

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 03/24/2014 House

The Committee on Criminal Justice (Bradley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause

and insert:

Section 1. Section 985.622, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.622 Multiagency plan for <u>career</u> <del>vocational</del> education.-(1) The Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education shall, in consultation with the statewide Workforce Development Youth Council, school districts, providers, and

10

1

Page 1 of 34

6	543760
---	--------

11	others, jointly develop a multiagency plan for <u>career</u> vocational
12	education that establishes the curriculum, goals, and outcome
13	measures for <u>career</u> <del>vocational</del> programs in juvenile <u>justice</u>
14	education programs commitment facilities. The plan must be
15	reviewed annually, revised as appropriate, and include:
16	(a) Provisions for maximizing appropriate state and federal
17	funding sources, including funds under the Workforce Investment
18	Act and the Perkins Act.+
19	(b) Provisions for eliminating barriers to increasing
20	occupation-specific job training and high school equivalency
21	examination preparation opportunities.
22	<u>(c)</u> The responsibilities of both departments and all
23	other appropriate entities.; and
24	(d) (c) A detailed implementation schedule.
25	(2) The plan must define <u>career</u> <del>vocational</del> programming that
26	is appropriate based upon:
27	(a) The age and assessed educational abilities and goals of
28	the <u>student</u> <del>youth</del> to be served; and
29	(b) The typical length of stay and custody characteristics
30	at the juvenile justice education commitment program to which
31	each <u>student</u> <del>youth</del> is assigned.
32	(3) The plan must include a definition of <u>career</u> <del>vocational</del>
33	programming that includes the following classifications of
34	juvenile justice education programs commitment facilities that
35	will offer <u>career</u> <del>vocational</del> programming by one of the following
36	types:
37	(a) Type <u>1</u> APrograms that teach personal accountability
38	skills and behaviors that are appropriate for <u>students</u> <del>youth</del> in
39	all age groups and ability levels and that lead to work habits

47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61 62

63

64

643760

40 that help maintain employment and living standards.

(b) Type <u>2</u> B.-Programs that include Type <u>1</u> A program
content and an orientation to the broad scope of career choices,
based upon personal abilities, aptitudes, and interests.
Exploring and gaining knowledge of occupation options and the
level of effort required to achieve them are essential
prerequisites to skill training.

(c) Type <u>3</u>  $\in$ .-Programs that include Type <u>1</u> A program content and the <u>career education</u> <del>vocational</del> competencies or the prerequisites needed for entry into a specific occupation.

(4) The plan must also address strategies to facilitate involvement of business and industry in the design, delivery, and evaluation of <u>career</u> vocational programming in juvenile justice <u>education</u> commitment facilities and conditional release programs, including apprenticeship and work experience programs, mentoring and job shadowing, and other strategies that lead to postrelease employment. Incentives for business involvement, such as tax breaks, bonding, and liability limits should be investigated, implemented where appropriate, or recommended to the Legislature for consideration.

(5) The plan must also evaluate the effect of students' mobility between juvenile justice education programs and school districts on the students' educational outcomes and whether the continuity of the students' education can be better addressed through virtual education.

(6) (5) The Department of Juvenile Justice and the
 Department of Education shall each align its respective agency
 policies, practices, technical manuals, contracts, quality assurance standards, performance-based-budgeting measures, and

74

75

76

77

78 79

80

81 82

83 84

85

86



69 outcome measures with the plan in juvenile justice education 70 programs commitment facilities by July 31, 2015 2001. Each 71 agency shall provide a report on the implementation of this 72 section to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the 73 Speaker of the House of Representatives by August 31, 2015 2001.

(7) (6) All provider contracts executed by the Department of Juvenile Justice or the school districts after January 1, 2015 2002, must be aligned with the plan.

(8) (7) The planning and execution of quality assurance reviews conducted by the Department of Education or the Department of Juvenile Justice after August 1, 2015 2002, must be aligned with the plan.

<u>(9)</u>(8) Outcome measures reported by the Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education for <u>students</u> <del>youth</del> released on or after January 1, <u>2016</u> <del>2002</del>, should include outcome measures that conform to the plan.

Section 2. Section 1001.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

87 1001.31 Scope of district system.-A district school system shall include all public schools, classes, and courses of 88 89 instruction and all services and activities directly related to 90 education in that district which are under the direction of the 91 district school officials. A district school system may also 92 include alternative site schools for disruptive or violent 93 students youth. Such schools for disruptive or violent students 94 youth may be funded by each district or provided through 95 cooperative programs administered by a consortium of school 96 districts, private providers, state and local law enforcement agencies, and the Department of Juvenile Justice. Pursuant to 97

643760

98 cooperative agreement, a district school system shall provide 99 instructional personnel at juvenile justice facilities of 50 or 100 more beds or slots with access to the district school system 101 database for the purpose of accessing student academic, 102 immunization, and registration records for students assigned to 103 the programs. Such access shall be in the same manner as 104 provided to other schools in the district.

105 Section 3. Section 1003.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to 106 read:

107

1003.51 Other public educational services.-

108 (1) The general control of other public educational 109 services shall be vested in the State Board of Education except 110 as provided in this section herein. The State Board of Education 111 shall, at the request of the Department of Children and Families 112 Family Services and the Department of Juvenile Justice, advise as to standards and requirements relating to education to be met 113 in all state schools or institutions under their control which 114 115 provide educational programs. The Department of Education shall 116 provide supervisory services for the educational programs of all 117 such schools or institutions. The direct control of any of these 118 services provided as part of the district program of education shall rest with the district school board. These services shall 119 be supported out of state, district, federal, or other lawful 120 121 funds, depending on the requirements of the services being 122 supported.

