Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. CS/HB 7105, 1st Eng.

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LEGISLATIVE ACTION .

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04/30/2014 11:23 AM

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House

Senator Grimsley moved the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 1104 and 1105

insert:

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Section 27. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 409.967, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.967 Managed care plan accountability.-

(2) The agency shall establish such contract requirements 9 as are necessary for the operation of the statewide managed care 10 program. In addition to any other provisions the agency may deem 11 necessary, the contract must require:

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. CS/HB 7105, 1st Eng.



(c) Access.-

12

13 1. The agency shall establish specific standards for the number, type, and regional distribution of providers in managed 14 15 care plan networks to ensure access to care for both adults and children. Each plan must maintain a regionwide network of 16 providers in sufficient numbers to meet the access standards for 17 18 specific medical services for all recipients enrolled in the 19 plan. The exclusive use of mail-order pharmacies may not be 20 sufficient to meet network access standards. Consistent with the 21 standards established by the agency, provider networks may 22 include providers located outside the region. A plan may 23 contract with a new hospital facility before the date the 24 hospital becomes operational if the hospital has commenced 25 construction, will be licensed and operational by January 1, 26 2013, and a final order has issued in any civil or 27 administrative challenge. Each plan shall establish and maintain 28 an accurate and complete electronic database of contracted 29 providers, including information about licensure or 30 registration, locations and hours of operation, specialty 31 credentials and other certifications, specific performance 32 indicators, and such other information as the agency deems 33 necessary. The database must be available online to both the 34 agency and the public and have the capability of comparing to 35 compare the availability of providers to network adequacy 36 standards and to accept and display feedback from each 37 provider's patients. Each plan shall submit quarterly reports to 38 the agency identifying the number of enrollees assigned to each 39 primary care provider.

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2. If establishing a prescribed drug formulary or preferred

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. CS/HB 7105, 1st Eng.



drug list, a managed care plan shall: 41 42 a. Provide a broad range of therapeutic options for the 43 treatment of disease states which are consistent with the general needs of an outpatient population. If feasible, the 44 45 formulary or preferred drug list must include at least two 46 products in a therapeutic class. 47 b. Each managed care plan must Publish the any prescribed drug formulary or preferred drug list on the plan's website in a 48 49 manner that is accessible to and searchable by enrollees and 50 providers. The plan shall must update the list within 24 hours 51 after making a change. Each plan must ensure that the prior 52 authorization process for prescribed drugs is readily accessible to health care providers, including posting appropriate contact 53 54 information on its website and providing timely responses to 55 providers. 56 3. For enrollees Medicaid recipients diagnosed with 57 hemophilia who have been prescribed anti-hemophilic-factor 58 replacement products, the agency shall provide for those 59 products and hemophilia overlay services through the agency's 60 hemophilia disease management program. 61 3. Managed care plans, and their fiscal agents or 62 intermediaries, must accept prior authorization requests for any 63 service electronically. 64 4. Notwithstanding any other law, in order to establish 65 uniformity in the submission of prior authorization forms, effective January 1, 2015, a managed care plan shall use a 66 67 single standardized form for obtaining prior authorization for a medical procedure, course of treatment, or prescription drug 68 69 benefit. The form may not exceed two pages in length, excluding

Page 3 of 14

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. CS/HB 7105, 1st Eng.



70	any instructions or guiding documentation.
71	a. The managed care plan shall make the form available
72	electronically and online to practitioners. The prescribing
73	provider may electronically submit the completed prior
74	authorization form to the managed care plan.
75	b. If the managed care plan contracts with a pharmacy
76	benefits manager to perform prior authorization services for a
77	medical procedure, course of treatment, or prescription drug
78	benefit, the pharmacy benefits manager must use and accept the
79	standardized prior authorization form.
80	c. A completed prior authorization request submitted by a
81	health care provider using the standardized prior authorization
82	form is deemed approved upon receipt by the managed care plan
83	unless the managed care plan responds otherwise within 3
84	business days.
85	5. If medications for the treatment of a medical condition
86	are restricted for use by a managed care plan by a step-therapy
87	or fail-first protocol, the prescribing provider must have
88	access to a clear and convenient process to request an override
89	of the protocol from the managed care plan.
90	a. The managed care plan shall grant an override within 72
91	hours if the prescribing provider documents that:
92	(I) Based on sound clinical evidence, the preferred
93	treatment required under the step-therapy or fail-first protocol
94	has been ineffective in the treatment of the enrollee's disease
95	or medical condition; or
96	(II) Based on sound clinical evidence or medical and
97	scientific evidence, the preferred treatment required under the
98	step-therapy or fail-first protocol:

Page 4 of 14

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. CS/HB 7105, 1st Eng.

