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CHAMBER ACTION

Senate House

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Representative O'Toole offered the following:

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Amendment (with title amendment)

powers and perform all duties listed below:

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Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:

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Section 1. Subsection (18) of section 1001.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.—The district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all

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(18) IMPLEMENT SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY.-

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Maintain a state system of school improvement and education accountability as provided by statute and State Board of

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Education rule. This system of school improvement and education

accountability shall be consistent with, and implemented

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through, the district's continuing system of planning and budgeting required by this section and ss. 1008.385, 1010.01, and 1011.01. This system of school improvement and education accountability shall comply with the provisions of ss. 1008.33, 1008.34, 1008.345, and 1008.385 and include the following:

- (a) School improvement plans.-
- 1. The district school board shall annually approve and require implementation of a new, amended, or continuation school improvement plan for each school in the district. If a school has a significant gap in achievement on statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.34(3)(b) by one or more student subgroups, as defined in the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), 20 U.S.C. s. 6311(b)(2)(C)(v)(II); has not significantly decreased the percentage of students scoring below satisfactory on statewide assessments; or has significantly lower graduation rates for a subgroup when compared to the state's graduation rate, that school's improvement plan shall include strategies for improving these results. The state board shall adopt rules establishing thresholds and for determining compliance with this subparagraph paragraph.
- 2. A school that includes any of grades 6, 7, or 8 shall include annually in its school improvement plan information and data on the school's early warning system required under paragraph (b), including a list of the early warning indicators used in the system, the number of students identified by the system as exhibiting two or more early warning indicators, the

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- number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator, and a description of all intervention strategies employed by the school to improve the academic performance of students identified by the early warning system. In addition, a school that includes any of grades 6, 7, or 8 shall describe in its school improvement plan the strategies used by the school to implement the instructional practices for middle grades emphasized by the district's professional development system pursuant to s. 1012.98(4)(b)9.
 - (b) Early warning system.-
- 1. A school that includes any of grades 6, 7, or 8 shall implement an early warning system to identify students in grades 6, 7, and 8 who need additional support to improve academic performance and stay engaged in school. The early warning system must include the following early warning indicators:
- <u>a. Attendance below 90 percent, regardless of whether</u> absence is excused or a result of out-of-school suspension.
- <u>b. One or more suspensions, whether in school or out of</u> school.
 - c. Course failure in English Language Arts or mathematics.
- d. A Level 1 score on the statewide, standardized assessments in English Language Arts or mathematics.

A school district may identify additional early warning indicators for use in a school's early warning system.

 $\underline{\text{2.}}$ When a student exhibits two or more early warning

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indicators, the school's child study team under s. 1003.02 or a school-based team formed for the purpose of implementing the requirements of this paragraph shall convene to determine appropriate intervention strategies for the student. The school shall provide at least 10 days' written notice of the meeting to the student's parent, indicating the meeting's purpose, time, and location, and provide the parent the opportunity to participate.

(c) (b) Public disclosure.—The district school board shall provide information regarding the performance of students and educational programs as required pursuant to ss. 1008.22 and 1008.385 and implement a system of school reports as required by statute and State Board of Education rule which shall include schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, and for those schools, report on the elements specified in s. 1003.52(19). Annual public disclosure reports shall be in an easy-to-read report card format and shall include the school's grade, high school graduation rate calculated without GED tests, disaggregated by student ethnicity, and performance data as specified in state board rule.

(d) (c) School improvement funds.—The district school board shall provide funds to schools for developing and implementing school improvement plans. Such funds shall include those funds appropriated for the purpose of school improvement pursuant to s. 24.121(5)(c).

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Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 1003.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.02 District school board operation and control of public K-12 education within the school district.—As provided in part II of chapter 1001, district school boards are constitutionally and statutorily charged with the operation and control of public K-12 education within their school district. The district school boards must establish, organize, and operate their public K-12 schools and educational programs, employees, and facilities. Their responsibilities include staff development, public K-12 school student education including education for exceptional students and students in juvenile justice programs, special programs, adult education programs, and career education programs. Additionally, district school boards must:

- (1) Provide for the proper accounting for all students of school age, for the attendance and control of students at school, and for proper attention to health, safety, and other matters relating to the welfare of students in the following areas fields:
- (a) Admission, classification, promotion, and graduation of students.—Adopt rules for admitting, classifying, promoting, and graduating students to or from the various schools of the district.
- (b) Enforcement of attendance laws.—Provide for the enforcement of all laws and rules relating to the attendance of

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students at school. District school boards are authorized to establish policies that allow accumulated unexcused tardies, regardless of when they occur during the school day, and early departures from school to be recorded as unexcused absences. District school boards are also authorized to establish policies that require referral to a school's child study team for students who have fewer absences than the number required by s. 1003.26(1)(b).

- (c) Control of students.-
- 1. Adopt rules for the control, attendance, discipline, in-school suspension, suspension, and expulsion of students and decide all cases recommended for expulsion.
- 2. Maintain a code of student conduct as provided in chapter 1006.
 - (d) Courses of study and instructional materials. -
- 1. Provide adequate instructional materials for all students as follows and in accordance with the requirements of chapter 1006, in the core courses of mathematics, language arts, social studies, science, reading, and literature, except for instruction for which the school advisory council approves the use of a program that does not include a textbook as a major tool of instruction.
- 2. Adopt courses of study for use in the schools of the district.

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3. Provide for proper requisitioning, distribution, accounting, storage, care, and use of all instructional

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materials as may be needed, and ensure that instructional materials used in the district are consistent with the district goals and objectives and the curriculum frameworks approved by the State Board of Education, as well as with the state and school district performance standards required by law and state board rule.

- (e) Transportation.—Make provision for the transportation of students to the public schools or school activities they are required or expected to attend, efficiently and economically, in accordance with the requirements of chapter 1006, which function may be accomplished, in whole or part, by means of an interlocal agreement under s. 163.01.
 - (f) Facilities and school plant.-
- 1. Approve and adopt a districtwide school facilities program, in accordance with the requirements of chapter 1013.
- 2. Approve plans for locating, planning, constructing, sanitating, insuring, maintaining, protecting, and condemning school property as prescribed in chapter 1013.
- 3. Approve and adopt a districtwide school building program.
- 4. Select and purchase school sites, playgrounds, and recreational areas located at centers at which schools are to be constructed, of adequate size to meet the needs of projected students to be accommodated.
- 5. Approve the proposed purchase of any site, playground, or recreational area for which school district funds are to be

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- 6. Expand existing sites.
- 7. Rent buildings when necessary, which function may be accomplished, in whole or part, by means of an interlocal agreement under s. 163.01.
- 8. Enter into leases or lease-purchase arrangements, in accordance with the requirements and conditions provided in s. 1013.15(2).
 - 9. Provide for the proper supervision of construction.
- 10. Make or contract for additions, alterations, and repairs on buildings and other school properties.
- 11. Ensure that all plans and specifications for buildings provide adequately for the safety and well-being of students, as well as for economy of construction.
- 12. Provide adequately for the proper maintenance and upkeep of school plants, which function may be accomplished, in whole or part, by means of an interlocal agreement under s. 163.01.
- 13. Carry insurance on every school building in all school plants including contents, boilers, and machinery, except buildings of three classrooms or less which are of frame construction and located in a tenth class public protection zone as defined by the Florida Inspection and Rating Bureau, and on all school buses and other property under the control of the district school board or title to which is vested in the district school board, except as exceptions may be authorized

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197 under rules of the State Board of Education.

- 14. Condemn and prohibit the use for public school purposes of any building under the control of the district school board.
 - (q) School operation.-
- 1. Provide for the operation of all public schools as free schools for a term of 180 days or the equivalent on an hourly basis as specified by rules of the State Board of Education; determine district school funds necessary in addition to state funds to operate all schools for the minimum term; and arrange for the levying of district school taxes necessary to provide the amount needed from district sources.
- 2. Prepare, adopt, and timely submit to the Department of Education, as required by law and by rules of the State Board of Education, the annual school budget, so as to promote the improvement of the district school system.
 - (h) Records and reports.-
- 1. Keep all necessary records and make all needed and required reports, as required by law or by rules of the State Board of Education.
- 2. At regular intervals require reports to be made by principals or teachers in all public schools to the parents of the students enrolled and in attendance at their schools, apprising them of the academic and other progress being made by the student and giving other useful information.
 - (i) Parental notification of acceleration options.—At the

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beginning of each school year, notify parents of students in or entering high school of the opportunity and benefits of advanced placement, International Baccalaureate, Advanced International Certificate of Education, dual enrollment, and Florida Virtual School courses and options for early graduation under s. 1003.4281.

(j) Return on investment.—Notify the parent of a student who earns an industry certification that articulates for postsecondary credit of the estimated cost savings to the parent before the student's high school graduation versus the cost of acquiring such certification after high school graduation, which would include the tuition and fees associated with available postsecondary credits. Also, the student and the parent must be informed of any additional industry certifications available to the student.

Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 1003.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.42 Required instruction.-

(1) Each district school board shall provide all courses required for middle grades promotion, high school graduation, and appropriate instruction designed to ensure that students meet State Board of Education adopted standards in the following subject areas: reading and other language arts, mathematics, science, social studies, foreign languages, health and physical education, and the arts. The state board must remove a middle grades course in the Course Code Directory that does not fully

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- integrate all appropriate curricular content required by s.

 250 1003.41 and may approve a new course only if it meets the
 required curricular content.
- Section 4. Section 1003.4203, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1003.4203 Digital materials, <u>digital tool</u> recognitions, certificates, <u>career innovation courses</u>, <u>academic acceleration</u> <u>industry certifications</u>, and technical assistance.—
 - (1) <u>CAREER AND PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION (CAPE) DIGITAL</u>
 MATERIALS.—
 - (a) Each district school board, in consultation with the district school superintendent, shall make available career and professional education (CAPE) digital materials that enable for students in kindergarten prekindergarten through grade 12 in order to enable students to access certificates, career innovation courses, or academic acceleration industry certifications attain digital skills. The CAPE digital materials may be integrated into subject area curricula, offered as a separate course course, made available through open-access options, or deployed through online or digital computer applications, subject to available funding.
 - (b) (2) Beginning with the 2013-2014 school year, Each district school board, in consultation with the district school superintendent, shall make available CAPE digital and instructional materials, including software applications, to students with disabilities who are in kindergarten

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prekindergarten through grade 12. The availability of CAPE digital materials must be communicated to a student's parent during the development of the student's individual educational plan. CAPE digital materials must thereafter be offered to a student in accordance with the student's individual educational plan, as applicable.

