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A bill to be entitled An act relating to health care; amending s. 395.1051, F.S.; requiring a hospital to notify obstetrical physicians before the hospital closes its obstetrical department or ceases to provide obstetrical services; providing legislative findings; permitting a hospital that has operated as a Level I, Level II, or pediatric trauma center for a specified period to continue operating at that trauma center level under certain conditions, notwithstanding any other provision of law; making a hospital that complies with such requirements eligible for renewal of its 7-year approval period under s. 395.4025(6), F.S.; requiring a hospital that obtains a trauma center consultation report after the site visit to provide the report to the Department of Health; requiring the department to use the trauma center consultation reports in any assessment of the state trauma system; amending s. 395.401, F.S.; restricting trauma service fees to \$15,000 until July 1, 2015; amending s. 395.402, F.S.; deleting factors to be considered by the department in conducting an assessment of the trauma system; assigning Collier County to trauma service area 15 rather than area 17; amending s. 395.4025, F.S.; requiring a trauma center to post its trauma activation fee in the trauma center and on its

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website; creating s. 456.47, F.S.; defining terms; providing for certain practice standards for telehealth providers; providing for the maintenance and confidentiality of medical records; requiring the registration of health care professionals not licensed in this state to use telehealth to deliver health care services; providing registration requirements; prohibiting registrants from opening an office or providing in-person health care services in this state; requiring a registrant to notify the appropriate board or the department of certain actions against the registrant's professional license; prohibiting a health care professional with a revoked license from being registered as a telehealth provider; providing exemptions to the registration requirement; providing rulemaking authority; amending s. 408.036, F.S.; providing an exemption from certificate-of-need requirements for the relocation of a specified percentage of acute care hospital beds from a licensed hospital to another location; requiring certain information to be included in a request for exemption; amending s. 381.026, F.S.; including independent nurse practitioners within the definition of "health care provider"; amending s. 382.008, F.S.; authorizing independent nurse practitioners to certify causes of death and to sign,

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correct, and file death certificates; amending s. 394.463, F.S.; authorizing an independent nurse practitioner to execute a certificate to require, under the Baker Act, an involuntary examination of a person; authorizing a qualified independent nurse practitioner to examine a person at a receiving facility and approve the release of a person at the receiving facility under the Baker Act; amending s. 456.048, F.S.; requiring independent nurse practitioners to maintain medical malpractice insurance or provide proof of financial responsibility; exempting independent nurse practitioners from such requirements under certain circumstances; amending s. 456.44, F.S.; providing certain requirements for independent nurse practitioners who prescribe controlled substances for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain; amending s. 464.003, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "advanced or specialized nursing practice" to require a joint committee to establish an exclusionary formulary of controlled substances; defining the term "independent nurse practitioner"; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; authorizing advanced registered nurse practitioners to perform certain acts as they relate to controlled substances; providing limitations; amending s. 464.0125, F.S., providing for the

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registration of qualified advanced registered nurse practitioners as independent nurse practitioners; authorizing registered independent nurse practitioners to perform certain acts; requiring advanced registered nurse practitioners registered as independent nurse practitioners to include their registered status on their practitioner profiles; requiring independent nurse practitioners to complete a certain amount of continuing education in pharmacology for biennial renewal of registration; aligning the biennial renewal cycle period for registration for independent nurse practitioners with the advanced registered nurse practitioner licensure renewal cycle; authorizing the Board of Nursing to establish fees by rule; providing the board with rulemaking authority; amending s. 464.015, F.S.; providing title protection for independent nurse practitioners; creating s. 464.0155, F.S., requiring independent nurse practitioners to report adverse incidents to the Board of Nursing in a certain manner; defining the term "adverse incident"; providing for board review of the adverse incident; authorizing the board to take disciplinary action for adverse incidents; amending s. 464.018, F.S.; adding certain acts to an existing list of acts for which nurses may be administratively disciplined; amending s. 893.02, F.S.; redefining the term "practitioner" to

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include independent nurse practitioners; amending s. 960.28, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 288.901, F.S.; requiring Enterprise Florida, Inc., to collaborate with the Department of Economic Opportunity to market this state as a health care destination; amending s. 288.923, F.S.; directing the Division of Tourism Marketing to include the promotion of medical tourism in its marketing plan; creating s. 288.924, F.S.; requiring the medical tourism plan to promote national and international awareness of the qualifications, scope of services, and specialized expertise of health care providers in this state and to include an initiative to showcase qualified health care providers; requiring a specified amount of funds appropriated to the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation to be allocated for the medical tourism marketing plan; requiring the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation to create a matching grant program; specifying criteria for the grant program; requiring that a specified amount of funds appropriated to the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation be allocated for the grant program; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; providing additional grounds for discipline of a licensee of the department by a regulatory board; requiring the suspension and fining of an independent nurse practitioner for

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prescribing or dispensing a controlled substance in a certain manner; amending s. 893.055, F.S.; revising definitions; revising provisions relating to the database of controlled substance dispensing information; revising program funding requirements; requiring a prescriber to access and view certain patient information in the database before initially prescribing a controlled substance; providing requirements related to the release of identifying information; providing requirements for the release of information shared with a state attorney in response to a discovery demand; providing procedures for the release of information to a law enforcement agency during an active investigation; requiring the department to enter into a user agreement with a law enforcement agency requesting the release of information; providing requirements for the user agreement; requiring a law enforcement agency under a user agreement to conduct annual audits; providing for the restriction, suspension, or termination of a user agreement; revising information retention requirements; revising provisions required in a contract with a direct-support organization; requiring the state to use certain properties and funds to support the program; providing for the adoption of specific rules by the department; amending s.

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893.0551, F.S.; conforming references; amending s. 154.11, F.S.; authorizing a public health trust to execute contracts and other instruments with certain organizations without prior approval by the governing body of the county; providing an appropriation to the Department of Health to fund the administration of the prescription drug monitoring program; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 395.1051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.1051 Duty to notify patients and physicians.-

- (1) An appropriately trained person designated by each licensed facility shall inform each patient, or an individual identified pursuant to s. 765.401(1), in person about adverse incidents that result in serious harm to the patient.

 Notification of outcomes of care which that result in harm to the patient under this section does shall not constitute an acknowledgment or admission of liability and may not, nor can it be introduced as evidence.
- (2) A hospital shall notify each obstetrical physician who has privileges at the hospital at least 120 days before the hospital closes its obstetrical department or ceases to provide obstetrical services.

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Section 2. Effective upon this act becoming a law, the Legislature finds that an integrated, comprehensive, and superior quality trauma system is necessary to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the residents of Florida and visitors to this state. The Legislature further finds that each trauma center operating in the state is an integral part of the trauma system and fulfills a critical need for trauma care in the area in which it is located. A disruption in the operational status of a trauma center may disrupt the availability of needed trauma services for residents of and visitors to Florida. The Legislature finds that all currently operating trauma centers in the state are contributing to an inclusive trauma system and are delivering needed trauma services so that optimal trauma care is available and accessible throughout the state.

Section 3. Effective upon this act becoming a law and

Section 3. Effective upon this act becoming a law and notwithstanding any other provision of law, a hospital that has operated continuously as a Level I, Level II, or pediatric trauma center for a consecutive 12-month period after the enactment of chapter 2004-259, Laws of Florida, remains operational for the consecutive 12-month period immediately preceding the effective date of this act, and submits an application for a site visit by the American College of Surgeons Committee on Trauma on or before April 1, 2015, for the purpose of obtaining a trauma center consultation report, may continue to operate at the same trauma center level as a verified Level II, Level II, or pediatric trauma center until the approval

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209	period in s. 395.4025(6), Florida Statutes, expires as long as
210	the hospital continues to meet the other requirements of s.
211	395.4025(6), Florida Statutes, related to trauma center
212	standards and patient outcomes. A hospital that meets the
213	requirements of this section shall be eligible for renewal of
214	its 7-year approval period pursuant to s. 395.4025(6), Florida
215	Statutes.
216	Section 4. Effective upon this act becoming a law, each
217	hospital that obtains a trauma center consultation report from
218	the American College of Surgeons Committee on Trauma shall
219	provide a copy of the report to the Department of Health. The
220	department shall use the report in any assessment of the state
221	trauma system.
222	Section 5. Effective upon this act becoming a law,
223	paragraphs (k) through (o) of subsection (1) of section 395.401,
224	Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (1) through
225	(p), respectively, and a new paragraph (k) is added to that
226	subsection, to read:
227	395.401 Trauma services system plans; approval of trauma
228	centers and pediatric trauma centers; procedures; renewal
229	(1)
230	(k) A hospital operating a trauma center may not charge a
231	trauma activation fee greater than \$15,000. This paragraph
232	expires on July 1, 2015.
233	Section 6. Paragraphs (a) and (e) of subsection (2) and
234	subsection (4) of section 395.402, Florida Statutes, are amended

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235 to read:

395.402 Trauma service areas; number and location of trauma centers.—

- (2) Trauma service areas as defined in this section are to be utilized until the Department of Health completes an assessment of the trauma system and reports its finding to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the substantive legislative committees. The report shall be submitted by February 1, 2005. The department shall review the existing trauma system and determine whether it is effective in providing trauma care uniformly throughout the state. The assessment shall:
- (a) Consider aligning trauma service areas within the trauma region boundaries as established in July 2004.
- (e) Review the Regional Domestic Security Task Force structure and determine whether integrating the trauma system planning with interagency regional emergency and disaster planning efforts is feasible and identify any duplication of efforts between the two entities.
- (4) Annually thereafter, the department shall review the assignment of the 67 counties to trauma service areas, in addition to the requirements of paragraphs (2)(a)-(f)(2)(b)-(g) and subsection (3). County assignments are made for the purpose of developing a system of trauma centers. Revisions made by the department shall take into consideration the recommendations made as part of the regional trauma system plans approved by the

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department and the recommendations made as part of the state trauma system plan. In cases where a trauma service area is located within the boundaries of more than one trauma region, the trauma service area's needs, response capability, and system requirements shall be considered by each trauma region served by that trauma service area in its regional system plan. Until the department completes the February 2005 assessment, the assignment of counties shall remain as established in this section.

