1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to insurance claims; amending s. 3 626.601, F.S.; adding mediators and neutral evaluators 4 to the list of individuals or entities that the Department of Financial Services or the Office of 5 6 Insurance Regulation may investigate for alleged 7 improper conduct; amending s. 627.3518, F.S.; 8 conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 627.409, 9 F.S.; providing that a claim for residential property insurance cannot be denied based on certain credit 10 11 information; amending s. 627.4133, F.S.; providing 12 that a policy or contract be cancelled based on 13 certain credit information; amending s. 627.422, F.S.; providing for the assignment of property insurance 14 15 policy benefits; specifying requirements for the assignment of post-loss benefits in a valid agreement 16 17 for services; amending s. 627.7015, F.S.; revising the rule requirements relating to the property insurance 18 19 mediation program administered by the department; creating s. 627.70151, F.S.; providing grounds for 20 21 challenging an umpire's impartiality in estimating the 22 amount of a property loss; amending s. 627.706, F.S.; 23 redefining the term "neutral evaluator"; amending s. 24 627.7074, F.S.; specifying grounds for denying, 25 suspending, or revoking approval of a neutral 26 evaluator; creating s. 627.7142, F.S.; establishing a Page 1 of 23

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27	Claims Bill of Rights for residential property
28	insurance policyholders; providing that such bill of
29	rights does not provide a cause of action; creating s.
30	627.715, F.S.; defining terms; providing requirements
31	for emergency mitigation repair agreements; requiring
32	an emergency mitigation contractor to be appropriately
33	certified or to possess a contracting license;
34	amending s. 627.745, F.S.; revising qualifications for
35	mediators of personal injury claims; providing grounds
36	for denying, suspending, or revoking the application
37	or approval of a mediator; providing an effective
38	date.
39	
40	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
41	
42	Section 1. Section 626.601, Florida Statutes, is amended
43	to read:
44	626.601 Improper conduct; investigation inquiry;
45	fingerprinting
46	(1) The department or office may, upon its own motion or
47	upon a written complaint signed by <u>an</u> any interested person and
48	filed with the department or office, inquire into the any
49	alleged improper conduct of <u>an approved, certified, or</u> any
50	licensed insurance agency, agent, adjuster, service
51	representative, managing general agent, customer representative,
52	title insurance agent, title insurance agency, <u>mediator, neutral</u>
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53 evaluator, continuing education course provider, instructor, 54 school official, or monitor group under this code. The department or office may thereafter initiate an investigation of 55 56 any such individual or entity licensee if it has reasonable cause to believe that the individual or entity licensee has 57 58 violated any provision of the insurance code. During the course 59 of its investigation, the department or office shall contact the 60 individual or entity licensee being investigated unless it 61 determines that contacting such individual or entity person could jeopardize the successful completion of the investigation 62 63 or cause injury to the public.

(2) In the investigation by the department or office of
the alleged misconduct, the <u>individual or entity</u> licensee shall,
<u>if</u> whenever so required by the department or office, <u>open the</u>
<u>individual's or entity's</u> cause his or her books and records to
<u>be open</u> for inspection for the purpose of such inquiries.

69 (3) The Complaints against <u>an individual or entity</u> any 70 licensee may be informally alleged and <u>are not required to</u> 71 <u>include language</u> need not be in any such language as is 72 necessary to charge a crime on an indictment or information.

(4) The expense for any hearings or investigations conducted pursuant to under this section law, as well as the fees and mileage of witnesses, may be paid out of the appropriate fund.

(5) If the department or office, after investigation, the department or office has reason to believe that an individual a Page 3 of 23

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79 licensee may have been found quilty of or pleaded quilty or nolo 80 contendere to a felony or a crime related to the business of insurance in this or any other state or jurisdiction, the 81 department or office may require the individual licensee to file 82 83 with the department or office a complete set of his or her 84 fingerprints, which shall be accompanied by the fingerprint 85 processing fee specified set forth in s. 624.501. The 86 fingerprints must shall be taken by an authorized law 87 enforcement agency or other department-approved entity.