(2) (3) DIGITAL TOOL CERTIFICATES.—Digital tool certificates are identified on the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to s. 1008.44, and recognize the digital competencies necessary for a student's academic success and future employment. Targeted skills to be mastered by a student to earn the certificates include, but are not limited to, word processing; spreadsheets; digital arts; cyber security; coding; and development of sound, motion, and color presentations. Subject to available funding, by December 1, 2013, the department shall contract with one or more technology companies, or affiliated nonprofit organizations, that have approved industry certifications identified on the Industry Certification Funding List or the Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to s. 1003.492 or s. 1008.44, to develop a Florida Cyber Security Recognition and a Florida Digital Arts Recognition. The department shall notify each school district when the certificates recognitions are developed and available. The certificates recognitions shall be made available to all public elementary and middle school students at no cost to the districts or charter schools.

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(a) Targeted knowledge and skills to be mastered for each recognition shall be identified by the department. Knowledge and skills may be demonstrated through student attainment of the below recognitions in particular content areas:

- 1. The Florida Cyber Security Recognition must be based upon an understanding of computer processing operations and, in most part, on cyber security skills that increase a student's cyber-safe practices.
- 2. The Florida Digital Arts Recognition must reflect a balance of skills in technology and the arts.
- (b) The technology companies or affiliated nonprofit organizations that provide the recognition must provide open access to materials for teaching and assessing the skills a student must acquire in order to earn a Florida Cyber Security Recognition or a Florida Digital Arts Recognition. The school district shall notify each elementary and middle school advisory council of the methods of delivery of the open-access content and assessments for the certificates. If there is no elementary or middle school advisory council, notification must be provided to the district advisory council.
- (4) Subject to available funding, by December 1, 2013, the department shall contract with one or more technology companies that have approved industry certifications identified on the Industry Certification Funding List or the Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to s. 1003.492 or s. 1008.44, to develop a Florida Digital Tools Certificate to

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indicate a student's digital skills. The department shall notify each school district when the certificate is developed and available. The certificate shall be made available to all public middle grades students at no cost to the districts or charter schools.

- (a) Targeted skills to be mastered for the certificate include digital skills that are necessary to the student's academic work and skills the student may need in future employment. The skills must include, but are not limited to, word processing, spreadsheet display, and creation of presentations, including sound, text, and graphic presentations, consistent with industry certifications that are listed on the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to s. 1003.492.
- (b) A technology company that provides the certificate must provide open access to materials for teaching and assessing the skills necessary to earn the certificate. The school district shall notify each middle school advisory council of the methods of delivery of the open-access content and assessments for the certificate. If there is no middle school advisory council, notification must be provided to the district advisory council.
- (c) The Legislature intends that by July 1, 2018, on an annual basis, at least 75 percent of public elementary and middle grades students earn a digital tool Florida Digital Tools certificate.
 - (3) CAREER INNOVATION COURSES.—A career innovation course

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is a course that combines academic content with embedded career content to provide students with an opportunity to concurrently earn postsecondary credit and an industry certification. An approved career innovation course must incorporate at least two third-party assessments, one of which articulates to postsecondary credit and one of which results in the attainment of an industry certification identified on the Industry Certification Funding List.

- (4) ACADEMIC ACCELERATION INDUSTRY CERTIFICATIONS.—An academic acceleration industry certification is an industry certification identified on the Industry Certification Funding List that articulates for 15 or more postsecondary credit hours.
- company contracted with under subsection (4) shall collaborate with Florida educators and school leaders to provide technical assistance to district school boards in the implementation of this section and s. 1006.281. Technical assistance to districts shall include, but is not limited to, identification of digital resources, primarily open-access resources, including digital curriculum, CAPE digital materials, instructional materials, media assets, and other digital tools and applications; training mechanisms for teachers and others to facilitate integration of digital resources and technologies into instructional strategies; and model policies and procedures that support sustainable implementation practices.
 - (6) PARTNERSHIPS.—A district school board may seek

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partnerships with other school districts, private businesses, including third-party assessment centers, postsecondary institutions, or consultants to offer classes and instruction to teachers and students to assist the school district in providing CAPE digital materials, certificates, career innovation courses, and academic acceleration industry certifications recognitions, and certificates established pursuant to this section.

- (7) <u>RULES.—</u>The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to administer this section.
- Section 5. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 1003.4282, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1003.4282 Requirements for a standard high school diploma.—
- (3) STANDARD HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA; COURSE AND ASSESSMENT REQUIREMENTS.—
- credits must have a laboratory component. A student must earn one credit in Biology I and two credits in equally rigorous courses. The Biology I EOC assessment constitutes 30 percent of the student's final course grade. Industry certification courses that lead to postsecondary college credit may substitute for up to one science credit. One of the three credits in science, not including Biology I, may be an advanced placement computer science course or a computer science course of appropriate rigor as determined in rule by the State Board of Education.

Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 1003.4285, Florida

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405 Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.4285 Standard high school diploma designations.-

- (1) Each standard high school diploma shall include, as applicable, the following designations if the student meets the criteria set forth for the designation:
- (a) Scholar designation.—In addition to the requirements of ss. 1003.428 and 1003.4282, as applicable, in order to earn the Scholar designation, a student must satisfy the following requirements:
- 1. English Language Arts (ELA).—Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2014-2015 school year When the state transitions to common core assessments, pass the statewide, standardized 11th grade 11 ELA common core assessment.
- 2. Mathematics.—Earn one credit in Algebra II and one credit in statistics or an equally rigorous course. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2014-2015 school year, a student When the state transitions to common core assessments, students must pass the Algebra II statewide, standardized common core assessment and the statewide, standardized Geometry end-of-course (EOC) assessment.
- 3. Science.—Pass the statewide, standardized Biology I <u>EOC</u> end-of-course assessment and earn one credit in chemistry or physics and one credit in a course equally rigorous to chemistry or physics. <u>However</u>, a student enrolled in an Advanced Placement (AP), International Baccalaureate (IB), or Advanced

 International Certificate of Education (AICE) Biology course who

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takes the respective AP, IB, or AICE Biology assessment and earns the minimum score necessary to earn postsecondary credit as identified pursuant to s. 1007.27(2) meets the requirement of this subparagraph without having to take the statewide, standardized Biology I EOC assessment.

- 4. Social studies.—Pass the statewide, standardized United States History <u>EOC</u> end-of-course assessment. <u>However</u>, a student enrolled in an AP, IB, or AICE course that includes United States History topics who takes the respective AP, IB, or AICE assessment and earns the minimum score necessary to earn postsecondary credit as identified pursuant to s. 1007.27(2) meets the requirement of this subparagraph without having to take the statewide, standardized United States History EOC assessment.
- 5. Foreign language.—Earn two credits in the same foreign language.
- 6. Electives.—Earn at least one credit in an AP Advanced Placement, an IB International Baccalaureate, an AICE Advanced International Certificate of Education, or a dual enrollment course or earn an industry certification from the Industry Certification Funding List that articulates for postsecondary credit.
- (b) Merit designation.—In addition to the requirements of ss. 1003.428 and 1003.4282, as applicable, in order to earn the Merit designation, a student must attain one or more industry certifications from the Industry Certification Funding List

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established under s. 1003.492. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2014-2015 school year, a student must attain two or more industry certifications from the Industry Certification Funding List.

Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 1003.491, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.491 Florida Career and Professional Education Act.—
The Florida Career and Professional Education Act is created to provide a statewide planning partnership between the business and education communities in order to attract, expand, and retain targeted, high-value industry and to sustain a strong, knowledge-based economy.

- (1) The primary purpose of the Florida Career and professional education (CAPE) Act is to:
- (a) Improves student achievement Improve middle and high school academic performance by providing engaging, rigorous, and relevant curriculum opportunities for students to demonstrate competency to perform specific industry-endorsed and industry-recognized skills;
- (b) <u>Provides engaging</u>, <u>Provide</u> rigorous, and relevant career-themed courses that articulate to <u>postsecondary credit</u> <u>postsecondary-level coursework</u> and lead to industry certification;
- (c) Improves postgraduation employment outcomes by increasing the skills, productivity, and likelihood of gainful employment of students;

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(d)	Improves	the o	colle	ge-going	rate	of	students	through
industry	certificat	cions	that	articula	ate f	or	postsecono	dary
credit;								

- (e) (e) Prepares students to meet the needs of the labor market, thereby supporting Support local and regional economic development;
- (f)(d) Responds Respond to Florida's critical workforce needs; and
- (g) (e) Provides Provide state residents with access to high-wage and high-demand careers;
- (h) Provides elementary, middle, and high school students with opportunities to earn certificates that recognize digital literacy and competency through third-party assessments; and
- (i) Provides middle and high school students with opportunities to earn postsecondary credit through courses and programs in which the student demonstrates competency in academic and career content through third-party assessments.
- Section 8. Subsection (3) of section 1003.492, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1003.492 Industry-certified career education programs.-
- (3) The Department of Education shall collect student achievement and performance data in industry-certified career education programs and career-themed courses and shall work with Workforce Florida, Inc., in the analysis of collected data. The data collection and analyses shall examine the performance of participating students over time. Performance factors shall

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include, but not be limited to, graduation rates, retention rates, Florida Bright Futures Scholarship awards, additional educational attainment, employment records, earnings, industry certification, return on investment, and employer satisfaction. The results of this study shall be submitted to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives annually by December 31.

Section 9. Subsection (4) is added to section 1003.4935, Florida Statutes, to read:

1003.4935 Middle grades career and professional academy courses and career-themed courses.—

(4) Industry certifications offered in the middle grades that are included on the Industry Certification Funding List are eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership pursuant to s. 1011.62(1).

Section 10. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1003.53, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.53 Dropout prevention and academic intervention.-

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- (c) A student shall be identified as being eligible to receive services funded through the dropout prevention and academic intervention program based upon one of the following criteria:
- 1. The student is academically unsuccessful as evidenced by low test scores, retention, failing grades, low grade point average, falling behind in earning credits, or not meeting the

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state or district proficiency levels in reading, mathematics, or writing.

- 2. The student has a pattern of excessive absenteeism or has been identified as a habitual truant.
- 3. The student has a history of disruptive behavior in school or has committed an offense that warrants out-of-school suspension or expulsion from school according to the district school board's code of student conduct. For the purposes of this program, "disruptive behavior" is behavior that:
- a. Interferes with the student's own learning or the educational process of others and requires attention and assistance beyond that which the traditional program can provide or results in frequent conflicts of a disruptive nature while the student is under the jurisdiction of the school either in or out of the classroom; or
- b. Severely threatens the general welfare of students or others with whom the student comes into contact.
- 4. The student is identified by a school's early warning system pursuant to s. 1001.42(18)(b).
- Section 11. Section 1006.135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1006.135 Hazing prohibited at high schools with any of grades 6-12 9-12 prohibited.
- (1) <u>DEFINITION.—</u>As used in this section, "hazing" means any action or situation that recklessly or intentionally endangers the mental or physical health or safety of a student

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at a high school with any of grades $\underline{6}$ 9 through 12 for purposes including, but not limited to, initiation or admission into or affiliation with any organization operating under the sanction of a high school with any of grades $\underline{6}$ 9 through 12. "Hazing" includes, but is not limited to: τ

- (a) Pressuring, or coercing, or forcing a the student
 into:
 - 1. Violating state or federal law; -
- 2. Consuming any food, liquor, drug, or other substance; or
- 3. Participating in physical activity that could adversely affect the health or safety of the student.
- (b) Any brutality of a physical nature, such as whipping, beating, branding, or exposure to the elements, forced consumption of any food, liquor, drug, or other substance, or other forced physical activity that could adversely affect the physical health or safety of the student, and also includes any activity that would subject the student to extreme mental stress, such as sleep deprivation, forced exclusion from social contact, forced conduct that could result in extreme embarrassment, or other forced activity that could adversely affect the mental health or dignity of the student.