107478

99 (A) Is expected or is likely to be ineffective based on 100 known relevant physical or mental characteristics of the 101 enrollee and known characteristics of the drug regimen; or 102 (B) Will cause or will likely cause an adverse reaction or 103 other physical harm to the enrollee. 104 b. If the prescribing provider allows the enrollee to enter 105 the step-therapy or fail-first protocol recommended by the 106 managed care plan, the duration of the step-therapy or fail-107 first protocol may not exceed the customary period for use of 108 the medication if the prescribing provider demonstrates such 109 treatment to be clinically ineffective. If the managed care plan 110 can, through sound clinical evidence, demonstrate that the 111 originally prescribed medication is likely to require more than 112 the customary period to provide any relief or amelioration to 113 the enrollee, the step-therapy or fail-first protocol may be 114 extended for an additional period, but no longer than the 115 original customary period for use of the medication. Notwithstanding this provision, a step-therapy or fail-first 116 117 protocol shall be terminated if the prescribing provider 118 determines that the enrollee is having an adverse reaction or is 119 suffering from other physical harm resulting from the use of the 120 medication. 121 Section 28. Section 627.42392, Florida Statutes, is created 122 to read: 123 627.42392 Prior authorization.-124 (1) Notwithstanding any other law, in order to establish 125 uniformity in the submission of prior authorization forms, 126 effective January 1, 2015, a health insurer that delivers, 127 issues for delivery, renews, amends, or continues an individual

Page 5 of 14

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. CS/HB 7105, 1st Eng.



128 or group health insurance policy in this state, including a 129 policy issued to a small employer as defined in s. 627.6699, 130 shall use a single standardized form for obtaining prior 131 authorization for a medical procedure, course of treatment, or 132 prescription drug benefit. The form may not exceed two pages in 133 length, excluding any instructions or guiding documentation. 134 (a) The health insurer shall make the form available 135 electronically and online to practitioners. The prescribing 136 provider may submit the completed prior authorization form 137 electronically to the health insurer. 138 (b) If the health insurer contracts with a pharmacy 139 benefits manager to perform prior authorization services for a 140 medical procedure, course of treatment, or prescription drug 141 benefit, the pharmacy benefits manager must use and accept the 142 standardized prior authorization form. 143 (c) A completed prior authorization request submitted by a 144 health care provider using the standardized prior authorization 145 form is deemed approved upon receipt by the health insurer 146 unless the health insurer responds otherwise within 3 business 147 days. 148 (2) This section does not apply to a grandfathered health plan as defined in s. 627.402. 149 150 Section 29. Section 627.42393, Florida Statutes, is created 151 to read: 152 627.42393 Medication protocol override.-If an individual or 153 group health insurance policy, including a policy issued by a 154 small employer as defined in s. 627.6699, restricts medications 155 for the treatment of a medical condition by a step-therapy or 156 fail-first protocol, the prescribing provider must have access

Page 6 of 14

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. CS/HB 7105, 1st Eng.

107478

157	to a clear and convenient process to request an override of the
158	protocol from the health insurer.
159	(1) The health insurer shall authorize an override of the
160	protocol within 72 hours if the prescribing provider documents
161	that:
162	(a) Based on sound clinical evidence, the preferred
163	treatment required under the step-therapy or fail-first protocol
164	has been ineffective in the treatment of the insured's disease
165	or medical condition; or
166	(b) Based on sound clinical evidence or medical and
167	scientific evidence, the preferred treatment required under the
168	step-therapy or fail-first protocol:
169	1. Is expected or is likely to be ineffective based on
170	known relevant physical or mental characteristics of the insured
171	and known characteristics of the drug regimen; or
172	2. Will cause or is likely to cause an adverse reaction or
173	other physical harm to the insured.
174	(2) If the prescribing provider allows the insured to enter
175	the step-therapy or fail-first protocol recommended by the
176	health insurer, the duration of the step-therapy or fail-first
177	protocol may not exceed the customary period for use of the
178	medication if the prescribing provider demonstrates such
179	treatment to be clinically ineffective. If the health insurer
180	can, through sound clinical evidence, demonstrate that the
181	originally prescribed medication is likely to require more than
182	the customary period for such medication to provide any relief
183	or amelioration to the insured, the step-therapy or fail-first
184	protocol may be extended for an additional period of time, but
185	no longer than the original customary period for the medication.

