

1

CS/CS/HB1087, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

| 2 | An act relating to operations of the Citizens Property |
|----|--|
| 3 | Insurance Corporation; amending s. 627.351, F.S.; |
| 4 | specifying that a consumer representative appointed by |
| 5 | the Governor to the Citizens Property Insurance |
| 6 | Corporation's board of governors is not prohibited |
| 7 | from practicing in a certain profession if required or |
| 8 | |
| | permitted by law or ordinance; revising the |
| 9 | requirements for licensed agents of the corporation; |
| 10 | authorizing the use of specified information by |
| 11 | certain entities in analyzing risks and prohibiting |
| 12 | the use of such information for the direct |
| 13 | solicitation of policyholders; requiring the take-out |
| 14 | program to be revised for specified purposes; |
| 15 | requiring policyholders after a specified date to |
| 16 | receive certain information relating to a |
| 17 | demonstration of interest to insure by private |
| 18 | insurers; requiring the corporation to develop uniform |
| 19 | formats for certain information; allowing a |
| 20 | policyholder to elect to limit the frequency of |
| 21 | solicitations for take-out offers; providing |
| 22 | circumstances under which a policyholder whose policy |
| 23 | was taken out to be considered a renewal policyholder |
| 24 | for certain rate increase purposes; providing an |
| 25 | effective date. |
| 26 | |
| l | Dage 1 of 28 |

Page 1 of 28



2015 Legislature

| 27 | Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: |
|----|--|
| 28 | |
| 29 | Section 1. Paragraphs (c) and (x) of subsection (6) of |
| 30 | section 627.351, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph |
| 31 | (ii) is added to that subsection, to read: |
| 32 | 627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans |
| 33 | (6) CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION |
| 34 | (c) The corporation's plan of operation: |
| 35 | 1. Must provide for adoption of residential property and |
| 36 | casualty insurance policy forms and commercial residential and |
| 37 | nonresidential property insurance forms, which must be approved |
| 38 | by the office before use. The corporation shall adopt the |
| 39 | following policy forms: |
| 40 | a. Standard personal lines policy forms that are |
| 41 | comprehensive multiperil policies providing full coverage of a |
| 42 | residential property equivalent to the coverage provided in the |
| 43 | private insurance market under an HO-3, HO-4, or HO-6 policy. |
| 44 | b. Basic personal lines policy forms that are policies |
| 45 | similar to an HO-8 policy or a dwelling fire policy that provide |
| 46 | coverage meeting the requirements of the secondary mortgage |
| 47 | market, but which is more limited than the coverage under a |
| 48 | standard policy. |
| 49 | c. Commercial lines residential and nonresidential policy |
| 50 | forms that are generally similar to the basic perils of full |
| 51 | coverage obtainable for commercial residential structures and |
| 52 | commercial nonresidential structures in the admitted voluntary |
| I | Page 2 of 28 |



CS/CS/HB 1087, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

53 market.

d. Personal lines and commercial lines residential property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are applicable only to residential properties located in areas eligible for coverage under the coastal account referred to in sub-subparagraph (b)2.a.

e. Commercial lines nonresidential property insurance
forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are
applicable only to nonresidential properties located in areas
eligible for coverage under the coastal account referred to in
sub-subparagraph (b)2.a.

f. The corporation may adopt variations of the policy
forms listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-e. which contain more
restrictive coverage.

g. Effective January 1, 2013, the corporation shall offer
a basic personal lines policy similar to an HO-8 policy with
dwelling repair based on common construction materials and
methods.

71 2. Must provide that the corporation adopt a program in 72 which the corporation and authorized insurers enter into quota 73 share primary insurance agreements for hurricane coverage, as 74 defined in s. 627.4025(2)(a), for eligible risks, and adopt 75 property insurance forms for eligible risks which cover the 76 peril of wind only.

