House

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. CS for SB 836

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate . Comm: RCS . 04/01/2014 . .

The Committee on Health Policy (Bean) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause

4 and insert:

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Section 1. Section 499.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

499.001 Florida Drug and Cosmetic Act; short title.-Sections <u>499.001-499.94</u> 499.001-499.081 may be cited as the "Florida Drug and Cosmetic Act."

10Section 2. Subsections (12) through (32) and subsections11(47) through (55) of section 499.003, Florida Statutes, are

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12 renumbered as subsections (11) through (31) and subsections (46) 13 through (54), respectively, and present subsections (11), (43), 14 and (46) of that section are amended, to read:

15 499.003 Definitions of terms used in this part.—As used in 16 this part, the term:

17 <u>(32)(11)</u> "Compressed Medical gas" means any liquefied or 18 vaporized gas that is a prescription drug, whether it is alone 19 or in combination with other gases, and as defined in the 20 federal act.

(43) "Prescription drug" means a prescription, medicinal, 21 or legend drug, including, but not limited to, finished dosage 22 23 forms or active pharmaceutical ingredients subject to, defined 24 by, or described by s. 503(b) of the federal Food, Drug, and 25 Cosmetic act or s. 465.003(8), s. 499.007(13), or subsection 26 (32) (11), subsection (46), or subsection (52) (53), except that 27 an active pharmaceutical ingredient is a prescription drug only 28 if substantially all finished dosage forms in which it may be 29 lawfully dispensed or administered in this state are also 30 prescription drugs.

31 (46) "Prescription medical oxygen" means oxygen USP which 32 is a drug that can only be sold on the order or prescription of 33 a practitioner authorized by law to prescribe. The label of 34 prescription medical oxygen must comply with current labeling 35 requirements for oxygen under the Federal Food, Drug, and 36 Cosmetic Act.

37 Section 3. Subsection (1), paragraphs (a), (c), (g), (m), 38 (n), and (o) of subsection (2), and subsection (5) of section 39 499.01, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 40 499.01 Permits.-



41	(1) Prior to operating, a permit is required for each
42	person and establishment that intends to operate as:
43	(a) A prescription drug manufacturer;
44	(b) A prescription drug repackager;
45	(c) A nonresident prescription drug manufacturer;
46	(d) A prescription drug wholesale distributor;
47	(e) An out-of-state prescription drug wholesale
48	distributor;
49	(f) A retail pharmacy drug wholesale distributor;
50	(g) A restricted prescription drug distributor;
51	(h) A complimentary drug distributor;
52	(i) A freight forwarder;
53	(j) A veterinary prescription drug retail establishment;
54	(k) A veterinary prescription drug wholesale distributor;
55	(1) A limited prescription drug veterinary wholesale
56	distributor;
57	(m) A medical oxygen retail establishment;
58	(n) A compressed medical gas wholesale distributor;
59	(o) A compressed medical gas manufacturer;
60	(m) (p) An over-the-counter drug manufacturer;
61	<u>(n)</u> A device manufacturer;
62	(o) (r) A cosmetic manufacturer;
63	<u>(p)</u> A third party logistics provider; or
64	<u>(q)(t) A health care clinic establishment.</u>
65	(2) The following permits are established:
66	(a) Prescription drug manufacturer permitA prescription
67	drug manufacturer permit is required for any person that is a
68	manufacturer of a prescription drug and that manufactures or
69	distributes such prescription drugs in this state.
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70 1. A person that operates an establishment permitted as a 71 prescription drug manufacturer may engage in wholesale 72 distribution of prescription drugs manufactured at that 73 establishment and must comply with all of the provisions of this 74 part, except s. 499.01212, and the rules adopted under this 75 part, except s. 499.01212, which apply to a wholesale 76 distributor.

2. A prescription drug manufacturer must comply with all appropriate state and federal good manufacturing practices.

79 3. A blood establishment, as defined in s. 381.06014, 80 operating in a manner consistent with the provisions of 21 81 C.F.R. parts 211 and 600-640, and manufacturing only the 82 prescription drugs described in s. 499.003(53)(d) s. 83 499.003(54)(d) is not required to be permitted as a prescription 84 drug manufacturer under this paragraph or to register products 85 under s. 499.015.

(c) Nonresident prescription drug manufacturer permit.-A nonresident prescription drug manufacturer permit is required for any person that is a manufacturer of prescription drugs, unless permitted as a third party logistics provider, located outside of this state or outside the United States and that engages in the wholesale distribution in this state of such prescription drugs. Each such manufacturer must be permitted by 93 the department and comply with all of the provisions required of a wholesale distributor under this part, except s. 499.01212.

95 1. A person that distributes prescription drugs for which 96 the person is not the manufacturer must also obtain an out-of-97 state prescription drug wholesale distributor permit or third party logistics provider permit pursuant to this section to 98

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99 engage in the wholesale distribution of such prescription drugs. 100 This subparagraph does not apply to a manufacturer as defined in 101 s. 499.003(30)(e) s. 499.003(31)(e).

102 2. Any such person must comply with the licensing or 103 permitting requirements of the jurisdiction in which the 104 establishment is located and the federal act, and any product 105 wholesaled into this state must comply with this part. If a 106 person intends to import prescription drugs from a foreign 107 country into this state, the nonresident prescription drug 108 manufacturer must provide to the department a list identifying 109 each prescription drug it intends to import and document 110 approval by the United States Food and Drug Administration for 111 such importation.

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117 118 (g) Restricted prescription drug distributor permit.-

1. A restricted prescription drug distributor permit is required for:

a. Any person located in this state who engages in the distribution of a prescription drug, which distribution is not considered "wholesale distribution" under <u>s. 499.003(53)(a)</u> s. $\frac{499.003(54)(a)}{a}$.

b. Any person located in this state who engages in the receipt or distribution of a prescription drug in this state for the purpose of processing its return or its destruction if such person is not the person initiating the return, the prescription drug wholesale supplier of the person initiating the return, or the manufacturer of the drug.

125 c. A blood establishment located in this state which
126 collects blood and blood components only from volunteer donors
127 as defined in s. 381.06014 or pursuant to an authorized

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128 practitioner's order for medical treatment or therapy and 129 engages in the wholesale distribution of a prescription drug not 130 described in s. 499.003(53)(d) s. 499.003(54)(d) to a health 131 care entity. A mobile blood unit operated by a blood 132 establishment permitted under this sub-subparagraph is not 133 required to be separately permitted. The health care entity 134 receiving a prescription drug distributed under this sub-135 subparagraph must be licensed as a closed pharmacy or provide health care services at that establishment. The blood 136 137 establishment must operate in accordance with s. 381.06014 and 138 may distribute only:

(I) Prescription drugs indicated for a bleeding or clotting disorder or anemia;

(II) Blood-collection containers approved under s. 505 of the federal act;

(III) Drugs that are blood derivatives, or a recombinant or synthetic form of a blood derivative;

(IV) Prescription drugs that are identified in rules adopted by the department and that are essential to services performed or provided by blood establishments and authorized for distribution by blood establishments under federal law; or

149 (V) To the extent authorized by federal law, drugs 150 necessary to collect blood or blood components from volunteer 151 blood donors; for blood establishment personnel to perform 152 therapeutic procedures under the direction and supervision of a 153 licensed physician; and to diagnose, treat, manage, and prevent 154 any reaction of a volunteer blood donor or a patient undergoing 155 a therapeutic procedure performed under the direction and 156 supervision of a licensed physician,

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158 as long as all of the health care services provided by the blood 159 establishment are related to its activities as a registered 160 blood establishment or the health care services consist of 161 collecting, processing, storing, or administering human 162 hematopoietic stem cells or progenitor cells or performing diagnostic testing of specimens if such specimens are tested 163 164 together with specimens undergoing routine donor testing. The 165 blood establishment may purchase and possess the drugs described 166 in this sub-subparagraph without a health care clinic 167 establishment permit.

168 2. Storage, handling, and recordkeeping of these 169 distributions by a person required to be permitted as a restricted prescription drug distributor must be in accordance with the requirements for wholesale distributors under s. 499.0121, but not those set forth in s. 499.01212 if the 173 distribution occurs pursuant to sub-subparagraph 1.a. or subsubparagraph 1.b.

3. A person who applies for a permit as a restricted prescription drug distributor, or for the renewal of such a permit, must provide to the department the information required under s. 499.012.

179 4. The department may adopt rules regarding the distribution of prescription drugs by hospitals, health care 180 181 entities, charitable organizations, other persons not involved 182 in wholesale distribution, and blood establishments, which rules 183 are necessary for the protection of the public health, safety, 184 and welfare.