The complaint and any information obtained pursuant to 88 (6) 89 the investigation by the department or office are confidential 90 and are exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07, unless the department or office files a formal administrative complaint, 91 92 emergency order, or consent order against the individual or 93 entity licensee. Nothing in This subsection does not shall be 94 construed to prevent the department or office from disclosing 95 the complaint or such information as it deems necessary to 96 conduct the investigation, to update the complainant as to the 97 status and outcome of the complaint, or to share such information with a any law enforcement agency or other 98 99 regulatory body.

100 Section 2. Subsection (9) of section 627.3518, Florida
101 Statutes, is amended to read:

102 627.3518 Citizens Property Insurance Corporation 103 policyholder eligibility clearinghouse program.—The purpose of 104 this section is to provide a framework for the corporation to Page 4 of 23

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105 implement a clearinghouse program by January 1, 2014. 106 (9) The 45-day notice of nonrenewal requirement set forth 107 in s. 627.4133(2)(b)5.b. s. 627.4133(2)(b)4.b. applies when a policy is nonrenewed by the corporation because the risk has 108 received an offer of coverage pursuant to this section which 109 110 renders the risk ineligible for coverage by the corporation. Section 3. Section 627.409, Florida Statutes, is amended 111 to read: 112 627.409 Representations in applications; warranties.-113 Any statement or description made by or on behalf of 114 (1) an insured or annuitant in an application for an insurance 115 policy or annuity contract, or in negotiations for a policy or 116 contract, is a representation and is not a warranty. Except as 117 118 provided in subsection (3), a misrepresentation, omission, 119 concealment of fact, or incorrect statement may prevent recovery 120 under the contract or policy only if any of the following apply: 121 (a) The misrepresentation, omission, concealment, or 122 statement is fraudulent or is material either to the acceptance 123 of the risk or to the hazard assumed by the insurer. If the true facts had been known to the insurer 124 (b) 125 pursuant to a policy requirement or other requirement, the 126 insurer in good faith would not have issued the policy or 127 contract, would not have issued it at the same premium rate, 128 would not have issued a policy or contract in as large an 129 amount, or would not have provided coverage with respect to the 130 hazard resulting in the loss. Page 5 of 23

(2) A breach or violation by the insured of <u>a</u> any
warranty, condition, or provision of <u>a</u> any wet marine or
transportation insurance policy, contract of insurance,
endorsement, or application therefor does not void the policy or
contract, or constitute a defense to a loss thereon, unless such
breach or violation increased the hazard by any means within the
control of the insured.

138 (3) For residential property insurance, if a policy or
139 contract has been in effect for more than 90 days, a claim filed
140 by the insured cannot be denied based on credit information
141 available in public record.

142Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section143627.4133, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

144 627.4133 Notice of cancellation, nonrenewal, or renewal 145 premium.-

146 (2) With respect to any personal lines or commercial 147 residential property insurance policy, including, but not 148 limited to, any homeowner's, mobile home owner's, farmowner's, 149 condominium association, condominium unit owner's, apartment 150 building, or other policy covering a residential structure or 151 its contents:

(b) The insurer shall give the first-named insured written notice of nonrenewal, cancellation, or termination at least 100 days before the effective date of the nonrenewal, cancellation, or termination. However, the insurer shall give at least 100 days' written notice, or written notice by June 1, whichever is

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157 earlier, for any nonrenewal, cancellation, or termination that 158 would be effective between June 1 and November 30. The notice 159 must include the reason or reasons for the nonrenewal, 160 cancellation, or termination, except that:

161 1. The insurer shall give the first-named insured written 162 notice of nonrenewal, cancellation, or termination at least 120 163 days <u>before</u> prior to the effective date of the nonrenewal, 164 cancellation, or termination for a first-named insured whose 165 residential structure has been insured by that insurer or an 166 affiliated insurer for at least <u>5 years before</u> a <u>5-year period</u> 167 <u>immediately prior to</u> the date of the written notice.