77

a. As used in this subsection, the term:

78 (I) "Quota share primary insurance" means an arrangement

Page 3 of 28



2015 Legislature

79 in which the primary hurricane coverage of an eligible risk is 80 provided in specified percentages by the corporation and an authorized insurer. The corporation and authorized insurer are 81 82 each solely responsible for a specified percentage of hurricane 83 coverage of an eligible risk as set forth in a quota share 84 primary insurance agreement between the corporation and an 85 authorized insurer and the insurance contract. The responsibility of the corporation or authorized insurer to pay 86 87 its specified percentage of hurricane losses of an eligible risk, as set forth in the agreement, may not be altered by the 88 inability of the other party to pay its specified percentage of 89 90 losses. Eligible risks that are provided hurricane coverage 91 through a quota share primary insurance arrangement must be provided policy forms that set forth the obligations of the 92 93 corporation and authorized insurer under the arrangement, 94 clearly specify the percentages of quota share primary insurance provided by the corporation and authorized insurer, and 95 96 conspicuously and clearly state that the authorized insurer and 97 the corporation may not be held responsible beyond their 98 specified percentage of coverage of hurricane losses.

99 (II) "Eligible risks" means personal lines residential and 100 commercial lines residential risks that meet the underwriting 101 criteria of the corporation and are located in areas that were 102 eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 103 Association on January 1, 2002.

104

b. The corporation may enter into quota share primary

Page 4 of 28



CS/CS/HB1087, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

105 insurance agreements with authorized insurers at corporation 106 coverage levels of 90 percent and 50 percent.

107 c. If the corporation determines that additional coverage 108 levels are necessary to maximize participation in quota share 109 primary insurance agreements by authorized insurers, the 110 corporation may establish additional coverage levels. However, 111 the corporation's quota share primary insurance coverage level 112 may not exceed 90 percent.

d. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered into between an authorized insurer and the corporation must provide for a uniform specified percentage of coverage of hurricane losses, by county or territory as set forth by the corporation board, for all eligible risks of the authorized insurer covered under the agreement.

e. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered
into between an authorized insurer and the corporation is
subject to review and approval by the office. However, such
agreement shall be authorized only as to insurance contracts
entered into between an authorized insurer and an insured who is
already insured by the corporation for wind coverage.

f. For all eligible risks covered under quota share primary insurance agreements, the exposure and coverage levels for both the corporation and authorized insurers shall be reported by the corporation to the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. For all policies of eligible risks covered under such agreements, the corporation and the authorized insurer must

Page 5 of 28



2015 Legislature

maintain complete and accurate records for the purpose of exposure and loss reimbursement audits as required by fund rules. The corporation and the authorized insurer shall each maintain duplicate copies of policy declaration pages and supporting claims documents.

136 g. The corporation board shall establish in its plan of 137 operation standards for quota share agreements which ensure that 138 there is no discriminatory application among insurers as to the 139 terms of the agreements, pricing of the agreements, incentive 140 provisions if any, and consideration paid for servicing policies 141 or adjusting claims.

142 The quota share primary insurance agreement between the h. 143 corporation and an authorized insurer must set forth the 144 specific terms under which coverage is provided, including, but not limited to, the sale and servicing of policies issued under 145 146 the agreement by the insurance agent of the authorized insurer producing the business, the reporting of information concerning 147 148 eligible risks, the payment of premium to the corporation, and 149 arrangements for the adjustment and payment of hurricane claims 150 incurred on eligible risks by the claims adjuster and personnel 151 of the authorized insurer. Entering into a quota sharing insurance agreement between the corporation and an authorized 152 153 insurer is voluntary and at the discretion of the authorized 154 insurer.

155 3. May provide that the corporation may employ or156 otherwise contract with individuals or other entities to provide

Page 6 of 28



2015 Legislature

157 administrative or professional services that may be appropriate 158 to effectuate the plan. The corporation may borrow funds by issuing bonds or by incurring other indebtedness, and shall have 159 160 other powers reasonably necessary to effectuate the requirements of this subsection, including, without limitation, the power to 161 162 issue bonds and incur other indebtedness in order to refinance 163 outstanding bonds or other indebtedness. The corporation may 164 seek judicial validation of its bonds or other indebtedness 165 under chapter 75. The corporation may issue bonds or incur other 166 indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of local government pursuant to subparagraph (q)2. in the absence 167 168 of a hurricane or other weather-related event, upon a 169 determination by the corporation, subject to approval by the 170 office, that such action would enable it to efficiently meet the financial obligations of the corporation and that such 171 172 financings are reasonably necessary to effectuate the 173 requirements of this subsection. The corporation may take all 174 actions needed to facilitate tax-free status for such bonds or indebtedness, including formation of trusts or other affiliated 175 entities. The corporation may pledge assessments, projected 176 177 recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, policyholder surcharges and other 178 179 surcharges, and other funds available to the corporation as 180 security for bonds or other indebtedness. In recognition of s. 181 10, Art. I of the State Constitution, prohibiting the impairment of obligations of contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature 182

Page 7 of 28



2015 Legislature

183 that no action be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond 184 indenture or financing agreement or any revenue source committed 185 by contract to such bond or other indebtedness.

