 2015, a managed care plan shall use only the standardized prior authorization form adopted by the Financial Services Commission pursuant to s. 627.42392 for obtaining prior authorization for a medical procedure, a course of treatment, or 79 prescription drug benefits.

a. If a managed care plan contracts with a pharmacy benefits manager to perform prior authorization services for prescription drug benefits, the pharmacy benefits manager shall use and accept the standardized prior authorization form. The Office of Insurance Regulation and the managed care plan shall make the form electronically available on their respective websites.

b.3. Managed care plans, and their fiscal agents or intermediaries, must accept prior authorization requests for any service electronically.

c. A completed prior authorization request submitted by a health care provider using the standardized prior authorization form required under this subparagraph is deemed approved upon receipt by the managed care plan unless the managed care plan responds otherwise within 2 business days.

95 5. If medications for the treatment of a medical condition 96 are restricted for use by a managed care plan by a step-therapy 97 or fail-first protocol, the prescribing provider must have

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. SB 1354

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98	access to a clear and convenient process to request an override
99	of the protocol from the managed care plan.
100	a. The managed care plan shall grant an override within 24
101	hours if the prescribing provider believes that:
102	(I) Based on sound clinical evidence, the preferred
103	treatment required under the step-therapy or fail-first protocol
104	has been ineffective in the treatment of the enrollee's disease
105	or medical condition; or
106	(II) Based on sound clinical evidence or medical and
107	scientific evidence, the preferred treatment required under the
108	step-therapy or fail-first protocol:
109	(A) Is expected or likely to be ineffective based on known
110	relevant physical or mental characteristics of the enrollee and
111	known characteristics of the drug regimen; or
112	(B) Will cause or will likely cause an adverse reaction or
113	other physical harm to the enrollee.
114	b. If the prescribing provider allows the enrollee to enter
115	the step-therapy or fail-first protocol recommended by the
116	managed care plan, the duration of the step-therapy or fail-
117	first protocol may not exceed a period deemed appropriate by the
118	provider. If the prescribing provider deems the treatment
119	clinically ineffective, the enrollee is entitled to receive the
120	recommended course of therapy without requiring the prescribing
121	provider to seek approval for an override of the step-therapy or
122	fail-first protocol.
123	Section 2. Section 627.42392, Florida Statutes, is created
124	to read:
125	627.42392 Prior authorizationNotwithstanding any other
126	law, in order to establish uniformity in the submission of prior

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127	authorization forms, after January 1, 2015, a health insurer
128	that delivers, issues for delivery, renews, amends, or continues
129	an individual or group health insurance policy in this state,
130	including a policy issued to a small employer as defined in s.
131	627.6699, shall use only the standardized prior authorization
132	form adopted by the commission for obtaining prior authorization
133	for a medical procedure, course of treatment, or prescription
134	drug benefits.
135	(1) If a health insurer contracts with a pharmacy benefits
136	manager to perform prior authorization services for prescription
137	drug benefits, the pharmacy benefits manager shall use and
138	accept the standardized prior authorization form. The commission
139	shall adopt rules prescribing the prior authorization form on or
140	before January 1, 2015, and the office may consult with health
141	insurers or other organizations as necessary in the development
142	of the form. The form may not exceed two pages in length,
143	excluding any instructions or guiding documentation. The office
144	and the health insurer shall make the form electronically
145	available on their respective websites. The prescribing provider
146	may electronically submit the completed form to the health
147	insurer. The adoption of the form by the commission does not
148	constitute a determination that affects the substantial
149	interests of a party under chapter 120.
150	(2) A completed prior authorization request submitted by a
151	prescribing provider using the standardized prior authorization
152	form required under subsection (1) is deemed approved upon
153	receipt by the health insurer unless the health insurer responds
154	otherwise within 2 business days.
155	(3) This section does not apply to a grandfathered health