168 2. If cancellation is for nonpayment of premium, at least 10 days' written notice of cancellation accompanied by the 169 170 reason therefor must be given. As used in this subparagraph, the 171 term "nonpayment of premium" means failure of the named insured 172 to discharge when due her or his obligations for paying the 173 premium in connection with the payment of premiums on a policy 174 or an any installment of such premium, whether the premium is 175 payable directly to the insurer or its agent or indirectly under 176 a any premium finance plan or extension of credit, or failure to 177 maintain membership in an organization if such membership is a 178 condition precedent to insurance coverage. The term also means 179 the failure of a financial institution to honor an insurance 180 applicant's check after delivery to a licensed agent for payment 181 of a premium τ even if the agent has previously delivered or 182 transferred the premium to the insurer. If a dishonored check Page 7 of 23

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183 represents the initial premium payment, the contract and all 184 contractual obligations are void ab initio unless the nonpayment 185 is cured within the earlier of 5 days after actual notice by 186 certified mail is received by the applicant or 15 days after 187 notice is sent to the applicant by certified mail or registered 188 mail., and If the contract is void, any premium received by the 189 insurer from a third party must be refunded to that party in 190 full.

191 3. If such cancellation or termination occurs during the first 90 days the insurance is in force and the insurance is 192 193 canceled or terminated for reasons other than nonpayment of premium, at least 20 days' written notice of cancellation or 194 195 termination accompanied by the reason therefor must be given 196 unless there has been a material misstatement or 197 misrepresentation or a failure to comply with the underwriting 198 requirements established by the insurer.

After a policy or contract has been in effect for more
 than 90 days, the insurer may not cancel or terminate the policy
 or contract based on credit information available in public
 records.

203 <u>5.4.</u> The requirement for providing written notice by June 204 1 of any nonrenewal that would be effective between June 1 and 205 November 30 does not apply to the following situations, but the 206 insurer remains subject to the requirement to provide such 207 notice at least 100 days before the effective date of 208 nonrenewal:

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a. A policy that is nonrenewed due to a revision in the
coverage for sinkhole losses and catastrophic ground cover
collapse pursuant to s. 627.706.

b. A policy that is nonrenewed by Citizens Property 212 213 Insurance Corporation, pursuant to s. 627.351(6), for a policy 214 that has been assumed by an authorized insurer offering 215 replacement coverage to the policyholder is exempt from the 216 notice requirements of paragraph (a) and this paragraph. In such 217 cases, the corporation must give the named insured written 218 notice of nonrenewal at least 45 days before the effective date 219 of the nonrenewal.

After the policy has been in effect for 90 days, the policy may 221 222 not be canceled by the insurer unless there has been a material 223 misstatement, a nonpayment of premium, a failure to comply with 224 underwriting requirements established by the insurer within 90 225 days after the date of effectuation of coverage, or a 226 substantial change in the risk covered by the policy, or if the 227 cancellation is for all insureds under such policies for a given 228 class of insureds. This paragraph does not apply to individually rated risks that have having a policy term of less than 90 days. 229

<u>6.5.</u> Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an
 insurer may cancel or nonrenew a property insurance policy after
 at least 45 days' notice if the office finds that the early
 cancellation of some or all of the insurer's policies is
 necessary to protect the best interests of the public or

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235 policyholders and the office approves the insurer's plan for 236 early cancellation or nonrenewal of some or all of its policies. 237 The office may base such finding upon the financial condition of 238 the insurer, lack of adequate reinsurance coverage for hurricane 239 risk, or other relevant factors. The office may condition its 240 finding on the consent of the insurer to be placed under 241 administrative supervision pursuant to s. 624.81 or to the 242 appointment of a receiver under chapter 631.

243 <u>7.6.</u> A policy covering both a home and <u>a</u> motor vehicle may
 244 be nonrenewed for any reason applicable to either the property
 245 or motor vehicle insurance after providing 90 days' notice.

