

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
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Floor: 1/AD/2R		Floor: SENA1/C
04/23/2014 10:34 AM		05/01/2014 02:12 PM

Senator Montford moved the following: Senate Amendment (with title amendment) Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Paragraph (j) of subsection (7) of section 11.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11.45 Definitions; duties; authorities; reports; rules.-(7) AUDITOR GENERAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.-(j) The Auditor General shall notify the Legislative Auditing Committee of any financial or operational audit report prepared pursuant to this section which indicates that a

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12 <u>district school board</u>, state university, or Florida College 13 System institution has failed to take full corrective action in 14 response to a recommendation that was included in the two 15 preceding financial or operational audit reports.

16 1. The committee may direct <u>the district school board or</u> 17 the governing body of the state university or Florida College 18 System institution to provide a written statement to the 19 committee explaining why full corrective action has not been 20 taken or, if the governing body intends to take full corrective 21 action, describing the corrective action to be taken and when it 22 will occur.

2. If the committee determines that the written statement is not sufficient, the committee may require the chair of the <u>district school board or the chair of the</u> governing body of the state university or Florida College System institution, or the chair's designee, to appear before the committee.

28 3. If the committee determines that the district school 29 board, state university, or Florida College System institution 30 has failed to take full corrective action for which there is no 31 justifiable reason or has failed to comply with committee 32 requests made pursuant to this section, the committee shall refer the matter to the State Board of Education or the Board of 33 34 Governors, as appropriate, to proceed in accordance with s. 35 1008.32 or s. 1008.322, respectively.

Section 2. Subsection (5) is added to section 120.74, Florida Statutes, to read:

120.74 Agency review, revision, and report.-

39 (5) An educational unit as defined in s. 120.52(6) is 40 exempt from this section.

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41	Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section
42	120.81, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
43	120.81 Exceptions and special requirements; general areas
44	(1) EDUCATIONAL UNITS
45	(c) Notwithstanding s. 120.52(16), any tests, test scoring
46	criteria, or testing procedures relating to student assessment
47	which are developed or administered by the Department of
48	Education pursuant to s. <u>1003.4282</u> <del>1003.428</del> , <del>s. 1003.429,</del> s.
49	1003.438, s. 1008.22, or s. 1008.25, or any other statewide
50	educational tests required by law, are not rules.
51	Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
52	409.1451, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
53	409.1451 The Road-to-Independence Program
54	(2) POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION SERVICES AND SUPPORT
55	(a) A young adult is eligible for services and support
56	under this subsection if he or she:
57	1. Was living in licensed care on his or her 18th birthday
58	or is currently living in licensed care; or was at least 16
59	years of age and was adopted from foster care or placed with a
60	court-approved dependency guardian after spending at least 6
61	months in licensed care within the 12 months immediately
62	preceding such placement or adoption;
63	2. Spent at least 6 months in licensed care before reaching
64	his or her 18th birthday;
65	3. Earned a standard high school diploma pursuant to s.
66	1002.3105(5), s. 1003.4281, or s. 1003.4282, or its equivalent
67	pursuant to <del>s. 1003.428, s. 1003.4281, s. 1003.429,</del> s. 1003.435,
68	or <u>a special diploma pursuant to</u> s. 1003.438;
69	4. Has been admitted for enrollment as a full-time student

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70 or its equivalent in an eligible postsecondary educational 71 institution as provided in s. 1009.533. For purposes of this section, the term "full-time" means 9 credit hours or the 72 73 vocational school equivalent. A student may enroll part-time if 74 he or she has a recognized disability or is faced with another 75 challenge or circumstance that would prevent full-time 76 attendance. A student needing to enroll part-time for any reason 77 other than having a recognized disability must get approval from 78 his or her academic advisor;

79 5. Has reached 18 years of age but is not yet 23 years of 80 age;

6. Has applied, with assistance from the young adult's caregiver and the community-based lead agency, for any other grants and scholarships for which he or she may qualify;

7. Submitted a Free Application for Federal Student Aid which is complete and error free; and

8. Signed an agreement to allow the department and the community-based care lead agency access to school records.

Section 5. Subsection (8) of section 496.404, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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496.404 Definitions.-As used in ss. 496.401-496.424:

(8) "Educational institutions" means those institutions and 91 organizations described in s. 212.08(7)(cc)8.a. The term 92 93 includes private nonprofit organizations, the purpose of which 94 is to raise funds for schools teaching grades kindergarten through grade 12, colleges, and universities, including a any 95 96 nonprofit newspaper of free or paid circulation primarily on 97 university or college campuses which holds a current exemption from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal 98

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99 Revenue Code, an any educational television network or system 100 established pursuant to s. 1001.25 or s. 1001.26, and a any 101 nonprofit television or radio station that is a part of such 102 network or system and that holds a current exemption from 103 federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue 104 Code. The term also includes a nonprofit educational cable 105 consortium that holds a current exemption from federal income 106 tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, whose 107 primary purpose is the delivery of educational and instructional 108 cable television programming and whose members are composed 109 exclusively of educational organizations that hold a valid 110 consumer certificate of exemption and that are either an 111 educational institution as defined in this subsection or 112 qualified as a nonprofit organization pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) 113 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Section 6. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 775.215, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

775.215 Residency restriction for persons convicted of certain sex offenses.-

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(1) As used in this section, the term:

119 (d) "School" has the same meaning as provided in s. 1003.01 120 and includes a private school as defined in s. 1002.01, a 121 voluntary prekindergarten education program as described in s. 122 1002.53(3), a public school as described in s. 402.3025(1), the 123 Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind, and the Florida 124 Virtual School as established under s. 1002.37, and a K-8 125 Virtual School as established under s. 1002.415, but does not 126 include facilities dedicated exclusively to the education of 127 adults.

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128 Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 984.151, Florida 129 Statutes, is amended to read: 984.151 Truancy petition; prosecution; disposition.-130 131 (1) If the school determines that a student subject to 132 compulsory school attendance has had at least five unexcused 133 absences, or absences for which the reasons are unknown, within 134 a calendar month or 10 unexcused absences, or absences for which 135 the reasons are unknown, within a 90-calendar-day period 136 pursuant to s. 1003.26(1)(b), or has had more than 15 unexcused 137 absences in a 90-calendar-day period, the superintendent of schools or his or her designee may file a truancy petition. 138 139 Section 8. Subsection (5) of section 1000.01, Florida 140 Statutes, is repealed. 141 Section 9. Subsection (7) of section 1000.21, Florida 142 Statutes, is amended to read: 143 1000.21 Systemwide definitions.-As used in the Florida K-20 144 Education Code: 145 (7) "Next Generation Sunshine State Standards" means the 146 state's public K-12 curricular standards, including common core standards in English Language Arts and mathematics, adopted 147 148 under s. 1003.41. Section 10. Section 1000.33, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 149 150 Section 11. Section 1000.37, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 151 Section 12. Paragraphs (h) and (l) of subsection (6) of section 1001.10, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 152 153 1001.10 Commissioner of Education; general powers and 154 duties.-155 (6) Additionally, the commissioner has the following 156 general powers and duties:

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157 (h) To develop and implement a plan for cooperating with 158 the Federal Government in carrying out any or all phases of the 159 educational program and to recommend policies for administering 160 funds that are appropriated by Congress and apportioned to the 161 state for any or all educational purposes. The Commissioner of 162 Education shall submit to the Legislature the proposed state plan for the reauthorization of the No Child Left Behind Act 163 164 before the proposed plan is submitted to federal agencies. The 165 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of 166 Representatives shall appoint members of the appropriate 167 education and appropriations committees to serve as a select committee to review the proposed plan. 168 169 (k) (1) To prepare, publish, and disseminate maintain a 170 Citizen Information Center responsible for the preparation, 171 publication, and dissemination of user-friendly materials 172 relating to the state's education system, including the state's 173 K-12 scholarship programs and the Voluntary Prekindergarten 174 Education Program. Section 13. Section 1001.25, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 175 176 Section 14. Section 1001.26, Florida Statutes, is amended 177 to read: 178 1001.26 Public broadcasting program system.-179 (1) There is created a public broadcasting program system 180 for the state. The department shall provide funds, as

181 <u>specifically appropriated in the General Appropriations Act, to</u> 182 educational television stations qualified by the Corporation for

183 Public Broadcasting that are part of the public broadcasting

184 program system administer this program system pursuant to rules

185 adopted by the State Board of Education. This program system

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must complement and share resources with the instructional programming service of the Department of Education and educational UHF, VHF, EBS, and FM stations in the state. The program system must include:

(a) Support for existing Corporation for Public
 Broadcasting qualified program system educational television
 stations and new stations meeting Corporation for Public
 Broadcasting qualifications and providing a first service to an
 audience that does not currently receive a broadcast signal or
 providing a significant new program service as defined by rule
 by the State Board of Education.

(b) Maintenance of quality broadcast capability for educational stations that are part of the program system.

(c) Interconnection of all educational stations that are part of the program system for simultaneous broadcast and of such stations with all universities and other institutions as necessary for sharing of resources and delivery of programming.

(d) Establishment and maintenance of a capability for statewide program distribution with facilities and staff, provided such facilities and staff complement and strengthen existing or future educational television stations in accordance with paragraph (a) and s. 1001.25(2)(c).

(e) Provision of both statewide programming funds and station programming support for educational television to meet statewide priorities. Priorities for station programming need not be the same as priorities for programming to be used statewide. Station programming may include, but shall not be limited to, citizens' participation programs, music and fine arts programs, coverage of public hearings and governmental

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215 meetings, equal air time for political candidates, and other 216 public interest programming.

(2) (a) The Department of Education is responsible for implementing the provisions of this section pursuant to s. 282.702 and may employ personnel, acquire equipment and facilities, and perform all duties necessary for carrying out the purposes and objectives of this section.

(b) The department shall provide through educational television and other electronic media a means of extending educational services to all the state system of public education. The department shall recommend to the State Board of Education rules necessary to provide such services.

(c) The department is authorized to provide equipment, funds, and other services to extend and update both the existing and the proposed educational television systems of tax-supported and nonprofit, corporate-owned facilities. All stations funded must be qualified by the Corporation for Public Broadcasting. New stations eligible for funding shall provide a first service to an audience that is not currently receiving a broadcast signal or provide a significant new program service as defined by State Board of Education rules. Funds appropriated to the department for educational television may be used by the

(3) (a) The facilities, plant, or personnel of an educational television station that is supported in whole or in part by state funds may not be used directly or indirectly for the promotion, advertisement, or advancement of a political candidate for a municipal, county, legislative, congressional, or state office. However, fair, open, and free discussion

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244 between political candidates for municipal, county, legislative, 245 congressional, or state office may be permitted in order to help 246 materially reduce the excessive cost of campaigns and to ensure 247 that the state's citizens are fully informed about issues and 248 candidates in campaigns. This paragraph applies to the advocacy 249 for, or opposition to, a specific existing or proposed program 250 of governmental action, which includes, but is not limited to, 251 constitutional amendments, tax referenda, and bond issues. This 252 paragraph shall be implemented in accordance with rules of the 253 State Board of Education.

(b) A violation of a prohibition contained in this subsection is a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 15. Section 1001.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1001.34 Membership of district school board.-

(1) Each district school board shall be composed of not less than five members. Each member of the district school board shall be a qualified elector of the district in which she or he serves, shall be a resident of the district school board member residence area from which she or he is elected, and shall maintain said residency throughout her or his term of office.

(2) A district school board may modify the number of members on its board by adopting a resolution that establishes the total number of members on the board, which may not be less than five, and the number of members who shall be elected by residence areas or elected at large. The resolution must specify an orderly method and procedure for modifying the membership of the board, including staggering terms of additional members as

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273	necessary. If the resolution is adopted, the district school
274	board shall submit to the electors for approval at a referendum
275	held at the next primary or general election the question of
276	whether the number of board members should be modified in
277	accordance with the resolution adopted by the district school
278	board. If the referendum is approved, election of additional
279	school board members may occur at any primary, general, or
280	otherwise-called special election.
281	Section 16. Subsection (7) of section 1001.47, Florida
282	Statutes, is repealed.
283	Section 17. Subsection (6) of section 1001.50, Florida
284	Statutes, is repealed.
285	Section 18. Section 1001.62, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
286	Section 19. Subsection (3) of section 1001.73, Florida
287	Statutes, is repealed.
288	Section 20. Subsections (8), (16), and (21) of section
289	1002.20, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
290	1002.20 K-12 student and parent rightsParents of public
291	school students must receive accurate and timely information
292	regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed
293	of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12
294	students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory
295	rights including, but not limited to, the following:
296	(8) STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIESParents of public school
297	students with disabilities and parents of public school students
298	in residential care facilities are entitled to notice and due
299	process in accordance with the provisions of ss. 1003.57 and
300	1003.58. Public school students with disabilities must be
301	provided the opportunity to meet the graduation requirements for

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302 a standard high school diploma <u>as set forth in s. 1003.4282</u> in 303 accordance with the provisions of <u>ss. 1003.57 and 1008.22</u> <del>s.</del> 304 <del>1003.428(3)</del>. <u>Pursuant to s. 1003.438</u>, certain public school 305 students with disabilities may be awarded a special diploma upon 306 high school graduation.

307 (16) SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY AND SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATING 308 REPORTS.-Parents of public school students are entitled to an 309 easy-to-read report card about the school's grade designation or, if applicable under s. 1008.341, the school's improvement 310 311 rating, and the school's school accountability report, including the school financial report as required under s. 1010.215, and 312 313 school improvement rating of their child's school in accordance 314 with the provisions of ss. 1008.22, 1003.02(3), and 1010.215(5).

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(21) PARENTAL INPUT AND MEETINGS.-

316 (a) Meetings with school district personnel.-Parents of 317 public school students may be accompanied by another adult of 318 their choice at a any meeting with school district personnel. 319 School district personnel may not object to the attendance of 320 such adult or discourage or attempt to discourage, through an 321 any action, statement, or other means, the parents of students 322 with disabilities from inviting another person of their choice 323 to attend a any meeting. Such prohibited actions include, but 324 are not limited to, attempted or actual coercion or harassment of parents or students or retaliation or threats of consequences 325 326 to parents or students.

327 1. Such meetings include, but are not limited to, meetings 328 related to: the eligibility for exceptional student education or 329 related services; the development of an individual family 330 support plan (IFSP); the development of an individual education

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331 plan (IEP); the development of a 504 accommodation plan issued 332 under s. 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; the transition of a student from early intervention services to other services; 333 334 the development of postsecondary goals for a student with a 335 disability and the transition services needed to reach those 336 goals; and other issues that may affect the a student's educational environment, discipline, or placement of a student 337 338 with a disability.

339 2. The parents and school district personnel attending the 340 meeting shall sign a document at the meeting's conclusion which 341 states whether any school district personnel have prohibited, 342 discouraged, or attempted to discourage the parents from 343 inviting a person of their choice to the meeting.

(b) School district best financial management practice reviews.-Public school students and their parents may provide input regarding their concerns about the operations and management of the school district both during and after the conduct of a school district best financial management practices review, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1008.35.

(b) (c) District school board educational facilities programs.-Parents of public school students and other members of the public have the right to receive proper public notice and opportunity for public comment regarding the district school board's educational facilities work program, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1013.35.

Section 21. Subsections (2) through (8) of section 1002.31, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

358 1002.31 Controlled open enrollment; public school parental 359 choice.-

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360 (2) Each district school board may offer controlled open 361 enrollment within the public schools which is. The controlled open enrollment program shall be offered in addition to the 362 363 existing choice programs such as virtual instruction programs, 364 magnet schools, alternative schools, special programs, advanced 365 placement, and dual enrollment. 366 (3) Each district school board offering controlled open 367 enrollment shall adopt by rule and post on its website develop a controlled open enrollment plan which must: describes the 368 369 implementation of subsection (2). 370 (a) (4) School districts shall Adhere to federal 371 desegregation requirements. No controlled open enrollment plan 372 that conflicts with federal desegregation orders shall be 373 implemented. 374 (5) Each school district shall develop a system of 375 priorities for its plan that includes consideration of the 376 following: 377 (b) (a) Include an application process required to 378 participate in the controlled open enrollment program. (b) A process that allows parents to declare school 379 380 preferences, including. 381 (c) A process that encourages placement of siblings within 382 the same school. 383 (c) (d) Provide a lottery procedure used by the school 384 district to determine student assignment and establish. 385 (e) an appeals process for hardship cases. 386 (d) Afford parents of students in multiple session schools 387 preferred access to controlled open enrollment. 388 (e) (f) The procedures to Maintain socioeconomic,

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389 demographic, and racial balance. 390 (f) (g) Address the availability of transportation. 391 (h) A process that promotes strong parental involvement, 392 including the designation of a parent liaison. 393 (i) A strategy that establishes a clearinghouse of information designed to assist parents in making informed 394 395 choices. 396 (6) Plans shall be submitted to the Commissioner of Education. The Commissioner of Education shall develop an annual 397 398 report on the status of school choice and deliver the report to 399 the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of 400 the House of Representatives at least 90 days prior to the 401 convening of the regular session of the Legislature. 402 (7) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, a school 403 district with schools operating on both multiple session 404 schedules and single session schedules shall afford parents of 405 students in multiple session schools preferred access to the 406 controlled open enrollment program of the school district. 407 (4) (4) (8) In accordance with the reporting requirements of s. 408 1011.62, each district school board shall annually report the 409 number of students applying for and attending the various types 410 of public schools of choice in the district, including schools 411 such as virtual instruction programs, magnet schools, and public 412 charter schools, according to rules adopted by the State Board 413 of Education. 414 Section 22. Subsection (5) of section 1002.3105, Florida 415 Statutes, is amended to read: 416 1002.3105 Academically Challenging Curriculum to Enhance

417 Learning (ACCEL) options.-

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418 (5) AWARD OF A STANDARD HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA.-A student who meets the applicable grade 9 cohort graduation requirements of 419 s. 1003.4282(3)(a)-(e) or s. 1003.4282(10)(a)1.-5., (b)1.-5., 420 421 (c)1.-5., or (d)1.-5., earns three credits in electives, and 422 earns a cumulative grade point average (GPA) of 2.0 on a 4.0 423 scale shall be awarded a standard high school diploma in a form 424 prescribed by the State Board of Education. 425 Section 23. Subsection (3) of section 1002.321, Florida 426 Statutes, is amended to read: 427 1002.321 Digital learning.-428 (3) DIGITAL PREPARATION.-As required under s. 1003.4282, a 429 Each student entering grade 9 in the 2011-2012 school year and 430 thereafter who seeks a high school diploma must take graduate 431 from high school having taken at least one online course, as 432 provided in s. 1003.428. 433 Section 24. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6), paragraph (a) 434 of subsection (7), and subsection (25) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 435 436 1002.33 Charter schools.-437 (6) APPLICATION PROCESS AND REVIEW.-Charter school 438 applications are subject to the following requirements: 439 (a) A person or entity wishing to open a charter school 440 shall prepare and submit an application on a model application 441 form prepared by the Department of Education which: 1. Demonstrates how the school will use the guiding 442 443 principles and meet the statutorily defined purpose of a charter 444 school. 445 2. Provides a detailed curriculum plan that illustrates how students will be provided services to attain the Sunshine State 446

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447 Standards.

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3. Contains goals and objectives for improving student learning and measuring that improvement. These goals and objectives must indicate how much academic improvement students are expected to show each year, how success will be evaluated, and the specific results to be attained through instruction.

4. Describes the reading curriculum and differentiated strategies that will be used for students reading at grade level or higher and a separate curriculum and strategies for students who are reading below grade level. A sponsor shall deny a charter if the school does not propose a reading curriculum that is consistent with effective teaching strategies that are grounded in scientifically based reading research.

5. Contains an annual financial plan for each year requested by the charter for operation of the school for up to 5 years. This plan must contain anticipated fund balances based on revenue projections, a spending plan based on projected revenues and expenses, and a description of controls that will safeguard finances and projected enrollment trends.

6. <u>Contains</u> Documents that the applicant has participated in the training required in subparagraph (f)2. A sponsor may require an applicant to provide additional information <u>a sponsor</u> <u>may require</u>, which shall be attached as an addendum to the charter school application described in this paragraph.

7. For the establishment of a virtual charter school, documents that the applicant has contracted with a provider of virtual instruction services pursuant to s. 1002.45(1)(d).

(7) CHARTER.-The major issues involving the operation of a charter school shall be considered in advance and written into

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476 the charter. The charter shall be signed by the governing board 477 of the charter school and the sponsor, following a public 478 hearing to ensure community input.