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(m) Medical oxygen retail establishment permit.- A medical

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186	oxygen retail establishment permit is required for any person
187	that sells medical oxygen to patients only. The sale must be
188	based on an order from a practitioner authorized by law to
189	prescribe. The term does not include a pharmacy licensed under
190	chapter 465.
191	1. A medical oxygen retail establishment may not possess,
192	purchase, sell, or trade any prescription drug other than
193	medical oxygen.
194	2. A medical oxygen retail establishment may refill medical
195	oxygen for an individual patient based on an order from a
196	practitioner authorized by law to prescribe. A medical oxygen
197	retail establishment that refills medical oxygen must comply
198	with all appropriate state and federal good manufacturing
199	practices.
200	3. A medical oxygen retail establishment must comply with
201	all of the wholesale distribution requirements of s. 499.0121.
202	4. Prescription medical oxygen sold by a medical oxygen
203	retail establishment pursuant to a practitioner's order may not
204	be returned into the retail establishment's inventory.
205	(n) Compressed medical gas wholesale distributor permit.—A
206	compressed medical gas wholesale distributor is a wholesale
207	distributor that is limited to the wholesale distribution of
208	compressed medical gases to other than the consumer or patient.
209	The compressed medical gas must be in the original sealed
210	container that was purchased by that wholesale distributor. A
211	compressed medical gas wholesale distributor may not possess or
212	engage in the wholesale distribution of any prescription drug
213	other than compressed medical gases. The department shall adopt
214	rules that govern the wholesale distribution of prescription
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215 medical oxygen for emergency use. With respect to the emergency 216 use of prescription medical oxygen, those rules may not be 217 inconsistent with rules and regulations of federal agencies 218 unless the Legislature specifically directs otherwise. 219 (o) Compressed medical gas manufacturer permit.-A compressed medical gas manufacturer permit is required for any 220 person that engages in the manufacture of compressed medical 221 222 gases or repackages compressed medical gases from one container 223 to another. 224 1. A compressed medical gas manufacturer may not 225 manufacture or possess any prescription drug other than 226 compressed medical gases. 227 2. A compressed medical gas manufacturer may engage in 228 wholesale distribution of compressed medical gases manufactured 229 at that establishment and must comply with all the provisions of 230 this part and the rules adopted under this part that apply to a 231 wholesale distributor. 232 3. A compressed medical gas manufacturer must comply with 233 all appropriate state and federal good manufacturing practices. 234 (5) A prescription drug repackager permit issued under this 235 part is not required for a restricted prescription drug 236 distributor permitholder that is a health care entity to 237 repackage prescription drugs in this state for its own use or 2.38 for distribution to hospitals or other health care entities in 239 the state for their own use, pursuant to s. 499.003(53)(a)3. s. 240 499.003(54)(a)3., if:

(a) The prescription drug distributor notifies the
department, in writing, of its intention to engage in
repackaging under this exemption, 30 days before engaging in the

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244 repackaging of prescription drugs at the permitted 245 establishment;

(b) The prescription drug distributor is under common control with the hospitals or other health care entities to which the prescription drug distributor is distributing prescription drugs. As used in this paragraph, "common control" means the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person or an organization, whether by ownership of stock, voting rights, contract, or otherwise;

(c) The prescription drug distributor repackages the prescription drugs in accordance with current state and federal good manufacturing practices; and

(d) The prescription drug distributor labels the prescription drug it repackages in accordance with state and federal laws and rules.

260 The prescription drug distributor is exempt from the product 261 registration requirements of s. 499.015 with regard to the 262 prescription drugs that it repackages and distributes under this 263 subsection.

Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 499.0121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

499.0121 Storage and handling of prescription drugs; recordkeeping.—The department shall adopt rules to implement this section as necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare. Such rules shall include, but not be limited to, requirements for the storage and handling of prescription drugs and for the establishment and maintenance of prescription drug distribution records.

(2) SECURITY.-

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(b) An establishment that is used for wholesale drug distribution must be equipped with:

1. An alarm system to detect entry after hours; however, the department may exempt by rule establishments that only hold a permit as prescription drug wholesale distributor-brokers. and establishments that only handle medical oxygen; and

2. A security system that will provide suitable protection against theft and diversion. When appropriate, the security system must provide protection against theft or diversion that is facilitated or hidden by tampering with computers or electronic records.

Section 5. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 499.01211, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

499.01211 Drug Wholesale Distributor Advisory Council.-

(1) There is created the Drug Wholesale Distributor Advisory Council within the department. The council shall meet at least once each calendar quarter. Staff for the council shall be provided by the department. The council shall consist of <u>12</u> 11 members who shall serve without compensation. The council shall elect a chairperson and a vice chairperson annually.

(2) The Secretary of Business and Professional Regulation or his or her designee and the Secretary of Health Care Administration or her or his designee shall be members of the council. The Secretary of Business and Professional Regulation shall appoint <u>10 nine</u> additional members to the council who shall be appointed to a term of 4 years each, as follows:

300 (a) Three different persons, each of whom is employed by a
 301 different prescription drug wholesale distributor permitted

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302 licensed under this part which operates nationally and is a 303 primary wholesale distributor, as defined in s. 499.003 s. 304 499.003(47). 305 (b) One person employed by a prescription drug wholesale 306 distributor permitted licensed under this part which is a 307 secondary wholesale distributor, as defined in s. 499.003 s. 308 499.003(52). 309 (c) One person employed by a retail pharmacy chain located 310 in this state. 311 (d) One person who is a member of the Board of Pharmacy and is a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465. 312 (e) One person who is a physician licensed pursuant to 313 314 chapter 458 or chapter 459. 315 (f) One person who is an employee of a hospital licensed 316 pursuant to chapter 395 and is a pharmacist licensed pursuant to 317 chapter 465. 318 (q) One person who is an employee of a pharmaceutical 319 manufacturer. 320 (h) One person who is an employee of a permitted medical 321 gas manufacturer or medical gas wholesale distributor and who 322 has been recommended by the Compressed Gas Association. 323 Section 6. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1), paragraph (b) 324 of subsection (2), and paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 499.041, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 325 326 499.041 Schedule of fees for drug, device, and cosmetic 327 applications and permits, product registrations, and free-sale 328 certificates.-329 (1) The department shall assess applicants requiring a 330 manufacturing permit an annual fee within the ranges established



331	in this section for the specific type of manufacturer.
332	(e) The fee for a compressed medical gas manufacturer
333	permit may not be less than \$400 or more than \$500 annually.
334	(2) The department shall assess an applicant that is
335	required to have a wholesaling permit an annual fee within the
336	ranges established in this section for the specific type of
337	wholesaling.
338	(b) The fee for a compressed medical gas wholesale
339	distributor permit may not be less than \$200 or more than \$300
340	annually.
341	(3) The department shall assess an applicant that is
342	required to have a retail establishment permit an annual fee
343	within the ranges established in this section for the specific
344	type of retail establishment.
345	(b) The fee for a medical oxygen retail establishment
346	permit may not be less than \$200 or more than \$300 annually.
347	Section 7. Section 499.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to
348	read:
349	499.05 Rules
350	(1) The department shall adopt rules to implement and
351	enforce this <u>chapter</u> part with respect to:
352	(a) The definition of terms used in this <u>chapter</u> part , and
353	used in the rules adopted under this <u>chapter</u> part , when the use
354	of the term is not its usual and ordinary meaning.
355	(b) Labeling requirements for drugs, devices, and
356	cosmetics.
357	(c) The establishment of fees authorized in this <u>chapter</u>
358	part.
359	(d) The identification of permits that require an initial

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360 application and onsite inspection or other prerequisites for 361 permitting which demonstrate that the establishment and person 362 are in compliance with the requirements of this chapter part.

(e) The application processes and forms for product registration.

(f) Procedures for requesting and issuing certificates of free sale.

(q) Inspections and investigations conducted under s. 499.051 or s. 499.93 s. 499.051, and the identification of information claimed to be a trade secret and exempt from the public records law as provided in s. 499.051(7).

(h) The establishment of a range of penalties, as provided in s. 499.066; requirements for notifying persons of the potential impact of a violation of this chapter part; and a process for the uncontested settlement of alleged violations.

(i) Additional conditions that qualify as an emergency medical reason under s. 499.003(53)(b)2. or s. 499.82 s. 499.003(54)(b)2.

(j) Procedures and forms relating to the pedigree paper requirement of s. 499.01212.

380 (k) The protection of the public health, safety, and 381 welfare regarding good manufacturing practices that manufacturers and repackagers must follow to ensure the safety 383 of the products.

(1) Information required from each retail establishment pursuant to s.499.012(3) or s 499.83(2)(c) s. 499.012(3), including requirements for prescriptions or orders.

(m) The recordkeeping, storage, and handling with respect to each of the distributions of prescription drugs specified in

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389 s. 499.003(53)(a)-(d) or s. 499.82(14) s. 499.003(54)(a)-(d). 390 (n) Alternatives to compliance with s. 499.01212 for a 391 prescription drug in the inventory of a permitted prescription 392 drug wholesale distributor as of June 30, 2006, and the return 393 of a prescription drug purchased prior to July 1, 2006. The 394 department may specify time limits for such alternatives. 395 (o) Wholesale distributor reporting requirements of s. 396 499.0121(14). (p) Wholesale distributor credentialing and distribution 397 398 requirements of s. 499.0121(15). 399 (2) With respect to products in interstate commerce, those 400 rules must not be inconsistent with rules and regulations of 401 federal agencies unless specifically otherwise directed by the 402 Legislature. 403 (3) The department shall adopt rules regulating 404 recordkeeping for and the storage, handling, and distribution of 405 medical devices and over-the-counter drugs to protect the public 406 from adulterated products. 407 Section 8. Subsections (1) through (4) of section 499.051, 408 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 409 499.051 Inspections and investigations.-410 (1) The agents of the department and of the Department of 411 Law Enforcement, after they present proper identification, may 412 inspect, monitor, and investigate any establishment permitted 413 pursuant to this chapter part during business hours for the 414 purpose of enforcing this chapter part, chapters 465, 501, and 415 893, and the rules of the department that protect the public health, safety, and welfare. 416

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(2) In addition to the authority set forth in subsection



(1), the department and any duly designated officer or employee of the department may enter and inspect any other establishment for the purpose of determining compliance with this <u>chapter</u> part and rules adopted under this <u>chapter</u> part regarding any drug, device, or cosmetic product.

423 (3) Any application for a permit or product registration or 424 for renewal of such permit or registration made pursuant to this 425 chapter part and rules adopted under this chapter part 42.6 constitutes permission for any entry or inspection of the 427 premises in order to verify compliance with this chapter part 428 and rules; to discover, investigate, and determine the existence 429 of compliance; or to elicit, receive, respond to, and resolve 430 complaints and violations.