(a) The following trauma service areas are hereby established:

- 1. Trauma service area 1 shall consist of Escambia, Okaloosa, Santa Rosa, and Walton Counties.
- 2. Trauma service area 2 shall consist of Bay, Gulf, Holmes, and Washington Counties.
- 3. Trauma service area 3 shall consist of Calhoun, Franklin, Gadsden, Jackson, Jefferson, Leon, Liberty, Madison, Taylor, and Wakulla Counties.
- 4. Trauma service area 4 shall consist of Alachua,
 Bradford, Columbia, Dixie, Gilchrist, Hamilton, Lafayette, Levy,
 Putnam, Suwannee, and Union Counties.
- 5. Trauma service area 5 shall consist of Baker, Clay, Duval, Nassau, and St. Johns Counties.
- 284 6. Trauma service area 6 shall consist of Citrus, 285 Hernando, and Marion Counties.

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286	7.	Trauma	service	area	7	shall	consist	of	Flagler	and
287	Volusia	Counties	5.							

- 8. Trauma service area 8 shall consist of Lake, Orange,
 Osceola, Seminole, and Sumter Counties.
- 9. Trauma service area 9 shall consist of Pasco and Pinellas Counties.
- 292 10. Trauma service area 10 shall consist of Hillsborough 293 County.
- 294 11. Trauma service area 11 shall consist of Hardee, 295 Highlands, and Polk Counties.
- 296 12. Trauma service area 12 shall consist of Brevard and 297 Indian River Counties.
- 298 13. Trauma service area 13 shall consist of DeSoto,
 299 Manatee, and Sarasota Counties.

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- 14. Trauma service area 14 shall consist of Martin, Okeechobee, and St. Lucie Counties.
- 302 15. Trauma service area 15 shall consist of Charlotte, 303 Collier, Glades, Hendry, and Lee Counties.
- 304 16. Trauma service area 16 shall consist of Palm Beach 305 County.
- 306 17. Trauma service area 17 shall consist of Collier
 307 County.
- 308 17.18. Trauma service area 17.18 shall consist of Broward County.
- 310 18.19. Trauma service area 18.19. shall consist of Miami-311 Dade and Monroe Counties.

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312	(b) Each trauma service area should have at least one						
313	Level I or Level II trauma center. The department shall						
314	allocate, by rule, the number of trauma centers needed for each						
315	trauma service area.						
316	(c) There shall be no more than a total of 44 trauma						
317	centers in the state.						
318	Section 7. Effective upon this act becoming a law,						
319	subsection (15) is added to section 395.4025, Florida Statutes,						
320	to read:						
321	395.4025 Trauma centers; selection; quality assurance;						
322	records.—						
323	(15) Each trauma center must post its trauma activation						
324	fee amount in a conspicuous place within the trauma center and						
325	in a prominent position on the home page of the trauma center's						
326	Internet website.						
327	Section 8. Effective January 1, 2015, section 456.47,						
328	Florida Statutes, is created to read:						
329	456.47 Use of telehealth to provide services.—						
330	(1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:						
331	(a) "Telehealth" means the use of synchronous or						
332	asynchronous communication services technology by a telehealth						
333	provider to provide health care services, including, but not						
334	limited to, patient assessment, diagnosis, consultation,						
335	treatment, monitoring and transfer of medical data, patient and						
336	professional health-related education, public health, and health						
337	administration. The term does not include audio-only telephone						

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calls, e-mail messages, or facsimile transmissions.

- (b) "Telehealth provider" means a person who provides health care and related services using telehealth and who is licensed under chapter 457; chapter 458; chapter 459; chapter 460; chapter 461; chapter 463; chapter 464; chapter 465; chapter 466; chapter 467; part I, part III, part IV, part V, part X, part XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468; chapter 478; chapter 480; part III of chapter 483; chapter 484; chapter 486; chapter 490; or chapter 491; or who is registered under this section and is in compliance with paragraph (4)(a).
 - (2) PRACTICE STANDARD.—

- (a) The standard of care for telehealth providers
 providing health care services is the same as the standard of
 care for health care professionals providing in-person health
 care services to patients in this state. A telehealth provider
 is not required to research a patient's medical history or
 conduct a physical examination of the patient before using
 telehealth to provide services to the patient if the telehealth
 provider conducts a patient evaluation sufficient to diagnose
 and treat the patient. The evaluation may be performed using
 telehealth.
- (b) A telehealth provider may not use telehealth to prescribe a controlled substance for chronic nonmalignant pain, as defined in s. 456.44, unless the controlled substance is ordered for inpatient treatment at a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

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(c) A telehealth provider and a patient may each be in any location when telehealth is used to provide health care services to a patient.

- (d) A nonphysician telehealth provider using telehealth and acting within the relevant scope of practice, as established by Florida law and rule, may not be interpreted as practicing medicine without a license.
- (3) RECORDS.—A telehealth provider shall document in the patient's medical record the health care services rendered using telehealth according to the same standard as used for in-person services in this state. Medical records, including video, audio, electronic, or other records generated as a result of providing such services, are confidential pursuant to ss. 395.3025(4) and 456.057.
 - (4) REGISTRATION OF OUT-OF-STATE TELEHEALTH PROVIDERS.-
- (a) A health care professional not licensed in this state may provide health care services to a patient located in this state using telehealth if the telehealth provider annually registers with the applicable board, or the department if there is no board, and provides health care services within the relevant scope of practice established by Florida law and rule.
- (b) The board, or the department if there is no board, shall register a health care professional as a telehealth provider if the health care professional:
- 1. Completes an application form developed by the department.

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2. Pays a registration fee of \$150.

- 3. Holds an active, unencumbered license for a profession included in paragraph (1)(b) issued by another state, the District of Columbia, or a possession or territory of the United States and against whom no disciplinary action has been taken during the 5 years before submission of the application. The department shall use the National Practitioner Data Bank to verify information submitted by an applicant.
- (c) A health care professional registered under this section is prohibited from opening an office in this state and from providing in-person health care services to patients located in this state.
- (d) A health care professional registered under this section must immediately notify the appropriate board, or the department if there is no board, of restrictions placed on the health care professional's license to practice, or disciplinary action taken against the health care professional, in any state or jurisdiction.
- (e) A pharmacist registered under this section may only use a Florida pharmacy permitted under chapter 465, or a nonresident pharmacy registered under s. 465.0156, to dispense medicinal drugs to Florida patients.
- (f) A health care professional whose license to provide health care services is subject to a pending disciplinary investigation or which has been revoked in any state or jurisdiction may not register under this section.

