LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 04/01/2014 House

The Committee on Community Affairs (Hukill) recommended the following:

Senate Substitute for Amendment (549218) (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Utility Cost Containment Bond Act.-

(1) SHORT TITLE.-This section may be cited as the "Utility

Cost Containment Bond Act."

(2) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Authority" means an entity created pursuant to s.

9 10

1 2

3 4

5

6

7

3	89346
---	-------

11	163.01(7)(g), Florida Statutes, which provides public utility
12	services and whose membership consists of at least three
13	counties. The term includes any successor to the powers and
14	functions of such an entity.
15	(b) "Cost," as applied to a utility project or a portion of
16	a utility project financed under this act, means any of the
17	following:
18	1. Any part of the expense of constructing, renovating or
19	acquiring lands, structures, real or personal property, rights,
20	rights-of-way, franchises, easements, and interests acquired or
21	used for a utility project.
22	2. The expense of demolishing or removing any buildings or
23	structures on acquired land, including the expense of acquiring
24	any lands to which the buildings or structures may be moved, and
25	the cost of all machinery and equipment used for the demolition
26	or removal.
27	3. Finance charges.
28	4. Interest, as determined by the authority.
29	5. Provisions for working capital and debt service
30	reserves.
31	6. Expenses for extensions, enlargements, additions,
32	replacements, renovations, and improvements.
33	7. Expenses for architectural, engineering, financial,
34	accounting, and legal services, plans, specifications,
35	estimates, and administration.
36	8. Any other expense necessary or incidental to determining
37	the feasibility of constructing any utility project or
38	incidental to the construction, acquisition, or financing of any
39	utility project.

40	(c) "Customer" means a person receiving water, wastewater,
41	or stormwater service from a publicly owned utility.
42	(d) "Financing costs" means any of the following:
43	1. Interest and redemption premiums that are payable on
44	utility cost containment bonds.
45	2. The cost of retiring the principal of utility cost
46	containment bonds, whether at maturity, including acceleration
47	of maturity upon an event of default, or upon redemption,
48	including sinking fund redemption.
49	3. The cost related to issuing or servicing utility cost
50	containment bonds, including any payment under an interest rate
51	swap agreement and any type of fee.
52	4. A payment or expense associated with a bond insurance
53	policy; financial guaranty; a contract, agreement, or other
54	credit or liquidity enhancement for bonds; or a contract,
55	agreement, or other financial agreement entered into in
56	connection with utility cost containment bonds.
57	5. Any coverage charges.
58	6. The funding of one or more reserve accounts relating to
59	utility cost containment bonds.
60	(e) "Finance" or "financing" includes refinancing.
61	(f) "Financing resolution" means a resolution adopted by
62	the governing body of an authority that provides for the
63	financing or refinancing of a utility project with utility cost
64	containment bonds and that imposes a utility project charge in
65	connection with the utility cost containment bonds in accordance
66	with subsection (4). A financing resolution may be separate from
67	a resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds.
68	(g) "Governing body" means the body that governs a local

69	agency.
70	(h) "Local agency" means a member of the authority, or an
71	agency or subdivision of that member, which is sponsoring or
72	refinancing a utility project, or any municipality, county,
73	authority, special district, public corporation, or other
74	governmental entity of the state that is sponsoring or
75	refinancing a utility project.
76	(i) "Public utility services" means any of the following
77	services provided by a publicly owned utility:
78	1. Water.
79	2. Wastewater.
80	3. Stormwater.
81	
82	The term does not include internet or cable services.
83	(j) "Publicly owned utility" means a utility furnishing
84	water, wastewater, or stormwater service that is owned and
85	operated by a local agency. The term includes any successor to
86	the powers and functions of such a utility.
87	(k) "Revenue" means income and receipts of the authority
88	from any of the following:
89	1. A bond purchase agreement.
90	2. Bonds acquired by the authority.
91	3. Installment sales agreements and other revenue-producing
92	agreements entered into by the authority.
93	4. Utility projects financed or refinanced by the
94	authority.
95	5. Grants and other sources of income.
96	6. Moneys paid by a local agency.
97	7. Interlocal agreements with a local agency.