431 (4) Any application for a permit made pursuant to s. 432 499.012 or s. 499.831 and rules adopted under those sections 433 that section constitutes permission for agents of the department 434 and the Department of Law Enforcement, after presenting proper 435 identification, to inspect, review, and copy any financial 436 document or record related to the manufacture, repackaging, or 437 distribution of a drug as is necessary to verify compliance with this chapter part and the rules adopted by the department to 438 439 administer this chapter part, in order to discover, investigate, 440 and determine the existence of compliance, or to elicit, receive, respond to, and resolve complaints and violations. 441

442 Section 9. Subsections (1) through (4) of section 499.066,443 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

444 499.066 Penalties; remedies.—In addition to other penalties 445 and other enforcement provisions:

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(1) The department may institute such suits or other legal



447 proceedings as are required to enforce any provision of this 448 <u>chapter part</u>. If it appears that a person has violated any 449 provision of this <u>chapter part</u> for which criminal prosecution is 450 provided, the department may provide the appropriate state 451 attorney or other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with 452 respect to such prosecution with the relevant information in the 453 department's possession.

454 (2) If any person engaged in any activity covered by this 455 chapter part violates any provision of this chapter part, any 456 rule adopted under this chapter part, or a cease and desist 457 order as provided by this chapter part, the department may 458 obtain an injunction in the circuit court of the county in which 459 the violation occurred or in which the person resides or has its 460 principal place of business, and may apply in that court for 461 such temporary and permanent orders as the department considers 462 necessary to restrain the person from engaging in any such 463 activities until the person complies with this chapter part, the 464 rules adopted under this chapter part, and the orders of the 465 department authorized by this chapter part or to mandate 466 compliance with this chapter part, the rules adopted under this 467 chapter part, and any order or permit issued by the department 468 under this chapter part.

(3) The department may impose an administrative fine, not
to exceed \$5,000 per violation per day, for the violation of any
provision of this <u>chapter</u> part or rules adopted under this
<u>chapter</u> part. Each day a violation continues constitutes a
separate violation, and each separate violation is subject to a
separate fine. All amounts collected pursuant to this section
shall be deposited into the Professional Regulation Trust Fund

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476 and are appropriated for the use of the department in 477 administering this <u>chapter</u> part. In determining the amount of 478 the fine to be levied for a violation, the department shall 479 consider: 480 (a) The severity of the violation;

481 (b) Any actions taken by the person to correct the482 violation or to remedy complaints; and

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(c) Any previous violations.

(4) The department shall deposit any rewards, fines, or 484 485 collections that are due the department and which derive from 486 joint enforcement activities with other state and federal 487 agencies which relate to this chapter part, chapter 893, or the 488 federal act, into the Professional Regulation Trust Fund. The 489 proceeds of those rewards, fines, and collections are 490 appropriated for the use of the department in administering this 491 chapter part.

Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 499.0661, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

495 499.0661 Cease and desist orders; removal of certain 496 persons.-

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(1) CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS.-

(a) In addition to any authority otherwise provided in this chapter, the department may issue and serve a complaint stating charges upon <u>a</u> any permittee or upon <u>an</u> any affiliated party, whenever the department has reasonable cause to believe that the person or individual named therein is engaging in or has engaged in conduct that is:

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1. An act that demonstrates a lack of fitness or

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505 trustworthiness to engage in the business authorized under the 506 permit issued pursuant to this <u>chapter</u> part, is hazardous to the 507 public health, or constitutes business operations that are a 508 detriment to the public health;

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2. A violation of <u>a</u> any provision of this <u>chapter</u> part;

3. A violation of $\underline{a} \operatorname{any}$ rule of the department;

4. A violation of <u>an</u> any order of the department; or

5. A breach of <u>a</u> any written agreement with the department.

(2) REMOVAL OF AFFILIATED PARTIES BY THE DEPARTMENT.-

(a) The department may issue and serve a complaint stating charges upon <u>an</u> any affiliated party and upon the permittee involved whenever the department has reason to believe that an affiliated party is engaging in or has engaged in conduct that constitutes:

519 1. An act that demonstrates a lack of fitness or 520 trustworthiness to engage in the business authorized under the 521 permit issued pursuant to this <u>chapter</u> part, is hazardous to the 522 public health, or constitutes business operations that are a 523 detriment to the public health;

2. A willful violation of this <u>chapter</u> part; however, if the violation constitutes a misdemeanor, a complaint may not be served as provided in this section until the affiliated party is notified in writing of the matter of the violation and has been afforded a reasonable period of time, as set forth in the notice, to correct the violation and has failed to do so;

530 3. A violation of <u>a</u> any other law involving fraud or moral 531 turpitude which constitutes a felony;

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4. A willful violation of <u>a</u> any rule of the department;
5. A willful violation of <u>an</u> any order of the department;

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534 or 6. A material misrepresentation of fact, made knowingly and 535 536 willfully or made with reckless disregard for the truth of the 537 matter. 538 Section 11. Section 499.067, Florida Statutes, is amended 539 to read: 499.067 Denial, suspension, or revocation of permit, 540 541 certification, or registration.-(1) (a) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a permit 542 543 if it finds that there has been a substantial failure to comply 544 with this chapter part or chapter 465, chapter 501, or chapter 545 893, the rules adopted under this part or those chapters, any 546 final order of the department, or applicable federal laws or 547 regulations or other state laws or rules governing drugs, 548 devices, or cosmetics. 549 (b) The department may deny an application for a permit or 550 certification, or suspend or revoke a permit or certification, 551 if the department finds that: 552 1. The applicant is not of good moral character or that it 553 would be a danger or not in the best interest of the public 554 health, safety, and welfare if the applicant were issued a 555 permit or certification. 556 2. The applicant has not met the requirements for the 557 permit or certification. 558 3. The applicant is not eligible for a permit or 559 certification for any of the reasons enumerated in s. 499.012. 560 4. The applicant, permittee, or person certified under s. 499.012(16) demonstrates any of the conditions enumerated in s. 561 499.012. 562

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563 5. The applicant, permittee, or person certified under s. 564 499.012(16) has committed any violation of <u>this chapter</u> ss. 565 499.005-499.0054.

566 (2) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke any
567 registration required by the provisions of this <u>chapter</u> part for
568 the violation of any provision of this <u>chapter</u> part or of any
569 rules adopted under this <u>chapter</u> part.

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(3) The department may revoke or suspend a permit:

571 (a) If the permit was obtained by misrepresentation or572 fraud or through a mistake of the department;

(b) If the permit was procured, or attempted to be procured, for any other person by making or causing to be made any false representation; or

(c) If the permittee has violated any provision of this <u>chapter</u> part or rules adopted under this <u>chapter</u> part.

578 (4) If a any permit issued under this chapter part is 579 revoked or suspended, the owner, manager, operator, or 580 proprietor of the establishment shall cease to operate as the 581 permit authorized, from the effective date of the suspension or 582 revocation until the person is again registered with the 583 department and possesses the required permit. If a permit is 584 revoked or suspended, the owner, manager, or proprietor shall 585 remove all signs and symbols that identify the operation as 586 premises permitted as a drug wholesaling establishment; drug, 587 device, or cosmetic manufacturing establishment; or retail 588 establishment. The department shall determine the length of time 589 for which the permit is to be suspended. If a permit is revoked, 590 the person that owns or operates the establishment may not apply for <u>a</u> any permit under this <u>chapter</u> part for a period of 1 year 591

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592 after the date of the revocation. A revocation of a permit may 593 be permanent if the department considers that to be in the best 594 interest of the public health.

595 (5) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a permit 596 issued under this part which authorizes the permittee to 597 purchase prescription drugs if an any owner, officer, employee, 598 or other person who participates in administering or operating 599 the establishment has been found quilty of a any violation of 600 this chapter part or chapter 465, chapter 501, or chapter 893, 601 any rules adopted under this part or those chapters, or any federal or state drug law, regardless of whether the person has 602 603 been pardoned, had her or his civil rights restored, or had 604 adjudication withheld.

(6) The department shall deny, suspend, or revoke the permit of <u>a</u> any person or establishment if the assignment, sale, transfer, or lease of an establishment permitted under this <u>chapter</u> part will avoid an administrative penalty, civil action, or criminal prosecution.

(7) Notwithstanding s. 120.60(5), if a permittee fails to 610 611 comply with s. 499.012(6) or s. 499.833, as applicable, the 612 department may revoke the permit of the permittee and shall 613 provide notice of the intended agency action by posting a notice 614 at the department's headquarters and by mailing a copy of the notice of intended agency action by certified mail to the most 615 616 recent mailing address on record with the department and, if the 617 permittee is not a natural person, to the permittee's registered 618 agent on file with the Department of State.