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416	(g) The department shall publish on its website a list of
417	all registrants and include each registrant's:
418	1. Name.
419	2. Health care occupation.
420	3. Completed health care training and education, including
421	completion dates and any certificates or degrees obtained.
422	4. Out-of-state health care license with license number.
423	5. Florida telehealth provider registration number.
424	6. Specialty.
425	7. Board certification.
426	8. Five-year disciplinary history, including sanctions and
427	board actions.
428	9. Medical malpractice insurance provider and policy
429	limits, including whether the policy covers claims that arise in
430	this state.
431	(h) The department may revoke a telehealth provider's
432	registration if the registrant:
433	1. Fails to immediately notify the department of any
434	adverse actions taken against his or her license as required
435	under paragraph (d).
436	2. Has restrictions placed on or disciplinary action taken
437	against his or her license in any state or jurisdiction.
438	3. Violates any of the requirements of this section.
439	(5) JURISDICTIONFor the purposes of this section, any
440	act that constitutes the delivery of health care services shall

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be deemed to occur at the place where the patient is located at

442 the time the act is performed. 443 (6) EXEMPTIONS.—A health care professional who is not licensed to provide health care services in this state but who 444 445 holds an active license to provide health care services in 446 another state or jurisdiction, and who provides health care 447 services using telehealth to a patient located in this state, is not subject to the registration requirement under this section 448 449 if the services are provided: (a) In response to an emergency medical condition as 450 451 defined in s. 395.002; or 452 (b) In consultation with a health care professional 453 licensed in this state and that health care professional retains 454 ultimate authority over the diagnosis and care of the patient. 455 RULEMAKING.—The applicable board, or the department if (7) 456 there is no board, may adopt rules to administer the 457 requirements of this section. 458 Section 9. Paragraph (t) is added to subsection (3) of 459 section 408.036, Florida Statutes, to read: 460 408.036 Projects subject to review; exemptions.-461 EXEMPTIONS.-Upon request, the following projects are 462 subject to exemption from the provisions of subsection (1):

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(t) For the relocation of not more than 15 percent of an

acute care hospital's beds licensed under chapter 395 within the

other documentation otherwise required by the agency, a request

for exemption submitted under this paragraph must certify that:

county in which the hospital is located. In addition to any

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1. The applicant has at least 500 beds licensed under chapter 395.

- 2. The hospital provides care to a greater number of indigent persons than any other acute care hospital operating in the same county. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "indigent persons" means Medicaid recipients and uninsured individuals.
- 3. At least 40 percent of the care provided by the applicant qualifies as care for indigent persons measured by gross revenues or patient days as demonstrated by the four most recent quarterly reports filed with the agency or demonstrated for the most recent complete fiscal year.
- 4. The applicant has an investment grade bond credit rating from a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.
- 5. Relocation of the beds is for the purpose of enhancing the fiscal stability of the applicant's facility.
- Section 10. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 381.026, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 381.026 Florida Patient's Bill of Rights and Responsibilities.—
- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section and s. 381.0261, the term:
 - (c) "Health care provider" means a physician licensed under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459, or a podiatric physician licensed under chapter

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461, or an independent nurse practitioner registered under part I of chapter 464.

Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2), paragraph (b) of subsection (3), and subsections (4) and (5) of section 382.008, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

382.008 Death and fetal death registration.-

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- (2)(a) The funeral director who first assumes custody of a dead body or fetus shall file the certificate of death or fetal death. In the absence of the funeral director, the physician, independent nurse practitioner, or other person in attendance at or after the death or the district medical examiner of the county in which the death occurred or the body was found shall file the certificate of death or fetal death. The person who files the certificate shall obtain personal data from the next of kin or the best qualified person or source available. The medical certification of cause of death shall be furnished to the funeral director, either in person or via certified mail or electronic transfer, by the physician, independent nurse practitioner, or medical examiner responsible for furnishing such information. For fetal deaths, the physician, certified nurse midwife, midwife, or hospital administrator shall provide any medical or health information to the funeral director within 72 hours after expulsion or extraction.
- (3) Within 72 hours after receipt of a death or fetal death certificate from the funeral director, the medical certification of cause of death shall be completed and made

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available to the funeral director by the decedent's primary or attending <u>practitioner</u> <u>physician</u> or, if s. 382.011 applies, the district medical examiner of the county in which the death occurred or the body was found. The primary or attending <u>practitioner physician</u> or <u>the medical examiner shall certify</u> over his or her signature the cause of death to the best of his or her knowledge and belief. As used in this section, the term "primary or attending <u>practitioner physician</u>" means a physician or independent nurse practitioner registered under s. 464.0125, who treated the decedent through examination, medical advice, or medication during the 12 months preceding the date of death.

- (b) If the decedent's primary or attending <u>practitioner</u>, <u>physician</u> or <u>the</u> district medical examiner of the county in which the death occurred or the body was found, indicates that he or she will sign and complete the medical certification of cause of death but will not be available until after the 5-day registration deadline, the local registrar may grant an extension of 5 days. If a further extension is required, the funeral director must provide written justification to the registrar.
- (4) If the department or local registrar grants an extension of time to provide the medical certification of cause of death, the funeral director shall file a temporary certificate of death or fetal death which shall contain all available information, including the fact that the cause of death is pending. The decedent's primary or attending

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<u>practitioner</u> physician or the district medical examiner of the county in which the death occurred or the body was found shall provide an estimated date for completion of the permanent certificate.

- (5) A permanent certificate of death or fetal death, containing the cause of death and any other information that was previously unavailable, shall be registered as a replacement for the temporary certificate. The permanent certificate may also include corrected information if the items being corrected are noted on the back of the certificate and dated and signed by the funeral director, physician, independent nurse practitioner, or district medical examiner of the county in which the death occurred or the body was found, as appropriate.
- Section 12. Paragraphs (a) and (f) of subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 394.463 Involuntary examination. -
 - (2) INVOLUNTARY EXAMINATION. -

- (a) An involuntary examination may be initiated by any one of the following means:
- 1. A court may enter an ex parte order stating that a person appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination, giving the findings on which that conclusion is based. The ex parte order for involuntary examination must be based on sworn testimony, written or oral. If other less restrictive means are not available, such as voluntary appearance for outpatient evaluation, a law enforcement officer, or other designated agent

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of the court, shall take the person into custody and deliver him or her to the nearest receiving facility for involuntary examination. The order of the court shall be made a part of the patient's clinical record. No fee shall be charged for the filing of an order under this subsection. Any receiving facility accepting the patient based on this order must send a copy of the order to the Agency for Health Care Administration on the next working day. The order shall be valid only until executed or, if not executed, for the period specified in the order itself. If no time limit is specified in the order, the order shall be valid for 7 days after the date that the order was signed.

- 2. A law enforcement officer shall take a person who appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination into custody and deliver the person or have him or her delivered to the nearest receiving facility for examination. The officer shall execute a written report detailing the circumstances under which the person was taken into custody, and the report shall be made a part of the patient's clinical record. Any receiving facility accepting the patient based on this report must send a copy of the report to the Agency for Health Care Administration on the next working day.
- 3. A physician, clinical psychologist, psychiatric nurse, independent nurse practitioner, mental health counselor, marriage and family therapist, or clinical social worker may execute a certificate stating that he or she has examined a

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person within the preceding 48 hours and finds that the person appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination and stating the observations upon which that conclusion is based. If other less restrictive means are not available, such as voluntary appearance for outpatient evaluation, a law enforcement officer shall take the person named in the certificate into custody and deliver him or her to the nearest receiving facility for involuntary examination. The law enforcement officer shall execute a written report detailing the circumstances under which the person was taken into custody. The report and certificate shall be made a part of the patient's clinical record. Any receiving facility accepting the patient based on this certificate must send a copy of the certificate to the Agency for Health Care Administration on the next working day.

clinical psychologist, or an independent nurse practitioner who is nationally certified as a psychiatric-mental health advanced practice nurse at a receiving facility without unnecessary delay and may, upon the order of a physician, be given emergency treatment if it is determined that such treatment is necessary for the safety of the patient or others. The patient may not be released by the receiving facility or its contractor without the documented approval of a psychiatrist, a clinical psychologist, or an independent nurse practitioner who is nationally certified as a psychiatric-mental health advanced practice nurse, or, if

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the receiving facility is a hospital, the release may also be approved by an attending emergency department physician with experience in the diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous disorders and after completion of an involuntary examination pursuant to this subsection. However, a patient may not be held in a receiving facility for involuntary examination longer than 72 hours.

Section 13. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (a), (d), and (e) of subsection (2) of section 456.048, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

456.048 Financial responsibility requirements for certain health care practitioners.—

(1) As a prerequisite for licensure or license renewal, the Board of Acupuncture, the Board of Chiropractic Medicine, the Board of Podiatric Medicine, and the Board of Dentistry shall, by rule, require that all health care practitioners licensed under the respective board, and the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine shall, by rule, require that all anesthesiologist assistants licensed pursuant to s. 458.3475 or s. 459.023, and the Board of Nursing shall, by rule, require that independent nurse practitioners registered under s. 464.0125 and advanced registered nurse practitioners certified under s. 464.012, and the department shall, by rule, require that midwives maintain medical malpractice insurance or provide proof of financial responsibility in an amount and in a manner determined by the board or department to be sufficient to cover

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claims arising out of the rendering of or failure to render professional care and services in this state.

