By Senator Margolis

	35-00714-14 2014818
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax
3	Agreement; amending s. 212.02, F.S.; revising
4	definitions; amending s. 212.03, F.S.; specifying the
5	facilities that are exempt from the transient rentals
6	tax; amending ss. 212.0306 and 212.04, F.S.; deleting
7	the application of brackets for the calculation of
8	sales and use taxes; amending s. 212.05, F.S.;
9	deleting criteria establishing circumstances under
10	which taxes on the lease or rental of a motor vehicle
11	are due; revising criteria establishing circumstances
12	under which taxes on the sale of a prepaid calling
13	arrangement are due; deleting the application of
14	brackets for the calculation of sales and use taxes;
15	amending s. 212.0506, F.S.; deleting the application
16	of brackets for the calculation of sales and use
17	taxes; amending s. 212.054, F.S.; limiting the \$5,000
18	cap on discretionary sales surtax to the sale of motor
19	vehicles, aircraft, boats, manufactured homes, modular
20	homes, and mobile homes; specifying the time at which
21	changes in surtaxes may take effect; providing
22	criteria to determine the situs of certain sales;
23	providing for databases to identify taxing
24	jurisdictions; providing criteria to hold purchasers
25	harmless for failure to pay the correct amount of tax;
26	holding sellers harmless for failing to collect a tax
27	at a new rate under certain circumstances; amending s.
28	212.06, F.S.; defining terms; deleting provisions
29	relating to mail-order sales to conform; requiring

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30	purchasers of direct mail to use direct-mail forms;
31	providing criteria for determining the location of
32	transactions involving tangible personal property,
33	digital goods, or services and for the lease or rental
34	of tangible personal property; amending s. 212.07,
35	F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; providing for the
36	creation of a taxability matrix; providing immunity
37	from liability for acts in reliance of the taxability
38	matrix; amending s. 212.08, F.S.; revising exemptions
39	from sales and use tax for food and medical products;
40	conforming cross-references; creating s. 212.094,
41	F.S.; providing a procedure for a purchaser to obtain
42	a refund of or credit against tax collected by a
43	dealer; amending s. 212.12, F.S.; authorizing
44	collection allowances for certified service providers
45	and voluntary sellers in accordance with the
46	Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement; providing for
47	the computation of taxes due based on rounding instead
48	of brackets; amending s. 212.17, F.S.; providing
49	additional criteria for a dealer to claim a credit for
50	or obtain a refund of taxes paid relating to worthless
51	accounts; amending s. 212.18, F.S.; authorizing the
52	Department of Revenue to waive the dealer registration
53	fee for applications submitted through the central
54	electronic registration system provided by member
55	states of the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement;
56	deleting provisions relating to mail-order sales to
57	conform; amending s. 212.20, F.S.; deleting procedures
58	for refunds of tax paid on mail-order sales to

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59	conform; creating s. 213.052, F.S.; providing for
60	notice of state sales or use tax rate changes;
61	creating s. 213.0521, F.S.; providing the effective
62	date for state sales and use tax rate changes;
63	creating s. 213.215, F.S.; providing amnesty for
64	uncollected or unpaid sales and use taxes for sellers
65	who register under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax
66	Agreement; providing exceptions to the amnesty;
67	amending s. 213.256, F.S.; providing and revising
68	definitions; providing for entry into agreements with
69	other states to simplify and facilitate compliance
70	with sales tax laws; providing for certification of
71	compliance with agreements; creating s. 213.2562,
72	F.S.; providing for the department to review software
73	submitted to the governing board for certification as
74	a certified automated system; creating s. 213.2567,
75	F.S.; providing for the registration of sellers, the
76	certification of a person as a certified service
77	provider, and the certification of a software program
78	as a certified automated system by the governing board
79	under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement;
80	declaring legislative intent; providing for the
81	adoption of emergency rules; amending ss. 11.45,
82	196.012, 202.18, 203.01, 212.031, 212.052, 212.055,
83	212.13, 212.15, 213.015, 218.245, 218.65, 288.1045,
84	288.11621, 288.1169, 551.102, and 790.0655, F.S.;
85	conforming cross-references; repealing s. 212.0596,
86	F.S., relating to provisions pertaining to the
87	taxation of mail-order sales; providing an effective

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i	35-00714-14 2014818
88	date.
89	
90	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
91	
92	Section 1. Section 212.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to
93	read:
94	212.02 Definitions <u>As used</u> The following terms and phrases
95	when used in this chapter have the meanings ascribed to them in
96	this section, except where the context clearly indicates a
97	different meaning, the term:
98	(1) <del>The term</del> "Admissions" means and includes the net sum of
99	money <u>,</u> after <u>the</u> deduction of <del>any</del> federal taxes <u>,</u> for admitting a
100	person or vehicle <del>or persons</del> to <u>a</u> any place of amusement, sport,
101	or recreation or for the privilege of entering or staying in <u>a</u>
102	any place of amusement, sport, or recreation, including <del>, but not</del>
103	limited to, theaters, outdoor theaters, shows, exhibitions,
104	games, races, or any place where charge is made by way of <u>the</u>
105	sale of tickets, gate charges, seat charges, box charges, season
106	pass charges, cover charges, greens fees, participation fees,
107	entrance fees, or other fees or receipts of anything of value
108	measured on an admission or entrance or length of stay or seat
109	box accommodations in <u>a</u> <del>any</del> place where there is <u>an</u> <del>any</del>
110	exhibition, amusement, sport, or recreation, and all dues and
111	fees paid to private clubs and membership clubs providing
112	recreational or physical fitness facilities, including, but not
113	limited to, golf, tennis, swimming, yachting, boating, athletic,
114	exercise, and fitness facilities, except physical fitness
115	facilities owned or operated by <u>a</u> any hospital licensed under
116	chapter 395.

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117	(2) "Agricultural commodity" means horticultural products,
118	aquacultural products, poultry and farm products, and livestock
119	and livestock products.
120	(3) "Agricultural production" means the production of
121	plants and animals useful to humans, including the preparation,
122	planting, cultivating, or harvesting of these products or other
123	practices necessary to accomplish production through the harvest
124	phase including aquaculture, horticulture, floriculture,
125	viticulture, forestry, dairy, livestock, poultry, bees, and all
126	other forms of farm products and farm production.
127	(4) "Bundled transaction" means the retail sale of two or
128	more products, except real property and services to real
129	property, in which the products are otherwise distinct and
130	identifiable and the products are sold for one nonitemized
131	price. The term does not include the sale of products in which
132	the price varies or is negotiable based on the selection of
133	products by the purchaser.
134	(a) A transaction that otherwise satisfies this definition
135	is not a bundled transaction if it is:
136	1. The retail sale of tangible personal property and a
137	service in which the tangible personal property is essential to
138	the use of the service, is provided exclusively in connection
139	with the service, and the true object of the transaction is the
140	service;
141	2. The retail sale of services in which one service is
142	provided which is essential to the use or receipt of a second
143	service, the first service is provided exclusively in connection
144	with the second service, and the true object of the transaction
145	is the second service;

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146	3. A transaction that includes taxable products and
147	nontaxable products and the purchase price or sales price of the
148	taxable products is de minimis; or
149	4. The retail sale of exempt tangible personal property and
150	taxable personal property in which:
151	a. The transaction includes food and food ingredients,
152	drugs, durable medical equipment, mobility-enhancing equipment,
153	over-the-counter drugs, prosthetic devices, or medical supplies;
154	and
155	b. The seller's purchase price or sales price of the
156	taxable tangible personal property is 50 percent or less of the
157	total purchase price or sales price of the bundled tangible
158	personal property. Sellers may not use a combination of the
159	purchase price and sales price of the tangible personal property
160	to determine whether it is a bundled transaction.
161	(b) As used in this subsection, the term:
162	1. "De minimis" means that the seller's purchase price or
163	sales price of the taxable products is 10 percent or less of the
164	total purchase price or sales price of the bundled products.
165	a. Sellers shall use the purchase price or sales price of
166	the products to determine whether the taxable products are de
167	minimis; sellers may not use a combination of the purchase price
168	and sales price of the products to determine whether the taxable
169	products are de minimis.
170	b. Sellers shall use the full term of a service contract to
171	determine if the taxable products are de minimis.
172	2. "Distinct and identifiable," when used to describe a
173	product, does not include:
174	a. Packaging such as containers, boxes, sacks, bags, and

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175	bottles or other materials, such as wrapping, labels, tags, and
176	instruction guides, which accompany the retail sale of the
177	products and are incidental or immaterial to the retail sale of
178	the products. Examples of packaging that is incidental or
179	immaterial include grocery sacks, shoeboxes, dry cleaning
180	garment bags, and express delivery envelopes and boxes.
181	b. A product provided free of charge with the required
182	purchase of another product. A product is provided free of
183	charge if the sales price of the product purchased does not vary
184	depending on the inclusion of the product provided free of
185	charge.
186	3. "One nonitemized price" does not include a price that is
187	separately identified by product on binding sales or other
188	supporting sales-related documentation made available to the
189	customer in paper or electronic form, including, but not limited
190	to, an invoice, bill of sale, receipt, contract, service
191	agreement, lease agreement, periodic notice of rates and
192	services, rate card, or price list.
193	<u>(5)</u> "Business" means <u>an</u> <del>any</del> activity engaged in by <u>a</u> <del>any</del>
194	person, or caused to be engaged in by him or her, with the
195	direct or indirect object of private or public gain, benefit, or
196	advantage <del>, either direct or indirect</del> . Except for the sales of <u>an</u>
197	any aircraft, boat, mobile home, or motor vehicle, the term <u>does</u>
198	"business" shall not be construed in this chapter to include
199	occasional or isolated sales or transactions involving tangible
200	personal property or services by a person who does not hold
201	himself or herself out as engaged in business or sales of
202	unclaimed tangible personal property under s. 717.122, but <u>does</u>
203	<u>include</u> includes other charges for the sale or rental of

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35-00714-14 2014818 204 tangible personal property;  $\tau$  sales of services taxable under 205 this chapter;  $\tau$  sales of or charges of admission;  $\tau$  communication 206 services;  $\tau$  all rentals and leases of living quarters, other than 207 low-rent housing operated under chapter 421; $_{\tau}$  sleeping or 208 housekeeping accommodations in hotels, apartment houses, 209 roominghouses, tourist or trailer camps; , and all rentals of or 210 licenses in real property, other than low-rent housing operated under chapter 421; and  $\overline{r}$  all leases or rentals of or licenses in 211 parking lots or garages for motor vehicles, docking or storage 212 213 spaces for boats in boat docks or marinas as defined in this 214 chapter and made subject to a tax imposed by this chapter. The 215 term does "business" shall not be construed in this chapter to include the leasing, subleasing, or licensing of real property 216 by one corporation to another if all of the stock of both such 217 218 corporations is owned, directly or through one or more wholly 219 owned subsidiaries, by a common parent corporation; the property 220 was in use before prior to July 1, 1989, title to the property was transferred after July 1, 1988, and before July 1, 1989, 221 222 between members of an affiliated group, as defined in s. 1504(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, which group included both 223 224 such corporations and there is no substantial change in the use 225 of the property following the transfer of title; the leasing, 226 subleasing, or licensing of the property was required by an 227 unrelated lender as a condition of providing financing to one or 228 more members of the affiliated group; and the corporation to 229 which the property is leased, subleased, or licensed had sales 230 subject to the tax imposed by this chapter of at least not less 231 than \$667 million during the most recent 12-month period ending 232 ended June 30. A Any tax on such sales, charges, rentals,

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233	admissions, or other transactions made subject to the tax
234	imposed by this chapter shall be collected by the state, county,
235	municipality, <u>a</u> any political subdivision, agency, bureau, or
236	department, or other state or local governmental instrumentality
237	in the same manner as other dealers, unless specifically
238	exempted by this chapter.
239	(6) "Certified service provider" has the same meaning as
240	provided in s. 213.256.
241	<u>(7)</u> (3) The terms "Cigarettes," "tobacco," or "tobacco
242	products" referred to in this chapter include all such products
243	as are defined or may be hereafter defined by the laws of <u>this</u>
244	the state.
245	(8) "Coin-operated amusement machine" means a machine
246	operated by coin, slug, token, coupon, or similar device for the
247	purposes of entertainment or amusement. The term includes coin-
248	operated pinball machines, music machines, juke boxes,
249	mechanical games, video games, arcade games, billiard tables,
250	moving picture viewers, shooting galleries, and similar
251	amusement devices.
252	(9) "Computer" means an electronic device that accepts
253	information in digital or similar form and manipulates such
254	information for a result based on a sequence of instructions.
255	(10) "Computer software" means a set of coded instructions
256	designed to cause a computer or automatic data processing
257	equipment to perform a task.
258	(11)(4) "Cost price" means the actual cost of articles of
259	tangible personal property without <del>any</del> deductions <u>for</u> <del>therefrom</del>
260	on account of the cost of materials used, labor or service
261	costs, transportation charges, or <u>other</u> any expenses <del>whatsoever</del> .

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262	(12) "Delivery charges" means charges by the seller of
263	personal property or services for preparation and delivery to a
264	location designated by the purchaser of such property or
265	services, including, but not limited to, transportation,
266	shipping, postage, handling, crating, and packing.
267	Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the term
268	does not include charges for delivery of direct mail,
269	transportation, shipping, postage, handling, crating, and
270	packing or similar charges if those charges are separately
271	stated on an invoice or similar billing document given to the
272	purchaser and invoiced at cost with no markup.
273	(a) The exclusion of delivery charges for direct mail
274	applies to a sale involving the delivery or mailing of direct
275	mail, printed material that would otherwise be direct mail which
276	results from a transaction that this state considers the sale of
277	a service, or printed material delivered or mailed to a mass
278	audience when the cost of the printed material is not billed
279	directly to the recipients and is the result of a transaction
280	that includes the development of billing information or the
281	provision of data processing services.
282	(b) If a shipment includes exempt property and taxable
283	property, the seller shall tax only the percentage of the
284	delivery charge allocated to the taxable property. The seller
285	may allocate the delivery charge by using:
286	1. A percentage based on the total sales price of the
287	taxable property compared to the sales price of all property in
288	the shipment; or
289	2. A percentage based on the total weight of the taxable
290	property compared to the total weight of all property in the

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291	shipment.
292	(13) <del>(5)</del> The term "Department" means the Department of
293	Revenue.
294	(14) "Diesel fuel" means a liquid product, gas product, or
295	a combination thereof, which is used in an internal combustion
296	engine or motor to propel any form of vehicle, machine, or
297	mechanical contrivance. The term includes, but is not limited
298	to, all forms of fuel commonly or commercially known or sold as
299	diesel fuel or kerosene. The term does not include butane gas,
300	propane gas, or other forms of liquefied petroleum gas or
301	compressed natural gas.
302	(15) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or
303	distributed by the United States Postal Service or other
304	delivery service to a mass audience or to addressees on a
305	mailing list provided by the purchaser or at the direction of
306	the purchaser when the cost of the items are not billed directly
307	to the recipients. The term includes tangible personal property
308	supplied directly or indirectly by the purchaser to the direct
309	mail seller for inclusion in the package containing the printed
310	material. The term does not include multiple items of printed
311	material delivered to a single address.
312	(16) "Electronic" means relating to technology having
313	electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical,
314	electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.
315	(17) <del>(6)</del> "Enterprise zone" means an area of the state
316	designated pursuant to s. 290.0065. This subsection expires on
317	the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the
318	Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
319	(18) <del>(7)</del> "Factory-built building" means a structure

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320	manufactured in a manufacturing facility for installation or
321	erection as a finished building. The term; "factory-built
322	building" includes, but is not limited to, residential,
323	commercial, institutional, storage, and industrial structures.
324	(19) "Farmer" means a person who is directly engaged in the
325	business of producing crops, livestock, or other agricultural
326	commodities. The term includes, but is not limited to, horse
327	breeders, nurserymen, dairy farmers, poultry farmers, cattle
328	ranchers, apiarists, and persons raising fish.
329	(20) "Forest" means the land stocked by trees used in the
330	production of forest products, or formerly having such tree
331	cover, and not currently developed for nonforest use.
332	(21) "Fractional aircraft ownership program" means a
333	program that meets the requirements of 14 C.F.R. part 91,
334	subpart K, relating to fractional ownership operations, except
335	that the program must include a minimum of 25 aircraft owned or
336	leased by the program manager and used in the program.
337	(22) "Gross sales" means the sum total of all sales of
338	tangible personal property without any deduction except as
339	provided under this chapter.
340	(23) <del>(8)</del> "In this state" or "in the state" means within the
341	state boundaries of Florida as defined in s. 1, Art. II of the
342	State Constitution and includes all territory within these
343	limits owned by or ceded to the United States.
344	<u>(24)</u> (9) The term "Intoxicating beverages" or "alcoholic
345	beverages" <del>referred to in this chapter</del> includes all such
346	beverages as are so defined or may be hereafter defined by the
347	laws of <u>this</u> <del>the</del> state.
348	(25) <del>(10)</del> "Lease," "let," or "rental" means leasing or

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1	35-00714-14 2014818
349	renting of living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping
350	accommodations in hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses,
351	tourist or trailer camps, and real property.
352	(a) Hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, tourist or
353	trailer camps, and real property include, the same being defined
354	as follows:
355	(a) every building or other structure kept, used,
356	maintained, or advertised as, or held out to the public to be, a
357	place where sleeping accommodations are supplied for pay to
358	transient or permanent guests or tenants, in which 10 or more
359	rooms are furnished for the accommodation of such guests, and
360	having one or more dining rooms or cafes where meals or lunches
361	are served to such transient or permanent guests <u>.; such</u>
362	1. A "hotel" is a building where sleeping accommodations
363	and dining rooms or cafes <u>are</u> <del>being</del> conducted in the same
364	building or buildings in connection therewith <del>, shall, for the</del>
365	purpose of this chapter, be deemed a hotel.
366	<u>2.(b)</u> An "apartment house" is a Any building, or part
367	thereof, where separate accommodations for two or more families
368	living independently of each other are supplied to transient or
369	permanent guests or tenants <del>shall for the purpose of this</del>
370	chapter be deemed an apartment house.
371	<u>3.(c)</u> <u>A "roominghouse" is a</u> <del>Every</del> house, boat, vehicle,
372	motor court, trailer court, or other structure or <u>a</u> any place or
373	location kept, used, maintained, or advertised as, or held out
374	to the public to be, a place where living quarters or sleeping
375	or housekeeping accommodations are supplied for pay to transient
376	or permanent guests or tenants, whether in one or adjoining
377	buildings <del>, shall for the purpose of this chapter be deemed a</del>

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378 roominghouse.

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379 <u>4.(d)</u> <u>A "room"</u> in all hotels, apartment houses, and 380 roominghouses <u>includes</u> within the meaning of this chapter, the 381 parlor, dining room, sleeping porches, kitchen, office, and 382 sample rooms shall be construed to mean "rooms."

<u>5.(e)</u> A "tourist camp" is a place where two or more tents, tent houses, or camp cottages are located and offered by a person or municipality for sleeping or eating accommodations, most generally to the transient public for <del>either</del> a direct money consideration or an indirect benefit to the lessor or owner in

388 connection with a related business.

389 6.(f) A "trailer camp," "mobile home park," or "recreational vehicle park" is a place where space is offered, 390 with or without service facilities, by a person any persons or 391 392 municipality to the public for the parking and accommodation of 393 two or more automobile trailers, mobile homes, or recreational 394 vehicles that which are used for lodging, for either a direct 395 money consideration or an indirect benefit to the lessor or 396 owner in connection with a related business, such space being 397 hereby defined as living quarters, and the rental price thereof 398 includes shall include all service charges paid to the lessor.

399 (b) (g) "Lease," "let," or "rental" also means a transfer of 400 possession or control of tangible personal property for a fixed 401 or indeterminate term for consideration. A clause for a future 402 option to purchase or to extend an agreement does not preclude 403 an agreement from being a lease or rental. This definition 404 applies to the levying of the sales and use tax regardless of 405 whether a transaction is characterized as a lease or rental 406 under generally accepted accounting principles, the Internal

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407	Revenue Code, the Uniform Commercial Code, or other federal,
408	state, or local law. These terms include agreements covering
409	motor vehicles and trailers if the amount of consideration may
410	be increased or decreased by reference to the amount realized
411	upon the sale or disposition of the property as provided in 26
412	U.S.C. s. 7701(h)(1). These terms do not include:
413	1. A transfer of possession or control of property under a
414	security agreement or deferred payment plan that requires the
415	transfer of title upon completion of the required payments;
415	2. A transfer of possession or control of property under an
410	
	agreement that requires the transfer of title upon completion of
418	required payments and payment of an option price does not exceed
419	the greater of \$100 or 1 percent of the total required payments;
420	<u>or</u>
421	3. The provision of tangible personal property along with
422	an operator for a fixed or indeterminate period of time. A
423	condition of this exclusion is that the operator is necessary
424	for the equipment to perform as designed. For the purpose of
425	this subparagraph, an operator must do more than maintain,
426	inspect, or set up the tangible personal property <del>the leasing or</del>
427	rental of tangible personal property and the possession or use
428	thereof by the lessee or rentee for a consideration, without
429	transfer of the title of such property, except as expressly
430	provided to the contrary herein.
431	(c) <del>The term</del> "Lease," "let," or "rental" does not <u>include</u>
432	mean hourly, daily, or mileage charges, to the extent that such
433	charges are subject to the jurisdiction of the United States

433 charges are subject to the jurisdiction of the United States 434 Interstate Commerce Commission, <u>if</u> when such charges are paid by 435 reason of the presence of railroad cars owned by another on the

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35-00714-14 2014818 436 tracks of the taxpayer, or charges made pursuant to car service 437 agreements. 438 (d) The term "Lease," "let," "rental," or "license" does 439 not include payments made to an owner of high-voltage bulk 440 transmission facilities in connection with the possession or control of such facilities by a regional transmission 441 442 organization, independent system operator, or similar entity 443 under the jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. However, if where two taxpayers, in connection with 444 the interchange of facilities, rent or lease property, each to 445 446 the other, for use in providing or furnishing any of the 447 services mentioned in s. 166.231, the term "lease or rental" means only the net amount of rental involved. 448 449 (e) (h) "Real property" means the surface land, improvements 450 thereto, and fixtures, and is synonymous with "realty" and "real 451 estate." 452 (f) (i) "License," as used in this chapter with reference to 453 the use of real property, means the granting of a privilege to 454 use or occupy a building or a parcel of real property for any 455 purpose. 456 (g) (j) Privilege, franchise, or concession fees, or fees 457 for a license to do business, paid to an airport are not payments for leasing, letting, renting, or granting a license 458 459 for the use of real property. (26) "Livestock" includes all animals of the equine, 460 461 bovine, or swine class, including goats, sheep, mules, horses, 462 hogs, cattle, ostriches, and other grazing animals raised for 463 commercial purposes. The term also includes fish raised for

464 <u>commercial purposes.</u>

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465	(27) (11) "Motor fuel" means and includes what is commonly
466	known and sold as gasoline and fuels containing a mixture of
467	gasoline and other products.
468	<u>(28)</u> "Person" includes <u>an</u> any individual, firm,
469	copartnership, joint adventure, association, corporation,
470	estate, trust, business trust, receiver, syndicate, or other
471	group or combination acting as a unit and also includes <u>a</u> any
472	political subdivision, municipality, state agency, bureau, or
473	department and includes the plural as well as the singular
474	number.
475	(29) "Power farm equipment" means moving or stationary
476	equipment that contains within itself the means for its own
477	propulsion or power and that is dependent upon an external power
478	source to perform its functions.
479	(30) "Prewritten computer software" means computer
480	software, including prewritten upgrades, which is not designed
481	and developed by the author or other creator to the
482	specifications of a specific purchaser. The combining of two or
483	more prewritten computer software programs or prewritten
484	portions of such programs does not cause the combination to be
485	other than prewritten computer software. The term includes
486	software designed and developed by the author or other creator
487	to the specifications of a specific purchaser if such software
488	is sold to a person other than the specific purchaser. If a
489	person modifies or enhances computer software of which the
490	person is not the author or creator, the person is deemed to be
491	the author or creator only of such person's modifications or
492	enhancements. Prewritten computer software or a prewritten
493	portion of such software which is modified or enhanced to any
1	

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494	degree, if such modification or enhancement is designed and
495	developed to the specifications of a specific purchaser, remains
496	prewritten computer software. However, the term does not include
497	software that has been modified or enhanced for a particular
498	purchaser if the charge for the enhancement is reasonable and
499	separately stated on the invoice or other statement of price
500	given to the purchaser.
501	(31) "Product transferred electronically" means a product,
502	except computer software, which was obtained by a purchaser by
503	means other than the purchase of tangible storage media.
504	(32) "Qualified aircraft" means an aircraft having a
505	maximum certified takeoff weight of less than 10,000 pounds and
506	equipped with twin turbofan engines that meet Stage IV noise
507	requirements and which is used by a business operating as an on-
508	demand air carrier under Federal Aviation Administration
509	Regulation Title 14, chapter I, part 135, Code of Federal
510	Regulations, which owns or leases and operates a fleet of at
511	least 25 of such aircraft in this state.
512	(33) (13) "Retailer" means and includes every person engaged
513	in the business of making sales at retail or for distribution,
514	or use, or consumption, or storage to be used or consumed in
515	this state.
516	<u>(34)</u>
517	sale to a consumer or to <u>a</u> <del>any</del> person for <u>a</u> <del>any</del> purpose other
518	than for resale in the form of tangible personal property or
519	services taxable under this chapter, and includes all such
520	transactions that may be made in lieu of retail sales or sales

at retail. A sale for resale includes a sale of qualifying 522 property. As used in this paragraph, the term "qualifying

521

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35-00714-14 523 property" means tangible personal property, other than 524 electricity, which is used or consumed by a government 525 contractor in the performance of a qualifying contract as 526 defined in s. 212.08(17)(c), to the extent that the cost of the 527 property is allocated or charged as a direct item of cost to 528 such contract, title to which property vests in or passes to the 529 government under the contract. The term "government contractor" 530 includes prime contractors and subcontractors. As used in this paragraph, a cost is a "direct item of cost" if it is a "direct 531 cost" as defined in 48 C.F.R. s. 9904.418-30(a)(2), or similar 532 533 successor provisions, including costs identified specifically 534 with a particular contract.

(a) (b) The terms "retail sales," "sales at retail," "use," 535 536 "storage," and "consumption" include the sale, use, storage, or 537 consumption of all tangible advertising materials imported or 538 caused to be imported into this state. Tangible advertising 539 material includes displays, display containers, brochures, 540 catalogs, price lists, point-of-sale advertising, and technical 541 manuals or any tangible personal property which does not 542 accompany the product to the ultimate consumer.