(2) The State Board of Education shall adopt <u>rules</u> and
maintain an administrative rule articulating expectations for
effective education programs for <u>students</u> <del>youth</del> in Department of
Juvenile Justice programs, including, but not limited to,

		643760
--	--	--------

127	education programs in juvenile justice prevention, day
128	treatment, residential, commitment and detention facilities. The
129	rule shall establish articulate policies and standards for
130	education programs for <u>students</u> youth in Department of Juvenile
131	Justice programs and shall include the following:
132	(a) The interagency collaborative process needed to ensure
133	effective programs with measurable results.
134	(b) The responsibilities of the Department of Education,
135	the Department of Juvenile Justice, Workforce Florida, Inc.,
136	district school boards, and providers of education services to
137	students youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs.
138	(c) Academic expectations.
139	(d) Career and technical expectations.
140	(e) Education transition planning and services.
141	(f) (d) Service delivery options available to district
142	school boards, including direct service and contracting.
143	(g) (e) Assessment procedures, which:
144	1. For prevention, day treatment, and residential programs,
145	include appropriate academic and career assessments administered
146	at program entry and exit that are selected by the Department of
147	Education in partnership with representatives from the
148	Department of Juvenile Justice, district school boards, and
149	education providers. Assessments must be completed within the
150	first 10 school days after a student's entry into the program.
151	2. Provide for determination of the areas of academic need
152	and strategies for appropriate intervention and instruction for
153	each student in a detention facility within 5 school days after
154	the student's entry into the program and administer a research-
155	based assessment that will assist the student in determining his



156	or her educational and career options and goals within 22 school
157	days after the student's entry into the program Require district
158	school boards to be responsible for ensuring the completion of
159	the assessment process.
160	3. Require assessments for students in detention who will
161	move on to commitment facilities, to be designed to create the
162	foundation for developing the student's education program in the
163	assigned commitment facility.
164	4. Require assessments of students sent directly to
165	commitment facilities to be completed within the first 10 school
166	days of the student's commitment.
167	
168	The results of these assessments, together with a portfolio
169	depicting the student's academic and career accomplishments,
170	shall be included in the discharge <u>packet</u> <del>package</del> assembled for
171	each <u>student</u> <del>youth</del> .
172	<u>(h)<del>(f)</del> Recommended instructional programs, including, but</u>
173	not limited to:
174	1. Secondary education.
175	2. High school equivalency examination preparation.
176	3. Postsecondary education.
177	<u>4.</u> Career training <u>.</u> and
178	5. Job preparation.
179	6. Virtual education that:
180	a. Provides competency-based instruction that addresses the
181	unique academic needs of the student through delivery by an
182	entity accredited by AdvanceED or the Southern Association of
183	Colleges and Schools.
184	b. Confers certifications and diplomas.

Page 7 of 34

185

186

187 188

189

194

199

200

201

202

203

204 205

206 207

208

643760

c. Issues credit that articulates with and transcripts that are recognized by secondary schools.

d. Allows the student to continue to access and progress through the program once the student leaves the juvenile justice system.

190 (i) (g) Funding requirements, which shall include the requirement that at least 90 percent of the FEFP funds generated 191 192 by students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs or in an education program for juveniles under s. 985.19 be spent on 193 instructional costs for those students. One hundred percent of 195 the formula-based categorical funds generated by students in 196 Department of Juvenile Justice programs must be spent on 197 appropriate categoricals such as instructional materials and 198 public school technology for those students.

(j) (h) Qualifications of instructional staff, procedures for the selection of instructional staff, and procedures for to ensure consistent instruction and qualified staff year round. Qualifications shall include those for career education instructors, standardized across the state, and shall be based on state certification, local school district approval, and industry-recognized credentials or industry training. Procedures for the use of noncertified instructional personnel who possess expert knowledge or experience in their fields of instruction shall be established.

209 (k) (i) Transition services, including the roles and 210 responsibilities of appropriate personnel in the juvenile justice education program, the school district where the student 211 212 will reenter districts, provider organizations, and the 213 Department of Juvenile Justice.

214

643760

(1) (j) Procedures and timeframe for transfer of education

215 records when a student youth enters and leaves a Department of 216 Juvenile Justice education program facility. 217 (m) (*k*) The requirement that each district school board 218 maintain an academic transcript for each student enrolled in a 219 juvenile justice education program facility that delineates each 220 course completed by the student as provided by the State Course 221 Code Directory. 2.2.2 (n) (1) The requirement that each district school board make 223 available and transmit a copy of a student's transcript in the 224 discharge packet when the student exits a juvenile justice 225 education program facility. 226 (o) (m) Contract requirements. 227 (p) (n) Performance expectations for providers and district 228 school boards, including student performance measures by type of 229 program, education program performance ratings, school 230 improvement, and corrective action plans for low-performing 231 programs the provision of a progress monitoring plan as required in s. 1008.25. 232 233 (q) (o) The role and responsibility of the district school 234 board in securing workforce development funds. 235 (r) - (p) A series of graduated sanctions for district school 236 boards whose educational programs in Department of Juvenile 237 Justice programs facilities are considered to be unsatisfactory 238 and for instances in which district school boards fail to meet 239 standards prescribed by law, rule, or State Board of Education 240 policy. These sanctions shall include the option of requiring a 241 district school board to contract with a provider or another district school board if the educational program at the 242