186 Must require that the corporation operate subject to 4. the supervision and approval of a board of governors consisting 187 188 of nine individuals who are residents of this state and who are 189 from different geographical areas of the state, one of whom is 190 appointed by the Governor and serves solely to advocate on 191 behalf of the consumer. The appointment of a consumer 192 representative by the Governor is deemed to be within the scope of the exemption provided in s. 112.313(7)(b) and is in addition 193 194 to the appointments authorized under sub-subparagraph a.

195 The Governor, the Chief Financial Officer, the a. 196 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 197 Representatives shall each appoint two members of the board. At 198 least one of the two members appointed by each appointing 199 officer must have demonstrated expertise in insurance and be 200 deemed to be within the scope of the exemption provided in s. 201 112.313(7)(b). The Chief Financial Officer shall designate one 202 of the appointees as chair. All board members serve at the 203 pleasure of the appointing officer. All members of the board are subject to removal at will by the officers who appointed them. 204 205 All board members, including the chair, must be appointed to 206 serve for 3-year terms beginning annually on a date designated 207 by the plan. However, for the first term beginning on or after July 1, 2009, each appointing officer shall appoint one member 208

Page 8 of 28



2015 Legislature

209 of the board for a 2-year term and one member for a 3-year term. 210 A board vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term by the appointing officer. The Chief Financial Officer shall appoint a 211 212 technical advisory group to provide information and advice to the board in connection with the board's duties under this 213 214 subsection. The executive director and senior managers of the 215 corporation shall be engaged by the board and serve at the 216 pleasure of the board. Any executive director appointed on or 217 after July 1, 2006, is subject to confirmation by the Senate. 218 The executive director is responsible for employing other staff as the corporation may require, subject to review and 219 220 concurrence by the board.

b. The board shall create a Market Accountability Advisory Committee to assist the corporation in developing awareness of its rates and its customer and agent service levels in relationship to the voluntary market insurers writing similar coverage.

226 The members of the advisory committee consist of the (I)227 following 11 persons, one of whom must be elected chair by the 228 members of the committee: four representatives, one appointed by 229 the Florida Association of Insurance Agents, one by the Florida Association of Insurance and Financial Advisors, one by the 230 231 Professional Insurance Agents of Florida, and one by the Latin 232 American Association of Insurance Agencies; three 233 representatives appointed by the insurers with the three highest 234 voluntary market share of residential property insurance

Page 9 of 28



2015 Legislature

business in the state; one representative from the Office of Insurance Regulation; one consumer appointed by the board who is insured by the corporation at the time of appointment to the committee; one representative appointed by the Florida Association of Realtors; and one representative appointed by the Florida Bankers Association. All members shall be appointed to 3-year terms and may serve for consecutive terms.

(II) The committee shall report to the corporation at each board meeting on insurance market issues which may include rates and rate competition with the voluntary market; service, including policy issuance, claims processing, and general responsiveness to policyholders, applicants, and agents; and matters relating to depopulation.