- (2) The board or department may grant exemptions upon application by practitioners meeting any of the following criteria:
- (a) Any person licensed under chapter 457, s. 458.3475, s. 459.023, chapter 460, chapter 461, s. 464.012, s. 464.0125, chapter 466, or chapter 467 who practices exclusively as an officer, employee, or agent of the Federal Government or of the state or its agencies or its subdivisions. For the purposes of this subsection, an agent of the state, its agencies, or its subdivisions is a person who is eligible for coverage under any self-insurance or insurance program authorized by the provisions of s. 768.28(16) or who is a volunteer under s. 110.501(1).
- (d) Any person licensed or certified under chapter 457, s. 458.3475, s. 459.023, chapter 460, chapter 461, s. 464.012, <u>s. 464.0125</u>, chapter 466, or chapter 467 who practices only in conjunction with his or her teaching duties at an accredited school or in its main teaching hospitals. Such person may engage in the practice of medicine to the extent that such practice is incidental to and a necessary part of duties in connection with the teaching position in the school.
- (e) Any person holding an active license or certification under chapter 457, s. 458.3475, s. 459.023, chapter 460, chapter 461, s. 464.012, <u>s. 464.0125</u>, chapter 466, or chapter 467 who is not practicing in this state. If such person initiates or

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resumes practice in this state, he or she must notify the department of such activity.

Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection (3) of section 456.44, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
456.44 Controlled substance prescribing.—

- (2) REGISTRATION.—Effective January 1, 2012, a physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466, or an independent nurse practitioner registered under part I of chapter 464, who prescribes any controlled substance, listed in Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV as defined in s. 893.03, for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain, must:
- (a) Designate himself or herself as a controlled substance prescribing practitioner on the $\underline{\text{practitioner's}}$ physician's $\underline{\text{practitioner}}$ profile.
- (3) STANDARDS OF PRACTICE.—The standards of practice in this section do not supersede the level of care, skill, and treatment recognized in general law related to health care licensure.
- (a) A complete medical history and a physical examination must be conducted before beginning any treatment and must be documented in the medical record. The exact components of the physical examination shall be left to the judgment of the clinician who is expected to perform a physical examination proportionate to the diagnosis that justifies a treatment. The medical record must, at a minimum, document the nature and

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intensity of the pain, current and past treatments for pain, underlying or coexisting diseases or conditions, the effect of the pain on physical and psychological function, a review of previous medical records, previous diagnostic studies, and history of alcohol and substance abuse. The medical record shall also document the presence of one or more recognized medical indications for the use of a controlled substance. Each registrant must develop a written plan for assessing each patient's risk of aberrant drug-related behavior, which may include patient drug testing. Registrants must assess each patient's risk for aberrant drug-related behavior and monitor that risk on an ongoing basis in accordance with the plan.

- (b) Each registrant must develop a written individualized treatment plan for each patient. The treatment plan shall state objectives that will be used to determine treatment success, such as pain relief and improved physical and psychosocial function, and shall indicate if any further diagnostic evaluations or other treatments are planned. After treatment begins, the <u>practitioner physician</u> shall adjust drug therapy to the individual medical needs of each patient. Other treatment modalities, including a rehabilitation program, shall be considered depending on the etiology of the pain and the extent to which the pain is associated with physical and psychosocial impairment. The interdisciplinary nature of the treatment plan shall be documented.
 - (c) The $\underline{\text{practitioner}}$ $\underline{\text{physician}}$ shall discuss the risks and $\underline{\text{Page 28 of 69}}$

benefits of the use of controlled substances, including the risks of abuse and addiction, as well as physical dependence and its consequences, with the patient, persons designated by the patient, or the patient's surrogate or guardian if the patient is incompetent. The <u>practitioner physician</u> shall use a written controlled substance agreement between the <u>practitioner physician</u> and the patient outlining the patient's responsibilities, including, but not limited to:

1. Number and frequency of controlled substance prescriptions and refills.

- 2. Patient compliance and reasons for which drug therapy may be discontinued, such as a violation of the agreement.
- 3. An agreement that controlled substances for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain shall be prescribed by a single treating <u>practitioner physician</u> unless otherwise authorized by the treating <u>practitioner physician</u> and documented in the medical record.
- physician at regular intervals, not to exceed 3 months, to assess the efficacy of treatment, ensure that controlled substance therapy remains indicated, evaluate the patient's progress toward treatment objectives, consider adverse drug effects, and review the etiology of the pain. Continuation or modification of therapy shall depend on the practitioner's physician's evaluation of the patient's progress. If treatment goals are not being achieved, despite medication adjustments,

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the <u>practitioner</u> <u>physician</u> shall reevaluate the appropriateness of continued treatment. The <u>practitioner</u> <u>physician</u> shall monitor patient compliance in medication usage, related treatment plans, controlled substance agreements, and indications of substance abuse or diversion at a minimum of 3-month intervals.

- (e) The <u>practitioner</u> <u>physician</u> shall refer the patient as necessary for additional evaluation and treatment in order to achieve treatment objectives. Special attention shall be given to those patients who are at risk for misusing their medications and those whose living arrangements pose a risk for medication misuse or diversion. The management of pain in patients with a history of substance abuse or with a comorbid psychiatric disorder requires extra care, monitoring, and documentation and requires consultation with or referral to an addiction medicine specialist or psychiatrist.
- (f) A <u>practitioner</u> physician registered under this section must maintain accurate, current, and complete records that are accessible and readily available for review and comply with the requirements of this section, the applicable practice act, and applicable board rules. The medical records must include, but are not limited to:
- 1. The complete medical history and a physical examination, including history of drug abuse or dependence.
 - 2. Diagnostic, therapeutic, and laboratory results.
 - 3. Evaluations and consultations.
 - 4. Treatment objectives.

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- 780 5. Discussion of risks and benefits.
 - 6. Treatments.

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- 782 7. Medications, including date, type, dosage, and quantity prescribed.
 - 8. Instructions and agreements.
- 785 9. Periodic reviews.
 - 10. Results of any drug testing.
 - 11. A photocopy of the patient's government-issued photo identification.
 - 12. If a written prescription for a controlled substance is given to the patient, a duplicate of the prescription.
 - 13. The <u>practitioner's</u> physician's full name presented in a legible manner.
 - shall be immediately referred to a board-certified pain management physician, an addiction medicine specialist, or a mental health addiction facility as it pertains to drug abuse or addiction unless the <u>practitioner is a physician who</u> is board-certified or board-eligible in pain management. Throughout the period of time before receiving the consultant's report, a prescribing <u>practitioner physician</u> shall clearly and completely document medical justification for continued treatment with controlled substances and those steps taken to ensure medically appropriate use of controlled substances by the patient. Upon receipt of the consultant's written report, the prescribing practitioner physician shall incorporate the consultant's

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recommendations for continuing, modifying, or discontinuing controlled substance therapy. The resulting changes in treatment shall be specifically documented in the patient's medical record. Evidence or behavioral indications of diversion shall be followed by discontinuation of controlled substance therapy, and the patient shall be discharged, and all results of testing and actions taken by the physician shall be documented in the patient's medical record.

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This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or boardcertified anesthesiologist, physiatrist, rheumatologist, or neurologist, or to a board-certified physician who has surgical privileges at a hospital or ambulatory surgery center and primarily provides surgical services. This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or board-certified medical specialist who has also completed a fellowship in pain medicine approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American Osteopathic Association, or who is board eligible or board certified in pain medicine by the American Board of Pain Medicine or a board approved by the American Board of Medical Specialties or the American Osteopathic Association and performs interventional pain procedures of the type routinely billed using surgical codes. This subsection does not apply to a practitioner physician who prescribes medically necessary controlled substances for a patient during an inpatient stay in a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

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Section 15. Subsection (2) of section 464.003, Florida Statutes, is amended, subsections (16) through (23) are renumbered as subsections (17) through (24), respectively, and a new subsection (16) is added to that section, to read:

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464.003 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

"Advanced or specialized nursing practice" means, in addition to the practice of professional nursing, the performance of advanced-level nursing acts approved by the board which, by virtue of postbasic specialized education, training, and experience, are appropriately performed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner. Within the context of advanced or specialized nursing practice, the advanced registered nurse practitioner may perform acts of nursing diagnosis and nursing treatment of alterations of the health status. The advanced registered nurse practitioner may also perform acts of medical diagnosis and treatment, prescription, and operation which are identified and approved by a joint committee composed of three members appointed by the Board of Nursing, two of whom must be advanced registered nurse practitioners; three members appointed by the Board of Medicine, two of whom must have had work experience with advanced registered nurse practitioners; and one member appointed by the Board of Pharmacy the State Surgeon General or the State Surgeon General's designee. Each committee member appointed by a board shall be appointed to a term of 4 years unless a shorter term is required to establish or maintain staggered terms. The Board of Nursing shall adopt rules

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authorizing the performance of any such acts approved by the joint committee. Unless otherwise specified by the joint committee, such medical acts must be performed under the general supervision of a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 within the framework of standing protocols which identify the medical acts to be performed and the conditions for their performance. The department may, by rule, require that a copy of the protocol be filed with the department along with the notice required by s. 458.348 or s. 459.025. The joint committee must also establish a formulary of controlled substances that independent nurse practitioners registered under s. 464.0125, are prohibited from prescribing, administering, or dispensing. The board must adopt the exclusionary formulary developed by the joint committee in rule.

registered nurse practitioner who maintains an active and valid certification under s. 464.012(2) and registration under s. 464.0125 to practice advanced or specialized nursing independently and without the supervision of a physician or a protocol.