243	Department of Juvenile Justice program is performing below
244	minimum standards facility has failed a quality assurance review
245	and, after 6 months, is still performing below minimum
246	standards.
247	(s) Curriculum, guidance counseling, transition, and
248	education services expectations, including curriculum
249	flexibility for detention centers operated by the Department of
250	Juvenile Justice.
251	(t) (q) Other aspects of program operations.
252	(3) The Department of Education in partnership with the
253	Department of Juvenile Justice, the district school boards, and
254	providers shall:
255	(a) Develop and implement requirements for contracts and
256	cooperative agreements regarding Maintain model contracts for
257	the delivery of appropriate education services to students youth
258	in Department of Juvenile Justice programs <del>to be used for the</del>
259	development of future contracts. The minimum contract
260	requirements shall include, but are not limited to, payment
261	structure and amounts; access to district services; contract
262	management provisions; data reporting requirements, including
263	reporting of full-time equivalent student membership;
264	administration of federal programs such as Title I, exceptional
265	student education, and the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical
266	Education Act of 2006; and model contracts shall reflect the
267	policy and standards included in subsection (2). The Department
268	of Education shall ensure that appropriate district school board
269	personnel are trained and held accountable for the management
270	and monitoring of contracts for education programs for youth in
271	juvenile justice residential and nonresidential facilities.

Page 10 of 34

643760

272	(b) <u>Develop and implement</u> Maintain model procedures for
273	transitioning <u>students</u> <del>youth</del> into and out of Department of
274	Juvenile Justice education programs. These procedures shall
275	reflect the policy and standards adopted pursuant to subsection
276	(2).
277	(c) Maintain standardized required content of education
278	records to be included as part of a student's youth's commitment
279	record and procedures for securing the student's records. The
280	education records These requirements shall reflect the policy
281	and standards adopted pursuant to subsection (2) and shall
282	include, but not be limited to, the following:
283	1. A copy of the student's individual educational plan.
284	2. A copy of the student's individualized progress
285	monitoring plan.
286	3. A copy of the student's individualized transition plan.
287	<u>4.</u> 2. Data on student performance on assessments taken
288	according to s. 1008.22.
289	5.3. A copy of the student's permanent cumulative record.
290	<u>6.4.</u> A copy of the student's academic transcript.
291	<u>7.</u> 5. A portfolio reflecting the <u>student's</u> <del>youth's</del> academic
292	and career and technical accomplishments, when age appropriate,
293	while in the Department of Juvenile Justice program.
294	(d) <u>Establish</u> Maintain model procedures for securing the
295	education record and the roles and responsibilities of the
296	juvenile probation officer and others involved in the withdrawal
297	of the student from school and assignment to a juvenile justice
298	education program commitment or detention facility. District
299	school boards shall respond to requests for student education
300	records received from another district school board or a
	1

Page 11 of 34



301 juvenile justice facility within 5 working days after receiving 302 the request.

303 (4) Each The Department of Education shall ensure that 304 district school board shall: boards

305 (a) Notify students in juvenile justice education programs 306 residential or nonresidential facilities who attain the age of 307 16 years of the provisions of law regarding compulsory school 308 attendance and make available the option of enrolling in a 309 program to attain a Florida high school diploma by taking the 310 high school equivalency examination before General Educational 311 Development test prior to release from the program facility. The 312 Department of Education shall assist juvenile justice education 313 programs with becoming high school equivalency examination 314 centers District school boards or Florida College System 315 institutions, or both, shall waive GED testing fees for youth in 316 Department of Juvenile Justice residential programs and shall, 317 upon request, designate schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of 318 319 Juvenile Justice programs as GED testing centers, subject to GED 320 testing center requirements. The administrative fees for the 321 General Educational Development test required by the Department 322 of Education are the responsibility of district school boards 323 and may be required of providers by contractual agreement. 324 (b) Respond to requests for student education records 325 received from another district school board or a juvenile

326 justice education program within 5 working days after receiving 327 the request.

328 (c) Provide access to courses offered pursuant to ss. 329 1002.37, 1002.45, and 1003.498. School districts and providers

Page 12 of 34

643760

330	may enter into cooperative agreements for the provision of
331	curriculum associated with courses offered pursuant to s.
332	1003.498 to enable providers to offer such courses.
333	(d) Complete the assessment process required by subsection
334	(2).
335	(e) Monitor compliance with contracts for education
336	programs for students in juvenile justice prevention, day
337	treatment, residential, and detention programs.
338	(5) The Department of Education shall establish and
339	operate, either directly or indirectly through a contract, a
340	mechanism to provide accountability measures that annually
341	assesses and evaluates all juvenile justice education programs
342	using student performance data and program performance ratings
343	by type of program quality assurance reviews of all juvenile
344	justice education programs and shall provide technical
345	assistance and related research to district school boards and
346	juvenile justice education providers on how to establish,
347	develop, and operate educational programs that exceed the
348	minimum quality assurance standards. The Department of
349	Education, with input from the Department of Juvenile Justice,
350	school districts, and education providers shall develop annual
351	recommendations for system and school improvement.
352	Section 4. Section 1003.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to
353	read:
354	1003.52 Educational services in Department of Juvenile
355	Justice programs
356	(1) The Legislature finds that education is the single most
357	important factor in the rehabilitation of adjudicated delinquent
358	youth in the custody of Department of Juvenile Justice programs.