Hazing does not include customary athletic events or other similar contests or competitions or any activity or conduct that furthers a legal and legitimate objective.

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- (2) SCHOOL DISTRICT POLICY.—Each school district shall adopt in rule a policy that prohibits hazing and establishes consequences for a student who commits an act of hazing. The policy must include:
- (a) A definition of hazing, which must include the definition provided in this section.
- (b) A procedure for reporting an alleged act of hazing, including provisions that permit a person to anonymously report such an act. However, disciplinary action may not be based solely on an anonymous report.
- (c) A requirement that a school with any of grades 9 through 12 report an alleged act of hazing to a local law enforcement agency if the alleged act meets the criteria established under subsection (3).
- (d) A provision for referral of victims and perpetrators of hazing to a certified school counselor.
- (e) A requirement that each incident of hazing be reported in the school's safety and discipline report required under s.

 1006.09(6). The report must include the number of hazing incidents reported, the number of incidents referred to a local law enforcement agency, the number of incidents that result in disciplinary action taken by the school, and the number of incidents that do not result in either referral to a local law enforcement agency or disciplinary action taken by the school.
- (3) (2) CRIMINAL PENALTIES.—This subsection applies only to students in any of grades 9 through 12.

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(a)1. A person who commits an act of hazing, a third degree felony, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, when he or she intentionally or recklessly commits any act of hazing as defined in subsection (1) upon another person who is a member of or an applicant to any type of student organization commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, if the person knew or should have known the act would result in serious bodily injury or death of such other person and the act hazing results in serious bodily injury or death of such other person.

2.(3) A person who commits an act of hazing, a first degree misdemeanor, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, when he or she intentionally or recklessly commits any act of hazing as defined in subsection (1) upon another person who is a member of or an applicant to any type of student organization commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, if the person knew or should have known the act would create a potential risk of physical injury or death to such other person and the act hazing creates a potential substantial risk of physical injury or death to such other person.

<u>(b) (4)</u> As a condition of any sentence imposed pursuant to paragraph (a) subsection (2) or subsection (3), the court:

 $\underline{1.}$ Shall order the defendant to attend and complete a 4-hour hazing education course and may also impose a condition of drug or alcohol probation.

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- 2. May require the defendant to make a public apology to the students and victims at the school.
- 3. May require the defendant to participate in a school-sponsored antihazing campaign to raise awareness of what constitutes hazing and the penalties for hazing.
 - (c) $\frac{(5)}{(5)}$ It is not a defense to a charge of hazing that:
 - 1. (a) Consent of the victim had been obtained;
- 2.(b) The conduct or activity that resulted in the death or injury of a person was not part of an official organizational event or was not otherwise sanctioned or approved by the organization; or
- 3.(c) The conduct or activity that resulted in death or injury of the person was not done as a condition of membership to an organization.
- (4) (6) CONSTRUCTION.—This section shall not be construed to preclude prosecution for a more general offense resulting from the same criminal transaction or episode.
- Section 12. Paragraph (p) is added to subsection (21) of section 1007.271, Florida Statutes, and subsection (22) of that section is amended, to read:
 - 1007.271 Dual enrollment programs.
- (21) Each district school superintendent and Florida
 College System institution president shall develop a
 comprehensive dual enrollment articulation agreement for the
 respective school district and Florida College System
 institution. The superintendent and president shall establish an

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articulation committee for the purpose of developing the agreement. Each state university president may designate a university representative to participate in the development of a dual enrollment articulation agreement. A dual enrollment articulation agreement shall be completed and submitted annually by the Florida College System institution to the Department of Education on or before August 1. The agreement must include, but is not limited to:

- (p) Provisions required by s. 1007.273(3) for the establishment of a collegiate high school program.
- electronic submission system for dual enrollment articulation agreements and shall review, for compliance, each dual enrollment articulation agreement submitted pursuant to subsection (21). The Commissioner of Education shall notify the district school superintendent and the Florida College System institution president if the dual enrollment articulation agreement does not comply with statutory requirements and shall submit any dual enrollment articulation agreement with unresolved issues of noncompliance to the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education shall enforce compliance with this section and s. 1007.273 by withholding the transfer of funds from the school district and Florida College System institution in accordance with s. 1008.32.

Section 13. Section 1007.273, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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1007.273 Collegiate High School Program. -

- (1) The Collegiate High School Program is established to provide eligible high school students in grades 11 and 12 an option to participate in academically challenging educational environments that offer rigorous academic instruction and career preparation. All students shall have access to options that allow them to simultaneously earn a standard high school diploma, at least 30 credits toward an associate or baccalaureate degree to include completion of the 15-credit general education core course requirements established pursuant to s. 1007.25, and industry certifications.
- (2) Each Florida College System institution shall offer a collegiate high school program that will be available to all eligible high school students in the institution's service area and that will be funded in accordance with the requirements of ss. 1007.271 and 1011.62. A high school operated by a Florida College System institution that is funded pursuant to s. 1002.33(17) satisfies this requirement. State University System institutions and eligible independent colleges and universities pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(i) may offer a collegiate high school program.
- (3) Beginning with the 2015-2016 school year, each articulation agreement established pursuant to s. 1007.271(21) must include:
- 715 (a) The grade levels to be included in the collegiate high school program which must, at a minimum, include grade 12.

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- (b) A description of the collegiate high school program, including the delineation of courses and industry certifications offered; the high school credits earned for each postsecondary course completed; the applicability of courses to postsecondary general education requirements and students' selected metamajors pursuant to s. 1008.30; student eligibility criteria, which must meet or exceed the eligibility requirements established in s. 1007.271; and the enrollment process and deadlines.
- (c) The methods, medium, and process by which students and their parents are annually informed about the collegiate high school program, which must contain the information described in paragraphs (a) and (b).
- (d) The delivery methods for instruction for all courses offered through the collegiate high school program, which may include partnerships with other postsecondary institutions.
- (e) Student progress monitoring mechanisms and career and academic counseling services to be provided to students in the collegiate high school program.
- (f) A program review and accountability system for the collegiate high school program that provides data regarding student performance outcomes and solicits parent and student feedback on the program.
- (4) Each student participating in a collegiate high school program must enter into a student performance contract which must be signed by the student, the parent, and representatives

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of the school district and the postsecondary institution. The performance contract must include the schedule of courses, by semester, to be taken by the student, industry certifications sought, student attendance requirements, and course grade requirements.

(5) A state university or an institution that is eligible to participate in the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant Program that is a nonprofit independent college or university located and chartered in this state and that is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools to grant baccalaureate degrees may work with one or more district school boards to establish a collegiate high school program. Such university or institution must meet the requirements specified in subsections (3) and (4).

Section 14. Subsection (5) of section 1008.345, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.345 Implementation of state system of school improvement and education accountability.—

(5) The commissioner shall report to the Legislature and recommend changes in state policy necessary to foster school improvement and education accountability. Included in the report shall be a list of the schools, including schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, for which district school boards have developed intervention and support strategies

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and an analysis of the various strategies used by the school boards. School reports shall be distributed pursuant to this subsection and s. $\underline{1001.42(18)(c)}$ $\underline{1001.42(18)(b)}$ and according to rules adopted by the State Board of Education.

Section 15. Section 1008.44, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.44 Industry certifications; <u>certificates;</u> Industry Certification Funding List and Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List.—

- (1) Pursuant to <u>ss. 1003.4203 and s. 1003.492</u>, the Department of Education shall, at least annually, identify, under rules adopted by the State Board of Education, the Industry Certification Funding List that must be applied in the distribution of funding to school districts pursuant to s. 1011.62.
- <u>(a)</u> The Commissioner <u>of Education</u> may at any time recommend adding the following certifications and certificates:
- 1. Industry certifications that do not articulate for postsecondary credit.
- 2. Industry certifications that articulate for postsecondary credit. An industry certification that articulates to 15 or more postsecondary credits is an academic acceleration industry certification as described in s. 1003.4203(4).
- 792 3. No more than 15 digital tool certificates as described 793 in s. 1003.4203(2).

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- 4. Certifications earned through career innovation courses as described in s. 1003.4203(3).
- (b) A certification or certificate may not be included on the Industry Certification Funding List unless there is a corresponding assessment that a student must pass in order to attain the certification or certificate.
- (c) Workforce Florida, Inc., established pursuant to s. 445.004, may annually select one industry certification that does not articulate for postsecondary credit for inclusion on the Industry Certification Funding List.
- The State Board of Education shall approve, at least annually, the Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List pursuant to this section. The Commissioner of Education shall recommend, at least annually, the Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List to the State Board of Education and may at any time recommend adding certifications. The Chancellor of the State University System, the Chancellor of the Florida College System, and the Chancellor of Career and Adult Education shall work with local workforce boards, other postsecondary institutions, businesses, and industry to identify, create, and recommend to the Commissioner of Education industry certifications to be placed on the funding list. The list shall be used to determine annual performance funding distributions to school districts or Florida College System institutions as specified in ss. 1011.80 and 1011.81, respectively. The chancellors shall review results of the economic security report

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of employment and earning outcomes produced annually pursuant to s. $\underline{445.07}$ $\underline{445.007}$ when determining recommended certifications for the list, as well as other reports and indicators available regarding certification needs.

- In the case of rigorous industry certifications that have embedded prerequisite minimum age, grade level, diploma or degree, postgraduation period of work experience of at least 12 months, or other reasonable requirements that may limit the extent to which a student can complete all requirements of the certification recognized by industry for employment purposes, the Commissioner of Education shall differentiate content, instructional, and assessment requirements that, when provided by a public institution and satisfactorily attained by a student, indicate accomplishment of requirements necessary for funding pursuant to ss. 1011.62, 1011.80, and 1011.81, notwithstanding attainment of prerequisite requirements necessary for recognition by industry for employment purposes. The differentiated requirements established by the Commissioner of Education shall be included on in the Industry Certification Funding List at the time the certification is adopted.
- (4) (a) Industry certifications and certificates placed on the Industry Certification Funding List must include the version available at the time of the adoption and, without further review and approval, include the subsequent updates, unless specifically removed from the Industry Certification Funding List.

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(b) The Commissioner of Education may limit industry certifications and digital tool certificates to students in certain grades based on formal recommendations by providers of industry certifications and digital tools.