619 (8) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a permit620 under this part if it finds the permittee has not complied with

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621	the credentialing requirements of s. 499.0121(15).
622	(9) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a permit
623	under this part if it finds the permittee has not complied with
624	the reporting requirements of, or knowingly made a false
625	statement in a report required by, s. 499.0121(14).
626	Section 12. Part III of chapter 499, Florida Statutes,
627	consisting of ss. 499.81-499.94, Florida Statutes, is created
628	and entitled "Medical Gas."
629	Section 13. Section 499.81, Florida Statutes, is created to
630	read:
631	499.81 Administration and enforcement
632	(1) This part is cumulative and shall be construed and
633	applied as being in addition to, and not in substitution for or
634	limiting any powers, duties, or authority of the department
635	under any other law of this state; except that, with respect to
636	the regulation of medical gas, this part controls over any
637	conflicting provisions.
638	(2) The department shall administer and enforce this part
639	to prevent fraud, adulteration, misbranding, or false
640	advertising in the manufacture and distribution of medical
641	gases.
642	(3) For the purpose of an investigation or proceeding
643	conducted by the department under this part, the department may
644	administer oaths, take depositions, subpoena witnesses, and
645	compel the production of books, papers, documents, or other
646	records. Challenges to, and enforcement of, subpoenas and orders
647	shall be handled as provided in s. 120.569.
648	(4) Each state attorney, county attorney, or municipal
649	attorney to whom the department or its designated agent reports

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650	a violation of this part shall cause appropriate proceedings to
651	be instituted in the proper courts without delay and prosecuted
652	as required by law.
653	(5) This part does not require the department to report,
654	for the purpose of instituting proceedings under this part,
655	minor violations of this part when the department believes that
656	the public interest will be adequately served by a written
657	notice or warning.
658	Section 14. Section 499.82, Florida Statutes, is created to
659	read:
660	499.82 DefinitionsAs used in this part, the term:
661	(1) "Adulterated," means a medical gas that:
662	(a) Consists, in whole or in part, of impurities or
663	deleterious substances exceeding normal specifications;
664	(b) Is produced, prepared, packed, or held under conditions
665	whereby the medical gas may have been contaminated causing it to
666	be rendered injurious to health; or if the methods used in, or
667	the facilities or controls used for, its manufacture,
668	processing, packing, or holding do not conform to or are not
669	operated or administered in conformity with current good
670	manufacturing practices to ensure that the medical gas meets the
671	requirements of this part as to safety and has the identity and
672	strength and meets the quality and purity characteristics that
673	the medical gas is represented to possess;
674	(c) Is held in a container with an interior that is
675	composed in whole or in part of a poisonous or deleterious
676	substance that may render the contents injurious to health; or
677	(d) Is represented as having a strength differing from, or
678	quality or purity falling below, the standard set forth in the

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679	USP-NF. A medical gas defined in USP-NF may not be deemed to be
680	adulterated under this paragraph merely because it differs from
681	the standard of strength, quality, or purity set forth in the
682	USP-NF if its difference in strength, quality, or purity from
683	that standard is plainly stated on its label. The determination
684	as to strength, quality, or purity shall be made:
685	1. In accordance with the tests or methods of assay in the
686	USP-NF or its validated equivalent; or
687	2. In the absence or inadequacy of such tests or methods of
688	assay, in accordance with the tests or methods of assay
689	prescribed under the federal act.
690	(2) "Department" means the Department of Business and
691	Professional Regulation.
692	(3) "Distribute" or "distribution" means to sell; offer to
693	sell; deliver; offer to deliver; transfer by either the passage
694	of title, physical movement, or both; broker; or give away a
695	medical gas. The term does not include:
696	(a) The dispensing or administration of a medical gas;
697	(b) The delivery of, or an offer to deliver, a medical gas
698	by a common carrier in its usual course of business; or
699	(c) Sales activities taking place in a location owned,
700	controlled, or staffed by persons employed by a person or entity
701	permitted in this state to distribute a medical gas, if that
702	location is not used to physically store or move a medical gas.
703	(4) "Emergency medical reasons" include:
704	(a) Transfers between wholesale distributors or between a
705	wholesale distributor and a retail pharmacy or health care
706	entity to alleviate a temporary shortage of a medical gas
707	arising from a long-term delay or interruption of regular

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distribution schedules.
(b) Sales or transfers to licensed emergency medical
services in this state, including ambulance companies and
firefighting organizations.
(c) The provision of emergency supplies of medical gases to
nursing homes during the hours of the day when necessary medical
gases cannot normally be obtained from the nursing home's
regular distributors.
(d) The transfer of medical gases between retail pharmacies
to alleviate a temporary shortage.
(5) "Emergency use oxygen" means oxygen USP administered in
emergency situations without a prescription for oxygen
deficiency and resuscitation. The container must be labeled in
accordance with requirements of the United States Food and Drug
Administration.
(6) "Federal act" means the Federal Food, Drug, and
Cosmetic Act.
(7) "Medical gas" means a liquefied or vaporized gas that
is a prescription drug, whether alone or in combination with
other gases, and as defined in the federal act.
(8) "Medical gas-related equipment" means a device used as
a component part or accessory used to contain or control the
flow, delivery, or pressure during the administration of a
medical gas, such as liquid oxygen base and portable units,
pressure regulators and flow meters, and oxygen concentrators.
(9) "Misbranded" means having a label that is false or
misleading; a label without the name and address of the
manufacturer, repackager, or distributor and without an accurate
statement of the quantities of active ingredients; or a label
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737	without an accurate monograph for the medical gas, except in the
738	case of mixtures of designated medical gases where the label
739	identifies the component percentages of each designated medical
740	gas used to make the mixture.
741	(10) "Medical oxygen" means oxygen USP which must be
742	labeled in compliance with labeling requirements for oxygen
743	under the federal act.
744	(11) "Product labeling" means the labels and other written,
745	printed, or graphic matter upon an article, or the containers or
746	wrappers that accompany an article, except for letters, numbers,
747	and symbols stamped into the container as required by the
748	federal Department of Transportation.
749	(12) "USP" means United States Pharmacopeial Convention.
750	(13) "USP-NF" means United States Pharmacopeia-National
751	Formulary.
752	(14) "Wholesale distribution" means the distribution of
753	medical gas to a person other than a consumer or patient.
754	Wholesale distribution of medical gases does not include:
755	(a) The sale, purchase, or trade of a medical gas; an offer
756	to sell, purchase, or trade a medical gas; or the dispensing of
757	a medical gas pursuant to a prescription;
758	(b) Activities exempt from the definition of wholesale
759	distribution in s. 499.003; or
760	(c) Other transactions excluded from the definition of
761	wholesale distribution under the federal act or regulations
762	implemented under the federal act related to medical gas.
763	(15) "Wholesale distributor" means any person or entity
764	engaged in wholesale distribution of medical gas within or into
765	this state, including, but not limited to, manufacturers; own-

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766	label distributors; private-label distributors; warehouses,
767	including manufacturers' and distributors' warehouses; and
768	wholesale medical gas warehouses.
769	Section 15. Section 499.83, Florida Statutes, is created to
770	read:
771	499.83 Permits
772	(1) A person or entity that intends to distribute medical
773	gas within or into this state, unless exempted under this part,
774	must obtain the applicable permit before operating as:
775	(a) A medical gas wholesale distributor;
776	(b) A medical gas manufacturer; or
777	(c) A medical oxygen retail establishment.
778	(2) The following permits are established:
779	(a) Medical gas wholesale distributor permit.—A medical gas
780	wholesale distributor permit is required for wholesale
781	distribution, whether within or into this state. A medical gas
782	must remain in the original container obtained by the wholesale
783	distributor and the wholesale distributor may not engage in
784	further manufacturing operations unless it possesses a medical
785	gas manufacturer permit. A medical gas wholesale distributor may
786	not possess or engage in the wholesale distribution of a
787	prescription drug that is not a medical gas or distribute a
788	medical gas other than by wholesale distribution unless
789	otherwise authorized.
790	(b) Medical gas manufacturer permit.—A medical gas
791	manufacturer permit is required for a person or entity located
792	in this state which engages in the manufacture of medical gases
793	by physical air separation, chemical action, purification, or
794	filling containers by a liquid-to-liquid, liquid-to-gas, or gas-

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795 to-gas process and distributes those medical gases within this 796 state. 1. A permitted medical gas manufacturer may not manufacture 797 798 or possess a prescription drug other than a medical gas, unless 799 otherwise authorized. 800 2. A permitted medical gas manufacturer may not distribute 801 a medical gas without obtaining the applicable permit, except 802 that it may engage in wholesale distribution of medical gases 803 that it manufactured without obtaining a medical gas wholesale 804 distributor permit if it complies with this part and the rules 805 adopted under this part that apply to a wholesale distributor. 806 3. A permitted medical gas manufacturer shall comply with 807 all of the requirements applicable to a wholesale distributor 808 under this part and all appropriate state and federal good 809 manufacturing practices. 810 (c) Medical oxygen retail establishment permit.-A medical oxygen retail establishment permit is required for an entity 811 812 that is located in the state and that dispenses medical oxygen 813 directly to patients in this state. The sale and delivery must 814 be based on an order from a practitioner authorized by law to 815 prescribe. A pharmacy licensed under chapter 465 does not 816 require a permit as a medical oxygen retail establishment. 817 1. A medical oxygen retail establishment may not possess, 818 purchase, sell, or trade a medical gas other than medical 819 oxygen, unless otherwise authorized. 820 2. A medical oxygen retail establishment may fill and 821 deliver medical oxygen to an individual patient based on an 822 order from a practitioner authorized by law to prescribe. The 823 medical oxygen retail establishment must comply with all

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824	appropriate state and federal good manufacturing practices.
825	Medical oxygen sold or delivered by a medical oxygen retail
826	establishment pursuant to an order from a practitioner may not
827	be returned into the retail establishment's inventory.
828	3. A medical oxygen retail establishment shall comply with
829	all of the requirements applicable to a wholesale distributor
830	under this part, except for those requirements that pertain
831	solely to nitrous oxide.
832	(3) An out-of-state wholesale distributor that engages in
833	wholesale distribution into this state must be legally
834	authorized to engage in the wholesale distribution of medical
835	gases as a wholesale distributor in the state in which it
836	resides or is incorporated and provide proof of registration as
837	set forth in s. 499.93(3), if required.
838	(4) A wholesale distributor may not operate from a place of
839	residence, and a place of residence may not be granted a permit
840	or operate under this part, except for the on-call delivery of
841	home care oxygen for wholesale distributors that also maintain a
842	medical oxygen retail establishment permit.
843	(5) If wholesale distribution is conducted at more than one
844	location within this state or more than one location
845	distributing into this state, each location must be permitted by
846	the department.
847	Section 16. Section 499.831, Florida Statutes, is created
848	to read:
849	499.831 Permit application
850	(1) The department shall adopt rules to establish the form
851	and content of the application to obtain a permit and to renew a
852	permit listed under this part.

