$\boldsymbol{B}\boldsymbol{y}$  the Committees on Appropriations; and Education

	576-03324-14 20141642c1
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to education accountability; amending
3	s. 1008.34, F.S.; providing definitions for the
4	statewide, standardized assessment program and school
5	grading system; deleting annual reports; revising
6	authority over allocation of a school's budget based
7	on school grades; revising the basis for the
8	calculation of school grades; revising the contents of
9	the school report card; revising the basis for the
10	calculation of district grades; requiring the
11	Department of Education to develop a district report
12	card; providing for transition to the revised school
13	grading system; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; revising
14	criteria that necessitate a school's improvement plan
15	to include certain strategies; amending s. 1002.33,
16	F.S.; revising cross-references; amending s. 1003.621,
17	F.S.; revising cross-references; amending s. 1008.31,
18	F.S.; revising legislative intent for the K-20
19	education performance accountability system; amending
20	s. 1008.33, F.S.; conforming provisions relating to
21	school improvement and education accountability;
22	amending s. 1008.341, F.S.; revising provisions
23	relating to the school improvement rating for
24	alternative schools; amending s. 1008.3415, F.S.;
25	correcting cross-references; requiring the
26	Commissioner of Education to exempt students from
27	taking statewide, standardized assessments under
28	certain circumstances; authorizing a parent to request
29	that a student who is granted an exemption participate

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30	in statewide, standardized assessments; requiring the
31	State Board of Education to adopt rules; providing an
32	effective date.
33	
34	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
35	
36	Section 1. Section 1008.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to
37	read:
38	1008.34 School grading system; school report cards;
39	district grade
40	(1) DEFINITIONSFor purposes of the statewide,
41	standardized assessment program and school grading system, the
42	following terms are defined:
43	(a) "Achievement level," "student achievement," or
44	"achievement" describes the level of content mastery a student
45	has acquired in a particular subject as measured by a statewide,
46	standardized assessment administered pursuant to s.
47	1008.22(3)(a) and (b). There are five achievement levels. Level
48	1 is the lowest achievement level, level 5 is the highest
49	achievement level, and level 3 indicates satisfactory
50	performance. A student passes an assessment if the student
51	achieves a level 3, level 4, or level 5. For purposes of the
52	Florida Alternate Assessment administered pursuant to s.
53	1008.22(3)(c), the state board shall provide, in rule, the
54	number of achievement levels and identify the achievement levels
55	that are considered passing.
56	(b) "Learning Gains," "annual learning gains," or "student
57	learning gains" means the degree of student learning growth
58	occurring from one school year to the next as required by state

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576-03324-14 20141642c1 59 board rule for purposes of calculating school grades under this 60 section. (c) "Student performance," "student academic performance," 61 62 or "academic performance" includes, but is not limited to, 63 student learning growth, achievement levels, and Learning Gains 64 on statewide, standardized assessments administered pursuant to 65 s. 1008.22. 66 (1) ANNUAL REPORTS. The Commissioner of Education shall prepare annual reports of the results of the statewide 67 assessment program which describe student achievement in the 68 69 state, each district, and each school. The commissioner shall 70 prescribe the design and content of these reports, which must 71 include descriptions of the performance of all schools 72 participating in the assessment program and all of their major 73 student populations as determined by the commissioner. The 74 report must also include the percent of students performing at 75 or above grade level and making learning gains in reading and mathematics. The provisions of s. 1002.22 pertaining to student 76 77 records apply to this section. 78 (2) SCHOOL GRADES. The annual report shall identify Schools 79 shall be graded using as having one of the following grades, defined according to rules of the State Board of Education: 80 (a) "A," schools making excellent progress. 81 82 (b) "B," schools making above average progress. (c) "C," schools making satisfactory progress. 83 (d) "D," schools making less than satisfactory progress. 84 85 (e) "F," schools failing to make adequate progress. 86 Each school that earns a grade of "A" or improves at least two 87

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88	letter grades may <del>shall</del> have greater authority over the
89	allocation of the school's total budget generated from the FEFP,
90	state categoricals, lottery funds, grants, and local funds <del>, as</del>
91	specified in state board rule. The rule must provide that the
92	increased budget authority shall remain in effect until the
93	school's grade declines.
94	(3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL GRADES
95	(a) Each school must assess at least 95 percent of its
96	eligible students, except as provided under s. 1008.341 for
97	alternative schools. Beginning with the 2013-2014 school year,
98	Each school that has students who are tested and included in the
99	<del>school grading system</del> shall receive a school grade <u>based on the</u>
100	school's performance on the components listed in subparagraphs
101	(b)1. and 2. If a school does not have at least 10 students with
102	complete data for one or more of the components listed in
103	subparagraphs (b)1. and 2., those components may not be used in
104	calculating the school's grade. if the number of its students
105	tested on statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22 meets or
106	exceeds the minimum sample size of 10, except as follows:
107	1. An alternative school may choose to receive a school
108	grade under this section or a school improvement rating under s.

108 grade under this section or a school improvement rating under s. 109 1008.341. For charter schools that meet the definition of an alternative school pursuant to State Board of Education rule, 111 the decision to receive a school grade is the decision of the 112 charter school governing board.