246 Section 5. Section 627.422, Florida Statutes, is amended 247 to read:

248 627.422 Assignment of policies.—A policy may be 249 assignable, or not assignable, as provided by its terms.

250 (1) Subject to its terms relating to assignability, a any 251 life or health insurance policy, under the terms of which the 252 beneficiary may be changed only upon the sole request of the 253 policyowner, may be assigned either by pledge or transfer of 254 title, by an assignment executed by the policyowner alone and 255 delivered to the insurer, regardless of whether or not the 256 pledgee or assignee is the insurer. Any such assignment entitles 257 shall entitle the insurer to deal with the assignee as the owner 258 or pledgee of the policy in accordance with the terms of the 259 assignment $_{\boldsymbol{\tau}}$ until the insurer has received at its home office 260 written notice of termination of the assignment or pledge or Page 10 of 23

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261	written notice by or on behalf of some other person claiming
262	some interest in the policy in conflict with the assignment.
263	(2) The assignment of post-loss benefits is restricted for
264	a residential property insurance policy. An agreement purporting
265	to assign post-loss benefits for repair or replacement is valid
266	only if the agreement:
267	(a) Requires the assignee to notify the insurance company
268	within 48 hours of the assignment. If the contact information
269	for the insurer is unavailable for the first 48 hours, the
270	assignee shall contact the company as soon as practicable;
271	(b) Limits the assignment to the contracted work to be
272	performed and is restricted to claims for damage to structures
273	covered under the policy;
274	(c) Specifies the estimated scope and price of the work
275	before it is performed;
276	(d) Prohibits the assignee from charging the policyowner
277	for any portion of the repair or replacement beyond the
278	applicable deductible contained in the insurance policy;
279	(e) Prohibits a person performing any portion of the
280	repair or replacement on behalf of the assignee from charging
281	the policyowner;
282	(f) Prohibits the assignee from retaining insurance
283	proceeds that are earmarked by the insurer for payment of work
284	to be performed by vendors other than the assignee; and
285	(g) Requires the assignee to guarantee that the work
286	performed for the loss event conforms to the most recent,
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287	accepted industry standards.
288	Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section
289	627.7015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
290	627.7015 Alternative procedure for resolution of disputed
291	property insurance claims
292	(4) The department shall adopt by rule a property
293	insurance mediation program to be administered by the department
294	or its designee. The department may also adopt special rules
295	which are applicable in cases of an emergency within the state.
296	The rules shall be modeled after practices and procedures set
297	forth in mediation rules of procedure adopted by the Supreme
298	Court. The rules shall provide for:
299	(b) Qualifications, denial of application, suspension,
300	revocation, and other penalties for of mediators as provided in
301	s. 627.745 and in the Florida Rules <u>for</u> of Certified and <u>Court-</u>
302	Appointed Court Appointed Mediators, and for such other
303	individuals as are qualified by education, training, or
304	experience as the department determines to be appropriate.
305	Section 7. Section 627.70151, Florida Statutes, is created
306	to read:
307	627.70151 Appraisal; conflicts of interestAn insurer
308	that offers residential coverage as defined in s. 627.4025, or a
309	policyholder that uses an appraisal clause in a property
310	insurance contract to establish a process for using an impartial
311	umpire to estimate or evaluate the amount of loss, may challenge
312	an umpire's impartiality and disqualify the proposed umpire only
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313 if: (1) A familial relationship within the third degree exists 314 315 between the umpire and a party or a representative of a party; 316 The umpire has previously represented a party or a (2) 317 representative of a party in a professional capacity in the same 318 or a substantially related matter; 319 The umpire has represented another person in a (3) 320 professional capacity on the same or a substantially related 321 matter that includes the claim or the same property, and the 322 other person's interests are materially adverse to the interests 323 of a party; or 324 The umpire has worked as an employer or employee of a (4) 325 party within the preceding 5 years. 326 Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 327 627.706, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 328 627.706 Sinkhole insurance; catastrophic ground cover 329 collapse; definitions.-330 As used in ss. 627.706-627.7074, and as used in (2) 331 connection with any policy providing coverage for a catastrophic 332 ground cover collapse or for sinkhole losses, the term: 333 "Neutral evaluator" means a professional engineer or a (C) 334 professional geologist who has completed a course of study in 335 alternative dispute resolution designed or approved by the 336 department for use in the neutral evaluation process, and who is 337 determined by the department to be fair and impartial, and who 338 is not otherwise ineligible for certification under s. 627.7074. Page 13 of 23