2485. Must provide a procedure for determining the249eligibility of a risk for coverage, as follows:

250 Subject to s. 627.3517, with respect to personal lines a. 251 residential risks, if the risk is offered coverage from an 252 authorized insurer at the insurer's approved rate under a 253 standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with 254 the insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the office, a 255 basic policy including wind coverage, for a new application to 256 the corporation for coverage, the risk is not eligible for any 257 policy issued by the corporation unless the premium for coverage 258 from the authorized insurer is more than 15 percent greater than 259 the premium for comparable coverage from the corporation. Whenever an offer of coverage for a personal lines residential 260

Page 10 of 28



2015 Legislature

261 risk is received for a policyholder of the corporation at 262 renewal from an authorized insurer, if the offer is equal to or less than the corporation's renewal premium for comparable 263 264 coverage, the risk is not eligible for coverage with the 265 corporation. If the risk is not able to obtain such offer, the 266 risk is eligible for a standard policy including wind coverage 267 or a basic policy including wind coverage issued by the 268 corporation; however, if the risk could not be insured under a 269 standard policy including wind coverage regardless of market 270 conditions, the risk is eligible for a basic policy including wind coverage unless rejected under subparagraph 8. However, a 271 272 policyholder removed from the corporation through an assumption 273 agreement remains eligible for coverage from the corporation 274 until the end of the assumption period. The corporation shall 275 determine the type of policy to be provided on the basis of 276 objective standards specified in the underwriting manual and 277 based on generally accepted underwriting practices.

278 (I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the 279 market assistance plan or through a mechanism established by the 280 corporation other than a plan established by s. 627.3518, before 281 a policy is issued to the risk by the corporation or during the first 30 days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing 282 283 agent who submitted the application to the plan or to the 284 corporation is not currently appointed by the insurer, the 285 insurer shall:

286

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy for

Page 11 of 28



296

CS/CS/HB 1087, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

(II) If the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record to continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

Page 12 of 28

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

hb1087-04-er



2015 Legislature

313

314 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 315 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 316 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

With respect to commercial lines residential risks, for 317 b. a new application to the corporation for coverage, if the risk 318 319 is offered coverage under a policy including wind coverage from 320 an authorized insurer at its approved rate, the risk is not 321 eligible for a policy issued by the corporation unless the premium for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 15 322 percent greater than the premium for comparable coverage from 323 the corporation. Whenever an offer of coverage for a commercial 324 325 lines residential risk is received for a policyholder of the 326 corporation at renewal from an authorized insurer, if the offer 327 is equal to or less than the corporation's renewal premium for 328 comparable coverage, the risk is not eligible for coverage with the corporation. If the risk is not able to obtain any such 329 330 offer, the risk is eligible for a policy including wind coverage 331 issued by the corporation. However, a policyholder removed from 332 the corporation through an assumption agreement remains eligible 333 for coverage from the corporation until the end of the 334 assumption period.

(I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the market assistance plan or through a mechanism established by the corporation other than a plan established by s. 627.3518, before a policy is issued to the risk by the corporation or during the

Page 13 of 28



2015 Legislature

first 30 days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing agent who submitted the application to the plan or the corporation is not currently appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

353

354 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 355 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 356 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

(II) If the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

361 (A) Pay to the producing agent of record, for the first 362 year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and 363 customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee 364 equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation;

Page 14 of 28



CS/CS/HB1087, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

365 or Offer to allow the producing agent of record to 366 (B) continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and offer to 367 368 pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written. 369 370 371 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 372 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 373 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A). 374 For purposes of determining comparable coverage under с. 375 sub-subparagraphs a. and b., the comparison must be based on 376 those forms and coverages that are reasonably comparable. The 377 corporation may rely on a determination of comparable coverage 378 and premium made by the producing agent who submits the 379 application to the corporation, made in the agent's capacity as 380 the corporation's agent. A comparison may be made solely of the 381 premium with respect to the main building or structure only on 382 the following basis: the same coverage A or other building 383 limits; the same percentage hurricane deductible that applies on 384 an annual basis or that applies to each hurricane for commercial 385 residential property; the same percentage of ordinance and law coverage, if the same limit is offered by both the corporation 386 387 and the authorized insurer; the same mitigation credits, to the 388 extent the same types of credits are offered both by the 389 corporation and the authorized insurer; the same method for loss 390 payment, such as replacement cost or actual cash value, if the Page 15 of 28



2015 Legislature

391 same method is offered both by the corporation and the 392 authorized insurer in accordance with underwriting rules; and 393 any other form or coverage that is reasonably comparable as 394 determined by the board. If an application is submitted to the 395 corporation for wind-only coverage in the coastal account, the 396 premium for the corporation's wind-only policy plus the premium 397 for the ex-wind policy that is offered by an authorized insurer 398 to the applicant must be compared to the premium for multiperil coverage offered by an authorized insurer, subject to the 399 400 standards for comparison specified in this subparagraph. If the corporation or the applicant requests from the authorized 401 402 insurer a breakdown of the premium of the offer by types of 403 coverage so that a comparison may be made by the corporation or 404 its agent and the authorized insurer refuses or is unable to 405 provide such information, the corporation may treat the offer as 406 not being an offer of coverage from an authorized insurer at the 407 insurer's approved rate.

