

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
04/07/2015		
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The Committee on Community Affairs (Simpson) recommended the following:

### Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsections (2), (3), and (7) of section 468.609, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

468.609 Administration of this part; standards for certification; additional categories of certification.-

(2) A person may take the examination for certification as a building code inspector or plans examiner pursuant to this



part if the person:

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- (a) Is at least 18 years of age.
- (b) Is of good moral character.
- (c) Meets eligibility requirements according to one of the following criteria:
- 1. Demonstrates 5 years' combined experience in the field of construction or a related field, building code inspection, or plans review corresponding to the certification category sought;
- 2. Demonstrates a combination of postsecondary education in the field of construction or a related field and experience which totals 4 years, with at least 1 year of such total being experience in construction, building code inspection, or plans review:
- 3. Demonstrates a combination of technical education in the field of construction or a related field and experience which totals 4 years, with at least 1 year of such total being experience in construction, building code inspection, or plans review;
- 4. Currently holds a standard certificate as issued by the  $board_{\tau}$  or a firesafety fire safety inspector license issued pursuant to chapter 633, has a minimum of 3  $\frac{5}{2}$  years' verifiable full-time experience in inspection or plan review, and satisfactorily completes a building code inspector or plans examiner training program that provides at least 100 hours but not more of not less than 200 hours of cross-training in the certification category sought. The board shall establish by rule criteria for the development and implementation of the training programs. The board shall accept all classroom training offered by an approved provider if the content substantially meets the

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intent of the classroom component of the training program; or

- 5. Demonstrates a combination of the completion of an approved training program in the field of building code inspection or plan review and a minimum of 2 years' experience in the field of building code inspection, plan review, fire code inspections, and fire plans review of new buildings as a firesafety inspector certified under s. 633.216, or construction. The approved training portion of this requirement shall include proof of satisfactory completion of a training program that provides at least 200 hours but not more of not less than 300 hours of cross-training which is approved by the board in the chosen category of building code inspection or plan review in the certification category sought with at least not <del>less than</del> 20 hours but not more than 30 hours of instruction in state laws, rules, and ethics relating to professional standards of practice, duties, and responsibilities of a certificateholder. The board shall coordinate with the Building Officials Association of Florida, Inc., to establish by rule the development and implementation of the training program. However, the board shall accept all classroom training offered by an approved provider if the content substantially meets the intent of the classroom component of the training program; or
- 6. Currently holds a standard certificate issued by the board or a firesafety inspector license issued pursuant to chapter 633 and:
- a. Has at least 5 years' verifiable full-time experience as an inspector or plans examiner in a standard certification category currently held or has a minimum of 5 years' verifiable full-time experience as a firesafety inspector licensed pursuant



## to chapter 633; and

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- b. Satisfactorily completes a building code inspector or plans examiner classroom training course or program that provides at least 200 but not more than 300 hours in the certification category sought, except for one-family and twofamily dwelling training programs that are required to provide at least 500 but not more than 800 hours of training as prescribed by the board. The board shall establish by rule criteria for the development and implementation of classroom training courses and programs in each certification category.
- (3) A person may take the examination for certification as a building code administrator pursuant to this part if the person:
  - (a) Is at least 18 years of age.
  - (b) Is of good moral character.
- (c) Meets eligibility requirements according to one of the following criteria:
- 1. Demonstrates 10 years' combined experience as an architect, engineer, plans examiner, building code inspector, registered or certified contractor, or construction superintendent, with at least 5 years of such experience in supervisory positions; or
- 2. Demonstrates a combination of postsecondary education in the field of construction or related field, no more than 5 years of which may be applied, and experience as an architect, engineer, plans examiner, building code inspector, registered or certified contractor, or construction superintendent which totals 10 years, with at least 5 years of such total being experience in supervisory positions. In addition, the applicant

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must have completed training consisting of at least 20 hours but not more than 30 hours of instruction in state laws, rules, and ethics relating to professional standards of practice, duties, and responsibilities of a certificateholder.

- (7)(a) The board shall may provide for the issuance of provisional certificates valid for 1 year, as specified by board rule, to any newly employed or promoted building code inspector or plans examiner who meets the eligibility requirements described in subsection (2) and any newly employed or promoted building code administrator who meets the eligibility requirements described in subsection (3). The provisional license may be renewed by the board for just cause; however, a provisional license is not valid for a period longer than 3 years.
- (b) A No building code administrator, plans examiner, or building code inspector may not have a provisional certificate extended beyond the specified period by renewal or otherwise.
- (c) The board shall may provide for appropriate levels of provisional certificates and may issue these certificates with such special conditions or requirements relating to the place of employment of the person holding the certificate, the supervision of such person on a consulting or advisory basis, or other matters as the board may deem necessary to protect the public safety and health.
- (d) A newly employed or hired person may perform the duties of a plans examiner or building code inspector for 120 days if a provisional certificate application has been submitted if such person is under the direct supervision of a certified building code administrator who holds a standard certification and who

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has found such person qualified for a provisional certificate. Direct supervision and the determination of qualifications may also be provided by a building code administrator who holds a limited or provisional certificate in a county having a population of fewer than 75,000 and in a municipality located within such county.

