House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION .

Senate

Floor: 1a/RE/2R 04/30/2014 04:14 PM

Senator Latvala moved the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (319896) (with directory and title amendments)

Delete lines 262 - 324

and insert:

approval from the Board of Governors. However, beginning July 1, 2014, the Board of Governors may only approve the establishment of or an increase in tuition differential for a state research university designated as a preeminent state research university pursuant to s. 1001.7065(3). The tuition differential shall promote improvements in the quality of undergraduate education 11

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SENATOR AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2014 Bill No. CS/CS/CS/HB 851, 2nd Eng.

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12 and shall provide financial aid to undergraduate students who 13 exhibit financial need.

14 (a) Seventy percent of the revenues from the tuition 15 differential shall be expended for purposes of undergraduate education. Such expenditures may include, but are not limited 16 17 to, increasing course offerings, improving graduation rates, 18 increasing the percentage of undergraduate students who are 19 taught by faculty, decreasing student-faculty ratios, providing 20 salary increases for faculty who have a history of excellent 21 teaching in undergraduate courses, improving the efficiency of 22 the delivery of undergraduate education through academic 23 advisement and counseling, and reducing the percentage of 24 students who graduate with excess hours. This expenditure for 25 undergraduate education may not be used to pay the salaries of 26 graduate teaching assistants. Except as otherwise provided in 27 this subsection, the remaining 30 percent of the revenues from 28 the tuition differential, or the equivalent amount of revenue 29 from private sources, shall be expended to provide financial aid 30 to undergraduate students who exhibit financial need, including students who are scholarship recipients under s. 1009.984, to 31 32 meet the cost of university attendance. This expenditure for 33 need-based financial aid shall not supplant the amount of need-34 based aid provided to undergraduate students in the preceding 35 fiscal year from financial aid fee revenues, the direct 36 appropriation for financial assistance provided to state 37 universities in the General Appropriations Act, or from private sources. The total amount of tuition differential waived under 38 39 subparagraph (b)8. may be included in calculating the expenditures for need-based financial aid to undergraduate 40

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students required by this subsection. If the entire tuition and 41 42 fee costs of resident students who have applied for and received Pell Grant funds have been met and the university has excess 43 44 funds remaining from the 30 percent of the revenues from the tuition differential required to be used to assist students who 45 exhibit financial need, the university may expend the excess 46 47 portion in the same manner as required for the other 70 percent of the tuition differential revenues. 48

49 (b) Each tuition differential is subject to the following 50 conditions:

1. The tuition differential may be assessed on one or more undergraduate courses or on all undergraduate courses at a state university.

54 2. The tuition differential may vary by course or courses, 55 <u>by</u> campus or center location, and by institution. Each 56 university board of trustees shall strive to maintain and 57 increase enrollment in degree programs related to math, science, 58 high technology, and other state or regional high-need fields 59 when establishing tuition differentials by course.

60 3. For each state university that is designated as a 61 preeminent state research university by the Board of Governors, 62 pursuant to s. 1001.7065 has total research and development 63 expenditures for all fields of at least \$100 million per year as 64 reported annually to the National Science Foundation, the 65 aggregate sum of tuition and the tuition differential may not be 66 increased by no more than 6 15 percent of the total charged for 67 the aggregate sum of these fees in the preceding fiscal year. 68 The tuition differential may be increased if the university meets or exceeds performance standard targets for that 69

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70 university established annually by the Board of Governors for 71 the following performance standards, amounting to no more than a 72 2-percent increase in the tuition differential for each 73 performance standard: 74 a. An increase in the 6-year graduation rate for full-time, 75 first-time-in-college students, as reported annually to the 76 Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System. 77 b. An increase in the total annual research expenditures. 78 c. An increase in the total patents awarded by the United 79 States Patent and Trademark Office for the most recent years. 80 For each state university that has total research and 81 development expenditures for all fields of less than \$100 82 million per year as reported annually to the National Science 83 Foundation, the aggregate sum of tuition and the tuition 84 differential may not be increased by more than 15 percent of the total charged for the aggregate sum of these fees in the 85 86 preceding fiscal year. 4. The aggregate sum of undergraduate tuition and fees per 87

4. The aggregate sum of undergraduate tuition and fees per credit hour, including the tuition differential, may not exceed the national average of undergraduate tuition and fees at 4-year degree-granting public postsecondary educational institutions.