Section 16. Paragraphs (o), (p), (s), (t), and (u) of subsection (1) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.—If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:
- (1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR OPERATION.—The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:
- (o) Calculation of additional full-time equivalent membership based on successful completion of a career-themed course pursuant to ss. 1003.4203, 1003.491, 1003.492, and 1003.493, and 1003.4935 and issuance of an industry certification or a certificate identified on in the Industry Certification Funding List pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education.—
- $1.\underline{a.}$ A value of 0.1 or 0.2 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each student who completes a

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     career and professional academy or career-themed course pursuant
     to ss. 1003.4203, 1003.491, 1003.492, 1003.493, and 1003.4935 as
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     defined in s. 1003.493(1)(b) and who is issued the highest level
     of \frac{\partial}{\partial x} industry certification identified annually on \frac{\partial}{\partial x} the
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     Industry Certification Funding List approved under rules adopted
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     by the State Board of Education. The maximum full-time
     equivalent student membership value earned pursuant to this sub-
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     subparagraph for any student in grades 9 through 12 is 0.3. A
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     value of 0.2 full-time equivalent membership shall be calculated
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     for each student who is issued an industry certification that
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     has a statewide articulation agreement for postsecondary college
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     credit approved by the State Board of Education. For industry
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     certifications that do not articulate for postsecondary college
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     credit, the Department of Education shall assign a full-time
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     equivalent value of 0.1 for each certification. Middle grades
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     students who earn additional full-time equivalent student
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     membership for a digital tool certificate pursuant to sub-
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     subparagraph b. may not use the previously earned certificate to
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     satisfy requirements for earning an industry certification under
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     this sub-subparagraph. The State Board of Education shall
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     include the assigned values on in the Industry Certification
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     Funding List under rules adopted by the state board. Such value
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     shall be added to the total full-time equivalent student
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     membership in secondary career education programs for grades 6 9
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     through 12 in the subsequent year for courses that were not
     provided through dual enrollment. Industry certifications earned
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through dual enrollment must be reported and funded pursuant to ss. 1011.80 and 1011.81. No more than a value of 0.3 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for industry certifications earned through a career innovation course as described in s. 1003.4203(3).

- b. A value of 0.025 full-time equivalent student
 membership shall be calculated for each digital tool certificate
 earned by a student in elementary and middle school grades.
 Additional full-time equivalent student membership for an
 elementary or middle grades student may not exceed 0.1 for
 certificates earned within the same fiscal year.
- c. A value of 0.5 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each academic acceleration industry certification that articulates for 15 to 29 postsecondary credit hours, and a value of 1.0 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each academic acceleration industry certification that articulates for 30 or more postsecondary credit hours, as identified on the Industry Certification Funding List.
- 2. Each district must allocate at least 80 percent of the funds provided for industry certification, in accordance with this paragraph, to the program that generated the funds. This allocation may not be used to supplant funds provided for basic operation of the program. Unless a different amount is specified in the General Appropriations Act, the appropriation for this calculation is limited to \$60 million annually. If the

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appropriation is insufficient to fully fund the total calculation, the appropriation shall be prorated.

- 3. For industry certifications earned in the 2013-2014 school year and in subsequent years, the school district shall distribute to each classroom teacher who provided direct instruction toward the attainment of an industry certification that qualified for additional full-time equivalent membership under subparagraph 1.:
- a. A bonus in the amount of \$25 for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of an industry certification on the Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.1.
- b. A bonus in the amount of \$50 for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of an industry certification on the Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.2, 0.5, and 1.0.
- 4. For the 2013-2014 fiscal year, the additional FTE membership calculation must include the additional FTE for any student who earned a certification in the 2009-2010, 2010-2011, and 2011-2012 fiscal years who was not previously funded and was enrolled in 2012-2013.

Bonuses awarded pursuant to this paragraph shall be provided to teachers who are employed by the district in the year in which the additional FTE membership calculation is included in the calculation. Bonuses shall be calculated based upon the

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associated weight of an industry certification on the Industry Certification Funding List for the year in which the certification is earned by the student. Any bonus awarded to a teacher under this paragraph may not exceed \$2,000 in any given school year and is in addition to any regular wage or other bonus the teacher received or is scheduled to receive.

Calculation of additional full-time equivalent membership based upon early high school graduation.—Each Notwithstanding s. 1011.61(4), each unpaid high school credit delivered by a school district may receive funding for each during the student's prior enrollment may be reported by the district as 1/6 FTE when the student who graduates early pursuant to s. 1003.4281. A district may earn 0.25 full-time equivalent membership report up to 1/2 FTE for unpaid credits delivered by the district for a student who graduates one semester in advance of the student's cohort and may earn 0.5 full-time equivalent membership $\frac{\text{up to 1 FTE}}{\text{for a student who}}$ graduates 1 year or more in advance of the student's cohort. If the student was enrolled in the district as a full-time high school student for at least 2 years, the district of enrollment shall report the additional unpaid FTE and delivered by the district during the student's prior enrollment. If the student was enrolled in the district for less than 2 years, the district shall report the unpaid FTE delivered by the district and by the district in which the student was previously enrolled. The district of enrollment for which early graduation is claimed

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shall transfer a proportionate share of the funds earned for early graduation the unpaid FTE to the district in which the student was previously enrolled. Additional FTE included in the 2014-2015 Florida Education Finance Program for early graduation shall be reported and funded pursuant to this paragraph.

- (s) Florida Cyber Security Recognition, Florida Digital Arts Recognition, and Florida Digital Tools Certificate established pursuant to s. 1003.4203.—
- 1. Each school district shall certify by June 30 of each year to the Department of Education each elementary school that achieves 50 percent of student attainment of the Florida Cyber Security Recognition or the Florida Digital Arts Recognition established pursuant to s. 1003.4203. Upon verification by the department, each school that has achieved the designated student recognitions shall be awarded a Florida Digital Learning Certificate of Achievement by the Commissioner of Education.
- 2. Each middle school shall receive \$50 for each student who earns the Florida Digital Tools Certificate established pursuant to s. 1003.4203 with a minimum awarded per school of \$1,000 annually and a maximum award per school of \$15,000 annually. This performance payment shall be calculated in the FEFP as a full-time equivalent student.
- (s) (t) Determination of the basic amount for current operation.—The basic amount for current operation to be included in the Florida Education Finance Program for kindergarten through grade 12 for each district shall be the product of the

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- 1. The full-time equivalent student membership in each program, multiplied by
- 2. The cost factor for each program, adjusted for the maximum as provided by paragraph (c), multiplied by
 - 3. The base student allocation.
- (t)(u) Computation for funding through the Florida Education Finance Program.—The State Board of Education may adopt rules establishing programs, industry certifications, and courses for which the student may earn credit toward high school graduation.
- Section 17. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (3) of section 1012.98, Florida Statutes, and subsections (4) and (7) of that section are amended, to read:
 - 1012.98 School Community Professional Development Act.-
- (3) The activities designed to implement this section must:
- (d) Provide middle grades instructional personnel and school administrators with the knowledge, skills, and best practices necessary to support excellence in classroom instruction and educational leadership.
- (4) The Department of Education, school districts, schools, Florida College System institutions, and state universities share the responsibilities described in this section. These responsibilities include the following:
 - (a) 1. The department shall disseminate to the school

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community research-based professional development methods and programs that have demonstrated success in meeting identified student needs. The Commissioner of Education shall use data on student achievement to identify student needs. The methods of dissemination must include a web-based statewide performance support system, including a database of exemplary professional development activities, a listing of available professional development resources, training programs, and available assistance.

- 2. The web-based statewide performance support system established pursuant to subparagraph 1. must include for middle grades, subject to appropriation, materials related to classroom instruction, including integrated digital instruction and competency-based instruction; classroom management; student behavior and interaction; extended learning opportunities for students; and instructional leadership.
- (b) Each school district shall develop a professional development system as specified in subsection (3). The system shall be developed in consultation with teachers, teachereducators of Florida College System institutions and state universities, business and community representatives, and local education foundations, consortia, and professional organizations. The professional development system must:
- 1. Be approved by the department. All substantial revisions to the system shall be submitted to the department for review for continued approval.

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- 2. Be based on analyses of student achievement data and instructional strategies and methods that support rigorous, relevant, and challenging curricula for all students. Schools and districts, in developing and refining the professional development system, shall also review and monitor school discipline data; school environment surveys; assessments of parental satisfaction; performance appraisal data of teachers, managers, and administrative personnel; and other performance indicators to identify school and student needs that can be met by improved professional performance.
- 3. Provide inservice activities coupled with followup support appropriate to accomplish district-level and school-level improvement goals and standards. The inservice activities for instructional personnel shall focus on analysis of student achievement data, ongoing formal and informal assessments of student achievement, identification and use of enhanced and differentiated instructional strategies that emphasize rigor, relevance, and reading in the content areas, enhancement of subject content expertise, integrated use of classroom technology that enhances teaching and learning, classroom management, parent involvement, and school safety.
- 4. Include a master plan for inservice activities, pursuant to rules of the State Board of Education, for all district employees from all fund sources. The master plan shall be updated annually by September 1, must be based on input from teachers and district and school instructional leaders, and must

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1080 use the latest available student achievement data and research 1081 to enhance rigor and relevance in the classroom. Each district 1082 inservice plan must be aligned to and support the school-based inservice plans and school improvement plans pursuant to s. 1083 1084 1001.42(18). Each district inservice plan must provide a 1085 description of the training that middle grades instructional 1086 personnel and school administrators receive on the district's 1087 code of student conduct adopted pursuant to s. 1006.07; 1088 integrated digital instruction and competency-based instruction; 1089 classroom management; student behavior and interaction; extended 1090 learning opportunities for students; and instructional 1091 leadership. District plans must be approved by the district 1092 school board annually in order to ensure compliance with 1093 subsection (1) and to allow for dissemination of research-based 1094 best practices to other districts. District school boards must 1095 submit verification of their approval to the Commissioner of 1096 Education no later than October 1, annually. Each school principal may establish and maintain an individual professional 1097 1098 development plan for each instructional employee assigned to the 1099 school as a seamless component to the school improvement plans 1100 developed pursuant to s. 1001.42(18). An individual professional development plan must be related to specific performance data 1101 1102 for the students to whom the teacher is assigned, define the 1103 inservice objectives and specific measurable improvements 1104 expected in student performance as a result of the inservice 1105 activity, and include an evaluation component that determines

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1106 the effectiveness of the professional development plan.