389346

98	8. Interest or other income from any investment of money in
99	any fund or account established for the payment of principal,
100	interest, or premiums on utility cost containment bonds, or the
101	deposit of proceeds of utility cost containment bonds.
102	(1) "Utility cost containment bonds" means bonds, notes,
103	commercial paper, variable rate securities, and any other
104	evidence of indebtedness issued by an authority, the proceeds of
105	which are used directly or indirectly to pay or reimburse a
106	local agency or its publicly owned utility for the costs of a
107	utility project, and which are secured by a pledge of, and are
108	payable from, utility project property.
109	(m) "Utility project" means the acquisition, construction,
110	installation, retrofitting, rebuilding, or other addition to or
111	improvement of any equipment, device, structure, process,
112	facility, technology, rights, or property located within or
113	outside this state which is used in connection with the
114	operations of a publicly owned utility.
115	(n) "Utility project property" means the property right
116	created pursuant to subsection (6) including the right, title,
117	and interest of an authority in any of the following:
118	1. The financing resolution, the utility project charge,
119	and any adjustment to the utility project charge established in
120	accordance with subsection (5).
121	2. The financing costs of the utility cost containment
122	bonds and all revenues, and all collections, claims, payments,
123	moneys, or proceeds for, or arising from, the utility project
124	charge.
125	3. All rights to obtain adjustments to the utility project
126	charge pursuant to subsection (5).

389346

127 (3) UTILITY PROJECTS.-(a) A local agency that owns and operates a publicly owned 128 129 utility may apply to an authority to finance the costs of a 130 utility project using the proceeds of utility cost containment 131 bonds. In its application to the authority, the local agency 132 shall specify the utility project to be financed by the utility cost containment bonds and the maximum principal amount, the 133 134 maximum interest rate, and the maximum stated terms of the 135 utility cost containment bonds. 136 (b) A local agency may not apply to an authority for the 137 financing of a utility project under this section unless the 138 governing body has determined, in a duly noticed public meeting, 139 all of the following: 140 1. The project to be financed is a utility project. 141 2. The local agency will finance costs of the utility 142 project and the financing costs associated with the financing 143 will be paid from utility project property, including the 144 utility project charge for the utility cost containment bonds. 145 3. Based on the best information available to the governing 146 body, the rates charged to the local agency's retail customers 147 by the publicly owned utility, including the utility project charge resulting from the financing of the utility project with 148 149 utility cost containment bonds, are expected to be lower than the rates that would be charged if the project was financed with 150 151 bonds payable from revenues of the publicly owned utility. (c) A determination by the governing body that a project to 152 153 be financed with utility cost containment bonds is a utility 154 project is final and conclusive, and the utility cost 155 containment bonds issued to finance the utility project and the

389346

156	utility project charge shall be valid and enforceable as set
157	forth in the financing resolution and the documents relating to
158	the utility cost containment bonds.
159	(d) The savings resulting from the issuance of utility cost
160	containment bonds for a utility project must be used to directly
161	benefit the customers of the publicly owned utility through rate
162	reductions or other programs.
163	(e) If a local agency that has outstanding utility cost
164	containment bonds ceases to operate a water, wastewater, or
165	stormwater utility, directly or through its publicly owned
166	utility, references in this section to the local agency or to
167	its publicly owned utility shall be to the successor entity. The
168	successor entity shall assume and perform all obligations of the
169	local agency and its publicly owned utility required by this
170	section and shall assume the servicing agreement required under
171	subsection (4) while the utility cost containment bonds remain
172	outstanding.
173	(4) FINANCING UTILITY PROJECTS
174	(a) An authority may issue utility cost containment bonds
175	to finance or refinance utility projects; refinance debt of a
176	local agency incurred in financing or refinancing utility
177	projects, provided such refinancing results in present value
178	savings to the local agency; or, with the approval of the local
179	agency, refinance previously issued utility cost containment
180	bonds.
181	1. To finance a utility project, the authority may:
182	a. Form a single-purpose limited liability company and
183	authorize the company to adopt the financing resolution of such
184	utility project; or