113 2. A school that serves any combination of students in 114 kindergarten through grade 3 <u>that</u> which does not receive a 115 school grade because its students are not tested and included in 116 the school grading system shall receive the school grade

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117	designation of a K-3 feeder pattern school identified by the
118	Department of Education and verified by the school district. A
119	school feeder pattern exists if at least 60 percent of the
120	students in the school serving a combination of students in
121	kindergarten through grade 3 are scheduled to be assigned to the
122	graded school.
123	3. If a collocated school does not earn a school grade or
124	school improvement rating for the performance of its students,
125	the student performance data of all schools operating at the
126	same facility must be aggregated to develop a school grade that
127	will be assigned to all schools at that location. A collocated
128	school is a school that has its own unique master school
129	identification number, provides for the education of each of its
130	enrolled students, and operates at the same facility as another
131	school that has its own unique master school identification
132	number and provides for the education of each of its enrolled
133	students.
134	(b)1. <u>Beginning with the 2014-2015 school year,</u> a school's
135	grade shall be based on the following components, each worth 100 $$
136	points a combination of:
137	a. The percentage of eligible students passing Student
138	achievement scores on statewide, standardized assessments in
139	English Language Arts under s. <u>1008.22(3)</u> <del>1008.22 and</del>
140	achievement scores for students seeking a special diploma.
141	b. The percentage of eligible students passing statewide,
142	standardized assessments in mathematics under s. 1008.22(3).
143	c. The percentage of eligible students passing statewide,
144	standardized assessments in science under s. 1008.22(3).
145	d. The percentage of eligible students passing the
Į	

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576-03324-14 20141642c1 146 statewide, standardized assessments in social studies under s. 147 1008.22(3). 148 e.b. The percentage of eligible students who make Student Learning Gains in FCAT Reading or, upon transition to common 149 150 core assessments, the common core English Language Arts and 151 Mathematics assessments as measured by statewide, standardized 152 assessments administered under <del>pursuant to</del> s. 1008.22(3) 153 1008.22, including learning gains for students seeking a special 154 diploma, as measured by an alternate assessment. 155 f. The percentage of eligible students who make Learning 156 Gains in mathematics as measured by statewide, standardized 157 assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3). 158 g.c. The percentage of eligible students in Improvement of 159 the lowest 25 percent in English Language Arts, as identified by prior year performance on statewide, standardized assessments, 160 161 who make Learning Gains as measured by statewide, standardized 162 English Language Arts assessments administered under s. 163 1008.22(3) 25th percentile of students in the school in reading 164 or, upon transition to common core assessments, English Language 165 Arts and Mathematics assessments administered pursuant to s. 166 1008.22, unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory 167 performance. 168 h. The percentage of eligible students in the lowest 25 percent in mathematics, as identified by prior year performance 169 170 on statewide, standardized assessments, who make Learning Gains 171 as measured by statewide, standardized mathematics assessments 172 administered under s. 1008.22(3). 173 i. For schools comprised of middle grades 6 through 8 or 174 grades 7 and 8, the school's grade shall include the percentage

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175	of eligible students passing high school level statewide,
176	standardized end-of-course assessments for courses required for
177	high school graduation. The school grades shall include the
178	students' attainment of national industry certifications that
179	satisfy high school graduation requirements and are identified
180	in the Industry Certification Funding List pursuant to rules
181	adopted by the state board.
182	
183	In calculating Learning Gains for the components listed in sub-
184	subparagraphs ei., the State Board of Education shall require
185	that learning growth toward achievement levels 3, 4, and 5 is
186	demonstrated by students who scored below each of those levels
187	in the prior year.
188	2. Beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, for schools
189	comprised of middle grades 6 through 8 or grades 7 and 8, the
190	school's grade shall include the performance and participation
191	of its students enrolled in high school level courses with
192	statewide, standardized assessments administered under s.
193	1008.22. Performance and participation must be weighted equally.
194	As valid data becomes available, the school grades shall include
195	the students' attainment of national industry certification
196	identified in the Industry Certification Funding List pursuant
197	to rules adopted by the state board.
198	2.3. Beginning with the 2009-2010 school year For <u>a school</u>
199	<del>schools</del> comprised of <del>high school</del> grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or
200	grades 10, 11, and 12, <u>the school's grade</u> <del>at least 50 percent of</del>
201	the school grade shall be based on sub-subparagraphs 1.ah. and
202	a combination of the factors listed in sub-subparagraphs 1.ac.