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853	(2) An applicant must be at least 18 years of age or be
854	managed, controlled, or overseen, directly or indirectly, by a
855	natural person who is at least 18 years of age.
856	(3) An application for a permit must be filed with the
857	department and must include all of the following information:
858	(a) The trade or business name of the applicant, including
859	a fictitious name, which may not be identical to a name used by
860	an unrelated entity permitted in this state to dispense or
861	distribute medical gas.
862	(b) The name or names of the owner and operator of the
863	applicant, if not the same person or entity. The application
864	must also include:
865	1. If the applicant is an individual, the applicant's name,
866	business address, and date of birth.
867	2. If the applicant is a sole proprietorship, the business
868	address of the sole proprietor and the name and federal employer
869	identification number of the business entity.
870	3. If the applicant is a partnership, the name, business
871	address, date of birth of each partner, the name of the
872	partnership, and the partnership's federal employer
873	identification number.
874	4. If the applicant is a limited liability company, the
875	name, business address, and title of each company officer, the
876	name of the limited liability company and federal employer
877	identification number, and the name of the state in which the
878	limited liability company was organized.
879	5. If the applicant is a corporation, the name, business
880	address, and title of each corporate officer and director, the
881	corporate names, the state of incorporation, the federal

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882	employer identification number, and, if applicable, the name and
883	business address of the parent company.
884	(c) A list of disciplinary actions pertinent to wholesale
885	distributors, manufacturers, and retailers of prescription drugs
886	or controlled substances by a state or federal agency against
887	the applicant seeking to distribute into this state and any such
888	disciplinary actions against such applicant's principals,
889	owners, directors, or officers.
890	(d) A complete disclosure of all of the applicant's past
891	felony convictions.
892	(e) An address and description of each facility and
893	warehouse, including all locations used for medical gas storage
894	or wholesale distribution including a description of each
895	facility's security system.
896	(4) An applicant shall attest in writing that the
897	information contained in its application is complete and
898	accurate.
899	(5) An applicant must submit a reasonable fee, to be
900	determined by the department, in order to obtain a permit.
901	(a) The fee for a medical gas wholesale distributor permit
902	may not be less than \$200 or more than \$300 annually.
903	(b) The fee for a medical gas manufacturer permit may not
904	be less than \$400 or more than \$500 annually.
905	(c) The fee for a medical oxygen retail establishment
906	permit may not be less than \$200 or more than \$300 annually.
907	(6) Upon approval of the application by the department and
908	payment of the required fee, the department shall issue a permit
909	to the applicant pursuant to the rules adopted under this part.
910	Section 17. Section 499.832, Florida Statutes, is created

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911	to read:
912	499.832 Expiration and renewal of a permit
913	(1) A permit issued under this part automatically expires 2
914	years after the last day of the month in which the permit was
915	originally issued.
916	(2) A permit issued under this part may be renewed by
917	submitting an application for renewal on a form furnished by the
918	department and paying the appropriate fee. The application for
919	renewal must contain a statement by the applicant attesting that
920	the information is true and correct. Upon approval of a renewal
921	application by the department and payment of the required
922	renewal fee, the department shall renew a permit issued under
923	this part pursuant to the rules adopted under this part.
924	(3) A renewal application may be accepted up to 60 days
925	after the expiration date of the permit if, along with the
926	permit renewal fee, the applicant submits an additional renewal
927	delinquent fee of \$100. A permit that expired more than 60 days
928	before a renewal application was submitted or postmarked may not
929	be renewed.
930	(4) Failure to renew a permit in accordance with this
931	section precludes future renewal. If a permit has expired and
932	cannot be renewed, the person, entity, or establishment holding
933	the permit must cease all permit related activities. In order to
934	engage in activities that require a permit the person, entity,
935	or establishment must submit an application for a new permit,
936	pay the applicable application fee, the initial permit fee, and
937	all applicable penalties, and be issued a new permit by the
938	department before engaging in an activity that requires a permit
939	under this part.

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940	(5) The department shall adopt rules to administer this
941	section, including setting a reasonable fee for a renewal
942	application.
943	Section 18. Section 499.833, Florida Statutes, is created
944	to read:
945	499.833 Permitholder changes
946	(1) A permit issued under this part is valid only for the
947	person or entity to which it is issued and is not subject to
948	sale, assignment, or other transfer, voluntarily or
949	involuntarily.
950	(2) A permit issued under this part is not valid for an
951	establishment other than the establishment for which it was
952	originally issued.
953	(3) The department may approve the following permit
954	changes:
955	(a) Change of locationA person or entity permitted under
956	this part must notify and receive approval from the department
957	before changing location. The department shall set a change-of-
958	location fee not to exceed \$100.
959	(b) Change in ownershipIf a majority of the ownership or
960	controlling interest of a permitted establishment is transferred
961	or assigned or if a lessee agrees to undertake or provide
962	services such that legal liability for operation of the
963	establishment will rest with the lessee, an application for a
964	new permit is required. Such application must be submitted and
965	approved by the department before the change of ownership takes
966	place. However, if a permitted wholesale distributor or
967	manufacturer is changing ownership and the new owner has held
968	another permit that allows the wholesale distribution of medical
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969	gas under this chapter for the preceding 18 months without
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	having been found in violation of the provisions of this chapter
	relating to medical gases, then the new owner may operate under
	the permit of the acquired entity if the new owner submits the
	application for a new permit by the first business day after
974	ownership is transferred or assigned. A new owner operating
975	under the original permit is responsible for compliance with all
976	laws and regulations governing medical gas. If the application
977	is denied, the new owner shall immediately cease operation at
978	the establishment until a permit is issued to the new owner.
979	(c) Change of nameA permitholder may make a change of
980	business name without submitting a new permit application.
981	However, the permitholder must notify the department before
982	making the name change.
983	(d) ClosureIf an establishment permitted under this part
84	closes, the owner must notify the department, in writing, before
85	the effective date of the closure and must:
86	1. Return the permit to the department; and
87	2. Indicate the disposition of any medical gas authorized
88	to be distributed or dispensed under the permit, including the
9	name, address, and inventory, and provide the name and address
90	of a person to contact regarding access to the records that are
91	required to be maintained under this part. Transfer of ownership
92	of medical gas may be made only to persons authorized to receive
93	medical gas pursuant to this part.
94	(e) Change in informationAny change in the information
95	required under this part, other than the changes in paragraphs
96	(a)-(d), shall be submitted to the department within 30 days
97	after such change occurs.

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998	(4) A permitholder in good standing may change the type of
999	permit issued by completing a new application for the requested
1000	permit, meeting the applicable permitting requirements for the
1001	new permit type, and paying any difference between the permit
1002	fees. A refund may not be issued if the fee for the new permit
1003	is less than the fee that was paid for the original permit. The
1004	new permit retains the expiration date of the original permit.
1005	Section 19. Section 499.834, Florida Statutes, is created
1006	to read:
1007	499.834 Minimum qualificationsThe department shall
1008	consider all of the following factors in determining eligibility
1009	for, and renewal of, a permit for a person or entity under this
1010	part:
1011	(1) A finding by the department that the applicant has
1012	violated or been disciplined by a regulatory agency in any state
1013	for violating a federal, state, or local law relating to
1014	prescription drugs.
1015	(2) Felony convictions of the applicant under a federal,
1016	state, or local law.
1017	(3) The applicant's past experience in the manufacture,
1018	retail, or distribution of medical gases.
1019	(4) False or fraudulent material provided by the applicant
1020	in an application made in connection with the manufacturing,
1021	retailing, or distribution of prescription drugs.
1022	(5) Any suspension, sanction, or revocation by a federal,
1023	state, or local government against a license or permit currently
1024	or previously held by the applicant or its owners for violations
1025	of a federal, state, or local law regarding prescription drugs.
1026	(6) Compliance with previously granted licenses or permits.