185	b. Create a new single-purpose entity by interlocal
186	agreement whose membership shall consist of the authority and
187	two or more of its members or other public agencies.
188	2. A single-purpose limited liability company or a single-
189	purpose entity may be created by the authority solely for the
190	purpose of performing the duties and responsibilities of the
191	authority specified in this section and shall constitute an
192	authority for all purposes of this section. Reference to the
193	authority includes a company or entity created under this
194	paragraph.
195	(b) The governing body of an authority that is financing
196	the costs of a utility project shall adopt a financing
197	resolution and shall impose a utility project charge as
198	described in subsection (5). All provisions of a financing
199	resolution adopted pursuant to this section are binding on the
200	authority.
201	1. The financing resolution must:
202	a. Provide a brief description of the financial calculation
203	method the authority will use in determining the utility project
204	charge. The calculation method shall include a periodic
205	adjustment methodology to be applied at least annually to the
206	utility project charge. The authority shall establish the
207	allocation of the utility project charge among classes of
208	customers of the publicly owned utility. The decision of the
209	authority shall be final and conclusive, and the method of
210	calculating the utility project charge and the periodic
211	adjustment may not be changed;
212	b. Require each customer in the class or classes of
213	customers specified in the financing resolution who receives

214	water, wastewater, or stormwater service through the publicly
215	owned utility to pay the utility project charge regardless of
216	whether the customer has an agreement to receive water,
217	wastewater, or stormwater service from a person other than the
218	publicly owned utility;
219	c. Require that the utility project charge be charged
220	separately from other charges on the bill of customers of the
221	publicly owned utility in the class or classes of customers
222	specified in the financing resolution; and
223	d. Require that the authority enter into a servicing
224	agreement with the local agency or its publicly owned utility to
225	collect the utility project charge.
226	2. The authority may require in the financing resolution
227	that, in the event of a default by the local agency or its
228	publicly owned utility with respect to revenues from the utility
229	project property, the authority, upon application by the
230	beneficiaries of the statutory lien as set forth in subsection
231	(6), shall order the sequestration and payment to the
232	beneficiaries of revenues arising from utility project property.
233	This provision does not limit any other remedies available to
234	the beneficiaries by reason of default.
235	(c) An authority has all the powers provided in this
236	section and under s. 163.01(7)(g), Florida Statutes.
237	(5) UTILITY PROJECT CHARGE.—
238	(a) The authority shall impose a sufficient utility project
239	charge, based on estimates of water, wastewater, or stormwater
240	service usage, to ensure timely payment of all financing costs
241	with respect to utility cost containment bonds. The local agency
242	or its publicly owned utility shall provide the authority with

389346

243 <u>information concerning the publicly owned utility which may be</u> 244 <u>required by the authority in establishing the utility project</u> 245 <u>charge.</u>

246 (b) The utility project charge is a nonbypassable charge to 247 all present and future customers of the publicly owned utility in the class or classes of customers specified in the financing 248 resolution upon its adoption. If a customer of the publicly 249 250 owned utility that is subject to a utility project charge enters 251 into an agreement to purchase water, wastewater, or stormwater 252 service from a supplier other than the publicly owned utility, the customer shall remain liable for the payment of the utility 253 254 project charge if the customer has received any service or 255 benefit from the publicly owned utility subsequent to the date 256 the utility project charged is imposed. 257 (c) The authority shall determine at least annually and at 258 such additional intervals as provided in the financing 259 resolution and documents related to the applicable utility cost 260 containment bonds whether adjustments to the utility project 261 charge are required. The authority shall use the adjustment to 262 correct for any overcollection or undercollection of financing 263 costs from the utility project charge or to make any other 264 adjustment necessary to ensure the timely payment of the

265 <u>financing costs of the utility cost containment bonds, including</u> 266 <u>adjustment of the utility project charge to pay any debt service</u> 267 <u>coverage requirement for the utility cost containment bonds. The</u> 268 <u>local agency or its publicly owned utility shall provide the</u> 269 <u>authority with information concerning the publicly owned utility</u> 270 <u>which may be required by the authority in adjusting the utility</u> 271 project charge.