Section 16. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 464.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.012 Certification of advanced registered nurse practitioners; fees.—

(4) In addition to the general functions specified in subsection (3), an advanced registered nurse practitioner may

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perform the following acts within his or her specialty:

- (c) The nurse practitioner may perform any or all of the following acts within the framework of established protocol:
 - 1. Manage selected medical problems.

- 2. Order physical and occupational therapy.
- 3. Initiate, monitor, or alter therapies for certain uncomplicated acute illnesses.
- 4. Monitor and manage patients with stable chronic diseases.
- 5. Establish behavioral problems and diagnosis and make treatment recommendations.
- 6. Prescribe, dispense, order, or administer controlled substances to the extent authorized in the protocol and only to the extent the supervising physician is authorized to prescribe, dispense, order, or administer controlled substances.
- Section 17. Section 464.0125, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 464.0125 Registration of independent nurse practitioners; fees.—
- (1) To be registered as an independent nurse practitioner, an applicant must hold an active and unencumbered certificate issued by the department under s. 464.012 and a national nurse practitioner certificate issued by a nursing specialty board, and must have:
- (a) Completed, in any jurisdiction of the United States, at least 2,000 clinical practice hours within a 3-year period

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immediately preceding the submission of the application and
while practicing as an advanced registered nurse practitioner.
(b) Not been subject to disciplinary action under s.
464.018 or s. 456.072, or similar disciplinary action in any
other jurisdiction, during the 5 years immediately preceding the
submission of the application.
(c) Completed a graduate-level course in pharmacology.
(2) An independent nurse practitioner may perform, without
physician supervision or a protocol, the acts authorized in s.
464.012(3), acts described in s. 464.012(4)(c), and any of the
following:
(a) For a patient who requires the services of a health
care facility, as defined in s. 408.032(8):
1. Admit the patient to the facility.
2. Manage the care that the patient receives in the
facility.
3. Discharge the patient from the facility.
(b) Provide a signature, certification, stamp,
verification, affidavit, or other endorsement that is otherwise
required by law to be provided by a physician.
(c) Act as a patient's primary care provider.
(d) Administer, dispense, order, and prescribe medicinal
drugs, including controlled substances if the controlled
substances are not included in the formulary created pursuant to
<u>s. 464.003(2).</u>

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An advanced registered nurse practitioner registered

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as an independent nurse practitioner under this section must submit to the department proof of registration along with the information required under s. 456.0391, and the department shall include the registration in the advanced registered nurse practitioner's profile created pursuant to s. 456.041.

- (4) To be eligible for biennial renewal of registration, an independent nurse practitioner must complete at least 10 hours of continuing education approved by the board in pharmacology in addition to completing the continuing education requirements established by board rule pursuant to s. 464.013. The biennial renewal for registration shall coincide with the independent nurse practitioner's biennial renewal period for advanced registered nurse practitioner certification.
- (5) The board shall register any nurse meeting the qualifications in this section. The board shall establish an application fee not to exceed \$100 and a biennial renewal fee not to exceed \$50. The board is authorized to adopt rules as necessary to implement this section.

Section 18. Subsection (10) of section 464.015, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (11), present subsection (9) is renumbered as subsection (10) and amended, and a new subsection (9) is added to that section, to read:

- 464.015 Titles and abbreviations; restrictions; penalty.-
- (9) Only persons who are registered to practice as independent nurse practitioners in this state may use the title "Independent Nurse Practitioner" and the abbreviation "I.N.P."

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(10)(9) A person may not practice or advertise as, or assume the title of, registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, clinical nurse specialist, certified registered nurse anesthetist, certified nurse midwife, or advanced registered nurse practitioner, or independent nurse practitioner or use the abbreviation "R.N.," "L.P.N.," "C.N.S.," "C.R.N.A.," "C.N.M.," or "A.R.N.P.," or "I.N.P." or take any other action that would lead the public to believe that person was certified as such or is performing nursing services pursuant to the exception set forth in s. 464.022(8), unless that person is licensed or certified to practice as such.

Section 19. Section 464.0155, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 464.0155 Reports of adverse incidents by independent nurse practitioners.—
- (1) Effective January 1, 2015, an independent nurse practitioner must report an adverse incident to the board in accordance with this section.
- (2) The report must be in writing, sent to the board by certified mail, and postmarked within 15 days after the adverse incident if the adverse incident occurs when the patient is at the office of the independent nurse practitioner. If the adverse incident occurs when the patient is not at the office of the independent nurse practitioner, the report must be postmarked within 15 days after the independent nurse practitioner discovers, or reasonably should have discovered, the occurrence

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989 (3) For the purpose of this section, the term "adverse incident" means any of the following events when it is reasonable to believe that the event is attributable to the

prescription of a controlled substance by the independent nurse

993 <u>practitioner:</u>

of the adverse incident.

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- (a) A condition that requires the transfer of a patient to a hospital licensed under chapter 395.
 - (b) A permanent physical injury to the patient.
 - (c) The death of the patient.
- (4) The board shall review each adverse incident and determine whether the adverse incident is caused by the independent nurse practitioner. The board may take disciplinary action upon such a finding, in which event s. 456.073 applies.
- Section 20. Paragraph (p) is added to subsection (1) of section 464.018, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 464.018 Disciplinary actions.—
- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
- (p) For an independent nurse practitioner registered under s. 464.0125:
- 1. Prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing, or otherwise preparing a legend drug, including any controlled substance, other than in the course of the professional practice of the independent nurse practitioner. For the purposes of this subparagraph, it shall be legally presumed that prescribing,

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dispensing, administering, mixing, or otherwise preparing legend drugs, including all controlled substances, inappropriately or in excessive or inappropriate quantities is not in the best interest of the patient and is not in the course of the professional practice of the independent nurse practitioner, without regard to the nurse's intent.

- 2. Dispensing a controlled substance listed in Schedule II or Schedule III in violation of s. 465.0276.
 - 3. Presigning blank prescription forms.

- 4. Prescribing any medicinal drug appearing on Schedule II in chapter 893 by the nurse for office use.
- 5. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving a drug that is a Schedule II amphetamine or a Schedule II sympathomimetic amine drug or any compound thereof, pursuant to chapter 893, to or for any person except for:
- a. The treatment of narcolepsy; hyperkinesis; behavioral syndrome characterized by the developmentally inappropriate symptoms of moderate to severe distractability, short attention span, hyperactivity, emotional liability, and impulsivity; or drug-induced brain dysfunction;
- b. The differential diagnostic psychiatric evaluation of depression or the treatment of depression shown to be refractory to other therapeutic modalities; or
- 1038 <u>c. The clinical investigation of the effects of such drugs</u>
 1039 or compounds when an investigative protocol therefor is

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submitted to, reviewed, and approved by the board before such investigation is begun.

- 6. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving growth hormones, testosterone or its analogs, human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG), or other hormones for the purpose of muscle building or to enhance athletic performance. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "muscle building" does not include the treatment of injured muscle. A prescription written for the drug products listed in this subparagraph may be dispensed by the pharmacist with the presumption that the prescription is for legitimate medical use.
- 7. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving amygdalin (laetrile) to any person.
- 8. Promoting or advertising on any prescription form of a community pharmacy, unless the form also states: "This prescription may be filled at any pharmacy of your choice."
- 9. Promoting or advertising through any communication media the use, sale, or dispensing of any controlled substance appearing on any schedule in chapter 893.
- 10. Prescribing or dispensing any medicinal drug appearing on any schedule in chapter 893 by the independent nurse practitioner for himself or herself or administering any such drug by the nurse to himself or herself unless such drug is prescribed for the independent nurse practitioner by another practitioner authorized to prescribe medicinal drugs.

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11. Paying or receiving any commission, bonus, kickback, or rebate, or engaging in any split-fee arrangement in any form whatsoever with a health care practitioner, organization, agency, or person, either directly or indirectly, for patients referred to providers of health care goods and services, including, but not limited to, hospitals, nursing homes, clinical laboratories, ambulatory surgical centers, or pharmacies. This subparagraph does not prevent an independent nurse practitioner from receiving a fee for professional consultation services.

- 12. Exercising influence within a patient-independent nurse practitioner relationship for purposes of engaging a patient in sexual activity. A patient shall be presumed to be incapable of giving free, full, and informed consent to sexual activity with his or her independent nurse practitioner.
- 13. Making deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in or related to the practice of advanced or specialized nursing or employing a trick or scheme in the practice of advanced or specialized nursing.
- 14. Soliciting patients, either personally or through an agent, through the use of fraud, intimidation, undue influence, or a form of overreaching or vexatious conduct. A solicitation is any communication that directly or implicitly requests an immediate oral response from the recipient.
- 15. Failing to keep legible, as defined by department rule in consultation with the board, medical records that identify

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title who is responsible for rendering, ordering, supervising, or billing for each diagnostic or treatment procedure and that justify the course of treatment of the patient, including, but not limited to, patient histories; examination results; test results; records of drugs prescribed, dispensed, or administered; and reports of consultations or referrals.