479 (a) The charter shall address and criteria for approval of480 the charter shall be based on:

1. The school's mission, the students to be served, and the ages and grades to be included.

2. The focus of the curriculum, the instructional methods to be used, any distinctive instructional techniques to be employed, and identification and acquisition of appropriate technologies needed to improve educational and administrative performance which include a means for promoting safe, ethical, and appropriate uses of technology which comply with legal and professional standards.

490 a. The charter shall ensure that reading is a primary focus 491 of the curriculum and that resources are provided to identify 492 and provide specialized instruction for students who are reading 493 below grade level. The curriculum and instructional strategies 494 for reading must be consistent with the Next Generation Sunshine 495 State Standards and grounded in scientifically based reading 496 research.

497 b. In order to provide students with access to diverse 498 instructional delivery models, to facilitate the integration of 499 technology within traditional classroom instruction, and to 500 provide students with the skills they need to compete in the 501 21st century economy, the Legislature encourages instructional 502 methods for blended learning courses consisting of both 503 traditional classroom and online instructional techniques. 504 Charter schools may implement blended learning courses which

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505 combine traditional classroom instruction and virtual 506 instruction. Students in a blended learning course must be full-507 time students of the charter school and receive the online 508 instruction in a classroom setting at the charter school. Instructional personnel certified pursuant to s. 1012.55 who 509 510 provide virtual instruction for blended learning courses may be 511 employees of the charter school or may be under contract to 512 provide instructional services to charter school students. At a 513 minimum, such instructional personnel must hold an active state 514 or school district adjunct certification under s. 1012.57 for 515 the subject area of the blended learning course. The funding and 516 performance accountability requirements for blended learning 517 courses are the same as those for traditional courses.

3. The current incoming baseline standard of student academic achievement, the outcomes to be achieved, and the method of measurement that will be used. The criteria listed in this subparagraph shall include a detailed description of:

a. How the baseline student academic achievement levels and prior rates of academic progress will be established.

b. How these baseline rates will be compared to rates of academic progress achieved by these same students while attending the charter school.

527 c. To the extent possible, how these rates of progress will 528 be evaluated and compared with rates of progress of other 529 closely comparable student populations.

531 The district school board is required to provide academic 532 student performance data to charter schools for each of their 533 students coming from the district school system, as well as

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534 rates of academic progress of comparable student populations in 535 the district school system.

4. The methods used to identify the educational strengths 536 537 and needs of students and how well educational goals and 538 performance standards are met by students attending the charter 539 school. The methods shall provide a means for the charter school 540 to ensure accountability to its constituents by analyzing 541 student performance data and by evaluating the effectiveness and 542 efficiency of its major educational programs. Students in 543 charter schools shall, at a minimum, participate in the 544 statewide assessment program created under s. 1008.22.

5. In secondary charter schools, a method for determining that a student has satisfied the requirements for graduation in s. 1002.3105(5), s. 1003.4281, <del>1003.428</del> or s. 1003.4282.

6. A method for resolving conflicts between the governing board of the charter school and the sponsor.

7. The admissions procedures and dismissal procedures, including the school's code of student conduct.

8. The ways by which the school will achieve a racial/ethnic balance reflective of the community it serves or within the racial/ethnic range of other public schools in the same school district.

9. The financial and administrative management of the school, including a reasonable demonstration of the professional experience or competence of those individuals or organizations applying to operate the charter school or those hired or retained to perform such professional services and the description of clearly delineated responsibilities and the policies and practices needed to effectively manage the charter

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563 school. A description of internal audit procedures and 564 establishment of controls to ensure that financial resources are 565 properly managed must be included. Both public sector and 566 private sector professional experience shall be equally valid in 567 such a consideration.

568 10. The asset and liability projections required in the 569 application which are incorporated into the charter and shall be 570 compared with information provided in the annual report of the 571 charter school.

11. A description of procedures that identify various risks and provide for a comprehensive approach to reduce the impact of losses; plans to ensure the safety and security of students and staff; plans to identify, minimize, and protect others from violent or disruptive student behavior; and the manner in which the school will be insured, including whether or not the school will be required to have liability insurance, and, if so, the terms and conditions thereof and the amounts of coverage.

580 12. The term of the charter which shall provide for 581 cancellation of the charter if insufficient progress has been 582 made in attaining the student achievement objectives of the 583 charter and if it is not likely that such objectives can be 584 achieved before expiration of the charter. The initial term of a 585 charter shall be for 4 or 5 years. In order to facilitate access 586 to long-term financial resources for charter school 587 construction, charter schools that are operated by a 588 municipality or other public entity as provided by law are 589 eligible for up to a 15-year charter, subject to approval by the 590 district school board. A charter lab school is eligible for a charter for a term of up to 15 years. In addition, to facilitate 591



access to long-term financial resources for charter school construction, charter schools that are operated by a private, not-for-profit, s. 501(c)(3) status corporation are eligible for up to a 15-year charter, subject to approval by the district school board. Such long-term charters remain subject to annual review and may be terminated during the term of the charter, but only according to the provisions set forth in subsection (8).

599 13. The facilities to be used and their location. The 600 sponsor may not require a charter school to have a certificate 601 of occupancy or a temporary certificate of occupancy for such a 602 facility earlier than 15 calendar days before the first day of 603 school.

14. The qualifications to be required of the teachers and the potential strategies used to recruit, hire, train, and retain qualified staff to achieve best value.

15. The governance structure of the school, including the status of the charter school as a public or private employer as required in paragraph (12)(i).

610 16. A timetable for implementing the charter which 611 addresses the implementation of each element thereof and the 612 date by which the charter shall be awarded in order to meet this 613 timetable.

614 17. In the case of an existing public school that is being 615 converted to charter status, alternative arrangements for 616 current students who choose not to attend the charter school and 617 for current teachers who choose not to teach in the charter 618 school after conversion in accordance with the existing 619 collective bargaining agreement or district school board rule in 620 the absence of a collective bargaining agreement. However,

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621 alternative arrangements shall not be required for current 622 teachers who choose not to teach in a charter lab school, except 623 as authorized by the employment policies of the state university 624 which grants the charter to the lab school.

625 18. Full disclosure of the identity of all relatives 626 employed by the charter school who are related to the charter 627 school owner, president, chairperson of the governing board of 628 directors, superintendent, governing board member, principal, 629 assistant principal, or any other person employed by the charter school who has equivalent decisionmaking authority. For the 630 purpose of this subparagraph, the term "relative" means father, 631 632 mother, son, daughter, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, first 633 cousin, nephew, niece, husband, wife, father-in-law, mother-in-634 law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, 635 stepfather, stepmother, stepson, stepdaughter, stepbrother, 636 stepsister, half brother, or half sister.

637 19. Implementation of the activities authorized under s. 638 1002.331 by the charter school when it satisfies the eligibility 639 requirements for a high-performing charter school. A high-640 performing charter school shall notify its sponsor in writing by 641 March 1 if it intends to increase enrollment or expand grade levels the following school year. The written notice shall 642 643 specify the amount of the enrollment increase and the grade 644 levels that will be added, as applicable.

645 (25) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY STATUS FOR CERTAIN CHARTER
646 SCHOOL SYSTEMS.—A charter school <u>system's governing board</u> <del>system</del>
647 shall be designated a local educational agency for the purpose
648 of receiving federal funds, the same as though the charter
649 school system were a school district, if the governing board of

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650	the charter school system has adopted and filed a resolution
651	with its sponsoring district school board and the Department of
652	Education in which the governing board of the charter school
653	system accepts the full responsibility for all local education
654	agency requirements and the charter school system meets all of
655	the following:
656	(a) Includes both conversion charter schools and
657	nonconversion charter schools;
658	(b) Has all schools located in the same county;
659	(c) Has a total enrollment exceeding the total enrollment
660	of at least one school district in the state;
661	(d) Has the same governing board; and
662	(e) Does not contract with a for-profit service provider
663	for management of school operations.
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665	Such designation does not apply to other provisions unless
666	specifically provided in law.
667	Section 25. Paragraph (g) of subsection (4) and paragraph
668	(d) of subsection (6) of section 1002.34, Florida Statutes, are
669	amended to read:
670	1002.34 Charter technical career centers
671	(4) CHARTER.—A sponsor may designate centers as provided in
672	this section. An application to establish a center may be
673	submitted by a sponsor or another organization that is
674	determined, by rule of the State Board of Education, to be
675	appropriate. However, an independent school is not eligible for
676	status as a center. The charter must be signed by the governing
677	body of the center and the sponsor and must be approved by the
678	district school board and Florida College System institution

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679 board of trustees in whose geographic region the facility is 680 located. If a charter technical career center is established by the conversion to charter status of a public technical center 681 682 formerly governed by a district school board, the charter status 683 of that center takes precedence in any question of governance. 684 The governance of the center or of any program within the center 685 remains with its board of directors unless the board agrees to a 686 change in governance or its charter is revoked as provided in 687 subsection (15). Such a conversion charter technical career 688 center is not affected by a change in the governance of public 689 technical centers or of programs within other centers that are 690 or have been governed by district school boards. A charter 691 technical career center, or any program within such a center, 692 that was governed by a district school board and transferred to 693 a Florida College System institution prior to the effective date 694 of this act is not affected by this provision. An applicant who 695 wishes to establish a center must submit to the district school 696 board or Florida College System institution board of trustees, 697 or a consortium of one or more of each, an application on a form 698 developed by the Department of Education which includes:

(g) A method for determining whether a student has satisfied the requirements for graduation specified in s. <u>1002.3105(5), s. 1003.4281, or s. 1003.4282</u> <del>1003.428 or s.</del> <del>1003.429</del> and for completion of a postsecondary certificate or degree.

705 Students at a center must meet the same testing and academic 706 performance standards as those established by law and rule for 707 students at public schools and public technical centers. The

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708 students must also meet any additional assessment indicators 709 that are included within the charter approved by the district 710 school board or Florida College System institution board of 711 trustees.

(6) SPONSOR.—A district school board or Florida College System institution board of trustees or a consortium of one or more of each may sponsor a center in the county in which the board has jurisdiction.

716 (d)1. The Department of Education shall offer or arrange 717 for training and technical assistance to centers which must include applicants in developing and amending business plans, 718 719 and estimating and accounting for costs and income, complying 720 with state and federal grant and student performance 721 accountability reporting requirements, implementing good 722 business practices. This assistance shall address estimating 723 startup costs, projecting enrollment, and identifying the types 724 and amounts of state and federal financial aid assistance the 725 center may be eligible to receive. The training shall include 726 instruction in accurate financial planning and good business 727 practices.

2. An applicant must participate in the training provided by the department <u>after approval of its</u> <del>of Education before</del> <del>filing an</del> application <u>but at least 30 days before the first day</u> <u>of classes at the center</u>. The department <del>of Education</del> may provide technical assistance to an applicant upon written request.

734 Section 26. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) and 735 subsection (3) of section 1002.345, Florida Statutes, are 736 amended to read:

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737 1002.345 Determination of deteriorating financial 738 conditions and financial emergencies for charter schools and 739 charter technical career centers.-This section applies to 740 charter schools operating pursuant to s. 1002.33 and to charter 741 technical career centers operating pursuant to s. 1002.34. 742 (1) EXPEDITED REVIEW; REQUIREMENTS.-743 (a) A charter school or a charter technical career center 744 is subject to an expedited review by the sponsor if one of the 745 following occurs: 746 1. Failure to provide for an audit required by s. 218.39. 747 2. Failure to comply with reporting requirements pursuant 748 to s. 1002.33(9) or s. 1002.34(11)(f) or (14). 749 3. A deteriorating financial condition identified through 750 an annual audit pursuant to s. 218.39(5), or a monthly financial 751 statement pursuant to s. 1002.33(9)(q) or s. 1002.34(11)(f), or 752 a quarterly financial statement pursuant to s. 1002.331(2)(c). 753 "Deteriorating financial condition" means a circumstance that 754 significantly impairs the ability of a charter school or a 755 charter technical career center to generate enough revenues to 756 meet its expenditures without causing the occurrence of a 757 condition described in s. 218.503(1). 758 4. Notification pursuant to s. 218.503(2) that one or more 759

of the conditions specified in s. 218.503(1) have occurred or will occur if action is not taken to assist the charter school or charter technical career center.

(b) A sponsor shall notify the governing board <u>and the</u> <u>Commissioner of Education</u> within 7 business days after one or more of the conditions specified in paragraph (a) occur. <u>(3) REPORT.-The Commissioner of Education shall annually</u>

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766 report to the State Board of Education each charter school and 767 charter technical career center that is subject to a financial 768 recovery plan or a corrective action plan under this section.

Section 27. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1002.39, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.39 The John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program.—There is established a program that is separate and distinct from the Opportunity Scholarship Program and is named the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program.

(2) JOHN M. MCKAY SCHOLARSHIP ELIGIBILITY.—The parent of a student with a disability may request and receive from the state a John M. McKay Scholarship for the child to enroll in and attend a private school in accordance with this section if:

(a) The student has:

1. Received specialized instructional services under the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program pursuant to s. 1002.66 during the previous school year and the student has a current individual educational plan developed by the local school board in accordance with rules of the State Board of Education for the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program or a 504 accommodation plan has been issued under s. 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; or

2. Spent the prior school year in attendance at a Florida public school or the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind. For purposes of this subparagraph, prior school year in attendance means that the student was enrolled and reported by:

a. A school district for funding during the precedingOctober and February Florida Education Finance Program surveys



795 in kindergarten through grade 12, which includes time spent in a 796 Department of Juvenile Justice commitment program if funded 797 under the Florida Education Finance Program;

b. The Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind during
the preceding October and February student membership surveys in
kindergarten through grade 12; or

c. A school district for funding during the preceding October and February Florida Education Finance Program surveys, was at least 4 years of age when so enrolled and reported, and was eligible for services under s. 1003.21(1)(e); or

805 3. Been enrolled and reported by a school district for 806 funding, during the October and February Florida Education 807 Finance Program surveys, in any of the 5 years prior to the 808 2010-2011 fiscal year; has a current individualized educational 809 plan developed by the district school board in accordance with 810 rules of the State Board of Education for the John M. McKay 811 Scholarship Program no later than June 30, 2011; and receives a first-time John M. McKay scholarship for the 2011-2012 school 812 813 year. Upon request of the parent, the local school district 814 shall complete a matrix of services as required in subparagraph 815 (5) (b) 1. for a student requesting a current individualized 816 educational plan in accordance with the provisions of this 817 subparagraph.

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819 However, a dependent child of a member of the United States 820 Armed Forces who transfers to a school in this state from out of 821 state or from a foreign country due to a parent's permanent 822 change of station orders is exempt from this paragraph but must 823 meet all other eligibility requirements to participate in the

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824	program.
825	Section 28. Subsection (5) of section 1002.41, Florida
826	Statutes, is amended to read:
827	1002.41 Home education programs
828	(5) Home education students may participate in the Bright
829	Futures Scholarship Program in accordance with the provisions of
830	ss. <u>1009.53-1009.538</u> <del>1009.53-1009.539</del> .
831	Section 29. Section 1002.415, Florida Statutes, is
832	repealed.
833	Section 30. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) and subsection
834	(10) of section 1002.45, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
835	1002.45 Virtual instruction programs
836	(4) CONTRACT REQUIREMENTSEach contract with an approved
837	provider must at minimum:
838	(b) Provide a method for determining that a student has
839	satisfied the requirements for graduation in s. $1002.3105(5)$ , s.
840	1003.4281, 1003.428 or s. 1003.4282 if the contract is for the
841	provision of a full-time virtual instruction program to students
842	in grades 9 through 12.
843	(10) MARKETINGEach school district shall provide
844	information to parents and students about the parent's and
845	student's right to participate in a virtual instruction program
846	under this section and in courses offered by the Florida Virtual
847	School under s. 1002.37.
848	Section 31. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section
849	1002.455, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
850	1002.455 Student eligibility for K-12 virtual instruction
851	(2) A student is eligible to participate in virtual
852	instruction if:

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853 (c) The student was enrolled during the prior school year 854 in a virtual instruction program under s. 1002.45, the K-8 855 Virtual School Program under s. 1002.415, or a full-time Florida 856 Virtual School program under s. 1002.37(8)(a); 857 Section 32. Section 1002.65, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 858 Section 33. Subsection (14) of section 1003.01, Florida 859 Statutes, is amended to read: 860 1003.01 Definitions.-As used in this chapter, the term: (14) "Core-curricula courses" means: 861 862 (a) Courses in language arts/reading, mathematics, social 863 studies, and science in prekindergarten through grade 3, 864 excluding any extracurricular courses pursuant to subsection 865 (15); 866 (b) Courses in grades 4 through 8 in subjects that are 867 measured by state assessment at any grade level and courses 868 required for middle school promotion, excluding any 869 extracurricular courses pursuant to subsection (15); 870 (c) Courses in grades 9 through 12 in subjects that are measured by state assessment at any grade level and courses that 871 872 are specifically identified by name in statute as required for 873 high school graduation and that are not measured by state 874 assessment, excluding any extracurricular courses pursuant to 875 subsection (15); 876 (d) Exceptional student education courses; and 877 (e) English for Speakers of Other Languages courses. 878 879 The term is limited in meaning and used for the sole purpose of 880 designating classes that are subject to the maximum class size 881 requirements established in s. 1, Art. IX of the State

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882 Constitution. This term does not include courses offered under 883 ss. 1002.321(4)(e), 1002.33(7)(a)2.b., 1002.37, <del>1002.415,</del> 884 1002.45, and 1003.499.

885 Section 34. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 886 1003.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

887 1003.02 District school board operation and control of 888 public K-12 education within the school district.-As provided in 889 part II of chapter 1001, district school boards are 890 constitutionally and statutorily charged with the operation and control of public K-12 education within their school district. 891 892 The district school boards must establish, organize, and operate 893 their public K-12 schools and educational programs, employees, 894 and facilities. Their responsibilities include staff 895 development, public K-12 school student education including 896 education for exceptional students and students in juvenile 897 justice programs, special programs, adult education programs, 898 and career education programs. Additionally, district school 899 boards must:

900 (1) Provide for the proper accounting for all students of 901 school age, for the attendance and control of students at 902 school, and for proper attention to health, safety, and other 903 matters relating to the welfare of students in the following 904 fields:

(d) Courses of study and instructional materials.-

906 1. Provide adequate instructional materials for all 907 students as follows and in accordance with the requirements of 908 chapter 1006, in the core courses of mathematics, language arts, 909 social studies, science, reading, and literature, except for 910 instruction for which the school advisory council approves the

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911 use of a program that does not include a textbook as a major 912 tool of instruction.

913 2. Adopt courses of study for use in the schools of the 914 district.

915 3. Provide for proper requisitioning, distribution, 916 accounting, storage, care, and use of all instructional materials as may be needed, and ensure that instructional 917 918 materials used in the district are consistent with the district 919 goals and objectives and the course descriptions curriculum 920 frameworks approved by the State Board of Education, as well as 921 with the state and school district performance standards 922 required by law and state board rule.

Section 35. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) and subsection (6) of section 1003.03, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1003.03 Maximum class size.-

(3) IMPLEMENTATION OPTIONS.-District school boards must consider, but are not limited to, implementing the following items in order to meet the constitutional class size maximums described in subsection (1):

(c)1. Repeal district school board policies that require students to earn more than the 24 credits required under s. 1003.428 to graduate from high school.

2. Implement the early graduation <u>options</u> <del>option</del> provided in ss. 1002.3105(5) and <del>s.</del> 1003.4281.

935 (6) COURSES FOR COMPLIANCE.-Consistent with <u>s.</u> the 936 provisions in ss. 1003.01(14) and 1003.428, the Department of 937 Education shall identify from the Course Code Directory the 938 core-curricula courses for the purpose of satisfying the maximum 939 class size requirement in this section. The department may adopt

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940 rules to implement this subsection, if necessary. 941 Section 36. Subsection (3) of section 1003.41, Florida 942 Statutes, is amended to read:

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1003.41 Next Generation Sunshine State Standards.-

944 (3) The Commissioner of Education, as needed, shall develop 945 and submit proposed revisions to the standards for review and 946 comment by Florida educators, school administrators, 947 representatives of the Florida College System institutions and 948 state universities who have expertise in the content knowledge 949 and skills necessary to prepare a student for postsecondary 950 education and careers, business and industry leaders, and the 951 public. The commissioner, after considering reviews and 952 comments, shall submit the proposed revisions to the State Board 953 of Education for adoption. In addition, the commissioner shall 954 prepare an analysis of the costs associated with implementing a 955 separate, one-half credit course in financial literacy, 956 including estimated costs for instructional personnel, training, 957 and the development or purchase of instructional materials. The 958 commissioner shall work with one or more nonprofit organizations 959 with proven expertise in the area of personal finance, consider 960 free resources that can be utilized for instructional materials, 961 and provide data on the implementation of such a course in other 962 states. The commissioner shall provide the cost analysis to the 963 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of 964 Representatives by October 1, 2013.

