1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to public records; amending s. 3 501.171, F.S.; providing an exemption from public records requirements for information received by the 4 5 Department of Legal Affairs pursuant to a notice of a 6 data breach or pursuant to certain investigations; 7 authorizing disclosure under certain circumstances; 8 defining the term "proprietary business information"; 9 providing for future legislative review and repeal of the exemption; providing a statement of public 10 11 necessity; providing a contingent effective date. 12 13 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 14 15 Section 1. Subsection (11) is added to section 501.171, Florida Statutes, as created by HB 7085, 2014 Regular Session, 16 17 to read: 501.171 Security of confidential personal information.-18 19 (11) PUBLIC RECORDS EXEMPTION.— 20 All information received by the department pursuant to 21 a notification required by this section, or received by the 22 department pursuant to an investigation by the department or a 23 law enforcement agency, is confidential and exempt from s. 24 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution until 25 such time as the investigation is completed or ceases to be active. This exemption shall be construed in conformity with s. 26

Page 1 of 6

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

27	119.071(2)(c).
28	(b) During an active investigation, information made
29	confidential and exempt pursuant to paragraph (a) may be
30	disclosed by the department:
31	1. In the furtherance of its official duties and
32	responsibilities;
33	2. For print, publication, or broadcast if the department
34	determines that such release would assist in notifying the
35	public or locating or identifying a person that the department
36	believes to be a victim of a data breach or improper disposal of
37	customer records; or
38	3. To another governmental entity in the furtherance of
39	its official duties and responsibilities.
40	(c) Upon completion of an investigation or once an
41	investigation ceases to be active, the following information
42	received by the department shall remain confidential and exempt
43	from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State
44	Constitution:
45	1. All information to which another public records
46	exemption applies.
47	2. Personal information.
48	3. A computer forensic report.
49	4. Information that would otherwise reveal weaknesses in a
50	<pre>covered entity's data security.</pre>
51	5. Information that would disclose a covered entity's

Page 2 of 6

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

proprietary business information.

(d) For purposes of this subsection, the term "proprietary business information" means information that:

- 1. Is owned or controlled by the covered entity.
- 2. Is intended to be private and is treated by the covered entity as private because disclosure would harm the covered entity or its business operations.
- 3. Has not been disclosed except as required by law or by a private agreement that provides that the information will not be released to the public.
- 4. Is not publicly available or otherwise readily ascertainable through proper means from another source in the same configuration as received by the department.
 - 5. Includes:

- a. Trade secrets as defined in s. 688.002.
- b. Competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of the covered entity who is the subject of the information.
- (e) This subsection is subject to the Open Government
 Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand
 repealed on October 2, 2019, unless reviewed and saved from
 repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
- Section 2. The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity that all information received by the Department of Legal Affairs pursuant to a notification of a violation of s. 501.171, Florida Statutes, or received by the department pursuant to an investigation by the department or a law

Page 3 of 6

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

enforcement agency, be made confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution for the following reasons:

- (1) A notification of a violation of s. 501.171, Florida
 Statutes, is likely to result in an investigation of such
 violation because a data breach is likely the result of criminal
 activity that may lead to further criminal activity. The
 premature release of such information could frustrate or thwart
 the investigation and impair the ability of the Department of
 Legal Affairs to effectively and efficiently administer s.
 501.171, Florida Statutes. In addition, release of such
 information before completion of an active investigation could
 jeopardize the ongoing investigation.
- (2) The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity to continue to protect from public disclosure all information to which another public record exemption applies once an investigation is completed or ceases to be active. Release of such information by the Department of Legal Affairs would undermine the specific statutory exemption protecting that information.
- (3) An investigation of a data breach or improper disposal of customer records is likely to result in the gathering of sensitive personal information, including social security numbers, identification numbers, and personal financial and health information. Such information could be used for the purpose of identity theft. In addition, release of such

Page 4 of 6

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

information could subject possible victims of the data breach or improper disposal of customer records to further financial harm. Furthermore, matters of personal health are traditionally private and confidential concerns between the patient and the health care provider. The private and confidential nature of personal health matters pervades both the public and private health care sectors.

- information that would otherwise reveal weaknesses in a covered entity's data security could compromise the future security of that entity, or other entities, if such information were available upon conclusion of an investigation or once an investigation ceased to be active. The release of such report or information could compromise the security of current entities and make those entities susceptible to future data breaches.

 Release of such report or information could result in the identification of vulnerabilities and further breaches of that system.
- (5) Notices received by the Department of Legal Affairs and information received during an investigation of a data breach are likely to contain proprietary business information, including trade secrets, about the security of the breached system. The release of the proprietary business information could result in the identification of vulnerabilities and further breaches of that system. In addition, a trade secret derives independent, economic value, actual or potential, from

being generally unknown to, and not readily ascertainable by,
other persons who might obtain economic value from its
disclosure or use. Allowing public access to proprietary
business information, including a trade secret, through a public
records request could destroy the value of the proprietary
business information and cause a financial loss to the covered
entity submitting the information. Release of such information
could give business competitors an unfair advantage and weaken
the position of the entity supplying the proprietary business
information in the marketplace.

Section 3. This act shall take effect on the same date

Section 3. This act shall take effect on the same date that HB 7085 or similar legislation takes effect, if such legislation is adopted in the same legislative session or an extension thereof and becomes a law.