Page 10 of 20

389346

272	1. If the authority determines that an adjustment to the
273	utility project charge is required, the adjustment shall be made
274	using the methodology specified in the financing resolution.
275	2. The adjustment may not impose the utility project charge
276	on a class of customers that was not subject to the utility
277	project charge pursuant to the financing resolution imposing the
278	utility project charge.
279	(d) Revenues from a utility project charge are special
280	revenues of the authority and do not constitute revenue of the
281	local agency or its publicly owned utility for any purpose,
282	including, but not limited to, any dedication, commitment, or
283	pledge of revenue, receipts, or other income that the local
284	agency or its publicly owned utility has made or will make for
285	the security of any of its obligations.
286	(e) The local agency or its publicly owned utility shall
287	act as a servicing agent for collecting the utility project
288	charge throughout the duration of the servicing agreement
289	required by the financing resolution. The local agency or its
290	publicly owned utility shall hold the money collected in trust
291	for the exclusive benefit of the persons entitled to have the
292	financing costs paid from the utility project charge and the
293	money does not lose its character as revenues of the authority
294	by virtue of possession by the local agency or its publicly
295	owned utility.
296	(f) The timely and complete payment of all utility project
297	charges by the customer shall be a condition of receiving water,
298	wastewater, or stormwater service from the publicly owned
299	utility. The local agency or its publicly owned utility may use
300	its established collection policies and remedies provided under

Page 11 of 20

389346

301	law to enforce collection of the utility project charge. A
302	customer liable for a utility project charge may not withhold
303	payment, in whole or in part, thereof.
304	(g) The pledge of a utility project charge to secure
305	payment of utility cost containment bonds is irrevocable, and
306	the state, or any other entity, may not reduce, impair, or
307	otherwise adjust the utility project charge, except that the
308	authority shall implement the periodic adjustments to the
309	utility project charge as provided under this subsection.
310	(6) UTILITY PROJECT PROPERTY
311	(a) A utility project charge constitutes utility project
312	property on the effective date of the financing resolution
313	authorizing such utility project charge. Utility project
314	property constitutes property, including for contracts securing
315	utility cost containment bonds, regardless of whether the
316	revenues and proceeds arising with respect to the utility
317	project property have accrued. Utility project property shall
318	continuously exist as property for all purposes with all of the
319	rights and privileges of this section for the period provided in
320	the financing resolution or until all financing costs with
321	respect to the related utility cost containment bonds are paid
322	in full, whichever occurs first.
323	(b) Upon the effective date of the financing resolution,
324	the utility project property is subject to a first priority
325	statutory lien to secure the payment of the utility cost
326	containment bonds.
327	1. The lien secures the payment of all financing costs then
328	existing or subsequently arising to the holders of the utility
329	cost containment bonds, the trustee or representative for the

389346

330	holders of the utility cost containment bonds, and any other
331	entity specified in the financing resolution or the documents
332	relating to the utility cost containment bonds.
333	2. The lien attaches to the utility project property
334	regardless of the current ownership of the utility project
335	property, including any local agency or its publicly owned
336	utility, the authority, or other person.
337	3. Upon the effective date of the financing resolution, the
338	lien is valid and enforceable against the owner of the utility
339	project property and all third parties, and additional public
340	notice is not required.
341	4. The lien is a continuously perfected lien on all
342	revenues and proceeds generated from the utility project
343	property, regardless of whether the revenues or proceeds have
344	accrued.
345	(c) All revenues with respect to utility project property
346	related to utility cost containment bonds, including payments of
347	the utility project charge, shall be applied first to the
348	payment of the financing costs of the utility cost containment
349	bonds then due, including the funding of reserves for the
350	utility cost containment bonds. Any excess revenues shall be
351	applied as determined by the authority for the benefit of the
352	utility for which the utility cost containment bonds were
353	issued.
354	(7) UTILITY COST CONTAINMENT BONDS
355	(a) Utility cost containment bonds shall be issued within
356	the parameters of the financing provided by the authority
357	pursuant to this section. The proceeds of the utility cost
358	containment bonds made available to the local agency or its