# 203 and the remaining percentage on the following components, each

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576-03324-14 20141642c1 204 worth 100 points factors: 205 a. The four-year high school graduation rate of the school, 206 as defined by state board rule.+ 207 b. The percentage of students who were eligible to earn 208 college and career credit through As valid data becomes 209 available, the performance and participation of the school's 210 students in College Board Advanced Placement examinations 211 courses, International Baccalaureate examinations courses, dual enrollment courses, or and Advanced International Certificate of 212 213 Education examinations courses; or who, at any time during high 214 school, earned and the students' achievement of national 215 industry certification identified in the Industry Certification 216 Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the state board.+ 217 (c)1. The calculation of a school grade shall be based on 218 the percentage of points earned from the components listed in 219 subparagraph (b)1. and, if applicable, subparagraph (b)2. The 220 State Board of Education shall adopt in rule a school grading 221 scale that sets the percentage of points needed to earn each of the school grades listed in subsection (2). There shall be at 222 223 least 5 percentage points separating the percentage thresholds 224 needed to earn each of the school grades. Each school year, the 225 percentage of schools earning "A" and "B" grades shall be 226 reviewed to determine whether to adjust the school grading scale 227 upward for the following school year's calculation of school 228 grades. An adjustment must be made if the percentage of schools 229 earning an "A" and "B" in the current year represents 75 percent 230 or more of all graded schools within a particular school type used for accountability. The adjustment must reset the minimum 231 232 required percentage of points for each grade at a percentage

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233	threshold that would yield less than 75 percent of schools
234	earning an "A" and "B" if applied in the year mandating the
235	adjustment. The adjustments shall end when the following grade
236	scale is achieved:
237	a. Ninety percent or more of the points for an "A."
238	b. Eighty to 89 percent of the points for a "B."
239	c. Seventy to 79 percent of the points for a "C."
240	d. Sixty to 69 percent of the points for a "D."
241	e. Fifty-nine percent or less of the points for an "F."
242	2. The calculation of school grades may not include any
243	provision that would raise or lower the school's grade beyond
244	the percentage of points earned. Extra weight may not be added
245	in the calculation of any components.
246	c. Postsecondary readiness of all of the school's on-time
247	graduates as measured by the SAT, the ACT, the Postsecondary
248	Education Readiness Test, or the common placement test;
249	d. The high school graduation rate of at-risk students, who
250	score Level 1 or Level 2 on grade 8 FCAT Reading or the English
251	Language Arts and mathematics assessments administered under s.
252	<del>1008.22;</del>
253	e. As valid data becomes available, the performance of the
254	school's students on statewide, standardized end-of-course
255	assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3)(b)4. and 5.; and
256	f. The growth or decline in the components listed in sub-
257	subparagraphs ae. from year to year.
258	(c) Student assessment data used in determining school
259	grades shall include:
260	1. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled
261	in the school who have been assessed on statewide, standardized
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262	assessments in courses required for high school graduation,
263	including, beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, the end-of-
264	course assessment in Algebra I; and beginning with the 2012-2013
265	school year, the end-of-course assessments in Geometry and
266	Biology I; and beginning with the 2014-2015 school year, on the
267	statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment in civics
268	education at the middle grades level.
269	2. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled
270	in the school who have been assessed on statewide, standardized
271	assessments under s. 1008.22 and who have scored at or in the
272	lowest 25th percentile of students in the school in reading and
273	mathematics, unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory
274	performance.
275	(d) The performance of students attending alternative
276	schools and students designated as hospital or homebound shall
277	be factored into a school grade as follows:
278	1.3. The student performance data for achievement scores
279	and learning gains of eligible students attending alternative
280	schools that provide dropout prevention and academic
281	intervention services pursuant to s. 1003.53 shall be included
282	in the calculation of the home school's grade. The term
283	"eligible students" in this subparagraph does not include
284	students attending an alternative school who are subject to
285	district school board policies for expulsion for repeated or
286	serious offenses, who are in dropout retrieval programs serving
287	students who have officially been designated as dropouts, or who
288	are in programs operated or contracted by the Department of
289	Juvenile Justice. The student performance data for eligible
290	students identified in this subparagraph shall be included in

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576-03324-14 20141642c1 291 the calculation of the home school's grade. As used in this 292 subparagraph and s. 1008.341, the term "home school" means the 293 school to which the student would be assigned if the student 294 were not assigned to an alternative school. If an alternative 295 school chooses to be graded under this section, student 296 performance data for eligible students identified in this 297 subparagraph shall not be included in the home school's grade 298 but shall be included only in the calculation of the alternative 299 school's grade. A school district that fails to assign 300 statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment scores of each 301 of its students to his or her home school or to the alternative 302 school that receives a grade shall forfeit Florida School 303 Recognition Program funds for one  $\pm$  fiscal year. School 304 districts must require collaboration between the home school and 305 the alternative school in order to promote student success. This 306 collaboration must include an annual discussion between the 307 principal of the alternative school and the principal of each 308 student's home school concerning the most appropriate school 309 assignment of the student. 310 2.4. Student performance data for The achievement scores

311 and learning gains of students designated as hospital or 312 homebound hospital- or homebound. Student assessment data for 313 students designated as hospital- or homebound shall be assigned 314 to their home school for the purposes of school grades. As used 315 in this subparagraph, the term "home school" means the school to 316 which a student would be assigned if the student were not 317 assigned to a hospital or homebound hospital- or homebound 318 program.

