First Engrossed

20141642e1

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to education accountability; amending
3	s. 1008.34, F.S.; providing definitions for the
4	statewide, standardized assessment program and school
5	grading system; deleting annual reports; revising
6	authority over allocation of a school's budget based
7	on school grades; revising the basis for the
8	calculation of school grades; revising the contents of
9	the school report card; revising the basis for the
10	calculation of district grades; requiring the
11	Department of Education to develop a district report
12	card; providing for transition to the revised school
13	grading system; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; revising
14	criteria that necessitate a school's improvement plan
15	to include certain strategies; amending s. 1002.33,
16	F.S.; revising cross-references; amending s. 1003.621,
17	F.S.; revising cross-references; amending s. 1008.31,
18	F.S.; revising legislative intent for the K-20
19	education performance accountability system; amending
20	s. 1008.33, F.S.; conforming provisions relating to
21	school improvement and education accountability;
22	amending s. 1008.341, F.S.; revising provisions
23	relating to the school improvement rating for
24	alternative schools; amending s. 1008.3415, F.S.;
25	correcting cross-references; amending s. 1008.22,
26	F.S.; providing that a child with a medical complexity
27	may be exempt from participating in statewide,
28	standardized assessments under specified
29	circumstances; defining the term "child with a medical

Page 1 of 43

30	complexity"; authorizing a parent to choose assessment
31	exemption options; specifying the assessment exemption
32	options; requiring the Commissioner of Education to
33	report to the Legislature regarding the implementation
34	of the exemption; amending s. 1008.345, F.S.; revising
35	the contents of the Commissioner of Education's report
36	on school improvement and education accountability to
37	include student learning growth information and
38	intervention and support strategies; amending s.
39	1011.64, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference; amending
40	s. 1008.22, F.S.; authorizing use of teacher-selected
41	or principal selected assessments as a form of local
42	assessment; requiring a district school board to adopt
43	policies relating to selection, development,
44	administration, and scoring of local assessments;
45	amending s. 1012.34, F.S.; providing information to be
46	included in annual reports on the approval and
47	implementation status of school district personnel
48	evaluation systems; revising provisions relating to
49	the measurement of student learning growth for
50	purposes of personnel evaluation; conforming State
51	Board of Education rulemaking relating to performance
52	evaluations; providing for transition to new
53	statewide, standardized assessments; authorizing bonus
54	rewards to school districts for progress toward
55	educator effectiveness; amending s. 1012.341, F.S.;
56	removing rulemaking authority and establishing a
57	compliance verification process for the exemption from
58	performance evaluation system, compensation, and
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Page 2 of 43

First Engrossed

20141642e1

59 salary schedule requirements; providing an effective 60 date. 61 62 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 63 Section 1. Section 1008.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to 64 65 read: 66 1008.34 School grading system; school report cards; 67 district grade.-68 (1) DEFINITIONS.-For purposes of the statewide, 69 standardized assessment program and school grading system, the 70 following terms are defined: 71 (a) "Achievement level," "student achievement," or 72 "achievement" describes the level of content mastery a student 73 has acquired in a particular subject as measured by a statewide, 74 standardized assessment administered pursuant to s. 75 1008.22(3)(a) and (b). There are five achievement levels. Level 76 1 is the lowest achievement level, level 5 is the highest 77 achievement level, and level 3 indicates satisfactory 78 performance. A student passes an assessment if the student 79 achieves a level 3, level 4, or level 5. For purposes of the 80 Florida Alternate Assessment administered pursuant to s. 1008.22(3)(c), the state board shall provide, in rule, the 81 82 number of achievement levels and identify the achievement levels that are considered passing. 83 (b) "Learning Gains," "annual learning gains," or "student 84 85 learning gains" means the degree of student learning growth 86 occurring from one school year to the next as required by state 87 board rule for purposes of calculating school grades under this

Page 3 of 43

88	section.
89	(c) "Student performance," "student academic performance,"
90	or "academic performance" includes, but is not limited to,
91	student learning growth, achievement levels, and Learning Gains
92	on statewide, standardized assessments administered pursuant to
93	s. 1008.22.
94	(1) ANNUAL REPORTSThe Commissioner of Education shall
95	prepare annual reports of the results of the statewide
96	assessment program which describe student achievement in the
97	state, each district, and each school. The commissioner shall
98	prescribe the design and content of these reports, which must
99	include descriptions of the performance of all schools
100	participating in the assessment program and all of their major
101	student populations as determined by the commissioner. The
102	report must also include the percent of students performing at
103	or above grade level and making learning gains in reading and
104	mathematics. The provisions of s. 1002.22 pertaining to student
105	records apply to this section.
106	(2) SCHOOL GRADES.— The annual report shall identify Schools
107	shall be graded using as having one of the following grades,
108	defined according to rules of the State Board of Education:
109	(a) "A," schools making excellent progress.
110	(b) "B," schools making above average progress.
111	(c) "C," schools making satisfactory progress.
112	(d) "D," schools making less than satisfactory progress.
113	(e) "F," schools failing to make adequate progress.
114	
115	Each school that earns a grade of "A" or improves at least two
116	letter grades <u>may</u> shall have greater authority over the

Page 4 of 43

117 allocation of the school's total budget generated from the FEFP, 118 state categoricals, lottery funds, grants, and local funds, as 119 specified in state board rule. The rule must provide that the 120 increased budget authority shall remain in effect until the 121 school's grade declines.

122

(3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL GRADES.-

123 (a) Each school must assess at least 95 percent of its 124 eligible students, except as provided under s. 1008.341 for 125 alternative schools. Beginning with the 2013-2014 school year, 126 Each school that has students who are tested and included in the 127 school grading system shall receive a school grade based on the 128 school's performance on the components listed in subparagraphs 129 (b)1. and 2. If a school does not have at least 10 students with 130 complete data for one or more of the components listed in subparagraphs (b)1. and 2., those components may not be used in 131 132 calculating the school's grade. if the number of its students 133 tested on statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22 meets or exceeds the minimum sample size of 10, except as follows: 134

1. An alternative school may choose to receive a school
 grade under this section or a school improvement rating under s.
 1008.341. For charter schools that meet the definition of an
 alternative school pursuant to State Board of Education rule,
 the decision to receive a school grade is the decision of the
 charter school governing board.

141 2. A school that serves any combination of students in 142 kindergarten through grade 3 <u>that</u> which does not receive a 143 school grade because its students are not tested and included in 144 the school grading system shall receive the school grade 145 designation of a K-3 feeder pattern school identified by the

Page 5 of 43

Department of Education and verified by the school district. A school feeder pattern exists if at least 60 percent of the students in the school serving a combination of students in kindergarten through grade 3 are scheduled to be assigned to the graded school.

151 3. If a collocated school does not earn a school grade or 152 school improvement rating for the performance of its students, the student performance data of all schools operating at the 153 154 same facility must be aggregated to develop a school grade that 155 will be assigned to all schools at that location. A collocated 156 school is a school that has its own unique master school 157 identification number, provides for the education of each of its 158 enrolled students, and operates at the same facility as another 159 school that has its own unique master school identification 160 number and provides for the education of each of its enrolled 161 students.