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1027	(7) Compliance with the requirements that distributors or
1028	retailers of medical gases maintain records and make records
1029	available to the department licensing authority or federal,
1030	state, or local law enforcement officials.
1031	(8) Other factors or qualifications the department
1032	considers relevant to and consistent with the public health and
1033	safety.
1034	Section 20. Section 499.84, Florida Statutes, is created to
1035	read:
1036	499.84 Minimum requirements for the storage and handling of
1037	medical gases
1038	(1) A facility where a medical gas is received, stored,
1039	warehoused, handled, held, offered, marketed, displayed, or
1040	transported, to avoid any negative effect on the identity,
1041	strength, quality, or purity of the medical gas, must:
1042	(a) Be of suitable construction to ensure that medical
1043	gases are maintained in accordance with the product labeling of
1044	the medical gas or in compliance with the USP-NF;
1045	(b) Be of suitable size and construction to facilitate
1046	cleaning, maintenance, and proper permitted operations;
1047	(c) Have adequate storage areas with appropriate lighting,
1048	ventilation, space, equipment, and security conditions.
1049	(d) Have a quarantined area for storage of medical gases
1050	that are suspected of being misbranded, adulterated, or
1051	otherwise unfit for distribution;
1052	(e) Be maintained in an orderly condition;
1053	(f) Be located in a commercial location and not in a
1054	personal dwelling or residence location, except that a personal
1055	dwelling location used for on-call delivery of oxygen USP for

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1056	homecare use if the person providing on-call delivery is
1057	employed by or acting under a written contract with an entity
1058	that holds a medical oxygen retailer permit;
1059	(g) Provide for the secure and confidential storage of
1060	patient information, if applicable, with restricted access and
1061	policies and procedures to protect the integrity and
1062	confidentiality of patient information; and
1063	(h) Provide and maintain appropriate inventory controls to
1064	detect and document any theft of nitrous oxide.
1065	(2) Medical gas shall be stored under appropriate
1066	conditions in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations
1067	on product labeling and department rules or, in the absence of
1068	rules, in accordance with applicable industry standards.
1069	(3) Medical gas shall be packaged in accordance with
1070	official compendium standards, such as the USP-NF.
1071	Section 21. Section 499.85, Florida Statutes, is created to
1072	read:
1073	499.85 Security
1074	(1) A permitholder that has a facility used for the
1075	distribution or retailing of medical gases shall protect such
1076	gases from unauthorized access by implementing all of the
1077	following security measures:
1078	(a) Keeping access from outside the premises well-
1079	controlled and to a minimum.
1080	(b) Ensuring the outside perimeter of the premises is well
1081	lit.
1082	(c) Limiting access into areas where medical gases are held
1083	to authorized personnel.
1084	(d) Equipping all facilities with a fence or other system

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1085	to detect or deter entry after hours.
1086	(2) A facility used for distributing or retailing medical
1087	gases shall be equipped with a system that provides suitable
1088	protection against theft, including if appropriate, protection
1089	against theft of computers or electronic records and the
1090	protection of the integrity and confidentiality of data and
1091	documents.
1092	(3) A facility used for wholesale distribution of medical
1093	gases shall be equipped with inventory management and control
1094	systems that protect against, detect, and document any instances
1095	of theft of nitrous oxide.
1096	(4) If a wholesale distributor uses electronic distribution
1097	records, the wholesale distributor shall employ, train, and
1098	document the training of personnel in the proper use of such
1099	technology and equipment.
1100	(5) Vehicles used for on-call delivery of oxygen USP and
1101	oxygen-related equipment for home care use by home care
1102	providers may be parked at a place of residence and must be
1103	locked and equipped with an audible alarm when not attended.
1104	(6) The department shall adopt rules that govern the
1105	distribution of medical oxygen for emergency use by persons
1106	authorized to receive emergency use oxygen. Unless the laws of
1107	this state specifically direct otherwise, such rules must be
1108	consistent with federal regulations, including the labeling
1109	requirements of oxygen under the federal act.
1110	Section 22. Section 499.86, Florida Statutes, is created to
1111	read:
1112	499.86 Examination of materials
1113	(1) A wholesale distributor must visually examine a medical

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1114	gas container upon receipt from the manufacturer in order to
1115	identify the medical gas stored within and to determine if the
1116	container has been damaged or is otherwise unfit for
1117	distribution. Such examination must occur in a manner that would
1118	reveal damage to the container which could suggest possible
1119	adulteration or misbranding.
1120	(2) A medical gas container that is found to be damaged or
1121	otherwise unfit pursuant to subsection (1) must be quarantined
1122	from the stock of medical gas until a determination is made that
1123	the medical gas in question is not misbranded or adulterated.
1124	(3) An outgoing shipment must be inspected to identify the
1125	medical gases in the shipment to ensure that medical gas
1126	containers that have been damaged in storage or held under
1127	improper conditions are not distributed or dispensed.
1128	(4) A wholesale distributor must review records documenting
1129	the acquisition of medical gas upon receipt for accuracy and
1130	completeness.
1131	Section 23. Section 499.87, Florida Statutes, is created to
1132	read:
1133	499.87 Returned, damaged, and outdated medical gas
1134	(1) A medical gas that has left the control of the
1135	wholesale distributor may be returned to the wholesale
1136	distributor or manufacturer from which it was acquired, but may
1137	not be resold as a medical gas unless it is reprocessed by a
1138	manufacturer using proper and adequate controls to ensure the
1139	identity, strength, quality, and purity of the reprocessed
1140	medical gas.
1141	(2) A medical gas that has been subjected to improper
1142	conditions, such as a fire, accident, or natural disaster, may



1143 not be salvaged or reprocessed. (3) A medical gas, including its container, which is 1144 1145 damaged, misbranded, or adulterated must be quarantined from 1146 other medical gases until it is destroyed or returned to the 1147 manufacturer or wholesale distributor from which it was 1148 acquired. External contamination of a medical gas container or closure system which does not impact the integrity of the 1149 1150 medical gas is not considered damaged or adulterated for 1151 purposes of this subsection. If a medical gas is adulterated or 1152 misbranded or suspected of being adulterated or misbranded, 1153 notice shall be provided to the manufacturer or wholesale 1154 distributor from which the medical gas was acquired and to the 1155 appropriate boards and federal regulatory bodies. 1156 (4) A medical gas container that has been opened or used 1157 but is not adulterated or misbranded is considered empty and 1158 must be quarantined from nonempty medical gas containers and 1159 returned to the manufacturer or wholesale distributor from which 1160 it was acquired for destruction or reprocessing. 1161 (5) A medical gas, its container, or its associated 1162 documentation or labeling that is suspected of being used in 1163 criminal activity must be retained until its disposition is 1164 authorized by the department or an applicable law enforcement 1165 agency. Section 24. Section 499.88, Florida Statutes, is created to 1166 1167 read: 499.88 Due diligence.-1168 1169 (1) A wholesale distributor shall obtain, before the initial acquisition of medical gas, the following information 1170 1171 from the supplying wholesale distributor or manufacturer:

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1172 (a) If a manufacturer is distributing to a wholesale 1173 distributor, evidence that the manufacturer is registered and 1174 the medical gas is listed with the United States Food and Drug 1175 Administration; 1176 (b) If a wholesale distributor is distributing to a 1177 wholesale distributor, evidence that the wholesale distributor supplying the medical gas is legally authorized to distribute 1178 1179 medical gas within or into the state; 1180 (c) The name of the responsible facility contact person for the supplying manufacturer or wholesale distributor; and 1181 1182 (d) Certification that the manufacturer's or wholesale 1183 distributor's policies and procedures comply with this part. 1184 (2) A wholesale distributor is exempt from obtaining the 1185 information from a manufacturer, as required under subsection 1186 (1), if the manufacturer is registered with the United States 1187 Food and Drug Administration in accordance with s. 510 of the 1188 federal act and the manufacturer provides: 1189 (a) Proof of such registration; and 1190 (b) Proof of inspection by the United States Food and Drug 1191 Administration or other regulatory body within the past 3 years 1192 demonstrating substantial compliance with current good 1193 manufacturing practices applicable to medical gases. 1194 (3) A manufacturer or wholesale distributor that 1195 distributes to or acquires medical gas from another wholesale 1196 distributor shall provide to or obtain from the distributing or acquiring manufacturer or distributor the information required 1197 1198 by s. 499.89(1), as applicable. 1199 Section 25. Section 499.89, Florida Statutes, is created to 1200 read:

1201	499.89 Recordkeeping
1202	(1) A permitholder under this part shall establish and
1203	maintain a record of transactions regarding the receipt and the
1204	distribution, or other disposition, of medical gases, as
1205	applicable. Such records constitute an audit trail and must
1206	contain information sufficient to perform a recall of medical
1207	gas in compliance with 21 C.F.R. s. 211.196 and 21 C.F.R. s.
1208	820.160(b). Such records must include all of the following
1209	information, which may be kept in two separate documents one
1210	related to the distribution of medical gas and the other related
1211	to the receipt of medical gas:
1212	(a) The dates of receipt and distribution or other
1213	disposition of the medical gas.
1214	(b) The name, address, license or permit number and its
1215	expiration date for the person or entity purchasing the medical
1216	gas from the wholesale distributor.
1217	(c) The name, address, license or permit number and its
1218	expiration date for the person or entity receiving the medical
1219	gas, if different from the information required under paragraph
1220	<u>(b).</u>
1221	(d) Information sufficient to perform a recall of all
1222	medical gas received, distributed, or dispensed.
1223	(2) Such records shall be made available for inspection and
1224	copying by an authorized official of any federal, state, or
1225	local governmental agency for a period of:
1226	(a) Three years following the distribution date of high
1227	pressure medical gases.
1228	(b) Two years following the distribution date for cryogenic
1229	or refrigerated liquid medical gases.
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1230	(3) Records kept at the inspection site or that can be
1231	immediately retrieved by computer or other electronic means
1232	shall be readily available for authorized inspection during the
1233	retention period. Records kept at a central location apart from
1234	the inspection site and not electronically retrievable shall be
1235	made available for inspection within 2 working days of a request
1236	by an authorized official of any state or federal governmental
1237	agency charged with enforcement of these rules.
1238	(4) A pedigree paper is not required for distributing or
1239	dispensing medical gas.
1240	(5) A wholesale distributor shall maintain records
1241	sufficient to aid in the mandatory reporting of any theft,
1242	suspected theft, or other significant loss of nitrous oxide to
1243	the department and other appropriate law enforcement agencies.
1244	Section 26. Section 499.90, Florida Statutes, is created to
1245	read:
1246	499.90 Policies and proceduresA wholesale distributor
1247	shall establish, maintain, and adhere to written policies and
1248	procedures for the receipt, security, storage, transport,
1249	shipping, and distribution of medical gases and shall establish,
1250	maintain, and adhere to procedures for maintaining inventories;
1251	for identifying, recording, and reporting losses or thefts; and
1252	for correcting all errors and inaccuracies in inventories
1253	associated with nitrous oxide. A wholesale distributor shall
1254	include in its written policies and procedures the following:
1255	(1) A procedure for handling recalls and withdrawals of
1256	medical gas. Such procedure must deal with recalls and
1257	withdrawals due to:
1258	(a) Action initiated at the request of the United States