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339 Section 9. Subsections (7) and (18) of section 627.7074, 340 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

341 627.7074 Alternative procedure for resolution of disputed342 sinkhole insurance claims.-

(7) Upon receipt of a request for neutral evaluation, the
department shall provide the parties a list of certified neutral
evaluators. The department shall allow the parties to submit
requests to disqualify evaluators on the list for cause.

347 (a) The department shall disqualify neutral evaluators for348 cause based only on any of the following grounds:

A familial relationship within the third degree exists
 between the neutral evaluator and either party or a
 representative of either party within the third degree.

352 2. The proposed neutral evaluator has, in a professional 353 capacity, previously represented either party or a 354 representative of either party $_{\tau}$ in the same or a substantially 355 related matter.

356 3. The proposed neutral evaluator has, in a professional 357 capacity, represented another person in the same or a 358 substantially related matter and that person's interests are 359 materially adverse to the interests of the parties. The term 360 "substantially related matter" means participation by the 361 neutral evaluator on the same claim, property, or adjacent 362 property.

363 4. The proposed neutral evaluator has, within the
 364 preceding 5 years, worked as an employer or employee of any
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365 party to the case. 366 (b) The department shall deny an application for, or 367 suspend or revoke its approval of, a neutral evaluator if the 368 department finds that any of the following grounds exist: 369 1. Lack of one or more of the qualifications specified in 370 this section for approval or certification. 371 2. Material misstatement, misrepresentation, or fraud in 372 obtaining or attempting to obtain approval or certification. 373 3. Demonstrated lack of fitness or trustworthiness to act 374 as a neutral evaluator. 375 4. Fraudulent or dishonest practices in the conduct of an 376 evaluation or in the conduct of financial services business. 377 5. Violation of any provision of this code or of a lawful 378 order or rule of the department, or aiding, instructing, or 379 encouraging another party in committing such a violation. 380 (c) (b) The parties shall appoint a neutral evaluator from 381 the department list and promptly inform the department. If the 382 parties cannot agree to a neutral evaluator within 14 business 383 days, the department shall appoint a neutral evaluator from the 384 list of certified neutral evaluators. The department shall allow 385 each party to disqualify two neutral evaluators without cause. Upon selection or appointment, the department shall promptly 386 387 refer the request to the neutral evaluator. 388 (d) (c) Within 14 business days after the referral, the 389 neutral evaluator shall notify the policyholder and the insurer 390 of the date, time, and place of the neutral evaluation Page 15 of 23