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156 plan as defined in s. 627.402. Section 3. Section 627.42393, Florida Statutes, is created 157 158 to read: 159 627.42393 Medication protocol override.-If an individual or 160 group health insurance policy, including a policy issued by a 161 small employer, as defined in s. 627.6699, restricts medications 162 for the treatment of a medical condition by a step-therapy or 163 fail-first protocol, the prescribing provider must have access 164 to a clear and convenient process to request an override of the 165 protocol from the health insurer. 166 (1) The health insurer shall authorize an override of the 167 protocol within 24 hours if the prescribing provider believes 168 that: 169 (a) Based on sound clinical evidence, the preferred 170 treatment required under the step-therapy or fail-first protocol 171 has been ineffective in the treatment of the insured's disease 172 or medical condition; or 173 (b) Based on sound clinical evidence or medical and 174 scientific evidence, the preferred treatment required under the 175 step-therapy or fail-first protocol: 176 1. Is expected or likely to be ineffective based on known 177 relevant physical or mental characteristics of the insured and 178 known characteristics of the drug regimen; or 179 2. Will cause or is likely to cause an adverse reaction or 180 other physical harm to the insured. (2) If the prescribing provider allows the insured to enter 181 182 the step-therapy or fail-first protocol recommended by the 183 health insurer, the duration of the step-therapy or fail-first 184 protocol may not exceed a period deemed appropriate by the

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185	provider. If the prescribing provider deems the treatment
186	clinically ineffective, the insured is entitled to receive the
187	recommended course of therapy without requiring the prescribing
188	provider to seek approval for an override of the step-therapy or
189	fail-first protocol.
190	(3) This section does not apply to grandfathered health
191	plans, as defined in s. 627.402.
192	Section 4. Subsection (11) of section 627.6131, Florida
193	Statutes, is amended to read:
194	627.6131 Payment of claims
195	(11) A health insurer may not retroactively deny a claim
196	because of insured ineligibility:
197	(a) More than 1 year after the date of payment of the
198	claim <u>;</u> -
199	(b) If the health insurer verified the eligibility of the
200	insured at the time of treatment and provided an authorization
201	number; or
202	(c) If the health insurer provided the insured with an
203	identification card as provided under s. 627.642(3), which at
204	the time of service identified the insured as eligible to
205	receive services.
206	Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 627.6471, Florida
207	Statutes, is amended to read:
208	627.6471 Contracts for reduced rates of payment;
209	limitations; coinsurance and deductibles
210	(2) <u>An</u> Any insurer issuing a policy of health insurance in
211	this state, which $rac{\mathrm{insurance}}{\mathrm{includes}}$ coverage for the services
212	of a preferred provider $_{ au}$ $rac{ ext{shall}}{ ext{must}}$ provide each policyholder
213	and certificateholder with a current list of preferred

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214	providers, shall and must make the list available for public
215	inspection during regular business hours at the principal office
216	of the insurer within the state, and shall post a link to the
217	list of preferred providers on the home page of the insurer's
218	website. Changes to the list of preferred providers must be
219	reflected on the insurer's website within 24 hours.
220	Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section
221	627.6515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
222	627.6515 Out-of-state groups
223	(2) Except as otherwise provided in this part, this part
224	does not apply to a group health insurance policy issued or
225	delivered outside this state under which a resident of this
226	state is provided coverage if:
227	(c) The policy provides the benefits specified in ss.
228	627.419, <u>627.42392, 627.42393,</u> 627.6574, 627.6575, 627.6579,
229	627.6612, 627.66121, 627.66122, 627.6613, 627.667, 627.6675,
230	627.6691, and 627.66911, and complies with the requirements of
231	s. 627.66996.
232	Section 7. Subsection (10) of section 641.3155, Florida
233	Statutes, is amended to read:
234	641.3155 Prompt payment of claims
235	(10) A health maintenance organization may not
236	retroactively deny a claim because of subscriber ineligibility:
237	(a) More than 1 year after the date of payment of the
238	claim <u>;-</u>
239	(b) If the health maintenance organization verified the
240	eligibility of the subscriber at the time of treatment and
241	provided an authorization number; or
242	(c) If the health maintenance organization provided the

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	subscriber with an identification card as provided under s.
	627.642(3), which at the time of service identified the
	subscriber as eligible to receive services.
	Section 8. Section 641.393, Florida Statutes, is created to
	read:
	641.393 Prior authorizationNotwithstanding any other law,
	in order to establish uniformity in the submission of prior
	authorization forms, after January 1, 2015, a health maintenance
	organization shall use only the standardized prior authorization
	form adopted by the Financial Services Commission pursuant to s.
	627.42392 for obtaining prior authorization for a medical
	procedure, a course of treatment, or prescription drug benefits.
	(1) If a health maintenance organization contracts with a
	pharmacy benefits manager to perform prior authorization
	services for prescription drug benefits, the pharmacy benefits
	manager must use and accept the standardized prior authorization
	form. The office and health maintenance organization shall make
	the form electronically available on their respective websites.
	(2) A health care provider may submit the completed form
	electronically to the health maintenance organization.
	(3) A completed prior authorization request submitted by a
	health care provider using the standardized prior authorization
	form required under this section is deemed approved upon receipt
	by the health maintenance organization unless the health
	maintenance organization responds otherwise within 2 business
	days.
	(4) This section does not apply to grandfathered health
	plans, as defined in s. 627.402.
	Section 9. Section 641.394, Florida Statutes, is created to