- 16. Exercising influence on the patient or client in such a manner as to exploit the patient or client for financial gain of the licensee or of a third party, which shall include, but not be limited to, the promoting or selling of services, goods, appliances, or drugs.
- 17. Performing professional services that have not been duly authorized by the patient or client, or his or her legal representative, except as provided in s. 766.103 or s. 768.13.
- 18. Performing any procedure or prescribing any therapy that, by the prevailing standards of advanced or specialized nursing practice in the community, would constitute experimentation on a human subject, without first obtaining full, informed, and written consent.
- 19. Delegating professional responsibilities to a person when the licensee delegating such responsibilities knows or has reason to know that such person is not qualified by training, experience, or licensure to perform such responsibilities.
- 20. Conspiring with another independent nurse practitioner or with any other person to commit an act, or committing an act,

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which would tend to coerce, intimidate, or preclude another

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1119 independent nurse practitioner from lawfully advertising his or 1120 her services. 1121 21. Advertising or holding oneself out as having 1122 certification in a specialty which the independent nurse 1123 practitioner has not received. 1124 22. Failing to comply with the requirements of ss. 381.026 1125 and 381.0261 to provide patients with information about his or 1126 her patient rights and how to file a patient complaint. 1127 23. Providing deceptive or fraudulent expert witness 1128 testimony related to the advanced or specialized practice of 1129 nursing. 1130 Section 21. Subsection (21) of section 893.02, Florida 1131 Statutes, is amended to read: 1132 893.02 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as 1133 used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless 1134 the context otherwise requires: 1135 (21) "Practitioner" means a physician licensed pursuant to 1136 chapter 458, a dentist licensed pursuant to chapter 466, a 1137 veterinarian licensed pursuant to chapter 474, an osteopathic

physician licensed pursuant to chapter 459, a naturopath

licensed pursuant to chapter 462, a certified optometrist

physician licensed pursuant to chapter 461, provided such

licensed pursuant to chapter 463, an independent nurse

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practitioner holds a valid federal controlled substance registry

practitioner registered pursuant to s. 464.0125, or a podiatric

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Section 22. Subsection (2) of section 960.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

960.28 Payment for victims' initial forensic physical examinations.—

(2)The Crime Victims' Services Office of the department shall pay for medical expenses connected with an initial forensic physical examination of a victim of sexual battery as defined in chapter 794 or a lewd or lascivious offense as defined in chapter 800. Such payment shall be made regardless of whether the victim is covered by health or disability insurance and whether the victim participates in the criminal justice system or cooperates with law enforcement. The payment shall be made only out of moneys allocated to the Crime Victims' Services Office for the purposes of this section, and the payment may not exceed \$500 with respect to any violation. The department shall develop and maintain separate protocols for the initial forensic physical examination of adults and children. Payment under this section is limited to medical expenses connected with the initial forensic physical examination, and payment may be made to a medical provider using an examiner qualified under part I of chapter 464, excluding s. 464.003(17) s. 464.003(16); chapter 458; or chapter 459. Payment made to the medical provider by the department shall be considered by the provider as payment in full for the initial forensic physical examination associated with the collection of evidence. The victim may not be required

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1170 to pay, directly or indirectly, the cost of an initial forensic 1171 physical examination performed in accordance with this section. 1172 Section 23. Subsection (2) of section 288.901, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1173 1174 288.901 Enterprise Florida, Inc.-1175 PURPOSES.—Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall act as the 1176 economic development organization for the state, using utilizing 1177 private sector and public sector expertise in collaboration with 1178 the department to: Increase private investment in Florida; 1179 1180 Advance international and domestic trade 1181 opportunities; 1182 Market the state both as a probusiness location for 1183 new investment and as an unparalleled tourist destination; 1184 Revitalize Florida's space and aerospace industries, and promote emerging complementary industries; 1185 1186 Promote opportunities for minority-owned businesses; 1187 Assist and market professional and amateur sport teams 1188 and sporting events in Florida; and 1189 Assist, promote, and enhance economic opportunities in 1190 this state's rural and urban communities; and 1191 (h) Market the state as a health care destination by using 1192 the medical tourism initiatives as described in s. 288.924 to 1193 promote quality health care services in this state. 1194 Section 24. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

288.923, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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288.923 Division of Tourism Marketing; definitions; responsibilities.—

- (4) The division's responsibilities and duties include, but are not limited to:
 - (c) Developing a 4-year marketing plan.

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- 1. At a minimum, the marketing plan shall discuss the following:
 - a. Continuation of overall tourism growth in this state.
 - b. Expansion to new or under-represented tourist markets.
 - c. Maintenance of traditional and loyal tourist markets.
 - d. Coordination of efforts with county destination marketing organizations, other local government marketing groups, privately owned attractions and destinations, and other private sector partners to create a seamless, four-season advertising campaign for the state and its regions.
- e. Development of innovative techniques or promotions to build repeat visitation by targeted segments of the tourist population.
- f. Consideration of innovative sources of state funding for tourism marketing.
 - g. Promotion of nature-based tourism and heritage tourism.
- h. Promotion of medical tourism, as provided under s. 288.924.
- i.h. Development of a component to address emergency
 response to natural and manmade disasters from a marketing
 standpoint.

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2. The plan shall be annual in construction and ongoing in nature. Any annual revisions of the plan shall carry forward the concepts of the remaining 3-year portion of the plan and consider a continuum portion to preserve the 4-year timeframe of the plan. The plan also shall include recommendations for specific performance standards and measurable outcomes for the division and direct-support organization. The department, in consultation with the board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall base the actual performance metrics on these recommendations.

3. The 4-year marketing plan shall be developed in collaboration with the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation. The plan shall be annually reviewed and approved by the board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc.

Section 25. Section 288.924, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

288.924 Medical tourism.-

- (1) MEDICAL TOURISM MARKETING PLAN.—The Division of

 Tourism Marketing shall include in the 4-year marketing plan

 required under s. 288.923(4)(c) specific initiatives to advance
 this state as a destination for quality health care services.

 The plan must:
- (a) Promote national and international awareness of the qualifications, scope of services, and specialized expertise of health care providers throughout this state.

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Include an initiative that showcases selected, qualified providers offering bundled packages of health care and support services for defined care episodes. The selection of providers to be showcased must be conducted through a solicitation of proposals from Florida hospitals and other licensed providers for plans that describe available services, provider qualifications, and special arrangements for food, lodging, transportation, or other support services and amenities that may be provided to visiting patients and their families. A single health care provider may submit a proposal describing the available health care services that will be offered through a network of multiple providers and explaining any support services or other amenities associated with the care episode. The Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation shall assess the qualifications and credentials of providers submitting proposals. To the extent funding is available, all qualified providers shall be selected to be showcased in the initiative. To be qualified, a health care provider must:

- 1. Have a full, active, and unencumbered Florida license and ensure that all health care providers participating in the proposal have full, active, and unencumbered Florida licenses;
- 2. Have a current accreditation that is not conditional or provisional from a nationally recognized accrediting body;
- 3. Be recognized as a Cancer Center of Excellence under s.
 381.925 or have a current national or international recognition

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in another specialty area, if such recognition is given through
a specific qualifying process; and

- 4. Meet other criteria as determined by the Florida

 Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation in collaboration with the

 Agency for Health Care Administration and the Department of

 Health.
- (2) ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR MARKETING PLAN.—Annually, at least \$3.5 million of the funds appropriated in the General Appropriations Act to the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation shall be allocated for the development and implementation of the medical tourism marketing plan.
- (3) MEDICAL TOURISM MATCHING GRANTS.—The Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation shall create a matching grant program to provide funding to local or regional economic development organizations for targeted medical tourism marketing initiatives. The initiatives must promote and advance Florida as a destination for quality health care services.
- (a) Selection of recipients of a matching grant shall be based on the following criteria:
- 1. The providers involved in the local initiative must meet the criteria specified in subsection (1).
- 2. The local or regional economic development organization must demonstrate an ability to involve a variety of businesses in a collaborative effort to welcome and support patients and their families who travel to this state to obtain medical services.