Section 2. Subsection (5) of section 468.627, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.627 Application; examination; renewal; fees.-

(5) The certificateholder shall provide proof, in a form established by board rule, that the certificateholder has completed at least 14 classroom hours of at least 50 minutes each of continuing education courses during each biennium since the issuance or renewal of the certificate, including coderelated training the specialized or advanced coursework approved by the Florida Building Commission, as part of the building code training program established pursuant to s. 553.841, appropriate to the licensing category sought. A minimum of 3 of the required 14 classroom hours must be on state law, rules, and ethics relating to professional standards of practice, duties, and responsibilities of the certificateholder. The board shall by rule establish criteria for approval of continuing education courses and providers, and may by rule establish criteria for accepting alternative nonclassroom continuing education on an hour-for-hour basis.

Section 3. Section 471.0195, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

471.0195 Florida Building Code training for engineers.—All licensees actively participating in the design of engineering

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works or systems in connection with buildings, structures, or facilities and systems covered by the Florida Building Code shall take continuing education courses and submit proof to the board, at such times and in such manner as established by the board by rule, that the licensee has completed any specialized or code-related training advanced courses on any portion of the Florida Building Code applicable to the licensee's area of practice. The board shall record reported continuing education courses on a system easily accessed by code enforcement jurisdictions for evaluation when determining license status for purposes of processing design documents. Local jurisdictions shall be responsible for notifying the board when design documents are submitted for building construction permits by persons who are not in compliance with this section. The board shall take appropriate action as provided by its rules when such noncompliance is determined to exist.

Section 4. Subsection (5) of section 481.215, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

481.215 Renewal of license.-

(5) The board shall require, by rule adopted pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, a specified number of hours in specialized or code-related training advanced courses, approved by the Florida Building Commission, on any portion of the Florida Building Code, adopted pursuant to part IV of chapter 553, relating to the licensee's respective area of practice.

Section 5. Subsection (5) of section 481.313, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

481.313 Renewal of license.-

(5) The board shall require, by rule adopted pursuant to



185 ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, a specified number of hours in 186 specialized or code-related training advanced courses, approved by the Florida Building Commission, on any portion of the 187 188 Florida Building Code, adopted pursuant to part IV of chapter 189 553, relating to the licensee's respective area of practice. 190 Section 6. Subsection (23) is added to section 489.103, 191 Florida Statutes, to read:

- 489.103 Exemptions.—This part does not apply to:
- (23) An employee of an apartment community or apartment community management company who makes minor repairs to existing water heaters or to existing heating, venting, and airconditioning systems, if:
  - (a) The employee:

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- 1. Does not hold himself or herself or his or her employer out to be licensed or qualified by a licensee;
- 2. Does not perform any acts outside the scope of this exemption which constitute contracting;
- 3. Receives compensation from and is under the supervision and control of an employer who regularly deducts the FICA and withholding tax and who provides workers' compensation, as prescribed by law; and
- 4. Holds a current certificate for apartment maintenance technicians issued by the National Apartment Association and accredited by the American National Standards Institute, or is under the direct supervision of a person holding such a certificate. Requirements for obtaining such certificate must include at least:
- a. One year of apartment or rental housing maintenance experience;



214 b. Successful completion of at least 90 hours of courses or 215 online content that covers electrical maintenance and repair; 216 plumbing maintenance and repair; heating, venting, or air-217 conditioning system maintenance and repair; appliance 218 maintenance and repair; and interior and exterior maintenance 219 and repair; and 220 c. Completion of all examination requirements within 24 221 months after declaring candidacy for certification. 222 (b) The equipment: 223 1. Is already installed on the property owned by the 224 apartment community or managed by the apartment community 225 management company; 226 2. Is not being modified except to replace components 227 necessary to return the equipment to its original condition, and 228 the partial disassembly associated therewith; 229 3. Must be a type of equipment commonly installed in 230 similar locations; and 231 4. Must be repaired with new parts that are functionally 232 identical to the parts being replaced. 233 (c) An individual repair does not involve replacement parts that cost more than \$1,000. An individual repair may not be so 234 235 extensive as to be a functional replacement of the water heater 236 or the existing heating, venting, or air-conditioning system 237 being repaired. 238 (d) The property owned by the apartment community or 239 managed by the apartment community management company includes 240 at least 100 apartments.

