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By the Committee on Environmental Preservation and Conservation; and Senators Bradley and Dean

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to vessel safety; amending s. 327.44, F.S.; authorizing the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and certain law enforcement agencies or officers to relocate or remove vessels that unreasonably or unnecessarily constitute a navigation hazard or interfere with another vessel; exempting the commission or a law enforcement agency or officer from liability for damages to such a vessel caused by the relocation or removal thereof; providing an exception; providing that the commission or a law enforcement agency may recover from the vessel owner its costs for the relocation or removal of such a vessel; requiring the Department of Legal Affairs to represent the commission in actions to recover such costs; amending s. 376.15, F.S.; defining the term "commission"; authorizing the commission and certain law enforcement agencies and officers to relocate or remove a derelict vessel from public waters; exempting the commission or a law enforcement agency of officer from liability for damages to such a vessel caused by the relocation or removal thereof; providing an exception; amending s. 823.11, F.S.; defining the term "commission"; authorizing the commission and certain law enforcement agencies and officers to relocate or remove a derelict vessel from public waters if such vessel poses a danger to property or persons; exempting the commission or a law enforcement agency of officer from liability for damages to such a vessel caused by the

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relocation or removal thereof; providing an exception; expanding costs recoverable by the commission or a law enforcement agency against the owner of a derelict vessel for the relocation or removal thereof; abrogating the power of the commission to remove certain abandoned vessels and recover its costs therefor; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 327.44, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

327.44 Interference with navigation; relocation or removal; recovery of costs.—

(1) No person shall anchor, operate, or permit to be anchored, except in case of emergency, or operated a vessel or carry on any prohibited activity in a manner which shall unreasonably or unnecessarily constitute a navigational hazard or interfere with another vessel. Anchoring under bridges or in or adjacent to heavily traveled channels shall constitute interference if unreasonable under the prevailing circumstances.

(2) The commission, officers of the commission, and any law enforcement agency or officer specified in s. 327.70 is authorized and empowered to relocate, remove, or cause to be relocated or removed a vessel that unreasonably or unnecessarily constitutes a navigational hazard or interferes with another vessel. The commission and any other law enforcement agency or officer acting under this subsection to relocate, remove, or cause to be relocated or removed a vessel that unreasonably or

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unnecessarily constitutes a navigational hazard or interferes with another vessel shall be held harmless for all damages to the derelict vessel resulting from such relocation or removal, unless the damage results from gross negligence or willful misconduct.

(3) All costs, including costs owed to a third party, incurred by the commission or other law enforcement agency in the relocation or removal of a vessel that unreasonably or unnecessarily constitutes a navigational hazard or interferes with another vessel are recoverable against the vessel owner. The Department of Legal Affairs shall represent the commission in actions to recover such costs.

Section 2. Section 376.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read

- 376.15 Derelict vessels; <u>relocation or</u> removal from public waters.—
- (1) For the purposes of this section, "commission" means the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission.
- $\underline{(2)}$  (1) It is unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to store, leave, or abandon any derelict vessel as defined in s. 823.11(1) in this state.
- (3)(2)(a) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation commission and its officers and all law enforcement officers as specified in s. 327.70 are authorized and empowered to relocate or remove any derelict vessel as defined in s. 823.11(1) from public waters. All costs incurred by the commission or other law enforcement agency in the relocation or removal of any abandoned or derelict vessel shall be recoverable against the owner of the vessel. The Department of Legal Affairs shall represent the commission in

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such actions.

(b) The commission and any other law enforcement agency or officer as specified in s. 327.70 acting under this section to relocate, remove, or cause to be relocated or removed a derelict vessel from public waters shall be held harmless for all damages to the derelict vessel resulting from such relocation or removal, unless the damage results from gross negligence or willful misconduct.