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1298	3. The cash or in-kind services available from the local
1299	or regional economic development organization must be at least
1300	equal to the amount of available state financial support.
1301	(b) Proposals must be submitted by November 1 of each
1302	year. Funds must be equally divided among all selected
1303	applicants.
1304	(4) ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR MATCHING GRANTS.—Annually, at
1305	least \$1.5 million of the funds appropriated in the General
1306	Appropriations Act to the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing
1307	Corporation shall be allocated for the matching grant program.
1308	Section 26. Subsection (7) of section 456.072, Florida
1309	Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (oo) is added to subsection
1310	(1) of that section, to read:
1311	456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement.—
1312	(1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which
1313	the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be
1314	taken:
1315	(00) Failing to comply with the requirements of s.
1316	893.055(8) by failing to access the prescription drug monitoring
1317	program database upon an initial visit with a patient and view
1318	her or his prescription drug history before issuing a
1319	prescription for a controlled substance listed in s. 893.03(2),
1320	(3), or (4) to the patient.
1321	(7) Notwithstanding subsection (2), upon a finding that a
1322	physician or an independent nurse practitioner has prescribed or

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dispensed a controlled substance, or caused a controlled

1324 substance to be prescribed or dispensed, in a manner that 1325 violates the standard of practice set forth in s. 458.331(1)(q) 1326 or (t), s. 459.015(1)(t) or (x), s. 461.013(1)(o) or (s), s. 1327 464.018(1)(p), or s. 466.028(1)(p) or (x), such practitioner the physician shall be suspended for a period of at least not less 1328 1329 than 6 months and pay a fine of at least not less than \$10,000 1330 per count. Repeated violations shall result in increased 1331 penalties. Section 27. Section 893.055, Florida Statutes, is amended 1332 1333 to read: 1334 (Substantial rewording of section. See s. 893.055, F.S., for <u>present text.</u>) 1335 1336 893.055 Prescription drug monitoring program.-1337 (1) As used in this section and s. 893.0551, the term: 1338 "Active investigation" means an open investigation (a) conducted by a law enforcement agency with a reasonable, good 1339 1340 faith belief that it will lead to the filing of criminal charges 1341 or that is ongoing and for which there is a reasonable, good 1342 faith anticipation of obtaining an arrest or prosecution in the 1343 foreseeable future. 1344 (b) "Administer" means to obtain and give a single dose of 1345 a medicinal drug to a patient for her or his consumption. 1346 "Controlled substance" means a substance named or

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

described in s. 893.03(2), (3), or (4).

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(d) "Dispense" means to transfer possession of one or more doses of a medicinal drug to the ultimate consumer or her or his agent.

(e) "Dispenser" means a pharmacist or dispensing health care practitioner.

- (f) "Health care practitioner" means a person licensed as a physician or physician assistant under chapter 458, as an osteopathic physician or physician assistant under chapter 459, as a podiatric physician under chapter 461, as an optometrist under chapter 463, as an advanced registered nurse practitioner under chapter 464, as a pharmacist under chapter 465, or as a dentist under chapter 466.
- (g) "Law enforcement agency" means the Department of Law Enforcement, a Florida sheriff's office, a Florida police department, or a federal law enforcement agency that enforces the laws of this state or the United States relating to controlled substances, and the agents and officers of which are empowered by law to conduct criminal investigations and make arrests.
- (h) "Patient advisory report" means information provided by the program to a health care practitioner, dispenser, or patient concerning the dispensing of a controlled substance to a patient.
- (i) "Pharmacy" means an entity permitted under chapter 465

 as a pharmacy, as defined in s. 465.003(11), and a nonresident

 pharmacy registered under s. 465.0156.

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(j) "Program" means the prescription drug monitoring program created under this section.

- (2) (a) The department shall establish and maintain a database of controlled substance dispensing information. The database shall be used to provide information regarding dispensed prescriptions of controlled substances to persons with direct and indirect access to such information pursuant to this section. The database must meet the standards of the American Society for Automation in Pharmacy and must comply with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act and all other relevant state and federal privacy and security laws and regulations. A transmission of information required by this section must comply with relevant state and federal privacy and security laws and regulations.
- (b) The department shall designate a program manager to administer the program and ensure the program's integrity and compliance with this section. The program manager and each member of the authorized program and support staff must undergo a level 2 background screening pursuant to s. 435.04 as a condition of employment.
- (c) The program shall be funded only by federal grants or private funding received by the state. The department may not commit funds for the program without ensuring that funding is available. The department shall cooperate with the direct-support organization established in subsection (16) in seeking federal grant funds, other nonstate grant funds, gifts,

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donations, or other private funds for the program if the costs of doing so are nonmaterial. For purposes of this paragraph, nonmaterial costs include, but are not limited to, costs for postage and department personnel assigned to research or apply for a grant. Funds provided by prescription drug manufacturers may not be used to establish or administer the program.

- (d) To the extent that funding is provided for the program through federal grant funds, other nonstate grant funds, gifts, donations, or other private funds, the department shall study the feasibility of enhancing the program for the purposes of supporting public health initiatives and improving statistical reporting. The study shall be conducted to reduce drug abuse and further the safety and quality of health care services by improving prescribing and dispensing practices related to controlled substances and incorporating advances in technology.
- (e) The department shall comply with s. 287.057 for the procurement of any goods or services required by this section.
- (3) Within 7 days after the date that a prescription substance is dispensed, a dispenser shall submit to the database the following information:
- (a) The prescribing health care practitioner's full name, federal Drug Enforcement Administration registration number, and National Provider Identifier or other appropriate identifier.
- (b) The full name, address, and date of birth of the person for whom the prescription was written.
 - (c) The date that the prescription was written.

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(d) The date that the prescription was filled and the method of payment. The department may not include credit card numbers or other account numbers in the database.

- (e) The name, national drug code, quantity, and strength of the controlled substance dispensed.
- number, and address of the pharmacy or other location from which the controlled substance was dispensed or, if the controlled substance was dispensed by a health care practitioner other than a pharmacist, the health care practitioner's full name, federal Drug Enforcement Administration registration number, National Provider Identifier or other appropriate identifier, and address.
- (g) Other appropriate identifying information as determined by rule.
- (4) A dispenser shall submit the information required by this section electronically, or by another method established by rule, in a format approved by the department. The cost to the dispenser to submit the information required by this section may not be material or extraordinary. The department shall establish a reporting procedure and format by rule and may authorize an extension of time to report such information for cause as defined by rule.
- (5) The following acts of a health care practitioner or dispenser are exempt from reporting under this section:

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(a) Administering or dispensing a controlled substance to a patient in a hospital, nursing home, ambulatory surgical center, hospice, or intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled.

- (b) Administering or dispensing a controlled substance within the Department of Corrections health care system.
- (c) Administering or dispensing a controlled substance to a person under the age of 16.
- (d) Dispensing a one-time, 72-hour emergency supply of a controlled substance to a patient.
- (6) A person who knowingly and willfully fails to report the dispensing of a controlled substance as required by this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (7) A dispenser or her or his agent, before dispensing a controlled substance to a person not known to the dispenser, shall require the person purchasing or receiving the controlled substance to present identification issued by the state or the Federal Government that contains the person's photograph, printed name, and signature, or a document considered acceptable identification under 8 C.F.R. s. 274a.2(b)(1)(v)(A) and (B).
- (a) If the person does not have such identification, the dispenser may verify the validity of the prescription and the identity of the patient with the prescribing health care practitioner or her or his agent. Verification of health plan

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eligibility of the person purchasing or receiving the controlled substance satisfies the requirement of this subsection.

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- (b) This subsection does not apply in an institutional setting or in a long-term care facility, including, but not limited to, an assisted living facility or a hospital to which patients are admitted.
- (8) (a) The program manager, and program and support staff only as directed or authorized by the program manager, shall have direct access to the database for program management in support of the requirements of this section.
- (b) A health care practitioner or dispenser shall have direct access to information in the database which relates to a patient of that health care practitioner or dispenser for the purpose of reviewing the patient's controlled substance prescription history. A prescribing health care practitioner must access the database and view a patient's prescription drug history before issuing a prescription for a controlled substance to the patient upon her or his initial visit. A health care practitioner or dispenser acting in good faith is immune from any civil, criminal, or administrative liability for receiving or using information from the database. This section does not create a private cause of action and a person may not recover damages against a health care practitioner or dispenser who is authorized to access information from the database for accessing or failing to access such information. A prescribing health care practitioner is exempt from the access and viewing requirement

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of this paragraph if the database is inaccessible for any reason not due to the fault of the practitioner before he or she issues a prescription for a controlled substance at a patient's initial visit. A prescribing health care practitioner must access the database and view the patient's prescription drug history when database accessibility is restored after the patient's initial visit.

- (9) The following entities may not have direct access to information in the database but may request information from the program:
- (a) The department for the purpose of an active investigation of a health care practitioner or dispenser who is authorized to prescribe, administer, or dispense controlled substances.
- (b) The Attorney General for the purpose of an active investigation of Medicaid fraud involving prescriptions of controlled substances.
- (c) A law enforcement agency for the purpose of an active investigation regarding potential criminal activity, fraud, or theft involving prescriptions of controlled substances.
- (d) A patient or the legal guardian or health care surrogate, as defined in s. 765.101(16), of an incapacitated patient. The department shall verify the identity of the incapacitated patient or the legal guardian or health care surrogate. Verification is also required for a request to change

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an incapacitated patient's prescription drug history or other information in the database.