(b) (c) The terms "retail sales," "sale at retail," "use," 543 544 "storage," and "consumption" do not include:

545 1. Materials, containers, labels, sacks, bags, or similar 546 items intended to accompany a product sold to a customer without 547 which delivery of the product would be impracticable because of 548 the character of the contents and be used one time only once for packaging tangible personal property for sale, or for the 549 convenience of the customer, or for packaging in the process of 550 551 providing a service taxable under this chapter. If When a

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35-00714-14 2014818 552 separate charge for packaging materials is made, the charge is 553 shall be considered part of the sales price or rental charge for 554 purposes of determining the applicability of tax. The terms do 555 not include 556 2. The sale, use, storage, or consumption of industrial 557 materials, including chemicals and fuels except as provided 558 herein, for future processing, manufacture, or conversion into 559 articles of tangible personal property for resale if when such 560 industrial materials, including chemicals and fuels except as 561 provided herein, become a component or ingredient of the 562 finished product. However, the terms include the sale, use, 563 storage, or consumption of tangible personal property, including 564 machinery and equipment or parts thereof, purchased electricity, 565 and fuels used to power machinery, if when such items are used 566 and dissipated in fabricating, converting, or processing 567 tangible personal property for sale, even though they may become 568 ingredients or components of the tangible personal property for 569 sale through accident, wear, tear, erosion, corrosion, or 570 similar means. The terms do not include the sale of materials to 571 a registered repair facility for use in repairing a motor 572 vehicle, airplane, or boat, if when such materials are 573 incorporated into and sold as part of the repair. Such a sale 574 shall be deemed a purchase for resale by the repair facility, 575 even though every material is not separately stated or 576 separately priced on the repair invoice. 577 (d) "Gross sales" means the sum total of all sales of 578 tangible personal property as defined herein, without any

579 deduction whatsoever of any kind or character, except as

580 provided in this chapter.

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581	(e) The term "Retail sale" includes a mail order sale, as
582	defined in s. 212.0596(1).
583	(35) (15) "Sale" means and includes:
584	(a) <u>A</u> Any transfer of title or possession, or both,
585	exchange, barter, license, lease, or rental, conditional or
586	otherwise, in any manner or by any means <del>whatsoever</del> , of tangible
587	personal property for a consideration.
588	(b) The rental of living quarters or sleeping or
589	housekeeping accommodations in hotels, apartment houses <u>,</u> <del>or</del>
590	roominghouses, or tourist or trailer camps <del>, as hereinafter</del>
591	defined in this chapter.
592	(c) The producing, fabricating, processing, printing, or
593	imprinting of tangible personal property for a consideration for
594	consumers who <del>furnish either</del> directly or indirectly <u>furnish</u> the
595	materials used in the producing, fabricating, processing,
596	printing, or imprinting.
597	(d) The furnishing, preparing, or serving for a
598	consideration of any tangible personal property for consumption
599	on or off the premises of the person furnishing, preparing, or
600	serving such tangible personal property, which includes the sale
601	of meals or prepared food by an employer to his or her
602	employees.
603	(e) A transaction whereby the possession of property is
604	transferred but the seller retains title as security for the
605	payment of the price.
606	(36) <del>(16)</del> "Sales price" <u>means the measure subject to the tax</u>
607	imposed by this chapter and means the total amount of
608	consideration, including cash, credit, property, and services,
609	for which tangible personal property or personal services are
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610	sold, leased, or rented, valued in money, whether received in
611	money or otherwise.
612	(a) The sales price may not include a deduction for:
613	1. The seller's cost of the property sold;
614	2. The cost of materials used, labor or service cost;
615	interest, losses, all costs of transportation to the seller, all
616	taxes imposed on the seller, and other expenses of the seller;
617	3. Charges by the seller for services necessary to complete
618	the sale, other than delivery and installation charges;
619	4. Delivery charges; or
620	5. Installation charges.
621	(b) The sales price does not apply to:
622	1. Trade-ins allowed and taken at the time of sale if the
623	amount is separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or
624	similar document given to the purchaser;
625	2. Discounts, including cash, term, or coupons, which are
626	not reimbursed by a third party, are allowed by a seller, and
627	taken by a purchaser at the time of sale;
628	3. Interest, financing, and carrying charges from credit
629	extended on the sale of personal property or services, if the
630	amount is separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or
631	similar document given to the purchaser;
632	4. Taxes legally imposed directly on the consumer which are
633	separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar
634	document given to the purchaser; or means the total amount paid
635	for tangible personal property, including any services that are
636	a part of the sale, valued in money, whether paid in money or
637	otherwise, and includes any amount for which credit is given to
638	the purchaser by the seller, without any deduction therefrom on
I	

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35-00714-14 2014818 639 account of the cost of the property sold, the cost of materials 640 used, labor or service cost, interest charged, losses, or any 641 other expense whatsoever. "Sales price" also includes the 642 consideration for a transaction which requires both labor and 643 material to alter, remodel, maintain, adjust, or repair tangible 644 personal property. Trade-ins or discounts allowed and taken at 645 the time of sale shall not be included within the purview of this subsection. "Sales price" also includes the full face value 646 647 of any coupon used by a purchaser to reduce the price paid to a retailer for an item of tangible personal property; where the 648 649 retailer will be reimbursed for such coupon, in whole or in 650 part, by the manufacturer of the item of tangible personal 651 property; or whenever it is not practicable for the retailer to 652 determine, at the time of sale, the extent to which 653 reimbursement for the coupon will be made. The term "sales 654 price" does not include federal excise taxes imposed upon the 655 retailer on the sale of tangible personal property. The term 656 "sales price" does include federal manufacturers' excise taxes, 657 even if the federal tax is listed as a separate item on the 658 invoice. To the extent required by federal law, the term "sales 659 price" does not include

660 <u>5.</u> Charges for Internet access services which are not 661 itemized on the customer's bill, but which can be reasonably 662 identified from the selling dealer's books and records kept in 663 the regular course of business. The dealer may support the 664 allocation of charges with books and records kept in the regular 665 course of business covering the dealer's entire service area, 666 including territories outside this state.

667

(37) "Sea trial" means a voyage for the purpose of testing

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668	repair or modification work, which in length and scope is
669	reasonably necessary to test repairs or modifications, or a
670	voyage for the purpose of ascertaining the seaworthiness of a
671	vessel. If the sea trial is to test repair or modification work,
672	the owner or repair facility shall certify, in a form prescribed
673	by the department, what repairs have been tested. The owner and
674	the repair facility may also be required to certify that the
675	length and scope of the voyage were reasonably necessary to test
676	the repairs or modifications.
677	(38) "Seller" means a person making sales, leases, or
678	rentals of personal property or services.
679	(39) "Solar energy system" means the equipment and
680	requisite hardware that provide and are used for collecting,
681	transferring, converting, storing, or using incident solar
682	energy for water heating, space heating, cooling, or other
683	applications that would otherwise require the use of a
684	conventional source of energy such as petroleum products,
685	natural gas, manufactured gas, or electricity.
686	(40) "Space flight" means a flight designed for suborbital,
687	orbital, or interplanetary travel of a space vehicle, satellite,
688	or station of any kind.
689	(41) "Spaceport activities" means activities directed or
690	sponsored by Space Florida on spaceport territory pursuant to
691	its powers and responsibilities under the Space Florida Act.
692	(17) "Diesel fuel" means any liquid product, gas product,
693	or combination thereof used in an internal combustion engine or
694	motor to propel any form of vehicle, machine, or mechanical
695	contrivance. This term includes, but is not limited to, all
696	forms of fuel commonly or commercially known or sold as diesel

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722

35-00714-14 2014818 697 fuel or kerosene. However, the term "diesel fuel" does not 698 include butane gas, propane gas, or any other form of liquefied 699 petroleum gas or compressed natural gas. (42) (18) "Storage" means and includes any keeping or 700 701 retaining retention in this state of tangible personal property 702 in this state for use or consumption in this state or for a any 703 purpose other than sale at retail in the regular course of 704 business. 705 (43) "Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement" means the 706 agreement described in s. 213.256. 707 (44) (19) "Tangible personal property" means and includes 708 personal property that which may be seen, weighed, measured, or 709 touched or is in any manner perceptible to the senses, including 710 electric power or energy, water, gas, steam, boats, motor 711 vehicles and mobile homes as those terms are defined in s. 712 320.01(1) and (2), aircraft as defined in s. 330.27, and all 713 other types of vehicles. The term "tangible personal property" 714 does not include stocks, bonds, notes, insurance, or other 715 obligations or securities, a product transferred electronically, 716 or pari-mutuel tickets sold or issued under the racing laws of 717 the state. 718 (45) <del>(20)</del> "Use" means and includes the exercise of a any 719 right or power over tangible personal property incident to the 720 ownership thereof, or interest therein, except that it does not 721 include the sale at retail of that property in the regular

(a) The loan of an automobile by a motor vehicle dealer to
 a high school for use in its driver education and safety
 program; or. The term "use" does not include

course of business. The term "use" does not include:

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726	(b) A contractor's use of "qualifying property" as defined
727	in subsection (34) by paragraph (14)(a).
728	(46) (21) The term "Use tax" referred to in this chapter
729	includes the use, <del>the</del> consumption, <del>the</del> distribution, and <del>the</del>
730	storage <del>as herein defined</del> .
731	(47) "Voluntary seller" or "volunteer seller" means a
732	seller that is not required to register in this state to collect
733	the tax imposed by this chapter.
734	(22) "Spaceport activities" means activities directed or
735	sponsored by Space Florida on spaceport territory pursuant to
736	its powers and responsibilities under the Space Florida Act.
737	(23) "Space flight" means any flight designed for
738	suborbital, orbital, or interplanetary travel of a space
739	vehicle, satellite, or station of any kind.
740	(24) "Coin-operated amusement machine" means any machine
741	operated by coin, slug, token, coupon, or similar device for the
742	purposes of entertainment or amusement. The term includes, but
743	is not limited to, coin-operated pinball machines, music
744	machines, juke boxes, mechanical games, video games, arcade
745	games, billiard tables, moving picture viewers, shooting
746	galleries, and all other similar amusement devices.
747	(25) "Sea trial" means a voyage for the purpose of testing
748	repair or modification work, which is in length and scope
749	reasonably necessary to test repairs or modifications, or a
750	voyage for the purpose of ascertaining the seaworthiness of a
751	vessel. If the sea trial is to test repair or modification work,
752	the owner or repair facility shall certify, in a form required
753	by the department, what repairs have been tested. The owner and
754	the repair facility may also be required to certify that the
·	$D_{2} = 26 - 26 - 26 - 147$

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35-00714-14 2014818 755 length and scope of the voyage were reasonably necessary to test 756 the repairs or modifications. 757 (26) "Solar energy system" means the equipment and 758 requisite hardware that provide and are used for collecting, 759 transferring, converting, storing, or using incident solar 760 energy for water heating, space heating, cooling, or other 761 applications that would otherwise require the use of a 762 conventional source of energy such as petroleum products, 763 natural gas, manufactured gas, or electricity. 764 (27) "Agricultural commodity" means horticultural, 765 aquacultural, poultry and farm products, and livestock and 766 livestock products. 767 (28) "Farmer" means a person who is directly engaged in the 768 business of producing crops, livestock, or other agricultural 769 commodities. The term includes, but is not limited to, horse 770 breeders, nurserymen, dairy farmers, poultry farmers, cattle 771 ranchers, apiarists, and persons raising fish. 772 (29) "Livestock" includes all animals of the equine, 773 bovine, or swine class, including goats, sheep, mules, horses, 774 hogs, cattle, ostriches, and other grazing animals raised for 775 commercial purposes. The term "livestock" shall also include 776 fish raised for commercial purposes. 777 (30) "Power farm equipment" means moving or stationary 778 equipment that contains within itself the means for its own 779 propulsion or power and moving or stationary equipment that is 780 dependent upon an external power source to perform its 781 functions. 782 (31) "Forest" means the land stocked by trees of any size 783 used in the production of forest products, or formerly having

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784	such tree cover, and not currently developed for nonforest use.
785	(32) "Agricultural production" means the production of
786	plants and animals useful to humans, including the preparation,
787	planting, cultivating, or harvesting of these products or any
788	other practices necessary to accomplish production through the
789	harvest phase, and includes aquaculture, horticulture,
790	floriculture, viticulture, forestry, dairy, livestock, poultry,
791	bees, and any and all forms of farm products and farm
792	production.
793	(33) "Qualified aircraft" means any aircraft having a
794	maximum certified takeoff weight of less than 10,000 pounds and
795	equipped with twin turbofan engines that meet Stage IV noise
796	requirements that is used by a business operating as an on-
797	demand air carrier under Federal Aviation Administration
798	Regulation Title 14, chapter I, part 135, Code of Federal
799	Regulations, that owns or leases and operates a fleet of at
800	least 25 of such aircraft in this state.
801	(34) "Fractional aircraft ownership program" means a
802	program that meets the requirements of 14 C.F.R. part 91,
803	subpart K, relating to fractional ownership operations, except
804	that the program must include a minimum of 25 aircraft owned or
805	leased by the program manager and used in the program.
806	Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (7) of section
807	212.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
808	212.03 Transient rentals tax; rate, procedure, enforcement,
809	exemptions
810	(7)
811	(c) The rental of <u>facilities in a trailer camp</u> , mobile home
812	park, or recreational vehicle park facilities, as defined in s.

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35-00714-14 2014818 813 212.02(10) (f), which are intended primarily for rental as a 814 principal or permanent place of residence is exempt from the tax 815 imposed by this chapter. The rental of such facilities that 816 primarily serve transient guests is not exempt under by this 817 subsection. In applying the application of this law, or in 818 making a any determination against the exemption, the department 819 shall consider the facility as primarily serving transient 820 quests unless the facility owner makes a verified declaration on 821 a form prescribed by the department that more than half of the 822 total rental units available are occupied by tenants who have a 823 continuous residence greater than in excess of 3 months. The 824 owner of a facility declared to be exempt under by this 825 paragraph must determine make a determination of the taxable 826 status of the facility at the end of the owner's accounting year 827 using any consecutive 3-month period at least one month of which 828 is in the accounting year. The owner shall must use a selected 829 consecutive 3-month period during each annual redetermination. 830 If In the event that an exempt facility no longer qualifies for 831 the exemption by this paragraph, the owner must so notify the 832 department on a form prescribed by the department by the 20th 833 day of the first month of the owner's next succeeding accounting 834 year that the facility no longer qualifies for such exemption. 835 The tax levied by this section applies shall apply to the rental 836 of facilities that no longer qualify for the exemption under 837 this paragraph beginning the first day of the owner's next 838 succeeding accounting year. The provisions of This paragraph 839 does do not apply to mobile home lots regulated under chapter 840 723.

841

Section 3. Subsection (6) of section 212.0306, Florida

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842	Statutes, is amended to read:
843	212.0306 Local option food and beverage tax; procedure for
844	levying; authorized uses; administration
845	(6) <u>A</u> Any county levying a tax authorized by this section
846	must locally administer the tax using the powers and duties
847	enumerated for local administration of the tourist development
848	tax by s. 125.0104, 1992 Supplement to the Florida Statutes
849	1991. <del>The county's ordinance shall also provide for brackets</del>
850	applicable to taxable transactions.
851	Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
852	212.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
853	212.04 Admissions tax; rate, procedure, enforcement
854	(1)
855	(b) For the exercise of such privilege, a tax is levied at
856	the rate of 6 percent of sales price, or the actual value
857	received from such admissions, which <u>amount</u> <del>6 percent</del> shall be
858	added to and collected with all such admissions from the
859	purchaser <del>thereof,</del> and <del>such tax shall be</del> paid for the exercise
860	of the privilege as defined in the preceding paragraph. Each
861	ticket must show on its face the actual sales price of the
862	admission, or each dealer selling the admission must prominently
863	display at the box office or other place where the admission
864	charge is made a notice disclosing the price of the admission $\underline{\cdot  au}$
865	and The tax shall be computed and collected on the basis of the
866	actual price of the admission charged by the dealer. The sale
867	price or actual value of admission <del>shall</del> , for the purpose of
868	this chapter, <u>is the</u> <del>be that</del> price remaining after deduction of
869	federal taxes and state or locally imposed or authorized seat
870	surcharges, taxes, or fees, if any, imposed upon such admission.

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871	The sale price or actual value does not include separately
872	stated ticket service charges that are imposed by a facility
873	ticket office or a ticketing service and added to a separately
874	stated, established ticket price. <del>The rate of tax on each</del>
875	admission shall be according to the brackets established by s.
876	<del>212.12(9).</del>
877	Section 5. Section 212.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to
878	read:
879	212.05 Sales, storage, use tax.—It is <del>hereby declared to be</del>
880	the legislative intent that every person <del>is exercising a taxable</del>
881	privilege who engages in the business of selling tangible
882	personal property at retail in this state, including the
883	business of making mail order sales, or who rents or furnishes
884	<del>any of</del> the things or services taxable under this chapter, <del>or</del> who
885	stores for use or consumption in this state <u>an</u> any item or
886	article of tangible personal property <u>,</u> <del>as defined herein</del> and who
887	leases or rents such property within the state is exercising a
888	taxable privilege.
889	(1) For the exercise of such privilege, a tax is levied on
890	each taxable transaction or incident, which <del>tax</del> is due and
891	payable as follows:
892	(a) <del>l.a.</del> At the rate of 6 percent of the sales price of each
893	item or article of tangible personal property when sold at
894	retail in this state, computed on each taxable sale for the
895	purpose of remitting the amount of tax due the state, and
896	including each and every retail sale.
897	<u>1.<del>b.</del> The</u> Each occasional or isolated sale of an aircraft,

boat, mobile home, or motor vehicle of a class or type which is required to be registered, licensed, titled, or documented in

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35-00714-14 2014818 900 this state or by the United States Government is shall be 901 subject to tax at the rate provided in this paragraph. The 902 department shall by rule adopt a any nationally recognized 903 publication for valuation of used motor vehicles as the 904 reference price list for a any used motor vehicle that must 905 which is required to be licensed pursuant to s. 320.08(1), (2), 906 (3)(a), (b), (c), or (e), or (9). If a any party to an 907 occasional or isolated sale of such a vehicle reports to the tax 908 collector a sales price that which is less than 80 percent of 909 the average loan price for the specified model and year of such 910 vehicle as listed in the most recent reference price list, the 911 tax levied under this paragraph shall be computed by the 912 department on such average loan price unless the parties to the 913 sale have provided to the tax collector an affidavit signed by 914 each party, or other substantial proof, stating the actual sales 915 price. A Any party to such sale who reports a sales price less 916 than the actual sales price commits is quilty of a misdemeanor 917 of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 918 775.083. The department shall collect or attempt to collect from 919 such party any delinquent sales taxes. In addition, Such party 920 shall also pay any tax due and any penalty and interest assessed 921 plus a penalty equal to twice the amount of the additional tax 922 owed. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the department 923 of Revenue may waive or compromise a any penalty imposed 924 pursuant to this subparagraph. 925 2. This paragraph does not apply to the sale of a boat or

aircraft by or through a registered dealer under this chapter to
a purchaser who, at the time of taking delivery, is a
nonresident of this state, does not make his or her permanent

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35-00714-14 2014818 929 place of abode in this state, and is not engaged in carrying on 930 in this state any employment, trade, business, or profession in 931 this state in which the boat or aircraft will be used in this 932 state, or is a corporation of which none of the officers or 933 directors of which is a resident of, or makes his or her 934 permanent place of abode in, this state, or is a noncorporate 935 entity that has no individual vested with authority to 936 participate in the management, direction, or control of the 937 entity's affairs who is a resident of, or makes his or her 938 permanent abode in, this state. For purposes of this exemption, 939 either a registered dealer acting on his or her own behalf as 940 seller, a registered dealer acting as broker on behalf of a 941 seller, or a registered dealer acting as broker on behalf of the 942 purchaser may be deemed to be the selling dealer. This exemption 943 is shall not be allowed unless: 944 a. The purchaser removes a qualifying boat, as described in

a. The purchaser removes a qualifying boat, as described in sub-subparagraph f., from the state within 90 days after the date of purchase or extension, or the purchaser removes a nonqualifying boat or an aircraft from this state within 10 days after the date of purchase, or, <u>if</u> when the boat or aircraft is repaired or altered, within 20 days after completion of the repairs or alterations;

951 b. The purchaser, within 30 days from the date of 952 departure, <u>provides</u> shall provide the department with written 953 proof that the purchaser licensed, registered, titled, or 954 documented the boat or aircraft outside the state. If such 955 written proof is unavailable, within 30 days the purchaser 956 <u>provides</u> shall provide proof that the purchaser applied for such 957 license, title, registration, or documentation. The purchaser

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35-00714-14 2014818 958 shall forward to the department proof of title, license, 959 registration, or documentation upon receipt; 960 c. The purchaser, within 10 days after of removing the boat 961 or aircraft from this state Florida, furnishes shall furnish the 962 department with proof of removal in the form of receipts for 963 fuel, dockage, slippage, tie-down, or hangaring from outside the 964 state of Florida. The information so provided must clearly and 965 specifically identify the boat or aircraft; 966 d. The selling dealer, within 5 days after of the date of 967 sale, provides shall provide to the department a copy of the 968 sales invoice, closing statement, bills of sale, and the 969 original affidavit signed by the purchaser attesting that he or 970 she has read the provisions of this section; 971 e. The seller makes a copy of the affidavit a part of his 972 or her record for as long as required by s. 213.35; and 973 f. Unless the nonresident purchaser of a boat of 5 net tons 974 of admeasurement or larger intends to remove the boat from this 975 state within 10 days after the date of purchase or if when the boat is repaired or altered, within 20 days after completion of 976 977 the repairs or alterations, the nonresident purchaser applies 978 shall apply to the selling dealer for a decal that which 979 authorizes the removal of the boat 90 days after the date of 980 purchase for removal of the boat. The nonresident purchaser of a 981 qualifying boat may apply to the selling dealer within 60 days 982 after the date of purchase for an extension decal that 983 authorizes the boat to remain in this state for an additional 90 984 days, but not more than a total of 180 days, before the 985 nonresident purchaser must is required to pay the tax imposed by this chapter. The department may is authorized to issue decals 986

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35-00714-14 2014818 987 in advance to dealers. The number of decals issued in advance to 988 a dealer must shall be consistent with the volume of the 989 dealer's past sales of boats which qualify under this sub-990 subparagraph. The selling dealer or his or her agent shall mark 991 and affix the decals to qualifying boats in the manner 992 prescribed by the department before, prior to delivery of the 993 boat. 994 (I) The department may is hereby authorized to charge 995 dealers a fee sufficient to recover the costs of decals issued, 996 except the extension decal costs shall cost \$425. 997 (II) The proceeds from the sale of decals shall will be 998 deposited into the administrative trust fund. 999 (III) Decals must shall display information that identifies 1000 to identify the boat as a qualifying boat under this sub-1001 subparagraph, including, but not limited to, the decal's date of 1002 expiration. 1003 (IV) The department may is authorized to require dealers 1004 who purchase decals to file reports with the department and may 1005 prescribe all necessary records by rule. All such records are 1006 subject to inspection by the department. 1007 (V) A Any dealer or his or her agent who issues a decal 1008 falsely, fails to affix a decal, mismarks the expiration date of 1009 a decal, or fails to properly account for decals will be 1010 considered prima facie to have committed a fraudulent act to 1011 evade the tax and are will be liable for payment of the tax plus 1012 a mandatory penalty of 200 percent of the tax, and commits shall 1013 be liable for fine and punishment as provided by law for a 1014 conviction of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 1015 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

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35-00714-14 2014818 1016 (VI) A Any nonresident purchaser of a boat who removes a 1017 decal before prior to permanently removing the boat from the state, or defaces, changes, modifies, or alters a decal in a 1018 1019 manner affecting its expiration date before prior to its 1020 expiration, or who causes or allows the same to be done by 1021 another, is will be considered prima facie to have committed a 1022 fraudulent act to evade the tax and is will be liable for payment of the tax plus a mandatory penalty of 200 percent of 1023 the tax, and commits shall be liable for fine and punishment as 1024 1025 provided by law for a conviction of a misdemeanor of the first 1026 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(VII) The department <u>may</u> is authorized to adopt rules
 necessary to administer and enforce this subparagraph and to
 publish the necessary forms and instructions.

1030 (VIII) The department is hereby authorized to adopt 1031 emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54(4) to administer and 1032 enforce the provisions of this subparagraph.

g. If the purchaser fails to remove the qualifying boat 1033 1034 from this state within the maximum 180 days after purchase or a 1035 nonqualifying boat or an aircraft from this state within 10 days 1036 after purchase or, if when the boat or aircraft is repaired or 1037 altered, within 20 days after completion of such repairs or 1038 alterations, or permits the boat or aircraft to return to this 1039 state within 6 months after from the date of departure, except 1040 as provided in s. 212.08(7)(fff), or if the purchaser fails to 1041 furnish the department with any of the documentation required by 1042 this subparagraph f. within the prescribed time period, the 1043 purchaser is shall be liable for use tax on the cost price of 1044 the boat or aircraft and, in addition thereto, payment of a

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35-00714-14 2014818 1045 penalty to the department of Revenue equal to the tax payable. 1046 This penalty is <del>shall be</del> in lieu of the penalty imposed by s. 1047 212.12(2). The maximum 180-day period following the sale of a 1048 qualifying boat tax-exempt to a nonresident may not be tolled 1049 for any reason. 1050 (b) At the rate of 6 percent of the cost price of each item 1051 or article of tangible personal property if when the same is not 1052 sold but is used, consumed, distributed, or stored for use or consumption in this state; however, for tangible property 1053 1054 originally purchased exempt from tax for use exclusively for 1055 lease and which is converted to the owner's own use, tax may be 1056 paid on the fair market value of the property at the time of 1057 conversion. If the fair market value of the property cannot be 1058 determined, use tax at the time of conversion shall be based on 1059 the owner's acquisition cost. Under no circumstances may The 1060 aggregate amount of sales tax from leasing the property and use 1061 tax due at the time of conversion may not be less than the total 1062 sales tax that would have been due on the original acquisition 1063 cost paid by the owner. 1064 (c) At the rate of 6 percent of the gross proceeds derived 1065 from the lease or rental of tangible personal property, as 1066 defined herein; however, the following special provisions apply 1067 to the lease or rental of motor vehicles: 1068 1. When a motor vehicle is leased or rented for a period of less than 12 months: 1069 1070 a. If the motor vehicle is rented in Florida, the entire 1071 amount of such rental is taxable, even if the vehicle is dropped 1072 off in another state. 1073 b. If the motor vehicle is rented in another state and

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1098

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35-00714-14 2014818 1074 dropped off in Florida, the rental is exempt from Florida tax. 1075 2. Except as provided in subparagraph 3., for the lease or 1076 rental of a motor vehicle for a period of not less than 12 1077 months, sales tax is due on the lease or rental payments if the 1078 vehicle is registered in this state; provided, however, that no 1079 tax shall be due if the taxpayer documents use of the motor 1080 vehicle outside this state and tax is being paid on the lease or 1081 rental payments in another state. 1082 3. The tax imposed by this chapter does not apply to the 1083 lease or rental of a commercial motor vehicle as defined in s. 1084 316.003(66)(a) to one lessee or rentee for a period of not less 1085 than 12 months when tax was paid on the purchase price of such 1086 vehicle by the lessor. To the extent tax was paid with respect 1087 to the purchase of such vehicle in another state, territory of 1088 the United States, or the District of Columbia, the Florida tax 1089 payable shall be reduced in accordance with the provisions of s. 1090 212.06(7). This subparagraph shall only be available when the 1091 lease or rental of such property is an established business or part of an established business or the same is incidental or 1092 1093 germane to such business. 1094 (d) At the rate of 6 percent of the lease or rental price

1095 paid by a lessee or rentee, or contracted or agreed to be paid 1096 by a lessee or rentee, to the owner of the tangible personal 1097 property.