408 6. Must include rules for classifications of risks and409 rates.

410 7. Must provide that if premium and investment income for 411 an account attributable to a particular calendar year are in 412 excess of projected losses and expenses for the account 413 attributable to that year, such excess shall be held in surplus 414 in the account. Such surplus must be available to defray 415 deficits in that account as to future years and used for that 416 purpose before assessing assessable insurers and assessable

Page 16 of 28



CS/CS/HB 1087, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

417 insureds as to any calendar year.

418 8. Must provide objective criteria and procedures to be 419 uniformly applied to all applicants in determining whether an 420 individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making 421 this determination and in establishing the criteria and 422 procedures, the following must be considered:

a. Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual
risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same
class; and

b. Whether the uncertainty associated with the individual
risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be determined.

429 The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the corporation shall 430 be construed as the private placement of insurance, and the 431 provisions of chapter 120 do not apply.

9. Must provide that the corporation make its best efforts
to procure catastrophe reinsurance at reasonable rates, to cover
its projected 100-year probable maximum loss as determined by
the board of governors.

10. The policies issued by the corporation must provide that if the corporation or the market assistance plan obtains an offer from an authorized insurer to cover the risk at its approved rates, the risk is no longer eligible for renewal through the corporation, except as otherwise provided in this subsection.

442

11. Corporation policies and applications must include a

Page 17 of 28



2015 Legislature

443 notice that the corporation policy could, under this section, be 444 replaced with a policy issued by an authorized insurer which 445 does not provide coverage identical to the coverage provided by 446 the corporation. The notice must also specify that acceptance of 447 corporation coverage creates a conclusive presumption that the 448 applicant or policyholder is aware of this potential.

449 12. May establish, subject to approval by the office, 450 different eligibility requirements and operational procedures 451 for any line or type of coverage for any specified county or 452 area if the board determines that such changes are justified due to the voluntary market being sufficiently stable and 453 454 competitive in such area or for such line or type of coverage 455 and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable to obtain 456 insurance through the voluntary market through ordinary methods 457 continue to have access to coverage from the corporation. If 458 coverage is sought in connection with a real property transfer, 459 the requirements and procedures may not provide an effective 460 date of coverage later than the date of the closing of the 461 transfer as established by the transferor, the transferee, and, 462 if applicable, the lender.

Must provide that, with respect to the coastal account, any assessable insurer with a surplus as to policyholders of \$25 million or less writing 25 percent or more of its total countrywide property insurance premiums in this state may petition the office, within the first 90 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited apportionment company. A

Page 18 of 28



2015 Legislature

469 regular assessment levied by the corporation on a limited 470 apportionment company for a deficit incurred by the corporation 471 for the coastal account may be paid to the corporation on a 472 monthly basis as the assessments are collected by the limited apportionment company from its insureds, but a limited 473 474 apportionment company must begin collecting the regular 475 assessments not later than 90 days after the regular assessments 476 are levied by the corporation, and the regular assessments must 477 be paid in full within 15 months after being levied by the 478 corporation. A limited apportionment company shall collect from its policyholders any emergency assessment imposed under sub-479 480 subparagraph (b)3.d. The plan must provide that, if the office 481 determines that any regular assessment will result in an 482 impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company, 483 the office may direct that all or part of such assessment be 484 deferred as provided in subparagraph (q)4. However, an emergency 485 assessment to be collected from policyholders under sub-486 subparagraph (b)3.d. may not be limited or deferred.

487 Must provide that the corporation appoint as its 14. 488 licensed agents only those agents who throughout such 489 appointments also hold an appointment as defined in s. 490 626.015(3) by with an insurer who at the time of the agent's 491 initial appointment by the corporation is authorized to write and is actually writing or renewing personal lines residential 492 493 property coverage, commercial residential property coverage, or 494 commercial nonresidential property coverage within the state.