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391	conference. The conference may be held by telephone, if feasible
392	and desirable. The neutral evaluator shall make reasonable
393	efforts to hold the conference within 90 days after the receipt
394	of the request by the department. Failure of the neutral
395	evaluator to hold the conference within 90 days does not
396	invalidate either party's right to neutral evaluation or to a
397	neutral evaluation conference held outside this timeframe.
398	(18) The department shall adopt rules of procedure for the
399	neutral evaluation process and for certifying, denying
400	certification, suspending certification, and revoking the
401	certification of a neutral evaluator.
402	Section 10. Section 627.7142, Florida Statutes, is created
403	to read:
404	627.7142 Homeowner Claims Bill of RightsAn insurer
405	issuing a residential property insurance policy in this state
406	must provide a Claims Bill of Rights to a policyholder within 14
407	calendar days after receiving a communication with respect to a
408	claim, unless the claim follows an event that is the subject of
409	a declaration of a state emergency by the Governor. The purpose
410	of the bill of rights is to explain, in simple, nontechnical
411	terms, the rights of a residential property insurance
412	policyholder who files a claim of loss. The Claims Bill of
413	Rights is specific to the claims process and does not represent
414	all of a policyholder's rights under Florida law regarding the
415	insurance policy. The Claims Bill of Rights does not create a
416	civil cause of action by any individual policyholder or class of
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417	policyholders against an individual insurer. The Claims Bill of
418	Rights shall state:
419	
420	HOMEOWNER CLAIMS
421	BILL OF RIGHTS
422	This Bill of Rights is specific to the claims process
423	and does not represent all of your rights under
424	Florida law regarding your policy. There are also
425	exceptions to the stated timelines when conditions are
426	beyond your insurance company's control. This document
427	does not create a civil cause of action by an
428	individual policyholder, or a class of policyholders,
429	against an individual insurer.
430	
431	YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO:
432	1. Receive from your insurance company an
433	acknowledgment of your reported claim within 14 days
434	after the time you communicated the claim, along with
435	necessary claim forms, including a proof-of-loss form,
436	instructions, and appropriate, up-to-date contact
437	information.
438	2. Upon written request, receive from your insurance
439	company within 30 days after you have completed a
440	proof-of-loss statement to your insurance company,
441	confirmation that your claim is covered in full,
442	partially covered, or denied, or receive a written
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443	statement that your claim is being investigated.
444	3. Within 90 days, receive full settlement payment
445	for your claim or payment of the undisputed portion of
446	your claim, or your insurance company's denial of your
447	claim.
448	4. Free mediation of your disputed claim by the
449	Division of Consumer Services, under most
450	circumstances and subject to certain restrictions.
451	5. Neutral evaluation of your disputed claim, if your
452	claim is for damage caused by a sinkhole and is
453	covered by your policy.
454	6. Contact the Florida Department of Financial
455	Services Division of Consumer Services' toll-free
456	helpline for assistance with any insurance claim or
457	questions pertaining to the handling of your claim.
458	You can reach the Helpline by phone attoll free
459	phone number, or you can seek assistance online at
460	the Florida Department of Financial Services Division
461	of Consumer Services' website atwebsite address
462	
463	YOU ARE ADVISED TO:
464	1. Contact your insurance company before entering
465	into any contract for repairs to confirm any managed
466	repair policy provisions or optional preferred
467	vendors.
468	2. Make and document emergency repairs that are
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469	necessary to prevent further damage. Keep the damaged
470	property, if feasible, keep all receipts, and take
471	photographs of damage before and after any repairs.
472	3. Carefully read any contract that requires you to
473	pay out-of-pocket expenses or a fee that is based on a
474	percentage of the insurance proceeds that you will
475	receive for repairing or replacing your property.
476	4. Confirm that the contractor you choose is licensed
477	to do business in Florida. You can verify a
478	contractor's license and check to see if there are any
479	complaints against him or her by calling the Florida
480	Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
481	You should also ask the contractor for references from
482	previous work.
483	5. Require all contractors to provide proof of
484	insurance before beginning repairs.
485	6. Take precautions if the damage requires you to
486	leave your home, including securing your property and
487	turning off your gas, water, and electricity, and
488	contacting your insurance company and provide a phone
489	number where you can be reached.
490	
491	Section 11. Section 627.715, Florida Statutes, is created
492	to read:
493	627.715 Emergency mitigation services; agreements
494	(1) As used in this section, the term "emergency
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495	mitigation services" means the delivery of goods or services
496	that are needed to mitigate damage caused by fire, water, or
497	catastrophic events when delay may exacerbate the damage to the
498	covered property. Services include the removal of contents,
499	removal of water or other contaminants, cleaning, sanitizing,
500	incidental demolition, or other treatment, including preventive
501	activities.
502	(2) For residential property insurance, an agreement for
503	emergency mitigation services to which insurance proceeds may be
504	applied is valid only if:
505	(a) The agreement specifies in writing the estimated scope
506	and price of the work before it is performed;
507	(b) Any change from the original estimated scope and price
508	of the work is preapproved by the policyholder; and
509	(c) The work is performed by an individual or company
510	possessing a valid certification consistent with the most recent
511	Standard and Reference Guide for Professional Water Damage
512	Restoration, as developed by the Institute of Inspection,
513	Cleaning and Restoration Certification and approved by the
514	American National Standards Institute, or by a company that
515	possesses a valid Division I license under chapter 489, which is
516	providing services within the scope of that license. A company
517	is considered to be certified for the purposes of this paragraph
518	if the company representative who possesses a valid
519	certification personally supervises the emergency mitigation
520	