(e) 1. At the rate of 6 percent on charges for: 1099 1.a. Prepaid calling arrangements. The tax on charges for 1100 prepaid calling arrangements shall be collected at the time of sale and remitted by the selling dealer. 1101

a. (I) "Prepaid calling arrangement" means the separately

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1103	
1104	that consist exclusively of telephone calls originated by using
1105	an access number, authorization code, or other means that may be
1106	manually, electronically, or otherwise entered and that are sold
1107	in predetermined units or dollars whose number declines with use
1108	in a known amount.
1109	b. <del>(II)</del> The sale or recharge of the prepaid calling
1110	arrangement is deemed to take place in accordance with s.
1111	212.06(17) If the sale or recharge of the prepaid calling
1112	arrangement does not take place at the dealer's place of
1113	business, it shall be deemed to take place at the customer's
1114	shipping address or, if no item is shipped, at the customer's
1115	address or the location associated with the customer's mobile
1116	telephone number.
1117	c.(III) The sale or recharge of a prepaid calling
1118	arrangement shall be treated as a sale of tangible personal
1119	property for purposes of this chapter, whether <del>or not</del> a tangible
1120	item evidencing such arrangement is furnished to the purchaser,
1121	and such sale within this state subjects the selling dealer to
1122	the jurisdiction of this state for purposes of this subsection.
1123	2.b. The installation of telecommunication and telegraphic
1124	equipment.
1125	3.e. Electrical power or energy, except that the tax rate
1126	for charges for electrical power or energy is 7 percent.
1127	
1128	2. The provisions of s. Section 212.17(3), regarding credit for
1129	tax paid on charges subsequently found to be worthless, $\mathrm{is}$ shall
1130	<del>be</del> equally applicable to any tax paid under <del>the provisions of</del>
1131	this section on charges for prepaid calling arrangements,

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35-00714-14 2014818 1132 telecommunication or telegraph services, or electric power 1133 subsequently found to be uncollectible. The term word "charges" 1134 as used in this paragraph does not include an any excise or similar tax levied by the Federal Government, a any political 1135 1136 subdivision of the state, or a any municipality upon the 1137 purchase, sale, or recharge of prepaid calling arrangements or 1138 upon the purchase or sale of telecommunication, television 1139 system program, or telegraph service or electric power, which tax is collected by the seller from the purchaser. 1140 1141 (f) At the rate of 6 percent on the sale, rental, use, 1142 consumption, or storage for use in this state of machines and 1143 equipment, and parts and accessories therefor, used in 1144 manufacturing, processing, compounding, producing, mining, or quarrying personal property for sale or to be used in furnishing 1145 1146 communications, transportation, or public utility services. (q) 1. At the rate of 6 percent on the retail price of 1147 1148 newspapers and magazines sold or used in Florida. However, 1149 2. notwithstanding any other provision provisions of this 1150 chapter, inserts of printed materials which are distributed with

chapter, inserts of printed materials which are distributed with a newspaper or magazine are a component part of the newspaper or magazine, and <del>neither</del> the sale <u>or nor</u> use of such inserts is <u>not</u> subject to tax <u>if</u> when:

1154 <u>1.a.</u> Printed by a newspaper or magazine publisher or 1155 commercial printer and distributed as a component part of a 1156 newspaper or magazine, which means that the items after being 1157 printed are delivered directly to a newspaper or magazine 1158 publisher by the printer for inclusion in editions of the 1159 distributed newspaper or magazine;

1160

2.b. Such publications are labeled as part of the

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1161 designated newspaper or magazine publication into which they are 1162 to be inserted; and 1163 3.c. The purchaser of the insert presents a resale 1164 certificate to the vendor stating that the inserts are to be 1165 distributed as a component part of a newspaper or magazine. 1166 (h) 1. A tax is imposed At the rate of 4 percent on the 1167 charges for the use of coin-operated amusement machines. 1168 1. The tax shall be calculated by dividing the gross receipts from such charges for the applicable reporting period 1169 1170 by a divisor, determined as provided in this subparagraph, to 1171 compute gross taxable sales, and then subtracting gross taxable 1172 sales from gross receipts to arrive at the amount of tax due. 1173 For counties that do not impose a discretionary sales surtax, 1174 the divisor is equal to 1.04; for counties that impose a 0.51175 percent discretionary sales surtax, the divisor is equal to 1176 1.045; for counties that impose a 1 percent discretionary sales 1177 surtax, the divisor is equal to 1.050; and for counties that 1178 impose a 2 percent sales surtax, the divisor is equal to 1.060. 1179 If a county imposes a discretionary sales surtax that is not 1180 listed in this subparagraph, the department shall make the applicable divisor available in an electronic format or 1181 1182 otherwise. Additional divisors must shall bear the same 1183 mathematical relationship to the next higher and next lower divisors as the new surtax rate bears to the next higher and 1184 next lower surtax rates for which divisors have been 1185 1186 established. If When a machine is activated by a slug, token, 1187 coupon, or any similar device that which has been purchased, the 1188 tax is on the price paid by the user of the device for such 1189 device.

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2014818 1190 2. As used in this paragraph, the term "operator" means a 1191 any person who possesses a coin-operated amusement machine for 1192 the purpose of generating sales through that machine and who is 1193 responsible for removing the receipts from the machine. 1194 a. If the owner of the machine is also the operator of it, 1195 he or she is shall be liable for payment of the tax without any 1196 deduction for rent or a license fee paid to a location owner for 1197 the use of any real property on which the machine is located. b. If the owner or lessee of the machine is also its 1198 1199 operator, he or she is shall be liable for payment of the tax on 1200 the purchase or lease of the machine, as well as the tax on 1201 sales generated through the machine. 1202 c. If the proprietor of the business where the machine is 1203 located does not own the machine, he or she shall be deemed to 1204 be the lessee and operator of the machine and is responsible for 1205 the payment of the tax on sales, unless such responsibility is 1206 otherwise provided for in a written agreement between him or her 1207 and the machine owner. 1208 3.a. An operator of a coin-operated amusement machine may 1209 not operate or cause to be operated in this state any such machine until the operator has registered with the department, 1210 applied to the department for an identifying certificate, and is 1211 1212 has conspicuously displaying such displayed an identifying 1213 certificate on the premises where the coin-operated amusement 1214 machines are being operated issued by the department. The 1215 identifying certificate shall be issued by the department upon 1216 application from the operator. The identifying certificate must 1217 shall include a unique number  $_{T}$  and the certificate shall be 1218 permanently marked with the operator's name, the operator's

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1247

1	35-00714-14 2014818
1219	sales tax number, and the maximum number of machines to be
1220	operated under the certificate. An identifying certificate <u>may</u>
1221	$rac{\mathrm{shall}}{\mathrm{not}}$ not be transferred from one operator to another. The
1222	identifying certificate must be conspicuously displayed on the
1223	premises where the coin-operated amusement machines are being
1224	operated.
1225	<u>a.<del>b.</del></u> The operator of the machine must obtain an identifying
1226	certificate before the machine is first operated in the state
1227	and by July 1 of each year thereafter. The annual fee for <u>the</u>
1228	each certificate shall be based on the number of machines
1229	identified on the application times \$30 and is due and payable
1230	upon <u>applying</u> application for the identifying device. The
1231	application must shall contain the operator's name, sales tax
1232	number, business address where the machines are being operated,
1233	and the number of machines in operation at that place of
1234	business by the operator. <u>An</u> No operator may <u>not</u> operate more
1235	machines than are listed on the certificate. A new certificate
1236	is required if more machines are being operated at that location
1237	than are listed on the certificate. The fee for the new
1238	certificate shall be based on the number of additional machines
1239	identified on the application form times \$30.
1240	<u>b.</u> e. A penalty of \$250 per machine is imposed on the
1241	operator for failing to properly obtain and display the required
1242	identifying certificate. A penalty of \$250 is imposed on the

operator for failing to properly obtain and display the required identifying certificate. A penalty of \$250 is imposed on the lessee of <u>a</u> any machine placed in a place of business without a proper current identifying certificate. Such penalties <u>are shall</u> apply in addition to all other applicable taxes, interest, and penalties.

<u>c.d.</u> Operators of coin-operated amusement machines must

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1248	obtain a separate sales and use tax certificate of registration
1249	for each county in which such machines are located. One sales
1250	and use tax certificate of registration is sufficient for all of
1251	the operator's machines within a single county.
1252	4. <del>The provisions of</del> This paragraph <u>does</u> <del>do</del> not apply to
1253	coin-operated amusement machines owned and operated by churches
1254	or synagogues.
1255	5. In addition to <del>any</del> other penalties imposed by this
1256	chapter, a person who knowingly and willfully violates <u>a</u> any
1257	provision of this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the second
1258	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
1259	6. The department may adopt rules necessary to administer
1260	the provisions of this paragraph.
1261	(i)1. At the rate of 6 percent on charges for all:
1262	a. Investigative services Detective, security guard and
1263	patrol services <del>burglar protection</del> , armored car services, and
1264	<u>security system</u> <del>other protection</del> services <u>,</u> <del>(</del> NAICS National
1265	Numbers 561611, 561612, 561613, and 561621 <u>, respectively</u> . <u>A</u> <del>Any</del>
1266	law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 943.10, who is
1267	performing approved duties as determined by his or her local law
1268	enforcement agency in his or her capacity as a law enforcement
1269	officer, and who is subject to the direct and immediate command
1270	of <u>the</u> <del>his or her</del> law enforcement agency, and <u>wearing a</u> <del>in the</del>
1271	law enforcement officer's uniform <del>as</del> authorized by <u>the</u> <del>his or</del>
1272	her law enforcement agency, is performing law enforcement and
1273	public safety services and is not performing investigative
1274	services <del>detective</del> , security guard and patrol services <del>burglar</del>
1275	<del>protection</del> , <u>armored car services,</u> or <u>security system</u> <del>other</del>
1276	<del>protective</del> services, if the law enforcement officer is

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35-00714-14 2014818 1277 performing his or her approved duties in a geographical area in 1278 which the law enforcement officer has arrest jurisdiction. Such 1279 law enforcement and public safety services are not subject to 1280 tax irrespective of whether the duty is characterized as "extra 1281 duty," "off-duty," or "secondary employment," and irrespective of whether the officer is paid directly or through the officer's 1282 1283 agency by an outside source. The term "law enforcement officer" 1284 includes a full-time or part-time law enforcement officer officers, and an any auxiliary law enforcement officer if the, 1285 1286 when such auxiliary law enforcement officer is working under the 1287 direct supervision of a full-time or part-time law enforcement 1288 officer. 1289 b. Janitorial services Nonresidential cleaning, excluding 1290 cleaning of the interiors of transportation equipment, and nonresidential building exterminating and pest control services, 1291 1292 -(NAICS National Numbers 561710 and 561720, respectively). 1293 2. As used in this paragraph, "NAICS" means those 1294

1294 classifications contained in the North American Industry 1295 Classification System, as published in <u>2012</u> <del>2007</del> by the Office 1296 of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President.

3. Charges for <u>investigative services</u> detective, <u>security</u> <u>guard and patrol services</u> <del>burglar protection</del>, <u>armored car</u> <u>services</u>, and <u>security system</u> <del>other protection security</del> services performed in this state but used outside this state are exempt from taxation. Charges for detective, burglar protection, and other protection security services performed outside this state and used in this state are subject to tax.

13044. If a transaction involves both the sale or use of a1305service taxable under this paragraph and the sale or use of a

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35-00714-14 2014818 1306 service or any other item not taxable under this chapter, the 1307 consideration paid must be separately identified and stated with 1308 respect to the taxable and exempt portions of the transaction or 1309 the entire transaction is shall be presumed taxable. The burden 1310 is shall be on the seller of the service or the purchaser of the 1311 service, as whichever applicable, to overcome this presumption 1312 by providing documentary evidence as to which portion of the transaction is exempt from tax. The department may is authorized 1313 to adjust the amount of consideration identified as the taxable 1314 1315 and exempt portions of the transaction; however, a determination 1316 that the taxable and exempt portions are inaccurately stated and 1317 that the adjustment is applicable must be supported by 1318 substantial competent evidence.

1319 5. Each seller of services subject to sales tax pursuant to 1320 this paragraph shall maintain a monthly log showing each transaction for which sales tax was not collected because the 1321 1322 services meet the requirements of subparagraph 3. for out-of-1323 state use. The log must identify the purchaser's name, location 1324 and mailing address, and federal employer identification number, 1325 if a business, or the social security number, if an individual, 1326 the service sold, the price of the service, the date of sale, 1327 the reason for the exemption, and the sales invoice number. The 1328 monthly log shall be maintained pursuant to the same 1329 requirements and subject to the same penalties imposed for the 1330 keeping of similar records pursuant to this chapter.

(j)1. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, there is hereby levied a tax on the sale, use, consumption, or storage for use in this state of <u>a</u> any coin or currency, whether in circulation or not is levied if, when such coin or currency:

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1335	a. Is not legal tender;
1336	b. If legal tender, is sold, exchanged, or traded at a rate
1337	in excess of its face value; or
1338	c. Is sold, exchanged, or traded at a rate based on its
1339	precious metal content.
1340	2. Such tax shall be at a rate of 6 percent of the price at
1341	which the coin or currency is sold, exchanged, or traded, except
1342	that <u>such tax may not be levied on</u> , with respect to a coin or
1343	currency <u>that</u> <del>which</del> is legal tender of the United States and
1344	<u>that</u> <del>which</del> is sold, exchanged, or traded <del>, such tax shall not be</del>
1345	levied.
1346	3. <del>There are exempt from this tax</del> Exchanges of coins or
1347	currency that which are in general circulation in, and legal
1348	tender of, one nation for coins or currency that which are in
1349	general circulation in, and legal tender of, another nation $\underline{ ext{if}}$
1350	when exchanged solely for use as legal tender and at an exchange
1351	rate based on the relative value of each as a medium of
1352	exchange, are exempt from the tax.
1353	4. With respect to <u>a</u> any transaction that involves the sale
1354	of coins or currency taxable under this paragraph in which the
1355	taxable amount represented by the sale of such coins or currency
1356	exceeds \$500, the entire amount <del>represented by the sale</del> of such
1357	sale coins or currency is exempt from the tax imposed under this
1358	<del>paragraph</del> . The dealer must maintain proper documentation, as
1359	prescribed by rule of the department, to identify that portion

1360 of a transaction which involves the sale of coins or currency 1361 and is exempt under this subparagraph.

(k) At the rate of 6 percent of the sales price of eachgallon of diesel fuel not taxed under chapter 206 purchased for

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35-00714-14 2014818 1364 use in a vessel, except dyed diesel fuel that is exempt pursuant 1365 to s. 212.08(4)(a)4. (1) Florists located in this state are liable for sales tax 1366 1367 on sales to retail customers regardless of where or by whom the items sold are to be delivered. Florists located in this state 1368 1369 are not liable for sales tax on payments received from other 1370 florists for items delivered to customers in this state. 1371 (m) Operators of game concessions or other concessionaires 1372 who customarily award tangible personal property as prizes may, 1373 in lieu of paying tax on the cost price of such property, pay 1374 tax on 25 percent of the gross receipts from such concession 1375 activity. 1376 (2) The tax shall be collected by the dealer, as defined 1377 herein, and remitted by the dealer to the state at the time and 1378 in the manner as hereinafter provided. 1379 (3) The tax so levied is in addition to all other taxes, 1380 whether levied in the form of excise, license, or privilege 1381 taxes, and in addition to all other fees and taxes levied. 1382 (4) The tax imposed pursuant to this chapter shall be due 1383 and payable according to the brackets set forth in s. 212.12. 1384 (4) (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, 1385 the maximum amount of tax imposed under this chapter and 1386 collected on each sale or use of a boat in this state may not 1387 exceed \$18,000. Section 6. Subsection (6) of section 212.0506, Florida 1388 1389 Statutes, is amended to read: 1390 212.0506 Taxation of service warranties .-1391 (6) This tax shall be due and payable according to the 1392 brackets set forth in s. 212.12.

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2014818 1393 Section 7. Section 212.054, Florida Statutes, is amended to 1394 read: 1395 212.054 Discretionary sales surtax; limitations, 1396 administration, and collection.-1397 (1) A No general excise tax on sales may not shall be 1398 levied by the governing body of a any county unless specifically 1399 authorized under in s. 212.055. Such Any general excise tax on 1400 sales authorized pursuant to said section shall be administered 1401 and collected exclusively as provided in this section. 1402 (2) (a) The tax imposed by the governing body of a any 1403 county authorized to so levy pursuant to s. 212.055 is shall be 1404 a discretionary surtax on all transactions occurring in the 1405 county which transactions are subject to the state tax imposed 1406 on sales, use, services, rentals, admissions, and other 1407 transactions by this chapter and communications services as defined for purposes of chapter 202. The surtax, if levied, 1408 1409 shall be computed as the applicable rate or rates authorized 1410 pursuant to s. 212.055 times the amount of taxable sales and 1411 taxable purchases representing such transactions. If the surtax

1412 is levied on the sale of an item of tangible personal property or on the sale of a service, the surtax shall be computed by 1413 1414 multiplying the rate imposed by the county within which the sale 1415 occurs by the amount of the taxable sale. The sale of an item of 1416 tangible personal property or the sale of a service is not 1417 subject to the surtax if the property, the service, or the tangible personal property representing the service is delivered 1418 1419 within a county that does not impose a discretionary sales 1420 surtax.

1421 (b) However:

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1422	1. The sales amount above \$5,000 on <u>a motor vehicle,</u>
1423	aircraft, boat, manufactured home, modular home, or mobile home
1424	<u>is</u> any item of tangible personal property shall not be subject
1425	to the surtax. However, charges for prepaid calling
1426	arrangements, as defined in s. 212.05(1)(e)1.a., shall be
1427	subject to the surtax. For purposes of administering the \$5,000
1428	limitation on an item of tangible personal property, if two or
1429	more taxable items of tangible personal property are sold to the
1430	same purchaser at the same time and, under generally accepted
1431	business practice or industry standards or usage, are normally
1432	sold in bulk or are items that, when assembled, comprise a
1433	working unit or part of a working unit, such items must be
1434	considered a single item for purposes of the \$5,000 limitation
1435	when supported by a charge ticket, sales slip, invoice, or other
1436	tangible evidence of a single sale or rental.
1437	2. In the case of utility services covering a period
1438	starting before and ending after the effective date of a surtax
1439	adoption, termination, or rate increase or decrease, the rate
1440	adoption, termination, increase, or decrease applies to the
1441	first billing period starting on or after the effective date of
1442	change billed on or after the effective date of any such surtax,
1443	the entire amount of the charge for utility services shall be
1444	subject to the surtax. In the case of utility services billed
1445	after the last day the surtax is in effect, the entire amount of
1446	the charge on said items shall not be subject to the surtax.
1447	"Utility service," as used in this section, does not include any
1448	communications services as defined in chapter 202.

14493. In the case of written contracts which are signed before1450prior to the effective date of any such surtax for the

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35-00714-14 2014818 1451 construction of improvements to real property or for remodeling 1452 of existing structures, the surtax shall be paid by the 1453 contractor responsible for the performance of the contract. 1454 However, the contractor may apply for one refund of any such 1455 surtax paid on materials necessary for the completion of the 1456 contract. An Any application for refund must shall be made 1457 within no later than 15 months following initial imposition of 1458 the surtax in that county. The application for refund shall be in the manner prescribed by the department by rule. A complete 1459 1460 application must shall include proof of the written contract and 1461 of payment of the surtax, and. The application shall contain a 1462 sworn statement, signed by the applicant or its representative, 1463 attesting to the validity of the application. The department 1464 shall, within 30 days after approval of a complete application, 1465 certify to the county information necessary for issuance of a refund to the applicant. Counties may are hereby authorized to 1466 1467 issue refunds for this purpose and shall set aside from the 1468 proceeds of the surtax a sum sufficient to pay any refund 1469 lawfully due. A Any person who fraudulently obtains or attempts 1470 to obtain a refund pursuant to this subparagraph, in addition to 1471 being liable for repayment of the any refund fraudulently 1472 obtained plus a mandatory penalty of 100 percent of the refund, 1473 commits is quilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 1474 4. In the case of a any vessel, railroad, or motor vehicle 1475

4. In the case of <u>a any</u> vessel, railroad, or motor vehicle common carrier entitled to partial exemption from tax imposed under this chapter pursuant to s. 212.08(4), (8), or (9), the basis for imposition of surtax <u>is shall be</u> the same as provided in s. 212.08 and the ratio shall be applied each month to total

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1480	purchases in this state of property qualified for proration
1481	which is delivered or sold in the taxing county to establish the
1482	portion used and consumed in intracounty movement and subject to
1483	surtax.
1484	(3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a surtax
1485	applies to a retail sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal
1486	property, a digital good, or a service if, under s. 212.06(17),
1487	the transaction occurs in a county that imposes a surtax under
1488	<u>s. 212.055.</u>
1489	(4) (3) In determining whether a transaction occurs in a
1490	county imposing a surtax <del>For the purpose of this section, a</del>
1491	transaction shall be deemed to have occurred in a county
1492	imposing the surtax when:
1493	(a) <del>1.</del> The <u>retail</u> sale <u>of a modular or manufactured home,</u>
1494	not including a mobile home, occurs in the county to which the
1495	house is delivered includes an item of tangible personal
1496	property, a service, or tangible personal property representing
1497	a service, and the item of tangible personal property, the
1498	service, or the tangible personal property representing the
1499	service is delivered within the county. If there is no
1500	reasonable evidence of delivery of a service, the sale of a
1501	service is deemed to occur in the county in which the purchaser
1502	accepts the bill of sale.
1503	(b) <del>2.</del> The <u>retail</u> sale, excluding a lease or rental, of a
1504	motor vehicle that does not qualify as transportation equipment,
1505	as defined in s. 212.06(17), or the retail sale of a <del>of any</del>
1506	<del>motor vehicle or</del> mobile home of a class or type <u>that</u> <del>which</del> is
1507	required to be registered in this state or in any other state
1508	occurs shall be deemed to have occurred only in the county

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1509	identified $\underline{from}$ as the $\overline{residence}$ address of the purchaser on the
1510	registration or title document for <u>the</u> such property.
1511	<u>(c) (b)</u> Admission charged for an event occurs The event for
1512	which an admission is charged is located in the county <u>in which</u>
1513	the event is held.
1514	(d) (c) A lease or rental of real property occurs in the
1515	<u>county in which the real property is located</u> <del>The consumer of</del>
1516	utility services is located in the county.
1517	<u>(e) (d)1.</u> The retail sale, excluding a lease or rental, of
1518	an aircraft that does not qualify as transportation equipment,
1519	as defined in s. 212.06(17), or of a boat of a class or type
1520	that is required to be registered, licensed, titled, or
1521	documented in this state or by the Federal Government occurs in
1522	the county to which the aircraft or boat is delivered. The user
1523	of <u>an</u> <del>any</del> aircraft or boat of a class or type <u>that</u> <del>which</del> is
1524	required to be registered, licensed, titled, or documented in
1525	this state or by the United States Government imported into the
1526	county for use, consumption, distribution, or storage to be used
1527	or consumed $\underline{\operatorname{occurs}}$ in the county $\underline{\operatorname{in}}$ which the user is located $\overline{\operatorname{in}}$
1528	the county.
1529	1.2. However, it is shall be presumed that such items used
1530	outside the county <i>imposing the surtax</i> for 6 months or longer
1531	before being imported into the county were not purchased for use

1533 <u>2.3.</u> This paragraph does not apply to the use or 1534 consumption of items <u>on</u> <del>upon</del> which a like tax of equal or 1535 greater amount has been lawfully imposed and paid outside the 1536 county.

in the county, except as provided in s. 212.06(8)(b).

(f)<del>(e)</del> The purchase <del>purchaser</del> of a <del>any</del> motor vehicle or

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1538	mobile home of a class or type <u>that</u> which is required to be
1539	registered in this state occurs in the county identified from
1540	the residential address of the purchaser is a resident of the
1541	taxing county as determined by the address appearing on or to be
1542	$rac{reflected}{reflected}$ on the registration document for <u>the</u> such property.
1543	(g) (f)1. The use, consumption, distribution, or storage of
1544	<u>a</u> Any motor vehicle or mobile home of a class or type <u>that</u> <del>which</del>
1545	is required to be registered in this state <u>and that</u> is imported
1546	from another state occurs in the county into which it is
1547	imported into the taxing county by a user residing therein for
1548	the purpose of use, consumption, distribution, or storage in the
1549	taxing county.
1550	$rac{2}{\cdot}$ However, it <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del> presumed that such items used
1551	outside the taxing county for 6 months or longer before being
1552	imported into the county were not purchased for use in the
1553	county.
1554	(g) The real property which is leased or rented is located
1555	in the county.
1556	(h) <u>A</u> The transient rental transaction occurs in the county
1557	in which the rental property is located.
1558	(i) The delivery of any aircraft or boat of a class or type
1559	which is required to be registered, licensed, titled, or
1560	documented in this state or by the United States Government is
1561	to a location in the county. However, this paragraph does not
1562	apply to the use or consumption of items upon which a like tax
1563	of equal or greater amount has been lawfully imposed and paid
1564	outside the county.
1565	(i) (j) A transaction occurs in a county imposing a surtax
1566	$\underline{ ext{if}}$ the dealer owing a use tax on purchases or leases is located
I	

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1567	in <u>that</u> the county.
1568	(k) The delivery of tangible personal property other than
1569	that described in paragraph (d), paragraph (e), or paragraph (f)
1570	is made to a location outside the county, but the property is
1571	brought into the county within 6 months after delivery, in which
1572	event, the owner must pay the surtax as a use tax.
1573	<u>(j)</u> The use of a coin-operated amusement or vending
1574	machine <u>occurs</u> <del>is located</del> in the county <u>in which the machine is</u>
1575	located.
1576	<u>(k)</u> (m) An The florist taking the original order to sell
1577	tangible personal property <u>taken by a florist occurs</u> <del>is located</del>
1578	in the county in which the florist taking the order is located $_{ au}$
1579	notwithstanding any other provision of this section.
1580	<u>(5)</u> (4)(a) The department shall administer, collect, and
1581	enforce the tax authorized under s. 212.055 pursuant to the same
1582	procedures used in the administration, collection, and
1583	enforcement of the general state sales tax imposed under <del>the</del>
1584	<del>provisions of</del> this chapter, except as provided in this section.
1585	The provisions of this chapter regarding interest and penalties
1586	on delinquent taxes <del>shall</del> apply to the surtax. Discretionary
1587	sales surtaxes <u>may</u> <del>shall</del> not be included in the computation of
1588	estimated taxes pursuant to s. 212.11. Notwithstanding any other
1589	provision of law, a dealer need not separately state the amount
1590	of the surtax on the charge ticket, sales slip, invoice, or
1591	other tangible evidence of sale.
1592	(a) As used in <del>For the purposes of</del> this section and s.
1 - 0 0	

1593 212.055, the "proceeds" of <u>a</u> any surtax means all funds 1594 collected and received by the department pursuant to a specific 1595 authorization and levy under s. 212.055, including any interest

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1596 and penalties on delinquent surtaxes.

1597 (b) The proceeds of a discretionary sales surtax collected 1598 by the selling dealer located in a county imposing the surtax 1599 shall be returned, less the cost of administration, to the 1600 county where the selling dealer is located. The proceeds shall 1601 be transferred to the Discretionary Sales Surtax Clearing Trust 1602 Fund. A separate account shall be established in the trust fund 1603 for each county imposing a discretionary surtax. The amount 1604 deducted for the costs of administration may not exceed 3 1605 percent of the total revenue generated for all counties levying 1606 a surtax authorized under in s. 212.055. The amount deducted for 1607 the costs of administration may be used only for costs that are 1608 solely and directly attributable to the surtax. The total cost 1609 of administration shall be prorated among those counties levying 1610 the surtax based on the basis of the amount collected for a 1611 particular county compared to the total amount collected for all 1612 counties. The department shall distribute the moneys in the 1613 trust fund to the appropriate counties each month, unless 1614 otherwise provided in s. 212.055.