370

371

372

373

374

375

376

377

378

379

380

381

382

383 384

385

386

643760

359 It is the goal of the Legislature that youth in the juvenile 360 justice system continue to be allowed the opportunity to obtain 361 a high quality education. The Department of Education shall 362 serve as the lead agency for juvenile justice education 363 programs, curriculum, support services, and resources. To this 364 end, the Department of Education and the Department of Juvenile 365 Justice shall each designate a Coordinator for Juvenile Justice 366 Education Programs to serve as the point of contact for resolving issues not addressed by district school boards and to 367 368 provide each department's participation in the following 369 activities:

(a) Training, collaborating, and coordinating with the Department of Juvenile Justice, district school boards, <u>local</u> workforce boards and youth councils, educational contract providers, and juvenile justice providers, whether state operated or contracted.

(b) Collecting information on the academic, <u>career</u> <u>education</u>, <u>and transition</u> performance of students in juvenile justice programs and reporting on the results.

(c) Developing academic and career <u>education</u> protocols that provide guidance to district school boards and <u>juvenile justice</u> <u>education</u> providers in all aspects of education programming, including records transfer and transition.

(d) Implementing a joint accountability, program performance, and program improvement process Prescribing the roles of program personnel and interdepartmental district school board or provider collaboration strategies.

387 Annually, a cooperative agreement and plan for juvenile justice

643760

388 education service enhancement shall be developed between the 389 Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education 390 and submitted to the Secretary of Juvenile Justice and the 391 Commissioner of Education by June 30. <u>The plan shall include, at</u> 392 <u>a minimum, each agency's role regarding educational program</u> 393 <u>accountability, technical assistance, training, and coordination</u> 394 of services.

395 (2) Students participating in Department of Juvenile 396 Justice programs pursuant to chapter 985 which are sponsored by 397 a community-based agency or are operated or contracted for by 398 the Department of Juvenile Justice shall receive education 399 educational programs according to rules of the State Board of 400 Education. These students shall be eligible for services 401 afforded to students enrolled in programs pursuant to s. 1003.53 402 and all corresponding State Board of Education rules.

(3) The district school board of the county in which the
juvenile justice education prevention, day treatment,
residential, or detention program residential or nonresidential
care facility or juvenile assessment facility is located shall
provide or contract for appropriate educational assessments and
an appropriate program of instruction and special education
services.

(a) The district school board shall make provisions for
each student to participate in basic, career education, and
exceptional student programs as appropriate. Students served in
Department of Juvenile Justice programs shall have access to the
appropriate courses and instruction to prepare them for the <u>high</u>
<u>school equivalency examination</u> GED test. Students participating
in <u>high school equivalency examination</u> GED preparation programs

Page 15 of 34



417 shall be funded at the basic program cost factor for Department 418 of Juvenile Justice programs in the Florida Education Finance 419 Program. Each program shall be conducted according to applicable 420 law providing for the operation of public schools and rules of 421 the State Board of Education. School districts shall provide the 422 <u>high school equivalency examination</u> GED exit option for all 423 juvenile justice programs.

424 (b) By October 1, 2004, The Department of Education, with 42.5 the assistance of the school districts and juvenile justice 426 education providers, shall select a common student assessment 427 instrument and protocol for measuring student learning gains and 428 student progression while a student is in a juvenile justice 429 education program. The Department of Education and Department of 430 Juvenile Justice shall jointly review the effectiveness of this 431 assessment and implement changes as necessary The assessment 432 instrument and protocol must be implemented in all juvenile 433 justice education programs in this state by January 1, 2005.

434 (4) Educational services shall be provided at times of the 435 day most appropriate for the juvenile justice program. School 436 programming in juvenile justice detention, prevention, day 437 treatment, and residential commitment, and rehabilitation 438 programs shall be made available by the local school district 439 during the juvenile justice school year, as provided defined in s. 1003.01(11). In addition, students in juvenile justice 440 441 education programs shall have access to courses offered pursuant 442 to ss. 1002.37, 1002.45, and 1003.498 Florida Virtual School 443 courses. The Department of Education and the school districts 444 shall adopt policies necessary to provide ensure such access. (5) The educational program shall provide instruction based 445

Page 16 of 34



446 on each student's individualized transition plan, assessed 447 educational needs, and the education programs available in the 448 school district in which the student will return. Depending on 449 the student's needs, educational programming may consist of 450 remedial courses, consist of appropriate basic academic courses 451 required for grade advancement, career education courses, high 452 school equivalency examination preparation, or exceptional 453 student education curricula and related services which support 454 the transition treatment goals and reentry and which may lead to 455 completion of the requirements for receipt of a high school 456 diploma or its equivalent. Prevention and day treatment juvenile 457 justice education programs, at a minimum, shall provide career 458 readiness and exploration opportunities as well as truancy and 459 dropout prevention intervention services. Residential juvenile 460 justice education programs with a contracted minimum length of 461 stay of 9 months shall provide career education courses that 462 lead to preapprentice certifications, industry certifications, 463 occupational completion points, or work-related certifications. 464 Residential programs with contracted lengths of stay of less 465 than 9 months may provide career education courses that lead to 466 preapprentice certifications, industry certifications, occupational completion points, or work-related certifications. 467 468 If the duration of a program is less than 40 days, the 469 educational component may be limited to tutorial remediation 470 activities, and career employability skills instruction, education counseling, and transition services that prepare 471 472 students for a return to school, the community, and their home 473 settings based on the students' needs. 474 (6) Participation in the program by students of compulsory



475 school-attendance age as provided for in s. 1003.21 shall be 476 mandatory. All students of noncompulsory school-attendance age 477 who have not received a high school diploma or its equivalent 478 shall participate in the educational program, unless the student 479 files a formal declaration of his or her intent to terminate school enrollment as described in s. 1003.21 and is afforded the 480 481 opportunity to take the general educational development test and 482 attain a Florida high school diploma before <del>prior to</del> release 483 from a juvenile justice education program facility. A student 484 youth who has received a high school diploma or its equivalent 485 and is not employed shall participate in workforce development 486 or other career or technical education or Florida College System 487 institution or university courses while in the program, subject 488 to available funding.