5. The tuition differential shall not be included in any
award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program
established pursuant to ss. 1009.53-1009.538.

6. Beneficiaries having prepaid tuition contracts pursuant to s. 1009.98(2)(b) which were in effect on July 1, 2007, and which remain in effect, are exempt from the payment of the tuition differential.

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7. The tuition differential may not be charged to any



99 student who was in attendance at the university before July 1, 100 2007, and who maintains continuous enrollment. 101 8. The tuition differential may be waived by the university 102 for students who meet the eligibility requirements for the 103 Florida public student assistance grant established in s. 104 1009.50. 105 9. Subject to approval by the Board of Governors, the 106 tuition differential authorized pursuant to this subsection may 107 take effect with the 2009 fall term. 108 (c) A university board of trustees may submit a proposal to 109 the Board of Governors to implement a tuition differential for 110 one or more undergraduate courses. At a minimum, the proposal 111 shall: 1. Identify the course or courses for which the tuition 112 113 differential will be assessed. 2. Indicate the amount that will be assessed for each 114 115 tuition differential proposed. 3. Indicate the purpose of the tuition differential. 116 117 4. Indicate how the revenues from the tuition differential 118 will be used. 119 5. Indicate how the university will monitor the success of 120 the tuition differential in achieving the purpose for which the 121 tuition differential is being assessed. 122 (d) The Board of Governors shall review each proposal and 123 advise the university board of trustees of approval of the 124 proposal, the need for additional information or revision to the 125 proposal, or denial of the proposal. The Board of Governors 126 shall establish a process for any university to revise a 127 proposal or appeal a decision of the board.

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128 (e) The Board of Governors shall submit a report to the 129 President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor describing the implementation 130 131 of the provisions of this subsection no later than February 1 of 132 each year. The report shall summarize proposals received by the 133 board during the preceding fiscal year and actions taken by the 134 board in response to such proposals. In addition, the report 135 shall provide the following information for each university that 136 has been approved by the board to assess a tuition differential: 1. The course or courses for which the tuition differential 137 138 was assessed and the amount assessed. 139 2. The total revenues generated by the tuition 140 differential. 141 3. With respect to waivers authorized under subparagraph 142 (b)8., the number of students eligible for a waiver, the number 143 of students receiving a waiver, and the value of waivers 144 provided. 4. Detailed expenditures of the revenues generated by the 145 146 tuition differential. 147 5. Changes in retention rates, graduation rates, the 148 percentage of students graduating with more than 110 percent of the hours required for graduation, pass rates on licensure 149 150 examinations, the number of undergraduate course offerings, the 151 percentage of undergraduate students who are taught by faculty, 152 student-faculty ratios, and the average salaries of faculty who 153 teach undergraduate courses. 154

(f) No state university shall be required to lower any tuition differential that was approved by the Board of Governors and in effect prior to January 1, 2009, in order to comply with



157	the provisions of this subsection.
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159	===== DIRECTORY CLAUSE AMENDMENT ======
160	And the directory clause is amended as follows:
161	Delete lines 176 - 177
162	and insert:
163	Section 4. Subsections (4) and (16) of section 1009.24,
164	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
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167	And the title is amended as follows:
168	Delete line 479
169	and insert:
170	rate equal to inflation; authorizing the Board of
171	Governors to approve the establishment of or an
172	increase in tuition differential for a state research
173	university designated as a preeminent state research
174	university; revising the annual