1615 (c) 1. A Any dealer located in a county that does not impose a discretionary sales surtax but who collects the surtax due to 1616 1617 sales of tangible personal property or services delivered 1618 outside the county shall remit monthly the proceeds of the 1619 surtax to the department to be deposited into an account in the 1620 Discretionary Sales Surtax Clearing Trust Fund which is separate 1621 from the county surtax collection accounts. The department shall 1622 distribute funds in this account using a distribution factor 1623 determined for each county that levies a surtax and multiplied 1624 by the amount of funds in the account and available for

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35-00714-14 2014818 1625 distribution. 1626 1. The distribution factor for each county equals the 1627 product of: 1628 a. The county's latest official population determined 1629 pursuant to s. 186.901; 1630 b. The county's rate of surtax; and 1631 c. The number of months the county has levied a surtax 1632 during the most recent distribution period, + divided by the sum of all such products of the counties levying the surtax during 1633 1634 the most recent distribution period. 1635 2. The department shall compute distribution factors for 1636 eligible counties once each quarter and make appropriate 1637 quarterly distributions. 3. A county that fails to timely provide the information 1638 1639 required by this section to the department authorizes the 1640 department, by such action, to use the best information 1641 available to it in distributing surtax revenues to the county. 1642 If this information is unavailable to the department, the 1643 department may partially or entirely disqualify the county from 1644 receiving surtax revenues under this paragraph. A county that 1645 fails to provide timely information waives its right to 1646 challenge the department's determination of the county's share, 1647 if any, of revenues provided under this paragraph. 1648 (5) No discretionary sales surtax or increase or decrease 1649 in the rate of any discretionary sales surtax shall take effect 1650 on a date other than January 1. No discretionary sales surtax 1651 shall terminate on a day other than December 31.

1652 (6) The governing body of <u>a</u> any county levying a
1653 discretionary sales surtax shall enact an ordinance levying the

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1654

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125.66(2).
1655
1656
            (7) (a) An adoption, repeal, or rate change of a surtax by
1657
      the governing body of a any county levying a discretionary sales
1658
      surtax or the school board of a any county levying the school
      capital outlay surtax authorized by s. 212.055(6) is effective
1659
1660
      on April 1.
1661
           (a) A county or school board adopting, repealing, or
      changing the rate of such surtax shall notify the department
1662
1663
      within 10 days after final adoption by ordinance or referendum
1664
      of an imposition, termination, or rate change of the surtax, but
1665
      no later than October 20 immediately before the April 1 November
1666
      16 prior to the effective date. The notice must specify the time
1667
      period during which the surtax is will be in effect and the rate
1668
      and must include a copy of the ordinance and such other
1669
      information as the department requires by rule. Failure to
1670
      timely provide such notification to the department shall result
1671
      in the delay of the effective date for a period of 1 year.
1672
            (b) In addition to the notification required by paragraph
1673
      (a), the governing body of a any county proposing to levy a
1674
      discretionary sales surtax or the school board of a any county
1675
      proposing to levy the school capital outlay surtax authorized by
1676
      s. 212.055(6) shall notify the department by October 1 if the
1677
      referendum or consideration of the ordinance that would result
      in imposition, termination, or rate change of the surtax is
1678
1679
      scheduled to occur on or after October 1 of that year. Failure
1680
      to timely provide such notification to the department shall
1681
      result in the delay of the effective date for a period of 1
1682
      year.
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surtax in accordance with the procedures described in s.

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1683	(c) The department shall provide notice to affected sellers
1684	of the adoption, repeal, or rate change of the surtax by
1685	February 1 immediately before the April 1 effective date.
1686	(d) Notwithstanding the date set in an ordinance for the
1687	termination of a surtax, a surtax terminates only on March 31. A
1688	surtax imposed before January 1, 2014, for which an ordinance
1689	provides a different termination date, also terminates on the
1690	March 31 after the termination date established in the
1691	ordinance.
1692	(8) With respect to <u>a</u> any motor vehicle or mobile home of a
1693	class or type <u>that</u> <del>which</del> is required to be registered in this
1694	state, the tax due on a transaction occurring in the taxing
1695	county <del>as herein provided</del> shall be collected from the purchaser
1696	or user incident to the titling and registration of such
1697	property, irrespective of whether such titling or registration
1698	occurs in the taxing county.
1699	(9) The department may certify vendor databases and shall
1700	purchase or otherwise make available a database or databases,
1701	singly or in combination, which describe boundary changes for
1702	all taxing jurisdictions, including a description of the change
1703	and the effective date of a boundary change; provide all sales
1704	and use tax rates by jurisdiction; assign to each 5-digit and 9-
1705	digit zip code the proper rate and jurisdiction, and apply the
1706	lowest combined rate imposed in the zip code area if the area
1707	includes more than one tax rate in any level of taxing
1708	jurisdiction; and use address-based boundary database records
1709	for assigning taxing jurisdictions and associated tax rates.
1710	(a) A seller or certified service provider that collects
1711	and remits the state tax and local tax imposed by this chapter

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1712	shall be held harmless from tax, interest, and penalties due
1713	solely as a result of relying on erroneous data on tax rates,
1714	boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction assignments provided by the
1715	state if the seller or certified service provider exercises due
1716	diligence when employing an electronic database provided by the
1717	department under this subsection or employing a state-certified
1718	database to determine the taxing jurisdiction and tax rate for a
1719	transaction.
1720	(b) If a seller or certified service provider is unable to
1721	determine the applicable rate and jurisdiction using an address-
1722	based database record after exercising due diligence, the seller
1723	or certified service provider may apply the 9-digit zip code
1724	designation applicable to a purchaser.
1725	(c) If a 9-digit zip code designation is not available for
1726	a street address or if a seller or certified service provider is
1727	unable to determine the 9-digit zip code designation applicable
1728	to a purchase after exercising due diligence, the seller or
1729	certified service provider may apply the rate for the 5-digit
1730	zip code area.
1731	(d) There is a rebuttable presumption that a seller or
1732	certified service provider has exercised due diligence if the
1733	seller or certified service provider has attempted to determine
1734	the tax rate and jurisdiction by using state-certified software
1735	that makes this assignment from the address and zip code
1736	information applicable to the purchase.
1737	(e) There is a rebuttable presumption that a seller or
1738	certified service provider has exercised due diligence if the
1739	seller or certified service provider has attempted to determine
1740	the 9-digit zip code designation by using state-certified
1	

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1741	software that makes this designation from the street address and
1742	the 5-digit zip code applicable to a purchase.
1743	(f) If a seller or certified service provider does not use
1744	one of the methods specified in paragraph (a), the seller or
1745	certified service provider may be held liable to the department
1746	for tax, interest, and penalties that are due for charging and
1747	collecting the incorrect amount of tax.
1748	(10) A purchaser shall be held harmless from tax, interest,
1749	and penalties for having failed to pay the correct amount of
1750	sales or use tax due solely because:
1751	(a) The seller or certified service provider relied on
1752	erroneous data on tax rates, boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction
1753	assignments provided by the department;
1754	(b) A purchaser holding a direct-pay permit relied on
1755	erroneous data on tax rates, boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction
1756	assignments provided by the department; or
1757	(c) A purchaser relied on erroneous data supplied in a
1758	database described in paragraph (9)(a).
1759	(11) A seller is not liable for failing to collect tax at
1760	the new tax rate if:
1761	(a) The new rate takes effect within 30 days after the new
1762	rate is enacted;
1763	(b) The seller collected the tax at the preceding rate;
1764	(c) The seller's failure to collect the tax at the new rate
1765	does not extend beyond 30 days after the enactment of the new
1766	rate; and
1767	(d) The seller did not fraudulently fail to collect at the
1768	new rate or solicit purchasers based on the preceding rate.
1769	Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and subsections
I	

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1770	(3) and (5) of section 212.06, Florida Statutes, are amended,
1771	and subsection (17) is added to that section, to read:
1772	212.06 Sales, storage, use tax; collectible from dealers;
1773	"dealer" defined; dealers to collect from purchasers;
1774	legislative intent as to scope of tax
1775	(2)
1776	(c) The term "dealer" is further defined to mean <u>a</u> every
1777	person <del>, as used in this chapter,</del> who sells at retail or who
1778	offers for sale at retail, or who has in his or her possession
1779	for sale at retail; or for use, consumption, or distribution; or
1780	for storage to be used or consumed in this state, tangible
1781	personal property as defined herein, including a retailer who
1782	transacts a mail order sale.
1783	(3)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), every dealer
1784	making sales, whether within or outside the state, of tangible
1785	personal property for distribution, storage, or use or other
1786	consumption, in this state, shall, at the time of making sales,
1787	collect the tax imposed by this chapter from the purchaser.
1788	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (17), a purchaser of direct
1789	mail who is not a holder of a direct-pay permit shall, in
1790	conjunction with the purchase, provide a direct-mail form or
1791	information to the seller to show the jurisdictions to which the
1792	direct mail is delivered to recipients.
1793	1. Upon receipt of such information from the purchaser, the
1794	seller shall collect the tax according to the delivery
1795	information provided by the purchaser. In the absence of bad
1796	faith, the seller is relieved of further obligation to collect
1797	tax on a transaction for which the seller has collected tax
1798	pursuant to the delivery information provided by the purchaser.

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1799	2. If the purchaser of direct mail does not have a direct-
1800	pay permit and does not provide the seller with a direct-mail
1801	form or delivery information, the seller shall collect the tax
1802	according to subparagraph (17)(c)5. This paragraph does not
1803	limit a purchaser's obligation to remit sales or use tax to a
1804	state to which the direct mail is delivered.
1805	3. If a purchaser of direct mail provides the seller with
1806	documentation of direct-pay authority, the purchaser is not
1807	required to provide a direct-mail form or delivery information
1808	to the seller. A purchaser of printed materials shall have sole
1809	responsibility for the taxes imposed by this chapter on those
1810	materials when the printer of the materials delivers them to the
1811	United States Postal Service for mailing to persons other than
1812	the purchaser located within and outside this state. Printers of
1813	materials delivered by mail to persons other than the purchaser
1814	located within and outside this state shall have no obligation
1815	or responsibility for the payment or collection of any taxes
1816	imposed under this chapter on those materials. However, printers
1817	are obligated to collect the taxes imposed by this chapter on
1818	printed materials when all, or substantially all, of the
1819	materials will be mailed to persons located within this state.
1820	For purposes of the printer's tax collection obligation, there
1821	is a rebuttable presumption that all materials printed at a
1822	facility are mailed to persons located within the same state as
1823	that in which the facility is located. A certificate provided by
1824	the purchaser to the printer concerning the delivery of the
1825	printed materials for that purchase or all purchases shall be
1826	sufficient for purposes of rebutting the presumption created
1827	herein.
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1828 <u>4.2.</u> The department <u>may</u> of <u>Revenue</u> is authorized to adopt 1829 rules and forms to <u>administer</u> implement the provisions of this 1830 paragraph.

(5) (a) 1. Except as provided in subparagraph 2., It is not the intention of This chapter <u>does not</u> to levy a tax upon tangible personal property imported, produced, or manufactured in this state for export <u>if:</u>, provided that tangible personal property may not be considered as being imported, produced, or manufactured for export unless

1837

1. The importer, producer, or manufacturer:

1838 <u>a.</u> Delivers the <u>tangible personal property</u> same to a 1839 licensed exporter for exporting or to a common carrier for 1840 shipment outside the state or mails the same by United States 1841 mail to a destination outside the state; or, in the case of 1842 aircraft being exported under their own power to a destination 1843 outside the continental limits of the United States, by 1844 submission

<u>b. Submits</u> to the department of a duly signed and validated United States customs declaration for an aircraft that is exported under its own power to a destination outside of the continental United States, showing the departure of the aircraft from the continental United States and; and further with respect to aircraft, the canceled United States registry of the said aircraft; or in the case of

1852 <u>c. Submits documentation, as specified by rule, to the</u> 1853 <u>department showing the departure of an aircraft of foreign</u> 1854 <u>registry from the continental United States on which</u> parts and 1855 equipment <u>have been</u> installed <del>on aircraft of foreign registry,</del> 1856 by submission to the department of documentation, the extent of

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1857	which shall be provided by rule, showing the departure of the
1858	aircraft from the continental United States; or nor is it the
1859	intention of this chapter to levy a tax on any sale which
1860	2. The state is prohibited from taxing the sale under the
1861	Constitution or laws of the United States.
1862	
1863	Every retail sale made to a person physically present at the
1864	time of sale shall be presumed to have been delivered in this
1865	state.
1866	2.a. Notwithstanding subparagraph 1., a tax is levied on
1867	each sale of tangible personal property to be transported to a
1868	cooperating state as defined in sub-subparagraph c., at the rate
1869	specified in sub-subparagraph d. However, a Florida dealer will
1870	be relieved from the requirements of collecting taxes pursuant
1871	to this subparagraph if the Florida dealer obtains from the
1872	purchaser an affidavit setting forth the purchaser's name,
1873	address, state taxpayer identification number, and a statement
1874	that the purchaser is aware of his or her state's use tax laws,
1875	is a registered dealer in Florida or another state, or is
1876	purchasing the tangible personal property for resale or is
1877	otherwise not required to pay the tax on the transaction. The
1878	department may, by rule, provide a form to be used for the
1879	purposes set forth herein.
1880	b. For purposes of this subparagraph, "a cooperating state"
1881	is one determined by the executive director of the department to
1882	cooperate satisfactorily with this state in collecting taxes on
1883	mail order sales. No state shall be so determined unless it
1884	meets all the following minimum requirements:

1885

(I) It levies and collects taxes on mail order sales of

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1886	property transported from that state to persons in this state,
1887	as described in s. 212.0596, upon request of the department.
1888	(II) The tax so collected shall be at the rate specified in
1889	s. 212.05, not including any local option or tourist or
1890	convention development taxes collected pursuant to s. 125.0104
1891	or this chapter.
1892	(III) Such state agrees to remit to the department all
1893	taxes so collected no later than 30 days from the last day of
1894	the calendar quarter following their collection.
1895	(IV) Such state authorizes the department to audit dealers
1896	within its jurisdiction who make mail order sales that are the
1897	subject of s. 212.0596, or makes arrangements deemed adequate by
1898	the department for auditing them with its own personnel.
1899	(V) Such state agrees to provide to the department records
1900	obtained by it from retailers or dealers in such state showing
1901	delivery of tangible personal property into this state upon
1902	which no sales or use tax has been paid in a manner similar to
1903	that provided in sub-subparagraph g.
1904	c. For purposes of this subparagraph, "sales of tangible
1905	personal property to be transported to a cooperating state"
1906	means mail order sales to a person who is in the cooperating
1907	state at the time the order is executed, from a dealer who
1908	receives that order in this state.
1909	d. The tax levied by sub-subparagraph a. shall be at the
1910	rate at which such a sale would have been taxed pursuant to the
1911	cooperating state's tax laws if consummated in the cooperating
1912	state by a dealer and a purchaser, both of whom were physically
1913	present in that state at the time of the sale.
1914	e. The tax levied by sub-subparagraph a., when collected,

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1915	
1916	the cooperating state and shall be paid to it at a time agreed
1917	upon between the department, acting for this state, and the
1918	cooperating state or the department or agency designated by it
1919	to act for it; however, such payment shall in no event be made
1920	later than 30 days from the last day of the calendar quarter
1921	after the tax was collected. Funds held in trust for the benefit
1922	of a cooperating state shall not be subject to the service
1923	charges imposed by s. 215.20.
1924	f. The department is authorized to perform such acts and to
1925	provide such cooperation to a cooperating state with reference
1926	to the tax levied by sub-subparagraph a. as is required of the
1927	cooperating state by sub-subparagraph b.
1928	g. In furtherance of this act, dealers selling tangible
1929	personal property for delivery in another state shall make
1930	available to the department, upon request of the department,
1931	records of all tangible personal property so sold. Such records
1932	shall include a description of the property, the name and
1933	address of the purchaser, the name and address of the person to
1934	whom the property was sent, the purchase price of the property,
1935	information regarding whether sales tax was paid in this state
1936	on the purchase price, and such other information as the
1937	department may by rule prescribe.
1938	(b) <del>1.</del> Notwithstanding <del>the provisions of</del> paragraph (a), <del>it</del>
1939	<del>is not the intention of</del> this chapter <u>does not</u> <del>to</del> levy a tax on
1940	the sale of tangible personal property to a nonresident dealer

1941 who does not hold a Florida sales tax registration <u>if</u>, provided 1942 such nonresident dealer furnishes the seller a statement 1943 declaring that the tangible personal property will be

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35-00714-142014818\_1944transported outside this state by the nonresident dealer for1945resale and for no other purpose.

1946 1. The statement must shall include, but not be limited to, 1947 the nonresident dealer's name, address, applicable passport or 1948 visa number, arrival-departure card number, and evidence of 1949 authority to do business in the nonresident dealer's home state 1950 or country, such as his or her business name and address, 1951 occupational license number, if applicable, or any other 1952 suitable requirement. The statement shall be signed by the 1953 nonresident dealer and shall include the following sentence: 1954 "Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have read the 1955 foregoing, and the facts alleged are true to the best of my 1956 knowledge and belief."

1957 2. The burden of proof of subparagraph 1. rests with the 1958 seller, who must retain the proper documentation to support the 1959 exempt sale. The exempt transaction is subject to verification 1960 by the department.

1961 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), it is 1962 not the intention of this chapter does not to levy a tax on the 1963 sale by a printer to a nonresident print purchaser of material 1964 printed by that printer for that nonresident print purchaser if 1965 when the print purchaser does not furnish the printer a resale 1966 certificate containing a sales tax registration number but does 1967 furnish to the printer a statement declaring that such material 1968 will be resold by the nonresident print purchaser.

1969(17) This subsection shall be used to determine the1970location where a transaction occurs for purposes of applying the1971tax imposed by this chapter.

1972

(a) As used in this subsection, the term:

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1973	1. "Product" means tangible personal property, a digital
1974	good, or a service.
1975	2. "Receive" and "receipt" mean taking possession of
1976	tangible personal property, making first use of services, or
1977	taking possession or making first use of digital goods,
1978	whichever occurs first. The terms do not include possession by a
1979	shipping company on behalf of the purchaser.
1980	3. "Transportation equipment" means:
1981	a. Locomotives and rail cars that are used for the carriage
1982	of persons or property in interstate commerce;
1983	b. Trucks and truck tractors that have a gross vehicle
1984	weight rating (GVWR) of 10,001 pounds or greater, trailers,
1985	semitrailers, or passenger buses that are registered through the
1986	International Registration Plan and operated under authority of
1987	a carrier authorized and certificated by the United States
1988	Department of Transportation or another federal authority to
1989	engage in the carriage of persons or property in interstate
1990	commerce;
1991	c. Aircraft that are operated by air carriers authorized
1992	and certificated by the United States Department of
1993	Transportation or another federal or a foreign authority to
1994	engage in the carriage of persons or property in interstate or
1995	foreign commerce; or
1996	d. Containers designed for use on and component parts
1997	attached or secured on the items set forth in sub-subparagraphs
1998	<u>ac.</u>
1999	(b) This section does not apply to sales or use taxes
2000	levied on:
2001	1. The retail sale or transfer of a boat, modular home,

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2002	manufactured home, or mobile home.
2003	2. The retail sale, excluding a lease or rental, of a motor
2004	vehicle or aircraft that does not qualify as transportation
2005	equipment. The lease or rental of these items are deemed to have
2006	occurred in accordance with paragraph (e).
2007	3. The retail sale of tangible personal property by a
2008	florist.
2009	
2010	Such retail sales occur at the location determined under s.
2011	212.054(4).
2012	(c) The retail sale of a product, excluding a lease or
2013	rental, occurs:
2014	1. When the product is received by the purchaser at a
2015	business location of the seller, at that business location;
2016	2. When the product is not received by the purchaser at a
2017	business location of the seller, at the location of receipt by
2018	the purchaser, or the purchaser's donee, designated as such by
2019	the purchaser, including the location indicated by instructions
2020	for delivery to the purchaser or donee, known to the seller;
2021	3. If subparagraphs 1. and 2. do not apply, at the location
2022	indicated by an address for the purchaser which is available
2023	from the business records of the seller which are maintained in
2024	the ordinary course of the seller's business, if use of this
2025	address does not constitute bad faith;
2026	4. If subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3. do not apply, at the
2027	location indicated by an address for the purchaser obtained
2028	during the consummation of the sale, including the address of a
2029	purchaser's payment instrument, if no other address is available
2030	and use of this address does not constitute bad faith; or

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35-00714-142014818_20315. If subparagraphs 1., 2., 3., and 4. do not apply,2032including when the seller is without sufficient information to2033apply the previous subparagraphs, at the address from which2034tangible personal property was shipped, from which the digital2035good or the computer software delivered electronically was first2036available for transmission by the seller, or from which the2037service was provided, disregarding a location that merely2038provided the digital transfer of the product sold.2039(d) The lease or rental of tangible personal property,2040other than property identified in paragraphs (e) and (f),2041occurs:20421. For a lease or rental that requires recurring periodic2043payments, when the first periodic payment occurs in accordance2044with paragraph (c), notwithstanding the exclusion of lease or2045rental in paragraph (c). Subsequent periodic payments are deemed2046to have occurred at the primary property location for each2047period covered by the payment. The primary property location is2048determined by the address for the property provided by the2049lessee which is available to the lessor from its records2041mintained in the ordinary course of business, if use of this2042address does not constitute bad faith. The property at different2043locations, such as use of business property that accompanies
<pre>including when the seller is without sufficient information to apply the previous subparagraphs, at the address from which tangible personal property was shipped, from which the digital good or the computer software delivered electronically was first available for transmission by the seller, or from which the service was provided, disregarding a location that merely provided the digital transfer of the product sold. (d) The lease or rental of tangible personal property, other than property identified in paragraphs (e) and (f), occurs: 1. For a lease or rental that requires recurring periodic payments, when the first periodic payment occurs in accordance with paragraph (c), notwithstanding the exclusion of lease or rental in paragraph (c). Subsequent periodic payments are deemed to have occurred at the primary property location for each period covered by the payment. The primary property location is determined by the address for the property provided by the lessee which is available to the lessor from its records maintained in the ordinary course of business, if use of this address does not constitute bad faith. The property at different</pre>
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<pre>2050 maintained in the ordinary course of business, if use of this 2051 address does not constitute bad faith. The property location is 2052 not altered by intermittent use of the property at different</pre>
2051 <u>address does not constitute bad faith. The property location is</u> 2052 <u>not altered by intermittent use of the property at different</u>
2052 not altered by intermittent use of the property at different
2053 locations, such as use of business property that accompanies
2054 employees on business trips and service calls.
2055 <u>2. For a lease or rental that does not require recurring</u>
2056 periodic payments, when the payment occurs in accordance with
2057 paragraph (c), notwithstanding the exclusion of a lease or
2058 <u>rental in paragraph (c).</u>
2059

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2060	This paragraph does not affect the imposition or computation of
2061	sales or use tax on leases or rentals based on a lump sum or
2062	accelerated basis or on the acquisition of property for lease.
2063	(e) The lease or rental of a motor vehicle or aircraft that
2064	does not qualify as transportation equipment shall be sourced as
2065	follows:
2066	1. For a lease or rental that requires recurring periodic
2067	payments, each periodic payment is deemed to take place at the
2068	primary property location. The primary property location is
2069	determined by the address for the property provided by the
2070	lessee which is available to the lessor from its records
2071	maintained in the ordinary course of business, if use of this
2072	address does not constitute bad faith. This location may not be
2073	altered by intermittent use at different locations.
2074	2. For a lease or rental that does not require recurring
2075	periodic payments, the payment is deemed to take place in
2076	accordance with paragraph (d), notwithstanding the exclusion of
2077	<u>a lease or rental in paragraph (d).</u>
2078	
2079	This paragraph does not affect the imposition or computation of
2080	sales or use tax on leases or rentals based on a lump sum or
2081	accelerated basis or on the acquisition of property for lease.
2082	(f) The retail sale, including a lease or rental, of
2083	transportation equipment shall be deemed to take place in
2084	accordance with paragraph (c), notwithstanding the exclusion of
2085	<u>a lease or rental in paragraph (c).</u>
2086	Section 9. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section
2087	212.07, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (10) is
2088	added that section, to read:

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2089	212.07 Sales, storage, use tax; tax added to purchase
2090	price; dealer not to absorb; liability of purchasers who cannot
2091	prove payment of the tax; penalties; general exemptions
2092	(1)
2093	(c) Unless the purchaser of tangible personal property that
2094	is incorporated into tangible personal property manufactured,
2095	produced, compounded, processed, or fabricated for one's own use
2096	and subject to the tax imposed under s. 212.06(1)(b) or is
2097	purchased for export under s. 212.06(5)(a) <del>1.</del> extends a
2098	certificate in compliance with the rules of the department, the
2099	dealer <u>is</u> <del>shall himself or herself be</del> liable for and <u>shall</u> pay
2100	the tax.
2101	(10) The executive director may maintain and publish a
2102	taxability matrix in a downloadable format that has been
2103	approved by the governing board of the Streamlined Sales and Use
2104	Tax Agreement.
2105	(a) The state shall provide notice of changes to the
2106	taxability of the products or services listed in the taxability
2107	matrix.
2108	(b) A seller or certified service provider who collects and
2109	remits the state and local tax imposed by this chapter shall be
2110	held harmless from tax, interest, and penalties for having
2111	charged and collected the incorrect amount of sales or use tax
2112	due solely because of relying on erroneous data provided by the
2113	state in the taxability matrix.
2114	(c) A purchaser shall be held harmless from penalties for
2115	having failed to pay the correct amount of sales or use tax due
2116	solely because:
2117	1. The seller or certified service provider relied on

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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2118	erroneous data provided by the state in the taxability matrix
2119	completed by the state;
2120	2. A purchaser relied on erroneous data provided by the
2121	state in the taxability matrix completed by the state; or
2122	3. A purchaser holding a direct-pay permit relied on
2123	erroneous data provided by the state in the taxability matrix
2124	completed by the state.
2125	(d) A purchaser shall be held harmless from tax and
2126	interest for having failed to pay the correct amount of sales or
2127	use tax due solely because of the state's erroneous
2128	classification of the transaction as "taxable" or "exempt,"
2129	"included in sales price" or "excluded from sales price," or
2130	"included in the definition" or "excluded from the definition."
2131	Section 10. Subsections (1) and (2) and paragraphs (b) and
2132	(c) of subsection (17) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, are
2133	amended to read:
2134	212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and
2135	storage tax; specified exemptionsThe sale at retail, the
2136	rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the
2137	storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following
2138	are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this
2139	chapter.
2140	(1) EXEMPTIONS; GENERAL GROCERIES
2141	(a) Food <u>and food ingredients</u> <del>products</del> for human
2142	consumption are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.
2143	(b) <del>For the purpose of this chapter,</del> As used in this
2144	subsection, the term "food <u>and food ingredients</u> <del>products</del> " means
2145	substances, whether in liquid, concentrated, solid, frozen,
2146	dried, or dehydrated form, which are sold for ingestion or
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2147	chewing by humans and are consumed for their taste or
2148	nutritional value edible commodities, whether processed, cooked,
2149	raw, canned, or in any other form, which are generally regarded
2150	<del>as food</del> . This includes, but is not limited to, all of the
2151	following:
2152	1. Cereals and cereal products, baked goods, oleomargarine,
2153	meat and meat products, fish and seafood products, frozen foods
2154	and dinners, poultry, eggs and egg products, vegetables and
2155	vegetable products, fruit and fruit products, spices, salt,
2156	sugar and sugar products, milk and dairy products, and products
2157	intended to be mixed with milk.
2158	2. Natural fruit or vegetable juices or their concentrates
2159	or reconstituted natural concentrated fruit or vegetable juices,
2160	whether frozen or unfrozen, dehydrated, powdered, granulated,
2161	sweetened or unsweetened, seasoned with salt or spice, or
2162	unseasoned; coffee, coffee substitutes, or cocoa; and tea,
2163	unless it is sold in a liquid form.
2164	1.3. Bakery products sold by bakeries, pastry shops, or
2165	like establishments, if sold without eating utensils. For
2166	purposes of this subparagraph, bakery products include bread,
2167	rolls, buns, biscuits, bagels, croissants, pastries, doughnuts,
2168	Danish, cakes, tortes, pies, tarts, muffins, bars, cookies, and
2169	tortillas that do not have eating facilities.
2170	2. Dietary supplements, other than tobacco, are a product
2171	intended to supplement the diet which contains one or more of
2172	the following dietary ingredients: a vitamin; a mineral; an herb
2173	or other botanical; an amino acid; a dietary substance for use
2174	by humans to supplement the diet by increasing the total dietary
2175	intake; or a concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or