319

5. For schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11,

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320	and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, the data listed in
321	subparagraphs 13. and the following data as the Department of
322	Education determines such data are valid and available:
323	a. The high school graduation rate of the school as
324	calculated by the department;
325	b. The participation rate of all eligible students enrolled
326	in the school and enrolled in College Board Advanced Placement
327	courses; International Baccalaureate courses; dual enrollment
328	courses; Advanced International Certificate of Education
329	courses; and courses or sequences of courses leading to national
330	industry certification identified in the Industry Certification
331	Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of
332	Education;
333	c. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled
334	in the school in College Board Advanced Placement courses,
335	International Baccalaureate courses, and Advanced International
336	Certificate of Education courses;
337	d. Earning of college credit by all eligible students
338	enrolled in the school in dual enrollment programs under s.
339	<del>1007.271;</del>
340	e. Earning of a national industry certification identified
341	in the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to rules
342	adopted by the State Board of Education;
343	f. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled
344	in the school in reading, mathematics, and other subjects as
345	measured by the SAT, the ACT, the Postsecondary Education
346	Readiness Test, and the common placement test for postsecondary
347	readiness;
348	g. The high school graduation rate of all eligible at-risk
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349	students enrolled in the school who scored Level 2 or lower on
350	grade 8 FCAT Reading and FCAT Mathematics;
351	h. The performance of the school's students on statewide,
352	standardized end-of-course assessments administered under s.
353	1008.22(3)(b)4. and 5.; and
354	i. The growth or decline in the data components listed in
355	sub-subparagraphs ah. from year to year.
356	
357	The State Board of Education shall adopt appropriate criteria
358	for each school grade. The criteria must also give added weight
359	to student achievement in reading. Schools earning a grade of
360	"C," making satisfactory progress, shall be required to
361	demonstrate that adequate progress has been made by students in
362	the school who are in the lowest 25th percentile in reading and
363	mathematics on statewide, standardized assessments under s.
364	1008.22, unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory
365	performance. For schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10,
366	11, and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, the criteria for school
367	grades must also give added weight to the graduation rate of all
368	eligible at-risk students. In order for a high school to earn a
369	grade of "A," the school must demonstrate that its at-risk
370	students, as defined in this paragraph, are making adequate
371	progress.
372	(4) SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATINGS. The annual report shall
373	identify each school's performance as having improved, remained
374	the same, or declined. This school improvement rating shall be
375	based on a comparison of the current year's and previous year's
376	student and school performance data. A school that improves its
377	rating by at least one level is eligible for school recognition
I	

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378	awards pursuant to s. 1008.36.
379	(4) (5) SCHOOL REPORT CARD.—The Department of Education
380	shall annually develop, in collaboration with the school
381	districts, a school report card to be provided by the school
382	district to parents within the district. The report card shall
383	include the school's grade <u>; student performance in English</u>
384	Language Arts, mathematics, science, and social studies; $ au$
385	information regarding school improvement $_{i,  au}$ an explanation of
386	school performance as evaluated by the federal Elementary and
387	Secondary Education Act (ESEA), 20 U.S.C. ss. 6301 et seq. $_{; au}$ and
388	indicators of return on investment. Each school's report card
389	shall be published annually by the department on its website
390	based upon the most recent data available.
391	(6) PERFORMANCE-BASED FUNDINGThe Legislature may factor
392	in the performance of schools in calculating any performance-
393	based funding policy that is provided for annually in the
394	General Appropriations Act.
395	(5)(7) DISTRICT GRADE.—The annual report required by
396	subsection (1) shall include the school district's grade.
397	Beginning with the 2014-2015 school year, a school district's
398	grade shall include a district-level calculation of the
399	components under paragraph (3)(b) be calculated using student
400	performance and learning gains data on statewide assessments
401	used for determining school grades under subparagraph (3)(b)1.
402	for each eligible student enrolled for a full school year in the
403	district. This calculation methodology captures each eligible
404	student in the district who may have transferred among schools
405	within the district or is enrolled in a school that does not
406	receive a grade. The department shall develop a district report

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407	card that includes the district's grade; measures of the
408	district's progress in closing the achievement gap between
409	higher-performing student subgroups and lower-performing student
410	subgroups; measures of the district's progress in demonstrating
411	Learning Gains of its highest-performing students; measures of
412	the district's success in improving student attendance; the
413	district's grade-level promotion of students scoring achievement
414	levels 1 and 2 on statewide, standardized English Language Arts
415	and mathematics assessments; and measures of the district's
416	performance in preparing students for the transition from
417	elementary to middle school, middle to high school, and high
418	school to postsecondary institutions and careers.
419	<u>(6)</u> RULES.—The State Board of Education shall adopt
420	rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this
421	section.
422	(7) TRANSITIONSchool grades and school improvement
423	ratings pursuant to s. 1008.341 for the 2013-2014 school year
424	shall be calculated based on statutes and rules in effect on
425	June 30, 2014. To assist in the transition to 2014-2015 school
426	grades, calculated based on new statewide, standardized
427	assessments administered pursuant to s. 1008.22, the 2014-2015
428	school grades shall serve as an informational baseline for
429	schools to work toward improved performance in future years.
430	Accordingly, notwithstanding any other provision of law:
431	(a) A school may not be required to select and implement a
432	turnaround option pursuant to s. 1008.33 in the 2015-2016 school
433	year based on the school's 2014-2015 grade or school improvement
434	rating under s. 1008.341, as applicable.
435	(b)1. A school or approved provider under s. 1002.45 that