Page 13 of 20

389346

359	publicly owned utility shall be used for the utility project
360	identified in the application for financing of the utility
361	project or used to refinance indebtedness of the local agency
362	which financed or refinanced utility projects.
363	(b) Utility cost containment bonds shall be issued in
364	accordance with this section and s. 163.01(7)(g)8., Florida
365	Statutes, and may be validated pursuant to s. 163.01(7)(g)9.,
366	Florida Statutes.
367	(c) The authority shall pledge the utility project property
368	as security for the payment of the utility cost containment
369	bonds. All rights of an authority with respect to utility
370	project property pledged as security for the payment of utility
371	cost containment bonds shall be for the benefit of, and
372	enforceable by, the beneficiaries of the pledge to the extent
373	provided in the financing documents relating to the utility cost
374	containment bonds.
375	1. If utility project property is pledged as security for
376	the payment of utility cost containment bonds, the local agency
377	or its publicly owned utility shall enter into a contract with
378	the authority which requires, at a minimum, that the publicly
379	owned utility:
380	a. Continue to operate its publicly owned utility,
381	including the utility project that is being financed or
382	refinanced;
383	b. Collect the utility project charge from customers for
384	the benefit and account of the authority and the beneficiaries
385	of the pledge of the utility project charge; and
386	c. Separately account for and remit revenue from the
387	utility project charge to, or for the account of, the authority.

Page 14 of 20

389346

388 2. The pledge of a utility project charge to secure payment 389 of utility cost containment bonds is irrevocable, and the state 390 or any other entity may not reduce, impair, or otherwise adjust the utility project charge, except that the authority shall 391 392 implement periodic adjustments to the utility project charge as 393 provided under subsection (5). 394 (d) Utility cost containment bonds shall be nonrecourse to 395 the credit or any assets of the local agency or the publicly 396 owned utility but shall be payable from, and secured by a pledge 397 of, the utility project property relating to the utility cost 398 containment bonds and any additional security or credit 399 enhancement specified in the documents relating to the utility 400 cost containment bonds. If, pursuant to subsection (4), the 401 authority is financing the project through a single-purpose 402 limited liability company, the utility cost containment bonds 403 shall be payable from, and secured by, a pledge of amounts paid 404 by the company to the authority from the applicable utility 405 project property. This provision shall be the exclusive method 406 of perfecting a pledge of utility project property by the 407 company securing the payment of financing costs under any 408 agreement of the company in connection with the issuance of 409 utility cost containment bonds. 410 (e) The issuance of utility cost containment bonds does not 411 obligate the state or any political subdivision thereof to levy 412 or to pledge any form of taxation to pay the utility cost 413 containment bonds or to make any appropriation for their 414 payment. All utility cost containment bonds must contain on 415 their face a statement in substantially the following form: 416

389346

417 "Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the 418 State of Florida or any political subdivision thereof is pledged 419 to the payment of the principal of, or interest on, this bond." 420 421 (f) Notwithstanding any other law or this section, a 422 financing resolution or other resolution of the authority, or 423 documents relating to utility cost containment bonds, the 424 authority may not rescind, alter, or amend any resolution or 425 document that pledges utility cost charges for payment of 426 utility cost containment bonds. 427 (g) Subject to the terms of the pledge document created 428 under this part, the validity and relative priority of a pledge 429 is not defeated or adversely affected by the commingling of 430 revenues generated by the utility project property with other 431 funds of the local agency or the publicly owned utility 432 collecting a utility project charge on behalf of an authority. 433 (h) Financing costs in connection with utility cost 434 containment bonds are a special obligation of the authority and 435 do not constitute a liability of the state or any political 436 subdivision thereof. Financing costs are not a pledge of the 437 full faith and credit of the state or any political subdivision thereof, including the authority, but are payable solely from 438 439 the funds in the documents relating to the utility cost 440 containment bonds. This provision does not preclude guarantees 441 or credit enhancements in connection with utility cost 442 containment bonds. 443 (i) Except as otherwise provided in this section with 444 respect to adjustments to a utility project charge, the recovery 445 of the financing costs for the utility cost containment bonds