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2176	combination of an ingredient described in this subparagraph
2177	which is intended for ingestion in tablet, capsule, powder,
2178	softgel, gelcap, or liquid form or, if not intended for
2179	ingestion in such a form, is not represented as conventional
2180	food and is not represented for use as a sole item of a meal or
2181	of the diet, and which is required to be labeled as a dietary
2182	supplement, identifiable by the supplemental facts panel found
2183	on the label and as required pursuant to 21 C.F.R. s. 101.36.
2184	(c) The exemption provided by this subsection does not
2185	apply to:
2186	1. Food products sold as meals for consumption on or off
2187	the premises of the dealer.
2188	2. Food products furnished, prepared, or served for
2189	consumption at tables, chairs, or counters or from trays,
2190	glasses, dishes, or other tableware, whether provided by the
2191	dealer or by a person with whom the dealer contracts to furnish,
2192	prepare, or serve food products to others.
2193	3. Food products ordinarily sold for immediate consumption
2194	on the seller's premises or near a location at which parking
2195	facilities are provided primarily for the use of patrons in
2196	consuming the products purchased at the location, even though
2197	such products are sold on a "take out" or "to go" order and are
2198	actually packaged or wrapped and taken from the premises of the
2199	<del>dealer.</del>
2200	4. Sandwiches sold ready for immediate consumption on or
2201	off the seller's premises.
2202	5. Food products sold ready for immediate consumption
2203	within a place, the entrance to which is subject to an admission
2204	<del>charge.</del>

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2205	1.6. Food and food ingredients sold as prepared food.
2206	a. The term "prepared food" means:
2207	(I) Food sold in a heated state or heated by the seller;
2208	(II) Two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the
2209	seller for sale as a single item; or
2210	(III) Food sold with eating utensils provided by the
2211	seller, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups,
2212	napkins, or straws. A plate does not include a container or
2213	packaging used to transport food.
2214	b. Prepared food does not include food that is only cut,
2215	repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs, fish, meat,
2216	poultry and foods containing these raw animal foods requiring
2217	cooking by the consumer as recommended by the Food and Drug
2218	Administration in chapter 3, subpart 401.11 of its food code in
2219	order to prevent food-borne illness. <del>Food products sold as hot</del>
2220	prepared food products.
2221	2.7. Soft drinks, including, but not limited to, any
2222	nonalcoholic beverage, any preparation or beverage commonly
2223	referred to as a "soft drink," or any noncarbonated drink made
2224	from milk derivatives or tea, if sold in cans or similar
2225	<del>containers</del> . The term "soft drinks" means nonalcoholic beverages
2226	that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. Soft drinks do
2227	not include beverages that contain milk or milk products; soy,
2228	rice, or similar milk substitutes; or greater than 50 percent of
2229	vegetable or fruit juice by volume.
2230	8. Ice cream, frozen yogurt, and similar frozen dairy or
2231	nondairy products in cones, small cups, or pints, popsicles,
2232	frozen fruit bars, or other novelty items, whether or not sold
2233	separately.
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2234	9. Food that is prepared, whether on or off the premises,
2235	and sold for immediate consumption. This does not apply to food
2236	prepared off the premises and sold in the original sealed
2237	container, or the slicing of products into smaller portions.
2238	<u>3.10.</u> Food <u>and food ingredients</u> <del>products</del> sold through a
2239	vending machine, pushcart, motor vehicle, or any other form of
2240	vehicle.
2241	<u>4.11.</u> Candy and <del>any</del> similar <u>products</u> <del>product</del> regarded as
2242	candy or confection, based on its normal use, as indicated on
2243	the label or advertising thereof. The term "candy" means a
2244	preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
2245	sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts, or other
2246	ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces.
2247	Candy does not include a preparation that contains flour and
2248	does not require refrigeration.
2249	5. Tobacco.
2250	12. Bakery products sold by bakeries, pastry shops, or like
2251	establishments having eating facilities, except when sold for
2252	consumption off the seller's premises.
2253	13. Food products served, prepared, or sold in or by
2254	restaurants, lunch counters, cafeterias, hotels, taverns, or
2255	other like places of business.
2256	(d) As used in this subsection, the term:
2257	1. "For consumption off the seller's premises" means that
2258	the food or drink is intended by the customer to be consumed at
2259	a place away from the dealer's premises.
2260	2. "For consumption on the seller's premises" means that
2261	the food or drink sold may be immediately consumed on the
2262	premises where the dealer conducts his or her business. In
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2263	determining whether an item of food is sold for immediate
2264	consumption, the customary consumption practices prevailing at
2265	the selling facility shall be considered.
2266	3. "Premises" shall be construed broadly, and means, but is
2267	not limited to, the lobby, aisle, or auditorium of a theater;
2268	the seating, aisle, or parking area of an arena, rink, or
2269	stadium; or the parking area of a drive-in or outdoor theater.
2270	The premises of a caterer with respect to catered meals or
2271	beverages shall be the place where such meals or beverages are
2272	served.
2273	4. "Hot prepared food products" means those products,
2274	items, or components which have been prepared for sale in a
2275	heated condition and which are sold at any temperature that is
2276	higher than the air temperature of the room or place where they
2277	are sold. "Hot prepared food products," for the purposes of this
2278	subsection, includes a combination of hot and cold food items or
2279	components where a single price has been established for the
2280	combination and the food products are sold in such combination,
2281	such as a hot meal, a hot specialty dish or serving, or a hot
2282	sandwich or hot pizza, including cold components or side items.
2283	(d) (e)1. Food or drinks not exempt under paragraphs (a),
2284	(b), and (c), and (d) are exempt if, notwithstanding those
2285	paragraphs, when purchased with food coupons or Special
2286	Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children
2287	vouchers issued under authority of federal law.
2288	1 <del>2</del> This naragraph is effective only while federal law

2288 <u>1.2.</u> This paragraph is effective only while federal law 2289 prohibits a state's participation in the federal food coupon 2290 program or Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, 2291 and Children if there is an official determination that state or

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2292	local sales taxes are collected within that state on purchases
2293	of food or drinks with such coupons.
2294	2.3. This paragraph <u>does</u> <del>shall</del> not apply to <del>any</del> food or
2295	drinks on which federal law <u>allows</u> <del>shall permit</del> sales taxes
2296	without penalty, such as termination of the state's
2297	participation.
2298	(e) Dietary supplements that are sold as prepared food are
2299	not exempt.
2300	(2) EXEMPTIONS; MEDICAL
2301	(a) <u>The following are</u> <del>There shall be</del> exempt from the tax
2302	imposed by this chapter:
2303	1. Drugs.
2304	2. Durable medical equipment, mobility-enhancing equipment,
2305	or prosthetic devices any medical products and supplies or
2306	medicine dispensed according to an individual prescription. or
2307	prescriptions written by a prescriber authorized by law to
2308	prescribe medicinal drugs;
2309	<u>3.</u> Hypodermic needles <u>.; hypodermic syringes;</u>
2310	4. Chemical compounds and test kits used for the diagnosis
2311	or treatment of <del>human</del> disease, illness, or injury <u>and intended</u>
2312	for one-time use. <del>;</del>
2313	5. Over-the-counter drugs and common household remedies
2314	recommended and generally sold for internal or external use in
2315	the cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of illness or
2316	disease in human beings, but not including grooming and hygiene
2317	products.
2318	6. Band-aids, gauze, bandages, and adhesive tape.
2319	7. Funerals. However, tangible personal property used by
2320	funeral directors in their business is taxable. <del>cosmetics or</del>

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2321	toilet articles, notwithstanding the presence of medicinal
2322	ingredients therein, according to a list prescribed and approved
2323	by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, which
2324	list shall be certified to the Department of Revenue from time
2325	to time and included in the rules promulgated by the Department
2326	of Revenue. There shall also be exempt from the tax imposed by
2327	this chapter artificial eyes and limbs; orthopedic shoes;
2328	prescription eyeglasses and items incidental thereto or which
2329	become a part thereof; dentures; hearing aids; crutches;
2330	prosthetic and orthopedic appliances; and funerals. In addition,
2331	any
2332	8. Items intended for one-time use which transfer essential
2333	optical characteristics to contact lenses <u>.</u> <del>shall be exempt from</del>
2334	the tax imposed by this chapter; However, this exemption applies
2335	shall apply only after \$100,000 of the tax imposed by this
2336	chapter on such items has been paid in <u>a</u> <del>any</del> calendar year by a
2337	taxpayer who claims the exemption in such year. <del>Funeral</del>
2338	directors shall pay tax on all tangible personal property used
2339	by them in their business.
2340	(b) <u>As used in</u> <del>For the purposes of</del> this subsection, the
2341	term:
2342	1. "Drug" means a compound, substance, or preparation, and
2343	a component of a compound, substance, or preparation, other than
2344	food and food ingredients, dietary supplements, and alcoholic
2345	beverages, which is:
2346	a. Recognized in the official United States Pharmacopeia,
2347	the Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or the
2348	National Formulary, or the supplement to any of them;
2349	b. Intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,

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2350	treatment, or prevention of disease; or
2351	c. Intended to affect the structure or a function of the
2352	body.
2353	2. "Durable medical equipment" means equipment, including
2354	repair and replacement parts to such equipment, but excluding
2355	mobility-enhancing equipment, which can withstand repeated use,
2356	is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose,
2357	generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness or
2358	injury, and is not worn on or in the body.
2359	3. "Mobility-enhancing equipment" means equipment,
2360	including repair and replacement parts to such equipment, but
2361	excluding durable medical equipment, which:
2362	a. Is primarily and customarily used to provide or increase
2363	the ability to move from one place to another and which is
2364	appropriate for use in a home or motor vehicle.
2365	b. Is not generally used by persons with normal mobility.
2366	c. Does not include a motor vehicle or equipment on a motor
2367	vehicle normally provided by a motor vehicle manufacturer.
2368	4. "Prosthetic device" means a replacement, corrective, or
2369	supportive device, including repair or replacement parts to such
2370	equipment, which is worn on or in the body to:
2371	a. Artificially replace a missing portion of the body;
2372	b. Prevent or correct physical deformity or malfunction; or
2373	c. Support a weak or deformed portion of the body.
2374	5. "Grooming and hygiene products" mean soaps and cleaning
2375	solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and
2376	suntan lotions and screens, regardless of whether the items meet
2377	the definition of an over-the-counter drug.
2378	6. "Over-the-counter drug" means a drug whose packaging

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2379	contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as
2380	required by 21 C.F.R. s. 201.66. The over-the-counter drug label
2381	includes a drug-facts panel or a statement of the active
2382	ingredients, with a list of those ingredients contained in the
2383	<pre>compound, substance, or preparation. "Prosthetic and orthopedic</pre>
2384	appliances" means any apparatus, instrument, device, or
2385	equipment used to replace or substitute for any missing part of
2386	the body, to alleviate the malfunction of any part of the body,
2387	or to assist any disabled person in leading a normal life by
2388	facilitating such person's mobility. Such apparatus, instrument,
2389	device, or equipment shall be exempted according to an
2390	individual prescription or prescriptions written by a physician
2391	licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter
2392	461, or chapter 466, or according to a list prescribed and
2393	approved by the Department of Health, which list shall be
2394	certified to the Department of Revenue from time to time and
2395	included in the rules promulgated by the Department of Revenue.
2396	2. "Cosmetics" means articles intended to be rubbed,
2397	poured, sprinkled, or sprayed on, introduced into, or otherwise
2398	applied to the human body for cleansing, beautifying, promoting
2399	attractiveness, or altering the appearance and also means
2400	articles intended for use as a compound of any such articles,
2401	including, but not limited to, cold creams, suntan lotions,
2402	makeup, and body lotions.
2403	3. "Toilet articles" means any article advertised or held
2404	out for sale for grooming purposes and those articles that are
2405	customarily used for grooming purposes, regardless of the name
2406	by which they may be known, including, but not limited to, soap,
2407	toothpaste, hair spray, shaving products, colognes, perfumes,

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shampoo, deodorant, and mouthwash.

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2409 7.4. "Prescription" means an order, formula, or recipe 2410 issued in the form of oral, written, electronic, or other means 2411 of transmission by a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, 2412 chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter 466. The term 2413 also includes an orally transmitted order by the lawfully 2414 designated agent of such practitioner, and an order written or 2415 transmitted by a practitioner licensed to practice in a 2416 jurisdiction other than this state, but only if the pharmacist called upon to dispense the order determines, in the exercise of 2417 2418 his or her professional judgment, that the order is valid and 2419 necessary for the treatment of a chronic or recurrent illness 2420 includes any order for drugs or medicinal supplies written or 2421 transmitted by any means of communication by a duly licensed 2422 practitioner authorized by the laws of the state to prescribe 2423 such drugs or medicinal supplies and intended to be dispensed by a pharmacist. The term also includes an orally transmitted order 2424 2425 by the lawfully designated agent of such practitioner. The term 2426 also includes an order written or transmitted by a practitioner 2427 licensed to practice in a jurisdiction other than this state, 2428 but only if the pharmacist called upon to dispense such order 2429 determines, in the exercise of his or her professional judgment, 2430 that the order is valid and necessary for the treatment of a chronic or recurrent illness. The term also includes a 2431 2432 pharmacist's order for a product selected from the formulary 2433 created pursuant to s. 465.186. A prescription may be retained 2434 in written form, or the pharmacist may cause it to be recorded in a data processing system, provided that such order can be 2435 produced in printed form upon lawful request. 2436

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2437	(c) Chlorine <u>is</u> <del>shall</del> not <del>be</del> exempt from the tax imposed by
2438	this chapter when used for the treatment of water in swimming
2439	pools.
2440	(d) Lithotripters are exempt.
2441	<u>(d)</u> Human organs are exempt.
2442	(f) Sales of drugs to or by physicians, dentists,
2443	veterinarians, and hospitals in connection with medical
2444	treatment are exempt.
2445	(g) Medical products and supplies used in the cure,
2446	mitigation, alleviation, prevention, or treatment of injury,
2447	disease, or incapacity which are temporarily or permanently
2448	incorporated into a patient or client by a practitioner of the
2449	healing arts licensed in the state are exempt.
2450	(h) The purchase by a veterinarian of commonly recognized
2451	substances possessing curative or remedial properties which are
2452	ordered and dispensed as treatment for a diagnosed health
2453	disorder by or on the prescription of a duly licensed
2454	veterinarian, and which are applied to or consumed by animals
2455	for alleviation of pain or the cure or prevention of sickness,
2456	disease, or suffering are exempt. Also exempt are the purchase
2457	by a veterinarian of antiseptics, absorbent cotton, gauze for
2458	bandages, lotions, vitamins, and worm remedies.
2459	(i) X-ray opaques, also known as opaque drugs and
2460	radiopaque, such as the various opaque dyes and barium sulphate,
2461	when used in connection with medical X rays for treatment of
2462	bodies of humans and animals, are exempt.
2463	<u>(e)</u> Parts, special attachments, special lettering, and
2464	other like items that are added to or attached to tangible
2465	personal property so that a handicapped person can use them are
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35-00714-14 2014818 2466 exempt if when such items are purchased by a person pursuant to 2467 an individual prescription. 2468 (f) (k) This subsection shall be strictly construed and 2469 enforced. 2470 (17) EXEMPTIONS; CERTAIN GOVERNMENT CONTRACTORS.-2471 (b) As used in this subsection, the term "overhead 2472 materials" means all tangible personal property, other than 2473 qualifying property as defined in s. 212.02(34) s. 212.02(14)(a) 2474 and electricity, which is used or consumed in the performance of 2475 a qualifying contract, title to which property vests in or 2476 passes to the government under the contract. 2477 (c) As used in this subsection and in s. 212.02(34) s. 2478 212.02(14)(a), the term "qualifying contract" means a contract 2479 with the United States Department of Defense or the National 2480 Aeronautics and Space Administration, or a subcontract 2481 thereunder, but does not include a contract or subcontract for 2482 the repair, alteration, improvement, or construction of real 2483 property, unless except to the extent that purchases made under 2484 such a contract would otherwise be exempt from the tax imposed 2485 by this chapter. Section 11. Section 212.094, Florida Statutes, is created 2486 2487 to read: 2488 212.094 Purchaser request for refund or credit from 2489 dealer.-2490 (1) If a purchaser seeks from a dealer a refund of or 2491 credit against a tax collected under this chapter by that 2492 dealer, the purchaser shall submit a written request for the 2493 refund or credit to the dealer in accordance with this section. 2494 The request must contain all information necessary for the

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2495	dealer to determine the validity of the purchaser's request.
2496	(2) The purchaser may not take other action against the
2497	dealer with respect to the requested refund or credit until the
2498	dealer has had 60 days to respond after receiving a completed
2499	request.
2500	(3) This section does not affect a person's standing to
2501	claim a refund.
2502	(4) This section does not apply to refunds resulting from
2503	merchandise returned by a customer to a dealer.
2504	Section 12. Section 212.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to
2505	read:
2506	212.12 Dealer's credit for collecting tax; penalties for
2507	noncompliance; powers of department <u>to deal</u> <del>of Revenue in</del>
2508	dealing with delinquents; brackets applicable to taxable
2509	transactions; records required
2510	(1)(a) $1$ . Notwithstanding any other law and for the purpose
2511	of compensating persons granting licenses for and the lessors of
2512	real and personal property taxed <u>under this chapter</u> hereunder,
2513	for the purpose of compensating dealers in tangible personal
2514	property, <del>for the purpose of</del> compensating dealers providing
2515	communication services and taxable services, for the purpose of
2516	compensating owners of places where admissions are collected,
2517	and <del>for the purpose of</del> compensating remitters of <del>any</del> taxes or
2518	fees reported on the same documents <u>used</u> <del>utilized</del> for the sales
2519	and use tax, as compensation for the keeping of prescribed
2520	records, filing timely tax returns, and the proper accounting
2521	and remitting of taxes by them, such seller, person, lessor,
2522	dealer, owner, and remitter <del>(except dealers who make mail order</del>
2523	sales) who files the return required pursuant to s. 212.11 only

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2524	by electronic means and who pays the amount due on such return
2525	only by electronic means shall be allowed 2.5 percent of the
2526	amount of the tax due, accounted for, and remitted to the
2527	department in the form of a deduction. However, if the amount of
2528	the tax due and remitted to the department by electronic means
2529	for the reporting period exceeds \$1,200, an allowance is not
2530	allowed for <del>all</del> amounts in excess of \$1,200. For purposes of
2531	this subparagraph, the term "electronic means" has the same
2532	meaning as provided in s. 213.755(2)(c).
2533	2. The executive director of the department is authorized
2534	to negotiate a collection allowance, pursuant to rules
2535	promulgated by the department, with a dealer who makes mail
2536	order sales. The rules of the department shall provide
2537	guidelines for establishing the collection allowance based upon
2538	the dealer's estimated costs of collecting the tax, the volume
2539	and value of the dealer's mail order sales to purchasers in this
2540	state, and the administrative and legal costs and likelihood of
2541	achieving collection of the tax absent the cooperation of the
2542	dealer. However, in no event shall the collection allowance
2543	negotiated by the executive director exceed 10 percent of the
2544	tax remitted for a reporting period.
2545	(b) The department <del>of Revenue</del> may deny the collection
2546	allowance if a taxpayer files an incomplete return or if the
2547	required tax return or tax is delinquent at the time of payment.

1. An "incomplete return" is, for purposes of this chapter, a return which is lacking such uniformity, completeness, and arrangement that the physical handling, verification, review of the return, or determination of other taxes and fees reported on the return may not be readily accomplished.

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2553 2. The department shall adopt rules requiring such 2554 information as it may deem necessary to ensure that the tax 2555 levied hereunder is properly collected, reviewed, compiled, reported, and enforced, including, but not limited to: the 2556 2557 amount of gross sales; the amount of taxable sales; the amount 2558 of tax collected or due; the amount of lawful refunds, 2559 deductions, or credits claimed; the amount claimed as the 2560 dealer's collection allowance; the amount of penalty and 2561 interest; the amount due with the return; and such other 2562 information as the department of Revenue may specify. The 2563 department shall require that transient rentals and agricultural 2564 equipment transactions be separately shown. Sales made through 2565 vending machines as defined in s. 212.0515 must be separately 2566 shown on the return. Sales made through coin-operated amusement 2567 machines as defined by s. 212.02 and the number of machines 2568 operated must be separately shown on the return or on a form 2569 prescribed by the department. If a separate form is required, 2570 the same penalties for late filing, incomplete filing, or 2571 failure to file as provided for the sales tax return shall apply 2572 to the form.

(c) The collection allowance and other credits or deductions provided in this chapter shall be applied proportionally to <u>the</u> any taxes or fees reported on the same documents used for the sales and use tax.

(d) 1. A dealer entitled to the collection allowance provided in this section may elect to forego the collection allowance and direct that the amount be transferred into the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund. Such an election must be made with the timely filing of a return and may not be rescinded

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2582 once made. If a dealer who makes such an election files a 2583 delinquent return, underpays the tax, or files an incomplete 2584 return, the amount transferred into the Educational Enhancement 2585 Trust Fund shall be the amount of the collection allowance 2586 remaining after resolution of liability for all of the tax, 2587 interest, and penalty due on that return or underpayment of tax. 2588 The Department of Education shall distribute the remaining 2589 amount from the trust fund to the school districts that have 2590 adopted resolutions stating that those funds will be used to 2591 ensure that up-to-date technology is purchased for the 2592 classrooms in the district and that teachers are trained in the 2593 use of that technology. Revenues collected in districts that do 2594 not adopt such a resolution shall be equally distributed to 2595 districts that have adopted such resolutions.

2596 <u>1.2.</u> This paragraph applies to all taxes, surtaxes, and any 2597 local option taxes administered under this chapter and remitted 2598 directly to the department. This paragraph does not apply to a 2599 locally imposed and self-administered convention development 2600 tax, tourist development tax, or tourist impact tax administered 2601 under this chapter.

2602 <u>2.3.</u> Revenues from the dealer-collection allowances shall 2603 be transferred quarterly from the General Revenue Fund to the 2604 Educational Enhancement Trust Fund. The Department of Revenue 2605 shall provide to the Department of Education quarterly 2606 information about such revenues by county to which the 2607 collection allowance was attributed.

2609 Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 120 to the contrary, 2610 the Department of Revenue may adopt rules to carry out the

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2611	amendment made by chapter 2006-52, Laws of Florida, to this
2612	section.
2613	(e) Notwithstanding paragraphs (b) and (c), a model 1
2614	seller under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement is not
2615	entitled to the collection allowance described in paragraphs (a)
2616	and (b).
2617	(f) In addition to a collection allowance that may be
2618	provided under this subsection, the department may provide the
2619	monetary allowances that must be provided by the state to
2620	certified service providers and voluntary sellers pursuant to
2621	Article VI of the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement, as
2622	amended.
2623	1. Such monetary allowances must be in the form of
2624	collection allowances that certified service providers or
2625	voluntary sellers are permitted to retain from the tax revenues
2626	collected on remote sales to be remitted to the state pursuant
2627	to this chapter.
2628	2. As used in this paragraph, the term:
2629	a. "Voluntary seller" means a seller that is not required
2630	to register in this state to collect a tax.
2631	b. "Remote sales" means revenues generated for this state
2632	by a voluntary seller for which the seller is not required to
2633	register to collect the tax imposed by this chapter.
2634	(2)(a) <u>If a</u> <del>When any</del> person required <del>hereunder</del> to make <u>a</u>
2635	<del>any</del> return or to pay <u>a</u> <del>any</del> tax or fee imposed by this chapter
2636	either fails to timely file such return or fails to pay the tax
2637	or fee shown due on the return within the time required
2638	hereunder, in addition to all other penalties provided <u>in this</u>
2639	section and under state law with <del>herein and by the laws of this</del>

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35-00714-14 2014818 2640 state in respect to such taxes or fees, a specific penalty shall 2641 be added to the tax or fee in the amount of 10 percent of either 2642 the tax or fee shown on the return that is not timely filed or 2643 the any tax or fee not paid timely. The penalty may not be less 2644 than \$50 for failure to timely file a tax return required by s. 2645 212.11(1) or timely pay the tax or fee shown due on the return 2646 except as provided in s. 213.21(10). If a person fails to timely 2647 file a return required by s. 212.11(1) and to timely pay the tax 2648 or fee shown due on the return, only one penalty of 10 percent, which may not be less than \$50, shall be imposed. 2649 2650 (b) If a When any person required under this section to

2651 make a return or to pay a tax or fee imposed by this chapter fails to disclose the tax or fee on the return within the time 2652 2653 required, excluding a noncompliant filing event generated by 2654 situations covered under in paragraph (a), in addition to all other penalties provided in this section and under state law 2655 2656 with by the laws of this state in respect to such taxes or fees, 2657 a specific penalty shall be added to the additional tax or fee 2658 owed in the amount of 10 percent of any such unpaid tax or fee 2659 not paid timely if the failure is for not more than 30 days, 2660 with an additional 10 percent of any such unpaid tax or fee for 2661 each additional 30 days, or fraction thereof, while the failure 2662 continues, not to exceed a total penalty of 50 percent, in the 2663 aggregate, of the any unpaid tax or fee.