965 Section 37. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (1) and 966 subsections (2) and (3) of section 1003.4156, Florida Statutes, 967 are amended to read:

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1003.4156 General requirements for middle grades

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969 promotion.-

970 (1) In order for a student to be promoted to high school 971 from a school that includes middle grades 6, 7, and 8, the 972 student must successfully complete the following courses:

973 (b) Three middle grades or higher courses in mathematics. 974 Each school that includes middle grades must offer at least one 975 high school level mathematics course for which students may earn 976 high school credit. Successful completion of a high school level Algebra I or Geometry course is not contingent upon the 977 978 student's performance on the statewide, standardized end-of-979 course (EOC) assessment or, upon transition to common core 980 assessments, the common core Algebra I or geometry assessments 981 required under s. 1008.22. However, beginning with the 2011-2012 982 school year, To earn high school credit for Algebra I, a middle 983 grades student must take the statewide, standardized Algebra I 984 EOC assessment and pass the course, and in addition, beginning 985 with the 2013-2014 school year and thereafter, a student's 986 performance on the Algebra I EOC assessment constitutes 30 987 percent of the student's final course grade. pass the Algebra I 988 statewide, standardized assessment, and beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, To earn high school credit for a Geometry 989 990 course, a middle grades student must take the statewide, 991 standardized Geometry EOC assessment, which constitutes 30 992 percent of the student's final course grade, and earn a passing 993 grade in the course.

994 (c) Three middle grades or higher courses in social 995 studies. Beginning with students entering grade 6 in the 2012-996 2013 school year, one of these courses must be at least a one-997 semester civics education course that includes the roles and

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998 responsibilities of federal, state, and local governments; the 999 structures and functions of the legislative, executive, and 1000 judicial branches of government; and the meaning and 1001 significance of historic documents, such as the Articles of 1002 Confederation, the Declaration of Independence, and the 1003 Constitution of the United States. Beginning with the 2013-2014 1004 school year, each student's performance on the statewide, 1005 standardized EOC assessment in civics education required under 1006 s. 1008.22 constitutes 30 percent of the student's final course 1007 grade. A middle grades student who transfers into the state's 1008 public school system from out of country, out of state, a 1009 private school, or a home education program after the beginning 1010 of the second term of grade 8 is not required to meet the civics 1011 education requirement for promotion from the middle grades if 1012 the student's transcript documents passage of three courses in 1013 social studies or two year-long courses in social studies that 1014 include coverage of civics education.

1016 Each school must inform parents about the course curriculum and 1017 activities. Each student shall complete a personal education 1018 plan that must be signed by the student and the student's 1019 parent. The Department of Education shall develop course 1020 frameworks and professional development materials for the career 1021 and education planning course. The course may be implemented as 1022 a stand-alone course or integrated into another course or 1023 courses. The Commissioner of Education shall collect 1024 longitudinal high school course enrollment data by student 1025 ethnicity in order to analyze course-taking patterns. 1026 (2) If a middle grades student scores Level 1 or Level 2 on

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1027 the statewide, standardized FCAT Reading assessment or, when 1028 implemented, the state transitions to common core assessments on the English Language Arts (ELA) assessment assessments required 1029 under s. 1008.22, the following year the student must enroll in 1030 1031 and complete a remedial course or a content area course in which 1032 remediation strategies are incorporated into course content 1033 delivery. The department shall provide guidance on appropriate 1034 strategies for diagnosing and meeting the varying instructional 1035 needs of students performing below grade level.

(3) If a middle grades student scores Level 1 or Level 2 on <u>the statewide, standardized FCAT</u> Mathematics <u>assessment</u> or, when <u>the state transitions to common core assessments</u>, on the <u>mathematics common core assessments required under s. 1008.22</u>, the following year the student must receive remediation, which may be integrated into the student's required mathematics courses.

Section 38. <u>Section 1003.428</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 39. Subsection (1) of section 1003.4281, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1003.4281 Early high school graduation.-

(1) The purpose of this section is to provide a student the option of early graduation and receipt of a standard high school diploma if the student earns 24 credits and meets the graduation requirements set forth in s. 1003.428 or s. 1003.4282, as applicable. For purposes of this section, the term "early graduation" means graduation from high school in less than 8 semesters or the equivalent.

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Section 40. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (f) of subsection

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1056 (3), subsections (4), (5), (7), and (8), and paragraphs (a) and 1057 (c) of subsection (9) of section 1003.4282, Florida Statutes, 1058 are amended, subsection (10) is renumbered as subsection (11), 1059 and a new subsection (10) is added to that section, to read:

1003.4282 Requirements for a standard high school diploma.-

(3) STANDARD HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA; COURSE AND ASSESSMENT REQUIREMENTS.-

(a) Four credits in English Language Arts (ELA).-The four credits must be in ELA I, II, III, and IV. A student must pass the statewide, standardized 10th grade 10 FCAT Reading assessment or, when implemented, the until the state transitions to a common core 10th grade 10 ELA assessment, or earn a concordant score, after which time a student must pass the ELA assessment in order to earn a standard high school diploma.

(b) Four credits in mathematics.-A student must earn one
credit in Algebra I and one credit in Geometry. A student's
performance on the statewide, standardized Algebra I end-ofcourse (EOC) assessment or common core assessment, as
applicable, constitutes 30 percent of the student's final course
grade. A student must pass the statewide, standardized Algebra I
EOC assessment, or earn a comparative score, until the state
transitions to a common core Algebra I assessment after which
time a student must pass the common core assessment in order to
earn a standard high school diploma. A student's performance on
the statewide, standardized Geometry EOC assessment of the
student's final course grade. If When the state administers a
statewide, standardized common core Algebra II assessment, a

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1085 student's performance on the assessment constitutes 30 percent 1086 of the student's final course grade. A student who earns an 1087 industry certification for which there is a statewide college 1088 credit articulation agreement approved by the State Board of 1089 Education may substitute the certification for one mathematics 1090 credit. Substitution may occur for up to two mathematics 1091 credits, except for Algebra I and Geometry. Industry 1092 certification courses that lead to college credit may substitute 1093 for up to two math credits.

1094 (c) Three credits in science.-Two of the three required 1095 credits must have a laboratory component. A student must earn 1096 one credit in Biology I and two credits in equally rigorous 1097 courses. The statewide, standardized Biology I EOC assessment 1098 constitutes 30 percent of the student's final course grade. A 1099 student who earns an industry certification for which there is a 1100 statewide college credit articulation agreement approved by the 1101 State Board of Education may substitute the certification for 1102 one science credit, except for Biology I. Industry certification 1103 courses that lead to college credit may substitute for up to one 1104 science credit.

1105 (f) One credit in physical education.-Physical education 1106 must include the integration of health. Participation in an 1107 interscholastic sport at the junior varsity or varsity level for 1108 two full seasons shall satisfy the one-credit requirement in 1109 physical education if the student passes a competency test on 1110 personal fitness with a score of "C" or better. The competency 1111 test on personal fitness developed by the Department of 1112 Education must be used. A district school board may not require 1113 that the one credit in physical education be taken during the

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1114 9th grade year. Completion of one semester with a grade of "C" or better in a marching band class, in a physical activity class 1115 1116 that requires participation in marching band activities as an 1117 extracurricular activity, or in a dance class shall satisfy one-1118 half credit in physical education or one-half credit in 1119 performing arts. This credit may not be used to satisfy the 1120 personal fitness requirement or the requirement for adaptive 1121 physical education under an individual education plan (IEP) or 1122 504 plan. Completion of 2 years in a Reserve Officer Training 1123 Corps (R.O.T.C.) class, a significant component of which is 1124 drills, shall satisfy the one-credit requirement in physical 1125 education and the one-credit requirement in performing arts. 1126 This credit may not be used to satisfy the personal fitness 1127 requirement or the requirement for adaptive physical education 1128 under an IEP or 504 plan. This requirement is subject to all of 1129 the provisions in s. 1003.428(2)(a)6.

1130 (4) ONLINE COURSE REQUIREMENT. - Excluding a driver education 1131 course, At least one course within the 24 credits required under 1132 this section must be completed through online learning. 1133 Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2013-2014 school 1134 year, the required online course may not be a driver education 1135 course. A school district may not require a student to take the 1136 online course outside the school day or in addition to a 1137 student's courses for a given semester. An online course taken 1138 in grade 6, grade 7, or grade 8 fulfills this requirement. This 1139 requirement is met through an online course offered by the 1140 Florida Virtual School, a virtual education provider approved by 1141 the State Board of Education, a high school, or an online dual 1142 enrollment course. A student who is enrolled in a full-time or

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1143 part-time virtual instruction program under s. 1002.45 meets 1144 this requirement. This requirement does not apply to a student who has an individual education plan under s. 1003.57 which 1145 indicates that an online course would be inappropriate or to an 1146 1147 out-of-state transfer student who is enrolled in a Florida high 1148 school and has 1 academic year or less remaining in high school. 1149

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(5) REMEDIATION FOR HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS.-

(a) Each year a student scores Level 1 or Level 2 on the statewide, standardized 9th grade 9 or 10th grade 10 FCAT Reading assessment or, when implemented, the 9th grade 9, 10th grade 10, or <del>11th</del> grade 11 ELA assessment <del>common core English</del> Language Arts (ELA) assessments, the student must be enrolled in and complete an intensive remedial course the following year or be placed in a content area course that includes remediation of skills not acquired by the student.

(b) Each year a student scores Level 1 or Level 2 on the statewide, standardized Algebra I EOC assessment, or upon transition to the common core Algebra I assessment, the student must be enrolled in and complete an intensive remedial course the following year or be placed in a content area course that includes remediation of skills not acquired by the student.

(7) AWARD OF A STANDARD HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA.-

(a) A student who earns a cumulative grade point average (GPA) of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale and meets the requirements of this section or s. 1002.3105(5) shall be awarded a standard high school diploma in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education.

1170 (b) An adult student in an adult general education program 1171 as provided under s. 1004.93 shall be awarded a standard high

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1172	school diploma if the student meets the requirements of this
1173	section or s. 1002.3105(5), except that:
1174	1. One elective credit may be substituted for the one-
1175	credit requirement in fine or performing arts, speech and
1176	debate, or practical arts.
1177	2. The requirement that two of the science credits include
1178	a laboratory component may be waived by the district school
1179	board.
1180	3. The one credit in physical education may be substituted
1181	with an elective credit. Notwithstanding any other law to the
1182	contrary, all students enrolled in high school as of the 2012-
1183	2013 school year who earned a passing grade in Biology I or
1184	geometry before the 2013-2014 school year shall be awarded a
1185	credit in that course if the student passed the course. The
1186	student's performance on the EOC assessment is not required to
1187	constitute 30 percent of the student's final course grade.
1188	(c) A student who <u>earns</u> <del>fails to earn</del> the required <u>24</u>
1189	credits, or the required 18 credits under s. 1002.3105(5), but
1190	fails to pass the assessments required under s. 1008.22(3) or
1191	achieve a 2.0 GPA shall be awarded a certificate of completion
1192	in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education. However, a
1193	student who is otherwise entitled to a certificate of completion
1194	may elect to remain in high school either as a full-time student
1195	or a part-time student for up to 1 additional year and receive
1196	special instruction designed to remedy his or her identified
1197	deficiencies.

(8) UNIFORM TRANSFER OF HIGH SCHOOL CREDITS.—Beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, if a student transfers to a Florida public high school from out of country, out of state, a private

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1201 school, or a home education program and the student's transcript 1202 shows a mathematics credit in Algebra I a course that requires passage of a statewide, standardized assessment in order to earn 1203 1204 a standard high school diploma, the student must pass the 1205 statewide, standardized Algebra I EOC assessment in order to 1206 earn a standard high school diploma unless the student earned a 1207 comparative score pursuant to s. 1008.22, passed a statewide 1208 assessment in Algebra I that subject administered by the 1209 transferring entity, or passed the statewide mathematics 1210 assessment the transferring entity uses to satisfy the 1211 requirements of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, 20 1212 U.S.C. s. 6301. If a student's transcript shows a credit in high 1213 school reading or English Language Arts II or III, in order to 1214 earn a standard high school diploma, the student must take and 1215 pass the statewide, standardized grade 10 FCAT Reading 1216 assessment or, when implemented, the grade 10 ELA assessment, or 1217 earn a concordant score on the SAT or ACT as specified by state 1218 board rule or, when the state transitions to common core English 1219 Language Arts assessments, earn a passing score on the English 1220 Language Arts assessment as required under this section. If a 1221 transfer student's transcript shows a final course grade and 1222 course credit in Algebra I, Geometry, Biology I, or United 1223 States History, the transferring course final grade and credit 1224 shall be honored without the student taking the requisite 1225 statewide, standardized EOC assessment and without the 1226 assessment results constituting 30 percent of the student's 1227 final course grade. 1228 (9) CAREER EDUCATION COURSES THAT SATISFY HIGH SCHOOL

1229 CREDIT REQUIREMENTS.-



1230 (a) Participation in career education courses engages 1231 students in their high school education, increases academic 1232 achievement, enhances employability, and increases postsecondary 1233 success. By July 1, 2014, the department shall develop, for 1234 approval by the State Board of Education, multiple, additional 1235 career education courses or a series of courses that meet the 1236 requirements set forth in s. 1003.493(2), (4), and (5) and this 1237 subsection and allow students to earn credit in both the career 1238 education course and courses required for high school graduation 1239 under this section and s. <del>ss. 1003.428 and</del> 1003.4281.

1. The state board must determine if sufficient academic standards are covered to warrant the award of academic credit.

2. Career education courses must include workforce and digital literacy skills and the integration of required course content with practical applications and designated rigorous coursework that results in one or more industry certifications or clearly articulated credit or advanced standing in a 2-year or 4-year certificate or degree program, which may include high school junior and senior year work-related internships or apprenticeships. The department shall negotiate state licenses for material and testing for industry certifications. The instructional methodology used in these courses must be comprised of authentic projects, problems, and activities for contextually learning the academics.

(c) Regional consortium service organizations established pursuant to s. 1001.451 shall work with school districts, local workforce boards, postsecondary institutions, and local business and industry leaders to create career education courses that meet the requirements set forth in s. 1003.493(2), (4), and (5)

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1259 and this subsection that students can take to earn required high 1260 school course credits. The regional consortium shall submit 1261 course recommendations to the department, on behalf of the 1262 consortium member districts, for state board approval. A strong 1263 emphasis should be placed on online coursework, digital 1264 literacy, and workforce literacy as defined in s. 1004.02(26) 1265 1004.02(27). For purposes of providing students the opportunity 1266 to earn industry certifications, consortiums must secure the 1267 necessary site licenses and testing contracts for use by member 1268 districts. 1269 (10) COHORT TRANSITION TO NEW GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS.-The 1270

requirements of this section, in addition to applying to students entering grade 9 in the 2013-2014 school year and thereafter, shall also apply to students entering grade 9 before the 2013-2014 school year, except as otherwise provided in this subsection.

(a) A student entering grade 9 before the 2010-2011 school year must earn:

1. Four credits in English/ELA. A student must pass the statewide, standardized grade 10 Reading assessment, or earn a concordant score, in order to graduate with a standard high school diploma.

2. Four credits in mathematics, which must include Algebra I. A student must pass grade 10 FCAT Mathematics, or earn a concordant score, in order to graduate with a standard high school diploma. A student who takes Algebra I or Geometry after the 2010-2011 school year must take the statewide, standardized EOC assessment for the course but is not required to pass the assessment in order to earn course credit. A student's

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1288 performance on the Algebra I or Geometry EOC assessment is not 1289 required to constitute 30 percent of the student's final course 1290 grade. A student who earns an industry certification for which 1291 there is a statewide college credit articulation agreement 1292 approved by the State Board of Education may substitute the 1293 certification for one mathematics credit. Substitution may occur 1294 for up to two mathematics credits, except for Algebra I. 1295 3. Three credits in science, two of which must have a 1296 laboratory component. A student who takes Biology I after the 1297 2010-2011 school year must take the statewide, standardized 1298 Biology I EOC assessment but is not required to pass the 1299 assessment in order to earn course credit. A student's 1300 performance on the assessment is not required to constitute 30 1301 percent of the student's final course grade. A student who earns 1302 an industry certification for which there is a statewide college 1303 credit articulation agreement approved by the State Board of 1304 Education may substitute the certification for one science 1305 credit. 1306 4. Three credits in social studies of which one credit in 1307 World History, one credit in United States History, one-half 1308 credit in United States Government, and one-half credit in 1309 economics is required. A student who takes United States History 1310 after the 2011-2012 school year must take the statewide, 1311 standardized United States History EOC assessment but the 1312 student's performance on the assessment is not required to 1313 constitute 30 percent of the student's final course grade. 1314 5. One credit in fine or performing arts, speech and 1315 debate, or practical arts as provided in paragraph (3)(e). 1316 6. One credit in physical education as provided in

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1317 paragraph (3)(f). 7. Eight credits in electives. 1318 1319 (b) A student entering grade 9 in the 2010-2011 school year 1320 must earn: 1321 1. Four credits in English/ELA. A student must pass the 1322 statewide, standardized grade 10 Reading assessment, or earn a 1323 concordant score, in order to graduate with a standard high 1324 school diploma. 1325 2. Four credits in mathematics, which must include Algebra 1326 I and Geometry. The statewide, standardized Algebra I EOC 1327 assessment constitutes 30 percent of the student's final course grade. A student who takes Algebra I or Geometry after the 2010-1328 1329 2011 school year must take the statewide, standardized EOC 1330 assessment for the course but is not required to pass the 1331 assessment in order to earn course credit. A student's 1332 performance on the Geometry EOC assessment is not required to 1333 constitute 30 percent of the student's final course grade. A 1334 student who earns an industry certification for which there is a 1335 statewide college credit articulation agreement approved by the 1336 State Board of Education may substitute the certification for 1337 one mathematics credit. Substitution may occur for up to two mathematics credits, except for Algebra I and Geometry. 1338 1339 3. Three credits in science, two of which must have a 1340 laboratory component. A student who takes Biology I after the 1341 2010-2011 school year must take the statewide, standardized 1342 Biology I EOC assessment but is not required to pass the 1343 assessment in order to earn course credit. A student's 1344 performance on the assessment is not required to constitute 30 1345 percent of the student's final course grade. A student who earns

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1346	an industry certification for which there is a statewide college
1347	credit articulation agreement approved by the State Board of
1348	Education may substitute the certification for one science
1349	credit, except for Biology I.
1350	4. Three credits in social studies of which one credit in
1351	World History, one credit in United States History, one-half
1352	credit in United States Government, and one-half credit in
1353	economics is required. A student who takes United States History
1354	after the 2011-2012 school year must take the statewide,
1355	standardized United States History EOC assessment but the
1356	student's performance on the assessment is not required to
1357	constitute 30 percent of the student's final course grade.
1358	5. One credit in fine or performing arts, speech and
1359	debate, or practical arts as provided in paragraph (3)(e).
1360	6. One credit in physical education as provided in
1361	paragraph (3)(f).
1362	7. Eight credits in electives.
1363	(c) A student entering grade 9 in the 2011-2012 school year
1364	must earn:
1365	1. Four credits in English/ELA. A student must pass the
1366	statewide, standardized grade 10 Reading assessment, or earn a
1367	concordant score, in order to graduate with a standard high
1368	school diploma.
1369	2. Four credits in mathematics, which must include Algebra
1370	I and Geometry. A student who takes Algebra I after the 2010-
1371	2011 school year must pass the statewide, standardized Algebra I
1372	EOC assessment, or earn a comparative score, in order to earn a
1373	standard high school diploma. A student who takes Algebra I or
1374	Geometry after the 2010-2011 school year must take the

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1375 statewide, standardized EOC assessment but is not required to 1376 pass the Algebra I or Geometry EOC assessment in order to earn 1377 course credit. A student's performance on the Algebra I or 1378 Geometry EOC assessment is not required to constitute 30 percent 1379 of the student's final course grade. A student who earns an 1380 industry certification for which there is a statewide college 1381 credit articulation agreement approved by the State Board of 1382 Education may substitute the certification for one mathematics 1383 credit. Substitution may occur for up to two mathematics 1384 credits, except for Algebra I and Geometry.