272	read:
273	641.394 Medication protocol overrideIf a health
274	maintenance organization contract restricts medications for the
275	treatment of a medical condition by a step-therapy or fail-first
276	protocol, the prescribing provider shall have access to a clear
277	and convenient process to request an override of the protocol
278	from the health maintenance organization.
279	(1) The health maintenance organization shall grant an
280	override within 24 hours if the prescribing provider believes
281	that:
282	(a) Based on sound clinical evidence, the preferred
283	treatment required under the step-therapy or fail-first protocol
284	has been ineffective in the treatment of the subscriber's
285	disease or medical condition; or
286	(b) Based on sound clinical evidence or medical and
287	scientific evidence, the preferred treatment required under the
288	step-therapy or fail-first protocol:
289	1. Is expected or likely to be ineffective based on known
290	relevant physical or mental characteristics of the subscriber
291	and known characteristics of the drug regimen; or
292	2. Will cause or is likely to cause an adverse reaction or
293	other physical harm to the subscriber.
294	(2) If the prescribing provider allows the subscriber to
295	enter the step-therapy or fail-first protocol recommended by the
296	health maintenance organization, the duration of the step-
297	therapy or fail-first protocol may not exceed a period deemed
298	appropriate by the provider. If the prescribing provider deems
299	the treatment clinically ineffective, the subscriber is entitled
300	to receive the recommended course of therapy without requiring



301	the prescribing provider to seek approval for an override of the
302	step-therapy or fail-first protocol.
303	(3) This section does not apply to grandfathered health
304	plans, as defined in s. 627.402.
305	Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.
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308	And the title is amended as follows:
309	Delete everything before the enacting clause
310	and insert:
311	A bill to be entitled
312	An act relating to health care; amending s. 409.967,
313	F.S.; revising contract requirements for Medicaid
314	managed care programs; providing requirements for
315	plans establishing a drug formulary or preferred drug
316	list; requiring the plan to authorize an enrollee to
317	continue a drug that is removed or changed, under
318	certain circumstances; requiring the use of a
319	standardized prior authorization form; requiring a
320	pharmacy benefits manage to use and accept the form
321	under certain circumstances; providing requirements
322	for the form and for the availability and submission
323	of the form; establishing a process for providers to
324	override certain treatment restrictions; providing
325	requirements for approval of such overrides; providing
326	an exception to the override protocol in certain
327	circumstances; creating s. 627.42392, F.S.; requiring
328	health insurers to use a standardized prior
329	authorization form; requiring a pharmacy benefits



330 manage to use and accept the form under certain 331 circumstances; providing requirements for the form and 332 for the availability and submission of the form; 333 providing an exemption; creating s. 627.42393, F.S.; establishing a process for providers to override 334 335 certain treatment restrictions; providing requirements 336 for approval of such overrides; providing an exception 337 to the override protocol in certain circumstances; 338 providing an exemption; amending s. 627.6131, F.S.; 339 prohibiting an insurer from retroactively denying a 340 claim in certain circumstances; amending s. 627.6471, 341 F.S.; requiring insurers to post preferred provider 342 information on a website; amending s. 627.6515, F.S.; 343 applying provisions relating to prior authorization 344 and override protocols to out-of-state groups; 345 amending s. 641.3155, F.S.; prohibiting a health 346 maintenance organization from retroactively denying a 347 claim in certain circumstances; creating s. 641.393, 348 F.S.; requiring the use of a standardized prior 349 authorization form by a health maintenance 350 organization; requiring a pharmacy benefits manager to 351 use and accept the form under certain circumstances; 352 providing requirements for the availability and 353 submission of the form; providing an exemption; 354 creating s. 641.394, F.S.; establishing a process for 355 providers to override certain treatment restrictions; 356 providing requirements for approval of such overrides; 357 providing an exception to the override protocol in 358 certain circumstances; providing an exemption;



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providing an effective date.