162 (b)1. Beginning with the 2014-2015 school year, a school's 163 grade shall be based on the following components, each worth 100 164 points a combination of:

a. <u>The percentage of eligible students passing Student</u>
 achievement scores on statewide, standardized assessments <u>in</u>
 <u>English Language Arts</u> under s. <u>1008.22(3)</u> 1008.22 and
 achievement scores for students seeking a special diploma.

169b. The percentage of eligible students passing statewide,170standardized assessments in mathematics under s. 1008.22(3).

171 <u>c. The percentage of eligible students passing statewide,</u>

172 standardized assessments in science under s. 1008.22(3).

173d. The percentage of eligible students passing the174statewide, standardized assessments in social studies under s.

Page 6 of 43

175	1008.22(3).
176	e. b. The percentage of eligible students who make Student
177	Learning Gains in FCAT Reading or, upon transition to common
178	core assessments, the common core English Language Arts and
179	Mathematics assessments as measured by statewide, standardized
180	assessments administered <u>under</u> pursuant to s. <u>1008.22(3)</u>
181	1008.22, including learning gains for students seeking a special
182	diploma, as measured by an alternate assessment.
183	f. The percentage of eligible students who make Learning
184	Gains in mathematics as measured by statewide, standardized
185	assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3).
186	g. c. The percentage of eligible students in Improvement of
187	the lowest 25 percent in English Language Arts, as identified by
188	prior year performance on statewide, standardized assessments,
189	who make Learning Gains as measured by statewide, standardized
190	English Language Arts assessments administered under s.
191	1008.22(3) 25th percentile of students in the school in reading
192	or, upon transition to common core assessments, English Language
193	Arts and Mathematics assessments administered pursuant to s.
194	1008.22, unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory
195	performance.
196	h. The percentage of eligible students in the lowest 25
197	percent in mathematics, as identified by prior year performance
198	on statewide, standardized assessments, who make Learning Gains
199	as measured by statewide, standardized mathematics assessments
200	administered under s. 1008.22(3).
201	i. For schools comprised of middle grades 6 through 8 or
202	grades 7 and 8, the percentage of eligible students passing high
203	school level statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments

Page 7 of 43

204	or attaining national industry certifications identified in the
205	Industry Certification Funding List pursuant to rules adopted by
206	the State Board of Education.
207	
208	In calculating Learning Gains for the components listed in sub-
209	subparagraphs eh., the State Board of Education shall require
210	that learning growth toward achievement levels 3, 4, and 5 is
211	demonstrated by students who scored below each of those levels
212	in the prior year. In calculating the components in sub-
213	subparagraphs ad., the state board shall include the
214	performance of English language learners only if they have been
215	enrolled in a school in the United States for more than 2 years.
216	2. Beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, for schools
217	comprised of middle grades 6 through 8 or grades 7 and 8, the
218	school's grade shall include the performance and participation
219	of its students enrolled in high school level courses with
220	statewide, standardized assessments administered under s.
221	1008.22. Performance and participation must be weighted equally.
222	As valid data becomes available, the school grades shall include
223	the students' attainment of national industry certification
224	identified in the Industry Certification Funding List pursuant
225	to rules adopted by the state board.
226	2.3. Beginning with the 2009-2010 school year For a school
227	schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or
228	grades 10, 11, and 12, <u>the school's grade</u> at least 50 percent of
229	the school grade shall <u>also</u> be based on a combination of the
230	factors listed in sub-subparagraphs 1.ac. and the remaining

231 percentage on the following components, each worth 100 points
232 factors:

Page 8 of 43

First Engrossed

20141642e1

233 a. The 4-year high school graduation rate of the school as 234 defined by state board rule.+ 235 b. The percentage of students who were eligible to earn 236 college and career credit through As valid data becomes 237 available, the performance and participation of the school's 238 students in College Board Advanced Placement examinations 239 courses, International Baccalaureate examinations courses, dual enrollment courses, or and Advanced International Certificate of 240 Education examinations courses; or who, at any time during high 241 school, earned and the students' achievement of national 242 243 industry certification identified in the Industry Certification 244 Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the state board.+ 245 (c)1. The calculation of a school grade shall be based on 246 the percentage of points earned from the components listed in subparagraph (b)1. and, if applicable, subparagraph (b)2. The 247 248 State Board of Education shall adopt in rule a school grading 249 scale that sets the percentage of points needed to earn each of 250 the school grades listed in subsection (2). There shall be at 251 least five percentage points separating the percentage 252 thresholds needed to earn each of the school grades. The state 253 board shall periodically review the school grading scale to 254 determine if the scale should be adjusted upward to meet raised 255 expectations and encourage increased student performance. If the 256 state board adjusts the grading scale upward, the state board 257 must inform the public and the school districts of the reasons 258 for and degree of the adjustment and its anticipated impact on 259 school grades. 260 2. The calculation of school grades may not include any 261 provision that would raise or lower the school's grade beyond

Page 9 of 43

262	the percentage of points earned. Extra weight may not be added
263	in the calculation of any components.
264	c. Postsecondary readiness of all of the school's on-time
265	graduates as measured by the SAT, the ACT, the Postsecondary
266	Education Readiness Test, or the common placement test;
267	d. The high school graduation rate of at-risk students, who
268	score Level 1 or Level 2 on grade 8 FCAT Reading or the English
269	Language Arts and mathematics assessments administered under s.
270	1008.22;
271	e. As valid data becomes available, the performance of the
272	school's students on statewide, standardized end-of-course
273	assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3)(b)4. and 5.; and
274	f. The growth or decline in the components listed in sub-
275	subparagraphs ae. from year to year.
276	(c) Student assessment data used in determining school
277	grades shall include:
278	1. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled
279	in the school who have been assessed on statewide, standardized
280	assessments in courses required for high school graduation,
281	including, beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, the end-of-
282	course assessment in Algebra I; and beginning with the 2012-2013
283	school year, the end-of-course assessments in Geometry and
284	Biology I; and beginning with the 2014-2015 school year, on the
285	statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment in civics
286	education at the middle grades level.
287	2. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled
288	in the school who have been assessed on statewide, standardized
289	assessments under s. 1008.22 and who have scored at or in the
290	lowest 25th percentile of students in the school in reading and

Page 10 of 43

291 mathematics, unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory 292 performance. 293 (d) The performance of students attending alternative 294 schools and students designated as hospital or homebound shall 295 be factored into a school grade as follows: 296 1.3. The student performance data for achievement scores 297 and learning gains of eligible students attending alternative 298 schools that provide dropout prevention and academic 299 intervention services pursuant to s. 1003.53 shall be included 300 in the calculation of the home school's grade. The term 301 "eligible students" in this subparagraph does not include 302 students attending an alternative school who are subject to 303 district school board policies for expulsion for repeated or 304 serious offenses, who are in dropout retrieval programs serving 305 students who have officially been designated as dropouts, or who 306 are in programs operated or contracted by the Department of 307 Juvenile Justice. The student performance data for eligible 308 students identified in this subparagraph shall be included in 309 the calculation of the home school's grade. As used in this 310 subparagraph and s. 1008.341, the term "home school" means the 311 school to which the student would be assigned if the student 312 were not assigned to an alternative school. If an alternative 313 school chooses to be graded under this section, student 314 performance data for eligible students identified in this 315 subparagraph shall not be included in the home school's grade 316 but shall be included only in the calculation of the alternative 317 school's grade. A school district that fails to assign statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment scores of each 318 319 of its students to his or her home school or to the alternative

Page 11 of 43

320 school that receives a grade shall forfeit Florida School 321 Recognition Program funds for one \pm fiscal year. School 322 districts must require collaboration between the home school and 323 the alternative school in order to promote student success. This 324 collaboration must include an annual discussion between the 325 principal of the alternative school and the principal of each 326 student's home school concerning the most appropriate school 327 assignment of the student.