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1259	Food and Drug Administration or any federal, state, or local law
1260	enforcement or other government agency, including the
1261	department; or
1262	(b) Voluntary action by a manufacturer of medical gases to
1263	remove defective or potentially defective medical gases from the
1264	market.
1265	(2) A procedure that includes preparation for, protection
1266	against, and responding to a crisis that affects the security or
1267	operation of a facility that stores medical gases in the event
1268	of a strike; a fire, flood, or other natural disaster; or other
1269	local, state, or national emergency.
1270	(3) A procedure for reporting criminal or suspected
1271	criminal activity involving the inventory of nitrous oxide to
1272	the department and to applicable law enforcement agencies within
1273	3 business days after becoming aware of the criminal or
1274	suspected criminal activity.
1275	Section 27. Section 499.91, Florida Statutes, is created to
1276	read:
1277	499.91 Prohibited actsA person may not perform or cause
1278	the performance of, or aid and abet in, any of the following
1279	acts in this state:
1280	(1) The manufacture, sale, or delivery, or the holding or
1281	offering for sale, of a medical gas that is adulterated,
1282	misbranded, or is otherwise unfit for distribution.
1283	(2) The adulteration or misbranding of a medical gas.
1284	(3) The receipt of a medical gas that is adulterated,
1285	misbranded, stolen, or obtained by fraud or deceit, or the
1286	delivery or proffered delivery of such medical gas for pay or
1287	otherwise.

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1288	(4) The alteration, mutilation, destruction, obliteration,
1289	or removal of all or any part of the product labeling of a
1290	medical gas, or the willful commission of any other act with
1291	respect to a medical gas that results in it being misbranded.
1292	(5) The purchase or receipt of a medical gas from a person
1293	not authorized to distribute or dispense medical gas or who is
1294	not exempted from permitting requirements to wholesale
1295	distribute medical gas to such purchaser or recipient.
1296	(6) The knowing and willful sale or transfer of a medical
1297	gas to a recipient who is not legally authorized to receive a
1298	medical gas, except that a violation does not exist if a
1299	permitted wholesale distributor provides oxygen to a permitted
1300	medical oxygen retail establishment that is out of compliance
1301	with the notice of location change requirements of s. 499.834,
1302	provided that the wholesale distributor with knowledge of the
1303	violation notifies the department of the transaction by the next
1304	business day.
1305	(7) The failure to maintain or provide records required
1306	under this part and the rules adopted under this part.
1307	(8) Providing the department or any of its representatives
1308	or any state or federal official with false or fraudulent
1309	records or making false or fraudulent statements regarding this
1310	part or the rules adopted under this part.
1311	(9) The distribution of a medical gas that was:
1312	(a) Purchased by a public or private hospital or other
1313	health care entity, except for the physical distribution of such
1314	medical gas to an authorized recipient at the direction of a
1315	hospital or other health care entity;
1316	(b) Donated or supplied at a reduced price to a charitable

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1317	organization; or
1318	(c) Stolen or obtained by fraud or deceit.
1319	(10) The failure to obtain a license or permit or operating
1320	without a valid license or permit, if one is required.
1321	(11) The obtaining of, or attempt to obtain, a medical gas
1322	by fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation or engaging in
1323	misrepresentation or fraud in the distribution of a medical gas.
1324	(12) Except for emergency use oxygen, the distribution of a
1325	medical gas to a patient without a prescription from a
1326	practitioner authorized by law to prescribe a medical gas.
1327	(13) The distribution or dispensing of a medical gas that
1328	was previously dispensed by a pharmacy or a practitioner
1329	authorized by law to prescribe.
1330	(14) The distribution or dispensing of a medical gas or
1331	medical gas-related equipment to a patient, unless the patient
1332	has been provided with the appropriate information and
1333	counseling on the use, storage, and disposal the medical gas.
1334	(15) Failure to report an act prohibited under this part or
1335	the rules adopted under this part.
1336	(16) Failure to exercise due diligence as provided in s.
1337	499.88.
1338	Section 28. Section 499.92, Florida Statutes, is created to
1339	read:
1340	499.92 Criminal acts
1341	(1) A person commits a felony of the third degree,
1342	punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084,
1343	if he or she:
1344	(a) Adulterates or misbrands a medical gas with intent to
1345	defraud or deceive;
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1346 (b) Knowingly purchases or receives a medical gas from a person not legally authorized to distribute or dispense medical 1347 1348 gas; 1349 (c) Knowingly engages in the wholesale distribution of, or 1350 sells, barters, brokers, or transfers, a medical gas to a person 1351 not legally authorized to purchase or receive medical gas in the 1352 jurisdiction in which the person receives the medical gas. A 1353 permitted wholesale distributor that, at its location, provides 1354 oxygen to a permitted medical oxygen retail establishment that 1355 is out of compliance with only the change of location notice 1356 requirement under s. 499.834, does not commit a violation of 1357 this subsection if the wholesale distributor notifies the 1358 department of the transaction no later than the next business 1359 day; or 1360 (d) Knowingly falsely creates a label for a medical gas or 1361 knowingly falsely misrepresents a factual matter contained in a 1362 label for a medical gas. 1363 (2) A person found guilty of an offense under this section, 1364 under the authority of the court convicting and sentencing the 1365 person, shall be ordered to forfeit to the state any real or 1366 personal property: 1367 (a) Used or intended to be used to commit, to facilitate, 1368 or to promote the commission of such offense; and (b) Constituting, derived from, or traceable to the gross 1369 1370 proceeds that the defendant obtained directly or indirectly as a 1371 result of the offense. 1372 (3) Property or assets subject to forfeiture under subsection (2) may be seized pursuant to a warrant obtained in 1373 1374 the same manner as a search warrant or as otherwise authorized

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1375	by law, and held until the case against a defendant is
1376	adjudicated. Monies ordered forfeited, or proceeds from the sale
1377	of other assets ordered forfeited, shall be equitably divided
1378	between the department and other agencies involved in the
1379	investigation and prosecution that led to the conviction. Other
1380	property ordered forfeited after conviction of a defendant may,
1381	at the discretion of the investigating agencies, be placed into
1382	official use by the department or the agencies involved in the
1383	investigation and prosecution that led to the conviction.
1384	Section 29. Section 499.93, Florida Statutes, is created to
1385	read:
1386	499.93 Inspections
1387	(1) The department may require a facility that engages in
1388	the manufacture, retail sale, or wholesale distribution of
1389	medical gas to undergo an inspection in accordance with a
1390	schedule to be determined by the department, including
1391	inspections for initial permitting, permit renewal, and a
1392	permitholder's change of location. The department may recognize
1393	a third party to inspect wholesale distributors in this state or
1394	other states pursuant to a schedule to be determined by the
1395	department.
1396	(2) The department may recognize another state's
1397	inspections of a manufacturer or wholesale distributor located
1398	in that state if such state's laws are deemed to be
1399	substantially equivalent to the laws of this state by the
1400	department.
1401	(3) A manufacturing facility of medical gases is exempt
1402	from inspection by the department if:
1403	(a) The manufacturing facility is currently registered with

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1404	the United States Food and Drug Administration under s. 510 of
1405	the federal act and can provide proof of registration, such as a
1406	copy of the Internet verification page; and
1407	(b) The manufacturing facility can provide proof of
1408	inspection by the Food and Drug Administration, or if the
1409	facility is located in another state, inspection by the Food and
1410	Drug Administration or other governmental entity charged with
1411	regulation of good manufacturing practices related to medical
1412	gases in that state within the past 3 years, which demonstrates
1413	substantial compliance with current good manufacturing practices
1414	applicable to medical gases.
1415	(4) A permitholder under this part shall exhibit or have
1416	readily available its state permits and its most recent
1417	inspection report administered by the department.
1418	Section 30. Section 499.931, Florida Statutes, is created
1419	to read:
1420	499.931 Trade secret informationInformation required to
1421	be submitted under this part which is a trade secret as defined
1422	in s. 812.081(1)(c) and designated as a trade secret by an
1423	applicant or permitholder must be maintained as required under
1424	<u>s. 499.051.</u>
1425	Section 31. Section 499.94, Florida Statutes, is created to
1426	read:
1427	499.94 FeesA fee collected for a permit under this part
1428	shall be deposited into the Professional Regulation Trust Fund.
1429	Moneys collected under this part shall be used for administering
1430	this part. The department shall maintain a separate account in
1431	the trust fund for the Drugs, Devices, and Cosmetics program.
1432	Section 32. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section