489 (7) An individualized A progress monitoring plan shall be 490 developed for all students not classified as exceptional 491 education students upon entry in a juvenile justice education 492 program and upon reentry in the school district who score below 493 the level specified in district school board policy in reading, 494 writing, and mathematics or below the level specified by the 495 Commissioner of Education on statewide assessments as required 496 by s. 1008.25. These plans shall address academic, literacy, and 497 career and technical life skills and shall include provisions 498 for intensive remedial instruction in the areas of weakness.

(8) Each district school board shall maintain an academic record for each student enrolled in a juvenile justice program facility as prescribed by s. 1003.51. Such record shall delineate each course completed by the student according to procedures in the State Course Code Directory. The district

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. SB 598

643760

504 school board shall include a copy of a student's academic record 505 in the discharge packet when the student exits the program 506 facility.

507 (9) Each The Department of Education shall ensure that all 508 district school board shall boards make provisions for high 509 school level students youth to earn credits toward high school 510 graduation while in residential and nonresidential juvenile 511 justice programs facilities. Provisions must be made for the 512 transfer of credits and partial credits earned.

513 (10) School districts and juvenile justice education 514 providers shall develop individualized transition plans during 515 the course of a student's stay in a juvenile justice education 516 program to coordinate academic, career and technical, and 517 secondary and postsecondary services that assist the student in successful community reintegration upon release. Development of 519 the transition plan shall be a collaboration of the personnel in 520 the juvenile justice education program, reentry personnel, 521 personnel from the school district where the student will 522 return, the student, the student's family, and Department of 523 Juvenile Justice personnel for committed students.

(a) Transition planning must begin upon a student's placement in the program. The transition plan must include, at a minimum:

1. Services and interventions that address the student's assessed educational needs and postrelease education plans.

2. Services to be provided during the program stay and services to be implemented upon release, including, but not limited to, continuing education in secondary school, career and technical programs, postsecondary education, or employment,

Page 19 of 34

518

524

525

526

527

528

529

530

531

532

643760

533 based on the student's needs. 3. Specific monitoring responsibilities to determine 534 535 whether the individualized transition plan is being implemented 536 and the student is provided access to support services that will 537 sustain the student's success by individuals who are responsible 538 for the reintegration and coordination of these activities. 539 (b) For the purpose of transition planning and reentry 540 services, representatives from the school district and the one 541 stop center where the student will return shall participate as 542 members of the local Department of Juvenile Justice reentry teams. The school district, upon return of a student from a 543 544 juvenile justice education program, must consider the individual 545 needs and circumstances of the student and the transition plan 546 recommendations when reenrolling a student in a public school. A 547 local school district may not maintain a standardized policy for all students returning from a juvenile justice program but place 548 549 students based on their needs and their performance in the 550 program. 551 (c) The Department of Education and the Department of 552

Juvenile Justice shall provide oversight and guidance to school districts, education providers, and reentry personnel on how to implement effective educational transition planning and services.

556 <u>(11) (10)</u> The district school board shall recruit and train 557 teachers who are interested, qualified, or experienced in 558 educating students in juvenile justice programs. Students in 559 juvenile justice programs shall be provided a wide range of 560 <u>education</u> <del>educational</del> programs and opportunities including 561 textbooks, technology, instructional support, and <del>other</del>

553

554

555



562 resources commensurate with resources provided available to students in public schools, including textbooks and access to 563 564 technology. If the district school board operates a juvenile 565 justice education program at a juvenile justice facility, the 566 district school board, in consultation with the director of the 567 juvenile justice facility, shall select the instructional 568 personnel assigned to that program. The Secretary of Juvenile 569 Justice or the director of a juvenile justice program may 570 request that the performance of a teacher assigned by the 571 district to a juvenile justice education program be reviewed by 572 the district and that the teacher be reassigned based upon an 573 evaluation conducted pursuant to s. 1012.34 or for inappropriate 574 behavior Teachers assigned to educational programs in juvenile 575 justice settings in which the district school board operates the 576 educational program shall be selected by the district school 577 board in consultation with the director of the juvenile justice 578 facility. Educational programs in Juvenile justice education 579 programs facilities shall have access to the substitute teacher 580 pool used utilized by the district school board.