(c) <u>A</u> Any person who knowingly and with a willful intent to evade <u>a</u> any tax imposed under this chapter fails to file six consecutive returns as required by law commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

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35-00714-14 2014818 (d) A Any person who makes a false or fraudulent return 2669 2670 with a willful intent to evade payment of a any tax or fee 2671 imposed under this chapter; a any person who, after the 2672 department's delivery of a written notice to the person's last 2673 known address specifically alerting the person of the 2674 requirement to register the person's business as a dealer, 2675 intentionally fails to register the business; and  $\underline{a}$  any person 2676 who, after the department's delivery of a written notice to the 2677 person's last known address specifically alerting the person of 2678 the requirement to collect tax on specific transactions, 2679 intentionally fails to collect such tax, shall, in addition to 2680 the other penalties provided by law, be liable for a specific 2681 penalty of 100 percent of any unreported or any uncollected tax 2682 or fee and, upon conviction, for fine and punishment as provided 2683 in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Delivery of written 2684 notice may be made by certified mail, or by the use of such 2685 other method as is documented as being necessary and reasonable 2686 under the circumstances. The civil and criminal penalties 2687 imposed herein for failure to comply with a written notice 2688 alerting the person of the requirement to register the person's 2689 business as a dealer or to collect tax on specific transactions 2690 does shall not apply if the person timely files a written 2691 challenge to such notice in accordance with procedures 2692 established by the department by rule or the notice fails to 2693 clearly advise that failure to comply with or timely challenge 2694 the notice will result in the imposition of the civil and 2695 criminal penalties imposed herein. 2696 1. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes

2697 or fees is less than \$300, the first offense resulting in

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2698	conviction is a misdemeanor of the second degree, the second
2699	offense resulting in conviction is a misdemeanor of the first
2700	degree, and the third <u>offense</u> and all subsequent offenses
2701	resulting in conviction is a misdemeanor of the first degree,
2702	and the <u>fourth</u> <del>third</del> and all subsequent offenses resulting in
2703	conviction are felonies of the third degree.
2704	2. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
2705	or fees is \$300 or more but less than \$20,000, the offense is a
2706	felony of the third degree.
2707	3. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
2708	or fees is \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,000, the offense
2709	is a felony of the second degree.
2710	4. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
2711	or fees is \$100,000 or more, the offense is a felony of the
2712	first degree.
2713	(e) A person who willfully attempts in any manner to evade
2714	<u>a</u> any tax, surcharge, or fee imposed under this chapter or the
2715	payment thereof is, in addition to <del>any</del> other penalties provided
2716	by law, liable for a specific penalty in the amount of 100
2717	percent of the tax, surcharge, or fee, and commits a felony of
2718	the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
2719	775.083, or s. 775.084.
2720	(f) <u>If a</u> <del>When any</del> person, firm, or corporation fails to
2721	timely remit the proper estimated payment required under s.
2722	212.11, a specific penalty shall be added in an amount equal to
2723	10 percent of any unpaid estimated tax. Beginning with January
2724	1, 1985, returns, The department, upon a showing of reasonable
2725	cause, <u>may</u> is authorized to waive or compromise penalties
2726	imposed by this paragraph. However, other penalties and interest

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35-00714-14 2014818 2727 are shall be due and payable if the return on which the 2728 estimated payment was due is was not timely or properly filed. 2729 (g) A dealer who files a consolidated return pursuant to s. 2730 212.11(1)(e) is subject to the penalty established in paragraph 2731 (e) unless the dealer has paid the required estimated tax for 2732 his or her consolidated return as a whole without regard to each 2733 location. If the dealer fails to pay the required estimated tax 2734 for his or her consolidated return as a whole, each filing 2735 location stands shall stand on its own with respect to 2736 calculating penalties pursuant to paragraph (f). 2737 (3) If a When any dealer, or other person charged herein, 2738 fails to remit the tax, or a any portion thereof, on or before 2739 the day when such tax is required by law to be paid, there shall 2740 be added to the amount due interest at the rate of 1 percent per month of the amount due from the date due until paid shall be 2742 added to the amount due. Interest on the delinquent tax shall be 2743 calculated beginning on the 21st day of the month following the 2744 month for which the tax is due, except as otherwise provided in 2745 this chapter. 2746 (4) All penalties and interest imposed by this chapter are

shall be payable to and collectible by the department in the same manner as if they were a part of the tax imposed. The department may settle or compromise any such interest or penalties pursuant to s. 213.21.

(5) (a) The department may is authorized to audit or inspect the records and accounts of dealers defined herein, including audits or inspections of dealers who make mail order sales to 2754 the extent permitted by another state, and to correct by credit 2755 an any overpayment of tax, and, in the event of a deficiency, an

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35-00714-14 2014818 2756 assessment shall be made and collected. No administrative 2757 finding of fact is necessary before prior to the assessment of a 2758 any tax deficiency. 2759 (b) If a In the event any dealer or other person charged 2760 herein fails or refuses to make his or her records available for 2761 inspection so that an no audit or examination has been made of 2762 the books and records of such dealer or person is not made, 2763 fails or refuses to register as a dealer, fails to make a report 2764 and pay the tax as provided by this chapter, makes a grossly 2765 incorrect report or makes a report that is false or fraudulent, 2766 then, in such event, it shall be the duty of the department 2767 shall to make an assessment from an estimate based upon the best 2768 information then available to it for the taxable period of 2769 retail sales of such dealer, the gross proceeds from rentals, 2770 the total admissions received, amounts received from leases of 2771 tangible personal property by such dealer, or of the cost price 2772 of all articles of tangible personal property imported by the 2773 dealer for use or consumption or distribution or storage to be 2774 used or consumed in this state, or of the sales or cost price of 2775 all services the sale or use of which is taxable under this 2776 chapter, together with interest, plus penalty, if such have 2777 accrued, as the case may be. Then The department shall proceed 2778 to collect such taxes, interest, and penalty on the basis of 2779 such assessment which shall be considered prima facie correct, 2780 and the burden to show the contrary shall rest upon the dealer, 2781 seller, owner, or lessor, as the case may be.

(6) (a) The department <u>may</u> is given the power to prescribe
the records to be kept by all persons subject to taxes imposed
by this chapter. It shall be the duty of Every person required

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35-00714-14 2014818 2785 to make a report and pay a any tax under this chapter, every 2786 person receiving rentals or license fees, and owners of places 2787 of admission, shall to keep and preserve suitable records of the 2788 sales, leases, rentals, license fees, admissions, or purchases 2789 that are, as the case may be, taxable under this chapter; such 2790 other books of account as may be necessary to determine the 2791 amount of the tax due hereunder; and other information as may be 2792 required by the department. It shall be the duty of Every such 2793 person shall also so charged with such duty, moreover, to keep 2794 and preserve as long as required by s. 213.35 all invoices and 2795 other records of goods, wares, and merchandise; records of 2796 admissions, leases, license fees and rentals; and records of all 2797 other subjects of taxation under this chapter. All such books, 2798 invoices, and other records must shall be open to examination at 2799 all reasonable hours to the department or any of its duly 2800 authorized agents.

2801 (b) For the purpose of this subsection, if a dealer does 2802 not have adequate records of his or her retail sales or 2803 purchases, the department may, upon the basis of a test or 2804 sampling of the dealer's available records or other information 2805 relating to the sales or purchases made by such dealer for a 2806 representative period, determine the proportion that taxable 2807 retail sales bear to total retail sales or the proportion that taxable purchases bear to total purchases. This subsection does 2808 2809 not affect the duty of the dealer to collect, or the liability 2810 of a any consumer to pay, any tax imposed by or pursuant to this 2811 chapter.

(c)1. If the records of a dealer are adequate butvoluminous in nature and substance, the department may sample

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35-00714-14 2014818 2814 such records and project the audit findings derived therefrom 2815 over the entire audit period to determine the proportion that 2816 taxable retail sales bear to total retail sales or the 2817 proportion that taxable purchases bear to total purchases. In 2818 order to conduct such a sample, the department must first make a 2819 good faith effort to reach an agreement with the dealer, which 2820 agreement provides for the means and methods to be used in the 2821 sampling process. If In the event that no agreement is reached, 2822 the dealer is entitled to a review by the executive director. In 2823 the case of fixed assets, a dealer may agree in writing with the department for adequate but voluminous records to be 2824 2825 statistically sampled. Such an agreement shall provide for the 2826 methodology to be used in the statistical sampling process. The 2827 audit findings derived therefrom shall be projected over the 2828 period represented by the sample in order to determine the 2829 proportion that taxable purchases bear to total purchases. Once 2830 an agreement has been signed, it is final and conclusive with 2831 respect to the method of sampling fixed assets, and the 2832 department may not conduct a detailed audit of fixed assets, and 2833 the taxpayer may not request a detailed audit after the 2834 agreement is reached.

2835 2. For the purposes of sampling pursuant to subparagraph 2836 1., the department shall project any deficiencies and 2837 overpayments derived therefrom over the entire audit period. In 2838 determining the dealer's compliance, the department shall reduce 2839 a any tax deficiency as derived from the sample by the amount of 2840 the any overpayment derived from the sample. If In the event the 2841 department determines from the sample results that the dealer 2842 has a net tax overpayment, the department shall provide the

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35-00714-14 2843 findings of this overpayment to the Chief Financial Officer for 2844 repayment of funds paid into the State Treasury through error 2845 pursuant to s. 215.26. 2846 3.a. A taxpayer is entitled, both in connection with an 2847 audit and in connection with an application for refund filed 2848 independently of an any audit, to establish the amount of a any 2849 refund or deficiency through statistical sampling if when the 2850 taxpayer's records are adequate but voluminous. In the case of 2851 fixed assets, a dealer may agree in writing with the department 2852 for adequate but voluminous records to be statistically sampled. 2853 Such an agreement must shall provide for the methodology to be 2854 used in the statistical sampling process. The audit findings 2855 derived therefrom shall be projected over the period represented 2856 by the sample in order to determine the proportion that taxable 2857 purchases bear to total purchases. Once an agreement has been 2858 signed, it is final and conclusive with respect to the method of 2859 sampling fixed assets, and the department may not conduct a 2860 detailed audit of fixed assets, and the taxpayer may not request 2861 a detailed audit after the agreement is reached.

2862 b. Alternatively, a taxpayer is entitled to establish a any 2863 refund or deficiency through any other sampling method agreed 2864 upon by the taxpayer and the department if when the taxpayer's 2865 records, other than those regarding fixed assets, are adequate 2866 but voluminous. Whether done through statistical sampling or any 2867 other sampling method agreed upon by the taxpayer and the 2868 department, the completed sample must reflect both overpayments 2869 and underpayments of taxes due. The sample shall be conducted 2870 through:

2871

(I) A taxpayer request to perform the sampling through the

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35-00714-14 2014818 2872 certified audit program pursuant to s. 213.285; 2873 (II) Attestation by a certified public accountant as to the 2874 adequacy of the sampling method used utilized and the results 2875 reached using such sampling method; or 2876 (III) A sampling method that has been submitted by the 2877 taxpayer and approved by the department before a refund claim is 2878 submitted. This sub-sub-subparagraph does not prohibit a 2879 taxpayer from filing a refund claim prior to approval by the 2880 department of the sampling method; however, a refund claim 2881 submitted before the sampling method has been approved by the 2882 department cannot be a complete refund application pursuant to 2883 s. 213.255 until the sampling method has been approved by the 2884 department.

c. The department shall prescribe by rule the procedures to 2886 be followed under each method of sampling. Such procedures shall follow generally accepted auditing procedures for sampling. The 2887 2888 rule must shall also set forth other criteria regarding the use 2889 of sampling, including, but not limited to, training 2890 requirements that must be met before a sampling method may be 2891 used utilized and the steps necessary for the department and the 2892 taxpayer to reach agreement on a sampling method submitted by 2893 the taxpayer for approval by the department.

2894 (7) If In the event the dealer has imported tangible 2895 personal property and he or she fails to produce an invoice 2896 showing the cost price of the articles that, as defined in this 2897 chapter, which are subject to tax, or the invoice does not 2898 reflect the true or actual cost price as defined herein, then 2899 the department shall ascertain, in any manner feasible, the true 2900 cost price, and assess and collect the tax thereon with interest

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2901
      plus penalties, if such have accrued on the true cost price as
2902
      assessed by it. The assessment so made shall be considered prima
2903
      facie correct, and the duty is shall be on the dealer to show to
2904
      the contrary.
2905
            (8) In the case of the lease or rental of tangible personal
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      property, or other rentals or license fees as herein defined and
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      taxed, if the consideration given or reported by the lessor,
2908
      person receiving rental or license fee, or dealer does not, in
2909
      the judgment of the department, represent the true or actual
2910
      consideration, then the department may is authorized to
2911
      ascertain the same and assess and collect the tax thereon in the
2912
      same manner as above provided, with respect to imported tangible
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      property, together with interest, plus penalties, if such have
2914
      accrued.
2915
            (9) Taxes imposed by this chapter upon the privilege of the
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      use, consumption, storage for consumption, or sale of tangible
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      personal property, admissions, license fees, rentals,
2918
      communication services, and upon the sale or use of services as
2919
      herein taxed shall be collected by adding upon the basis of an
2920
      addition of the tax imposed by this chapter to the total price
2921
      of such tangible personal property, admissions, license fees,
2922
      rentals, communication or other services, or sale price of such
2923
      article or articles that are purchased, sold, or leased at any
2924
      one time by or to a customer or buyer. + The dealer, or person
2925
      charged shall herein, is required to pay a privilege tax in the
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      amount of the tax imposed by this chapter on the total of his or
2927
      her gross sales of tangible personal property, admissions,
      license fees, rentals, and communication services or \frac{1}{100} collect
2928
2929
      the a tax upon the sale or use of services, and such person or
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2930	dealer shall add the tax <del>imposed by this chapter</del> to the price,
2931	license fee, rental, or admissions, and communication or other
2932	services and collect the total sum from the purchaser, admittee,
2933	licensee, lessee, or consumer. <u>In computing the tax due or to be</u>
2934	collected as the result of a transaction, the seller may elect
2935	to compute the tax due on a transaction on a per-item basis or
2936	on an invoice basis. The tax rate shall be the sum of the
2937	applicable state and local rates, if any, and the tax
2938	computation shall be carried to the third decimal place.
2939	Whenever the third decimal place is greater than four, the tax
2940	shall be rounded to the next whole cent. The department shall
2941	make available in an electronic format or otherwise the tax
2942	amounts and the following brackets applicable to all
2943	transactions taxable at the rate of 6 percent:
2944	(a) On single sales of less than 10 cents, no tax shall be
2945	added.
2946	(b) On single sales in amounts from 10 cents to 16 cents,
2947	both inclusive, 1 cent shall be added for taxes.
2948	(c) On sales in amounts from 17 cents to 33 cents, both
2949	inclusive, 2 cents shall be added for taxes.
2950	(d) On sales in amounts from 34 cents to 50 cents, both
2951	inclusive, 3 cents shall be added for taxes.
2952	(e) On sales in amounts from 51 cents to 66 cents, both
2953	inclusive, 4 cents shall be added for taxes.
2954	(f) On sales in amounts from 67 cents to 83 cents, both
2955	inclusive, 5 cents shall be added for taxes.
2956	(g) On sales in amounts from 84 cents to \$1, both
2957	inclusive, 6 cents shall be added for taxes.
2958	(h) On sales in amounts of more than \$1, 6 percent shall be
·	

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1	35-00714-14 2014818
2959	charged upon each dollar of price, plus the appropriate bracket
2960	charge upon any fractional part of a dollar.
2961	(10) In counties which have adopted a discretionary sales
2962	surtax at the rate of 1 percent, the department shall make
2963	available in an electronic format or otherwise the tax amounts
2964	and the following brackets applicable to all taxable
2965	transactions that would otherwise have been transactions taxable
2966	at the rate of 6 percent:
2967	(a) On single sales of less than 10 cents, no tax shall be
2968	added.
2969	(b) On single sales in amounts from 10 cents to 14 cents,
2970	both inclusive, 1 cent shall be added for taxes.
2971	(c) On sales in amounts from 15 cents to 28 cents, both
2972	inclusive, 2 cents shall be added for taxes.
2973	(d) On sales in amounts from 29 cents to 42 cents, both
2974	inclusive, 3 cents shall be added for taxes.
2975	(e) On sales in amounts from 43 cents to 57 cents, both
2976	inclusive, 4 cents shall be added for taxes.
2977	(f) On sales in amounts from 58 cents to 71 cents, both
2978	inclusive, 5 cents shall be added for taxes.
2979	(g) On sales in amounts from 72 cents to 85 cents, both
2980	inclusive, 6 cents shall be added for taxes.
2981	(h) On sales in amounts from 86 cents to \$1, both
2982	inclusive, 7 cents shall be added for taxes.
2983	(i) On sales in amounts from \$1 up to, and including, the
2984	first \$5,000 in price, 7 percent shall be charged upon each
2985	dollar of price, plus the appropriate bracket charge upon any
2986	fractional part of a dollar.
2987	(j) On sales in amounts of more than \$5,000 in price, 7

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35-00714-14 2014818 2988 percent shall be added upon the first \$5,000 in price, and 6 2989 percent shall be added upon each dollar of price in excess of 2990 the first \$5,000 in price, plus the bracket charges upon any 2991 fractional part of a dollar as provided for in subsection (9). (11) The department shall make available in an electronic 2992 2993 format or otherwise the tax amounts and brackets applicable to 2994 all taxable transactions that occur in counties that have a 2995 surtax at a rate other than 1 percent which transactions would 2996 otherwise have been transactions taxable at the rate of 6 2997 percent. Likewise, the department shall make available in an 2998 electronic format or otherwise the tax amounts and brackets 2999 applicable to transactions taxable at 7 percent pursuant to s. 3000 212.05(1)(e) and on transactions which would otherwise have been 3001 so taxable in counties which have adopted a discretionary sales 3002 surtax. 3003 (10) (12) It is hereby declared to be the legislative intent 3004 that, whenever in the construction, administration, or

that, whenever in the construction, administration, or enforcement of this chapter there <u>is a may be any</u> question respecting <u>the</u> <del>a</del> duplication of the tax, the end consumer, or last retail sale, be the sale intended to be taxed and insofar as <u>is may be</u> practicable there <u>not</u> be <u>a</u> <del>no</del> duplication or pyramiding of the tax.

3010 <u>(11) (13)</u> In order to aid the administration and enforcement 3011 of the provisions of this chapter with respect to the rentals 3012 and license fees, each lessor or person granting the use of <u>a</u> 3013 any hotel, apartment house, roominghouse, tourist or trailer 3014 camp, real property, or <del>any</del> interest therein<del>,</del> or <del>any</del> portion 3015 thereof, inclusive of owners; property managers; lessors; 3016 landlords; hotel, apartment house, and roominghouse operators;

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35-00714-14 2014818 3017 and all licensed real estate agents within the state leasing, 3018 granting the use of, or renting such property, shall be required 3019 to keep a record of each and every such lease, license, or 3020 rental transaction that which is taxable under this chapter, in 3021 such a manner and upon such forms as the department may 3022 prescribe, and to report such transaction to the department or 3023 its designated agents, and to maintain such records as long as 3024 required by s. 213.35, subject to the inspection of the 3025 department and its agents. Upon the failure by such owner; 3026 property manager; lessor; landlord; hotel, apartment house, 3027 roominghouse, tourist or trailer camp operator; or real estate 3028 agent to keep and maintain such records and to make such reports 3029 upon the forms and in the manner prescribed, such owner; 3030 property manager; lessor; landlord; hotel, apartment house, 3031 roominghouse, tourist or trailer camp operator; receiver of rent 3032 or license fees; or real estate agent commits is guilty of a 3033 misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 3034 775.082 or s. 775.083, for the first offense; for subsequent 3035 offenses, commits they are each guilty of a misdemeanor of the 3036 first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 3037 775.083. If a, however, any subsequent offense involves 3038 intentional destruction of such records with an intent to evade 3039 payment of or deprive the state of any tax revenues, such 3040 subsequent offense is shall be a felony of the third degree, 3041 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 3042 (14) If it is determined upon audit that a dealer has

3042 (14) If it is determined upon addit that a dealer has 3043 collected and remitted taxes by applying the applicable tax rate 3044 to each transaction as described in subsection (9) and rounding 3045 the tax due to the nearest whole cent rather than applying the

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3046	appropriate bracket system provided by law or department rule,
3047	the dealer shall not be held liable for additional tax, penalty,
3048	and interest resulting from such failure if:
3049	(a) The dealer acted in a good faith belief that rounding
3050	to the nearest whole cent was the proper method of determining
3051	the amount of tax due on each taxable transaction.
3052	(b) The dealer timely reported and remitted all taxes
3053	collected on each taxable transaction.
3054	(c) The dealer agrees in writing to future compliance with
3055	the laws and rules concerning brackets applicable to the
3056	dealer's transactions.
3057	Section 13. Subsection (3) of section 212.17, Florida
3058	Statutes, is amended to read:
3059	212.17 Credits for returned goods, rentals, or admissions;
3060	goods acquired for dealer's own use and subsequently resold;
3061	additional powers of department
3062	(3) A dealer who has paid the tax imposed by this chapter
3063	on tangible personal property or services may take a credit or
3064	obtain a refund for <u>the</u> <del>any</del> tax paid <del>by the dealer</del> on the unpaid
3065	balance due on worthless accounts within 12 months following the
3066	month in which the bad debt has been charged off for federal
3067	income tax purposes. A dealer that has paid the tax imposed by
3068	this chapter on tangible personal property or services and that
3069	is not required to file federal income tax returns may take a
3070	credit against or obtain a refund for the tax paid on the unpaid
3071	balance due on worthless accounts within 12 months after the
3072	month in which the bad debt is written off as uncollectible in
3073	the dealer's books and records and would be eligible for a bad-
3074	debt deduction for federal income tax purposes if the dealer was

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3075	35-00714-14 2014818
	required to file a federal income tax return.
3076	(a) A dealer that is taking a credit against or obtaining a
3077	refund on worthless accounts shall base the bad-debt-recovery
3078	calculation in accordance with 26 U.S.C. s. 166.
3079	(b) If the amount of bad debt exceeds the amount of taxable
3080	sales for the period during which the bad debt is written off, a
3081	refund claim must be filed, notwithstanding s. 215.26(2), within
3082	3 years after the due date of the return on which the bad debt
3083	could first be claimed.
3084	<u>(c)</u> If <del>any</del> accounts so charged off for which a credit or
3085	refund has been obtained are thereafter in whole or in part paid
3086	to the dealer, the amount <del>so</del> paid shall be included in the first
3087	return filed after such collection and the tax paid accordingly.
3088	(d) If filing responsibilities have been assumed by a
3089	certified service provider, the certified service provider shall
3090	claim, on behalf of the seller, a bad-debt allowance provided by
3091	this subsection. The certified service provider shall credit or
3092	refund to the seller the full amount of a bad-debt allowance or
3093	refund received.
3094	(e) For the purposes of reporting a payment received on a
3095	previously claimed bad debt, the payments made on a debt or
3096	account must first be applied proportionally to the taxable
3097	price of the property or service and the sales tax on such
3098	property, and second to interest, service charges, and other
3099	charges.
3100	(f) If the books and records of the party claiming the bad-
3101	debt allowance support an allocation of the bad debts among
3102	states that are members of the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax
3103	Agreement, the allocation is permitted among those states.

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35-00714-14 2014818 3104 Section 14. Paragraphs (a) and (e) of subsection (3) of 3105 section 212.18, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 212.18 Administration of law; registration of dealers; 3106 3107 rules.-3108 (3) (a) A Every person desiring to engage in or conduct 3109 business in this state as a dealer, as defined in this chapter, 3110 or to lease, rent, or let or grant licenses in living quarters 3111 or sleeping or housekeeping accommodations in hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, or tourist or trailer camps that are 3112 3113 subject to tax under s. 212.03, or to lease, rent, or let or 3114 grant licenses in real property, as defined in this chapter, and a every person who sells or receives anything of value by way of 3115 3116 admissions, must file with the department an application for a 3117 certificate of registration for each place of business, showing 3118 the names of the persons who have interests in such business and 3119 their residences, the address of the business, and such other 3120 data as the department may reasonably require. However, owners 3121 and operators of vending machines or newspaper rack machines 3122 shall are required to obtain only one certificate of 3123 registration for each county in which such machines are located. 3124 The department, by rule, may authorize a dealer that uses 3125 independent sellers to sell its merchandise to remit tax on the 3126 retail sales price charged to the ultimate consumer in lieu of 3127 having the independent seller register as a dealer and remit the 3128 tax. The department may appoint the county tax collector as the department's agent to accept applications for registrations. The 3129 3130 application, plus a registration fee of \$5, must be made to the 3131 department before the person, firm, copartnership, or 3132 corporation may engage in such business, and it must be

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35-00714-14 2014818 3133 accompanied by a registration fee of \$5. However, a registration 3134 fee is not required to accompany an application to engage in or conduct business to make mail order sales. The department may 3135 3136 waive the registration fee for applications submitted through 3137 the department's Internet registration process or central 3138 electronic registration system provided by member states of the 3139 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement. 3140 (e) As used in this paragraph, the term "exhibitor" means a person who enters into an agreement authorizing the display of 3141 3142 tangible personal property or services at a convention or a 3143 trade show. The following provisions apply to the registration 3144 of exhibitors as dealers under this chapter: 3145 1. An exhibitor whose agreement prohibits the sale of tangible personal property or services subject to the tax 3146 3147 imposed in this chapter is not required to register as a dealer. 3148 2. An exhibitor whose agreement provides for the sale at 3149 wholesale only of tangible personal property or services subject 3150 to the tax imposed in this chapter must obtain a resale 3151 certificate from the purchasing dealer but is not required to 3152 register as a dealer. 3153 3. An exhibitor whose agreement authorizes the retail sale 3154 of tangible personal property or services subject to the tax 3155 imposed in this chapter must register as a dealer and collect 3156 the tax imposed under this chapter on such sales. 3157 4. Any exhibitor who makes a mail order sale pursuant to s. 3158 212.0596 must register as a dealer. 3159 3160 A Any person who conducts a convention or a trade show must make 3161 their exhibitor's agreements available to the department for

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3162
      inspection and copying.
3163
           Section 15. Section 212.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to
3164
      read:
3165
           212.20 Funds collected, disposition; additional powers of
3166
      department; operational expense; refund of taxes adjudicated
      unconstitutionally collected.-
3167
3168
            (1) The department shall pay over to the Chief Financial
3169
      Officer of the state all funds received and collected by it
3170
      under the provisions of this chapter, to be credited to the
3171
      account of the General Revenue Fund of the state.
3172
            (2) The department may is authorized to employ all
3173
      necessary assistants to administer this chapter properly and may
3174
      is also authorized to purchase all necessary supplies and
3175
      equipment which may be required for this purpose.
3176
            (3) The estimated amount of money needed for the
3177
      administration of this chapter shall be included by the
3178
      department in its annual legislative budget request for the
3179
      operation of its office.
3180
           (4) When there has been a final adjudication that any tax
3181
      pursuant to s. 212.0596 was levied, collected, or both, contrary
3182
      to the Constitution of the United States or the State
3183
      Constitution, the department shall, in accordance with rules,
3184
      determine, based upon claims for refund and other evidence and
3185
      information, who paid such tax or taxes, and refund to each such
3186
      person the amount of tax paid. For purposes of this subsection,
3187
      a "final adjudication" is a decision of a court of competent
3188
      jurisdiction from which no appeal can be taken or from which the
      official or officials of this state with authority to make such
3189
      decisions has or have decided not to appeal.
3190
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35-00714-14 2014818 (4) (5) As used in For the purposes of this section, the 3191 3192 term: (a) "Proceeds" means all tax or fee revenue collected or 3193 3194 received by the department, including interest and penalties. (b) "Reallocate" means reduction of the accounts of initial 3195 deposit and redeposit into the indicated account. 3196 3197 (5) (6) Distribution of all proceeds under this chapter and 3198 s. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be as follows: 3199 (a) Proceeds from the convention development taxes 3200 authorized under s. 212.0305 shall be reallocated to the 3201 Convention Development Tax Clearing Trust Fund. 3202 (b) Proceeds from discretionary sales surtaxes imposed 3203 pursuant to ss. 212.054 and 212.055 shall be reallocated to the 3204 Discretionary Sales Surtax Clearing Trust Fund. 3205 (c) Proceeds from the fees imposed under ss. 212.05(1)(h)3. 3206 and 212.18(3) shall remain with the General Revenue Fund. 3207 (d) The proceeds of all other taxes and fees imposed 3208 pursuant to this chapter or remitted pursuant to s. 202.18(1)(b) 3209 and (2)(b) shall be distributed as follows: 3210 1. In any fiscal year, the greater of \$500 million, minus 3211 an amount equal to 4.6 percent of the proceeds of the taxes 3212 collected pursuant to chapter 201, or 5.2 percent of all other 3213 taxes and fees imposed pursuant to this chapter or remitted 3214 pursuant to s. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be deposited in 3215 monthly installments into the General Revenue Fund. 3216 2. After the distribution under subparagraph 1., 8.814 3217 percent of the amount remitted by a sales tax dealer located 3218 within a participating county pursuant to s. 218.61 shall be 3219 transferred into the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax

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3220	Clearing Trust Fund. Beginning July 1, 2003, the amount to be
3221	transferred shall be reduced by 0.1 percent, and the department
3222	shall distribute this amount to the Public Employees Relations
3223	Commission Trust Fund less \$5,000 each month, which shall be
3224	added to the amount calculated in subparagraph 3. and
3225	distributed accordingly.
3226	3. After the distribution under subparagraphs 1. and 2.,
3227	0.095 percent shall be transferred to the Local Government Half-
3228	cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund and distributed pursuant to
3229	s. 218.65.
3230	4. After the distributions under subparagraphs 1., 2., and
3231	3., 2.0440 percent of the available proceeds shall be
3232	transferred monthly to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for
3233	Counties pursuant to s. 218.215.
3234	5. After the distributions under subparagraphs 1., 2., and
3235	3., 1.3409 percent of the available proceeds shall be
3236	transferred monthly to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for
3237	Municipalities pursuant to s. 218.215. If the total revenue to
3238	be distributed pursuant to this subparagraph is at least as
3239	great as the amount due from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for
3240	Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance
3241	Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000, no municipality shall
3242	receive less than the amount due from the Revenue Sharing Trust
3243	Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial
3244	Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000. If the
3245	total proceeds to be distributed are less than the amount
3246	received in combination from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for
3247	Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance
3248	Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000, each municipality
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35-00714-142014818\_3249shall receive an amount proportionate to the amount it was due3250in state fiscal year 1999-2000.