- 5. Include inservice activities for school administrative personnel that address updated skills necessary for instructional leadership and effective school management pursuant to s. 1012.986.
- 6. Provide for systematic consultation with regional and state personnel designated to provide technical assistance and evaluation of local professional development programs.
- 7. Provide for delivery of professional development by distance learning and other technology-based delivery systems to reach more educators at lower costs.
- 8. Provide for the continuous evaluation of the quality and effectiveness of professional development programs in order to eliminate ineffective programs and strategies and to expand effective ones. Evaluations must consider the impact of such activities on the performance of participating educators and their students' achievement and behavior.
 - 9. For middle grades, emphasize:
- a. Interdisciplinary planning, collaboration, and instruction.
- b. Alignment of curriculum and instructional materials to the state academic standards adopted pursuant to s. 1003.41.
- c. Use of small learning communities; problem-solving, inquiry-driven research and analytical approaches for students; strategies and tools based on student needs; competency-based instruction; integrated digital instruction; and project-based

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1132 instruction.

Each school that includes any of grades 6, 7, or 8 must include in its school improvement plan, required under s. 1001.42(18), a description of the specific strategies used by the school to implement each item listed in this subparagraph.

- using web-based technology, research-based best practice methods by which the state and district school boards may evaluate and improve the professional development system. The best practices must include data that indicate the progress of all students. The department shall report annually to the State Board of Education and the Legislature any school district that, in the determination of the department, has failed to provide an adequate professional development system. This report must include the results of the department's investigation and of any intervention provided.
- (b) The department shall also disseminate, using web-based technology, professional development in the use of integrated digital instruction at schools that include middle grades. The professional development must provide training and materials that districts can use to provide instructional personnel with the necessary knowledge, skills, and strategies to effectively blend digital instruction into subject-matter curricula. The professional development must emphasize online learning and research techniques, reading instruction, the use of digital

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devices to supplement the delivery of curricular content to students, and digital device management and security. Districts are encouraged to incorporate the professional development as part of their professional development system.

Section 18. Section 768.072, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

768.072 Limitation on public school premises liability.-

- (1) A district school board is not liable for civil damages for personal injury, property damage, or death that occurs on a public school property that the district school board has opened to the public through joint-use agreements or public access policies unless gross negligence or intentional misconduct on the part of the district school board is a proximate cause of the injury, damage, or death.
- (2) A district school board may, at its discretion, enter into a joint-use agreement with a local government or a private organization or adopt public access policies to enable public access to indoor or outdoor recreation and sports facilities on public school property. A joint-use agreement should specify the facilities to be used, dates and times of use, and terms and conditions governing use of such facilities; may provide for the full indemnification of the district school board by the local government or private organization for any damages arising from the joint use; and may require the local government or private organization to maintain liability insurance of at least \$200,000 per person and \$300,000 per incident to cover the

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- (3) This section does not affect liability for injury, damage, or death that occurs during school hours or during a school-sponsored activity.
- (4) This section does not waive sovereign immunity beyond the limited waiver in s. 768.28.
- Section 19. Section 985.622, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 985.622 Multiagency plan for <u>career and professional</u> education (CAPE) vocational education.
- (1) The Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education shall, in consultation with the statewide Workforce Development Youth Council, school districts, providers, and others, jointly develop a multiagency plan for <u>career and professional education (CAPE)</u> vocational education that establishes the curriculum, goals, and outcome measures for <u>CAPE vocational</u> programs in juvenile <u>justice education programs commitment facilities</u>. The plan must <u>be reviewed annually</u>, revised as appropriate, and include:
- (a) Provisions for maximizing appropriate state and federal funding sources, including funds under the Workforce Investment Act and the Perkins Act.
- (b) Provisions for eliminating barriers to increasing occupation-specific job training and high school equivalency examination preparation opportunities.
 - $\underline{\text{(c)}}$ The responsibilities of both departments and all

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1210 other appropriate entities.; and

- (d) (c) A detailed implementation schedule.
- (2) The plan must define <u>CAPE</u> vocational programming that is appropriate based upon:
- (a) The age and assessed educational abilities and goals of the student youth to be served; and
- (b) The typical length of stay and custody characteristics at the <u>juvenile justice education</u> commitment program to which each <u>student</u> youth is assigned.
- (3) The plan must include a definition of <u>CAPE</u> vocational programming that includes the following classifications of <u>juvenile justice education programs</u> commitment facilities that will offer <u>CAPE</u> vocational programming by one of the following types:
- (a) Type $\underline{1}$ A.—Programs that teach personal accountability skills and behaviors that are appropriate for $\underline{\text{students}}$ $\underline{\text{youth}}$ in all age groups and ability levels and that lead to work habits that help maintain employment and living standards.
- (b) Type 2 B.—Programs that include Type 1 A program content and an orientation to the broad scope of career choices, based upon personal abilities, aptitudes, and interests. Exploring and gaining knowledge of occupation options and the level of effort required to achieve them are essential prerequisites to skill training.
- (c) Type $\underline{3}$ \in .—Programs that include Type $\underline{1}$ \underline{A} program content and the $\underline{vocational}$ competencies or the prerequisites

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needed for entry into a specific occupation.

- (4) The plan must also address strategies to facilitate involvement of business and industry in the design, delivery, and evaluation of <u>CAPE</u> vocational programming in juvenile justice <u>education</u> commitment facilities and conditional release programs, including apprenticeship and work experience programs, mentoring and job shadowing, and other strategies that lead to postrelease employment. Incentives for business involvement, such as tax breaks, bonding, and liability limits should be investigated, implemented where appropriate, or recommended to the Legislature for consideration.
- (5) The plan must also evaluate the effect of students' mobility between juvenile justice education programs and school districts on the students' educational outcomes and whether the continuity of the students' education can be better addressed through virtual education.
- (6)(5) The Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education shall each align its respective agency policies, practices, technical manuals, contracts, quality-assurance standards, performance-based-budgeting measures, and outcome measures with the plan in juvenile justice education programs commitment facilities by July 31, 2015 2001. Each agency shall provide a report on the implementation of this section to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by August 31, 2015 2001.
 - (7) (6) All provider contracts executed by the Department

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of Juvenile Justice or the school districts after January 1, 2015 2002, must be aligned with the plan.

(8) (7) The planning and execution of quality assurance reviews conducted by the Department of Education or the Department of Juvenile Justice after August 1, (2015) (2002), must be aligned with the plan.

(9) (8) Outcome measures reported by the Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education for <u>students</u> youth released on or after January 1, <u>2016</u> 2002, should include outcome measures that conform to the plan.

Section 20. Section 1001.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

shall include all public schools, classes, and courses of instruction and all services and activities directly related to education in that district which are under the direction of the district school officials. A district school system may also include alternative site schools for disruptive or violent students youth. Such schools for disruptive or violent students youth may be funded by each district or provided through cooperative programs administered by a consortium of school districts, private providers, state and local law enforcement agencies, and the Department of Juvenile Justice. Pursuant to cooperative agreement, a district school system shall provide instructional personnel at juvenile justice facilities of 50 or more beds or slots with access to the district school system

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database for the purpose of accessing student academic, immunization, and registration records for students assigned to the programs. Such access shall be in the same manner as provided to other schools in the district.

Section 21. Section 1003.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.51 Other public educational services.-

- (1) The general control of other public educational services shall be vested in the State Board of Education except as provided in this section herein. The State Board of Education shall, at the request of the Department of Children and Families Family Services and the Department of Juvenile Justice, advise as to standards and requirements relating to education to be met in all state schools or institutions under their control which provide educational programs. The Department of Education shall provide supervisory services for the educational programs of all such schools or institutions. The direct control of any of these services provided as part of the district program of education shall rest with the district school board. These services shall be supported out of state, district, federal, or other lawful funds, depending on the requirements of the services being supported.
- (2) The State Board of Education shall adopt <u>rules</u> and maintain an administrative rule articulating expectations for effective education programs for <u>students</u> youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, including, but not limited to,

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education programs in juvenile justice prevention, day
treatment, residential, commitment and detention programs
$\frac{\text{facilities}}{\text{facilities}}$. The rule shall $\frac{\text{establish}}{\text{orticulate}}$ policies and
standards for education programs for $\underline{\text{students}}$ $\underline{\text{youth}}$ in
Department of Juvenile Justice programs and shall include the
following:

- (a) The interagency collaborative process needed to ensure effective programs with measurable results.
- (b) The responsibilities of the Department of Education, the Department of Juvenile Justice, <u>Workforce Florida, Inc.</u>, district school boards, and providers of education services to students youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs.
 - (c) Academic expectations.
 - (d) Career expectations.
 - (e) Education transition planning and services.
- <u>(f)</u> (d) Service delivery options available to district school boards, including direct service and contracting.
 - (g) (e) Assessment procedures, which:
- 1. For prevention, day treatment, and residential programs, include appropriate academic and career assessments administered at program entry and exit that are selected by the Department of Education in partnership with representatives from the Department of Juvenile Justice, district school boards, and education providers. Assessments must be completed within the first 10 school days after a student's entry into the program.
 - 2. Provide for determination of the areas of academic need

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and strategies for appropriate intervention and instruction for
each student in a detention facility within 5 school days after
the student's entry into the program and administer a research-
based assessment that will assist the student in determining his
or her educational and career options and goals within 22 school
days after the student's entry into the program Require district
school boards to be responsible for ensuring the completion of
the assessment process.

- 3. Require assessments for students in detention who will move on to commitment facilities, to be designed to create the foundation for developing the student's education program in the assigned commitment facility.
- 4. Require assessments of students sent directly to commitment facilities to be completed within the first 10 school days of the student's commitment.

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The results of these assessments, together with a portfolio depicting the student's academic and career accomplishments, shall be included in the discharge <u>packet</u> <u>package</u> assembled for each student <u>youth</u>.

 $\underline{\text{(h)}_{\text{(f)}}} \text{ Recommended instructional programs, including, but}$ not limited to:

- 1. Secondary education.
- 2. High school equivalency examination preparation.
- 3. Postsecondary education.
- 1365 4. Career and professional education (CAPE). career

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1366 training and

- 5. Job preparation.
- 6. Virtual education that:
- a. Provides competency-based instruction that addresses the unique academic needs of the student through delivery by an entity accredited by AdvanceED or the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools.
 - b. Confers certifications and diplomas.
- c. Issues credit that articulates with and transcripts that are recognized by secondary schools.
- d. Allows the student to continue to access and progress through the program once the student leaves the juvenile justice system.
- (i) (g) Funding requirements, which shall include the requirement that at least 90 percent of the FEFP funds generated by students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs or in an education program for juveniles under s. 985.19 be spent on instructional costs for those students. One hundred percent of the formula-based categorical funds generated by students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs must be spent on appropriate categoricals such as instructional materials and public school technology for those students.
- <u>(j) (h)</u> Qualifications of instructional staff, procedures for the selection of instructional staff, and procedures <u>for to ensure</u> consistent instruction and qualified staff year round. Qualifications shall include those for instructors of CAPE

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courses, standardized across the state, and shall be based on
state certification, local school district approval, and
industry-recognized certifications as identified on the Industry
Certification Funding List. Procedures for the use of
noncertified instructional personnel who possess expert
knowledge or experience in their fields of instruction shall be
established.

