1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to residential property sales; 3 creating s. 689.263, F.S.; providing definitions; 4 requiring a seller of residential property to provide 5 written notification to a prospective purchaser of the 6 seller's intent to retain subsurface rights; providing 7 the form for such notification; providing for 8 rescission of a contract under certain circumstances; 9 providing a cause of action and a remedy for failure 10 to provide notification; specifying jurisdiction and venue for enforcement; providing that failure to 11 provide notice does not affect the title or 12 insurability of the residential property; providing an 13 effective date. 14 15 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 16 17 Section 1. Section 689.263, Florida Statutes, is created 18 19 to read: 20 689.263 Sale of residential property; disclosure of 21 seller's intent to retain subsurface rights.-22 (1) As used in this section, the term: 23 "Residential property" includes any real estate which, 24 at the time of the sale, is zoned for residential use. 25 (b) "Subsurface rights" includes rights to the phosphate,

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minerals, metals, natural gas, petroleum, or oil that is or may

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be in, on, or under any land being transferred to a prospective purchaser.

- as part of a contract or deed for the sale of residential property, or a seller who has previously transferred or has knowledge concerning the prior transfer of such rights, shall provide to the prospective purchaser, and the prospective purchaser's real estate agent if the prospective purchaser is using a real estate agent, written notification of the property interest that the seller is seeking to retain or that was previously severed. The seller, or the seller's agent, if applicable, shall notify the prospective purchaser by providing notice under subsection (3) at least 3 business days before entering into any sales contract for the purchase of the residential property, and the prospective purchaser must acknowledge receipt of the written notification by his or her signature.
- (3) The written notice required under subsection (2) shall be provided on a sheet of paper that is 8 1/2 inches by 11 inches, shall address no other subject, shall be double-spaced, and shall include substantially the following information in a font size of at least 14 points:

RETENTION OF SUBSURFACE RIGHTS

AS REQUIRED BY SECTION 689.263, FLORIDA STATUTES, ... (SELLER'S

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53 NAME) ... HEREBY PROVIDES 3 BUSINESS DAYS' NOTICE TO 54 ... (PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER'S NAME) ... THAT THE SELLER, AS PART OF 55 THE TRANSFER OF THE PROPERTY LOCATED AT ... (PROPERTY 56 ADDRESS)..., INTENDS TO SEVER, RETAIN, RESERVE, OR OTHERWISE 57 KEEP CERTAIN SUBSURFACE RIGHTS AS PART OF THE SALE OF THAT 58 PROPERTY, HAS PREVIOUSLY TRANSFERRED SUCH RIGHTS, OR HAS 59 KNOWLEDGE CONCERNING THE PRIOR TRANSFER OF SUCH RIGHTS. THESE 60 RIGHTS MAY INCLUDE THE RIGHT TO PHOSPHATE, MINERALS, METALS, NATURAL GAS, PETROLEUM, OR OIL THAT MIGHT BE IN, ON, OR UNDER 61 62 THE PROPERTY. 63 64 I/WE ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF THIS NOTICE. 65 66 ... (Signature of prospective purchaser) ... 67

- (4) A purchaser has 3 business days after the contract is fully executed to rescind the contract if a seller fails to provide notice as required by this section. The rescission notification must be provided in writing to the seller or the seller's agent, if applicable. If the purchaser rescinds the contract, the rescission is the purchaser's sole remedy.
- (5) If proper notice is not provided to the purchaser and agent, if applicable, and if the seller retains the subsurface rights, the severance of the subsurface estate is voidable by the purchaser. However, if the subsurface rights were subsequently conveyed by the seller, the purchaser is entitled

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to damages as if the seller had failed to provide notice as required by this section. If proper notice was not provided to the purchaser, and if the seller has sold or otherwise transferred the subsurface rights to a wholly or partially owned subsidiary, the purchaser has a cause of action against the seller and is entitled to actual damages or \$5,000 in liquidated damages, whichever is greater, plus all costs of the action and reasonable attorney fees. Relief under this subsection is the only remedy authorized by law.

- (6) Jurisdiction and venue for enforcement of this section is in the circuit court of the county where the residential property is located.
- (7) The failure to provide notice required by this section does not affect title to the residential property or its insurability. This subsection does not apply to the holder of subsurface rights, whose title may be impacted by this section.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

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