Page 7 of 14

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. CS/HB 7105, 1st Eng.

107478

186	Notwithstanding this provision, a step-therapy or fail-first
187	protocol shall be terminated if the prescribing provider
188	determines that the insured is having an adverse reaction or is
189	suffering from other physical harm resulting from the use of the
190	medication.
191	(3) This section does not apply to grandfathered health
192	plans, as defined in s. 627.402.
193	Section 30. Subsection (11) of section 627.6131, Florida
194	Statutes, is amended to read:
195	627.6131 Payment of claims
196	(11) A health insurer may not retroactively deny a claim
197	because of insured ineligibility:
198	(a) More than 1 year after the date of payment of the
199	claim; or
200	(b) If, under a policy compliant with the federal Patient
201	Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended by the Health
202	Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, and the
203	regulations adopted pursuant to those acts, the health insurer
204	verified the eligibility of the insured at the time of treatment
205	and provided an authorization number, unless, at the time
206	eligibility was verified, the provider was notified that the
207	insured was delinquent in paying the premium.
208	Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 627.6471, Florida
209	Statutes, is amended to read:
210	627.6471 Contracts for reduced rates of payment;
211	limitations; coinsurance and deductibles
212	(2) <u>An</u> Any insurer issuing a policy of health insurance in
213	this state $_{ au}$ which $rac{\mathrm{insurance}}{\mathrm{includes}}$ coverage for the services
214	of a preferred provider <u>shall</u> , must provide each policyholder

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. CS/HB 7105, 1st Eng.

107478

215	and certificateholder with a current list of preferred
216	providers, shall and must make the list available for public
217	inspection during regular business hours at the principal office
218	of the insurer within the state, and shall post a link to the
219	list of preferred providers on the home page of the insurer's
220	website. Changes to the list of preferred providers must be
221	reflected on the insurer's website within 24 hours.
222	Section 32. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section
223	627.6515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
224	627.6515 Out-of-state groups
225	(2) Except as otherwise provided in this part, this part
226	does not apply to a group health insurance policy issued or
227	delivered outside this state under which a resident of this
228	state is provided coverage if:
229	(c) The policy provides the benefits specified in ss.
230	627.419, <u>627.42392, 627.42393,</u> 627.6574, 627.6575, 627.6579,
231	627.6612, 627.66121, 627.66122, 627.6613, 627.667, 627.6675,
232	627.6691, and 627.66911, and complies with the requirements of
233	s. 627.66996.
234	Section 33. Subsection (10) of section 641.3155, Florida
235	Statutes, is amended to read:
236	641.3155 Prompt payment of claims
237	(10) A health maintenance organization may not
238	retroactively deny a claim because of subscriber ineligibility:
239	(a) More than 1 year after the date of payment of the
240	claim <u>; or</u>
241	(b) If, under a policy in compliance with the federal
242	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended by the
243	Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, and the

Page 9 of 14

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. CS/HB 7105, 1st Eng.

107478

244	regulations adopted pursuant to those acts, the health
245	maintenance organization verified the eligibility of the
246	subscriber at the time of treatment and provided an
247	authorization number, unless, at the time eligibility was
248	verified, the provider was notified that the subscriber was
249	delinquent in paying the premium.
250	Section 34. Section 641.393, Florida Statutes, is created
251	to read:
252	641.393 Prior authorizationNotwithstanding any other law,
253	in order to establish uniformity in the submission of prior
254	authorization forms, effective January 1, 2015, a health
255	maintenance organization shall use a single standardized form
256	for obtaining prior authorization for prescription drug
257	benefits. The form may not exceed two pages in length, excluding
258	any instructions or guiding documentation.
259	(1) A health maintenance organization shall make the form
260	available electronically and online to practitioners. A health
261	care provider may electronically submit the completed form to
262	the health maintenance organization.
263	(2) If a health maintenance organization contracts with a
264	pharmacy benefits manager to perform prior authorization
265	services for prescription drug benefits, the pharmacy benefits
266	manager must use and accept the standardized prior authorization
267	form.
268	(3) A completed prior authorization request submitted by a
269	health care provider using the standardized prior authorization
270	form required under this section is deemed approved upon receipt
271	by the health maintenance organization unless the health
272	maintenance organization responds otherwise within 3 business

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. CS/HB 7105, 1st Eng.