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576-03324-14 20141642c1 436 receives the same or a lower school grade or school improvement rating for the 2014-2015 school year compared to the 2013-2014 437 438 school year is not subject to sanctions or penalties that would 439 otherwise occur as a result of the 2014-2015 school grade or 440 rating. A charter school system or a school district designated 441 as high performing may not lose the designation based on the 442 2014-2015 school grades of any of the schools within the charter school system or school district, as applicable. 443 444 2. The Florida School Recognition Program established under 445 s. 1008.36 shall continue to be implemented as otherwise 446 provided in the General Appropriations Act. 447 (c) For purposes of determining grade 3 retention pursuant 448 to s. 1008.25(5) and high school graduation pursuant to s. 449 1003.4282, student performance on the 2014-2015 statewide, standardized assessments shall be linked to 2013-2014 student 450 451 performance expectations. 452 453 This subsection is repealed July 1, 2017. 454 Section 2. Subsection (18) of section 1001.42, Florida 455 Statutes, is amended to read: 456 1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.-The 457 district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all 458 powers and perform all duties listed below:

(18) IMPLEMENT SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY.Maintain a state system of school improvement and education
accountability as provided by statute and State Board of
Education rule. This system of school improvement and education
accountability shall be consistent with, and implemented
through, the district's continuing system of planning and

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

CS for SB 1642

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465	budgeting required by this section and ss. 1008.385, 1010.01,
466	and 1011.01. This system of school improvement and education
467	accountability shall comply with the provisions of ss. 1008.33,
468	1008.34, 1008.345, and 1008.385 and include the following:
469	(a) School improvement plansThe district school board
470	shall annually approve and require implementation of a new,
471	amended, or continuation school improvement plan for each school
472	in the district. If a school has a significant gap in
473	achievement on statewide, standardized assessments administered
474	pursuant to s. <u>1008.22</u> <del>1008.34(3)(b)</del> by one or more student
475	subgroups, as defined in the federal Elementary and Secondary
476	Education Act (ESEA), 20 U.S.C. s. 6311(b)(2)(C)(v)(II); has not
477	significantly <u>increased</u> <del>decreased</del> the percentage of students
478	passing scoring below satisfactory on statewide, standardized
479	assessments; has not significantly increased the percentage of
480	students demonstrating Learning Gains, as defined in s. 1008.34
481	and as calculated under s. 1008.34(3)(b), who passed statewide,
482	standardized assessments; or has significantly lower graduation
483	rates for a subgroup when compared to the state's graduation
484	rate, that school's improvement plan shall include strategies
485	for improving these results. The state board shall adopt rules
486	establishing thresholds and for determining compliance with this
487	paragraph.
488	(b) Public disclosureThe district school board shall

(b) Public disclosure.—The district school board shall provide information regarding the performance of students and educational programs as required pursuant to ss. 1008.22 and 1008.385 and implement a system of school reports as required by statute and State Board of Education rule which shall include schools operating for the purpose of providing educational

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494	services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs,
495	and for those schools, report on the elements specified in s.
496	1003.52(19). Annual public disclosure reports shall be in an
497	easy-to-read report card format and shall include the school's
498	grade, high school graduation rate calculated without GED tests,
499	disaggregated by student ethnicity, and performance data as
500	specified in state board rule.
501	(c) School improvement funds.—The district school board
502	shall provide funds to schools for developing and implementing
503	school improvement plans. Such funds shall include those funds
504	appropriated for the purpose of school improvement pursuant to
505	s. 24.121(5)(c).
506	Section 3. Paragraph (n) of subsection (9) and paragraph
507	(b) of subsection (21) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, are
508	amended to read:
509	1002.33 Charter schools
510	(9) CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIREMENTS
511	(n)1. The director and a representative of the governing
512	board of a charter school that has earned a grade of "D" or "F"
513	pursuant to s. $1008.34$ $1008.34(2)$ shall appear before the
514	sponsor to present information concerning each contract
515	component having noted deficiencies. The director and a
516	representative of the governing board shall submit to the
517	sponsor for approval a school improvement plan to raise student
518	<u>performance</u> <del>achievement</del> . Upon approval by the sponsor, the
519	charter school shall begin implementation of the school
520	improvement plan. The department shall offer technical
521	assistance and training to the charter school and its governing
522	board and establish guidelines for developing, submitting, and

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576-03324-14 20141642c1 523 approving such plans. 524 2.a. If a charter school earns three consecutive grades of 525 "D," two consecutive grades of "D" followed by a grade of "F," or two nonconsecutive grades of "F" within a 3-year period, the 526 527 charter school governing board shall choose one of the following 528 corrective actions: 529 (I) Contract for educational services to be provided 530 directly to students, instructional personnel, and school administrators, as prescribed in state board rule; 531 532 (II) Contract with an outside entity that has a 533 demonstrated record of effectiveness to operate the school; 534 (III) Reorganize the school under a new director or 535 principal who is authorized to hire new staff; or 536 (IV) Voluntarily close the charter school. 537 b. The charter school must implement the corrective action 538 in the school year following receipt of a third consecutive 539 grade of "D," a grade of "F" following two consecutive grades of "D," or a second nonconsecutive grade of "F" within a 3-year 540 541 period. 542 c. The sponsor may annually waive a corrective action if it 543 determines that the charter school is likely to improve a letter 544 grade if additional time is provided to implement the 545 intervention and support strategies prescribed by the school improvement plan. Notwithstanding this sub-subparagraph, a 546 charter school that earns a second consecutive grade of "F" is 547 subject to subparagraph 4. 548 549 d. A charter school is no longer required to implement a 550 corrective action if it improves by at least one letter grade. 551 However, the charter school must continue to implement