Section 7. Paragraph (m) of subsection (3) of section

489.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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489.105 Definitions.—As used in this part:

- (3) "Contractor" means the person who is qualified for, and is only responsible for, the project contracted for and means, except as exempted in this part, the person who, for compensation, undertakes to, submits a bid to, or does himself or herself or by others construct, repair, alter, remodel, add to, demolish, subtract from, or improve any building or structure, including related improvements to real estate, for others or for resale to others; and whose job scope is substantially similar to the job scope described in one of the paragraphs of this subsection. For the purposes of regulation under this part, the term "demolish" applies only to demolition of steel tanks more than 50 feet in height; towers more than 50 feet in height; other structures more than 50 feet in height; and all buildings or residences. Contractors are subdivided into two divisions, Division I, consisting of those contractors defined in paragraphs (a)-(c), and Division II, consisting of those contractors defined in paragraphs (d)-(q):
- (m) "Plumbing contractor" means a contractor whose services are unlimited in the plumbing trade and includes contracting business consisting of the execution of contracts requiring the experience, financial means, knowledge, and skill to install, maintain, repair, alter, extend, or, if not prohibited by law, design plumbing. A plumbing contractor may install, maintain, repair, alter, extend, or, if not prohibited by law, design the following without obtaining an additional local regulatory license, certificate, or registration: sanitary drainage or storm drainage facilities, water and sewer plants and substations, venting systems, public or private water supply

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systems, septic tanks, drainage and supply wells, swimming pool piping, irrigation systems, and solar heating water systems and all appurtenances, apparatus, or equipment used in connection therewith, including boilers and pressure process piping and including the installation of water, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas and related venting, and storm and sanitary sewer lines. The scope of work of the plumbing contractor also includes the design, if not prohibited by law, and installation, maintenance, repair, alteration, or extension of air-piping, vacuum line piping, oxygen line piping, nitrous oxide piping, and all related medical gas systems; fire line standpipes and fire sprinklers if authorized by law; ink and chemical lines; fuel oil and gasoline piping and tank and pump installation, except bulk storage plants; and pneumatic control piping systems, all in a manner that complies with all plans, specifications, codes, laws, and regulations applicable. The scope of work of the plumbing contractor applies to private property and public property, including any excavation work incidental thereto, and includes the work of the specialty plumbing contractor. Such contractor shall subcontract, with a qualified contractor in the field concerned, all other work incidental to the work but which is specified as being the work of a trade other than that of a plumbing contractor. This definition does not limit the scope of work of any specialty contractor certified pursuant to s.  $489.113(6)_{7}$  and does not require certification or registration under this part for a category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer, LP gas installer, or specialty installer who is licensed under chapter 527 or an of any authorized employee of a public natural gas utility or of a



private natural gas utility regulated by the Public Service Commission when disconnecting and reconnecting water lines in the servicing or replacement of an existing water heater. A plumbing contractor may perform drain cleaning and clearing and install or repair rainwater catchment systems; however, a mandatory licensing requirement is not established for the performance of these specific services.

Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 489.115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.115 Certification and registration; endorsement; reciprocity; renewals; continuing education.-

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(b) 1. Each certificateholder or registrant shall provide proof, in a form established by rule of the board, that the certificateholder or registrant has completed at least 14 classroom hours of at least 50 minutes each of continuing education courses during each biennium since the issuance or renewal of the certificate or registration. The board shall establish by rule that a portion of the required 14 hours must deal with the subject of workers' compensation, business practices, workplace safety, and, for applicable licensure categories, wind mitigation methodologies, and 1 hour of which must deal with laws and rules. The board shall by rule establish criteria for the approval of continuing education courses and providers, including requirements relating to the content of courses and standards for approval of providers, and may by rule establish criteria for accepting alternative nonclassroom continuing education on an hour-for-hour basis. The board shall prescribe by rule the continuing education, if any, which is

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required during the first biennium of initial licensure. A person who has been licensed for less than an entire biennium must not be required to complete the full 14 hours of continuing education.

- 2. In addition, the board may approve specialized continuing education courses on compliance with the wind resistance provisions for one and two family dwellings contained in the Florida Building Code and any alternate methodologies for providing such wind resistance which have been approved for use by the Florida Building Commission. Division I certificateholders or registrants who demonstrate proficiency upon completion of such specialized courses may certify plans and specifications for one and two family dwellings to be in compliance with the code or alternate methodologies, as appropriate, except for dwellings located in floodways or coastal hazard areas as defined in ss. 60.3D and E of the National Flood Insurance Program.
- 3. The board shall require, by rule adopted pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, a specified number of hours in specialized or code-related training advanced module courses, approved by the Florida Building Commission, on any portion of the Florida Building Code, adopted pursuant to part IV of chapter 553, relating to the contractor's respective discipline.