107478

273	days.
274	(4) This section does not apply to grandfathered health
275	plans, as defined in s. 627.402.
276	Section 35. Section 641.394, Florida Statutes, is created
277	to read:
278	641.394 Medication protocol overrideIf a health
279	maintenance organization contract restricts medications for the
280	treatment of a medical condition by a step-therapy or fail-first
281	protocol, the prescribing provider shall have access to a clear
282	and convenient process to request an override of the protocol
283	from the health maintenance organization.
284	(1) The health maintenance organization shall grant an
285	override within 72 hours if the prescribing provider documents
286	that:
287	(a) Based on sound clinical evidence, the preferred
288	treatment required under the step-therapy or fail-first protocol
289	has been ineffective in the treatment of the subscriber's
290	disease or medical condition; or
291	(b) Based on sound clinical evidence or medical and
292	scientific evidence, the preferred treatment required under the
293	step-therapy or fail-first protocol:
294	1. Is expected or is likely to be ineffective based on
295	known relevant physical or mental characteristics of the
296	subscriber and known characteristics of the drug regimen; or
297	2. Will cause or is likely to cause an adverse reaction or
298	other physical harm to the subscriber.
299	(2) If the prescribing provider allows the subscriber to
300	enter the step-therapy or fail-first protocol recommended by the
301	health maintenance organization, the duration of the step-

Page 11 of 14

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. CS/HB 7105, 1st Eng.



302	therapy or fail-first protocol may not exceed the customary
303	period for use of the medication if the prescribing provider
304	demonstrates such treatment to be clinically ineffective. If the
305	health maintenance organization can, through sound clinical
306	evidence, demonstrate that the originally prescribed medication
307	is likely to require more than the customary period to provide
308	any relief or amelioration to the subscriber, the step-therapy
309	or fail-first protocol may be extended for an additional period,
310	but no longer than the original customary period for use of the
311	medication. Notwithstanding this provision, a step-therapy or
312	fail-first protocol shall be terminated if the prescribing
313	provider determines that the subscriber is having an adverse
314	reaction or is suffering from other physical harm resulting from
315	the use of the medication.
316	(3) This section does not apply to grandfathered health
317	plans, as defined in s. 627.402.
318	
319	========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ===============
320	And the title is amended as follows:
321	Delete line 78
322	and insert:
323	tissue donations; amending s. 409.967, F.S.; revising
324	contract requirements for Medicaid managed care
325	programs; providing requirements for plans
326	establishing a drug formulary or preferred drug list;
327	requiring the use of a standardized prior
328	authorization form; providing requirements for the
329	form and for the availability and submission of the
330	form; requiring a pharmacy benefits manager to use and

Page 12 of 14

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. CS/HB 7105, 1st Eng.



331 accept the form under certain circumstances; 332 establishing a process for providers to override 333 certain treatment restrictions; providing requirements 334 for approval of such overrides; providing an exception 335 to the override protocol in certain circumstances; 336 creating s. 627.42392, F.S.; requiring health insurers 337 to use a standardized prior authorization form; 338 providing requirements for the form and for the 339 availability and submission of the form; requiring a 340 pharmacy benefits manager to use and accept the form 341 under certain circumstances; providing an exemption; 342 creating s. 627.42393, F.S.; establishing a process 343 for providers to override certain treatment 344 restrictions; providing requirements for approval of 345 such overrides; providing an exception to the override 346 protocol in certain circumstances; providing an 347 exemption; amending s. 627.6131, F.S.; prohibiting an 348 insurer from retroactively denying a claim in certain circumstances; amending s. 627.6471, F.S.; requiring 349 350 insurers to post preferred provider information on a 351 website; specifying that changes to such a website 352 must be made within a certain time; amending s. 353 627.6515, F.S.; applying provisions relating to prior 354 authorization and override protocols to out-of-state 355 groups; amending s. 641.3155, F.S.; prohibiting a 356 health maintenance organization from retroactively 357 denying a claim in certain circumstances; creating s. 358 641.393, F.S.; requiring the use of a standardized 359 prior authorization form by a health maintenance

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. CS/HB 7105, 1st Eng.



360	organization; providing requirements for the
361	availability and submission of the form; requiring a
362	pharmacy benefits manager to use and accept the form
363	under certain circumstances; providing an exemption;
364	creating s. 641.394, F.S.; establishing a process for
365	providers to override certain treatment restrictions;
366	providing requirements for approval of such overrides;
367	providing an exception to the override protocol in
368	certain circumstances; providing an exemption;
369	providing an effective date.