- (k) (i) Transition services, including the roles and responsibilities of appropriate personnel in the juvenile justice education program, the school district where the student will reenter districts, provider organizations, and the Department of Juvenile Justice.
- $\underline{\text{(1)}}$ Procedures and timeframe for transfer of education records when a student youth enters and leaves a Department of Juvenile Justice education program facility.
- (m) (k) The requirement that each district school board maintain an academic transcript for each student enrolled in a juvenile justice education program facility that delineates each course completed by the student as provided by the State Course Code Directory.
- (n) (1) The requirement that each district school board make available and transmit a copy of a student's transcript in the discharge packet when the student exits a juvenile justice education program facility.
 - (o) (m) contract requirements.
 - (p) (n) Performance expectations for providers and district

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school boards, including student performance measures by type of
program, education program performance ratings, school
improvement, and corrective action plans for low-performing
programs the provision of a progress monitoring plan as required
in s. 1008.25.

- $\underline{(q)}$ (o) The role and responsibility of the district school board in securing workforce development funds.
- (r) (p) A series of graduated sanctions for district school boards whose educational programs in Department of Juvenile Justice programs facilities are considered to be unsatisfactory and for instances in which district school boards fail to meet standards prescribed by law, rule, or State Board of Education policy. These sanctions shall include the option of requiring a district school board to contract with a provider or another district school board if the educational program at the Department of Juvenile Justice program is performing below minimum standards facility has failed a quality assurance review and, after 6 months, is still performing below minimum standards.
- (s) Curriculum, guidance counseling, transition, and education services expectations, including curriculum flexibility for detention centers operated by the Department of Juvenile Justice.
 - (t) (q) Other aspects of program operations.
- 1442 (3) The Department of Education in partnership with the
 1443 Department of Juvenile Justice, the district school boards, and

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providers shall:

- Develop and implement requirements for contracts and cooperative agreements regarding Maintain model contracts for the delivery of appropriate education services to students youth in Department of Juvenile Justice education programs to be used for the development of future contracts. The minimum contract requirements shall include, but are not limited to, payment structure and amounts; access to district services; contract management provisions; data reporting requirements, including reporting of full-time equivalent student membership; administration of federal programs such as Title I, exceptional student education, and the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006; and model contracts shall reflect the policy and standards included in subsection (2). The Department of Education shall ensure that appropriate district school board personnel are trained and held accountable for the management and monitoring of contracts for education programs for youth in juvenile justice residential and nonresidential facilities.
- (b) <u>Develop and implement</u> <u>Maintain model</u> procedures for transitioning <u>students</u> <u>youth</u> into and out of Department of Juvenile Justice <u>education</u> programs. These procedures shall reflect the policy and standards adopted pursuant to subsection (2).
- (c) Maintain standardized required content of education records to be included as part of a <u>student's</u> youth's commitment record and procedures for securing the student's records. The

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education records These requirements shall reflect the police	су
and standards adopted pursuant to subsection (2) and shall	
include, but not be limited to, the following:	

- 1. A copy of the student's individual educational plan.
- 2. A copy of the student's individualized progress monitoring plan.
 - 3. A copy of the student's individualized transition plan.
- $\underline{4.2.}$ Data on student performance on assessments taken according to s. 1008.22.
 - 5.3. A copy of the student's permanent cumulative record.
 - 6.4. A copy of the student's academic transcript.
- 7.5. A portfolio reflecting the <u>student's</u> youth's academic accomplishments <u>and industry certification earned</u>, when age appropriate, while in the Department of Juvenile Justice program.
- education record and the roles and responsibilities of the juvenile probation officer and others involved in the withdrawal of the student from school and assignment to a juvenile justice education program commitment or detention facility. District school boards shall respond to requests for student education records received from another district school board or a juvenile justice facility within 5 working days after receiving the request.
- (4) <u>Each</u> The Department of Education shall ensure that district school board shall: boards

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<u>(a)</u> Notify students in juvenile justice <u>education programs</u>
residential or nonresidential facilities who attain the age of
16 years of the provisions of law regarding compulsory school
attendance and make available the option of enrolling in an
education a program to attain a Florida high school diploma by
taking the high school equivalency examination before General
Educational Development test prior to release from the program
facility. The Department of Education shall assist juvenile
justice education programs with becoming high school equivalency
examination centers District school boards or Florida College
System institutions, or both, shall waive GED testing fees for
youth in Department of Juvenile Justice residential programs and
shall, upon request, designate schools operating for the purpose
of providing educational services to youth in Department of
Juvenile Justice programs as GED testing centers, subject to GED
testing center requirements. The administrative fees for the
General Educational Development test required by the Department
of Education are the responsibility of district school boards
and may be required of providers by contractual agreement.

- (b) Respond to requests for student education records received from another district school board or a juvenile justice education program within 5 working days after receiving the request.
- (c) Provide access to courses offered pursuant to ss.

 1002.37, 1002.45, and 1003.498. School districts and providers
 may enter into cooperative agreements for the provision of

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L522	curriculum	associated	with c	courses	offered	pursuant	to	s.
L523	1003.498 to	enable pr	oviders	to off	fer such	courses.		

- (d) Complete the assessment process required by subsection (2).
- (e) Monitor compliance with contracts for education programs for students in juvenile justice prevention, day treatment, residential, and detention programs.
- operate, either directly or indirectly through a contract, a mechanism to provide accountability measures that annually assesses and evaluates all juvenile justice education programs using student performance data and program performance ratings by type of program quality assurance reviews of all juvenile justice education programs and shall provide technical assistance and related research to district school boards and juvenile justice education providers on how to establish, develop, and operate educational programs that exceed the minimum quality assurance standards. The Department of Education, with input from the Department of Juvenile Justice, school districts, and education providers shall develop annual recommendations for system and school improvement.

Section 22. Section 1003.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.52 Educational services in Department of Juvenile Justice programs.—

(1) The Legislature finds that education is the single

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most important factor in the rehabilitation of adjudicated delinquent youth in the custody of Department of Juvenile Justice programs. It is the goal of the Legislature that youth in the juvenile justice system continue to be allowed the opportunity to obtain a high quality education. The Department of Education shall serve as the lead agency for juvenile justice education programs, curriculum, support services, and resources. To this end, the Department of Education and the Department of Juvenile Justice shall each designate a Coordinator for Juvenile Justice Education Programs to serve as the point of contact for resolving issues not addressed by district school boards and to provide each department's participation in the following activities:

- (a) Training, collaborating, and coordinating with the Department of Juvenile Justice, district school boards, regional workforce boards and local youth councils, educational contract providers, and juvenile justice providers, whether state operated or contracted.
- (b) Collecting information on the academic, career and professional education (CAPE), and transition performance of students in juvenile justice programs and reporting on the results.
- (c) Developing academic and <u>CAPE</u> career protocols that provide guidance to district school boards and <u>juvenile justice</u> education providers in all aspects of education programming, including records transfer and transition.

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(d) Implementing a joint accountability, program

performance, and program improvement process Prescribing the

roles of program personnel and interdepartmental district school

board or provider collaboration strategies.

- Annually, a cooperative agreement and plan for juvenile justice education service enhancement shall be developed between the Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education and submitted to the Secretary of Juvenile Justice and the Commissioner of Education by June 30. The plan shall include, at a minimum, each agency's role regarding educational program accountability, technical assistance, training, and coordination of services.
- (2) Students participating in Department of Juvenile Justice education programs pursuant to chapter 985 which are sponsored by a community-based agency or are operated or contracted for by the Department of Juvenile Justice shall receive education educational programs according to rules of the State Board of Education. These students shall be eligible for services afforded to students enrolled in programs pursuant to s. 1003.53 and all corresponding State Board of Education rules.
- (3) The district school board of the county in which the juvenile justice education prevention, day treatment,

 residential, or detention program residential or nonresidential care facility or juvenile assessment facility is located shall provide or contract for appropriate educational assessments and

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an appropriate program of instruction and special education services.

- (a) The district school board shall make provisions for each student to participate in basic, CAPE career education, and exceptional student programs as appropriate. Students served in Department of Juvenile Justice education programs shall have access to the appropriate courses and instruction to prepare them for the high school equivalency examination GED test. Students participating in high school equivalency examination GED preparation programs shall be funded at the basic program cost factor for Department of Juvenile Justice programs in the Florida Education Finance Program. Each program shall be conducted according to applicable law providing for the operation of public schools and rules of the State Board of Education. School districts shall provide the high school equivalency examination GED exit option for all juvenile justice education programs.
- (b) By October 1, 2004, The Department of Education, with the assistance of the school districts and juvenile justice education providers, shall select a common student assessment instrument and protocol for measuring student learning gains and student progression while a student is in a juvenile justice education program. The Department of Education and the Department of Juvenile Justice shall jointly review the effectiveness of this assessment and implement changes as necessary. The assessment instrument and protocol must be

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implemented in all juvenile justice education programs in this state by January 1, 2005.

- (4) Educational services shall be provided at times of the day most appropriate for the juvenile justice program. School programming in juvenile justice detention, prevention, day treatment, and residential commitment, and rehabilitation programs shall be made available by the local school district during the juvenile justice school year, as provided defined in s. 1003.01(11). In addition, students in juvenile justice education programs shall have access to courses offered pursuant to ss. 1002.37, 1002.45, and 1003.498 Florida Virtual School courses. The Department of Education and the school districts shall adopt policies necessary to provide ensure such access.
- based on each student's individualized transition plan, assessed educational needs, and the education programs available in the school district in which the student will return. Depending on the student's needs, educational programming may consist of remedial courses, eonsist of appropriate basic academic courses required for grade advancement, CAPE courses, high school equivalency examination preparation career, or exceptional student education curricula and related services which support the transition treatment goals and reentry and which may lead to completion of the requirements for receipt of a high school diploma or its equivalent. Prevention and day treatment juvenile justice education programs, at a minimum, shall provide career

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readiness and exploration opportunities as well as truancy and dropout prevention intervention services. Residential juvenile justice education programs with a contracted minimum length of stay of 9 months shall provide CAPE courses that lead to preapprentice certifications and industry certifications.

Programs with contracted lengths of stay of less than 9 months may provide career education courses that lead to preapprentice certifications and CAPE industry certifications. If the duration of a program is less than 40 days, the educational component may be limited to tutorial remediation activities, and career employability skills instruction, education counseling, and transition services that prepare students for a return to school, the community, and their home settings based on the students' needs.

school-attendance age as provided for in s. 1003.21 shall be mandatory. All students of noncompulsory school-attendance age who have not received a high school diploma or its equivalent shall participate in the educational program, unless the student files a formal declaration of his or her intent to terminate school enrollment as described in s. 1003.21 and is afforded the opportunity to take the general educational development test and attain a Florida high school diploma before prior to release from a juvenile justice education program facility. A student youth who has received a high school diploma or its equivalent and is not employed shall participate in workforce development

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or other <u>CAPE</u> career or technical education or Florida College System institution or university courses while in the program, subject to available funding.