- (9) (c), the department shall enter into a user agreement with the law enforcement agency requesting information from the database. At a minimum, the user agreement must:
- (a) Provide for access control and information security in order to ensure the confidentiality of the information.
 - (b) Contain training requirements.

- (c) Require each law enforcement agency head to submit an annual attestation to the program manager stating that the law enforcement agency is complying with the user agreement and disclosing any findings made and actions taken to maintain compliance. Any findings of noncompliance must be reported immediately to the program manager by the law enforcement agency head.
- (d) Require each law enforcement agency that receives information from the database to electronically update the database biennially with the status of the case for which information was received, in accordance with procedures established by department rule.
- (e) Require each law enforcement agency head to appoint one agency administrator who is responsible for appointing authorized users to request and receive information from the database and ensure the law enforcement agency maintains

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compliance with the user agreement and the laws governing access, use, and dissemination of the information.

- (f) Require each authorized user to attest that each request for information from the database is predicated on and related to an active investigation.
- annual audit of the agency administrator and each authorized user to ensure compliance with the user agreement. Such an audit must be conducted by the internal affairs or professional standards division within the law enforcement agency. The review must include any allegation of noncompliance, potential security violations, and a report on user compliance with the user agreement and applicable laws and rules. The law enforcement agency shall also conduct a routine audit on access to and dissemination of information received from the database. The result of each audit shall be submitted to the program manager within 7 days after completion of the audit.
- (h) Allow the program manager to restrict, suspend, or terminate an agency administrator's or authorized user's access to the database if the administrator or user has failed to comply with the user agreement. If a law enforcement agency does not comply with the audit requirements in paragraph (g), the program manager shall suspend the law enforcement agency's access to the database until the agency complies with such requirements.

(11) The program manager, upon determining a pattern consistent with the rules established under subsection (17) evidencing controlled substance abuse or diversion and having cause to believe a violation of s. 893.13(7)(a)8., (8)(a), or (8)(b) has occurred, may provide relevant information to the appropriate law enforcement agency.

- (12) An authorized person or entity receiving information from the database under subsection (9) may maintain the information for no more than 24 months before purging the information from official records. Information may be maintained for more than 24 months if it is pertinent to an active investigation or criminal prosecution.
- discoverable or admissible in any civil or administrative action, except in an investigation or disciplinary proceeding conducted by the department. Information shared with a state attorney pursuant to s. 893.0551(3)(a) or (c) may be released only in response to a discovery demand if such information is directly related to the criminal case for which the information was requested. If additional information is shared with the state attorney which is not directly related to the criminal case, the state attorney shall inform the inquirer that such information exists. Unrelated information may not be released except upon an order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (14) A person who participates in preparing, reviewing, issuing, or any other activity related to a patient advisory

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report may not be permitted or required to testify in any civil action as to any finding, recommendation, evaluation, opinion, or other action taken in connection with preparing, reviewing, or issuing such a report.

- annually to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1.

 Department staff may not have direct access to information in the database for the purpose of reporting performance measures.

 To measure performance and undertake public health care and safety initiatives, department staff may request data from the database that does not contain patient, health care practitioner, or dispenser identifying information. Performance measures may include, but are not limited to:
- (a) Reduction of the rate of inappropriate use of prescription drugs through department education and safety efforts.
- (b) Reduction of the quantity of controlled substances obtained by individuals attempting to engage in fraud and deceit.
- (c) Increased coordination among partners participating in the program.
- (d) Involvement of stakeholders in achieving improved patient health care and safety and reduction of prescription drug abuse and prescription drug diversion.

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(16) The department may establish a direct-support organization to provide assistance, funding, and promotional support for the activities authorized for the program.

- (a) As used in this subsection, the term "direct-support organization" means an organization that is:
- 1. A Florida not-for-profit corporation incorporated under chapter 617, exempted from filing fees, and approved by the Department of State.
- 2. Organized and operated to conduct programs and activities; raise funds; request and receive grants, gifts, and bequests of money; acquire, receive, hold, and invest, in its own name, securities, funds, objects of value, or other property, either real or personal; and make expenditures or provide funding to or for the benefit of the program.
- (b) The State Surgeon General shall appoint a board of directors for the direct-support organization consisting of at least five members. Members of the board shall serve at the pleasure of the State Surgeon General. The State Surgeon General shall provide guidance to members of the board to ensure that funds received by the direct-support organization are not from inappropriate sources. An inappropriate source includes, but is not limited to, a donor, grantor, person, or organization that may benefit from the purchase of goods or services by the department for the program.

(c) The direct-support organization shall operate under written contract with the department. The contract must, at a minimum, provide for:

- 1. Department approval of the articles of incorporation, bylaws, and annual budgets.
- 2. Department certification that the direct-support organization is complying with the terms of the contract in a manner consistent with and in furtherance of the program. Such certification must be made annually and reported in the official minutes of a direct-support organization board meeting.
- 3. The reversion, without penalty, to the state of all funds and property held in trust by the direct-support organization for the benefit of the program if the direct-support organization ceases to exist or if the contract is terminated. The state shall use all funds and property reverted to it to support the program.
- 4. The fiscal year of the direct-support organization, which must begin July 1 of each year and end June 30 of the following year.
- 5. The disclosure of the material provisions of the contract to a donor of a gift, contribution, or bequest, including such disclosure on all promotional and fundraising publications, and an explanation to the donor of the distinction between the department and the direct-support organization.

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	6.	Th	e di	rect	-supp	ort	organi	izat	cion'	s collectir	1g,	
exper	nding	J,	and	prov	iding	of	funds	to	the	department	for	the
opera	atior	n o	f th	ne pr	ogram							

- 7. The reversion to the department of any funds of the direct-support organization held by the department in a separate depository account received from rentals of facilities and properties managed by the department for use by the direct-support organization.
- (d) The direct-support organization may collect and expend funds for the function of its board of directors, as approved by the department, and provide funds to the department for:
- 1. Establishing and administering the database, including hardware and software.
- 2. Conducting studies on the efficiency and effectiveness of the program, including the feasibility study described in paragraph (2)(d).
 - 3. Future enhancements of the program.
- 4. User training for the program, including the distribution of materials to promote public awareness and education and conducting workshops or other meetings for health care practitioners, pharmacists, and others.
 - 5. Travel expenses incurred by the board.
 - 6. Administrative costs.

7. Fulfilling all other requirements necessary to operate the program.

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(e) The department may authorize, without charge, appropriate use of its administrative services, property, and facilities by the direct-support organization.

- (f) The department may not authorize the use of any of its administrative services, property, or facilities by a direct-support organization if the organization does not provide equal membership and employment opportunities to all persons regardless of race, color, religion, gender, age, or national origin.
- (g) The direct-support organization shall provide for an independent annual financial audit in accordance with s.
 215.981. A copy of the audit shall be provided to the department and the Office of Policy and Budget in the Executive Office of the Governor.
- 1715 (h) The direct-support organization is not a lobbying firm
 1716 for purposes of s. 11.045.
 - (17) (a) The department shall adopt rules to administer this section. Such rules shall include, but not be limited to:
 - 1. Procedures for reporting information to the database and accessing information in the database.
 - 2. Indicators that identify controlled substance abuse or diversion.
- 3. By October 1, 2014, practices to ensure a law
 enforcement agency is in compliance with the audit requirements
 in paragraph (10)(g).

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 $\underline{\text{4.}}$ The form and content of a user agreement pursuant to subsection (10).

- (b) The department may adopt rules to govern the use of its administrative services, property, or facilities by the direct-support organization established under subsection (16).
- Section 28. Paragraphs (d) and (h) of subsection (1) of section 893.0551, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 893.0551 Public records exemption for the prescription drug monitoring program.—
 - (1) For purposes of this section, the term:
 - (d) "Health care regulatory board" means any board for a practitioner or health care practitioner who is licensed or regulated by the department has the same meaning as provided in s. 893.055.
 - (h) "Prescriber" means a prescribing physician, prescribing practitioner, or other prescribing health care practitioner has the same meaning as provided in s. 893.055.
 - Section 29. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 154.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 154.11 Powers of board of trustees.
 - (1) The board of trustees of each public health trust shall be deemed to exercise a public and essential governmental function of both the state and the county and in furtherance thereof it shall, subject to limitation by the governing body of the county in which such board is located, have all of the powers necessary or convenient to carry out the operation and

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governance of designated health care facilities, including, but without limiting the generality of, the foregoing:

(d) To make and execute contracts and other instruments necessary to exercise the powers of the board. Notwithstanding s. 154.10(7), the public health trust is authorized to execute contracts with any labor union or other labor organization without prior approval by the governing body of the county.

Section 30. Notwithstanding s. 893.055, Florida Statutes, for the 2014-2015 fiscal year, the sum of \$500,000 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Health for the general administration of the prescription drug monitoring program.

Section 31. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

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