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521 Section 12. Present subsections (3) through (5) of section 522 627.745, Florida Statutes, are amended, and a new subsection (4) 523 is added to that section, to read: 524 627.745 Mediation of claims.-525 (3) (a) The department shall approve mediators to conduct 526 mediations pursuant to this section. 527 (a) All mediators must file an application under oath for 528 approval as a mediator. 529 To qualify for approval as a mediator, an individual a (b) person must meet one of the following qualifications: 530 531 Possess active certification by the Florida Supreme 1. Court as a circuit court mediator. A certified circuit court 532 533 mediator in a lapsed, suspended, sanctioned, or decertified 534 status is not eligible to participate in the mediation program a 535 masters or doctorate degree in psychology, counseling, business, 536 accounting, or economics, be a member of The Florida Bar, be 537 licensed as a certified public accountant, or demonstrate that 538 the applicant for approval has been actively engaged as a 539 qualified mediator for at least 4 years prior to July 1, 1990. 540 Be an approved department mediator as of July 1, 2014, 2. 541 and have conducted at least one mediation on behalf of the 542 department within the 4 years immediately preceding that the 543 date. the application for approval is filed with the department, 544 have completed a minimum of a 40-hour training program approved 545 by the department and successfully passed a final examination 546 included in the training program and approved by the department. Page 21 of 23

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547	The training program shall include and address all of the
548	following:
549	a. Mediation theory.
550	b. Mediation process and techniques.
551	c. Standards of conduct for mediators.
552	d. Conflict management and intervention skills.
553	e. Insurance nomenclature.
554	(4) The department shall deny an application, or suspend
555	or revoke its approval of a mediator, or the certification of a
556	neutral evaluator to serve as a mediator, if the department
557	finds that any of the following grounds exists:
558	(a) Lack of one or more of the qualifications specified in
559	this section for approval or certification.
560	(b) Material misstatement, misrepresentation, or fraud in
561	obtaining or attempting to obtain approval or certification.
562	(c) Demonstrated lack of fitness or trustworthiness to act
563	as a mediator or neutral evaluator.
564	(d) Fraudulent or dishonest practices in the conduct of
565	mediation or neutral evaluation or in the conduct of financial
566	services business.
567	(e) Violation of this code, of a lawful order or rule of
568	the department, or of the Florida Rules for Certified and Court-
569	Appointed Mediators, or the aiding, instructing, or encouraging
570	of another to commit such violation.
571	<u>(5)</u> The department <u>shall</u> must adopt rules <u>to administer</u>
572	this section, including rules of procedure for claims mediation,
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573 taking into consideration a system that which:

- 574 (a) Is fair.
- 575 (b) Promotes settlement.
- 576 (c) Avoids delay.
- 577 (d) Is nonadversarial.
- 578 (e) Uses a framework for modern mediating technique.
- 579 (f) Controls costs and expenses of mediation.

580 <u>(6)(5)</u> Disclosures and information divulged in the 581 mediation process are not admissible in any subsequent action or 582 proceeding relating to the claim or to the cause of action 583 giving rise to the claim. A person demanding mediation under 584 this section may not demand or request mediation after a suit is 585 filed relating to the same facts already mediated <u>is filed</u>.

586

Section 13. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.