581 (12) (11) District school boards may contract with a private 582 provider for the provision of education educational programs to 583 students youths placed with the Department of Juvenile Justice 584 and shall generate local, state, and federal funding, including 585 funding through the Florida Education Finance Program for such 586 students. The district school board's planning and budgeting 587 process shall include the needs of Department of Juvenile 588 Justice programs in the district school board's plan for 589 expenditures for state categorical and federal funds. 590 (13) (12) (a) Funding for eligible students enrolled in

Page 21 of 34

598

599

604

605

606

643760

591 juvenile justice education programs shall be provided through 592 the Florida Education Finance Program as provided in s. 1011.62 593 and the General Appropriations Act. Funding shall include, at a 594 minimum:

595 1. Weighted program funding or the basic amount for current 596 operation multiplied by the district cost differential as 597 provided in s. 1011.62(1)(s) and (2);

2. The supplemental allocation for juvenile justice education as provided in s. 1011.62(10);

3. A proportionate share of the district's exceptional
student education guaranteed allocation, the supplemental
academic instruction allocation, and the instructional materials
allocation;

4. An amount equivalent to the proportionate share of the state average potential discretionary local effort for operations, which shall be determined as follows:

607 a. If the district levies the maximum discretionary local 608 effort and the district's discretionary local effort per FTE is 609 less than the state average potential discretionary local effort 610 per FTE, the proportionate share shall include both the 611 discretionary local effort and the compression supplement per 612 FTE. If the district's discretionary local effort per FTE is 613 greater than the state average per FTE, the proportionate share 614 shall be equal to the state average; or

b. If the district does not levy the maximum discretionary
local effort and the district's actual discretionary local
effort per FTE is less than the state average potential
discretionary local effort per FTE, the proportionate share
shall be equal to the district's actual discretionary local

624

625

626 627

628

629

630

632

633

634

635



620 effort per FTE. If the district's actual discretionary local effort per FTE is greater than the state average per FTE, the 621 622 proportionate share shall be equal to the state average 623 potential local effort per FTE; and

5. A proportionate share of the district's proration to funds available, if necessary.

(b) Juvenile justice education educational programs to receive the appropriate FEFP funding for Department of Juvenile Justice programs shall include those operated through a contract with the Department of Juvenile Justice and which are under purview of the Department of Juvenile Justice quality assurance 631 standards for education.

(c) Consistent with the rules of the State Board of Education, district school boards are required to request an alternative FTE survey for Department of Juvenile Justice programs experiencing fluctuations in student enrollment.

636 (d) FTE count periods shall be prescribed in rules of the 637 State Board of Education and shall be the same for programs of 638 the Department of Juvenile Justice as for other public school 639 programs. The summer school period for students in Department of 640 Juvenile Justice programs shall begin on the day immediately 641 following the end of the regular school year and end on the day 642 immediately preceding the subsequent regular school year. 643 Students shall be funded for no more than 25 hours per week of 644 direct instruction.

645 (e) Each juvenile justice education program must receive 646 all federal funds for which the program is eligible.

647 (14) (13) Each district school board shall negotiate a cooperative agreement with the Department of Juvenile Justice on 648

3/20/2014 4:10:28 PM

643760

the delivery of educational services to students youths under 649 650 the jurisdiction of the Department of Juvenile Justice. Such 651 agreement must include, but is not limited to: 652 (a) Roles and responsibilities of each agency, including 653 the roles and responsibilities of contract providers. 654 (b) Administrative issues including procedures for sharing 655 information. 656 (c) Allocation of resources including maximization of 657 local, state, and federal funding. 658 (d) Procedures for educational evaluation for educational 659 exceptionalities and special needs. 660 (e) Curriculum and delivery of instruction. 661 (f) Classroom management procedures and attendance 662 policies. 663 (g) Procedures for provision of qualified instructional 664 personnel, whether supplied by the district school board or 665 provided under contract by the provider, and for performance of 666 duties while in a juvenile justice setting. (h) Provisions for improving skills in teaching and working 667 668 with students referred to juvenile justice programs delinquents. 669 (i) Transition plans for students moving into and out of 670 juvenile programs facilities. 671 (j) Procedures and timelines for the timely documentation 672 of credits earned and transfer of student records. 673 (k) Methods and procedures for dispute resolution. 674 (1) Provisions for ensuring the safety of education 675 personnel and support for the agreed-upon education program. 676 (m) Strategies for correcting any deficiencies found 677 through the accountability and evaluation system and student

Page 24 of 34



678 performance measures quality assurance process. 679 (15) (14) Nothing in this section or in a cooperative 680 agreement requires shall be construed to require the district 681 school board to provide more services than can be supported by 682 the funds generated by students in the juvenile justice 683 programs. (16) (15) (a) The Department of Education, in consultation 684 685 with the Department of Juvenile Justice, district school boards, and providers, shall adopt rules establishing: establish 686 687 (a) Objective and measurable student performance measures 688 to evaluate a student's educational progress while participating 689 in a prevention, day treatment, or residential program. The 690 student performance measures must be based on appropriate 691 outcomes for all students in juvenile justice education 692 programs, taking into consideration the student's length of stay 693 in the program. Performance measures shall include outcomes that 694 relate to student achievement of career education goals, 695 acquisition of employability skills, receipt of a high school 696 diploma, and grade advancement. 697 (b) A performance rating system to be used by the 698 Department of Education to evaluate quality assurance standards 699 for the delivery of educational services within each of the juvenile justice programs. The performance rating shall be 700 701 primarily based on data regarding student performance as

704 (c) The timeframes, procedures, and resources to be used to 705 improve a low-rated educational program or to terminate or 706 reassign the program These standards shall rate the district

described in paragraph (a) component of residential and

nonresidential juvenile justice facilities.

702

703

643760

707 school board's performance both as a provider and contractor.
708 The quality assurance rating for the educational component shall
709 be disaggregated from the overall quality assurance score and
710 reported separately.