328 2.4. Student performance data for The achievement scores 329 and learning gains of students designated as hospital or 330 homebound hospital- or homebound. Student assessment data for 331 students designated as hospital- or homebound shall be assigned 332 to their home school for the purposes of school grades. As used 333 in this subparagraph, the term "home school" means the school to 334 which a student would be assigned if the student were not 335 assigned to a hospital or homebound hospital- or homebound 336 program.

5. For schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, the data listed in subparagraphs 1.-3. and the following data as the Department of Education determines such data are valid and available:

341 a. The high school graduation rate of the school as 342 calculated by the department;

343 b. The participation rate of all eligible students enrolled 344 in the school and enrolled in College Board Advanced Placement 345 courses; International Baccalaureate courses; dual enrollment 346 courses; Advanced International Certificate of Education 347 courses; and courses or sequences of courses leading to national 348 industry certification identified in the Industry Certification

Page 12 of 43

349	Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of
350	Education;
351	c. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled
352	in the school in College Board Advanced Placement courses,
353	International Baccalaureate courses, and Advanced International
354	Certificate of Education courses;
355	d. Earning of college credit by all eligible students
356	enrolled in the school in dual enrollment programs under s.
357	1007.271;
358	e. Earning of a national industry certification identified
359	in the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to rules
360	adopted by the State Board of Education;
361	f. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled
362	in the school in reading, mathematics, and other subjects as
363	measured by the SAT, the ACT, the Postsecondary Education
364	Readiness Test, and the common placement test for postsecondary
365	readiness;
366	g. The high school graduation rate of all eligible at-risk
367	students enrolled in the school who scored Level 2 or lower on
368	grade 8 FCAT Reading and FCAT Mathematics;
369	h. The performance of the school's students on statewide,
370	standardized end-of-course assessments administered under s.
371	1008.22(3)(b)4. and 5.; and
372	i. The growth or decline in the data components listed in
373	sub-subparagraphs ah. from year to year.
374	
375	The State Board of Education shall adopt appropriate criteria
376	for each school grade. The criteria must also give added weight
377	to student achievement in reading. Schools earning a grade of

Page 13 of 43

378 "C," making satisfactory progress, shall be required to 379 demonstrate that adequate progress has been made by students in 380 the school who are in the lowest 25th percentile in reading and 381 mathematics on statewide, standardized assessments under s. 382 1008.22, unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory 383 performance. For schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 384 11, and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, the criteria for school 385 grades must also give added weight to the graduation rate of all 386 eligible at-risk students. In order for a high school to earn a 387 grade of "A," the school must demonstrate that its at-risk 388 students, as defined in this paragraph, are making adequate 389 progress.

390 (4) SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATINGS.—The annual report shall 391 identify each school's performance as having improved, remained 392 the same, or declined. This school improvement rating shall be 393 based on a comparison of the current year's and previous year's 394 student and school performance data. A school that improves its 395 rating by at least one level is eligible for school recognition 396 awards pursuant to s. 1008.36.

397 (4) (5) SCHOOL REPORT CARD.-The Department of Education 398 shall annually develop, in collaboration with the school 399 districts, a school report card to be provided by the school 400 district to parents within the district. The report card shall 401 include the school's grade; student performance in English Language Arts, mathematics, science, and social studies; -402 403 information regarding school improvement; τ an explanation of 404 school performance as evaluated by the federal Elementary and 405 Secondary Education Act (ESEA), 20 U.S.C. ss. 6301 et seq.; τ and indicators of return on investment. Each school's report card 406

Page 14 of 43

407	shall be published annually by the department on its website
408	based upon the most recent data available.
409	(6) PERFORMANCE-BASED FUNDINGThe Legislature may factor
410	in the performance of schools in calculating any performance-
411	based funding policy that is provided for annually in the
412	General Appropriations Act.
413	(5) (7) DISTRICT GRADE The annual report required by
414	subsection (1) shall include the school district's grade.
415	Beginning with the 2014-2015 school year, a school district's
416	grade shall include a district-level calculation of the
417	components under paragraph (3)(b) be calculated using student
418	performance and learning gains data on statewide assessments
419	used for determining school grades under subparagraph (3)(b)1.
420	for each eligible student enrolled for a full school year in the
421	district. This calculation methodology captures each eligible
422	student in the district who may have transferred among schools
423	within the district or is enrolled in a school that does not
424	receive a grade. The department shall develop a district report
425	card that includes the district grade; the information required
426	under s. 1008.345(5); measures of the district's progress in
427	closing the achievement gap between higher-performing student
428	subgroups and lower-performing student subgroups; measures of
429	the district's progress in demonstrating Learning Gains of its
430	highest-performing students; measures of the district's success
431	in improving student attendance; the district's grade-level
432	promotion of students scoring achievement levels 1 and 2 on
433	statewide, standardized English Language Arts and mathematics
434	assessments; and measures of the district's performance in
435	preparing students for the transition from elementary to middle
I	

Page 15 of 43

436	school, middle to high school, and high school to postsecondary
437	institutions and careers.
438	<u>(6)</u> RULES.—The State Board of Education shall adopt
439	rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this
440	section.
441	(7) TRANSITIONSchool grades and school improvement
442	ratings pursuant to s. 1008.341 for the 2013-2014 school year
443	shall be calculated based on statutes and rules in effect on
444	June 30, 2014. To assist in the transition to 2014-2015 school
445	grades, calculated based on new statewide, standardized
446	assessments administered pursuant to s. 1008.22, the 2014-2015
447	school grades shall serve as an informational baseline for
448	schools to work toward improved performance in future years.
449	Accordingly, notwithstanding any other provision of law:
450	(a) A school may not be required to select and implement a
451	turnaround option pursuant to s. 1008.33 in the 2015-2016 school
452	year based on the school's 2014-2015 grade or school improvement
453	rating under s. 1008.341, as applicable.
454	(b)1. A school or approved provider under s. 1002.45 that
455	receives the same or a lower school grade or school improvement
456	rating for the 2014-2015 school year compared to the 2013-2014
457	school year is not subject to sanctions or penalties that would
458	otherwise occur as a result of the 2014-2015 school grade or
459	rating. A charter school system or a school district designated
460	as high performing may not lose the designation based on the
461	2014-2015 school grades of any of the schools within the charter
462	school system or school district, as applicable.
463	2. The Florida School Recognition Program established under
464	s. 1008.36 shall continue to be implemented as otherwise