3. Three credits in science, two of which must have a laboratory component. One of the science credits must be Biology I. A student who takes Biology I after the 2010-2011 school year must take the statewide, standardized Biology I EOC assessment but is not required to pass the assessment in order to earn course credit. A student's performance on the assessment is not required to constitute 30 percent of the student's final course grade. A student who earns an industry certification for which there is a statewide college credit articulation agreement approved by the State Board of Education may substitute the certification for one science credit, except for Biology I.

1396 4. Three credits in social studies of which one credit in 1397 World History, one credit in United States History, one-half 1398 credit in United States Government, and one-half credit in 1399 economics is required. A student who takes United States History 1400 after the 2011-2012 school year student must take the statewide, 1401 standardized United States History EOC assessment but the 1402 student's performance on the assessment is not required to 1403 constitute 30 percent of the student's final course grade.

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1404	5. One credit in fine or performing arts, speech and
1405	debate, or practical arts as provided in paragraph (3)(e).
1406	6. One credit in physical education as provided in
1407	paragraph (3)(f).
1408	7. Eight credits in electives.
1409	8. One online course as provided in subsection (4).
1410	(d) A student entering grade 9 in the 2012-2013 school year
1411	must earn:
1412	1. Four credits in English/ELA. A student must pass the
1413	statewide, standardized grade 10 Reading assessment, or earn a
1414	concordant score, in order to graduate with a standard high
1415	school diploma.
1416	2. Four credits in mathematics, which must include Algebra
1417	I and Geometry. A student who takes Algebra I after the 2010-
1418	2011 school year must pass the statewide, standardized Algebra I
1419	EOC assessment, or earn a comparative score, in order to earn a
1420	standard high school diploma. A student who takes Geometry after
1421	the 2010-2011 school year must take the statewide, standardized
1422	Geometry EOC assessment. A student is not required to pass the
1423	statewide, standardized EOC assessment in Algebra I or Geometry
1424	in order to earn course credit. A student's performance on the
1425	Algebra I or Geometry EOC assessment is not required to
1426	constitute 30 percent of the student's final course grade. A
1427	student who earns an industry certification for which there is a
1428	statewide college credit articulation agreement approved by the
1429	State Board of Education may substitute the certification for
1430	one mathematics credit. Substitution may occur for up to two
1431	mathematics credits, except for Algebra I and Geometry.
1432	3. Three credits in science, two of which must have a

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1433 laboratory component. One of the science credits must be Biology 1434 I. A student who takes Biology I after the 2010-2011 school year 1435 must take the statewide, standardized Biology I EOC assessment 1436 but is not required to pass the assessment to earn course 1437 credit. A student's performance on the assessment is not 1438 required to constitute 30 percent of the student's final course 1439 grade. A student who earns an industry certification for which 1440 there is a statewide college credit articulation agreement 1441 approved by the State Board of Education may substitute the 1442 certification for one science credit, except for Biology I.

4. Three credits in social studies of which one credit in World History, one credit in United States History, one-half credit in United States Government, and one-half credit in economics is required. The statewide, standardized United States History EOC assessment constitutes 30 percent of the student's final course grade.

5. One credit in fine or performing arts, speech and debate, or practical arts as provided in paragraph (3)(e).

6. One credit in physical education as provided in paragraph (3)(f).

1453 7. Eight credits in electives. 1454 8. One online course as provided in subsection (4). (e) Policy adopted in rule by the district school board may require for any cohort of students that performance on a statewide, standardized EOC assessment constitute 30 percent of a student's final course grade.

(f) This subsection is repealed July 1, 2020.

Section 41. Subsection (1) of section 1003.4285, Florida 1460 1461 Statutes, is amended to read:

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1462 1003.4285 Standard high school diploma designations.-(1) Each standard high school diploma shall include, as 1463 1464 applicable, the following designations if the student meets the 1465 criteria set forth for the designation: 1466 (a) Scholar designation.-In addition to the requirements of 1467 s. ss. 1003.428 and 1003.4282, as applicable, in order to earn the Scholar designation, a student must satisfy the following 1468 1469 requirements: 1470 1. English Language Arts (ELA).-Beginning with students 1471 entering grade 9 in the 2014-2015 school year When the state 1472 transitions to common core assessments, pass the statewide, 1473 standardized 11th grade 11 ELA common core assessment. 1474 2. Mathematics.-Earn one credit in Algebra II and one 1475 credit in statistics or an equally rigorous course. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2014-2015 school year When 1476 1477 the state transitions to common core assessments, students must

pass the Algebra II and Geometry statewide, standardized assessments common core assessment.

1480 3. Science.-Pass the statewide, standardized Biology I EOC 1481 end-of-course assessment and earn one credit in chemistry or 1482 physics and one credit in a course equally rigorous to chemistry or physics. However, a student enrolled in an Advanced Placement 1483 1484 (AP), International Baccalaureate (IB), or Advanced 1485 International Certificate of Education (AICE) Biology course who 1486 takes the respective AP, IB, or AICE Biology assessment and 1487 earns the minimum score necessary to earn college credit as 1488 identified pursuant to s. 1007.27(2) meets the requirement of 1489 this subparagraph without having to take the statewide, standardized Biology I EOC assessment. 1490

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1491	4. Social studiesPass the statewide, standardized United
1492	States History EOC end-of-course assessment. However, a student
1493	enrolled in an AP, IB, or AICE course that includes United
1494	States History topics who takes the respective AP, IB, or AICE
1495	assessment and earns the minimum score necessary to earn college
1496	credit as identified pursuant to s. 1007.27(2) meets the
1497	requirement of this subparagraph without having to take the
1498	statewide, standardized United States History EOC assessment.
1499	5. Foreign languageEarn two credits in the same foreign
1500	language.
1501	6. ElectivesEarn at least one credit in an Advanced
1502	Placement, an International Baccalaureate, an Advanced
1503	International Certificate of Education, or a dual enrollment
1504	course.
1505	(b) Merit designationIn addition to the requirements of
1506	s. ss. 1003.428 and 1003.4282, as applicable, in order to earn
1507	the Merit designation, a student must attain one or more
1508	industry certifications from the list established under s.
1509	1003.492.
1510	Section 42. Section 1003.438, Florida Statutes, is amended
1511	to read:
1512	1003.438 Special high school graduation requirements for
1513	certain exceptional studentsA student who has been identified,
1514	in accordance with rules established by the State Board of
1515	Education, as a student with disabilities who has an
1516	intellectual disability; an autism spectrum disorder; a language
1517	impairment; an orthopedic impairment; an other health
1518	impairment; a traumatic brain injury; an emotional or behavioral
1519	disability; a specific learning disability, including, but not
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1520 limited to, dyslexia, dyscalculia, or developmental aphasia; or 1521 students who are deaf or hard of hearing or dual sensory 1522 impaired shall not be required to meet all requirements of s. 1523 1002.3105(5), s. 1003.4281, 1003.428 or s. 1003.4282 and shall, 1524 upon meeting all applicable requirements prescribed by the 1525 district school board pursuant to s. 1008.25, be awarded a 1526 special diploma in a form prescribed by the commissioner; 1527 however, such special graduation requirements prescribed by the 1528 district school board must include minimum graduation 1529 requirements as prescribed by the commissioner. Any such student 1530 who meets all special requirements of the district school board, 1531 but is unable to meet the appropriate special state minimum 1532 requirements, shall be awarded a special certificate of 1533 completion in a form prescribed by the commissioner. However, 1534 this section does not limit or restrict the right of an 1535 exceptional student solely to a special diploma or special certificate of completion. Any such student shall, upon proper 1536 1537 request, be afforded the opportunity to fully meet all 1538 requirements of s. 1002.3105(5), s. 1003.4281, <del>1003.428</del> or s. 1539 1003.4282 through the standard procedures established therein 1540 and thereby to qualify for a standard diploma upon graduation. Section 43. Subsection (5) of section 1003.451, Florida 1541 1542 Statutes, is repealed. 1543 Section 44. Subsection (1) of section 1003.49, Florida 1544 Statutes, is amended to read:

1545 1003.49 Graduation and promotion requirements for publicly 1546 operated schools.-

1547 (1) Each state or local public agency, including the1548 Department of Children and Family Services, the Department of

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1549 Corrections, the boards of trustees of universities and Florida 1550 College System institutions, and the Board of Trustees of the 1551 Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind, which agency is 1552 authorized to operate educational programs for students at any 1553 level of grades kindergarten through 12, shall be subject to all 1554 applicable requirements of ss. 1002.3105(5), 1003.4281, 1003.4282 1003.428, 1003.429, 1008.23, and 1008.25. Within the 1555 1556 content of these cited statutes each such state or local public 1557 agency or entity shall be considered a "district school board." 1558 Section 45. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of section 1559 1003.493, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1560 1003.493 Career and professional academies and career-1561 themed courses.-1562 (4) Each career and professional academy and secondary 1563 school providing a career-themed course must: 1564 (e) Deliver academic content through instruction relevant 1565 to the career, including intensive reading and mathematics 1566 intervention required by s. 1003.4282 1003.428, with an emphasis 1567 on strengthening reading for information skills. 1568 Section 46. Subsection (2) of section 1003.4935, Florida 1569 Statutes, is amended to read: 1003.4935 Middle grades career and professional academy 1570 1571 courses and career-themed courses.-1572 (2) Each middle grades career and professional academy or 1573 career-themed course must be aligned with at least one high 1574 school career and professional academy or career-themed course 1575 offered in the district and maintain partnerships with local

1576 business and industry and economic development boards. Middle 1577 grades career and professional academies and career-themed



1578 courses must:

1579 (a) Lead to careers in occupations designated as high-1580 skill, high-wage, and high-demand in the Industry Certification 1581 Funding List approved under rules adopted by the State Board of Education; 1582

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(b) Integrate content from core subject areas;

(c) Integrate career and professional academy or careerthemed course content with intensive reading, English Language Arts, and mathematics pursuant to s. ss. 1003.428 and 1003.4282;

(d) Coordinate with high schools to maximize opportunities for middle grades students to earn high school credit;

(e) Provide access to virtual instruction courses provided by virtual education providers legislatively authorized to provide part-time instruction to middle grades students. The virtual instruction courses must be aligned to state curriculum standards for middle grades career and professional academy courses or career-themed courses, with priority given to students who have required course deficits;

(f) Provide instruction from highly skilled professionals who hold industry certificates in the career area in which they teach;

(q) Offer externships; and

1600 (h) Provide personalized student advisement that includes a 1601 parent-participation component.

Section 47. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1003.57, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1003.57 Exceptional students instruction.-

1605 (1) (a) For purposes of providing exceptional student instruction under this section: 1606

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1607 1. A school district shall use the following terms to 1608 describe the instructional setting for a student with a 1609 disability, 6 through 21 years of age, who is not educated in a 1610 setting accessible to all children who are together at all 1611 times:

a. "Exceptional student education center" or "special day school" means a separate public school to which nondisabled peers do not have access.

b. "Other separate environment" means a separate private school, residential facility, or hospital or homebound program.

c. "Regular class" means a class in which a student spends 80 percent or more of the school week with nondisabled peers.

d. "Resource room" means a classroom in which a student spends between 40 percent to 80 percent of the school week with nondisabled peers.

e. "Separate class" means a class in which a student spends less than 40 percent of the school week with nondisabled peers.

1624 2. A school district shall use the term "inclusion" to mean 1625 that a student is receiving education in a general education 1626 regular class setting, reflecting natural proportions and age-1627 appropriate heterogeneous groups in core academic and elective 1628 or special areas within the school community; a student with a 1629 disability is a valued member of the classroom and school 1630 community; the teachers and administrators support universal 1631 education and have knowledge and support available to enable 1632 them to effectively teach all children; and a teacher student is 1633 provided access to technical assistance in best practices, 1634 instructional methods, and supports tailored to the student's 1635 needs based on current research.

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1636Section 48. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section16371003.621, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.621 Academically high-performing school districts.-It is the intent of the Legislature to recognize and reward school districts that demonstrate the ability to consistently maintain or improve their high-performing status. The purpose of this section is to provide high-performing school districts with flexibility in meeting the specific requirements in statute and rules of the State Board of Education.

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(1) ACADEMICALLY HIGH-PERFORMING SCHOOL DISTRICT.-

(a) A school district is an academically high-performing school district if it meets the following criteria:

1.a. Beginning with the 2004-2005 school year, Earns a grade of "A" under s. 1008.34(7) for 2 consecutive years; and

b. Has no district-operated school that earns a grade of "F" under s. 1008.34;

2. Complies with all class size requirements in s. 1, Art. IX of the State Constitution and s. 1003.03; and

3. Has no material weaknesses or instances of material noncompliance noted in the annual financial audit conducted pursuant to s. 11.45 or s. 218.39.

However, a district in which a district-operated school earns a grade of "F" under s. 1008.34 during the 3-year period may not continue to be designated as an academically high-performing school district during the remainder of that 3-year period. The district must meet the criteria in paragraph (a) in order to be redesignated as an academically high-performing school district. Section 49. Subsection (4) of section 1004.02, Florida

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1665 Statutes, is repealed. Section 50. Section 1004.0961, Florida Statutes, is amended 1666 1667 to read: 1668 1004.0961 Credit for online courses.-Beginning in the 2015-1669 2016 school year, the State Board of Education shall adopt rules 1670 and the Board of Governors shall adopt regulations <del>rules</del> that 1671 enable students to earn academic credit for online courses, 1672 including massive open online courses, before prior to initial 1673 enrollment at a postsecondary institution. The rules of the 1674 State Board of Education and regulations <del>rules</del> of the Board of 1675 Governors must include procedures for credential evaluation and 1676 the award of credit, including, but not limited to, 1677 recommendations for credit by the American Council on Education; 1678 equivalency and alignment of coursework with appropriate 1679 courses; course descriptions; type and amount of credit that may 1680 be awarded; and transfer of credit. 1681 Section 51. Section 1004.3825, Florida Statutes, is 1682 repealed. 1683 Section 52. Section 1004.387, Florida Statutes, is 1684 repealed. 1685 Section 53. Subsection (2) of section 1004.445, Florida 1686 Statutes, is repealed. 1687 Section 54. Section 1004.75, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 1688 Section 55. Subsections (1), (2), and (7) of section 1689 1004.935, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1690 1004.935 Adults with Disabilities Workforce Education Pilot 1691 Program.-1692 (1) The Adults with Disabilities Workforce Education Pilot 1693 Program is established in the Department of Education through

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1694 June 30, 2016, for 2 years in Hardee, DeSoto, Manatee, and 1695 Sarasota Counties to provide the option of receiving a 1696 scholarship for instruction at private schools for up to 30 1697 students who: 1698 (a) Have a disability; 1699 (b) Are 22 years of age; 1700 (c) Are receiving instruction from an instructor in a 1701 private school to meet the high school graduation requirements 1702 in s. 1002.3105(5) 1003.428 or s. 1003.4282; 1703 (d) Do not have a standard high school diploma or a special 1704 high school diploma; and 1705 (e) Receive "supported employment services," which means 1706 employment that is located or provided in an integrated work 1707 setting with earnings paid on a commensurate wage basis and for 1708 which continued support is needed for job maintenance. 1709 1710 As used in this section, the term "student with a disability" 1711 includes a student who is documented as having an intellectual 1712 disability; a speech impairment; a language impairment; a 1713 hearing impairment, including deafness; a visual impairment, 1714 including blindness; a dual sensory impairment; an orthopedic 1715 impairment; another health impairment; an emotional or 1716 behavioral disability; a specific learning disability, 1717 including, but not limited to, dyslexia, dyscalculia, or 1718 developmental aphasia; a traumatic brain injury; a developmental 1719 delay; or autism spectrum disorder. 1720 (2) A student participating in the pilot program may 1721 continue to participate in the program until the student

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graduates from high school or reaches the age of 40 30 years,

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1723 whichever occurs first.

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1724 (7) Funds for the scholarship shall be provided from the appropriation from the school district's Workforce Development 1725 1726 Fund in the General Appropriations Act for students who reside 1727 in the Hardee County School District, the DeSoto County School 1728 District, the Manatee County School District, or the Sarasota 1729 County School District. During the 2-year pilot program, the 1730 scholarship amount granted for an eligible student with a 1731 disability shall be equal to the cost per unit of a full-time 1732 equivalent adult general education student, multiplied by the 1733 adult general education funding factor, and multiplied by the 1734 district cost differential pursuant to the formula required by 1735 s. 1011.80(6)(a) for the district in which the student resides. 1736

Section 56. <u>Section 1006.141</u>, Florida Statutes, is <u>repealed</u>.

Section 57. Subsections (4), (5), and (8) of section 1006.147, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1006.147 Bullying and harassment prohibited.-

(4) By December 1, 2008, Each school district shall adopt a 1741 1742 policy prohibiting bullying and harassment of a any student or 1743 employee of a public K-12 educational institution. Each school 1744 district's policy shall be in substantial conformity with the Department of Education's model policy mandated in subsection 1745 1746 (5). The school district bullying and harassment policy shall 1747 afford all students the same protection regardless of their 1748 status under the law. The school district may establish separate 1749 discrimination policies that include categories of students. The 1750 school district shall involve students, parents, teachers, 1751 administrators, school staff, school volunteers, community

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1752 representatives, and local law enforcement agencies in the 1753 process of adopting the policy. The school district policy must 1754 be implemented in a manner that is ongoing throughout the school 1755 year and integrated with a school's curriculum, a school's 1756 discipline policies, and other violence prevention efforts. The 1757 school district policy must contain, at a minimum, the following 1758 components:

(a) A statement prohibiting bullying and harassment.

(b) A definition of bullying and a definition of harassment that include the definitions listed in this section.

(c) A description of the type of behavior expected from each student and employee of a public K-12 educational institution.

(d) The consequences for a student or employee of a publicK-12 educational institution who commits an act of bullying or harassment.

(e) The consequences for a student or employee of a public K-12 educational institution who is found to have wrongfully and intentionally accused another of an act of bullying or harassment.

(f) A procedure for reporting an act of bullying or harassment, including provisions that permit a person to anonymously report such an act. However, this paragraph does not permit formal disciplinary action to be based solely on an anonymous report.

(g) A procedure for the prompt investigation of a report of bullying or harassment and the persons responsible for the investigation. The investigation of a reported act of bullying or harassment is deemed to be a school-related activity and

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1781 begins with a report of such an act. Incidents that require a 1782 reasonable investigation when reported to appropriate school 1783 authorities shall include alleged incidents of bullying or 1784 harassment allegedly committed against a child while the child 1785 is en route to school aboard a school bus or at a school bus 1786 stop.

(h) A process to investigate whether a reported act of bullying or harassment is within the scope of the district school system and, if not, a process for referral of such an act to the appropriate jurisdiction. Computers without web-filtering software or computers with web-filtering software that is disabled shall be used when complaints of cyberbullying are investigated.

(i) A procedure for providing immediate notification to the parents of a victim of bullying or harassment and the parents of the perpetrator of an act of bullying or harassment, as well as notification to all local agencies where criminal charges may be pursued against the perpetrator.

(j) A procedure to refer victims and perpetrators of bullying or harassment for counseling.

(k) A procedure for including incidents of bullying or harassment in the school's report of data concerning school safety and discipline required under s. 1006.09(6). The report must include each incident of bullying or harassment and the resulting consequences, including discipline and referrals. The report must include in a separate section each reported incident of bullying or harassment that does not meet the criteria of a prohibited act under this section with recommendations regarding such incidents. The Department of Education shall aggregate



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information contained in the reports.

(1) A procedure for providing instruction to students, parents, teachers, school administrators, counseling staff, and school volunteers on identifying, preventing, and responding to bullying or harassment, including instruction on recognizing behaviors that lead to bullying and harassment and taking appropriate preventive action based on those observations.

(m) A procedure for regularly reporting to a victim's parents the actions taken to protect the victim.

(n) A procedure for publicizing the policy, which must include its publication in the code of student conduct required under s. 1006.07(2) and in all employee handbooks.

(5) To assist school districts in developing policies prohibiting bullying and harassment, the Department of Education shall develop a model policy that shall be provided to school districts no later than October 1, 2008.

1826 (7) (8) Distribution of safe schools funds to a school district provided in the 2009-2010 General Appropriations Act is 1827 1828 contingent upon and payable to the school district upon the 1829 Department of Education's approval of the school district's bullying and harassment policy. The department's approval of 1830 1831 each school district's bullying and harassment policy shall be 1832 granted upon certification by the department that the school district's policy has been submitted to the department and is in 1833 1834 substantial conformity with the department's model bullying and 1835 harassment policy as mandated in subsection (5). Distribution of 1836 safe schools funds provided to a school district in fiscal year 1837 2010-2011 and thereafter shall be contingent upon and payable to 1838 the school district upon the school district's compliance with

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1839 all reporting procedures contained in this section. 1840 Section 58. Subsection (2) of section 1006.148, Florida 1841 Statutes, is repealed.