711 (d) (b) The Department of Education, in partnership with the 712 Department of Juvenile Justice, shall develop a comprehensive 713 accountability and program improvement quality assurance review 714 process. The accountability and program improvement process 715 shall be based on student performance measures by type of 716 program and shall rate education program performance. The 717 accountability system shall identify and recognize high-718 performing education programs. The Department of Education, in 719 partnership with the Department of Juvenile Justice, shall 720 identify low-performing programs. Low-performing education 721 programs shall receive an onsite program evaluation from the 722 Department of Juvenile Justice. School improvement, technical 723 assistance, or the reassignment of the program shall be based, 724 in part, on the results of the program evaluation. Through a 725 corrective action process, low-performing programs must 726 demonstrate improvement or reassign the program and schedule for 727 the evaluation of the educational component in juvenile justice 728 programs. The Department of Juvenile Justice quality assurance 729 site visit and the education quality assurance site visit shall 730 be conducted during the same visit.

731 (c) The Department of Education, in consultation with 732 district school boards and providers, shall establish minimum 733 thresholds for the standards and key indicators for educational 734 programs in juvenile justice facilities. If a district school 735 board fails to meet the established minimum standards, it will

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. SB 598

643760

736	be given 6 months to achieve compliance with the standards. If
737	after 6 months, the district school board's performance is still
738	below minimum standards, the Department of Education shall
739	exercise sanctions as prescribed by rules adopted by the State
740	Board of Education. If a provider, under contract with the
741	district school board, fails to meet minimum standards, such
742	failure shall cause the district school board to cancel the
743	provider's contract unless the provider achieves compliance
744	within 6 months or unless there are documented extenuating
745	circumstances.
746	(d) The requirements in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) shall
747	be implemented to the extent that funds are available.
748	(17) The department, in collaboration with the Department
749	of Juvenile Justice, shall collect data and report on
750	commitment, day treatment, prevention, and detention programs.
751	The report shall be submitted to the President of the Senate,
752	the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor by
753	February 1 of each year. The report must include, at a minimum:
754	(a) The number and percentage of students who:
755	1. Return to an alternative school, middle school, or high
756	school upon release and the attendance rate of such students
757	before and after participation in juvenile justice education
758	programs.
759	2. Receive a standard high school diploma or a high school
760	equivalency diploma.
761	3. Receive industry certification.
762	4. Receive occupational completion points.
763	5. Enroll in a postsecondary educational institution.
764	6. Complete a juvenile justice education program without

Page 27 of 34

## 643760

765	reoffending.
766	7. Reoffend within 1 year after completion of a day
767	treatment or residential commitment program.
768	8. Remain employed 1 year after completion of a day
769	treatment or residential commitment program.
770	9. Demonstrate learning gains pursuant to paragraph (3)(b).
771	(b) The following cost data for each juvenile justice
772	education program:
773	1. The amount of funding provided by district school boards
774	to juvenile justice programs and the amount retained for
775	administration, including documenting the purposes of such
776	expenses.
777	2. The status of the development of cooperative agreements.
778	3. Recommendations for system improvement.
779	4. Information on the identification of, and services
780	provided to, exceptional students, to determine whether these
781	students are properly reported for funding and are appropriately
782	served.
783	(18) <del>(16)</del> The district school board shall not be charged any
784	rent, maintenance, utilities, or overhead on such facilities.
785	Maintenance, repairs, and remodeling of existing facilities
786	shall be provided by the Department of Juvenile Justice.
787	(19) (17) When additional facilities are required, the
788	district school board and the Department of Juvenile Justice
789	shall agree on the appropriate site based on the instructional
790	needs of the students. When the most appropriate site for
791	instruction is on district school board property, a special
792	capital outlay request shall be made by the commissioner in
793	accordance with s. 1013.60. When the most appropriate site is on



794 state property, state capital outlay funds shall be requested by 795 the Department of Juvenile Justice provided by s. 216.043 and 796 shall be submitted as specified by s. 216.023. Any instructional 797 facility to be built on state property shall have educational 798 specifications jointly developed by the district school board 799 and the Department of Juvenile Justice and approved by the 800 Department of Education. The size of space and occupant design 801 capacity criteria as provided by State Board of Education rules shall be used for remodeling or new construction whether 802 803 facilities are provided on state property or district school 804 board property.

(20) (18) The parent of an exceptional student shall have the due process rights provided for in this chapter.

807 (19) The Department of Education and the Department of 808 Juvenile Justice, after consultation with and assistance from 809 local providers and district school boards, shall report 810 annually to the Legislature by February 1 on the progress toward developing effective educational programs for juvenile 811 812 delinquents, including the amount of funding provided by 813 district school boards to juvenile justice programs, the amount 814 retained for administration including documenting the purposes 815 for such expenses, the status of the development of cooperative 816 agreements, the results of the quality assurance reviews 817 including recommendations for system improvement, and 818 information on the identification of, and services provided to, 819 exceptional students in juvenile justice commitment facilities 820 to determine whether these students are properly reported for 821 funding and are appropriately served.

822

805

806

(21) (20) The education educational programs at the Arthur



823 Dozier School for Boys in Jackson County and the Florida School 824 for Boys in Okeechobee shall be operated by the Department of 825 Education, either directly or through grants or contractual 826 agreements with other public or duly accredited education 827 agencies approved by the Department of Education.

828 (22) (21) The State Board of Education shall may adopt any 829 rules necessary to implement the provisions of this section, 830 including uniform curriculum, funding, and second chance 831 schools. Such rules must require the minimum amount of paperwork 832 and reporting.