Page 16 of 43

465	provided in the General Appropriations Act.
466	(c) For purposes of determining grade 3 retention pursuant
467	to s. 1008.25(5) and high school graduation pursuant to s.
468	1003.4282, student performance on the 2014-2015 statewide,
469	standardized assessments shall be linked to 2013-2014 student
470	performance expectations.
471	
472	This subsection is repealed July 1, 2017.
473	Section 2. Subsection (18) of section 1001.42, Florida
474	Statutes, is amended to read:
475	1001.42 Powers and duties of district school boardThe
476	district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all
477	powers and perform all duties listed below:
478	(18) IMPLEMENT SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY
479	Maintain a state system of school improvement and education
480	accountability as provided by statute and State Board of
481	Education rule. This system of school improvement and education
482	accountability shall be consistent with, and implemented
483	through, the district's continuing system of planning and
484	budgeting required by this section and ss. 1008.385, 1010.01,
485	and 1011.01. This system of school improvement and education
486	accountability shall comply with the provisions of ss. 1008.33,
487	1008.34, 1008.345, and 1008.385 and include the following:
488	(a) School improvement plansThe district school board
489	shall annually approve and require implementation of a new,
490	amended, or continuation school improvement plan for each school
491	in the district. If a school has a significant gap in
492	achievement on statewide, standardized assessments administered
493	pursuant to s. <u>1008.22</u> 1008.34(3)(b) by one or more student
I	Page 17 of 43

Page 17 of 43

494 subgroups, as defined in the federal Elementary and Secondary 495 Education Act (ESEA), 20 U.S.C. s. 6311(b)(2)(C)(v)(II); has not 496 significantly increased decreased the percentage of students 497 passing scoring below satisfactory on statewide, standardized 498 assessments; has not significantly increased the percentage of 499 students demonstrating Learning Gains, as defined in s. 1008.34 500 and as calculated under s. 1008.34(3)(b), who passed statewide, 501 standardized assessments; or has significantly lower graduation 502 rates for a subgroup when compared to the state's graduation 503 rate, that school's improvement plan shall include strategies 504 for improving these results. The state board shall adopt rules 505 establishing thresholds and for determining compliance with this 506 paragraph.

507 (b) Public disclosure.-The district school board shall 508 provide information regarding the performance of students and 509 educational programs as required pursuant to ss. 1008.22 and 510 1008.385 and implement a system of school reports as required by statute and State Board of Education rule which shall include 511 512 schools operating for the purpose of providing educational 513 services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, 514 and for those schools, report on the elements specified in s. 515 1003.52(19). Annual public disclosure reports shall be in an 516 easy-to-read report card format and shall include the school's 517 grade, high school graduation rate calculated without GED tests, 518 disaggregated by student ethnicity, and performance data as 519 specified in state board rule.

520 (c) School improvement funds.—The district school board
521 shall provide funds to schools for developing and implementing
522 school improvement plans. Such funds shall include those funds

Page 18 of 43

First Engrossed

20141642e1

523 appropriated for the purpose of school improvement pursuant to 524 s. 24.121(5)(c).

525 Section 3. Paragraph (n) of subsection (9) and paragraph 526 (b) of subsection (21) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, are 527 amended to read:

528

1002.33 Charter schools.-

529

551

(9) CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIREMENTS.-

530 (n)1. The director and a representative of the governing board of a charter school that has earned a grade of ``D'' or ``F''531 532 pursuant to s. $1008.34 \frac{1008.34(2)}{1008.34(2)}$ shall appear before the 533 sponsor to present information concerning each contract 534 component having noted deficiencies. The director and a 535 representative of the governing board shall submit to the 536 sponsor for approval a school improvement plan to raise student 537 performance achievement. Upon approval by the sponsor, the 538 charter school shall begin implementation of the school 539 improvement plan. The department shall offer technical 540 assistance and training to the charter school and its governing 541 board and establish guidelines for developing, submitting, and 542 approving such plans.

543 2.a. If a charter school earns three consecutive grades of 544 "D," two consecutive grades of "D" followed by a grade of "F," 545 or two nonconsecutive grades of "F" within a 3-year period, the 546 charter school governing board shall choose one of the following 547 corrective actions:

(I) Contract for educational services to be provided directly to students, instructional personnel, and school administrators, as prescribed in state board rule;

(II) Contract with an outside entity that has a

Page 19 of 43

552 demonstrated record of effectiveness to operate the school; 553 (III) Reorganize the school under a new director or

554 principal who is authorized to hire new staff; or

555

(IV) Voluntarily close the charter school.

556 b. The charter school must implement the corrective action 557 in the school year following receipt of a third consecutive 558 grade of "D," a grade of "F" following two consecutive grades of 559 "D," or a second nonconsecutive grade of "F" within a 3-year 560 period.

561 c. The sponsor may annually waive a corrective action if it 562 determines that the charter school is likely to improve a letter 563 grade if additional time is provided to implement the 564 intervention and support strategies prescribed by the school 565 improvement plan. Notwithstanding this sub-subparagraph, a 566 charter school that earns a second consecutive grade of "F" is 567 subject to subparagraph 4.

d. A charter school is no longer required to implement a corrective action if it improves by at least one letter grade. However, the charter school must continue to implement strategies identified in the school improvement plan. The sponsor must annually review implementation of the school improvement plan to monitor the school's continued improvement pursuant to subparagraph 5.

e. A charter school implementing a corrective action that
does not improve by at least one letter grade after 2 full
school years of implementing the corrective action must select a
different corrective action. Implementation of the new
corrective action must begin in the school year following the
implementation period of the existing corrective action, unless

Page 20 of 43

581 the sponsor determines that the charter school is likely to 582 improve a letter grade if additional time is provided to 583 implement the existing corrective action. Notwithstanding this 584 sub-subparagraph, a charter school that earns a second 585 consecutive grade of "F" while implementing a corrective action 586 is subject to subparagraph 4.

3. A charter school with a grade of "D" or "F" that improves by at least one letter grade must continue to implement the strategies identified in the school improvement plan. The sponsor must annually review implementation of the school improvement plan to monitor the school's continued improvement pursuant to subparagraph 5.

593 4. The sponsor shall terminate a charter if the charter 594 school earns two consecutive grades of "F" unless:

a. The charter school is established to turn around the performance of a district public school pursuant to s. 1008.33(4)(b)3. Such charter schools shall be governed by s. 1008.33;

599 b. The charter school serves a student population the 600 majority of which resides in a school zone served by a district 601 public school that earned a grade of "F" in the year before the 602 charter school opened and the charter school earns at least a 603 grade of "D" in its third year of operation. The exception 604 provided under this sub-subparagraph does not apply to a charter 605 school in its fourth year of operation and thereafter; or

c. The state board grants the charter school a waiver of
termination. The charter school must request the waiver within
15 days after the department's official release of school
grades. The state board may waive termination if the charter

Page 21 of 43

610 school demonstrates that the Learning Gains of its students on 611 statewide assessments are comparable to or better than the 612 Learning Gains of similarly situated students enrolled in nearby 613 district public schools. The waiver is valid for 1 year and may 614 only be granted once. Charter schools that have been in 615 operation for more than 5 years are not eligible for a waiver 616 under this sub-subparagraph.

617 5. The director and a representative of the governing board of a graded charter school that has implemented a school 618 619 improvement plan under this paragraph shall appear before the 620 sponsor at least once a year to present information regarding 621 the progress of intervention and support strategies implemented 622 by the school pursuant to the school improvement plan and 623 corrective actions, if applicable. The sponsor shall communicate 624 at the meeting, and in writing to the director, the services 625 provided to the school to help the school address its 62.6 deficiencies.

627 6. Notwithstanding any provision of this paragraph except
628 sub-subparagraphs 4.a.-c., the sponsor may terminate the charter
629 at any time pursuant to subsection (8).