Page 19 of 28

FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



CS/CS/HB 1087, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

495 15. Must provide a premium payment plan option to its 496 policyholders which, at a minimum, allows for quarterly and 497 semiannual payment of premiums. A monthly payment plan may, but 498 is not required to, be offered. 499 16. Must limit coverage on mobile homes or manufactured 500 homes built before 1994 to actual cash value of the dwelling 501 rather than replacement costs of the dwelling. 502 17. Must provide coverage for manufactured or mobile home 503 dwellings. Such coverage must also include the following 504 attached structures: Screened enclosures that are aluminum framed or 505 a. 506 screened enclosures that are not covered by the same or 507 substantially the same materials as those of the primary 508 dwelling; 509 b. Carports that are aluminum or carports that are not 510 covered by the same or substantially the same materials as those 511 of the primary dwelling; and 512 Patios that have a roof covering that is constructed of с. 513 materials that are not the same or substantially the same 514 materials as those of the primary dwelling. 515 The corporation shall make available a policy for mobile homes 516 517 or manufactured homes for a minimum insured value of at least 518 \$3,000. 519 May provide such limits of coverage as the board 18. determines, consistent with the requirements of this subsection. 520 Page 20 of 28

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

hb1087-04-er



CS/CS/HB 1087, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

521 19. May require commercial property to meet specified 522 hurricane mitigation construction features as a condition of 523 eligibility for coverage. 524 20. Must provide that new or renewal policies issued by 525 the corporation on or after January 1, 2012, which cover 526 sinkhole loss do not include coverage for any loss to 527 appurtenant structures, driveways, sidewalks, decks, or patios 528 that are directly or indirectly caused by sinkhole activity. The 529 corporation shall exclude such coverage using a notice of 530 coverage change, which may be included with the policy renewal, and not by issuance of a notice of nonrenewal of the excluded 531 532 coverage upon renewal of the current policy.

533 21. As of January 1, 2012, must require that the agent 534 obtain from an applicant for coverage from the corporation an 535 acknowledgment signed by the applicant, which includes, at a 536 minimum, the following statement:

537 538

ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF POTENTIAL SURCHARGE AND ASSESSMENT LIABILITY:

539 1. AS A POLICYHOLDER OF CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE 540 CORPORATION, I UNDERSTAND THAT IF THE CORPORATION SUSTAINS A 541 DEFICIT AS A RESULT OF HURRICANE LOSSES OR FOR ANY OTHER REASON, MY POLICY COULD BE SUBJECT TO SURCHARGES, WHICH WILL BE DUE AND 542 543 PAYABLE UPON RENEWAL, CANCELLATION, OR TERMINATION OF THE 544 POLICY, AND THAT THE SURCHARGES COULD BE AS HIGH AS 45 PERCENT 545 OF MY PREMIUM, OR A DIFFERENT AMOUNT AS IMPOSED BY THE FLORIDA LEGISLATURE. 546

Page 21 of 28



2015 Legislature

2. I UNDERSTAND THAT I CAN AVOID THE CITIZENS POLICYHOLDER SURCHARGE, WHICH COULD BE AS HIGH AS 45 PERCENT OF MY PREMIUM, BY OBTAINING COVERAGE FROM A PRIVATE MARKET INSURER AND THAT TO BE ELIGIBLE FOR COVERAGE BY CITIZENS, I MUST FIRST TRY TO OBTAIN PRIVATE MARKET COVERAGE BEFORE APPLYING FOR OR RENEWING COVERAGE WITH CITIZENS. I UNDERSTAND THAT PRIVATE MARKET INSURANCE RATES ARE REGULATED AND APPROVED BY THE STATE.

3. I UNDERSTAND THAT I MAY BE SUBJECT TO EMERGENCY
ASSESSMENTS TO THE SAME EXTENT AS POLICYHOLDERS OF OTHER
INSURANCE COMPANIES, OR A DIFFERENT AMOUNT AS IMPOSED BY THE
FLORIDA LEGISLATURE.