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576-03324-14 20141642c1 552 strategies identified in the school improvement plan. The 553 sponsor must annually review implementation of the school 554 improvement plan to monitor the school's continued improvement 555 pursuant to subparagraph 5. 556 e. A charter school implementing a corrective action that 557 does not improve by at least one letter grade after 2 full 558 school years of implementing the corrective action must select a 559 different corrective action. Implementation of the new 560 corrective action must begin in the school year following the 561 implementation period of the existing corrective action, unless 562 the sponsor determines that the charter school is likely to 563 improve a letter grade if additional time is provided to 564 implement the existing corrective action. Notwithstanding this 565 sub-subparagraph, a charter school that earns a second 566 consecutive grade of "F" while implementing a corrective action 567 is subject to subparagraph 4. 3. A charter school with a grade of "D" or "F" that 568

improves by at least one letter grade of "D" or "F" that the strategies identified in the school improvement plan. The sponsor must annually review implementation of the school improvement plan to monitor the school's continued improvement pursuant to subparagraph 5.

574 4. The sponsor shall terminate a charter if the charter575 school earns two consecutive grades of "F" unless:

a. The charter school is established to turn around the
performance of a district public school pursuant to s.
1008.33(4) (b) 3. Such charter schools shall be governed by s.
1008.33;

580

b. The charter school serves a student population the

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576-03324-14 20141642c1 581 majority of which resides in a school zone served by a district 582 public school that earned a grade of "F" in the year before the 583 charter school opened and the charter school earns at least a 584 grade of "D" in its third year of operation. The exception 585 provided under this sub-subparagraph does not apply to a charter 586 school in its fourth year of operation and thereafter; or 587 c. The state board grants the charter school a waiver of 588 termination. The charter school must request the waiver within 589 15 days after the department's official release of school 590 grades. The state board may waive termination if the charter 591 school demonstrates that the Learning Gains of its students on 592 statewide assessments are comparable to or better than the 593 Learning Gains of similarly situated students enrolled in nearby 594 district public schools. The waiver is valid for 1 year and may only be granted once. Charter schools that have been in 595 596 operation for more than 5 years are not eligible for a waiver 597 under this sub-subparagraph.

598 5. The director and a representative of the governing board 599 of a graded charter school that has implemented a school 600 improvement plan under this paragraph shall appear before the 601 sponsor at least once a year to present information regarding 602 the progress of intervention and support strategies implemented 603 by the school pursuant to the school improvement plan and 604 corrective actions, if applicable. The sponsor shall communicate 605 at the meeting, and in writing to the director, the services 606 provided to the school to help the school address its 607 deficiencies.

608 6. Notwithstanding any provision of this paragraph except 609 sub-subparagraphs 4.a.-c., the sponsor may terminate the charter

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576-03324-14 20141642c1 610 at any time pursuant to subsection (8). 611 (21) PUBLIC INFORMATION ON CHARTER SCHOOLS.-612 (b)1. The Department of Education shall report to each 613 charter school receiving a school grade pursuant to s. 1008.34 or a school improvement rating pursuant to s. 1008.341 the 614 615 school's student assessment data <del>pursuant to s. 1008.34(3)(c)</del> 616 which is reported to schools that receive a school grade or 617 student assessment data pursuant to s. 1008.341(3) which is reported to alternative schools that receive a school 618 619 improvement rating to each charter school that: 620 a. Does not receive a school grade pursuant to s. 1008.34 621 or a school improvement rating pursuant to s. 1008.341; and

622b. Serves at least 10 students who are tested on the623statewide assessment test pursuant to s. 1008.22.

624 2. The charter school shall report the information in 625 subparagraph 1. to each parent of a student at the charter 626 school, the parent of a child on a waiting list for the charter 627 school, the district in which the charter school is located, and 628 the governing board of the charter school. This paragraph does 629 not abrogate the provisions of s. 1002.22, relating to student 630 records, or the requirements of 20 U.S.C. s. 1232q, the Family 631 Educational Rights and Privacy Act.