Section 59. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 1006.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.15 Student standards for participation in interscholastic and intrascholastic extracurricular student activities; regulation.-

(3)(a) To be eligible to participate in interscholastic extracurricular student activities, a student must:

1. Maintain a grade point average of 2.0 or above on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the previous semester or a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 or above on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required by s. <u>1002.3105(5)</u> <u>1003.428</u> or s. <u>1003.4282</u> <del>1003.429</del>.

1854 2. Execute and fulfill the requirements of an academic performance contract between the student, the district school 1855 1856 board, the appropriate governing association, and the student's 1857 parents, if the student's cumulative grade point average falls 1858 below 2.0, or its equivalent, on a 4.0 scale in the courses 1859 required by s. 1002.3105(5) 1003.428 or s. 1003.4282 1003.429. 1860 At a minimum, the contract must require that the student attend 1861 summer school, or its graded equivalent, between grades 9 and 10 1862 or grades 10 and 11, as necessary.

1863 3. Have a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 or above on 1864 a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required by s. 1865 <u>1002.3105(5)</u> <del>1003.428</del> or s. <u>1003.4282</u> <del>1003.429</del> during his or her 1866 junior or senior year.

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4. Maintain satisfactory conduct, including adherence to

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1868 appropriate dress and other codes of student conduct policies 1869 described in s. 1006.07(2). If a student is convicted of, or is 1870 found to have committed, a felony or a delinquent act that would 1871 have been a felony if committed by an adult, regardless of 1872 whether adjudication is withheld, the student's participation in 1873 interscholastic extracurricular activities is contingent upon 1874 established and published district school board policy.

Section 60. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1006.28, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1006.28 Duties of district school board, district school superintendent; and school principal regarding K-12 instructional materials.-

1880 (1) DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD.-The district school board has 1881 the duty to provide adequate instructional materials for all 1882 students in accordance with the requirements of this part. The 1883 term "adequate instructional materials" means a sufficient 1884 number of student or site licenses or sets of materials that are available in bound, unbound, kit, or package form and may 1885 1886 consist of hardbacked or softbacked textbooks, electronic 1887 content, consumables, learning laboratories, manipulatives, 1888 electronic media, and computer courseware or software that serve as the basis for instruction for each student in the core 1889 1890 subject areas courses of mathematics, language arts, social 1891 studies, science, reading, and literature. The district school 1892 board has the following specific duties:

(a) Courses of study; adoption.—Adopt courses of study foruse in the schools of the district.

1895 (b) Instructional materials.-Provide for proper
1896 requisitioning, distribution, accounting, storage, care, and use



1897 of all instructional materials and furnish such other instructional materials as may be needed. The district school 1898 1899 board shall ensure that Instructional materials used must be in 1900 the district are consistent with the district goals and 1901 objectives and the course descriptions established in rule of 1902 the State Board of Education, as well as with the applicable 1903 Next Generation Sunshine State and district performance 1904 Standards provided for in s. 1003.41 1001.03(1).

(c) Other instructional materials.-Provide such other teaching accessories and aids as are needed for the school district's educational program.

(d) School library media services; establishment and maintenance.—Establish and maintain a program of school library media services for all public schools in the district, including school library media centers, or school library media centers open to the public, and, in addition such traveling or circulating libraries as may be needed for the proper operation of the district school system.

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(2) DISTRICT SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.-

1916 (a) The district school superintendent has the duty to 1917 recommend such plans for improving, providing, distributing, 1918 accounting for, and caring for instructional materials and other 1919 instructional aids as will result in general improvement of the 1920 district school system, as prescribed in this part, in 1921 accordance with adopted district school board rules prescribing 1922 the duties and responsibilities of the district school 1923 superintendent regarding the requisition, purchase, receipt, storage, distribution, use, conservation, records, and reports 1924 1925 of, and management practices and property accountability

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1926 concerning, instructional materials, and providing for an 1927 evaluation of any instructional materials to be requisitioned 1928 that have not been used previously in the district's schools. 1929 The district school superintendent must keep adequate records 1930 and accounts for all financial transactions for funds collected 1931 pursuant to subsection (3), as a component of the educational service delivery scope in a school district best financial 1932 management practices review under s. 1008.35. 1933

Section 61. Subsection (2) of section 1006.31, Florida 1935 Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.31 Duties of the Department of Education and school district instructional materials reviewer.-The duties of the instructional materials reviewer are:

(2) EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS.-To use evaluate carefully all instructional materials submitted, in order to ascertain which instructional materials, if any, submitted for consideration implement the selection criteria listed in s. 1006.34(2)(b) developed by the department and recommend for adoption only those instructional materials aligned with the Next Generation Sunshine State those curricular objectives included within applicable performance Standards provided for in s. 1003.41 <del>1001.03(1)</del>.

(a) When recommending instructional materials for use in 1948 1949 the schools, each reviewer shall include only instructional 1950 materials that accurately portray the ethnic, socioeconomic, 1951 cultural, and racial diversity of our society, including men and 1952 women in professional, career, and executive roles, and the role 1953 and contributions of the entrepreneur and labor in the total 1954 development of this state and the United States.

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(b) When recommending instructional materials for use in the schools, each reviewer shall include only materials that accurately portray, whenever appropriate, humankind's place in ecological systems, including the necessity for the protection of our environment and conservation of our natural resources and the effects on the human system of the use of tobacco, alcohol, controlled substances, and other dangerous substances.

(c) When recommending instructional materials for use in the schools, each reviewer shall require such materials as he or she deems necessary and proper to encourage thrift, fire prevention, and humane treatment of people and animals.

(d) When recommending instructional materials for use in the schools, each reviewer shall require, when appropriate to the comprehension of students, that materials for social science, history, or civics classes contain the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States. A reviewer may not recommend any instructional materials for use in the schools which contain any matter reflecting unfairly upon persons because of their race, color, creed, national origin, ancestry, gender, or occupation.

(e) Any instructional material recommended by each reviewer for use in the schools shall be, to the satisfaction of each reviewer, accurate, objective, and current and suited to the needs and comprehension of students at their respective grade levels. Reviewers shall consider for adoption materials developed for academically talented students such as those enrolled in advanced placement courses.

1982 Section 62. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1983 1006.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1984 1006.34 Powers and duties of the commissioner and the 1985 department in selecting and adopting instructional materials.-1986 (2) SELECTION AND ADOPTION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS.-(b) In the selection of instructional materials, library 1987 media, and other reading material used in the public school 1988 1989 system, the standards used to determine the propriety of the 1990 material shall include: 1991 1. The age of the students who normally could be expected 1992 to have access to the material. 1993 2. The educational purpose to be served by the material. In 1994 considering instructional materials for classroom use, Priority 1995 shall be given to the selection of materials that align with the 1996 Next Generation Sunshine State Standards as provided for in s. 1997 1003.41 which encompass the state and district school board 1998 performance standards provided for in s. 1001.03(1) and which 1999 include the instructional objectives contained within the 2000 curriculum frameworks for career and technical education and 2001 adult and adult general education adopted approved by rule of 2002 the State Board of Education under s. 1004.92. 2003 3. The degree to which the material would be supplemented 2004 and explained by mature classroom instruction as part of a 2005 normal classroom instructional program. 2006 4. The consideration of the broad racial, ethnic, 2007 socioeconomic, and cultural diversity of the students of this 2008 state.

2010 Any instructional material containing pornography or otherwise 2011 prohibited by s. 847.012 may not be used or made available 2012 within any public school.

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Section 63. Subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 1006.40, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:

1006.40 Use of instructional materials allocation; instructional materials, library books, and reference books; repair of books.-

2019 (2) Each district school board must purchase current 2020 instructional materials to provide each student with a major 2021 tool of instruction in core courses of the subject areas of 2022 mathematics, language arts, science, social studies, reading, 2023 and literature for kindergarten through grade 12. Such purchase 2024 must be made within the first 3 years after the effective date 2025 of the adoption cycle unless a district school board or a 2026 consortium of school districts has implemented an instructional 2027 materials program pursuant to s. 1006.283. For the 2012-2013 2028 mathematics adoption, a district using a comprehensive 2029 mathematics instructional materials program adopted in the 2009-2030 2010 adoption shall be deemed in compliance with this subsection 2031 if it provides each student with such additional state-adopted 2032 materials as may be necessary to align the previously adopted 2033 comprehensive program to common core standards and the other 2034 criteria of the 2012-2013 mathematics adoption.

(3) (a) <u>Beginning with</u> <del>By</del> the 2015-2016 fiscal year, each district school board shall use at least 50 percent of the annual allocation for the purchase of digital or electronic instructional materials that align with state standards included on the state-adopted list, except as otherwise authorized in paragraphs (b) and (c). This section does not apply to a district school board or a consortium of school districts which

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2042	implements an instructional materials program pursuant to s.
2043	1006.283, except that by the 2015-2016 fiscal year, each
2044	district school board shall use at least 50 percent of the
2045	annual allocation for the purchase of digital or electronic
2046	instructional materials that align with state standards.
2047	(8) Subsections (3), (4), and (6) do not apply to a
2048	district school board or a consortium of school districts that
2049	implements an instructional materials program pursuant to s.
2050	1006.283 except that, by the 2015-2016 fiscal year, each
2051	district school board shall use at least 50 percent of the
2052	annual instructional materials allocation for the purchase of
2053	digital or electronic instructional materials that align with
2054	state standards adopted by the State Board of Education pursuant
2055	to s. 1003.41.
2056	Section 64. Section 1006.42, Florida Statutes, is amended
2057	to read:
2058	1006.42 Responsibility of students and parents for
2059	instructional materials
2060	(1) All instructional materials purchased under the
2061	provisions of this part are the property of the district school
2062	board. When distributed to the students, these instructional
2063	materials are on loan to the students while they are pursuing
2064	their courses of study and are to be returned at the direction
2065	of the school principal or the teacher in charge. Each parent of
2066	a student to whom or for whom instructional materials have been
2067	issued, is liable for any loss or destruction of, or unnecessary
2068	damage to, the instructional materials or for failure of the
2069	student to return the instructional materials when directed by
2070	the school principal or the teacher in charge, and shall pay for


such loss, destruction, or unnecessary damage as provided <u>under</u>
s. 1006.28(3) by law.

(2) Nothing in this part shall be construed to prohibit parents from exercising their right to purchase instructional materials from the district school board.

Section 65. Section 1007.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1007.02 Access to postsecondary education and meaningful careers for Students with disabilities; popular name; definition.-

(1) This section shall be known by the popular name the "Enhanced New Needed Opportunity for Better Life and Education for Students with Disabilities (ENNOBLES) Act."

(2) For the purposes of this <u>chapter</u> act, the term "student with a disability" means <u>a</u> any student who is documented as having an intellectual disability; a hearing impairment, including deafness; a speech or language impairment; a visual impairment, including blindness; an emotional or behavioral disability; an orthopedic or other health impairment; an autism spectrum disorder; a traumatic brain injury; or a specific learning disability, including, but not limited to, dyslexia, dyscalculia, or developmental aphasia.

Section 66. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 1007.2615, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1007.2615 American Sign Language; findings; foreignlanguage credits authorized; teacher licensing.-

(1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS; PURPOSE.-

(a) The Legislature finds that:

1. American Sign Language (ASL) is a fully developed

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2100 visual-gestural language with distinct grammar, syntax, and 2101 symbols and is one of hundreds of signed languages of the world.

2. ASL is recognized as the language of the American deaf community and is the fourth most commonly used language in the United States and Canada.

3. The American deaf community is a group of citizens who are members of a unique culture who share ASL as their common language.

4. Thirty-three state legislatures have adopted legislation recognizing ASL as a language that should be taught in schools.

(3) DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION AND STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION; LICENSING OF AMERICAN SIGN LANGUAGE TEACHERS; PLAN FOR POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION PROVIDERS.-

(a) The Commissioner of Education shall appoint a sevenmember task force that includes representatives from two state universities and one private college or university located within this state which currently offer a 4-year deaf education or sign language interpretation program as a part of their respective curricula, two representatives from the Florida American Sign Language Teachers' Association (FASLTA), and two representatives from Florida College System institutions located within this state which have established Interpreter Training Programs (ITPs). This task force shall develop and submit to the Commissioner of Education a report that contains the most up-todate information about American Sign Language (ASL) and quidelines for developing and maintaining ASL courses as a part of the curriculum. This information must be made available to any administrator of a public or an independent school upon request of the administrator.

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2129 <u>(a) (b) By January 1, 2005,</u> The State Board of Education 2130 shall adopt rules establishing licensing/certification standards 2131 to be applied to teachers who teach <u>American Sign Language (ASL)</u> 2132 ASL as part of a school curriculum. In developing the rules, the 2133 state board shall consult with the task force established under 2134 paragraph (a).

(b) (c) An ASL teacher must be certified by the Department of Education by July 1, 2009.

(c) (d) The Commissioner of Education shall work with providers of postsecondary education, except for state universities, to develop and implement a plan to ensure that these institutions in this state will accept secondary school credits in ASL as credits in a foreign language and to encourage postsecondary institutions to offer ASL courses to students as a fulfillment of the requirement for studying a foreign language.

Section 67. Subsection (4) of section 1007.263, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1007.263 Florida College System institutions; admissions of students.—Each Florida College System institution board of trustees is authorized to adopt rules governing admissions of students subject to this section and rules of the State Board of Education. These rules shall include the following:

(4) A student who has been awarded a special diploma <u>under</u> as defined in s. 1003.438 or a certificate of completion <u>under</u> as defined in s. <u>1003.4282</u> <del>1003.428(7)(b)</del> is eligible to enroll in certificate career education programs.

Each board of trustees shall establish policies that notifystudents about developmental education options for improving

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2158 their communication or computation skills that are essential to 2159 performing college-level work, including tutoring, extended time 2160 in gateway courses, free online courses, adult basic education, 2161 adult secondary education, or private provider instruction.

Section 68. Subsection (1) of section 1007.264, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1007.264 Persons with disabilities; admission to postsecondary educational institutions; substitute requirements; rules and regulations.-

(1) <u>A</u> Any student with a disability, as defined in s. 1007.02(2), who is otherwise eligible shall be eligible for reasonable substitution for any requirement for admission into a public postsecondary educational institution where documentation can be provided that the person's failure to meet the admission requirement is related to the disability.

Section 69. Subsection (1) of section 1007.265, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1007.265 Persons with disabilities; graduation, study program admission, and upper-division entry; substitute requirements; rules and regulations.-

2178 (1) A Any student with a disability, as defined in s. 2179 1007.02(2), in a public postsecondary educational institution 2180 shall be eligible for reasonable substitution for any 2181 requirement for graduation, for admission into a program of 2182 study, or for entry into the upper division where documentation 2183 can be provided that the person's failure to meet the 2184 requirement is related to the disability and where failure to 2185 meet the graduation requirement or program admission requirement 2186 does not constitute a fundamental alteration in the nature of

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2187 the program.

2188 Section 70. Subsections (2) and (9) of section 1007.271, 2189 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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1007.271 Dual enrollment programs.-

2191 (2) For the purpose of this section, an eligible secondary 2192 student is a student who is enrolled in any of grades 6 through 2193 12 in a Florida public secondary school or in a Florida private 2194 secondary school that which is in compliance with s. 1002.42(2)2195 and provides a secondary curriculum pursuant to s. 1003.428 or 2196 s. 1003.4282. Students who are eligible for dual enrollment 2197 pursuant to this section may enroll in dual enrollment courses 2198 conducted during school hours, after school hours, and during 2199 the summer term. However, if the student is projected to 2200 graduate from high school before the scheduled completion date 2201 of a postsecondary course, the student may not register for that 2202 course through dual enrollment. The student may apply to the 2203 postsecondary institution and pay the required registration, 2204 tuition, and fees if the student meets the postsecondary 2205 institution's admissions requirements under s. 1007.263. 2206 Instructional time for dual enrollment may vary from 900 hours; 2207 however, the full-time equivalent student membership value shall 2208 be subject to the provisions in s. 1011.61(4). A Any student 2209 enrolled as a dual enrollment student is exempt from the payment 2210 of registration, tuition, and laboratory fees. Applied academics 2211 for adult education instruction, developmental education, and 2212 other forms of precollegiate instruction, as well as physical 2213 education courses that focus on the physical execution of a 2214 skill rather than the intellectual attributes of the activity, 2215 are ineligible for inclusion in the dual enrollment program.



2216 Recreation and leisure studies courses shall be evaluated 2217 individually in the same manner as physical education courses 2218 for potential inclusion in the program.

2219 (9) The Commissioner of Education shall appoint faculty 2220 committees representing public school, Florida College System 2221 institution, and university faculties to identify postsecondary 2222 courses that meet the high school graduation requirements of s. 2223 1003.428 or s. 1003.4282 and to establish the number of 2224 postsecondary semester credit hours of instruction and 2225 equivalent high school credits earned through dual enrollment 2226 pursuant to this section that are necessary to meet high school 2227 graduation requirements. Such equivalencies shall be determined 2228 solely on comparable course content and not on seat time 2229 traditionally allocated to such courses in high school. The 2230 Commissioner of Education shall recommend to the State Board of 2231 Education those postsecondary courses identified to meet high 2232 school graduation requirements, based on mastery of course 2233 outcomes, by their course numbers, and all high schools shall 2234 accept these postsecondary education courses toward meeting the 2235 requirements of s. 1003.428 or s. 1003.4282.

Section 71. Subsections (3), (7), and (8) of section 1008.22, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools.-

(3) STATEWIDE, STANDARDIZED ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.-The
Commissioner of Education shall design and implement a
statewide, standardized assessment program aligned to the core
curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine
State Standards. The commissioner also must develop or select
and implement a common battery of assessment tools that will be

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2245 used in all juvenile justice education programs in the state. 2246 These tools must accurately measure the core curricular content 2247 established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. 2248 Participation in the assessment program is mandatory for all 2249 school districts and all students attending public schools, 2250 including adult students seeking a standard an adult high school 2251 diploma under s. 1003.4282 and students in Department of 2252 Juvenile Justice education programs, except as otherwise 2253 provided by law prescribed by the commissioner. If a student 2254 does not participate in the assessment program, the school 2255 district must notify the student's parent and provide the parent 2256 with information regarding the implications of such 2257 nonparticipation. The statewide, standardized assessment program 2258 shall be designed and implemented as follows: 2259 (a) Statewide, standardized comprehensive assessments 2260 Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) until replaced by 2261 common core assessments. - The statewide, standardized FCAT 22.62 Reading assessment shall be administered annually in grades 3 2263 through 10. The statewide, standardized Writing assessment shall

2264 be administered annually at least once at the elementary, 2265 middle, and high school levels. When the Reading and Writing 2266 assessments are replaced by English Language Arts (ELA) 2267 assessments, ELA assessments shall be administered to students 2268 in grades 3 through 11. Retake opportunities for the grade 10 2269 Reading assessment or, upon implementation, the grade 10 ELA 2270 assessment must be provided. Students taking the ELA assessments 2271 shall not take the statewide, standardized assessments in 2272 Reading or Writing. ELA assessments shall be administered 2273 online. The statewide, standardized; FCAT Mathematics

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2274 assessments shall be administered annually in grades 3 through 2275 8. Students taking a revised Mathematics assessment shall not take the discontinued assessment. The statewide, standardized; 2276 2277 FCAT Writing shall be administered annually at least once at the 2278 elementary, middle, and high school levels; and FCAT Science 2279 assessment shall be administered annually at least once at the 2280 elementary and middle grades levels. In order to earn a standard 2281 high school diploma, a student who has not earned a passing 2282 score on the grade 10 FCAT Reading assessment or, upon 2283 implementation, the grade 10 ELA assessment must earn a passing 2284 score on the assessment retake or earn a concordant score as 2285 authorized under subsection (7) must participate in each retake 2286 of the assessment until the student earns a passing score. The 2287 commissioner shall recommend and the State Board of Education 2288 must adopt a score on both the SAT and ACT that is concordant to 2289 a passing score on grade 10 FCAT Reading that, if achieved by a 2290 student, meets the must-pass requirement for grade 10 FCAT 2291 Reading.