4. I ALSO UNDERSTAND THAT CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE
CORPORATION IS NOT SUPPORTED BY THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE
STATE OF FLORIDA.

a. The corporation shall maintain, in electronic format or otherwise, a copy of the applicant's signed acknowledgment and provide a copy of the statement to the policyholder as part of the first renewal after the effective date of this subparagraph.

565 b. The signed acknowledgment form creates a conclusive 566 presumption that the policyholder understood and accepted his or 567 her potential surcharge and assessment liability as a 568 policyholder of the corporation.

569 (x)1. The following records of the corporation are 570 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and 571 s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution:

572

a. Underwriting files, except that a policyholder or an

Page 22 of 28

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

hb1087-04-er



2015 Legislature

573 applicant shall have access to his or her own underwriting 574 files. Confidential and exempt underwriting file records may 575 also be released to other governmental agencies upon written 576 request and demonstration of need; such records held by the 577 receiving agency remain confidential and exempt as provided 578 herein.

579 Claims files, until termination of all litigation and b. 580 settlement of all claims arising out of the same incident, although portions of the claims files may remain exempt, as 581 582 otherwise provided by law. Confidential and exempt claims file records may be released to other governmental agencies upon 583 584 written request and demonstration of need; such records held by 585 the receiving agency remain confidential and exempt as provided 586 herein.

587 Records obtained or generated by an internal auditor с. 588 pursuant to a routine audit, until the audit is completed, or if the audit is conducted as part of an investigation, until the 589 590 investigation is closed or ceases to be active. An investigation 591 is considered "active" while the investigation is being 592 conducted with a reasonable, good faith belief that it could 593 lead to the filing of administrative, civil, or criminal 594 proceedings.

595 d. Matters reasonably encompassed in privileged attorney-596 client communications.

597 e. Proprietary information licensed to the corporation598 under contract and the contract provides for the confidentiality

Page 23 of 28

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

hb1087-04-er



2015 Legislature

599 of such proprietary information.

600 f. All information relating to the medical condition or 601 medical status of a corporation employee which is not relevant 602 to the employee's capacity to perform his or her duties, except 603 as otherwise provided in this paragraph. Information that is 604 exempt shall include, but is not limited to, information 605 relating to workers' compensation, insurance benefits, and 606 retirement or disability benefits.

607 Upon an employee's entrance into the employee q. assistance program, a program to assist any employee who has a 608 behavioral or medical disorder, substance abuse problem, or 609 610 emotional difficulty which affects the employee's job 611 performance, all records relative to that participation shall be 612 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except as otherwise 613 614 provided in s. 112.0455(11).

h. Information relating to negotiations for financing,
reinsurance, depopulation, or contractual services, until the
conclusion of the negotiations.

i. Minutes of closed meetings regarding underwriting
files, and minutes of closed meetings regarding an open claims
file until termination of all litigation and settlement of all
claims with regard to that claim, except that information
otherwise confidential or exempt by law shall be redacted.

623 2. If an authorized insurer is considering underwriting a624 risk insured by the corporation, relevant underwriting files and

Page 24 of 28



2015 Legislature

625 confidential claims files may be released to the insurer 626 provided the insurer agrees in writing, notarized and under 627 oath, to maintain the confidentiality of such files. If a file 628 is transferred to an insurer, that file is no longer a public record because it is not held by an agency subject to the 629 630 provisions of the public records law. Underwriting files and 631 confidential claims files may also be released to staff and the 632 board of governors of the market assistance plan established 633 pursuant to s. 627.3515, who must retain the confidentiality of 634 such files, except such files may be released to authorized 635 insurers that are considering assuming the risks to which the 636 files apply, provided the insurer agrees in writing, notarized and under oath, to maintain the confidentiality of such files. 637 638 Finally, the corporation or the board or staff of the market 639 assistance plan may make the following information obtained from 640 underwriting files and confidential claims files available to 641 licensed general lines insurance agents: name, address, and 642 telephone number of the residential property owner or insured; 643 location of the risk; rating information; loss history; and policy type. The receiving licensed general lines insurance 644 645 agent must retain the confidentiality of the information received and may use the information only for the purposes of 646 647 developing a take-out plan to be submitted to the office for 648 approval or otherwise analyzing the underwriting of a risk or 649 risks insured by the corporation on behalf of the private 650 insurance market. The licensed general lines agent and an