630

(21) PUBLIC INFORMATION ON CHARTER SCHOOLS.-

631 (b)1. The Department of Education shall report to each 632 charter school receiving a school grade pursuant to s. 1008.34 633 or a school improvement rating pursuant to s. 1008.341 the 634 school's student assessment data pursuant to s. 1008.34(3)(c) 635 which is reported to schools that receive a school grade or 636 student assessment data pursuant to s. 1008.341(3) which is 637 reported to alternative schools that receive a school 638 improvement rating to each charter school that:

Page 22 of 43

639	a. Does not receive a school grade pursuant to s. 1008.34
640	or a school improvement rating pursuant to s. 1008.341; and
641	b. Serves at least 10 students who are tested on the
642	statewide assessment test pursuant to s. 1008.22.
643	2. The charter school shall report the information in
644	subparagraph 1. to each parent of a student at the charter
645	school, the parent of a child on a waiting list for the charter
646	school, the district in which the charter school is located, and
647	the governing board of the charter school. This paragraph does
648	not abrogate the provisions of s. 1002.22, relating to student
649	records, or the requirements of 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g, the Family
650	Educational Rights and Privacy Act.
651	3.a. Pursuant to this paragraph, the Department of
652	Education shall compare the charter school student performance
653	data for each charter school in subparagraph 1. with the student
654	performance data in traditional public schools in the district
655	in which the charter school is located and other charter schools
656	in the state. For alternative charter schools, the department
657	shall compare the student performance data described in this
658	paragraph with all alternative schools in the state. The
659	comparative data shall be provided by the following grade
660	groupings:
661	(I) Grades 3 through 5;
662	(II) Grades 6 through 8; and
663	(III) Grades 9 through 11.

b. Each charter school shall provide the information
specified in this paragraph on its Internet website and also
provide notice to the public at large in a manner provided by
the rules of the State Board of Education. The State Board of

Page 23 of 43

668	Education shall adopt rules to administer the notice
669	requirements of this subparagraph pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and
670	120.54. The website shall include, through links or actual
671	content, other information related to school performance.
672	Section 4. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (1) of
673	section 1003.621, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
674	1003.621 Academically high-performing school districtsIt
675	is the intent of the Legislature to recognize and reward school
676	districts that demonstrate the ability to consistently maintain
677	or improve their high-performing status. The purpose of this
678	section is to provide high-performing school districts with
679	flexibility in meeting the specific requirements in statute and
680	rules of the State Board of Education.
681	(1) ACADEMICALLY HIGH-PERFORMING SCHOOL DISTRICT
682	(a) A school district is an academically high-performing
683	school district if it meets the following criteria:
684	1.a. Beginning with the 2004-2005 school year, Earns a
685	grade of "A" under s. <u>1008.34</u>
686	years; and
687	b. Has no district-operated school that earns a grade of
688	"F" under s. 1008.34;
689	2. Complies with all class size requirements in s. 1, Art.
690	IX of the State Constitution and s. 1003.03; and
691	3. Has no material weaknesses or instances of material
692	noncompliance noted in the annual financial audit conducted
693	pursuant to <u>s. 11.45 or</u> s. 218.39.
694	(d) In order to maintain the designation as an academically
695	high-performing school district pursuant to this section, a
696	school district must meet the following requirements:

Page 24 of 43

First Engrossed

20141642e1 697 1. Comply with the provisions of subparagraphs (a)2. and 698 3.; and 2. Earn a grade of "A" under s. 1008.34 1008.34(7) for 2 699 700 years within a 3-year period. 701 702 However, a district in which a district-operated school earns a 703 grade of "F" under s. 1008.34 during the 3-year period may not 704 continue to be designated as an academically high-performing 705 school district during the remainder of that 3-year period. The district must meet the criteria in paragraph (a) in order to be 706 707 redesignated as an academically high-performing school district. 708 Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 1008.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 709 710 1008.31 Florida's K-20 education performance accountability 711 system; legislative intent; mission, goals, and systemwide 712 measures; data quality improvements.-713 (1) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.-It is the intent of the Legislature 714 that: 715 (b) The K-20 education performance accountability system be 716 established as a single, unified accountability system with 717 multiple components, including, but not limited to, measures of 718 adequate yearly progress, individual student performance 719 learning gains in public schools and, school and district 720 grades, and return on investment. 721 Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 1008.33, Florida 722 Statutes, is amended to read: 723 1008.33 Authority to enforce public school improvement.-724 (2) (a) Pursuant to subsection (1) and ss. 1008.34, 725 1008.345, and 1008.385, the State Board of Education shall hold

Page 25 of 43

all school districts and public schools accountable for student performance. The state board is responsible for a state system of school improvement and education accountability that assesses student performance by school, identifies schools <u>that</u> in which students are not <u>meeting accountability</u> making adequate progress toward state standards, and institutes appropriate measures for enforcing improvement.

(b) The state system of school improvement and education accountability must provide for uniform accountability standards, provide assistance of escalating intensity to low- performing schools <u>not meeting accountability standards</u>, direct support to schools in order to improve and sustain performance, focus on the performance of student subgroups, and enhance student performance.

(c) School districts must be held accountable for improving the academic <u>performance</u> achievement of all students and for identifying and <u>improving turning around low-performing</u> schools that fail to meet accountability standards.

744Section 7. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section7451008.341, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

746 1008.341 School improvement rating for alternative 747 schools.-

(2) SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATING.—An alternative school is a
school that provides dropout prevention and academic
intervention services pursuant to s. 1003.53. An alternative
school shall receive a school improvement rating pursuant to
this section unless the school earns a school grade pursuant to
s. 1008.34. <u>An Beginning with the 2013-2014 school year, each</u>
alternative school that chooses to receive a school improvement

Page 26 of 43

755 rating shall receive a school improvement rating if the number 756 of its students for whom student performance data on statewide, 757 standardized assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22 which is 758 available for the current year and previous year meets or 759 exceeds the minimum sample size of 10. If an alternative school 760 does not have at least 10 students with complete data for a 761 component listed in subsection (3), that component may not be 762 used in calculating the school's improvement rating. The 763 calculation of the school improvement rating shall be based on 764 the percentage of points earned from the components listed in 765 subsection (3). An alternative school that tests at least 80 766 percent of its students may receive a school improvement rating. 767 If an alternative school tests less than 90 percent of its 768 students, the school may not earn a rating higher than 769 "maintaining." Beginning with the 2016-2017 school year, if an 770 alternative school does not meet the requirements for the 771 issuance of a school improvement rating in the current year, and 772 has failed to receive a school improvement rating for the prior 773 2 consecutive years, the school shall receive a rating for the 774 current year based upon a compilation of all student Learning 775 Gains, for all grade levels, for those 3 years. Likewise, if the 776 school fails to meet the requirements for a rating the following 777 year or any year thereafter, the school's rating shall be based 778 on a compilation of student Learning Gains achieved during the 779 current and prior 2 years. The school improvement rating shall 780 identify an alternative school as having one of the following 781 ratings defined according to rules of the State Board of 782 Education:

783

(a) <u>"Commendable"</u> <u>"Improving"</u> means <u>a significant</u>

Page 27 of 43

784 percentage of the students attending the school are making 785 Learning Gains more academic progress than when the students 786 were served in their home schools. 787 (b) "Maintaining" means a sufficient percentage of the 788 students attending the school are making Learning Gains progress 789 equivalent to the progress made when the students were served in 790 their home schools. 791 (c) "Unsatisfactory" "Declining" means an insufficient 792 percentage of the students attending the school are making 793 Learning Gains less academic progress than when the students 794 were served in their home schools. 795 796 The school improvement rating shall be based on a comparison of 797 student performance data for the current year and previous year. Schools that improve at least one level or maintain a 798 "commendable" an "improving" rating pursuant to this section are 799 800 eligible for school recognition awards pursuant to s. 1008.36. 801 (3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATING.-Student 802 Learning Gains data used in determining an alternative school's 803 school improvement rating shall include: 804 (a) student performance results based on statewide, 805 standardized assessments, including retakes, administered under 806 s. 1008.22 for all eligible students who were assigned to and 807 enrolled in the school during the October or February FTE count 808 and who have assessment scores or comparable scores for the 809 preceding school year shall be used in determining an 810 alternative school's school improvement rating. An alternative 811 school's rating shall be based on the following components: 812 (a) The percentage of eligible students who make Learning

Page 28 of 43

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813	Gains in English Language Arts as measured by statewide,
814	standardized assessments under s. 1008.22(3).
815	(b) The percentage of eligible students who make Learning
816	Gains in mathematics as measured by statewide, standardized
817	assessments under s. 1008.22(3) Student performance results
818	based on statewide, standardized assessments, including retakes,
819	administered under s. 1008.22 for all eligible students who were
820	assigned to and enrolled in the school during the October or
821	February FTE count and who have scored in the lowest 25th
822	percentile of students in the state on FCAT Reading.
823	
824	Student performance results of students who are subject to
825	district school board policies for expulsion for repeated or
826	serious offenses, who are in dropout retrieval programs serving
827	students who have officially been designated as dropouts, or who
828	are in programs operated or contracted by the Department of
829	Juvenile Justice may not be included in an alternative school's
830	school improvement rating.
831	(4) IDENTIFICATION OF STUDENT LEARNING GAINSFor each
832	alternative school receiving a school improvement rating, the
833	Department of Education shall annually identify the percentage
834	of students making Learning Gains consistent with the provisions
835	in s. 1008.34(3) as compared to the percentage of the same
836	students making learning gains in their home schools in the year
837	prior to being assigned to the alternative school.
838	Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 1008.3415, Florida
839	Statutes, is amended to read:
840	1008.3415 School grade or school improvement rating for
841	exceptional student education centers
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Page 29 of 43

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842	(2) Notwithstanding s. <u>1008.34</u> 1008.34(3)(c)3. , the
843	achievement <u>levels</u> scores and Learning Gains of a student with a
844	disability who attends an exceptional student education center
845	and has not been enrolled in or attended a public school other
846	than an exceptional student education center for grades K-12
847	within the school district shall not be included in the
848	calculation of the home school's grade if the student is
849	identified as an emergent student on the alternate assessment
850	tool described in s. <u>1008.22(3)(c)</u> 1008.22(3)(c)13 .
851	Section 9. Present subsections (9) and (10) of section
852	1008.22, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (10)
853	and (11), respectively, and a new subsection (9) is added to
854	that section, to read:
855	1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools
856	(9) CHILD WITH MEDICAL COMPLEXITYIn addition to the
857	exemption option provided for under s. 1008.212, effective July
858	1, 2014, a child with a medical complexity may be exempt from
859	participating in statewide, standardized assessments, including
860	the Florida Alternate Assessment (FAA), pursuant to the
861	provisions of this subsection.
862	(a) Definition of child with medical complexity. A child
863	with a medical complexity means a child who, based upon medical
864	documentation from a physician licensed under chapter 458 or 459
865	is medically fragile and needs intensive care due to a condition
866	such as congenital or acquired multisystem disease; has a severe
867	neurological or cognitive disorder with marked functional
868	impairment; or is technology dependent for activities of daily
869	living; and lacks the capacity to take or perform on an
870	assessment.
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Page 30 of 43

871	(b) Exemption options. If the parent consents in writing,
872	and the IEP team determines that the child should not be
873	assessed based upon medical documentation that the child meets
874	the definition of a child with medical complexity, then the
875	parent may choose one of the following three assessment
876	exemption options.
877	1. One-year exemption approved by the district school
878	superintendent. If the superintendent is provided written
879	documentation of parental consent and appropriate medical
880	documentation to support the IEP team's determination that the
881	child is a child with medical complexity, then the
882	superintendent may approve a one-year exemption from all
883	statewide, standardized assessments, including the FAA. The
884	superintendent shall report annually to the district school
885	board and the Commissioner of Education the number of students
886	who are identified as a child with medical complexity who are
887	not participating in the assessment program.
888	2. One- to three-year exemption approved by the
889	Commissioner of Education. If the commissioner is provided
890	written documentation of parental consent; district school
891	superintendent approval; the IEP team's determination that the
892	child is a child with medical complexity based upon appropriate
893	medical documentation; and all medical documentation, then the
894	commissioner may exempt the child from all statewide,
895	standardized assessments, including the FAA, for up to three
896	years. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to
897	administer this subparagraph which must expedite the process by
898	which exemptions are reviewed and approved and which demonstrate
899	the utmost compassion and consideration for meeting the parent's

Page 31 of 43

900	and child's needs.
901	3. Permanent exemption approved by the Commissioner of
902	Education. If the commissioner is provided written documentation
903	of parental consent; district school superintendent approval of
904	a permanent exemption; the IEP team's determination that the
905	child is a child with medical complexity based upon appropriate
906	medical documentation and that a permanent exemption is
907	appropriate; and all medical documentation, then the
908	commissioner may approve a permanent exemption from all
909	statewide, standardized assessments, including the FAA. The
910	State Board of Education shall adopt rules to administer this
911	subparagraph which must expedite the process by which exemptions
912	are reviewed and approved and which demonstrate the utmost
913	compassion and consideration for meeting the parent's and
914	child's needs.
915	(c) Reporting requirements. The Commissioner of Education
916	shall annually report to the Legislature data, by district,
917	related to the implementation of this subsection at the same
918	time as results are reported regarding student performance on
919	statewide, standardized assessments.
920	Section 10. Subsection (5) of section 1008.345, Florida
921	Statutes, is amended to read:
922	1008.345 Implementation of state system of school
923	improvement and education accountability
924	(5) The commissioner shall report to the Legislature and
925	recommend changes in state policy necessary to foster school
926	improvement and education accountability. The report shall
927	include:
928	(a) For each school district:

Page 32 of 43

929 1. The percentage of students, by school and grade level, 930 demonstrating learning growth in English Language Arts and 931 mathematics. 932 2. The percentage of students, by school and grade level, 933 in both the highest and lowest quartiles demonstrating learning 934 growth in English Language Arts and mathematics. 935 (b) Intervention and support strategies used by school 936 boards whose students in both the highest and lowest quartiles 937 exceed the statewide average learning growth for students in 938 those quartiles. 939 (c) Intervention and support strategies used by school 940 boards whose schools provide educational services to youth in 941 Department of Juvenile Justice programs that demonstrate 942 learning growth in English Language Arts and mathematics that 943 exceeds the statewide average learning growth for students in those subjects. Included in the report shall be a list of the 944 945 schools, including schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of 946 947 Juvenile Justice programs, for which district school boards have 948 developed intervention and support strategies and an analysis of 949 the various strategies used by the school boards. 950 951 School reports shall be distributed pursuant to this subsection 952 and s. 1001.42(18)(b) and according to rules adopted by the 953 State Board of Education. 954 Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 955 1011.64, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 956 1011.64 School district minimum classroom expenditure 957 requirements.-