- developed for all students not classified as exceptional education students upon entry in a juvenile justice education program and upon reentry in the school district who score below the level specified in district school board policy in reading, writing, and mathematics or below the level specified by the Commissioner of Education on statewide assessments as required by s. 1008.25. These plans shall address academic, literacy, and career and technical life skills and shall include provisions for intensive remedial instruction in the areas of weakness.
- (8) Each district school board shall maintain an academic record for each student enrolled in a juvenile justice education program facility as prescribed by s. 1003.51. Such record shall delineate each course completed by the student according to procedures in the State Course Code Directory. The district school board shall include a copy of a student's academic record in the discharge packet when the student exits the program facility.
- (9) <u>Each</u> The Department of Education shall ensure that all district school board shall boards make provisions for high school level students youth to earn credits toward high school graduation while in residential and nonresidential juvenile justice education programs facilities. Provisions must be made

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for the transfer of credits and partial credits earned.

- course of a student's stay in a juvenile justice education program to coordinate academic, career and technical, and secondary and postsecondary services that assist the student in successful community reintegration upon release. Development of the transition plan shall be a collaboration of the personnel in the juvenile justice education program, reentry personnel, personnel from the school district where the student will return, the student, the student's family, and Department of Juvenile Justice personnel for committed students.
- (a) Transition planning must begin upon a student's placement in the program. The transition plan must include, at a minimum:
- 1. Services and interventions that address the student's assessed educational needs and postrelease education plans.
- 2. Services to be provided during the program stay and services to be implemented upon release, including, but not limited to, continuing education in secondary school, CAPE programs, postsecondary education, or employment, based on the student's needs.
- 3. Specific monitoring responsibilities to determine whether the individualized transition plan is being implemented and the student is provided access to support services that will sustain the student's success by individuals who are responsible

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for the reintegration and coordination of these activities.

- (b) For the purpose of transition planning and reentry services, representatives from the school district and the one stop center where the student will return shall participate as members of the local Department of Juvenile Justice reentry teams. The school district, upon return of a student from a juvenile justice education program, must consider the individual needs and circumstances of the student and the transition plan recommendations when reenrolling a student in a public school. A local school district may not maintain a standardized policy for all students returning from a juvenile justice program but place students based on their needs and their performance in the juvenile justice education program, including any virtual education options.
- (c) The Department of Education and the Department of
 Juvenile Justice shall provide oversight and guidance to school
 districts, education providers, and reentry personnel on how to
 implement effective educational transition planning and
 services.
- (11) (10) The district school board shall recruit and train teachers who are interested, qualified, or experienced in educating students in juvenile justice programs. Students in juvenile justice programs shall be provided a wide range of education educational programs and opportunities including textbooks, technology, instructional support, and other resources commensurate with resources provided available to

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students in public schools, including textbooks and access to technology. If the district school board operates a juvenile justice education program at a juvenile justice facility, the district school board, in consultation with the director of the juvenile justice facility, shall select the instructional personnel assigned to that program. The Secretary of Juvenile Justice or the director of a juvenile justice program may request that the performance of a teacher assigned by the district to a juvenile justice education program be reviewed by the district and that the teacher be reassigned based upon an evaluation conducted pursuant to s. 1012.34 or for inappropriate behavior Teachers assigned to educational programs in juvenile justice settings in which the district school board operates the educational program shall be selected by the district school board in consultation with the director of the juvenile justice facility. Educational programs in Juvenile justice education programs facilities shall have access to the substitute teacher pool used utilized by the district school board.

(12) (11) District school boards may contract with a private provider for the provision of education educational programs to students youths placed with the Department of Juvenile Justice and shall generate local, state, and federal funding, including funding through the Florida Education Finance Program for such students. The district school board's planning and budgeting process shall include the needs of Department of Juvenile Justice education programs in the district school

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board's plan for expenditures for state categorical and federal funds.

- (13) (12) (a) Funding for eligible students enrolled in juvenile justice education programs shall be provided through the Florida Education Finance Program as provided in s. 1011.62 and the General Appropriations Act. Funding shall include, at a minimum:
- 1. Weighted program funding or the basic amount for current operation multiplied by the district cost differential as provided in s. 1011.62(1)(s) and (2);
- 2. The supplemental allocation for juvenile justice education as provided in s. 1011.62(10);
- 3. A proportionate share of the district's exceptional student education guaranteed allocation, the supplemental academic instruction allocation, and the instructional materials allocation;
- 4. An amount equivalent to the proportionate share of the state average potential discretionary local effort for operations, which shall be determined as follows:
- a. If the district levies the maximum discretionary local effort and the district's discretionary local effort per FTE is less than the state average potential discretionary local effort per FTE, the proportionate share shall include both the discretionary local effort and the compression supplement per FTE. If the district's discretionary local effort per FTE is greater than the state average per FTE, the proportionate share

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shall be equal to the state average; or

- b. If the district does not levy the maximum discretionary local effort and the district's actual discretionary local effort per FTE is less than the state average potential discretionary local effort per FTE, the proportionate share shall be equal to the district's actual discretionary local effort per FTE. If the district's actual discretionary local effort per FTE is greater than the state average per FTE, the proportionate share shall be equal to the state average potential local effort per FTE; and
- 5. A proportionate share of the district's proration to funds available, if necessary.
- (b) Juvenile justice <u>education</u> <u>educational</u> programs to receive the appropriate FEFP funding for Department of Juvenile Justice <u>education</u> programs shall include those operated through a contract with the Department of Juvenile Justice and which are under purview of the Department of Juvenile Justice quality assurance standards for education.
- (c) Consistent with the rules of the State Board of Education, district school boards shall are required to request an alternative FTE survey for Department of Juvenile Justice education programs experiencing fluctuations in student enrollment.
- (d) FTE count periods shall be prescribed in rules of the State Board of Education and shall be the same for programs of the Department of Juvenile Justice as for other public school

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programs. The summer school period for students in Department of Juvenile Justice <u>education</u> programs shall begin on the day immediately following the end of the regular school year and end on the day immediately preceding the subsequent regular school year. Students shall be funded for no more than 25 hours per week of direct instruction.

- (e) Each juvenile justice education program must receive all federal funds for which the program is eligible.
- (14) (13) Each district school board shall negotiate a cooperative agreement with the Department of Juvenile Justice on the delivery of educational services to students youths under the jurisdiction of the Department of Juvenile Justice. Such agreement must include, but is not limited to:
- (a) Roles and responsibilities of each agency, including the roles and responsibilities of contract providers.
- (b) Administrative issues including procedures for sharing information.
- (c) Allocation of resources including maximization of local, state, and federal funding.
- (d) Procedures for educational evaluation for educational exceptionalities and special needs.
 - (e) Curriculum and delivery of instruction.
- 1856 (f) Classroom management procedures and attendance policies.
- 1858 (g) Procedures for provision of qualified instructional
 1859 personnel, whether supplied by the district school board or

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provided under contract by the provider, and for performance of duties while in a juvenile justice setting.

- (h) Provisions for improving skills in teaching and working with <u>students referred to</u> juvenile <u>justice education</u> programs <u>delinquents</u>.
- (i) Transition plans for students moving into and out of juvenile justice education programs facilities.
- (j) Procedures and timelines for the timely documentation of credits earned and transfer of student records.
 - (k) Methods and procedures for dispute resolution.
- (1) Provisions for ensuring the safety of education personnel and support for the agreed-upon education program.
- (m) Strategies for correcting any deficiencies found through the <u>accountability and evaluation system and student</u> performance measures <u>quality assurance process</u>.
- (15) (14) Nothing in this section or in a cooperative agreement requires shall be construed to require the district school board to provide more services than can be supported by the funds generated by students in the juvenile justice programs.
- (16) (15) (a) The Department of Education, in consultation with the Department of Juvenile Justice, district school boards, and providers, shall adopt rules establishing: establish
- (a) Objective and measurable student performance measures to evaluate a student's educational progress while participating in a prevention, day treatment, or residential program. The

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student performance measures must be based on appropriate outcomes for all students in juvenile justice education programs, taking into consideration the student's length of stay in the program. Performance measures shall include outcomes that relate to student achievement of career education goals, acquisition of employability skills, receipt of a high school diploma or its equivalent, grade advancement, and the number of CAPE industry certifications earned.

- (b) A performance rating system to be used by the

 Department of Education to evaluate quality assurance standards

 for the delivery of educational services within each of the

 juvenile justice programs. The performance rating shall be

 primarily based on data regarding student performance as

 described in paragraph (a) component of residential and

 nonresidential juvenile justice facilities.
- (c) The timeframes, procedures, and resources to be used to improve a low-rated educational program or to terminate or reassign the program These standards shall rate the district school board's performance both as a provider and contractor. The quality assurance rating for the educational component shall be disaggregated from the overall quality assurance score and reported separately.
- (d) (b) The Department of Education, in partnership with the Department of Juvenile Justice, shall develop a comprehensive accountability and program improvement quality assurance review process. The accountability and program

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improvement process shall be based on student performance measures by type of program and shall rate education program performance. The accountability system shall identify and recognize high-performing education programs. The Department of Education, in partnership with the Department of Juvenile Justice, shall identify low-performing programs. Low-performing education programs shall receive an onsite program evaluation from the Department of Juvenile Justice. School improvement, technical assistance, or the reassignment of the program shall be based, in part, on the results of the program evaluation. Through a corrective action process, low-performing programs must demonstrate improvement or reassign the program and schedule for the evaluation of the educational component in juvenile justice programs. The Department of Juvenile Justice quality assurance site visit and the education quality assurance site visit shall be conducted during the same visit.

(c) The Department of Education, in consultation with district school boards and providers, shall establish minimum thresholds for the standards and key indicators for educational programs in juvenile justice facilities. If a district school board fails to meet the established minimum standards, it will be given 6 months to achieve compliance with the standards. If after 6 months, the district school board's performance is still below minimum standards, the Department of Education shall exercise sanctions as prescribed by rules adopted by the State Board of Education. If a provider, under contract with the

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district school board, fails to meet minimum standards, s	uch
failure shall cause the district school board to cancel t	:he
provider's contract unless the provider achieves compliant	ice
within 6 months or unless there are documented extenuation	ıg
circumstances.	

- (d) The requirements in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) shall be implemented to the extent that funds are available.
- of Juvenile Justice, shall collect data and report on commitment, day treatment, prevention, and detention programs.

 The report shall be submitted to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor by February 1 of each year. The report must include, at a minimum:
 - (a) The number and percentage of students who:
- 1. Return to an alternative school, middle school, or high school upon release and the attendance rate of such students before and after participation in juvenile justice education programs.
- 2. Receive a standard high school diploma or a high school equivalency diploma.
 - 3. Receive industry certification.
 - 4. Enroll in a postsecondary educational institution.
- 1960 <u>5. Complete a juvenile justice education program without</u> 1961 reoffending.
- 1962 <u>6. Reoffend within 1 year after completion of a day</u> 1963 treatment or residential commitment program.