- (c) (b) The commission may establish a program to provide grants to local governments for the removal of derelict vessels from the public waters of the state. The program shall be funded from the Florida Coastal Protection Trust Fund. Notwithstanding the provisions in s. 216.181(11), funds available for grants may only be authorized by appropriations acts of the Legislature.
- (d) (e) The commission shall adopt by rule procedures for submitting a grant application and criteria for allocating available funds. Such criteria shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- 1. The number of derelict vessels within the jurisdiction of the applicant.
- 2. The threat posed by such vessels to public health or safety, the environment, navigation, or the aesthetic condition of the general vicinity.
- 3. The degree of commitment of the local government to maintain waters free of abandoned and derelict vessels and to seek legal action against those who abandon vessels in the waters of the state.
- (e)(d) This section shall constitute the authority for such removal but is not intended to be in contravention of any

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117 applicable federal act.

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Section 3. Section 823.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 823.11 Abandoned and Derelict vessels; relocation or removal; penalty.—
  - (1) For the purposes of this section, the term:
- 123 (a) "Derelict vessel" means  $\underline{a}$  any vessel, as defined in s. 124 327.02, that is left, stored, or abandoned:
  - $\underline{1.}$  (a) In a wrecked, junked, or substantially dismantled condition upon any public waters of this state.
  - $\underline{2.(b)}$  At  $\underline{a}$  any port in this state without the consent of the agency having jurisdiction thereof.
  - $\underline{3.(c)}$  Docked, or grounded, at or beached upon the property of another without the consent of the owner of the property.
  - $\underline{\mbox{(b) "Commission" means the Fish and Wildlife Conservation}} \\ \mbox{Commission.}$
  - (2) It is unlawful for  $\underline{a}$  any person, firm, or corporation to store, leave, or abandon any derelict vessel  $\underline{as}$  defined in this section in this state.
  - (3) (a) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation commission, and its officers of the commission, and any all law enforcement agency or officer officers as specified in s. 327.70 is are authorized and empowered to relocate, remove, or cause to be relocated or removed a any abandoned or derelict vessel from public waters if the derelict vessel in any instance when the same obstructs or threatens to obstruct navigation or in any way constitutes a danger to the environment, property, or persons. The commission or any other law enforcement agency or officer acting under this subsection to relocate, remove, or cause to be

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relocated or removed a derelict vessel from public waters shall be held harmless for all damages to the derelict vessel resulting from such relocation or removal, unless the damage results from gross negligence or willful misconduct.

- (a) Removal of <u>derelict</u> vessels <u>under</u> <del>pursuant to</del> this <u>subsection</u> <del>section</del> may be funded by grants provided in ss. 206.606 and 376.15. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission <u>shall</u> is <u>directed to</u> implement a plan for the procurement of any available federal disaster funds and <del>to</del> use such funds for the removal of derelict vessels.
- (b) All costs, including costs owed to a third party, incurred by the commission or other law enforcement agency in the relocation or removal of a any abandoned or derelict vessel are as set out above shall be recoverable against the vessel owner thereof. The Department of Legal Affairs shall represent the commission in such actions to recover such costs. As provided in s. 705.103(4), a any person who neglects or refuses to pay such costs may amount is not entitled to be issued a certificate of registration for such vessel or for any other vessel or motor vehicle until such the costs have been paid.
- (4) (b) When a derelict vessel is docked, or grounded, at or beached upon private property without the consent of the owner of the property, the owner of the property may remove the vessel at the vessel owner's expense 60 days after compliance with the notice requirements specified in s. 328.17(5). The private property owner may not hinder reasonable efforts by the vessel owner or the vessel owner's agent to remove the vessel. Any Notice given pursuant to this subsection is paragraph shall be presumed to be delivered when it is deposited with the United

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States Postal Service, certified, and properly addressed with prepaid postage.

 $\underline{(5)}$  (4) A Any person, firm, or corporation violating this section act commits a misdemeanor of the first degree and shall be punished as provided by law. A conviction under this section does shall not bar the assessment and collection of the civil penalty provided in s. 376.16 for violation of s. 376.15. The court having jurisdiction over the criminal offense, notwithstanding any jurisdictional limitations on the amount in controversy, may order the imposition of such civil penalty in addition to any sentence imposed for the first criminal offense.

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.