632 3.a. Pursuant to this paragraph, the Department of 633 Education shall compare the charter school student performance 634 data for each charter school in subparagraph 1. with the student 635 performance data in traditional public schools in the district 636 in which the charter school is located and other charter schools 637 in the state. For alternative charter schools, the department 638 shall compare the student performance data described in this

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576-03324-14 20141642c1 639 paragraph with all alternative schools in the state. The 640 comparative data shall be provided by the following grade 641 groupings: 642 (I) Grades 3 through 5; 643 (II) Grades 6 through 8; and 644 (III) Grades 9 through 11. 645 b. Each charter school shall provide the information 646 specified in this paragraph on its Internet website and also 647 provide notice to the public at large in a manner provided by the rules of the State Board of Education. The State Board of 648 649 Education shall adopt rules to administer the notice 650 requirements of this subparagraph pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 651 120.54. The website shall include, through links or actual 652 content, other information related to school performance. 653 Section 4. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (1) of 654 section 1003.621, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 655 1003.621 Academically high-performing school districts.-It 656 is the intent of the Legislature to recognize and reward school 657 districts that demonstrate the ability to consistently maintain 658 or improve their high-performing status. The purpose of this 659 section is to provide high-performing school districts with 660 flexibility in meeting the specific requirements in statute and rules of the State Board of Education. 661 (1) ACADEMICALLY HIGH-PERFORMING SCHOOL DISTRICT.-662

(a) A school district is an academically high-performingschool district if it meets the following criteria:

1.a. Beginning with the 2004-2005 school year, Earns a grade of "A" under s. <u>1008.34</u> <del>1008.34(7)</del> for 2 consecutive years; and

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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668	b. Has no district-operated school that earns a grade of
669	"F" under s. 1008.34;
670	2. Complies with all class size requirements in s. 1, Art.
671	IX of the State Constitution and s. 1003.03; and
672	3. Has no material weaknesses or instances of material
673	noncompliance noted in the annual financial audit conducted
674	pursuant to <u>s. 11.45 or</u> s. 218.39.
675	(d) In order to maintain the designation as an academically
676	high-performing school district pursuant to this section, a
677	school district must meet the following requirements:
678	1. Comply with the provisions of subparagraphs (a)2. and
679	3.; and
680	2. Earn a grade of "A" under s. <u>1008.34</u> <del>1008.34(7)</del> for 2
681	years within a 3-year period.
682	
683	However, a district in which a district-operated school earns a
684	grade of "F" under s. 1008.34 during the 3-year period may not
685	continue to be designated as an academically high-performing
686	school district during the remainder of that 3-year period. The
687	district must meet the criteria in paragraph (a) in order to be
688	redesignated as an academically high-performing school district.
689	Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
690	1008.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
691	1008.31 Florida's K-20 education performance accountability
692	system; legislative intent; mission, goals, and systemwide
693	measures; data quality improvements
694	(1) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.—It is the intent of the Legislature
695	that:
696	(b) The K-20 education performance accountability system be

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697	established as a single, unified accountability system with
698	multiple components, including, but not limited to, measures of
699	adequate yearly progress, individual student performance
700	$\frac{1}{1}$ learning gains in public schools and $\tau$ school and district
701	grades, and return on investment.
702	Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 1008.33, Florida
703	Statutes, is amended to read:
704	1008.33 Authority to enforce public school improvement
705	(2)(a) Pursuant to subsection (1) and ss. 1008.34,
706	1008.345, and 1008.385, the State Board of Education shall hold
707	all school districts and public schools accountable for student
708	performance. The state board is responsible for a state system
709	of school improvement and education accountability that assesses
710	student performance by school, identifies schools <u>that</u> <del>in which</del>
711	students are not meeting accountability making adequate progress
712	toward state standards, and institutes appropriate measures for
713	enforcing improvement.
714	(b) The state system of school improvement and education
715	accountability must provide for uniform accountability
716	standards, provide assistance of escalating intensity to $rac{1  ext{ow}}{ ext{-}}$
717	performing schools not meeting accountability standards, direct
718	support to schools in order to improve and sustain performance,
719	focus on the performance of student subgroups, and enhance
720	student performance.
721	(c) School districts must be held accountable for improving

722 the academic <u>performance</u> achievement of all students and for 723 identifying and <u>improving</u> turning around low-performing schools 724 <u>that fail to meet accountability standards</u>.