3251

6. Of the remaining proceeds:

3252 a. In each fiscal year, the sum of \$29,915,500 shall be 3253 divided into as many equal parts as there are counties in the 3254 state, and one part shall be distributed to each county. The 3255 distribution among the several counties must begin each fiscal 3256 year on or before January 5th and continue monthly for a total 3257 of 4 months. If a local or special law required that any moneys 3258 accruing to a county in fiscal year 1999-2000 under the then-3259 existing provisions of s. 550.135 be paid directly to the 3260 district school board, special district, or a municipal 3261 government, such payment must continue until the local or 3262 special law is amended or repealed. The state covenants with 3263 holders of bonds or other instruments of indebtedness issued by 3264 local governments, special districts, or district school boards 3265 before July 1, 2000, that it is not the intent of this 3266 subparagraph to adversely affect the rights of those holders or 3267 relieve local governments, special districts, or district school 3268 boards of the duty to meet their obligations as a result of 3269 previous pledges or assignments or trusts entered into which 3270 obligated funds received from the distribution to county 3271 governments under then-existing s. 550.135. This distribution 3272 specifically is in lieu of funds distributed under s. 550.135 3273 before July 1, 2000.

b. The department shall distribute \$166,667 monthly pursuant to s. 288.1162 to each applicant certified as a facility for a new or retained professional sports franchise pursuant to s. 288.1162. Up to \$41,667 shall be distributed

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35-00714-14 2014818 3278 monthly by the department to each certified applicant as defined 3279 in s. 288.11621 for a facility for a spring training franchise. 3280 However, not more than \$416,670 may be distributed monthly in 3281 the aggregate to all certified applicants for facilities for 3282 spring training franchises. Distributions begin 60 days after 3283 such certification and continue for not more than 30 years, 3284 except as otherwise provided in s. 288.11621. A certified 3285 applicant identified in this sub-subparagraph may not receive 3286 more in distributions than expended by the applicant for the 3287 public purposes provided for under in s. 288.1162(5) or s. 3288 288.11621(3).

3289 c. Beginning 30 days after notice by the Department of 3290 Economic Opportunity to the Department of Revenue that an 3291 applicant has been certified as the professional golf hall of 3292 fame pursuant to s. 288.1168 and is open to the public, \$166,667 3293 shall be distributed monthly, for up to 300 months, to the 3294 applicant.

3295 d. Beginning 30 days after notice by the Department of 3296 Economic Opportunity to the Department of Revenue that the 3297 applicant has been certified as the International Game Fish 3298 Association World Center facility pursuant to s. 288.1169, and 3299 the facility is open to the public, \$83,333 shall be distributed 3300 monthly, for up to 168 months, to the applicant. This 3301 distribution is subject to reduction pursuant to s. 288.1169. A lump sum payment of \$999,996 shall be made, after certification 3302 3303 and before July 1, 2000.

e. The department shall distribute up to \$55,555 monthly to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by a single spring training franchise, or up to

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3307	\$111,110 monthly to each certified applicant as defined in s.
3308	288.11631 for a facility used by more than one spring training
3309	franchise. Monthly distributions begin 60 days after such
3310	certification or July 1, 2016, whichever is later, and continue
3311	for not more than 30 years, except as otherwise provided in s.
3312	288.11631. A certified applicant identified in this sub-
3313	subparagraph may not receive more in distributions than expended
3314	by the applicant for the public purposes provided in s.
3315	288.11631(3).
3316	7. All other proceeds must remain in the General Revenue
3317	Fund.
3318	Section 16. Section 213.052, Florida Statutes, is created
3319	to read:
3320	213.052 State sales and use tax rate changes
3321	(1) A sales or use tax rate change imposed under chapter
3322	212 is effective on January 1, April 1, July 1, or October 1.
3323	(2) The Department of Revenue shall provide notice of such
3324	rate change to all affected sellers 60 days before the effective
3325	date of the rate change. Failure of a seller to receive notice
3326	does not relieve the seller of its obligation to collect sales
3327	or use tax.
3328	Section 17. Section 213.0521, Florida Statutes, is created
3329	to read:
3330	213.0521 Effective date of state sales and use tax rate
3331	changes.—The effective date for services starting before and
3332	ending after the effective date of a legislative act is as
3333	follows:
3334	(1) For a rate increase, the new rate applies to the first
3335	billing period starting on or after the effective date.

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3336	(2) For a rate decrease, the new rate applies to bills
3337	rendered on or after the effective date.
3338	Section 18. Section 213.215, Florida Statutes, is created
3339	to read:
3340	213.215 Sales and use tax amnesty upon registration in
3341	accordance with the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement
3342	(1) Amnesty shall be provided for uncollected or unpaid
3343	sales or use tax to a seller who registers to pay or to collect
3344	and remit applicable sales or use tax in accordance with the
3345	Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement authorized under s.
3346	213.256 if the seller was not registered with the Department of
3347	Revenue during the 12 months before the effective date of
3348	participation in the agreement by this state.
3349	(2) Amnesty precludes assessment for uncollected or unpaid
3350	sales or use tax, together with penalty or interest for sales
3351	made during the period the seller was not registered with the
3352	Department of Revenue, if registration occurs within 12 months
3353	after the effective date of this state's participation in the
3354	agreement.
3355	(3) Amnesty is not available to a seller with respect to a
3356	matter for which the seller received notice of the commencement
3357	of an audit if the audit is not finally resolved, including
3358	related administrative and judicial processes.
3359	(4) Amnesty is not available for sales or use taxes already
3360	paid or remitted to the state or to taxes collected by the
3361	seller.
3362	(5) Absent the seller's fraud or intentional
3363	misrepresentation of a material fact, amnesty is fully effective
3364	as long as the seller continues registration and continues

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3365	payment or collection and remittance of applicable sales or use
3366	taxes for at least 36 months.
3367	(6) The amnesty applies only to sales or use taxes due from
3368	a seller in its capacity as a seller and not to sales or use
3369	taxes due from a seller in its capacity as a buyer.
3370	Section 19. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 213.256,
3371	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
3372	213.256 Simplified Sales and Use Tax Administration Act
3373	(1) As used in this section and ss. 213.2562 and 213.2567,
3374	the term:
3375	(a) "Agent" means, for purposes of carrying out the
3376	responsibilities placed on a dealer, a person appointed by the
3377	seller to represent the seller before the department.
3378	"Department" means the Department of Revenue.
3379	(b) "Agreement" means the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax
3380	Agreement <del>as amended and adopted on January 27, 2001, by the</del>
3381	Executive Committee of the National Conference of State
3382	Legislatures.
3383	(c) "Certified automated system" means software certified
3384	<del>jointly</del> by the <u>state</u> <del>states that are signatories to the</del>
3385	agreement to calculate the tax imposed by each jurisdiction on a
3386	transaction, determine the amount of tax to remit to the
3387	appropriate state, and maintain a record of the transaction.
3388	(d) "Certified service provider" means an agent certified
3389	jointly by the states that are signatories to the agreement to
3390	perform all of the seller's sales tax functions other than the
3391	seller's obligation to remit tax on its own purchases.
3392	(e) "Department" means the Department of Revenue.
3393	(f) "Governing board" means the governing board of the
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3394	agreement.
3395	(g)1. "Model 1 seller" means a seller that has selected a
3396	certified service provider as the seller's agent to perform all
3397	of the seller's sales and use tax functions other than the
3398	seller's obligation to remit tax on the seller's purchases.
3399	2. "Model 2 seller" means a seller that has selected a
3400	certified automated system to perform part of the seller's sales
3401	and use tax functions, but retains responsibility for remitting
3402	the tax.
3403	3. "Model 3 seller" means a seller that has sales in at
3404	least 5 member states, has total annual sales revenue of at
3405	least \$500 million, has a proprietary system that calculates the
3406	amount of tax due each jurisdiction, and has entered into a
3407	performance agreement with the member states which establishes a
3408	tax performance standard for the seller.
3409	
3410	As used in this paragraph, a seller includes an affiliated group
3411	of sellers using the same proprietary system.
3412	(h) <del>(e)</del> "Person" means an individual, trust, estate,
3413	fiduciary, partnership, limited liability company, limited
3414	liability partnership, corporation, or any other legal entity.
3415	(i) "Registered under this agreement" means registration by
3416	a seller with the member states under the central registration
3417	system.
3418	(j) <del>(f)</del> "Sales tax" means the tax levied under chapter 212.
3419	<u>(k) (g)</u> "Seller" means <u>a</u> any person making sales, leases, or
3420	rentals of personal property or services.
3421	<u>(1)(h)</u> "State" means <u>a</u> any state of the United States and
3422	the District of Columbia.
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35-00714-14 2014818 3423 (m) (i) "Use tax" means the tax levied under chapter 212. 3424 (2) (a) The executive director of the department may shall enter into an agreement the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax 3425 3426 Agreement with one or more states to simplify and modernize 3427 sales and use tax administration in order to substantially 3428 reduce the burden of tax compliance for all sellers and for all 3429 types of commerce. In furtherance of the agreement, the 3430 executive director of the department or his or her designee 3431 shall act jointly with other states that are members of the 3432 agreement to establish standards for certification of a 3433 certified service provider and certified automated systems 3434 system and central registration systems establish performance 3435 standards for multistate sellers. 3436 (b) The executive director of the department or his or her

designee shall take other actions reasonably required to administer this section. Other actions authorized by this section include, but are not limited to, the adoption of rules and the joint procurement, with other member states, of goods and services in furtherance of the cooperative agreement.

3442 (c) The executive director of the department or his or her 3443 designee may represent this state before the other states that 3444 are signatories to the agreement.

3445 (d) The executive director of the department or his or her 3446 designee may prepare and submit such reports and certifications 3447 as determined necessary according to the terms of an agreement 3448 and to enter into such other agreements with the governing 3449 board, member states, and service providers as are determined by 3450 the executive director to facilitate the administration of the 3451 tax laws of this state.

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3452	Section 20. Section 213.2562, Florida Statutes, is created
3453	to read:
3454	213.2562 Approval of software to calculate taxThe
3455	department shall review software submitted to the governing
3456	board for certification as a certified automated system. If the
3457	software accurately reflects the taxability of product
3458	categories included in the program, the department shall certify
3459	the approval of the software to the governing board.
3460	Section 21. Section 213.2567, Florida Statutes, is created
3461	to read:
3462	213.2567 Simplified Sales and Use Tax Agreement
3463	registration, certification, liability, and audit
3464	(1) A seller that registers under the agreement agrees to
3465	collect and remit sales and use taxes for all taxable sales into
3466	the member states, including member states joining after the
3467	seller's registration. Withdrawal or revocation of this state
3468	does not relieve a seller of its responsibility to remit taxes
3469	previously or subsequently collected on behalf of the state.
3470	(a) When registering, the seller may select a model 1,
3471	model 2, or model 3 method of remittance or other method allowed
3472	by state law to remit the taxes collected.
3473	(b) A seller may be registered by an agent. Such
3474	appointment must be in writing and submitted to a member state.
3475	(2)(a) A certified service provider is the agent of a model
3476	1 seller with whom the certified service provider has contracted
3477	for the collection and remittance of sales and use taxes. As the
3478	model 1 seller's agent, the certified service provider is liable
3479	for sales and use tax due this state on all sales transactions
3480	it processes for the model 1 seller, except as set out in

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3481	paragraph (b).
3482	(b) A model 1 seller is not liable to the state for sales
3483	or use tax due on transactions processed by the certified
3484	service provider unless the model 1 seller has misrepresented
3485	the type of items it sells or has committed fraud. In the
3486	absence of probable cause to believe that the model 1 seller has
3487	committed fraud or made a material misrepresentation, the model
3488	1 seller is not subject to audit on the transactions processed
3489	by the certified service provider. A model 1 seller is subject
3490	to audit for transactions that have not been processed by the
3491	certified service provider. The member states acting jointly may
3492	perform a system check of the model 1 seller and review the
3493	model 1 seller's procedures to determine if the certified
3494	service provider's system is functioning properly and to
3495	determine the extent to which the model 1 seller's transactions
3496	are being processed by the certified service provider.
3497	(3) A model 2 seller that uses a certified automated system
3498	remains responsible and is liable to this state for reporting
3499	and remitting tax. However, a model 2 seller is not responsible
3500	for errors in reliance on a certified automated system.
3501	(4) A model 3 seller is liable for the failure of the
3502	proprietary system to meet the performance standard.
3503	(5) A person who provides a certified automated system is
3504	not liable for errors contained in software that was approved by
3505	the department and certified to the governing board. However,
3506	such person:
3507	(a) Is responsible for the proper functioning of that
3508	system;
3509	(b) Is liable to this state for underpayments of tax
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3510	attributable to errors in the functioning of the certified
3511	automated system; and
3512	(c) Is liable for the misclassification of an item or
3513	transaction that is not corrected within 10 days after the
3514	receipt of notice from the department.
3515	(6) The executive director of the department or his or her
3516	designee may certify a person as a certified service provider if
3517	the person meets all of the following requirements:
3518	(a) Uses a certified automated system;
3519	(b) Integrates its certified automated system with the
3520	system of a seller for whom the person collects tax so that the
3521	tax due on a sale is determined at the time of the sale;
3522	(c) Agrees to remit the taxes it collects at the time and
3523	in the manner specified by chapter 212;
3524	(d) Agrees to file returns on behalf of the sellers for
3525	whom it collects tax;
3526	(e) Agrees to protect the privacy of tax information it
3527	obtains in accordance with s. 213.053; and
3528	(f) Enters into a contract with the department and agrees
3529	to comply with the terms of the contract.
3530	(7) The department shall review software submitted to the
3531	governing board for certification as a certified automated
3532	system. The executive director of the department shall certify
3533	the approval of the software to the governing board if the
3534	software:
3535	(a) Determines the applicable state and local sales and use
3536	tax rate for a transaction in accordance with s. 212.06(3) and
3537	(4);
3538	(b) Determines whether an item is exempt from tax;
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3539	(c) Determines the amount of tax to be remitted for each
3540	taxpayer for a reporting period; and
3541	(d) Can generate reports and returns as required by the
3542	governing board.
3543	(8) The department may by rule establish one or more sales
3544	tax performance standards for model 3 sellers.
3545	(9) Disclosure of information necessary under this section
3546	must be made according to a written agreement between the
3547	executive director of the department or his or her designee and
3548	the certified service provider. The certified service provider
3549	is bound by the same requirements of confidentiality as the
3550	department employees. Breach of confidentiality is a misdemeanor
3551	of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
3552	775.083.
3553	Section 22. It is the intent of the Legislature to urge the
3554	United States Congress to consider adequate protections for
3555	small businesses engaging in both offline and online
3556	transactions from added costs, administrative burdens, and
3557	requirements imposed on intermediaries relating to the
3558	collection and remittance of sales and use tax.
3559	Section 23. The executive director of the Department of
3560	Revenue may adopt emergency rules to implement this act.
3561	Notwithstanding any other law, the emergency rules shall remain
3562	effective for 6 months after the date of adoption and may be
3563	renewed during the pendency of procedures to adopt rules
3564	addressing the subject of the emergency rules.
3565	Section 24. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section
3566	11.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3567	11.45 Definitions; duties; authorities; reports; rules

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35-00714-14 2014818 3568 (5) PETITION FOR AN AUDIT BY THE AUDITOR GENERAL.-3569 (a) The Legislative Auditing Committee shall direct the 3570 Auditor General to make an audit of a any municipality if 3571 whenever petitioned to do so by at least 20 percent of the 3572 registered electors in the last general election of that 3573 municipality pursuant to this subsection. The supervisor of 3574 elections of the county in which the municipality is located 3575 shall certify whether or not the petition contains the 3576 signatures of at least 20 percent of the registered electors of 3577 the municipality. After the completion of the audit, the Auditor 3578 General shall determine whether the municipality has the fiscal 3579 resources necessary to pay the cost of the audit. The 3580 municipality shall pay the cost of the audit within 90 days 3581 after the Auditor General's determination that the municipality 3582 has the available resources. If the municipality fails to pay 3583 the cost of the audit, the Department of Revenue shall, upon 3584 certification of the Auditor General, withhold from that portion 3585 of the distribution pursuant to s. 212.20(5)(d)5. s. 3586  $\frac{212.20(6)(d)5.}{212.20(6)(d)5.}$  which is distributable to such municipality, a 3587 sum sufficient to pay the cost of the audit and shall deposit 3588 that sum into the General Revenue Fund of the state. 3589 Section 25. Subsection (6) of section 196.012, Florida 3590 Statutes, is amended to read: 3591 196.012 Definitions.-For the purpose of this chapter, the 3592 following terms are defined as follows, except where the context 3593 clearly indicates otherwise:

(6) Governmental, municipal, or public purpose or function
 is shall be deemed to be served or performed when the lessee
 under <u>a</u> any leasehold interest created in property of the United

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35-00714-14 2014818 States, the state or any of its political subdivisions, or a any 3597 3598 municipality, agency, special district, authority, or other 3599 public body corporate of the state is demonstrated to perform a 3600 function or serve a governmental purpose that which could 3601 properly be performed or served by an appropriate governmental 3602 unit or which is demonstrated to perform a function or serve a 3603 purpose which would otherwise be a valid subject for the 3604 allocation of public funds. For purposes of the preceding 3605 sentence, an activity undertaken by a lessee which is permitted 3606 under the terms of its lease of real property designated as an 3607 aviation area on an airport layout plan that which has been 3608 approved by the Federal Aviation Administration and which real 3609 property is used for the administration, operation, business 3610 offices and activities related specifically thereto in 3611 connection with the conduct of an aircraft full service fixed 3612 base operation which provides goods and services to the general 3613 aviation public in the promotion of air commerce is shall be 3614 deemed an activity that which serves a governmental, municipal, 3615 or public purpose or function. An Any activity undertaken by a 3616 lessee which is permitted under the terms of its lease of real 3617 property designated as a public-use public airport as defined in 3618 s. 332.004<del>(14)</del> by municipalities, agencies, special districts, 3619 authorities, or other public bodies corporate and public bodies 3620 politic of the state, a spaceport as defined in s. 331.303, or which is located in a deepwater port identified in s. 3621 3622 403.021(9)(b) and owned by one of the foregoing governmental 3623 units, subject to a leasehold or other possessory interest of a 3624 nongovernmental lessee that is deemed to perform an aviation, 3625 airport, aerospace, maritime, or port purpose or operation is

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35-00714-14 2014818 3626 shall be deemed an activity that serves a governmental, 3627 municipal, or public purpose. The use by a lessee, licensee, or 3628 management company of real property or a portion thereof as a 3629 convention center, visitor center, sports facility with 3630 permanent seating, concert hall, arena, stadium, park, or beach 3631 is deemed a use that serves a governmental, municipal, or public 3632 purpose or function when access to the property is open to the general public with or without a charge for admission. If 3633 3634 property deeded to a municipality by the United States is 3635 subject to a requirement that the Federal Government, through a 3636 schedule established by the Secretary of the Interior, determine 3637 that the property is being maintained for public historic 3638 preservation, park, or recreational purposes and if those 3639 conditions are not met the property reverts will revert back to 3640 the Federal Government, then such property shall be deemed to 3641 serve a municipal or public purpose. The term "governmental 3642 purpose" also includes a direct use of property on federal lands 3643 in connection with the Federal Government's Space Exploration 3644 Program or spaceport activities as defined in s. 212.02(22). 3645 Real property and tangible personal property owned by the 3646 Federal Government or Space Florida and used for defense and 3647 space exploration purposes or which is put to a use in support 3648 thereof is shall be deemed to perform an essential national 3649 governmental purpose and is shall be exempt. The term "owned by 3650 the lessee" as used in this chapter does not include personal 3651 property, buildings, or other real property improvements used 3652 for the administration, operation, business offices and 3653 activities related specifically thereto in connection with the 3654 conduct of an aircraft full service fixed based operation which

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35-00714-142014818_3655provides goods and services to the general aviation public in3656the promotion of air commerce provided that the real property is3657designated as an aviation area on an airport layout plan3688approved by the Federal Aviation Administration. For purposes of3659determining determination of "ownership," buildings and other3660real property improvements that which will revert to the airport3661authority or other governmental unit upon expiration of the term3662of the lease are shall be deemed "owned" by the governmental3663unit and not the lessee. Providing two-way telecommunications3664services to the public for hire by the use of a3665telecommunications facility, as defined in s. 364.02(14), and3666for which a certificate is required under chapter 364 does not3670constitute an exempt use for purposes of s. 196.199, unless the3681telecommunications services are provided by the operator of a3672public-use airport, as defined in s. 332.004, for the operator's3673Section of telecommunications services for the airport or its3674the subsection (2) of section 202.18, Florida Statutes, are3675amended to read:3676202.18 Allocation and disposition of tax proceedsThe3679(1) The proceeds of the taxes remitted under s.3679(1) The proceeds of the taxes remitted under s.3679(1) The proceeds of the taxes remitted under s.3670(212(1) (a) shall be divided as follows:
the promotion of air commerce provided that the real property is designated as an aviation area on an airport layout plan approved by the Federal Aviation Administration. For purposes of <u>determining determination of</u> "ownership," buildings and other real property improvements <u>that</u> which will revert to the airport authority or other governmental unit upon expiration of the term of the lease <u>are shall be deemed</u> "owned" by the governmental unit and not the lessee. Providing two-way telecommunications services to the public for hire by the use of a telecommunications facility, as defined in s. 364.02( <del>14</del> ), and for which a certificate is required under chapter 364 does not constitute an exempt use for purposes of s. 196.199, unless the telecommunications services are provided by the operator of a public-use airport, as defined in s. 332.004, for the operator's provision of telecommunications services for the airport or its tenants, concessionaires, or licensees, or unless the telecommunications services are provided by a public hospital. Section 26. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 202.18, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 202.18 Allocation and disposition of tax proceedsThe proceeds of the communications services taxes remitted under this chapter shall be treated as follows: (1) The proceeds of the taxes remitted under s. 202.12(1)(a) shall be divided as follows:
designated as an aviation area on an airport layout plan approved by the Federal Aviation Administration. For purposes of determining determination of "ownership," buildings and other real property improvements <u>that</u> which will revert to the airport authority or other governmental unit upon expiration of the term of the lease <u>are</u> shall be deemed "owned" by the governmental unit and not the lessee. Providing two-way telecommunications services to the public for hire by the use of a telecommunications facility, as defined in s. 364.02 <del>(14)</del> , and for which a certificate is required under chapter 364 does not constitute an exempt use for purposes of s. 196.199, unless the telecommunications services are provided by the operator of a public-use airport, as defined in s. 332.004, for the operator's provision of telecommunications services for the airport or its tenants, concessionaires, or licensees, or unless the telecommunication services are provided by a public hospital. Section 26. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 202.18, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 202.18 Allocation and disposition of tax proceedsThe proceeds of the communications services taxes remitted under this chapter shall be treated as follows: 3679 (1) The proceeds of the taxes remitted under s. 3680 202.12(1) (a) shall be divided as follows:
3658approved by the Federal Aviation Administration. For purposes of3659determining determination of "ownership," buildings and other3660real property improvements that which will revert to the airport361authority or other governmental unit upon expiration of the term362of the lease are shall be deemed "owned" by the governmental363unit and not the lessee. Providing two-way telecommunications364services to the public for hire by the use of a365telecommunications facility, as defined in s. 364.02(14), and366for which a certificate is required under chapter 364 does not367constitute an exempt use for purposes of s. 196.199, unless the368telecommunications services are provided by the operator of a369public-use airport, as defined in s. 332.004, for the operator's3671tenants, concessionaires, or licensees, or unless the3672telecommunications services are provided by a public hospital.3673Section 26. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph3674(b) of subsection (2) of section 202.18, Florida Statutes, are3675amended to read:3676202.18 Allocation and disposition of tax proceedsThe3677proceeds of the communications services taxes remitted under3678this chapter shall be treated as follows:3679(1) The proceeds of the taxes remitted under s.3680202.12(1)(a) shall be divided as follows:
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3680 202.12(1)(a) shall be divided as follows:
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3682 s. 212.20(5) <del>s. 212.20(6)</del> .
3683 (2) The proceeds of the taxes remitted under s.