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	7.	Rema	ain	employ	zed	1	year	aft	er	compl	etion	of	а	day
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- 8. Demonstrate learning gains pursuant to paragraph(3)(b).
- (b) The following cost data for each juvenile justice education program:
- 1. The amount of funding provided by district school boards to juvenile justice programs and the amount retained for administration, including documenting the purposes of such expenses.
- 2. The status of the development of cooperative agreements.
 - 3. Recommendations for system improvement.
- 4. Information on the identification of, and services provided to, exceptional students, to determine whether these students are properly reported for funding and are appropriately served.
- (18) (16) The district school board shall not be charged any rent, maintenance, utilities, or overhead on such facilities. Maintenance, repairs, and remodeling of existing facilities shall be provided by the Department of Juvenile Justice.
- (19) (17) When additional facilities are required, the district school board and the Department of Juvenile Justice shall agree on the appropriate site based on the instructional needs of the students. When the most appropriate site for

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instruction is on district school board property, a special capital outlay request shall be made by the commissioner in accordance with s. 1013.60. When the most appropriate site is on state property, state capital outlay funds shall be requested by the Department of Juvenile Justice provided by s. 216.043 and shall be submitted as specified by s. 216.023. Any instructional facility to be built on state property shall have educational specifications jointly developed by the district school board and the Department of Juvenile Justice and approved by the Department of Education. The size of space and occupant design capacity criteria as provided by State Board of Education rules shall be used for remodeling or new construction whether facilities are provided on state property or district school board property.

 $\underline{(20)}$ (18) The parent of an exceptional student shall have the due process rights provided for in this chapter.

(19) The Department of Education and the Department of Juvenile Justice, after consultation with and assistance from local providers and district school boards, shall report annually to the Legislature by February 1 on the progress toward developing effective educational programs for juvenile delinquents, including the amount of funding provided by district school boards to juvenile justice programs, the amount retained for administration including documenting the purposes for such expenses, the status of the development of cooperative agreements, the results of the quality assurance reviews

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including recommendations for system improvement, and information on the identification of, and services provided to, exceptional students in juvenile justice commitment facilities to determine whether these students are properly reported for funding and are appropriately served.

(21) (20) The education educational programs at the Arthur Dozier School for Boys in Jackson County and the Florida School for Boys in Okeechobee shall be operated by the Department of Education, either directly or through grants or contractual agreements with other public or duly accredited education agencies approved by the Department of Education.

(22) (21) The State Board of Education shall may adopt any rules necessary to implement the provisions of this section, including uniform curriculum, funding, and second chance schools. Such rules must require the minimum amount of paperwork and reporting.

(23) (22) The Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education, in consultation with Workforce Florida, Inc., the statewide Workforce Development Youth Council, district school boards, Florida College System institutions, providers, and others, shall jointly develop a multiagency plan for CAPE career education which describes the funding, curriculum, transfer of credits, goals, and outcome measures for career education programming in juvenile commitment facilities, pursuant to s. 985.622. The plan must be reviewed annually.

Section 23. Paragraph (b) of subsection (18) of section

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2042 1001.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.—The district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:

- (18) IMPLEMENT SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY.—
 Maintain a state system of school improvement and education
 accountability as provided by statute and State Board of
 Education rule. This system of school improvement and education
 accountability shall be consistent with, and implemented
 through, the district's continuing system of planning and
 budgeting required by this section and ss. 1008.385, 1010.01,
 and 1011.01. This system of school improvement and education
 accountability shall comply with the provisions of ss. 1008.33,
 1008.34, 1008.345, and 1008.385 and include the following:
- (b) Public disclosure.—The district school board shall provide information regarding the performance of students and educational programs as required pursuant to ss. 1008.22 and 1008.385 and implement a system of school reports as required by statute and State Board of Education rule which shall include schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to students youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, and for those schools, report on the elements specified in s. 1003.52(16) 1003.52(19). Annual public disclosure reports shall be in an easy-to-read report card format and shall include the school's grade, high school graduation rate calculated without high school equivalency

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<u>examinations</u> <u>GED tests</u>, disaggregated by student ethnicity, and performance data as specified in state board rule.

Section 24. Subsection (4) of section 1003.4282, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.4282 Requirements for a standard high school diploma.—

(4)ONLINE COURSE REQUIREMENT. - Excluding a driver education course, At least one course within the 24 credits required under this section must be completed through online learning. A school district may not require a student to take the online course outside the school day or in addition to a student's courses for a given semester. An online course taken in grade 6, grade 7, or grade 8 fulfills this requirement. This requirement is met through an online course offered by the Florida Virtual School, a virtual education provider approved by the State Board of Education, a high school, or an online dual enrollment course. A student who is enrolled in a full-time or part-time virtual instruction program under s. 1002.45 meets this requirement. This requirement does not apply to a student who has an individual education plan under s. 1003.57 which indicates that an online course would be inappropriate or to an out-of-state transfer student who is enrolled in a Florida high school and has 1 academic year or less remaining in high school.

Section 25. If this act and CS/HB 7031, 2014 Regular

Session, or similar legislation are adopted in the same

legislative session or an extension thereof and become law, and

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the respective provisions of such acts amending s. 1003.4282(4),
Florida Statutes, differ, it is the intent of the Legislature
that the amendments made by this act to s. 1003.4282(4), Florida
Statutes, shall control over the language of CS/HB 7031, or
similar legislation, regardless of the order in which they are
enacted.

Section 26. Section 1003.4995, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

shall prepare an annual report that includes a description,
based on annual reporting by schools, of student access to and
participation in fine arts courses, which are visual arts,
music, dance, and theatre courses; the number and certification
status of educators providing instruction in the courses;
educational facilities designed and classroom space equipped for
fine arts instruction; and the manner in which schools are
providing the core curricular content for fine arts established
in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. The report
shall be posted on the Department of Education's website and
updated annually.

Section 27. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

2117 TITLE AMENDMENT

2118 Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert:
2119 A bill to be entitled

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An act relating to education; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; requiring a school that includes middle grades to include information, data, and instructional strategies in its school improvement plan; requiring a school that includes middle grades to implement an early warning system based on indicators to identify students in need of additional academic support; amending s. 1003.02, F.S.; requiring a district school board to notify parents of return on investment relating to industry certifications; amending s. 1003.42, F.S.; providing State Board of Education duties relating to middle grades courses; amending s. 1003.4203, F.S.; providing for career and professional education (CAPE) digital materials, digital tool certificates, career innovation courses, and academic acceleration industry certifications; deleting provisions relating to certain recognition of digital skills; amending s. 1003.4282, F.S.; providing that certain courses meet high school graduation credit requirements in science; amending s. 1003.4285, F.S.; revising requirements for scholar and merit high school diploma designations; amending s. 1003.491, F.S.; providing components of career and professional education; amending s. 1003.492, F.S.; requiring return-on-investment information for career education; amending s. 1003.4935, F.S.; authorizing additional

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FTE funding for certain industry certifications; amending s. 1003.53, F.S.; authorizing dropout prevention and academic intervention services for a student identified by a school's early warning system; amending s. 1006.135, F.S.; including middle grades schools under provisions prohibiting hazing; revising the definition of the term "hazing"; requiring a school district policy that prohibits hazing and establishes consequences for an act of hazing; revising penalty provisions and providing for applicability; amending s. 1007.271, F.S.; requiring dual enrollment articulation agreements to include requirements for a collegiate high school program; providing for enforcement of compliance relating to agreements; creating s. 1007.273, F.S.; establishing the Collegiate High School Program; requiring each Florida College System institution to offer a collegiate high school program and specifying requirements for the program; amending s. 1008.345, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference; amending s. 1008.44, F.S.; authorizing the Commissioner of Education to add specified certifications and certificates to the Industry Certification Funding List; authorizing Workforce Florida, Inc., to add industry certifications; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; establishing weighted funding for students earning

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certain industry certifications and certificates; providing a bonus for teachers providing instruction leading to certain industry certification; deleting obsolete provisions; revising calculation of weighted funding for students who graduate early; deleting provisions relating to recognition of digital skills; amending s. 1012.98, F.S.; providing requirements relating to professional development, including inservice plans and instructional strategies, for middle grades educators; requiring the Department of Education to disseminate professional development in the use of integrated digital instruction; creating s. 768.072, F.S.; authorizing district school boards to enter into joint-use agreements or adopt public access policies; providing immunity from liability for a district school board that enters into a joint-use agreement or adopts public access policies except in instances of gross negligence or intentional misconduct; providing applicability; amending s. 985.622, F.S.; revising requirements for the multiagency education plan for students in juvenile justice education programs; including virtual education as an option; amending s. 1001.31, F.S.; authorizing instructional personnel at all juvenile justice facilities to access specific student records at the district; amending s. 1003.51, F.S.; revising

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terminology; revising requirements for rules to be maintained by the State Board of Education; providing expectations for effective education programs for students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs; revising requirements for contract and cooperative agreements for the delivery of appropriate education services to students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs; requiring the Department of Education to ensure that juvenile justice students who are eliqible have access to high school equivalency testing and assist juvenile justice education programs with becoming high school equivalency testing centers; revising requirements for an accountability system for all juvenile justice education programs; revising requirements for district school boards; amending s. 1003.52, F.S.; revising requirements for activities to be coordinated by the coordinators for juvenile justice education programs; authorizing contracting for educational assessments; revising requirements for assessments; authorizing access to local virtual education courses; requiring that an education program shall be based on each student's transition plan and assessed educational needs; providing requirements for prevention and day treatment juvenile justice education programs; requiring progress monitoring plans for all students not classified as exceptional

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student education students; revising requirements for such plans; requiring the Department of Education, in partnership with the Department of Juvenile Justice, to ensure that school districts and juvenile justice education providers develop individualized transition plans; providing requirements for such plans; authorizing the Secretary of Juvenile Justice or the director of a juvenile justice program to request that a school district teacher's performance be reviewed by the district and that the teacher be reassigned in certain circumstances; requiring the Department of Education to establish by rule objective and measurable student performance measures and program performance ratings; providing requirements for such ratings; requiring a comprehensive accountability and program improvement process; providing requirements for such a process; deleting provisions for minimum thresholds for the standards and key indicators for education programs in juvenile justice facilities; revising data collection and annual report requirements; deleting provisions concerning the Arthur Dozier School for Boys; requiring rulemaking; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; revising terminology; revising a cross-reference; amending s. 1003.4282, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the online course requirement for a standard high school diploma;

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HOUSE AMENDMENT

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 850, 1st Eng. (2014)

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2250	providing construction with respect to the passage of
2251	similar legislation; creating s. 1003.4995, F.S.;
2252	requiring the Commissioner of Education to prepare an
2253	annual report relating to student access to and
2254	participation in fine arts courses and information on
2255	educators, facilities, and instruction in such
2256	courses; providing an effective date.

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