2292 (b) End-of-course (EOC) assessments.-EOC assessments must 2293 be statewide, standardized, and developed or approved by the 2294 Department of Education as follows:

2295 1. Statewide, standardized EOC assessments in mathematics 2296 shall be administered according to this subparagraph. Beginning 2297 with the 2010-2011 school year, all students enrolled in Algebra 2298 I must take the Algebra I EOC assessment. Except as otherwise 2299 provided in paragraph (c) this section, beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2011-2012 school year, a student who is 2300 enrolled in Algebra I must earn a passing score on the Algebra I 2301 2302 EOC assessment or attain a comparative score as authorized under

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2303 subsection (8) in order to earn a standard high school diploma. 2304 In order to earn a standard high school diploma, a student who 2305 has not earned a passing score on the Algebra I EOC assessment 2306 must earn a passing score on the assessment retake or a 2307 comparative score as authorized under subsection (8) must 2308 participate in each retake of the assessment until the student 2309 earns a passing score. Beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, 2310 all students enrolled in Geometry must take the Geometry EOC 2311 assessment. Middle grades students enrolled in Algebra I, or 2312 Geometry, or Biology I must take the statewide, standardized EOC 2313 assessment for those courses and shall are not required to take 2314 the corresponding subject and grade-level statewide, 2315 standardized assessment  $\frac{\text{FCAT}}{\text{FCAT}}$ . When a statewide, standardized EOC 2316 assessment in Algebra II is administered, all students enrolled 2317 in Algebra II must take the EOC assessment. Pursuant to the 2318 commissioner's implementation schedule, student performance on 2319 the Algebra II EOC assessment constitutes 30 percent of a 2320 student's final course grade.

2. Statewide, standardized EOC assessments in science shall be administered according to this subparagraph. Beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, all students enrolled in Biology I must take the Biology I EOC assessment. <u>Beginning with students</u> <u>entering grade 9 in the 2013-2014 school year, performance on</u> <u>the Biology I EOC assessment constitutes 30 percent of the</u> student's final course grade.

3. During the 2012-2013 school year, an EOC assessment in civics education shall be administered as a field test at the middle grades level. Beginning with the 2013-2014 school year, each student's performance on the statewide, standardized middle

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2332 grades Civics EOC assessment in civics education constitutes 30 2333 percent of the student's final course grade in civics education.

2334 4. The commissioner may select one or more nationally 2335 developed comprehensive examinations, which may include 2336 examinations for a College Board Advanced Placement course, 2337 International Baccalaureate course, or Advanced International 2338 Certificate of Education course, or industry-approved 2339 examinations to earn national industry certifications identified 2340 in the Industry Certification Funding List, for use as EOC 2341 assessments under this paragraph if the commissioner determines 2342 that the content knowledge and skills assessed by the 2343 examinations meet or exceed the grade-level expectations for the 2344 core curricular content established for the course in the Next 2345 Generation Sunshine State Standards. Use of any such examination 2346 as an EOC assessment must be approved by the state board in 2347 rule.

2348 5. Contingent upon funding provided in the General 2349 Appropriations Act, including the appropriation of funds 2350 received through federal grants, the commissioner may establish 2351 an implementation schedule for the development and 2352 administration of additional statewide, standardized EOC 2353 assessments that must be approved by the state board, in rule. 2354 If approved by the state board, student performance on such 2355 assessments constitutes 30 percent of a student's final course 2356 grade.

6. All statewide, standardized EOC assessments must be administered online except as otherwise provided in paragraph(c).

(c) Students with disabilities; Florida Alternate

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2361 Assessment.-

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2362 1. Each district school board must provide instruction to 2363 prepare students with disabilities in the core content knowledge 2364 and skills necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression 2365 and high school graduation.

2366 2. A student with a disability, as defined in s. 1007.02 2367 1007.02(2), for whom the individual education plan (IEP) team 2368 determines that the statewide, standardized assessments under 2369 this section cannot accurately measure the student's abilities, 2370 taking into consideration all allowable accommodations, shall 2371 have assessment results waived for the purpose of receiving a 2372 course grade and a standard high school diploma. Such waiver 2373 shall be designated on the student's transcript. The statement 2374 of waiver shall be limited to a statement that performance on an 2375 assessment was waived for the purpose of receiving a course 2376 grade or a standard high school diploma, as applicable.

3. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules, based upon recommendations of the commissioner, for the provision of assessment accommodations for students with disabilities and for students who have limited English proficiency.

2381 a. Accommodations that negate the validity of a statewide, 2382 standardized assessment are not allowed during the 2383 administration of the assessment. However, instructional 2384 accommodations are allowed in the classroom if identified in a 2385 student's IEP. Students using instructional accommodations in 2386 the classroom that are not allowed on a statewide, standardized 2387 assessment may have assessment results waived if the IEP team 2388 determines that the assessment cannot accurately measure the 2389 student's abilities.

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2390 b. If a student is provided with instructional 2391 accommodations in the classroom that are not allowed as 2392 accommodations for statewide, standardized assessments, the 2393 district must inform the parent in writing and provide the 2394 parent with information regarding the impact on the student's 2395 ability to meet expected performance levels. A parent must 2396 provide signed consent for a student to receive classroom 2397 instructional accommodations that would not be available or permitted on a statewide, standardized assessment and 2398 2399 acknowledge in writing that he or she understands the implications of such instructional accommodations. 2400

c. If a student's IEP states that online administration of a statewide, standardized assessment will significantly impair the student's ability to perform, the assessment shall be administered in hard copy.

4. For students with significant cognitive disabilities, the Department of Education shall provide for implementation of the Florida Alternate Assessment to accurately measure the core curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards.

(d) <u>Implementation schedule</u> <del>Common core assessments in</del> English Language Arts (ELA) and mathematics.-

1. Contingent upon funding, common core assessments in ELA shall be administered to students in grades 3 through 11. Retake opportunities for the grade 10 assessment must be provided. Students taking the ELA assessments are not required to take the assessments in FCAT Reading or FCAT Writing. Common core ELA assessments shall be administered online.

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2. Contingent upon funding, common core assessments in



2419 mathematics shall be administered to all students in grades 3 2420 through 8, and common core assessments in Algebra I, Geometry, 2421 and Algebra II shall be administered to students enrolled in 2422 those courses. Retake opportunities must be provided for the 2423 Algebra I assessment. Students may take the common core 2424 mathematics assessments pursuant to the Credit Acceleration Program (CAP) under s. 1003.4295(3). Students taking common core 2425 2426 assessments in mathematics are not required to take FCAT 2427 Mathematics or statewide, standardized EOC assessments in 2428 mathematics. Common core mathematics assessments shall be 2429 administered online.

1.3. The Commissioner State Board of Education shall 2430 2431 establish and publish on the department's website adopt rules 2432 establishing an implementation schedule to transition from the 2433 statewide, standardized FCAT Reading and, FCAT Writing 2434 assessments to the ELA assessments and to the revised, FCAT 2435 Mathematics assessments, including the, and Algebra I and 2436 Geometry EOC assessments to common core assessments in English 2437 Language Arts and mathematics. The schedule must take into 2438 consideration funding, sufficient field and baseline data, 2439 access to assessments, instructional alignment, and school 2440 district readiness to administer the common core assessments 2441 online. Until the 10th grade common core ELA and Algebra I 2442 assessments become must-pass assessments, students must pass 2443 10th grade FCAT Reading and the Algebra I EOC assessment, or 2444 achieve a concordant or comparative score as authorized under 2445 this section, in order to earn a standard high school diploma 2446 under s. 1003.4282. Students taking 10th grade FCAT Reading or 2447 the Algebra I EOC assessment are not required to take the

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2448	respective common core assessments.
2449	2.4. The Department of Education shall publish minimum and
2450	recommended technology requirements that include specifications
2451	for hardware, software, networking, security, and broadband
2452	capacity to facilitate school district compliance with the
2453	requirement that <del>common core</del> assessments be administered online.
2454	(e) Assessment scores and achievement levels
2455	1. All statewide, standardized EOC assessments and <del>FCAT</del>
2456	Reading, FCAT Writing, and FCAT Science assessments shall use
2457	scaled scores and achievement levels. Achievement levels shall
2458	range from 1 through 5, with level 1 being the lowest
2459	achievement level, level 5 being the highest achievement level,
2460	and level 3 indicating satisfactory performance on an
2461	assessment. For purposes of the statewide, standardized FCAT
2462	Writing assessment, student achievement shall be scored using a
2463	scale of 1 through 6.
2464	2. The state board shall designate by rule a passing score
2465	for each statewide, standardized $rac{ extsf{EOC}}{ extsf{and}}$ $rac{ extsf{FCAT}}{ extsf{FCAT}}$ assessment. In
2466	addition, the state board shall designate a score for each
2467	statewide, standardized EOC assessment that indicates that a
2468	student is high achieving and has the potential to meet college-
2469	readiness standards by the time the student graduates from high
2470	school.
2471	3. If the commissioner seeks to revise a statewide,
2472	standardized assessment and the revisions require the state
2473	board to modify performance level scores, including the passing
2474	score, the commissioner shall provide a copy of the proposed
2475	scores and implementation plan to the President of the Senate
2476	and the Speaker of the House of Representatives at least 90 days

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2477 before submission to the state board for review. Until the state board adopts the modifications by rule, the commissioner shall 2478 2479 use calculations for scoring the assessment that adjust student 2480 scores on the revised assessment for statistical equivalence to 2481 student scores on the former assessment. The state board shall 2482 adopt by rule the passing score for the revised assessment that 2483 is statistically equivalent to the passing score on the 2484 discontinued assessment for a student who is required to attain 2485 a passing score on the discontinued assessment. The commissioner 2486 may, with approval of the state board, discontinue 2487 administration of the former assessment upon the graduation, 2488 based on normal student progression, of students participating 2489 in the final regular administration of the former assessment. If 2490 the commissioner revises a statewide, standardized assessment 2491 and the revisions require the state board to modify the passing 2492 score, only students taking the assessment for the first time 2493 after the rule is adopted are affected.

2494 (f) Assessment schedules and reporting of results.-The 2495 Commissioner of Education shall establish schedules for the 2496 administration of assessments and the reporting of student 2497 assessment results. The commissioner shall consider the 2498 observance of religious and school holidays when developing the 2499 schedule. By August 1 of each year, the commissioner shall 2500 notify each school district in writing and publish on the 2501 department's website the assessment and reporting schedules for, 2502 at a minimum, the school year following the upcoming school 2503 year. The assessment and reporting schedules must provide the 2504 earliest possible reporting of student assessment results to the 2505 school districts. Assessment results for the statewide,

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2506 standardized FCAT Reading assessments, or upon implementation 2507 the ELA assessments, and FCAT Mathematics assessments, including 2508 the EOC assessments in Algebra I and Geometry, must be made 2509 available no later than the week of June 8. The administration 2510 of the statewide, standardized FCAT Writing assessment and the 2511 Florida Alternate Assessment may be no earlier than the week of 2512 March 1. School districts shall administer assessments in 2513 accordance with the schedule established by the commissioner.

2514 (q) Prohibited activities.-A district school board shall 2515 prohibit each public school from suspending a regular program of 2516 curricula for purposes of administering practice assessments or 2517 engaging in other assessment-preparation activities for a 2518 statewide, standardized assessment. However, a district school 2519 board may authorize a public school to engage in the following 2520 assessment-preparation activities:

1. Distributing to students sample assessment books and answer keys published by the Department of Education.

2. Providing individualized instruction in assessmenttaking strategies, without suspending the school's regular program of curricula, for a student who scores Level 1 or Level 2 on a prior administration of an assessment.

2527 3. Providing individualized instruction in the content knowledge and skills assessed, without suspending the school's regular program of curricula, for a student who scores Level 1 or Level 2 on a prior administration of an assessment or a student who, through a diagnostic assessment administered by the school district, is identified as having a deficiency in the 2533 content knowledge and skills assessed.

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4. Administering a practice assessment or engaging in other



assessment-preparation activities that are determined necessary to familiarize students with the organization of the assessment, the format of assessment items, and the assessment directions or that are otherwise necessary for the valid and reliable administration of the assessment, as set forth in rules adopted by the State Board of Education with specific reference to this paragraph.

2542 (h) Contracts for assessments.-The commissioner shall 2543 provide for the assessments to be developed or obtained, as 2544 appropriate, through contracts and project agreements with 2545 private vendors, public vendors, public agencies, postsecondary 2546 educational institutions, or school districts. The commissioner 2547 may enter into contracts for the continued administration of the 2548 assessments authorized and funded by the Legislature. Contracts 2549 may be initiated in 1 fiscal year and continue into the next 2550 fiscal year and may be paid from the appropriations of either or 2551 both fiscal years. The commissioner may negotiate for the sale 2552 or lease of tests, scoring protocols, test scoring services, and 2553 related materials developed pursuant to law.

2554 (7) CONCORDANT SCORES FOR 10TH GRADE FCAT READING. Until 2555 the state transitions to common core English Language Arts 2556 assessments, The Commissioner of Education must identify scores 2557 on the SAT and ACT that if achieved satisfy the graduation 2558 requirement that a student pass the grade 10 statewide, 2559 standardized 10th grade FCAT Reading assessment or, upon 2560 implementation, the grade 10 ELA assessment. The commissioner 2561 may identify concordant scores on other assessments other than 2562 the SAT and ACT as well. If the content or scoring procedures 2563 change for the grade 10 Reading assessment or, upon

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2564 <u>implementation, the grade 10 ELA assessment</u> 10th grade FCAT 2565 Reading, new concordant scores must be determined. If new 2566 concordant scores are not timely adopted, the last-adopted 2567 concordant scores remain in effect until such time as new scores 2568 are adopted. The state board shall adopt concordant scores in 2569 rule.

2570 (8) COMPARATIVE SCORES FOR END-OF-COURSE (EOC) ASSESSMENT 2571 ASSESSMENTS. - The Commissioner of Education must identify one or 2572 more comparative scores for the Algebra I EOC assessment and may 2573 identify comparative scores for the other EOC assessments. If 2574 the content or scoring procedures change for the EOC assessment 2575 assessments, new comparative scores must be determined. If new 2576 comparative scores are not timely adopted, the last-adopted 2577 comparative scores remain in effect until such time as new 2578 scores are adopted. The state board shall adopt comparative 2579 scores in rule.

2580 Section 72. Paragraph (h) of subsection (2), paragraph (a) 2581 of subsection (4), paragraph (b) of subsection (6), and 2582 paragraph (b) of subsection (7) of section 1008.25, Florida 2583 Statutes, are amended to read:

1008.25 Public school student progression; remedial instruction; reporting requirements.-

(2) COMPREHENSIVE STUDENT PROGRESSION PLAN.-Each district school board shall establish a comprehensive plan for student progression which must:

(h) Provide instructional sequences by which students in kindergarten through high school may attain progressively higher levels of skill in the use of digital tools and applications. The instructional sequences must include participation in

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2593 curricular and instructional options and the demonstration of 2594 competence of standards required pursuant to ss. 1003.41 and 2595 1003.4203 through attainment of industry certifications and 2596 other means of demonstrating credit requirements identified 2597 under ss. 1002.3105, 1003.4203, <del>1003.428,</del> and 1003.4282.

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(4) ASSESSMENT AND REMEDIATION.-

2599 (a) Each student must participate in the statewide, 2600 standardized assessment program required by s. 1008.22. Each 2601 student who does not meet specific levels of performance on the 2602 required assessments as determined by the district school board 2603 or who scores below Level 3 on the statewide, standardized Reading assessment or, upon implementation, the English Language Arts assessment or on the statewide, standardized Mathematics assessments in grades 3 through 8 and the Algebra I EOC assessment FCAT Reading or FCAT Mathematics or on the common core English Language Arts or mathematics assessments as applicable under s. 1008.22 must be provided with additional diagnostic assessments to determine the nature of the student's difficulty, the areas of academic need, and strategies for appropriate intervention and instruction as described in paragraph (b).

(6) ELIMINATION OF SOCIAL PROMOTION.-

(b) The district school board may only exempt students from mandatory retention, as provided in paragraph (5)(b), for good cause. Good cause exemptions shall be limited to the following:

1. Limited English proficient students who have had less than 2 years of instruction in an English for Speakers of Other Languages program.

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2. Students with disabilities whose individual education

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2622 plan indicates that participation in the statewide assessment 2623 program is not appropriate, consistent with the requirements of 2624 s. 1008.212 State Board of Education rule.

3. Students who demonstrate an acceptable level of 2626 performance on an alternative standardized reading or English 2627 Language Arts assessment approved by the State Board of Education.

4. A student who demonstrates through a student portfolio that he or she is performing at least at Level 2 on the statewide, standardized FCAT Reading assessment or, upon implementation, the common core English Language Arts assessment, as applicable under s. 1008.22.

5. Students with disabilities who take the statewide, standardized participate in FCAT Reading assessment or, upon implementation, the common core English Language Arts assessment, as applicable under s. 1008.22, and who have an individual education plan or a Section 504 plan that reflects that the student has received intensive remediation in reading or and English Language Arts for more than 2 years but still demonstrates a deficiency and was previously retained in kindergarten, grade 1, grade 2, or grade 3.

2643 6. Students who have received intensive remediation in 2644 reading or and English Language Arts, as applicable under s. 2645 1008.22, for 2 or more years but still demonstrate a deficiency 2646 and who were previously retained in kindergarten, grade 1, grade 2647 2, or grade 3 for a total of 2 years. Intensive instruction for 2648 students so promoted must include an altered instructional day 2649 that includes specialized diagnostic information and specific 2650 reading strategies for each student. The district school board

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2651 shall assist schools and teachers to implement reading 2652 strategies that research has shown to be successful in improving 2653 reading among low-performing readers.

2654 (7) SUCCESSFUL PROGRESSION FOR RETAINED THIRD GRADE
2655 STUDENTS.-

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(b) Each school district shall:

2657 1. Provide third grade students who are retained under the 2658 provisions of paragraph (5) (b) with intensive instructional 2659 services and supports to remediate the identified areas of 2660 reading deficiency, including participation in the school 2661 district's summer reading camp as required under paragraph (a) 2662 and a minimum of 90 minutes of daily, uninterrupted, 2663 scientifically research-based reading instruction which includes 2664 phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and 2665 comprehension and other strategies prescribed by the school 2666 district, which may include, but are not limited to:

a. Integration of science and social studies content withinthe 90-minute block.

b. Small group instruction.

c. Reduced teacher-student ratios.

d. More frequent progress monitoring.

e. Tutoring or mentoring.

2673 f. Transition classes containing 3rd and 4th grade 2674 students.

g. Extended school day, week, or year.

2676 2. Provide written notification to the parent of <u>a</u> any 2677 student who is retained under the provisions of paragraph (5)(b) 2678 that his or her child has not met the proficiency level required 2679 for promotion and the reasons the child is not eligible for a

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2680 good cause exemption as provided in paragraph (6)(b). The 2681 notification must comply with the provisions of s. 1002.20(15) 2682 and must include a description of proposed interventions and 2683 supports that will be provided to the child to remediate the 2684 identified areas of reading deficiency.

3. Implement a policy for the midyear promotion of <u>a</u> any student retained under the provisions of paragraph (5)(b) who can demonstrate that he or she is a successful and independent reader and performing at or above grade level in reading <u>or</u>, <u>upon implementation of</u> and English Language Arts <u>assessments</u>, <u>performing at or above grade level in English Language Arts</u>, as <u>applicable under s. 1008.22</u>. Tools that school districts may use in reevaluating <u>a</u> <del>any</del> student retained may include subsequent assessments, alternative assessments, and portfolio reviews, in accordance with rules of the State Board of Education.

4. Provide students who are retained under the provisions of paragraph (5)(b) with a highly effective teacher as determined by the teacher's performance evaluation under s. 1012.34.

5. Establish at each school, when applicable, an Intensive Acceleration Class for retained grade 3 students who subsequently score Level 1 on the required statewide, standardized assessment identified in s. 1008.22. The focus of the Intensive Acceleration Class shall be to increase a child's reading and English Language Arts skill level at least two grade levels in 1 school year. The Intensive Acceleration Class shall: a. Be provided to a any student in grade 3 who scores Level

1 on <u>the statewide</u>, <u>standardized</u> <del>FCAT</del> Reading <u>assessment</u> or, upon implementation, the <del>common core</del> English Language Arts

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2709 assessment, as applicable under s. 1008.22, and who was retained 2710 in grade 3 the prior year because of scoring Level 1.

b. Have a reduced teacher-student ratio.