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3684	 202.12(1)(b) shall be divided as follows:
3685	(b) Sixty-three percent of the remainder shall be allocated
3686	to the state and distributed pursuant to <u>s. 212.20(5)</u> <del>s.</del>
3687	$\frac{212.20(6)}{212.20(6)}$ , except that the proceeds allocated pursuant to <u>s.</u>
3688	<u>212.20(5)(d)2.</u> <del>s. 212.20(6)(d)2.</del> shall be prorated to the
3689	participating counties in the same proportion as that month's
3690	collection of the taxes and fees imposed pursuant to chapter 212
3691	and paragraph (1)(b).
3692	Section 27. Paragraphs (f), (g), (h), and (i) of subsection
3693	(1) of section 203.01, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
3694	203.01 Tax on gross receipts for utility and communications
3695	services
3696	(1)
3697	(f) <u>A</u> Any person who imports into this state electricity,
3698	natural gas, or manufactured gas, or severs natural gas, for
3699	that person's own use or consumption as a substitute for
3700	purchasing utility, transportation, or delivery services taxable
3701	under this chapter and who cannot demonstrate payment of the tax
3702	imposed by this chapter must register with the Department of
3703	Revenue and pay into the State Treasury each month an amount
3704	equal to the cost price, as defined in s. 212.02, of such
3705	electricity, natural gas, or manufactured gas times the rate set
3706	forth in paragraph (b), reduced by the amount of <u>a</u> <del>any</del> like tax
3707	lawfully imposed on and paid by the person from whom the
3708	electricity, natural gas, or manufactured gas was purchased <u>,</u> or
3709	<u>a</u> any person who provided delivery service or transportation
3710	service in connection with the electricity, natural gas, or
3711	manufactured gas. <del>For purposes of this paragraph, the term "cost</del>
3712	price" has the meaning ascribed in s. 212.02(4). The methods of
I	

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3713 demonstrating proof of payment and the amount of such reductions 3714 in tax shall be made according to rules of the Department of 3715 Revenue. 3716 (g) Electricity produced by cogeneration or by small power 3717 producers which is transmitted and distributed by a public 3718 utility between two locations of a customer of the utility 3719 pursuant to s. 366.051 is subject to the tax imposed by this 3720 section. The tax shall be applied to the cost price, as defined 3721 in s. 212.02, of such electricity as provided in s. 212.02(4) 3722 and shall be paid each month by the producer of such 3723 electricity. 3724 (h) Electricity produced by cogeneration or by small power 3725 producers during the 12-month period ending June 30 of each 3726 year, which is in excess of nontaxable electricity produced 3727 during the 12-month period ending June 30, 1990, is subject to the tax imposed by this section. The tax shall be applied to the 3728 3729 cost price, as defined in s. 212.02, of such electricity as 3730 provided in s. 212.02(4) and shall be paid each month, beginning 3731 with the month in which total production exceeds the production 3732 of nontaxable electricity for the 12-month period ending June 3733 30, 1990. As used in For purposes of this paragraph, "nontaxable 3734 electricity" means electricity produced by cogeneration or by 3735 small power producers which is not subject to tax under 3736 paragraph (g). Taxes paid pursuant to paragraph (g) may be 3737 credited against taxes due under this paragraph. Electricity 3738 generated as part of an industrial manufacturing process that which manufactures products from phosphate rock, raw wood fiber, 3739 3740 paper, citrus, or an any agricultural product is shall not be 3741 subject to the tax imposed by this paragraph. The term

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35-00714-14 2014818 3742 "industrial manufacturing process" means the entire process 3743 conducted at the location where the process takes place. 3744 (i) A Any person other than a cogenerator or small power 3745 producer described in paragraph (h) who produces for his or her 3746 own use electrical energy which is a substitute for electrical 3747 energy produced by an electric utility as defined in s. 366.02 3748 is subject to the tax imposed by this section. The tax shall be applied to the cost price, as defined in s. 212.02, of such 3749 3750 electrical energy as provided in s. 212.02(4) and shall be paid 3751 each month. The provisions of This paragraph does do not apply 3752 to any electrical energy produced and used by an electric 3753 utility. 3754 Section 28. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 3755 212.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3756 212.031 Tax on rental or license fee for use of real 3757 property.-3758 (1) (a) It is declared to be the legislative intent that 3759 every person is exercising a taxable privilege who engages in 3760 the business of renting, leasing, letting, or granting a license 3761 for the use of any real property unless such property is: 3762 1. Assessed as agricultural property under s. 193.461. 3763 2. Used exclusively as dwelling units. 3764 3. Property subject to tax on parking, docking, or storage 3765 spaces under s. 212.03(6). 4. Recreational property or the common elements of a 3766 3767 condominium if when subject to a lease between the developer or 3768 owner thereof and the condominium association in its own right 3769 or as agent for the owners of individual condominium units or 3770 the owners of individual condominium units. However, only the

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35-00714-14 2014818 3771 lease payments on such property are shall be exempt from the tax 3772 imposed by this chapter, and any other use made by the owner or 3773 the condominium association is shall be fully taxable under this 3774 chapter. 3775 5. A public or private street or right-of-way and poles, 3776 conduits, fixtures, and similar improvements located on such 3777 streets or rights-of-way, occupied or used by a utility or 3778 provider of communications services, as defined by s. 202.11, 3779 for utility or communications or television purposes. As used in 3780 For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "utility" means a 3781 any person providing utility services as defined in s. 203.012. 3782 This exception also applies to property, wherever located, on 3783 which the following are placed: towers, antennas, cables, 3784 accessory structures, or equipment, not including switching 3785 equipment, used in the provision of mobile communications 3786 services as defined in s. 202.11. For purposes of this chapter, 3787 towers used in the provision of mobile communications services, 3788 as defined in s. 202.11, are considered to be fixtures. 3789 6. A public street or road that which is used for 3790 transportation purposes.

3791 7. Property used at an airport exclusively for the purpose 3792 of aircraft landing or aircraft taxiing or property used by an 3793 airline for the purpose of loading or unloading passengers or 3794 property onto or from aircraft or for fueling aircraft.

8.a. Property used at a port authority, as defined in s. 3796 315.02<del>(2)</del>, exclusively for the purpose of oceangoing vessels or 3797 tugs docking, or such vessels mooring on property used by a port 3798 authority for the purpose of loading or unloading passengers or 3799 cargo onto or from such a vessel, or property used at a port

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35-00714-14 2014818 3800 authority for fueling such vessels, or to the extent that the 3801 amount paid for the use of any property at the port is based on 3802 the charge for the amount of tonnage actually imported or 3803 exported through the port by a tenant. 3804 b. The amount charged for the use of any property at the 3805 port in excess of the amount charged for tonnage actually 3806 imported or exported remains shall remain subject to tax except 3807 as provided in sub-subparagraph a. 9. Property used as an integral part of the performance of 3808 3809 qualified production services. As used in this subparagraph, the 3810 term "qualified production services" means an any activity or 3811 service performed directly in connection with the production of 3812 a qualified motion picture, as defined in s. 212.06(1)(b), and 3813 includes: 3814 a. Photography, sound and recording, casting, location managing and scouting, shooting, creation of special and optical 3815 3816 effects, animation, adaptation (language, media, electronic, or 3817 otherwise), technological modifications, computer graphics, set 3818 and stage support (such as electricians, lighting designers and 3819 operators, greensmen, prop managers and assistants, and grips), 3820 wardrobe (design, preparation, and management), hair and makeup 3821 (design, production, and application), performing (such as 3822 acting, dancing, and playing), designing and executing stunts, 3823 coaching, consulting, writing, scoring, composing, 3824 choreographing, script supervising, directing, producing, transmitting dailies, dubbing, mixing, editing, cutting, 3825 looping, printing, processing, duplicating, storing, and 3826 3827 distributing; 3828 b. The design, planning, engineering, construction,

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1	35-00714-14 2014818
3829	alteration, repair, and maintenance of real or personal property
3830	including stages, sets, props, models, paintings, and facilities
3831	principally required for the performance of those services
3832	listed in sub-subparagraph a.; and
3833	c. Property management services directly related to
3834	property used in connection with the services described in sub-
3835	subparagraphs a. and b.
3836	
3837	This exemption <u>inures</u> <del>will inure</del> to the taxpayer upon
3838	presentation of the certificate of exemption issued to the
3839	taxpayer under <del>the provisions of</del> s. 288.1258.
3840	10. Leased, subleased, licensed, or rented to a person
3841	providing food and drink concessionaire services within the
3842	premises of a convention hall, exhibition hall, auditorium,
3843	stadium, theater, arena, civic center, performing arts center,
3844	publicly owned recreational facility, or <u>a</u> any business operated
3845	under a permit issued pursuant to chapter 550. A person
3846	providing retail concessionaire services involving the sale of
3847	food and drink or other tangible personal property within the
3848	premises of an airport shall be subject to tax on the rental of
3849	real property used for that purpose, but shall not be subject to
3850	the tax on <u>a</u> any license to use the property. For purposes of
3851	this subparagraph, the term "sale" <u>does</u> <del>shall</del> not include the
3852	leasing of tangible personal property.
3853	11. Property occupied pursuant to an instrument calling for
3854	payments which the department has declared, in a Technical
3855	Assistance Advisement issued on or before March 15, 1993, to be
3856	nontaxable pursuant to rule 12A-1.070(19)(c), Florida

3857 Administrative Code<u>.; provided that</u> This subparagraph <u>applies</u>

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35-00714-14 2014818 3858 shall only apply to property occupied by the same person before 3859 and after the execution of the subject instrument and only to 3860 those payments made pursuant to such instrument, exclusive of 3861 renewals and extensions thereof occurring after March 15, 1993. 3862 12. Property used or occupied predominantly for space 3863 flight business purposes. As used in this subparagraph the term, 3864 "space flight business" means the manufacturing, processing, or 3865 assembly of a space facility, space propulsion system, space 3866 vehicle, satellite, or station of any kind possessing the 3867 capacity for space flight, as defined by s. 212.02(23), or 3868 components thereof, and also means the following activities 3869 supporting space flight: vehicle launch activities, flight 3870 operations, ground control or ground support, and all 3871 administrative activities directly related thereto. Property 3872 shall be deemed to be used or occupied predominantly for space 3873 flight business purposes if more than 50 percent of the 3874 property, or improvements thereon, is used for one or more space 3875 flight business purposes. Possession by a landlord, lessor, or 3876 licensor of a signed written statement from the tenant, lessee, 3877 or licensee claiming the exemption relieves shall relieve the 3878 landlord, lessor, or licensor from the responsibility of 3879 collecting the tax, and the department shall look solely to the 3880 tenant, lessee, or licensee for recovery of such tax if it 3881 determines that the exemption is was not applicable. 13. Rented, leased, subleased, or licensed to a person 3882

3883 providing telecommunications, data systems management, or 3884 Internet services at a publicly or privately owned convention 3885 hall, civic center, or meeting space at a public lodging 3886 establishment as defined in s. 509.013. This subparagraph

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3887	applies only to that portion of the rental, lease, or license
3888	payment that is based <u>on</u> <del>upon</del> a percentage of sales, revenue
3889	sharing, or royalty payments and not based <u>on</u> <del>upon</del> a fixed
3890	price. This subparagraph is intended to be clarifying and
3891	remedial in nature and <u>applies</u> <del>shall apply</del> retroactively. This
3892	subparagraph does not provide a basis for an assessment of any
3893	tax not paid, or create a right to a refund of any tax paid,
3894	pursuant to this section before July 1, 2010.
3895	Section 29. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
3896	212.052, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3897	212.052 Research or development costs; exemption
3898	(1) For the purposes of the exemption provided in this
3899	section:
3900	(b) The term "costs" means cost price as defined in s.
3901	212.02 <del>(4)</del> .
3902	Section 30. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2), paragraph (c)
3903	of subsection (3), and paragraphs (c) and (i) of subsection (8)
3904	of section 212.055, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
3905	212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent;
3906	authorization and use of proceedsIt is the legislative intent
3907	that <u>an</u> any authorization for imposition of a discretionary
3908	sales surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a
3909	subsection of this section, <u>regardless</u> <del>irrespective</del> of the
3910	duration of the levy. Each enactment $\underline{must}$ $\underline{shall}$ specify the
3911	types of counties authorized to levy; the rate or rates that
3912	which may be imposed; the maximum length of time the surtax may
3913	be imposed, if any; the procedure <u>that</u> which must be followed to
3914	secure voter approval, if required; the purpose for which the
3915	proceeds may be expended; and such other requirements as the

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3916	Legislature may provide. Taxable transactions and administrative
3917	procedures shall be as provided in s. 212.054.
3918	(2) LOCAL GOVERNMENT INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX
3919	(c) Pursuant to s. 212.054 <del>(4)</del> , the proceeds of the surtax
3920	levied under this subsection shall be distributed to the county
3921	and the municipalities within such county in which the surtax
3922	was collected, according to:
3923	1. An interlocal agreement between the county governing
3924	authority and the governing bodies of the municipalities
3925	representing a majority of the county's municipal population,
3926	which agreement may include a school district with the consent
3927	of the county governing authority and the governing bodies of
3928	the municipalities representing a majority of the county's
3929	municipal population; or
3930	2. If there is no interlocal agreement, according to the
3931	formula provided in s. 218.62.
3932	
3933	$\underline{A}$ Any change in the distribution formula must take effect on the
3934	first day of <u>the</u> <del>any</del> month that begins at least 60 days after
3935	written notification of that change has been made to the
3936	department.
3937	(3) SMALL COUNTY SURTAX
3938	(c) Pursuant to s. 212.054 <del>(4)</del> , the proceeds of the surtax
3939	levied under this subsection shall be distributed to the county
3940	and the municipalities within the county in which the surtax was
3941	collected, according to:
3942	1. An interlocal agreement between the county governing
3943	authority and the governing bodies of the municipalities
3944	representing a majority of the county's municipal population,
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35-00714-14 2014818 3945 which agreement may include a school district with the consent 3946 of the county governing authority and the governing bodies of 3947 the municipalities representing a majority of the county's 3948 municipal population; or 3949 2. If there is no interlocal agreement, according to the 3950 formula provided in s. 218.62. 3951 3952 A Any change in the distribution formula shall take effect on 3953 the first day of the any month that begins at least 60 days 3954 after written notification of that change has been made to the 3955 department. 3956 (8) EMERGENCY FIRE RESCUE SERVICES AND FACILITIES SURTAX.-3957 (c) Pursuant to s. 212.054(4), the proceeds of the 3958 discretionary sales surtax collected under this subsection, less 3959 an administrative fee that may be retained by the Department of 3960 Revenue, shall be distributed by the department to the county. 3961 The county shall distribute the proceeds it receives from the 3962 department to the participating jurisdictions that have entered 3963 into an interlocal agreement with the county under this 3964 subsection. The county may also charge an administrative fee for 3965 receiving and distributing the surtax in the amount of the 3966 actual costs incurred, not to exceed 2 percent of the surtax 3967 collected.

(i) Surtax collections shall be initiated on January 1 of the year following a successful referendum in order to coincide with s. 212.054(5).

3971Section 31. Subsection (3) of section 212.13, Florida3972Statutes, is amended to read:

3973

212.13 Records required to be kept; power to inspect; audit

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35-00714-14 3974 procedure.-

3975 (3) For the purpose of enforcing enforcement of this 3976 chapter, a every manufacturer and seller of tangible personal 3977 property or services licensed within this state shall allow is 3978 required to permit the department to examine his or her books 3979 and records at all reasonable hours, and, upon his or her 3980 refusal, the department may require him or her to permit such 3981 examination by resort to the circuit courts of this state, 3982 subject however to the right of removal of the cause to the 3983 judicial circuit wherein such person's business is located or 3984 wherein such person's books and records are kept if, provided further that such person's books and records are kept within the 3985 3986 state. If When the dealer has made an allocation or attribution 3987 pursuant to the definition of sales price in s.  $212.02 \cdot (16)$ , the 3988 department may prescribe by rule the books and records that must 3989 be made available during an audit of the dealer's books and 3990 records and examples of methods for determining the 3991 reasonableness thereof. Books and records kept in the regular 3992 course of business include, but are not limited to, general 3993 ledgers, price lists, cost records, customer billings, billing 3994 system reports, tariffs, and other regulatory filings and rules 3995 of regulatory authorities. Such record may be required to be 3996 made available to the department in an electronic format when so 3997 kept by the dealer. The dealer may support the allocation of 3998 charges with books and records kept in the regular course of 3999 business covering the dealer's entire service area, including 4000 territories outside this state. During an audit, the department 4001 may reasonably require production of any additional books and 4002 records found necessary to assist in its determination.

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35-00714-14 2014818 4003 Section 32. Subsection (1) of section 212.15, Florida 4004 Statutes, is amended to read: 4005 212.15 Taxes declared state funds; penalties for failure to 4006 remit taxes; due and delinquent dates; judicial review.-4007 (1) The taxes imposed by this chapter shall, except as 4008 provided in s. 212.06(5)(a)2.e., become state funds at the 4009 moment of collection and are shall for each month be due to the 4010 department on the first day of the succeeding month and be delinquent on the 21st day of such month. All returns postmarked after the 20th day of such month are delinquent.

4013 Section 33. Subsection (3) of section 213.015, Florida 4014 Statutes, is amended to read:

4015 213.015 Taxpayer rights.-There is created a Florida 4016 Taxpayer's Bill of Rights to guarantee that the rights, privacy, 4017 and property of Florida taxpayers are adequately safeguarded and protected during tax assessment, collection, and enforcement 4018 4019 processes administered under the revenue laws of this state. The 4020 Taxpayer's Bill of Rights compiles, in one document, brief but 4021 comprehensive statements which explain, in simple, nontechnical 4022 terms, the rights and obligations of the Department of Revenue 4023 and taxpayers. Section 192.0105 provides additional rights 4024 afforded to payors of property taxes and assessments. The rights 4025 afforded taxpayers to ensure that their privacy and property are 4026 safeguarded and protected during tax assessment and collection 4027 are available only insofar as they are implemented in other 4028 parts of the Florida Statutes or rules of the Department of 4029 Revenue. The rights so guaranteed Florida taxpayers in the 4030 Florida Statutes and the departmental rules are: 4031 (3) The right to be represented or advised by counsel or

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4011 4012

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4032	other qualified representatives at any time in administrative
4033	interactions with the department, the right to procedural
4034	safeguards with respect to recording of interviews during tax
4035	determination or collection processes conducted by the
4036	department, the right to be treated in a professional manner by
4037	department personnel, and the right to have audits, inspections
4038	of records, and interviews conducted at a reasonable time and
4039	place except in criminal and internal investigations (see ss.
4040	198.06, 199.218, 201.11(1), 203.02, 206.14, 211.125(3),
4041	211.33(3), 212.0305(3), 212.12(5)(a), (6)(a), and <u>(11)</u> <del>(13)</del> ,
4042	212.13(5), 213.05, 213.21(1)(a) and (c), and 213.34).
4043	Section 34. Subsection (3) of section 218.245, Florida
4044	Statutes, is amended to read:
4045	218.245 Revenue sharing; apportionment
4046	(3) Revenues attributed to the increase in distribution to
4047	the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities pursuant to <u>s.</u>
4048	<u>212.20(5)(d)5.</u> <del>s. 212.20(6)(d)5.</del> from 1.0715 percent to 1.3409
4049	percent provided in chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, shall be
4050	distributed to each eligible municipality and any unit of local
4051	government that is consolidated as provided by s. 9, Art. VIII
4052	of the State Constitution of 1885, as preserved by s. 6(e), Art.
4053	VIII, 1968 revised constitution, as follows: each eligible local
4054	government's allocation shall be based on the amount it received
4055	from the half-cent sales tax under s. 218.61 in the prior state
4056	fiscal year divided by the total receipts under s. 218.61 in the
4057	prior state fiscal year for all eligible local governments.
4058	However, for the purpose of calculating this distribution, the
4059	amount received from the half-cent sales tax under s. 218.61 in
4060	the prior state fiscal year by a unit of local government which

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4061	is consolidated as provided by s. 9, Art. VIII of the State
4062	Constitution of 1885, as amended, and as preserved by s. 6(e),
4063	Art. VIII, of the Constitution as revised in 1968, shall be
4064	reduced by 50 percent for such local government and for the
4065	total receipts. For eligible municipalities that began
4066	participating in the allocation of half-cent sales tax under s.
4067	218.61 in the previous state fiscal year, their annual receipts
4068	shall be calculated by dividing their actual receipts by the
4069	number of months they participated, and the result multiplied by
4070	12.
4071	Section 35. Subsections (5) through (7) of section 218.65,
4072	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
4073	218.65 Emergency distribution
4074	(5) At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Department of
4075	Revenue shall calculate a base allocation for each eligible
4076	county equal to the difference between the current per capita
4077	limitation times the county's population, minus prior year
4078	ordinary distributions to the county pursuant to ss.
4079	<u>212.20(5)(d)2.</u> <del>212.20(6)(d)2.</del> , 218.61, and 218.62. If moneys
4080	deposited into the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing
4081	Trust Fund pursuant to <u>s. 212.20(5)(d)3.</u> <del>s. 212.20(6)(d)3.</del> ,
4082	excluding moneys appropriated for supplemental distributions
4083	pursuant to subsection (8), for the current year are less than
4084	or equal to the sum of the base allocations, each eligible
4085	county <u>must</u> shall receive a share of the appropriated amount
4086	proportional to its base allocation. If the deposited amount
4087	exceeds the sum of the base allocations, each county must shall
4088	receive its base allocation, and the excess appropriated amount,

4089 less any amounts distributed under subsection (6), shall be

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35-00714-142014818\_4090distributed equally on a per capita basis among the eligible4091counties.4092(6) If moneys deposited in the Local Government Half-cent

4093 Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund pursuant to s. 212.20(5)(d)3. s. 4094 212.20(6)(d)3. exceed the amount necessary to provide the base 4095 allocation to each eligible county, the moneys in the trust fund 4096 may be used to provide a transitional distribution, as specified 4097 in this subsection, to certain counties whose population has 4098 increased. The transitional distribution shall be made available 4099 to each county that qualified for a distribution under 4100 subsection (2) in the prior year but does not, because of the 4101 requirements of paragraph (2)(a), qualify for a distribution in 4102 the current year. Beginning on July 1 of the year following the 4103 year in which the county no longer qualifies for a distribution 4104 under subsection (2), the county shall receive two-thirds of the 4105 amount received in the prior year, and beginning July 1 of the 4106 second year following the year in which the county no longer 4107 qualifies for a distribution under subsection (2), the county 4108 shall receive one-third of the amount it received in the last 4109 year it qualified for the distribution under subsection (2). If 4110 insufficient moneys are available in the Local Government Half-4111 cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund to fully provide such a 4112 transitional distribution to each county that meets the 4113 eligibility criteria in this section, each eligible county shall 4114 receive a share of the available moneys proportional to the 4115 amount it would have received had moneys been sufficient to 4116 fully provide such a transitional distribution to each eligible 4117 county.

4118

(7) The distribution provided in s. 212.20(5)(d)3. There is

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4119	hereby annually appropriated from the Local Government Half-cent
4120	Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund <del>the distribution provided in s.</del>
4121	212.20(6)(d)3. to be used for emergency and supplemental
4122	distributions pursuant to this section.
4123	Section 36. Paragraph (q) of subsection (1) of section
4124	288.1045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
4125	288.1045 Qualified defense contractor and space flight
4126	business tax refund program.—
4127	(1) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section:
4128	(q) "Space flight business" means the manufacturing,
4129	processing, or assembly of space flight technology products,
4130	space flight facilities, space flight propulsion systems, or
4131	space vehicles, satellites, or stations of any kind possessing
4132	the capability for space flight, as defined by s. 212.02 <del>(23)</del> , or
4133	components thereof, and includes, in supporting space flight,
4134	vehicle launch activities, flight operations, ground control or
4135	ground support, and all administrative activities directly
4136	related to such activities. The term does not include products
4137	that are designed or manufactured for general commercial
4138	aviation or other uses even if those products may also serve an
4139	incidental use in space flight applications.
4140	Section 37. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (3) of
4141	section 288.11621, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
4142	288.11621 Spring training baseball franchises
4143	(3) USE OF FUNDS
4144	(a) A certified applicant may use funds provided under <u>s.</u>
4145	<u>212.20(5)(d)6.b.</u> <del>s. 212.20(6)(d)6.b.</del> only to:
4146	1. Serve the public purpose of acquiring, constructing,
4147	reconstructing, or renovating a facility for a spring training
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4148	franchise.
4149	2. Pay or pledge for the payment of debt service on, or to
4150	fund debt service reserve funds, arbitrage rebate obligations,
4151	or other amounts payable with respect thereto, bonds issued for
4152	the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or renovation of
4153	such facility, or for the reimbursement of such costs or the
4154	refinancing of bonds issued for such purposes.
4155	3. Assist in the relocation of a spring training franchise
4156	from one unit of local government to another only if the
4157	governing board of the current host local government by a
4158	majority vote agrees to relocation.
4159	(d)1. All certified applicants must place unexpended state
4160	funds received pursuant to <u>s. 212.20(5)(d)6.b.</u> <del>s.</del>
4161	<del>212.20(6)(d)6.b.</del> in a trust fund or separate account for use
4162	only as authorized in this section.
4163	2. A certified applicant may request that the Department of
4164	Revenue suspend further distributions of state funds made
4165	available under <u>s. 212.20(5)(d)6.b.</u> <del>s. 212.20(6)(d)6.b.</del> for 12
4166	months after expiration of an existing agreement with a spring
4167	training franchise to provide the certified applicant with an
4168	opportunity to enter into a new agreement with a spring training
4169	franchise, at which time the distributions shall resume.
4170	3. The expenditure of state funds distributed to an
4171	applicant certified before July 1, 2010, must begin within 48
4172	months after the initial receipt of the state funds. In
4173	addition, the construction of, or capital improvements to, a
4174	spring training facility must be completed within 24 months
4175	after the project's commencement.
4176	Section 38. Subsection (6) of section 288.1169, Florida

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4177
      Statutes, is amended to read:
4178
           288.1169 International Game Fish Association World Center
4179
      facility.-
4180
            (6) The department shall must recertify every 10 years that
4181
      the facility is open, that the International Game Fish
4182
      Association World Center continues to be the only international
4183
      administrative headquarters, fishing museum, and Hall of Fame in
4184
      the United States recognized by the International Game Fish
      Association, and that the project is meeting the minimum
4185
4186
      projections for attendance or sales tax revenues as required at
      the time of original certification. If the facility is not
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4188
      recertified during this 10-year review as meeting the minimum
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      projections, then funding shall be abated until the
4190
      certification criteria are met. If the project fails to generate
4191
      $1 million of annual revenues pursuant to paragraph (2)(e), the
4192
      distribution of revenues pursuant to s. 212.20(5)(d)6.d. s.
4193
      212.20(6)(d)6.d. shall be reduced to an amount equal to $83,333
4194
      multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the actual
4195
      revenues generated and the denominator of which is $1 million.
4196
      Such reduction remains in effect until revenues generated by the
4197
      project in a 12-month period equal or exceed $1 million.
4198
           Section 39. Subsection (8) of section 551.102, Florida
4199
      Statutes, is amended to read:
4200
           551.102 Definitions.-As used in this chapter, the term:
```

(8) "Slot machine" means <u>a</u> any mechanical or electrical
contrivance, terminal that may or may not be capable of
downloading slot games from a central server system, machine, or
other device that, upon insertion of a coin, bill, ticket,
token, or similar object or upon payment of any consideration

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35-00714-14 2014818 4206 whatsoever, including the use of an any electronic payment 4207 system except a credit card or debit card, is available to play 4208 or operate, the play or operation of which, whether by reason of 4209 skill or application of the element of chance or both, may 4210 deliver or entitle the person or persons playing or operating 4211 the contrivance, terminal, machine, or other device to receive 4212 cash, billets, tickets, tokens, or electronic credits to be 4213 exchanged for cash or to receive merchandise or anything of value whatsoever, whether the payoff is made automatically from 4214 4215 the machine or manually. The term includes associated equipment 4216 necessary to conduct the operation of the contrivance, terminal, 4217 machine, or other device. Slot machines may use spinning reels, 4218 video displays, or both. A slot machine is not a "coin-operated 4219 amusement machine" as defined in s. 212.02(24) or an amusement 4220 game or machine as described in s. 849.161, and slot machines 4221 are not subject to the tax imposed by s. 212.05(1)(h). 4222 Section 40. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 4223 790.0655, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4224 790.0655 Purchase and delivery of handguns; mandatory 4225 waiting period; exceptions; penalties.-4226 (1) (a) There is shall be a mandatory 3-day waiting period, 4227 which shall be 3 days, excluding weekends and legal holidays, 4228 between the purchase and the delivery at retail of a any

4229 handgun. <u>The term</u> "purchase" means the transfer of money or 4230 other valuable consideration to the retailer. <u>The term</u> "handgun" 4231 means a firearm capable of being carried and used by one hand, 4232 such as a pistol or revolver. <u>The term</u> "retailer" means and 4233 includes every person engaged in the business of making sales at 4234 retail or for distribution, or use, or consumption, or storage

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4235	to be used or consumed in this state, as defined in s.
4236	212.02 <del>(13)</del> .
4237	Section 41. Section 212.0596, Florida Statutes, is
4238	repealed.
4239	Section 42. This act shall take effect January 1, 2015.
4240	