Page 33 of 43

958	(2) For the purpose of implementing the provisions of this
959	section, the Legislature shall prescribe minimum academic
960	performance standards and minimum classroom expenditure
961	requirements for districts not meeting such minimum academic
962	performance standards in the General Appropriations Act.
963	(a) Minimum academic performance standards may be based on,
964	but are not limited to, district grades determined pursuant to
965	s. <u>1008.34</u> 1008.34(7) .
966	Section 12. Subsection (6) of section 1008.22, Florida
967	Statutes, is amended to read:
968	1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools
969	(6) LOCAL ASSESSMENTS
970	(a) Measurement of student <u>performance</u> learning gains in
971	all subjects and grade levels, except those subjects and grade
972	levels measured under the statewide, standardized assessment
973	program described in this section, is the responsibility of the
974	school districts.
975	(b) Except for those subjects and grade levels measured
976	under the statewide, standardized assessment program, beginning
977	with the 2014-2015 school year, each school district shall
978	administer for each course offered in the district a <u>local</u>
979	student assessment that measures <u>student</u> mastery of <u>course</u> the
980	content, as described in the state-adopted course description,
981	at the necessary level of rigor for the course. <u>As adopted</u>
982	pursuant to State Board of Education rule, course content is set
983	forth in the state standards required by s. 1003.41 and in the
984	course description. Local Such assessments may include:
985	1. Statewide assessments.
986	2. Other standardized assessments, including nationally

Page 34 of 43

First Engrossed

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988 989

987 recognized standardized assessments.

3. Industry certification <u>assessments</u> examinations.

989 4. District-developed or district-selected end-of-course990 assessments.

991

ssments. 5. Teacher-selected or principal-selected assessments.

992 (c) Each district school board must adopt policies for 993 selection, development, administration, and scoring of local 994 assessments and for collection of assessment results. Local 995 assessments implemented under subparagraphs (b)4. and 5. may 996 include a variety of assessment formats, including, but not 997 limited to, project-based assessments, adjudicated performances, 998 and practical application assignments. For all English Language Arts, mathematics, science, and social studies courses offered 999 1000 in the district that are used to meet graduation requirements under s. 1002.3105, s. 1003.4281, or s. 1003.4282 and that are 1001 1002 not otherwise assessed by statewide, standardized assessments, 1003 the district school board must select the assessments described 1004 in subparagraphs (b)1.-4.

1005 (d) (c) The Commissioner of Education shall identify methods 1006 to assist and support districts in the development and 1007 acquisition of assessments required under this subsection. 1008 Methods may include developing item banks, facilitating the 1009 sharing of developed tests among school districts, acquiring 1010 assessments from state and national curriculum-area organizations, and providing technical assistance in best 1011 1012 professional practices of test development based upon state-1013 adopted curriculum standards, administration, and security.

1014(e) (d) Each school district shall establish schedules for1015the administration of any district-mandated assessment and

Page 35 of 43

1016 approve the schedules as an agenda item at a district school 1017 board meeting. The school district shall publish the testing 1018 schedules on its website, clearly specifying the district-1019 mandated assessments, and report the schedules to the Department 1020 of Education by October 1 of each year. 1021 Section 13. Subsections (1), (7), and (8) of section 1022 1012.34, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (9) and 1023 (10) are added to that section, to read: 1024 1012.34 Personnel evaluation procedures and criteria.-(1) EVALUATION SYSTEM APPROVAL AND REPORTING.-1025 1026 (a) For the purpose of increasing student academic 1027 performance learning growth by improving the quality of 1028 instructional, administrative, and supervisory services in the 1029 public schools of the state, the district school superintendent 1030 shall establish procedures for evaluating the performance of 1031 duties and responsibilities of all instructional, 1032 administrative, and supervisory personnel employed by the school 1033 district. The district school superintendent shall provide 1034 instructional personnel the opportunity to review their class 1035 rosters for accuracy and to correct any mistakes. The district 1036 school superintendent shall annually report accurate class 1037 rosters for the purpose of calculating district and statewide 1038 student performance and annually report the evaluation results 1039 of instructional personnel and school administrators to the 1040 Department of Education in addition to the information required 1041 under subsection (5). 1042

(b) The department must approve each school district's instructional personnel and school administrator evaluation systems. The department shall monitor each district's

Page 36 of 43

1045 implementation of its instructional personnel and school 1046 administrator evaluation systems for compliance with the 1047 requirements of this section.

1048 (c) Annually, by December 1, 2012, the Commissioner of 1049 Education shall report to the Governor, the President of the 1050 Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives the 1051 approval and implementation status of each school district's 1052 instructional personnel and school administrator evaluation 1053 systems. The report shall include performance evaluation results 1054 for the prior school year for instructional personnel and school 1055 administrators using the four levels of performance specified in 1056 paragraph (2)(e). The performance evaluation results for 1057 instructional personnel shall be disaggregated by classroom 1058 teachers, as defined in s. 1012.01(2)(a), excluding substitute 1059 teachers, and all other instructional personnel, as defined in 1060 s. 1012.01(2)(b)-(d). The commissioner shall include in the 1061 report each district's performance-level standards established 1062 under subsection (7), a comparative analysis of the district's 1063 student academic performance results and evaluation results, 1064 data reported under s. 1012.341, continue to report, by December 1065 1 each year thereafter, each school district's performance 1066 evaluation results and the status of any evaluation system 1067 revisions requested by a school district pursuant to subsection 1068 (6).

1069

(7) MEASUREMENT OF STUDENT LEARNING GROWTH.-

1070 (a) By June 1, 2011, The Commissioner of Education shall
 1071 approve a formula to measure individual student learning growth
 1072 on the statewide, standardized assessments in English Language
 1073 Arts and mathematics on the Florida Comprehensive Assessment

Page 37 of 43

1074 Test (FCAT) administered under s. 1008.22 1008.22(3)(c)1. The 1075 formula must take into consideration each student's prior 1076 academic performance. The formula must not set different 1077 expectations for student learning growth based upon a student's gender, race, ethnicity, or socioeconomic status. In the 1078 1079 development of the formula, the commissioner shall consider 1080 other factors such as a student's attendance record, disability 1081 status, or status as an English language learner. The 1082 commissioner shall select additional formulas as appropriate for 1083 the remainder of the statewide assessments included under s. 1084 1008.22 and continue to select formulas as new assessments are 1085 implemented in the state system. After the commissioner approves 1086 the formula to measure individual student learning growth on the 1087 FCAT and as additional formulas are selected by the commissioner 1088 for new assessments implemented in the state system, the State 1089 Board of Education shall adopt these formulas in by rule. 1090 (b) Beginning in the 2011-2012 school year, Each school 1091 district shall measure student learning growth using the 1092 formulas formula approved by the commissioner under paragraph

1093 (a) for courses associated with the statewide, standardized 1094 assessments administered FCAT. Each school district shall 1095 implement the additional student learning growth measures 1096 selected by the commissioner under paragraph (a) for the 1097 remainder of the statewide assessments included under s. 1008.22 1098 no later than the school year immediately following the year the formula is approved by the commissioner as they become 1099 1100 available. Beginning in the 2014-2015 school year, For grades and subjects not assessed by statewide, standardized assessments 1101 1102 but otherwise assessed as required under s. 1008.22(6)

Page 38 of 43

1103 1008.22(8), each school district shall measure performance of 1104 students student learning growth using a methodology determined 1105 by the district an equally appropriate formula. The department 1106 shall provide models for measuring performance of students 1107 student learning growth which school districts may adopt.