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1433 409.9201, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 409.9201 Medicaid fraud.-1434 1435 (1) As used in this section, the term: 1436 (a) "Prescription drug" means any drug, including, but not 1437 limited to, finished dosage forms or active ingredients that are 1438 subject to, defined in $\frac{by}{by}$, or described in $\frac{by}{by}$ s. 503(b) of the 1439 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act or in by s. 465.003(8), s. 1440 499.003(52), s. 499.003(46) or (53) or s. 499.007(13), or s. 1441 499.82(10). 1442 1443 The value of individual items of the legend drugs or goods or 1444 services involved in distinct transactions committed during a 1445 single scheme or course of conduct, whether involving a single 1446 person or several persons, may be aggregated when determining 1447 the punishment for the offense. 1448 Section 33. Paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of section 460.403, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1449 1450 460.403 Definitions.-As used in this chapter, the term: (9) 1451 1452 (c)1. Chiropractic physicians may adjust, manipulate, or 1453 treat the human body by manual, mechanical, electrical, or 1454 natural methods; by the use of physical means or physiotherapy, 1455 including light, heat, water, or exercise; by the use of 1456 acupuncture; or by the administration of foods, food concentrates, food extracts, and items for which a prescription 1457 1458 is not required and may apply first aid and hygiene, but 1459 chiropractic physicians are expressly prohibited from prescribing or administering to any person any legend drug 1460 except as authorized under subparagraph 2., from performing any 1461

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1462 surgery except as stated herein, or from practicing obstetrics. 2. Notwithstanding the prohibition against prescribing and 1463 administering legend drugs under subparagraph 1. or s. 1464 1465 499.83(2)(c) s. 499.01(2)(m), pursuant to board rule 1466 chiropractic physicians may order, store, and administer, for 1467 emergency purposes only at the chiropractic physician's office or place of business, prescription medical oxygen and may also 1468 1469 order, store, and administer the following topical anesthetics 1470 in aerosol form: 1471 a. Any solution consisting of 25 percent ethylchloride and 1472 75 percent dichlorodifluoromethane. 1473 b. Any solution consisting of 15 percent 1474 dichlorodifluoromethane and 85 percent 1475 trichloromonofluoromethane. 1476 1477 However, this paragraph does not authorize a chiropractic physician to prescribe medical oxygen as defined in chapter 499. 1478 1479 Section 34. Subsection (3) of section 465.0265, Florida 1480 Statutes, is amended to read: 1481 465.0265 Centralized prescription filling.-1482 (3) The filling, delivery, and return of a prescription by 1483 one pharmacy for another pursuant to this section shall not be 1484 construed as the filling of a transferred prescription as described set forth in s. 465.026 or as a wholesale distribution 1485 1486 as defined set forth in s. 499.003 s. 499.003(54). 1487 Section 35. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1488 499.01212, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 499.01212 Pedigree paper.-1489 1490 (2) FORMAT.-A pedigree paper must contain the following

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1491 information:

(b) For all other wholesale distributions of prescription 1492 1493 drugs:

1494 1. The quantity, dosage form, and strength of the 1495 prescription drugs.

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2. The lot numbers of the prescription drugs.

3. The name and address of each owner of the prescription drug and his or her signature.

4. Shipping information, including the name and address of each person certifying delivery or receipt of the prescription drug.

5. An invoice number, a shipping document number, or another number uniquely identifying the transaction.

6. A certification that the recipient wholesale distributor 1505 has authenticated the pedigree papers.

1506 7. The unique serialization of the prescription drug, if 1507 the manufacturer or repackager has uniquely serialized the 1508 individual prescription drug unit.

1509 8. The name, address, telephone number, and, if available, 1510 e-mail contact information of each wholesale distributor 1511 involved in the chain of the prescription drug's custody.

1513 When an affiliated group member obtains title to a prescription 1514 drug before distributing the prescription drug as the 1515 manufacturer as defined in s. 499.003(30)(e) under s. 1516 499.003(31)(e), information regarding the distribution between those affiliated group members may be omitted from a pedigree 1517 paper required under this paragraph for subsequent distributions 1518 1519 of that prescription drug.

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1520 Section 36. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection 1521 (3) of section 499.015, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1522 499.015 Registration of drugs, devices, and cosmetics; 1523 issuance of certificates of free sale.-1524 (1) (a) Except for those persons exempted from the 1525 definition of manufacturer in s. 499.003 s. 499.003(31), any person who manufactures, packages, repackages, labels, or 1526 1527 relabels a drug, device, or cosmetic in this state must register 1528 such drug, device, or cosmetic biennially with the department; 1529 pay a fee in accordance with the fee schedule provided by s. 499.041; and comply with this section. The registrant must list 1530 1531 each separate and distinct drug, device, or cosmetic at the time 1532 of registration. 1533 (3) Except for those persons exempted from the definition 1534 of manufacturer in s. 499.003 s. 499.003(31), a person may not 1535 sell any product that he or she has failed to register in 1536 conformity with this section. Such failure to register subjects

1537 such drug, device, or cosmetic product to seizure and 1538 condemnation as provided in s. 499.062, and subjects such person 1539 to the penalties and remedies provided in this part.

1540 Section 37. Subsection (3) of section 499.024, Florida 1541 Statutes, is amended to read:

1542 499.024 Drug product classification.—The department shall 1543 adopt rules to classify drug products intended for use by humans 1544 which the United States Food and Drug Administration has not 1545 classified in the federal act or the Code of Federal 1546 Regulations.

1547 (3) Any product that falls under the definition of drug in
1548 s. 499.003 s. 499.003(19) may be classified under the authority



1549	of this section. This section does not subject portable
1550	emergency oxygen inhalators to classification; however, this
1551	section does not exempt any person from ss. 499.01 and 499.015.
1552	Section 38. This act shall take effect October 1, 2014.
1553	
1554	=========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
1555	And the title is amended as follows:
1556	Delete everything before the enacting clause
1557	and insert:
1558	A bill to be entitled
1559	An act relating to medical gas; amending s. 499.001,
1560	F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by this
1561	act; amending s. 499.003, F.S.; revising terms;
1562	amending ss. 499.01 and 499.0121, F.S.; conforming
1563	provisions to changes made by this act; amending s.
1564	499.01211, F.S.; adding a member of to the Drug
1565	Wholesale Distributor Advisory Council; authorizing
1566	the Compressed Gas Association to recommend one person
1567	to the council for appointment; amending ss. 499.041,
1568	499.05, 499.051, 499.066, 499.0661, and 499.067, F.S.;
1569	conforming provisions to changes made by this act;
1570	creating part III of ch. 499, F.S., entitled "Medical
1571	Gas"; creating s. 499.81, F.S.; providing for the
1572	administration and enforcement of this part; creating
1573	s. 499.82, F.S.; defining terms; creating s. 499.83,
1574	F.S.; requiring a person or entity that intends to
1575	distribute medical gas within or into this state to
1576	obtain an applicable permit before operating;
1577	establishing categories of permits and setting

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1578 requirements for each; creating s. 499.831, F.S.; 1579 requiring the Department of Business and Professional 1580 Regulation to establish the form and content of an 1581 application; authorizing the department to set fees 1582 within certain parameters; creating s. 499.832, F.S.; 1583 providing that a permit expires 2 years after the last 1584 day of the month in which the permit was originally 1585 issued; providing requirements for the renewal of a 1586 permit; requiring the department to adopt rules for 1587 the renewal of permits; creating s. 499.833, F.S.; 1588 authorizing the department to approve certain 1589 permitholder changes; creating s. 499.834, F.S.; 1590 authorizing the department to consider certain factors 1591 in determining the eligibility of an applicant; 1592 creating s. 499.84, F.S.; setting the minimum 1593 requirements for the storage and handling of medical 1594 gas; creating s. 499.85, F.S.; setting facility 1595 requirements for security purposes; authorizing a 1596 vehicle used for on-call delivery of oxygen USP and 1597 oxygen-related equipment to be parked at a place of 1598 residence; requiring the department to adopt rules 1599 governing the distribution of medical oxygen; creating 1600 s. 499.86, F.S.; requiring a wholesale distributor of 1601 medical gases to visually examine a medical gas 1602 container upon receipt in order to identify the 1603 medical gas stored within and to determine if the 1604 container has been damaged or is otherwise unfit for 1605 distribution; requiring a medical gas container that is damaged or otherwise unfit for distribution to be 1606

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1607 quarantined; requiring outgoing shipments of medical 1608 gas to be inspected; requiring wholesale distributors 1609 to review certain records; creating s. 499.87, F.S.; 1610 authorizing the return of medical gas that has left 1611 the control of a wholesale distributor; requiring that 1612 medical gas that is damaged, misbranded, or 1613 adulterated be guarantined from other medical gases 1614 until it is destroyed or returned to the manufacturer 1615 or wholesale distributor from which it was acquired; 1616 creating s. 499.88, F.S.; requiring a wholesale 1617 distributor to obtain certain information before the 1618 initial acquisition of a medical gas; providing 1619 certain exemptions; creating s. 499.89, F.S.; 1620 requiring a permitholder under this part to establish 1621 and maintain transactional records; providing a 1622 retention period for certain records and requiring 1623 that such records be available for inspection during 1624 that period; creating s. 499.90, F.S.; requiring a 1625 wholesale distributor to establish, maintain, and 1626 adhere to certain written policies and procedures; 1627 creating s. 499.91, F.S.; prohibiting certain acts; 1628 creating s. 499.92, F.S.; establishing criminal 1629 penalties; authorizing property or assets subject to 1630 forfeiture to be seized pursuant to a warrant; 1631 creating s. 499.93, F.S.; authorizing the department 1632 to require a facility that engages in in the 1633 manufacture, retail sale, or wholesale distribution of 1634 medical to undergo an inspection; authorizing the 1635 department to authorize a third party to inspect such



1636 facilities; creating s. 499.931, F.S.; providing that 1637 trade secret information required to be submitted pursuant to this part must be maintained by the 1638 department; creating s. 499.94, F.S.; requiring fees 1639 1640 collected pursuant to this part to be deposited into 1641 the Professional Regulation Trust Fund; amending ss. 409.9201, 460.403, 465.0265, 499.01212, 499.015, and 1642 1643 499.024, F.S.; conforming cross references; providing 1644 an effective date.

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