2712 c. Provide uninterrupted reading instruction for the 2713 majority of student contact time each day and incorporate 2714 opportunities to master the grade 4 Next Generation Sunshine 2715 State Standards in other core subject areas.

d. Use a reading program that is scientifically researchbased and has proven results in accelerating student reading achievement within the same school year.

e. Provide intensive language and vocabulary instruction using a scientifically research-based program, including use of a speech-language therapist.

Section 73. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (4) and subsections (5) and (7) of section 1008.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1008.33 Authority to enforce public school improvement.- (4)

(b) Except as provided in subsection (5), The turnaround options available to a school district to address a school that earns a grade of "F" are:

2730 1. Convert the school to a district-managed turnaround 2731 school;

2732 2. Reassign students to another school and monitor the 2733 progress of each reassigned student;

2734 3. Close the school and reopen the school as one or more 2735 charter schools, each with a governing board that has a 2736 demonstrated record of effectiveness;

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4. Contract with an outside entity that has a demonstrated

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2738 record of effectiveness to operate the school; or

2739 5. Implement a hybrid of turnaround options set forth in subparagraphs 1.-4. or other turnaround models that have a 2741 demonstrated record of effectiveness.

(c) Except for schools required to implement a turnaround option pursuant to subsection  $(5)_r$  A school earning a grade of "F" shall have a planning year followed by 2 full school years to implement the initial turnaround option selected by the school district and approved by the state board. Implementation of the turnaround option is no longer required if the school improves by at least one letter grade.

(5) A school that earns a grade of "F" within 2 years after raising its grade from a grade of "F" or that earns a grade of "F" within 2 years after exiting the lowest-performing category under s. 3, chapter 2009-144, Laws of Florida, must implement one of the turnaround options in subparagraphs (4) (b) 2.-5.

(7) A school classified in the lowest-performing category under s. 3, chapter 2009-144, Laws of Florida, before July 1, 2012, is not required to continue implementing any turnaround option unless the school earns a grade of "F" or a third consecutive "D" for the 2011-2012 school year. A school earning a grade of "F" or a third consecutive "D" for the 2011-2012 school year may not restart the number of years it has been low performing by virtue of the 2012 amendments to this section.

Section 74. Section 1008.331, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 75. Subsection (2) of section 1008.3415, Florida 2765 Statutes, is amended to read:

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1008.3415 School grade or school improvement rating for

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2767 exceptional student education centers.-

(2) Notwithstanding s. 1008.34(3)(c)3., the achievement scores and learning gains of a student with a disability who attends an exceptional student education center and has not been enrolled in or attended a public school other than an exceptional student education center for grades K-12 within the school district shall not be included in the calculation of the home school's grade if the student is identified as an emergent student on the alternate assessment tool described in s.  $1008.22(3)(c) \frac{1008.22(3)(c)13}{c}$ .

Section 76. <u>Section 1008.35</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 77. Subsection (3) of section 1009.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.22 Workforce education postsecondary student fees.-

(3) (a) Except as otherwise provided by law, fees for students who are nonresidents for tuition purposes must offset the full cost of instruction. Residency of students shall be determined as required in s. 1009.21. Fee-nonexempt students enrolled in applied academics for adult education instruction shall be charged fees equal to the fees charged for adult general education programs. Each Florida College System institution that conducts developmental education and applied academics for adult education instruction in the same class section may charge a single fee for both types of instruction.

(b) Fees for continuing workforce education shall be
 locally determined by the district school board or Florida
 College System institution board <u>of trustees</u>. Expenditures for
 the continuing workforce education program provided by the
 Florida College System institution or school district must be

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2796 fully supported by fees. Enrollments in continuing workforce 2797 education courses may not be counted for purposes of funding 2798 full-time equivalent enrollment.

(c) Effective July 1, 2011, For programs leading to a 2799 2800 career certificate or an applied technology diploma, the 2801 standard tuition shall be \$2.22 per contact hour for residents 2802 and nonresidents and the out-of-state fee shall be \$6.66 per 2803 contact hour. For adult general education programs, a block 2804 tuition of \$45 per half year or \$30 per term shall be assessed 2805 for residents and nonresidents, and the out-of-state fee shall 2806 be \$135 per half year or \$90 per term. Each district school 2807 board and Florida College System institution board of trustees 2808 shall adopt policies and procedures for the collection of and 2809 accounting for the expenditure of the block tuition. All funds 2810 received from the block tuition shall be used only for adult 2811 general education programs. Students enrolled in adult general 2812 education programs may not be assessed the fees authorized in subsection (5), subsection (6), or subsection (7). 2813

(d) Beginning with the 2008-2009 fiscal year and each year 2814 2815 thereafter, The tuition and the out-of-state fee per contact 2816 hour shall increase at the beginning of each fall semester at a 2817 rate equal to inflation, unless otherwise provided in the 2818 General Appropriations Act. The Office of Economic and 2819 Demographic Research shall report the rate of inflation to the 2820 President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of 2821 Representatives, the Governor, and the State Board of Education 2822 each year prior to March 1. For purposes of this paragraph, the 2823 rate of inflation shall be defined as the rate of the 12-month 2824 percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban

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2825 Consumers, U.S. City Average, All Items, or successor reports as 2826 reported by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of 2827 Labor Statistics, or its successor for December of the previous 2828 year. In the event the percentage change is negative, the 2829 tuition and out-of-state fee shall remain at the same level as 2830 the prior fiscal year.

(e) Each district school board and each Florida College System institution board of trustees may adopt tuition and outof-state fees that may vary no more than 5 percent below <u>or</u> and 5 percent above the combined total of the standard tuition and out-of-state fees established in paragraph (c).

(f) The maximum increase in resident tuition for any school district or Florida College System institution during the 2007-2008 fiscal year shall be 5 percent over the tuition charged during the 2006-2007 fiscal year.

<u>(f)</u> (g) The State Board of Education may adopt, by rule, the definitions and procedures that district school boards and Florida College System institution boards of trustees shall use in the calculation of cost borne by students.

Section 78. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1009.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.40 General requirements for student eligibility for state financial aid awards and tuition assistance grants.-

(1) (a) The general requirements for eligibility of students for state financial aid awards and tuition assistance grants consist of the following:

2851 1. Achievement of the academic requirements of and 2852 acceptance at a state university or Florida College System 2853 institution; a nursing diploma school approved by the Florida

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Board of Nursing; a Florida college or university which is accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the State Board of Education; <u>a</u> any Florida institution the credits of which are acceptable for transfer to state universities; <u>a</u> any career center; or <u>a</u> any private career institution accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the State Board of Education.

2861 2. Residency in this state for no less than 1 year 2862 preceding the award of aid or a tuition assistance grant for a 2863 program established pursuant to s. 1009.50, s. 1009.505, s. 2864 1009.51, s. 1009.52, s. 1009.53, <del>s. 1009.56,</del> s. 1009.60, s. 2865 1009.62, s. 1009.72, s. 1009.73, s. 1009.77, s. 1009.89, or s. 2866 1009.891. Residency in this state must be for purposes other 2867 than to obtain an education. Resident status for purposes of 2868 receiving state financial aid awards shall be determined in the same manner as resident status for tuition purposes pursuant to 2869 2870 s. 1009.21.

2871 3. Submission of certification attesting to the accuracy, 2872 completeness, and correctness of information provided to 2873 demonstrate a student's eligibility to receive state financial 2874 aid awards or tuition assistance grants. Falsification of such 2875 information shall result in the denial of a any pending 2876 application and revocation of an any award or grant currently 2877 held to the extent that no further payments shall be made. 2878 Additionally, students who knowingly make false statements in 2879 order to receive state financial aid awards or tuition 2880 assistance grants commit a misdemeanor of the second degree subject to the provisions of s. 837.06 and shall be required to 2881 2882 return all state financial aid awards or tuition assistance



2883	grants wrongfully obtained.
2884	Section 79. Subsection (1) of section 1009.531, Florida
2885	Statutes, is amended to read:
2886	1009.531 Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program;
2887	student eligibility requirements for initial awards
2888	(1) Effective January 1, 2008, In order to be eligible for
2889	an initial award from any of the three types of scholarships
2890	under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program, a student
2891	must:
2892	(a) Be a Florida resident as defined in s. 1009.40 and
2893	rules of the State Board of Education.
2894	(b) Earn a standard Florida high school diploma pursuant to
2895	s. 1002.3105(5), s. 1003.4281, or s. 1003.4282 or a high school
2896	equivalency diploma its equivalent pursuant to s. 1003.428, s.
2897	<del>1003.4281, s. 1003.4282, or</del> s. 1003.435 unless:
2898	1. The student completes a home education program according
2899	to s. 1002.41; or
2900	2. The student earns a high school diploma from a non-
2901	Florida school while living with a parent or guardian who is on
2902	military or public service assignment away from Florida.
2903	(c) Be accepted by and enroll in an eligible Florida public
2904	or independent postsecondary education institution.
2905	(d) Be enrolled for at least 6 semester credit hours or the
2906	equivalent in quarter hours or clock hours.
2907	(e) Not have been found guilty of, or entered a plea of
2908	nolo contendere to, a felony charge, unless the student has been
2909	granted clemency by the Governor and Cabinet sitting as the
2910	Executive Office of Clemency.
2911	(f) Apply for a scholarship from the program by high school

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2912 graduation. However, a student who graduates from high school 2913 midyear must apply no later than August 31 of the student's 2914 graduation year in order to be evaluated for and, if eligible, 2915 receive an award for the current academic year.

2916 Section 80. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 2917 1009.532, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.532 Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program; student eligibility requirements for renewal awards.-

(3)

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2921 (c) A student who is initially eligible in the 2012-2013 2922 academic year and thereafter may receive an award for a maximum 2923 of 100 percent of the number of credit hours required to 2924 complete an associate degree program, a baccalaureate degree 2925 program, or a postsecondary career certificate program or, for a 2926 Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award, may receive an 2927 award for a maximum of 100 percent of the number of credit hours 2928 or equivalent clock hours required to complete one of the 2929 following at a Florida public or nonpublic education institution 2930 that offers these specific programs: for an applied technology 2931 diploma program as defined in s. 1004.02(7) <del>1004.02(8)</del>, up to 60 2932 credit hours or equivalent clock hours; for a technical degree 2933 education program as defined in s.  $1004.02(13) \frac{1004.02(14)}{1004.02(14)}$ , up 2934 to the number of hours required for a specific degree not to 2935 exceed 72 credit hours or equivalent clock hours; or for a 2936 career certificate program as defined in s. 1004.02(20) 2937  $\frac{1004.02(21)}{1004.02(21)}$ , up to the number of hours required for a specific 2938 certificate not to exceed 72 credit hours or equivalent clock 2939 hours. A student who transfers from one of these program levels 2940 to another program level becomes eligible for the higher of the

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2941 two credit hour limits.

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Section 81. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 1009.536, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.536 Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award.-The 2945 Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award is created within the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program to recognize and 2947 reward academic achievement and career preparation by high 2948 school students who wish to continue their education.

(4)

2950 (c) A student who is initially eligible in the 2012-2013 2951 academic year and thereafter may earn a Florida Gold Seal 2952 Vocational Scholarship for a maximum of 100 percent of the 2953 number of credit hours or equivalent clock hours required to 2954 complete one of the following at a Florida public or nonpublic education institution that offers these specific programs: for 2955 2956 an applied technology diploma program as defined in s. 2957  $1004.02(7) \frac{1004.02(8)}{1004.02(8)}$ , up to 60 credit hours or equivalent clock 2958 hours; for a technical degree education program as defined in s. 2959  $1004.02(13) \frac{1004.02(14)}{1004.02(14)}$ , up to the number of hours required for 2960 a specific degree not to exceed 72 credit hours or equivalent 2961 clock hours; or for a career certificate program as defined in 2962 s. 1004.02(20) <del>1004.02(21)</del>, up to the number of hours required 2963 for a specific certificate not to exceed 72 credit hours or equivalent clock hours. 2964

2965 Section 82. Section 1009.56, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 2966 Section 83. Section 1009.69, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 2967 Section 84. Subsection (1) of section 1009.91, Florida 2968 Statutes, is amended to read: 2969 1009.91 Assistance programs and activities of the

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2970	department
2971	(1) The department may contract for the administration of
2972	the student financial assistance programs as specifically
2973	provided in ss. 295.01, 1009.29, <del>1009.56,</del> and 1009.78.
2974	Section 85. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section
2975	1009.94, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2976	1009.94 Student financial assistance database
2977	(2) For purposes of this section, financial assistance
2978	includes:
2979	(c) Any financial assistance provided under s. 1009.50, s.
2980	1009.505, s. 1009.51, s. 1009.52, s. 1009.53, s. 1009.55, <del>s.</del>
2981	<del>1009.56,</del> s. 1009.60, s. 1009.62, s. 1009.70, s. 1009.701, s.
2982	1009.72, s. 1009.73, s. 1009.74, s. 1009.77, s. 1009.89, or s.
2983	1009.891.
2984	Section 86. Part V of chapter 1009, Florida Statutes,
2985	consisting of sections 1009.99, 1009.991, 1009.992, 1009.993,
2986	1009.994, 1009.995, 1009.996, 1009.9965, 1009.997, 1009.9975,
2987	1009.9976, 1009.9977, 1009.9978, 1009.9979, 1009.998, 1009.9981,
2988	1009.9982, 1009.9983, 1009.9984, 1009.9985, 1009.9986,
2989	1009.9987, 1009.9988, 1009.9989, 1009.9990, 1009.9991,
2990	1009.9992, 1009.9993, and 1009.9994, is repealed.
2991	Section 87. Paragraph (b) of subsection (13) of section
2992	1011.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2993	1011.62 Funds for operation of schoolsIf the annual
2994	allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each
2995	district for operation of schools is not determined in the
2996	annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing
2997	the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as
2998	follows:

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(13) TOTAL ALLOCATION OF STATE FUNDS TO EACH DISTRICT FOR CURRENT OPERATION.—The total annual state allocation to each district for current operation for the FEFP shall be distributed periodically in the manner prescribed in the General Appropriations Act.

(b) The amount thus obtained shall be the net annual allocation to each school district. However, if it is determined that any school district received an underallocation or overallocation for any prior year because of an arithmetical error, assessment roll change required by final judicial decision, full-time equivalent student membership error, or any allocation error revealed in an audit report, the allocation to that district shall be appropriately adjusted. Beginning with audits for the 2001-2002 fiscal year, if the adjustment is the result of an audit finding in which group 2 FTE are reclassified to the basic program and the district weighted FTE are over the weighted enrollment ceiling for group 2 programs, the adjustment shall not result in a gain of state funds to the district. Beginning with the 2011-2012 fiscal year, if a special program cost factor is less than the basic program cost factor, an audit adjustment may not result in the reclassification of the special program FTE to the basic program FTE. If the Department of Education audit adjustment recommendation is based upon controverted findings of fact, the Commissioner of Education is authorized to establish the amount of the adjustment based on the best interests of the state.

3025Section 88. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (3) of3026section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, are repealed.3027Section 89. Subsection (4) of section 1011.76, Florida

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3028	Statutes, is repealed.
3029	Section 90. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
3030	1011.80, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3031	1011.80 Funds for operation of workforce education
3032	programs
3033	(1) As used in this section, the terms "workforce
3034	education" and "workforce education program" include:
3035	(b) Career certificate programs, as defined in s.
3036	$\frac{1004.02(20)}{1004.02(21)}$
3037	Section 91. Paragraphs (b), (f), (j), (m), and (p) of
3038	subsection (2) and subsection (6) of section 1012.05, Florida
3039	Statutes, are amended to read:
3040	1012.05 Teacher recruitment and retention
3041	(2) The Department of Education shall:
3042	(b) Advertise in major newspapers, national professional
3043	publications, and other professional publications and in public
3044	and nonpublic postsecondary educational institutions, if needed.
3045	(f) Develop and distribute promotional materials related to
3046	teaching as a career, if needed.
3047	(j) Develop, in consultation with school district staff
3048	including, but not limited to, district school superintendents,
3049	district school board members, and district human resources
3050	personnel, a long-range plan for educator recruitment and
3051	retention.
3052	(m) Develop and implement a First Response Center to
3053	provide educator candidates one-stop shopping for information on
3054	teaching careers in Florida and establish the Teacher Lifeline
3055	Network to provide online support to beginning teachers and
3056	those needing assistance.

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General Appropriations Act and legislation that affects

(n) (p) Notify each teacher, via e-mail, of each item in the

3059 teachers, including, but not limited to, the Excellent Teaching 3060 Program, the Florida Teachers Classroom Supply Assistance 3061 Program, liability insurance protection for teachers, death 3062 benefits for teachers, substantive legislation, rules of the State Board of Education, and issues concerning student 3063 3064 achievement. 3065 (6) The Commissioner of Education shall take steps that 3066 provide flexibility and consistency in meeting the highly 3067 qualified teacher criteria as defined in the No Child Left 3068 Behind Act of 2001 through a High, Objective, Uniform State 3069 Standard of Evaluation (HOUSSE). 3070 Section 92. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 3071 1012.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3072 1012.22 Public school personnel; powers and duties of the 3073 district school board.-The district school board shall: 3074 (1) Designate positions to be filled, prescribe 3075 qualifications for those positions, and provide for the 3076 appointment, compensation, promotion, suspension, and dismissal 3077 of employees as follows, subject to the requirements of this 3078 chapter: 3079 (b) Time to act on nominations.-The district school board 3080 shall act no not later than 3 weeks following the receipt of 3081 statewide, standardized assessment scores and data under s. 3082 1008.22 and, including school grades, or June 30, whichever is 3083 later, on the district school superintendent's nominations of 3084 supervisors, principals, and members of the instructional staff. Section 93. Subsection (9) of section 1012.33, Florida 3085

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Statutes, is repealed.

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3087 Section 94. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1), paragraph (a) 3088 of subsection (3), and subsection (6) of section 1012.34, 3089 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

> 1012.34 Personnel evaluation procedures and criteria.-(1) EVALUATION SYSTEM APPROVAL AND REPORTING.-

(b) The department must approve each school district's instructional personnel and school administrator evaluation systems. The department shall monitor each district's implementation of its instructional personnel and school administrator evaluation systems for compliance with the requirements of this section <u>and s. 1012.3401</u>.

3098 (3) EVALUATION PROCEDURES AND CRITERIA.-Instructional 3099 personnel and school administrator performance evaluations must 3100 be based upon the performance of students assigned to their 3101 classrooms or schools, as provided in this section. Pursuant to 3102 this section, a school district's performance evaluation is not 3103 limited to basing unsatisfactory performance of instructional 3104 personnel and school administrators solely upon student 3105 performance, but may include other criteria approved to evaluate 3106 instructional personnel and school administrators' performance, 3107 or any combination of student performance and other approved 3108 criteria. Evaluation procedures and criteria must comply with, 3109 but are not limited to, the following:

(a) A performance evaluation must be conducted for each employee at least once a year, except that a classroom teacher, as defined in s. 1012.01(2)(a), excluding substitute teachers, who is newly hired by the district school board must be observed and evaluated at least twice in the first year of teaching in
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3115 the school district. The performance evaluation must be based 3116 upon sound educational principles and contemporary research in 3117 effective educational practices. The evaluation criteria must 3118 include:

3119 1. Performance of students.-At least 50 percent of a 3120 performance evaluation must be based upon data and indicators of 3121 student learning growth assessed annually by statewide 3122 assessments or, for subjects and grade levels not measured by 3123 statewide assessments, by school district assessments as 3124 provided in s. 1008.22(6) <del>1008.22(8)</del>. Each school district must 3125 use the formula adopted pursuant to paragraph (7)(a) for 3126 measuring student learning growth in all courses associated with 3127 statewide assessments and must select an equally appropriate 3128 formula for measuring student learning growth for all other 3129 grades and subjects, except as otherwise provided in subsection 3130 (7).

3131 a. For classroom teachers, as defined in s. 1012.01(2)(a), 3132 excluding substitute teachers, the student learning growth 3133 portion of the evaluation must include growth data for students 3134 assigned to the teacher over the course of at least 3 years. If 3135 less than 3 years of data are available, the years for which 3136 data are available must be used and the percentage of the 3137 evaluation based upon student learning growth may be reduced to 3138 not less than 40 percent.

3139 b. For instructional personnel who are not classroom 3140 teachers, the student learning growth portion of the evaluation 3141 must include growth data on statewide assessments for students 3142 assigned to the instructional personnel over the course of at 3143 least 3 years, or may include a combination of student learning

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3144 growth data and other measurable student outcomes that are 3145 specific to the assigned position, provided that the student 3146 learning growth data accounts for not less than 30 percent of 3147 the evaluation. If less than 3 years of student growth data are 3148 available, the years for which data are available must be used 3149 and the percentage of the evaluation based upon student learning 3150 growth may be reduced to not less than 20 percent.