833 (23) (22) The Department of Juvenile Justice and the 834 Department of Education, in consultation with Workforce Florida, 835 Inc., the statewide Workforce Development Youth Council, 836 district school boards, Florida College System institutions, 837 providers, and others, shall jointly develop a multiagency plan 838 for career education which describes the funding, curriculum, transfer of credits, goals, and outcome measures for career 839 840 education programming in juvenile commitment facilities, pursuant to s. 985.622. The plan must be reviewed annually. 841 842

Section 5. Subsection (3) of section 985.632, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

844

843

985.632 Quality assurance and cost-effectiveness.-

(3) The department shall annually collect and report cost
data for every program operated or contracted by the department.
The cost data shall conform to a format approved by the
department and the Legislature. Uniform cost data shall be
reported and collected for state-operated and contracted
programs so that comparisons can be made among programs. The
department shall ensure that there is accurate cost accounting

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. SB 598



852 for state-operated services including market-equivalent rent and 853 other shared cost. The cost of the educational program provided 854 to a residential facility shall be reported and included in the 855 cost of a program. The department shall submit an annual cost 856 report to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House 857 of Representatives, the Minority Leader of each house of the 858 Legislature, the appropriate substantive and fiscal committees 859 of each house of the Legislature, and the Governor, no later 860 than December 1 of each year. Cost-benefit analysis for 861 educational programs will be developed and implemented in 862 collaboration with and in cooperation with the Department of 863 Education, local providers, and local school districts. Cost 864 data for the report shall include data collected by the 865 Department of Education for the purposes of preparing the annual 866 report required by s. 1003.52(17) 1003.52(19).

Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (18) of section 1001.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.—The district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:

872 (18) IMPLEMENT SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY.-873 Maintain a state system of school improvement and education 874 accountability as provided by statute and State Board of 875 Education rule. This system of school improvement and education 876 accountability shall be consistent with, and implemented 877 through, the district's continuing system of planning and 878 budgeting required by this section and ss. 1008.385, 1010.01, 879 and 1011.01. This system of school improvement and education 880 accountability shall comply with the provisions of ss. 1008.33,

Page 31 of 34

867

868

869

870

871

643760

881 1008.34, 1008.345, and 1008.385 and include the following: 882 (b) Public disclosure.-The district school board shall 883 provide information regarding the performance of students and 884 educational programs as required pursuant to ss. 1008.22 and 885 1008.385 and implement a system of school reports as required by 886 statute and State Board of Education rule which shall include 887 schools operating for the purpose of providing educational 888 services to students youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, and for those schools, report on the elements 889 890 specified in s. 1003.52(16) <del>1003.52(19)</del>. Annual public 891 disclosure reports shall be in an easy-to-read report card 892 format and shall include the school's grade, high school 893 graduation rate calculated without high school equivalency 894 examinations GED tests, disaggregated by student ethnicity, and 895 performance data as specified in state board rule. Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014. 896 897 898 899 And the title is amended as follows: 900 Delete everything before the enacting clause 901 and insert: 902 A bill to be entitled 903 An act relating to juvenile justice education 904 programs; amending s. 985.622, F.S.; revising 905 requirements for the multiagency education plan for 906 students in juvenile justice education programs, 907 including virtual education as an option; amending s. 908 1001.31, F.S.; authorizing instructional personnel at 909 all juvenile justice facilities to access specific

Page 32 of 34



910 student records at the district; amending s. 1003.51, 911 F.S.; revising terminology; revising requirements for 912 rules to be maintained by the State Board of 913 Education; providing expectations for effective 914 education programs for students in Department of 915 Juvenile Justice programs; revising requirements for 916 contract and cooperative agreements for the delivery 917 of appropriate education services to students in 918 Department of Juvenile Justice programs; requiring the 919 Department of Education to ensure that juvenile 920 justice students who are eligible have access to high 921 school equivalency testing and assist juvenile justice 922 education programs with becoming high school 923 equivalency testing centers; revising requirements for 924 an accountability system for juvenile justice 925 education programs; revising requirements for district 926 school boards; amending s. 1003.52, F.S.; revising 927 requirements for activities to be coordinated by the 928 coordinators for juvenile justice education programs; 929 authorizing contracting for educational assessments; 930 revising requirements for assessments; authorizing 931 access to local virtual education courses; requiring 932 that an education program shall be based on each 933 student's transition plan and assessed educational 934 needs; providing requirements for prevention and day 935 treatment juvenile justice education programs; 936 requiring progress monitoring plans for all students 937 not classified as exceptional student education 938 students; revising requirements for such plans;

Page 33 of 34

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. SB 598



939 requiring that the Department of Education, in 940 partnership with the Department of Juvenile Justice, 941 ensure that school districts and juvenile justice 942 education providers develop individualized transition 943 plans; providing requirements for such plans; 944 providing that the Secretary of Juvenile Justice or 945 the director of a juvenile justice program may request 946 that a school district teacher's performance be 947 reviewed by the district and that the teacher be 948 reassigned in certain circumstances; requiring the 949 Department of Education to establish by rule objective and measurable student performance measures and 950 951 program performance ratings; providing requirements 952 for such ratings; requiring a comprehensive 953 accountability and program improvement process; 954 providing requirements for such a process; deleting 955 provisions for minimum thresholds for the standards 956 and key indicators for education programs in juvenile 957 justice facilities; revising data collection and 958 annual report requirements; deleting provisions 959 concerning the Arthur Dozier School for Boys; 960 requiring rulemaking; amending ss. 985.632 and 961 1001.42, F.S.; revising terminology; revising a cross-962 reference; providing an effective date.