725

Section 7. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section

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726
     1008.341, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
727
          1008.341 School improvement rating for alternative
728
     schools.-
729
           (2) SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATING .- An alternative school is a
730
     school that provides dropout prevention and academic
731
     intervention services pursuant to s. 1003.53. An alternative
732
     school shall receive a school improvement rating pursuant to
733
     this section unless the school earns a school grade pursuant to
734
     s. 1008.34. An Beginning with the 2013-2014 school year, each
     alternative school that chooses to receive a school improvement
735
736
     rating shall receive a school improvement rating if the number
737
     of its students for whom student performance data on statewide,
738
     standardized assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22 which is
739
     available for the current year and previous year meets or
740
     exceeds the minimum sample size of 10. If an alternative school
741
     does not have at least 10 students with complete data for a
742
     component listed in subsection (3), that component may not be
743
     used in calculating the school's improvement rating. The
744
     calculation of the school improvement rating shall be based on
745
     the percentage of points earned from the components listed in
746
     subsection (3). An alternative school that tests at least 80
747
     percent of its students may receive a school improvement rating.
748
     If an alternative school tests less than 90 percent of its
749
     students, the school may not earn a rating higher than
750
     "maintaining." Beginning with the 2016-2017 school year, if an
751
     alternative school does not meet the requirements for the
752
     issuance of a school improvement rating in the current year, and
     has failed to receive a school improvement rating for the prior
753
754
     2 consecutive years, the school shall receive a rating for the
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576-03324-14 20141642c1 755 current year based upon a compilation of all student Learning 756 Gains, for all grade levels, for those 3 years. Likewise, if the 757 school fails to meet the requirements for a rating the following 758 year or any year thereafter, the school's rating shall be based 759 on a compilation of student Learning Gains achieved during the 760 current and prior 2 years. The school improvement rating shall 761 identify an alternative school as having one of the following 762 ratings defined according to rules of the State Board of 763 Education: 764 (a) "Commendable" "Improving" means a significant 765 percentage of the students attending the school are making 766 Learning Gains more academic progress than when the students 767 were served in their home schools. 768 (b) "Maintaining" means a sufficient percentage of the students attending the school are making Learning Gains progress 769 770 equivalent to the progress made when the students were served in 771 their home schools. 772 (c) "Unsatisfactory" "Declining" means an insufficient 773 percentage of the students attending the school are making 774 Learning Gains less academic progress than when the students 775 were served in their home schools. 776 777 The school improvement rating shall be based on a comparison of 778 student performance data for the current year and previous year. 779 Schools that improve at least one level or maintain a 780 "commendable" an "improving" rating pursuant to this section are 781 eligible for school recognition awards pursuant to s. 1008.36. 782 (3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATING.-Student 783 Learning Gains data used in determining an alternative school's

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784	school improvement rating shall include:
785	(a) student performance results based on statewide,
786	standardized assessments, including retakes, administered under
787	s. 1008.22 for all eligible students who were assigned to and
788	enrolled in the school during the October or February FTE count
789	and who have assessment scores or comparable scores for the
790	preceding school year shall be used in determining an
791	alternative school's school improvement rating. An alternative
792	school's rating shall be based on the following components:
793	(a) The percentage of eligible students who make Learning
794	Gains in English Language Arts as measured by statewide,
795	standardized assessments under s. 1008.22(3).
796	(b) The percentage of eligible students who make Learning
797	Gains in mathematics as measured by statewide, standardized
798	assessments under s. 1008.22(3) Student performance results
799	based on statewide, standardized assessments, including retakes,
800	administered under s. 1008.22 for all eligible students who were
801	assigned to and enrolled in the school during the October or
802	February FTE count and who have scored in the lowest 25th
803	percentile of students in the state on FCAT Reading.
804	
805	Student performance results of students who are subject to
806	district school board policies for expulsion for repeated or
807	serious offenses, who are in dropout retrieval programs serving
808	students who have officially been designated as dropouts, or who
809	are in programs operated or contracted by the Department of
810	Juvenile Justice may not be included in an alternative school's
811	school improvement rating.
812	(4) IDENTIFICATION OF STUDENT LEARNING GAINSFor each

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813	alternative school receiving a school improvement rating, the
814	Department of Education shall annually identify the percentage
815	of students making Learning Gains <u>consistent with the provisions</u>
816	in s. 1008.34(3) as compared to the percentage of the same
817	students making learning gains in their home schools in the year
818	prior to being assigned to the alternative school.
819	Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 1008.3415, Florida
820	Statutes, is amended to read:
821	1008.3415 School grade or school improvement rating for
822	exceptional student education centers
823	(2) Notwithstanding s. <u>1008.34</u> <del>1008.34(3)(c)3.</del> , the
824	achievement <u>levels</u> <del>scores</del> and Learning Gains of a student with a
825	disability who attends an exceptional student education center
826	and has not been enrolled in or attended a public school other
827	than an exceptional student education center for grades K-12
828	within the school district shall not be included in the
829	calculation of the home school's grade if the student is
830	identified as an emergent student on the alternate assessment
831	tool described in s. <u>1008.22(3)(c)</u> <del>1008.22(3)(c)13</del> .
832	Section 9. (1) Based on documentation from a physician
833	licensed under chapter 458, Florida Statutes, and after
834	reviewing the district school board superintendent's
835	recommendation, the Commissioner of Education must grant:
836	(a) A permanent exemption from taking statewide,
837	standardized assessments to a student who, as determined by a
838	physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458, Florida Statutes, is
839	a "child with medical complexity." For purposes of this
840	paragraph, the term "child with medical complexity" means a
841	child who has medical fragility and intensive care needs due to
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842	a congenital or acquired multisystem disease, a severe
843	neurologic condition with marked functional impairment, or
844	technology dependent for activities of daily living.
845	(b) A one-year exemption from taking statewide,
846	standardized assessments to a student who suffers from such a
847	significant cognitive or physical disability that the student
848	temporarily lacks the capacity to take statewide, standardized
849	assessments.
850	(2) A parent may request that the student participate in
851	statewide, standardized assessments, including, but not limited
852	to, the Florida Alternate Assessment, during the term of the
853	exemption.
854	(3) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to
855	administer this section, including, but not limited to,
856	expediting the exemption process to demonstrate the utmost
857	compassion and consideration for meeting the parent's and
858	student's needs, and establishing deadlines for the
859	superintendent to provide a recommendation to the commissioner.
860	Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

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