3151 c. For school administrators, the student learning growth 3152 portion of the evaluation must include growth data for students 3153 assigned to the school over the course of at least 3 years. If 3154 less than 3 years of data are available, the years for which 3155 data are available must be used and the percentage of the 3156 evaluation based upon student learning growth may be reduced to 3157 not less than 40 percent.

3158 2. Instructional practice.-Evaluation criteria used when 3159 annually observing classroom teachers, as defined in s. 3160 1012.01(2)(a), excluding substitute teachers, must include 3161 indicators based upon each of the Florida Educator Accomplished 3162 Practices adopted by the State Board of Education. For 3163 instructional personnel who are not classroom teachers, 3164 evaluation criteria must be based upon indicators of the Florida 3165 Educator Accomplished Practices and may include specific job 3166 expectations related to student support.

3167 3. Instructional leadership.—For school administrators, 3168 evaluation criteria must include indicators based upon each of 3169 the leadership standards adopted by the State Board of Education 3170 under s. 1012.986, including performance measures related to the 3171 effectiveness of classroom teachers in the school, the 3172 administrator's appropriate use of evaluation criteria and

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3173 procedures, recruitment and retention of effective and highly 3174 effective classroom teachers, improvement in the percentage of 3175 instructional personnel evaluated at the highly effective or 3176 effective level, and other leadership practices that result in 3177 student learning growth. The system may include a means to give 3178 parents and instructional personnel an opportunity to provide 3179 input into the administrator's performance evaluation.

4. Professional and job responsibilities.—For instructional personnel and school administrators, other professional and job responsibilities must be included as adopted by the State Board of Education. The district school board may identify additional professional and job responsibilities.

(6) ANNUAL REVIEW OF AND REVISIONS TO THE SCHOOL DISTRICT 3185 3186 EVALUATION SYSTEMS.-The district school board shall establish a 3187 procedure for annually reviewing instructional personnel and 3188 school administrator evaluation systems to determine compliance with this section and s. 1012.3401. All substantial revisions to 3189 3190 an approved system must be reviewed and approved by the district 3191 school board before being used to evaluate instructional 3192 personnel or school administrators. Upon request by a school 3193 district, the department shall provide assistance in developing, 3194 improving, or reviewing an evaluation system.

Section 95. Section 1012.44, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

3197 1012.44 Qualifications for certain persons providing 3198 speech-language services.—The State Board of Education shall 3199 adopt rules for speech-language services to school districts 3200 that qualify for the sparsity supplement as described in s. 3201 1011.62(7). These services may be provided by baccalaureate



3202 degree level persons for a period of 3 years. The rules shall 3203 authorize the delivery of speech-language services by 3204 baccalaureate degree level persons under the direction of a 3205 certified speech-language pathologist with a master's degree or 3206 higher. By October 1, 2003, these rules shall be reviewed by the State Board of Education. 3207 Section 96. Section 1012.561, Florida Statutes, is amended 3208 3209 to read: 3210 1012.561 Address of record.-Each certified educator or 3211 applicant for certification is solely responsible for 3212 maintaining his or her current address with the Department of 3213 Education and for notifying the department in writing of a 3214 change of address. By January 1, 2005, each educator and 3215 applicant for certification must have on file with the 3216 department a current mailing address. Thereafter, A certified 3217 educator or applicant for certification who is employed by a 3218 district school board shall notify his or her employing school 3219 district within 10 days after a change of address. At a minimum, 3220 the employing district school board shall notify the department monthly of the addresses of the certified educators or 3221 3222 applicants for certification in the manner prescribed by the 3223 department. A certified educator or applicant for certification 3224 who is not employed by a district school board shall personally 3225 notify the department in writing within 30 days after a change 3226 of address. The department shall permit electronic notification; 3227 however, it is the responsibility of the certified educator or 3228 applicant for certification to ensure that the department has 3229 received the electronic notification.

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Section 97. Section 1012.595, Florida Statutes, is

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3231 repealed. Section 98. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 3232 3233 1012.885, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 3234 1012.885 Remuneration of Florida College System institution 3235 presidents; limitations.-3236 (2) LIMITATION ON COMPENSATION.-Notwithstanding any other 3237 law, resolution, or rule to the contrary, a Florida College System institution president may not receive more than \$225,000 3238 3239 in remuneration annually from appropriated state funds. Only compensation, as defined in s. 121.021(22), provided to a 3240 3241 Florida College System institution president may be used in 3242 calculating benefits under chapter 121. 3243 (2) (3) EXCEPTIONS.-This section does not prohibit a any 3244 party from providing cash or cash-equivalent compensation from 3245 funds that are not appropriated state funds to a Florida College 3246 System institution president in excess of the limit in 3247 subsection (3) (2). If a party is unable or unwilling to fulfill 3248 an obligation to provide cash or cash-equivalent compensation to 3249 a Florida College System institution president as permitted 3250 under this subsection, appropriated state funds may not be used 3251 to fulfill such obligation. 3252 (3) (4) LIMITATION ON REMUNERATION.-Notwithstanding a law, 3253 resolution, or rule to the contrary the provisions of this 3254 section, a Florida College System institution president may not

3256 state funds. Only compensation, as defined in s. 121.021(22), 3257 provided to a Florida College System institution president may 3258 be used in calculating benefits under chapter 121.

receive more than \$200,000 in remuneration from appropriated

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Section 99. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section

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3260 1012.975, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 3261 1012.975 Remuneration of state university presidents; 3262 limitations.-

(2) LIMITATION ON COMPENSATION.—Notwithstanding any other law, resolution, or rule to the contrary, a state university president may not receive more than \$225,000 in remuneration annually from public funds. Only compensation, as such term is defined in s. 121.021(22), provided to a state university president may be used in calculating benefits under chapter 121.

(2)(3) EXCEPTIONS.—This section does not prohibit <u>a</u> any party from providing cash or cash-equivalent compensation from funds that are not public funds to a state university president in excess of the limit in subsection (3) (2). If a party is unable or unwilling to fulfill an obligation to provide cash or cash-equivalent compensation to a state university president as permitted under this subsection, public funds may not be used to fulfill such obligation.

(3) (4) LIMITATION ON REMUNERATION.—Notwithstanding <u>a law</u>, resolution, or rule to the contrary the provisions of this section, a state university president may not receive more than \$200,000 in remuneration from public funds. Only compensation, as defined in s. 121.021(22), provided to a state university president may be used in calculating benefits under chapter 121.

Section 100. Subsection (12) of section 1012.98, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.98 School Community Professional Development Act.-

(12) The department shall require teachers in grades K-12 1-12 to participate in continuing education training provided by the Department of Children and Family Services on identifying

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3289	and reporting child abuse and neglect.
3290	Section 101. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section
3291	1013.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3292	1013.35 School district educational facilities plan;
3293	definitions; preparation, adoption, and amendment; long-term
3294	work programs
3295	(2) PREPARATION OF TENTATIVE DISTRICT EDUCATIONAL
3296	FACILITIES PLAN
3297	(f) Not less than once every 5 years, the district school
3298	board shall have an a financial management and performance audit
3299	conducted of the district's educational planning and
3300	construction activities <del>of the district</del> . An <u>operational</u> audit
3301	conducted by the Office of Program Policy Analysis and
3302	Government Accountability and the Auditor General pursuant to s.
3303	11.45 1008.35 satisfies this requirement.
3304	Section 102. Section 1013.47, Florida Statutes, is amended
3305	to read:
3306	1013.47 Substance of contract; contractors to give bond;
3307	penaltiesEach board shall develop contracts consistent with
3308	this chapter and statutes governing public facilities. Such a
3309	contract must contain the drawings and specifications of the
3310	work to be done and the material to be furnished, the time limit
3311	in which the construction is to be completed, the time and
3312	method by which payments are to be made upon the contract, and
3313	the penalty to be paid by the contractor for $\underline{a}$ any failure to
3314	comply with the terms of the contract. The board may require the
3315	contractor to pay a penalty for any failure to comply with the
3316	terms of the contract and may provide an incentive for early
3317	completion. Upon accepting a satisfactory bid, the board shall

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3318 enter into a contract with the party or parties whose bid has 3319 been accepted. The contractor shall furnish the board with a performance and payment bond as set forth in s. 255.05. A board 3320 3321 or other public entity may not require a contractor to secure a 3322 surety bond under s. 255.05 from a specific agent or bonding 3323 company. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if 25 percent or more of the costs of any construction project is 3324 3325 paid out of a trust fund established pursuant to 31 U.S.C. s. 3326 1243(a)(1), laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or 3327 subcontractors on such construction will be paid wages not less 3328 than those prevailing on similar construction projects in the 3329 locality, as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance 3330 with the Davis-Bacon Act, as amended. A person, firm, or 3331 corporation that constructs any part of any educational plant, 3332 or addition thereto, on the basis of any unapproved plans or in 3333 violation of any plans approved in accordance with the 3334 provisions of this chapter and rules of the State Board of 3335 Education or regulations of the Board of Governors relating to 3336 building standards or specifications is subject to forfeiture of 3337 the surety bond and unpaid compensation in an amount sufficient 3338 to reimburse the board for any costs that will need to be 3339 incurred in making any changes necessary to assure that all 3340 requirements are met and is also guilty of a misdemeanor of the 3341 second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 3342 775.083, for each separate violation.

3343Section 103. Section 1013.49, Florida Statutes, is3344repealed.

3345Section 104.Section 1013.512, Florida Statutes, is3346repealed.

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3347	Section 105. Section 20 of chapter 2010-24, Laws of
3348	Florida, is repealed.
3349	Section 106. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
3350	law.
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3353	And the title is amended as follows:
3354	Delete everything before the enacting clause
3355	and insert:
3356	A bill to be entitled
3357	An act relating to education; amending s. 11.45, F.S.;
3358	requiring the Auditor General to notify the
3359	Legislative Auditing Committee if a district school
3360	board fails to take corrective action subsequent to an
3361	audit; amending s. 120.74, F.S.; exempting educational
3362	units from rule review and reporting requirements;
3363	amending s. 120.81, F.S.; conforming cross-references;
3364	amending s. 409.1451, F.S.; conforming cross-
3365	references; amending s. 496.404, F.S.; conforming
3366	cross-references; amending s. 775.215, F.S.;
3367	conforming cross-references; amending s. 984.151,
3368	F.S.; authorizing a district school superintendent's
3369	designee to submit a truancy petition; repealing s.
3370	1000.01(5), F.S., relating to obsolete education
3371	governance transfers; amending s. 1000.21, F.S.;
3372	revising the definition of the term "Next Generation
3373	Sunshine State Standards"; repealing ss. 1000.33 and
3374	1000.37, F.S., relating to the distribution of copies
3375	of educational compacts to other states; amending s.

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3376 1001.10, F.S.; deleting and revising certain duties of 3377 the Commissioner of Education relating to educational 3378 plans and programs; repealing s. 1001.25, F.S, 3379 relating to educational television; amending s. 3380 1001.26, F.S.; revising Department of Education duties 3381 relating to the public broadcasting program system; 3382 prohibiting the use of educational television stations 3383 for the advancement of political candidates; providing 3384 penalties; amending s. 1001.34, F.S.; establishing a 3385 process for modifying the membership of a district 3386 school board; providing for a referendum; repealing 3387 ss. 1001.47(7) and 1001.50(6), F.S., relating to 3388 obsolete district school superintendent salary 3389 provisions; repealing s. 1001.62, F.S., relating to 3390 obsolete provisions for the transfer of benefits 3391 arising under local or special acts; repealing s. 3392 1001.73(3), F.S., relating to the abolished Board of 3393 Regents as trustee; amending s. 1002.20, F.S.; 3394 correcting cross-references and conforming provisions; 3395 amending s. 1002.31, F.S.; revising provisions 3396 relating to school district controlled open enrollment 3397 plans; amending s. 1002.3105, F.S.; conforming 3398 provisions; amending s. 1002.321, F.S.; conforming 3399 provisions; amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; deleting 3400 required training before charter school application; 3401 conforming cross-references and provisions; amending 3402 s. 1002.34, F.S.; conforming cross-references; 3403 revising provisions relating to department assistance 3404 to charter technical career centers; amending s.

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3405 1002.345, F.S.; revising provisions relating to 3406 expedited review of deteriorating financial conditions 3407 for a charter school or charter technical career 3408 center; deleting an annual reporting requirement; 3409 amending s. 1002.39, F.S.; deleting obsolete 3410 provisions relating to eligibility for a John M. McKay Scholarship; amending s. 1002.41, F.S.; correcting 3411 3412 cross-references; repealing s. 1002.415, F.S., 3413 relating to the K-8 Virtual School Program; amending 3414 s. 1002.45, F.S.; conforming cross-references; 3415 amending s. 1002.455, F.S.; conforming provisions; 3416 repealing s. 1002.65, F.S., relating to aspirational 3417 goals for credentials of prekindergarten instructors; 3418 amending s. 1003.01, F.S.; conforming crossreferences; amending s. 1003.02, F.S.; requiring 3419 instructional materials to be consistent with course 3420 descriptions; amending s. 1003.03, F.S.; conforming 3421 3422 cross-references; amending s. 1003.41, F.S.; deleting 3423 an obsolete cost analysis requirement relating to a 3424 separate financial literacy course; amending s. 3425 1003.4156, F.S.; revising course and assessment 3426 requirements for middle grades students for promotion 3427 to high school; providing an exemption for transfer 3428 students from certain course grade and assessment 3429 requirements; repealing s. 1003.428, F.S., relating to 3430 obsolete requirements for high school graduation; 3431 amending s. 1003.4281, F.S.; conforming cross-3432 references; amending s. 1003.4282, F.S.; revising 3433 course and assessment requirements for the award of a

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3434 standard high school diploma; providing requirements 3435 for a student in an adult general education program to 3436 be awarded a standard high school diploma; revising 3437 requirements for award of a certificate of completion; 3438 providing an exemption for transfer students from 3439 certain course grade and assessment requirements; 3440 providing specificity regarding course and assessment 3441 requirements for graduation for certain cohorts of 3442 high school students transitioning to new graduation 3443 requirements; providing for future repeal of 3444 transition requirements; amending s. 1003.4285, F.S.; 3445 revising requirements for standard high school diploma 3446 designations; amending s. 1003.438, F.S.; conforming 3447 cross-references; repealing s. 1003.451(5), F.S., 3448 relating to State Board of Education rulemaking; 3449 amending s. 1003.49, F.S.; conforming cross-3450 references; amending s. 1003.493, F.S.; conforming a 3451 cross-reference; amending s. 1003.4935, F.S.; 3452 conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 1003.57, F.S., relating to exceptional student instruction; 3453 3454 amending s. 1003.621, F.S.; revising audit criteria 3455 for academically high-performing school districts; 3456 repealing s. 1004.02(4), F.S., relating to the 3457 definition of the term "adult high school credit 3458 program"; amending s. 1004.0961, F.S.; providing for 3459 Board of Governors regulations; repealing s. 3460 1004.3825, F.S., relating to authorization for a medical degree program; repealing s. 1004.387, F.S., 3461 relating to authorization for a pharmacy degree 3462

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3463 program; repealing s. 1004.445(2), F.S., relating to 3464 the board of directors of the Johnnie B. Byrd, Sr. Alzheimer's Center and Research Institute; repealing 3465 s. 1004.75, F.S., relating to training school 3466 3467 consolidation pilot projects; amending s. 1004.935, 3468 F.S.; revising the effective date of the Adults with 3469 Disabilities Workforce Education Pilot Program; 3470 increasing the age limitation for a program 3471 participant; conforming cross-references; repealing s. 3472 1006.141, F.S., relating to a statewide school safety 3473 hotline; amending s. 1006.147, F.S.; deleting obsolete 3474 provisions relating to school district bullying and 3475 harassment policies; repealing s. 1006.148(2), F.S., 3476 relating to a department-developed model dating 3477 violence and abuse policy; amending s. 1006.15, F.S.; 3478 conforming cross-references; amending s. 1006.28, 3479 F.S.; conforming provisions relating to instructional 3480 materials; amending s. 1006.31, F.S.; conforming 3481 provisions relating to duties of an instructional 3482 materials reviewer; amending s. 1006.34, F.S.; 3483 revising provisions relating to standards used in the 3484 selection of instructional materials; amending s. 3485 1006.40, F.S.; revising provisions relating to 3486 district school board purchase of instructional 3487 materials; amending s. 1006.42, F.S.; conforming 3488 provisions relating to the responsibility of parents 3489 for instructional materials; amending s. 1007.02, 3490 F.S.; deleting a popular name and providing 3491 applicability for the term "student with a

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3492 disability"; amending s. 1007.2615, F.S.; deleting 3493 obsolete provisions relating to an American Sign Language task force; amending s. 1007.263, F.S.; 3494 3495 conforming cross-references; amending ss. 1007.264 and 3496 1007.265, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 3497 1007.271, F.S.; correcting cross-references; amending 3498 s. 1008.22, F.S.; conforming and revising provisions 3499 relating to the implementation of statewide, 3500 standardized comprehensive assessments, end-of-course 3501 assessments, and waivers for students with 3502 disabilities; requiring the commissioner to publish an 3503 implementation schedule for transition to new 3504 assessments; conforming provisions relating to 3505 concordant scores and comparative scores for 3506 assessments; amending s. 1008.25, F.S.; conforming 3507 assessment provisions for student progression; 3508 amending s. 1008.33, F.S.; deleting obsolete 3509 provisions relating to implementation of certain 3510 school turnaround options; repealing s. 1008.331, 3511 F.S., relating to supplemental educational services in 3512 Title I schools; amending s. 1008.3415, F.S.; 3513 correcting a cross-reference; repealing s. 1008.35, 3514 F.S., relating to best financial management practices 3515 for school districts; amending s. 1009.22, F.S.; 3516 deleting obsolete provisions relating to workforce 3517 education postsecondary student fees; amending s. 3518 1009.40, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending 3519 s. 1009.531, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 1009.532, F.S.; correcting cross-3520

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3521 references; amending s. 1009.536, F.S.; correcting 3522 cross-references; repealing s. 1009.56, F.S., relating 3523 to the Seminole and Miccosukee Indian Scholarship 3524 Program; repealing s. 1009.69, F.S., relating to the 3525 Virgil Hawkins Fellows Assistance Program; amending s. 3526 1009.91, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending 3527 s. 1009.94, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; 3528 repealing part V of chapter 1009, F.S., relating to 3529 the Florida Higher Education Loan Authority; amending 3530 s. 1011.62, F.S.; deleting an obsolete provision; 3531 repealing s. 1011.71(3)(b) and (c), F.S., relating to 3532 expired authorization for certain millage levy; 3533 repealing s. 1011.76(4), F.S., relating to best 3534 financial management practices review under the Small 3535 School District Stabilization Program; amending s. 3536 1011.80, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference; amending 3537 s. 1012.05, F.S.; deleting department and commissioner 3538 duties relating to teacher recruitment and retention; 3539 amending s. 1012.22, F.S.; conforming provisions; 3540 repealing s. 1012.33(9), F.S., relating to obsolete 3541 provisions for payment of professional service contracts; amending s. 1012.34, F.S.; correcting 3542 3543 cross-references relating to measuring student 3544 performance in personnel evaluations; amending s. 3545 1012.44, F.S.; deleting obsolete provisions; amending 3546 s. 1012.561, F.S.; deleting an obsolete provision; 3547 repealing s. 1012.595, F.S., relating to an obsolete 3548 saving clause for educator certificates; amending s. 1012.885, F.S.; deleting certain provisions relating 3549

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3550 to remuneration of Florida College System institution 3551 presidents; amending s. 1012.975, F.S.; deleting certain provisions relating to remuneration of state 3552 3553 university presidents; amending s. 1012.98, F.S.; 3554 requiring continuing education training for 3555 kindergarten teachers; amending s. 1013.35, F.S.; 3556 revising audit requirements for school district 3557 educational planning and construction activities; amending s. 1013.47, F.S.; deleting provisions 3558 3559 relating to payment of wages of certain persons 3560 employed by contractors; repealing s. 1013.49, F.S., 3561 relating to toxic substances in educational 3562 facilities; repealing s. 1013.512, F.S., relating to 3563 the Land Acquisition and Facilities Advisory Board; 3564 repealing s. 20 of chapter 2010-24, Laws of Florida, 3565 relating to Department of Revenue authorization to 3566 adopt emergency rules; providing an effective date.