1108 (c) For a course that is not measured by a statewide, 1109 standardized assessment, a school district may request, through 1110 the evaluation system approval process, to use a student's student achievement level measure rather than a student learning 1111 growth measure if achievement is demonstrated to be a more 1112 1113 appropriate measure of classroom teacher performance. A school 1114 district may also request to use a combination of student 1115 learning growth and achievement, if appropriate.

1116 (d) For If the student learning growth in a course that is not measured by a statewide, standardized assessment but is 1117 1118 measured by a school district assessment, a school district may 1119 request, through the evaluation system approval process, that 1120 the performance evaluation for the classroom teacher assigned to 1121 that course include the learning growth of his or her students 1122 on one or more statewide, standardized assessments FCAT Reading 1123 or FCAT Mathematics. The request must clearly explain the 1124 rationale supporting the request. However, the classroom 1125 teacher's performance evaluation must give greater weight to 1126 student learning growth on the district assessment.

(e) For <u>purposes of this section and only for the 2014-2015</u> school year, a school district may use measurable learning targets on local assessments administered under s. 1008.22(6) to evaluate the performance of students portion of a classroom teacher's evaluation for courses that are not assessed by

Page 39 of 43

1132 statewide, standardized assessments. classroom teachers of 1133 courses for which the district has not implemented appropriate assessments under s. 1008.22(8) or for which the school district 1134 1135 has not adopted an equally appropriate measure of student 1136 learning growth under paragraphs (b)-(d), student learning 1137 growth must be measured by the growth in learning of the 1138 classroom teacher's students on statewide assessments, or, for courses in which enrolled students do not take the statewide 1139 assessments, measurable Learning targets must be established 1140 1141 based upon the goals of the school improvement plan and approved 1142 by the school principal. A district school superintendent may 1143 assign to instructional personnel in an instructional team the 1144 student learning growth of the instructional team's students on 1145 statewide assessments. This paragraph expires July 1, 2015. 1146 (8) RULEMAKING.-The State Board of Education shall adopt 1147 rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 which establish 1148 uniform procedures for the submission, review, and approval of 1149 district evaluation systems and reporting requirements for the 1150 annual evaluation of instructional personnel and school 1151 administrators; specific, discrete standards for each 1152 performance level required under subsection (2) to ensure clear 1153 and sufficient differentiation in the performance levels and to 1154 provide consistency in meaning across school districts; the 1155 measurement of student learning growth and associated 1156 implementation procedures required under subsection (7); a 1157 process to permit instructional personnel to review the class 1158 roster for accuracy and to correct any mistakes relating to the identity of students for whom the individual is responsible; and 1159 a process for monitoring school district implementation of 1160

Page 40 of 43

1161	evaluation systems in accordance with this section.
1162	Specifically, the rules shall establish a student <u>performance</u>
1163	<u>levels</u> learning growth standard that if not met will result in
1164	the employee receiving an unsatisfactory performance evaluation
1165	rating. In like manner, the rules shall establish a student
1166	<u>performance level</u> learning growth standard that must be met in
1167	order for an employee to receive a highly effective rating and a
1168	student learning growth standard that must be met in order for
1169	an employee to receive an effective rating.
1170	(9) TRANSITION TO NEW STATEWIDE, STANDARDIZED ASSESSMENTS
1171	Standards for each performance level required under subsection
1172	(2) shall be established by the State Board of Education
1173	beginning with the 2015-2016 school year.
1174	(10) DISTRICT BONUS REWARDS FOR PERFORMANCE PAY BASED ON
1175	EVALUATION PROGRESS.—School districts are eligible for bonus
1176	rewards as provided for in the 2014 General Appropriations Act
1177	for making outstanding progress toward educator effectiveness,
1178	including implementation of instructional personnel salaries
1179	based on performance results under s. 1012.34 and the use of
1180	local assessment results in personnel evaluations when
1181	statewide, standardized assessments are not administered.
1182	Section 14. Section 1012.341, Florida Statutes, is amended
1183	to read:
1184	1012.341 Exemption from performance evaluation system and
1185	compensation and salary schedule requirements
1186	(1) <u>Hillsborough County</u> Notwithstanding any other provision
1187	of this act, a School District that received an exemption under
1188	Florida's Race to the Top Memorandum of Understanding for Phase
1189	2, as provided in s. (D)(2)(ii) of the memorandum. Accordingly,

Page 41 of 43

1190 notwithstanding any other provision of law, Hillsborough County 1191 School District, is allowed to base 40 percent, instead of 50 1192 percent, of instructional personnel and school administrator 1193 performance evaluations upon student performance learning growth 1194 under s. 1012.34, as amended by this act. The school district is 1195 also exempt from the amendments to s. 1012.22(1)(c) made by 1196 chapter 2011-1, Laws of Florida this act. The exemptions 1197 described in this subsection are effective beginning with for 1198 the 2011-2012 school year and until the expiration of this 1199 section are effective for each school year thereafter if the 1200 school district receives annual approval by the State Board of 1201 Education.

(2) <u>By October 1, 2014, and by October 1 annually</u>
thereafter, the superintendent of Hillsborough County School
<u>District shall attest</u>, in writing, to the Commissioner of
<u>Education that</u> The State Board of Education shall base its
approval upon demonstration by the school district of the
following:

(a) The instructional personnel and school administrator evaluation systems base at least 40 percent of an employee's performance evaluation upon student performance and that student performance is the single greatest component of an employee's evaluation.

(b) The instructional personnel and school administrator evaluation systems adopt the Commissioner of Education's student learning growth formula for statewide assessments as provided under s. 1012.34(7).

1217 (c) The school district's instructional personnel and1218 school administrator compensation system awards salary increases

Page 42 of 43

First Engrossed

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1219 based upon sustained student performance. 1220 (d) The school district's contract system awards 1221 instructional personnel and school administrators based upon 1222 student performance and removes ineffective employees. 1223 (e) Beginning with the 2014-2015 school year and each 1224 school year thereafter, student learning growth based upon 1225 performance on statewide assessments under s. 1008.22 must have 1226 significantly improved compared to student learning growth in the district in 2011-2012 and significantly improved compared to 1227 1228 other school districts. (3) Failure to comply with subsection (2) is grounds for 1229 1230 the State Board of Education, at a public hearing, to revoke the 1231 exemption The State Board of Education shall annually renew a 1232 school district's exemptions if the school district demonstrates 1233 that it meets the requirements of subsection (2). If the 1234 exemptions are not renewed, the school district must comply with 1235 the requirements and laws described in subsection (1) by the 1236 beginning of the next school year immediately following the loss 1237 of the exemptions. 1238 (4) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant 1239 to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to establish the procedures for 1240 applying for the exemptions and the criteria for renewing the 1241 exemptions. 1242 1243 This section is shall be repealed August 1, 2017, unless 1244 reviewed and reenacted by the Legislature. 1245 Section 15. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

Page 43 of 43