389346

446 from the utility project charge shall be irrevocable and the authority does not have the power, either by rescinding, 447 448 altering, or amending the applicable financing resolution, to 449 revalue or revise for ratemaking purposes the financing costs of 450 utility cost containment bonds; to determine that the financing 451 costs for the related utility cost containment bonds or the 452 utility project charge is unjust or unreasonable; or to in any 453 way reduce or impair the value of utility project property that 454 includes the utility project charge, either directly or 455 indirectly. The amount of revenues arising with respect to the 456 financing costs for the related utility cost containment bonds 457 or the utility project charge are not subject to reduction, 458 impairment, postponement, or termination for any reason until 459 all financing costs to be paid from the utility project charge 460 are fully met and discharged. (j) Except as provided in subsection (5) with respect to 461 462 adjustments to a utility project charge, the state does hereby 463 pledge and agree with the owners of utility cost containment 464 bonds that the state shall neither limit nor alter the financing 465 costs or the utility project property, including the utility 466 project charge, relating to the utility cost containment bonds, or any rights in, to, or under the utility project property 467 468 until all financing costs with respect to the utility cost 469 containment bonds are fully met and discharged. This paragraph 470 does not preclude limitation or alteration if adequate provision 471 is made by law for the protection of the owners. The authority 472 may include this pledge by the state in the governing documents 473 for utility cost containment bonds. 474 (8) LIMITATION ON DEBT RELIEF.-Notwithstanding any other

Page 17 of 20

389346

475	law, an authority that issued utility cost containment bonds may
476	not, and no governmental officer or organization shall so
477	authorize the authority to, become a debtor under the United
478	States Bankruptcy Code or become the subject of any similar case
479	or proceeding under any other state or federal law if any
480	payment obligation from utility project property remains with
481	respect to the utility cost containment bonds.
482	(9) CONSTRUCTIONThis section and all grants of power and
483	authority in this section shall be liberally construed to
484	effectuate their purposes. All incidental powers necessary to
485	carry into effect the provisions of this section are expressly
486	granted to, and conferred upon, public entities.
487	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.
488	
489	======================================
490	And the title is amended as follows:
491	Delete everything before the enacting clause
492	and insert:
493	A bill to be entitled
494	An act relating to utility projects; providing a short
495	title; providing definitions; authorizing certain
496	local government entities to finance the costs of a
497	utility project by issuing utility cost containment
498	bonds upon application by a local agency; specifying
499	application requirements; requiring that savings
500	resulting from the issuance of utility cost
501	containment bonds be used for the benefit of the
502	customers of a public utility; requiring any successor
503	entity of a local agency to assume and perform the

Page 18 of 20



504 obligations of the local agency with respect to the 505 financing of a utility project; authorizing an 506 authority to issue utility cost containment bonds for 507 specified purposes related to utility projects; 508 authorizing an authority to form alternate entities to 509 finance utility projects; requiring the governing body of the authority to adopt a financing resolution and 510 511 impose a utility project charge on customers of a 512 publicly owned utility as a condition of utility 513 project financing; specifying required and optional 514 provisions of the financing resolution; specifying 515 powers of the authority; requiring the local agency or 516 its publicly owned utility to assist the authority in 517 the establishment or adjustment of the utility project 518 charge; requiring that customers of the public utility 519 specified in the financing resolution pay the utility 520 project charge; providing for adjustment of the 521 utility project charge; establishing ownership of the revenues of the utility project charge; requiring the 522 523 local agency or its publicly owned utility to collect 524 the utility project charge; conditioning a customer's 525 receipt of public utility services on payment of the 526 utility project charge; authorizing a local agency or 527 its publicly owned utility to use available remedies 528 to enforce collection of the utility project charge; 529 providing that the pledge of the utility project 530 charge or the utility project property to secure payment of bonds issued to finance the utility project 531 532 is irrevocable and cannot be reduced or impaired

Page 19 of 20



533 except under certain conditions; providing that a 534 utility project charge constitutes utility project 535 property; providing that utility project property is 536 subject to a lien to secure payment of costs relating 537 to utility cost containment bonds; establishing 538 payment priorities for the use of revenues of the 539 utility project property; providing for the issuance 540 and validation of utility cost containment bonds; 541 securing the payment of utility cost containment bonds 542 and related costs; providing that utility cost 543 containment bonds do not obligate the state or any 544 political subdivision thereof and are not backed by 545 their full faith and credit and taxing power; 546 requiring that certain disclosures be printed on 547 utility cost containment bonds; providing that 548 financing costs related to utility cost containment 549 bonds are an obligation of the authority only; 550 securing the payment of the financing costs of utility 551 cost containment bonds; prohibiting an authority with 552 outstanding payment obligations on utility cost 553 containment bonds from becoming a debtor under certain 554 federal or state laws; providing for construction; 555 endowing public entities with certain powers; 556 providing an effective date.