Page 25 of 28



676

CS/CS/HB 1087, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

| 651 | insurer receiving information under this subparagraph may not |
|-----|--|
| 652 | use the information for the direct solicitation of |
| 653 | policyholders. An entity that has obtained a permit to become an |
| 654 | authorized insurer, a reinsurer, a reinsurance broker, or a |
| 655 | modeling company may receive the information available to a |
| 656 | licensed general lines agent for the sole purpose of analyzing |
| 657 | risks for underwriting in the private insurance market and must |
| 658 | retain the confidentiality of the information received. Such |
| 659 | entities may not use the information for the direct solicitation |
| 660 | of policyholders. |
| 661 | 3. A policyholder who has filed suit against the |
| 662 | corporation has the right to discover the contents of his or her |
| 663 | own claims file to the same extent that discovery of such |
| 664 | contents would be available from a private insurer in litigation |
| 665 | as provided by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, the Florida |
| 666 | Evidence Code, and other applicable law. Pursuant to subpoena, a |
| 667 | third party has the right to discover the contents of an |
| 668 | insured's or applicant's underwriting or claims file to the same |
| 669 | extent that discovery of such contents would be available from a |
| 670 | private insurer by subpoena as provided by the Florida Rules of |
| 671 | Civil Procedure, the Florida Evidence Code, and other applicable |
| 672 | law, and subject to any confidentiality protections requested by |
| 673 | the corporation and agreed to by the seeking party or ordered by |
| 674 | the court. The corporation may release confidential underwriting |
| 675 | and claims file contents and information as it deems necessary |

Page 26 of 28

and appropriate to underwrite or service insurance policies and



2015 Legislature

677 claims, subject to any confidentiality protections deemed678 necessary and appropriate by the corporation.

Portions of meetings of the corporation are exempt from 679 4. 680 the provisions of s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State 681 Constitution wherein confidential underwriting files or 682 confidential open claims files are discussed. All portions of 683 corporation meetings which are closed to the public shall be 684 recorded by a court reporter. The court reporter shall record the times of commencement and termination of the meeting, all 685 686 discussion and proceedings, the names of all persons present at any time, and the names of all persons speaking. No portion of 687 688 any closed meeting shall be off the record. Subject to the provisions hereof and s. 119.07(1)(d) - (f), the court reporter's 689 690 notes of any closed meeting shall be retained by the corporation 691 for a minimum of 5 years. A copy of the transcript, less any 692 exempt matters, of any closed meeting wherein claims are 693 discussed shall become public as to individual claims after 694 settlement of the claim.

695 (ii) The corporation shall revise the programs adopted 696 pursuant to sub-subparagraph (6)(q)3.a. to maximize policyholder 697 options and encourage increased participation by insurers and 698 agents.

After January 1, 2016, such revisions must include a
 process by which policyholders are informed if one or more
 insurers demonstrate an interest in taking out that policy from
 the corporation. This demonstration of interest must include the

Page 27 of 28



2015 Legislature

| 703 | amount of the estimated premium, a description of the coverage, |
|-----|--|
| 704 | including an explanation of differences, and a comparison of the |
| 705 | estimated premium and coverage offered by the insurer to the |
| 706 | estimated premium and coverage provided by the corporation. The |
| 707 | corporation shall develop a uniform format for the estimated |
| 708 | premium and coverage information required by this subparagraph. |
| 709 | After January 1, 2016, a policy may not be taken out from the |
| 710 | corporation unless the provisions of this subparagraph are met. |
| 711 | 2. A policyholder may elect not to be solicited for take- |
| 712 | out offers more than once in a 6-month period. |
| 713 | 3. A policyholder whose policy was taken out by an insurer |
| 714 | in the previous 36 months is considered a renewal policyholder |
| 715 | under s. 627.3518, if the corporation determines that the |
| 716 | insurer continues to insure the policyholder and that the |
| 717 | initial premium of the insurer exceeded its estimated premium by |
| 718 | more than 10 percent or the insurer increased the rate on the |
| 719 | policy in excess of the increase allowed for the corporation |
| 720 | under subparagraph (6)(n)6. |
| 721 | Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 1 | Dage 28 of 28 |

Page 28 of 28