Section 9. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 489.1401, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

489.1401 Legislative intent.-

(2) It is the intent of the Legislature that the sole purpose of the Florida Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund is to compensate an any aggrieved claimant who contracted for the

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construction or improvement of the homeowner's residence located within this state and who has obtained a final judgment in a any court of competent jurisdiction, was awarded restitution by the Construction Industry Licensing Board, or received an award in arbitration against a licensee on grounds of financial mismanagement or misconduct, abandoning a construction project, or making a false statement with respect to a project. Such grievance must arise and arising directly out of a any transaction conducted when the judgment debtor was licensed and must involve an act performed any of the activities enumerated under s. 489.129(1)(g), (j) or (k) on the homeowner's residence.

(3) It is the intent of the Legislature that Division I and Division II contractors set apart funds for the specific objective of participating in the fund.

Section 10. Paragraphs (d), (i), (k), and (l) of subsection (1) of section 489.1402, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

489.1402 Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund; definitions.-

- (1) The following definitions apply to ss. 489.140-489.144:
- (d) "Contractor" means a Division I or Division II contractor performing his or her respective services described in s. 489.105(3)(a)-(q) s. 489.105(3)(a)-(c).
- (i) "Residence" means a single-family residence, an individual residential condominium or cooperative unit, or a residential building containing not more than two residential units in which the owner contracting for the improvement is residing or will reside 6 months or more each calendar year upon completion of the improvement.
  - (k) "Same transaction" means a contract, or a any series of

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contracts, between a claimant and a contractor or qualified business, when such contract or contracts involve the same property or contiguous properties and are entered into either at one time or serially.

(1) "Valid and current license," for the purpose of s. 489.141(2)(d), means a any license issued pursuant to this part to a licensee, including a license in an active, inactive, delinquent, or suspended status.

Section 11. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 489.141, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

489.141 Conditions for recovery; eligibility.-

- (1) A Any claimant is eligible to seek recovery from the recovery fund after making having made a claim and exhausting the limits of any available bond, cash bond, surety, guarantee, warranty, letter of credit, or policy of insurance if, provided that each of the following conditions is satisfied:
- (a) The claimant has received a final judgment in a court of competent jurisdiction in this state or has received an award in arbitration or the Construction Industry Licensing Board has issued a final order directing the licensee to pay restitution to the claimant. The board may waive this requirement if:
- 1. The claimant is unable to secure a final judgment against the licensee due to the death of the licensee; or
- 2. The claimant has sought to have assets involving the transaction that gave rise to the claim removed from the bankruptcy proceedings so that the matter might be heard in a court of competent jurisdiction in this state and, after due diligence, the claimant is precluded by action of the bankruptcy court from securing a final judgment against the licensee.

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- (b) The judgment, award, or restitution is based upon a violation of s. 489.129(1)(q), (j), or (k) or s. 713.35.
  - (c) The violation was committed by a licensee.
- (d) The judgment, award, or restitution order specifies the actual damages suffered as a consequence of such violation.
- (e) The contract was executed and the violation occurred on or after July 1, 1993, and provided that:
- 1. The claimant has caused to be issued a writ of execution upon such judgment, and the officer executing the writ has made a return showing that no personal or real property of the judgment debtor or licensee liable to be levied upon in satisfaction of the judgment can be found or that the amount realized on the sale of the judgment debtor's or licensee's property pursuant to such execution was insufficient to satisfy the judgment;
- 2. If the claimant is unable to comply with subparagraph 1. for a valid reason to be determined by the board, the claimant has made all reasonable searches and inquiries to ascertain whether the judgment debtor or licensee is possessed of real or personal property or other assets subject to being sold or applied in satisfaction of the judgment and by his or her search has discovered no property or assets or has discovered property and assets and has taken all necessary action and proceedings for the application thereof to the judgment but the amount thereby realized was insufficient to satisfy the judgment; and
- 3. The claimant has made a diligent attempt, as defined by board rule, to collect the restitution awarded by the board.
- (f) A claim for recovery is made within 1 year after the conclusion of any civil, criminal, or administrative action or

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award in arbitration based on the act. This paragraph applies to any claim filed with the board after October 1, 1998.

- (q) Any amounts recovered by the claimant from the judgment debtor or licensee, or from any other source, have been applied to the damages awarded by the court or the amount of restitution ordered by the board.
- (h) The claimant is not a person who is precluded by this act from making a claim for recovery.
- (2) A claimant is not qualified to make a claim for recovery from the recovery fund, if:
- (a) The claimant is the spouse of the judgment debtor or licensee or a personal representative of such spouse;
- (b) The claimant is a licensee who acted as the contractor in the transaction that which is the subject of the claim;
- (c) The claim is based upon a construction contract in which the licensee was acting with respect to the property owned or controlled by the licensee;
- (d) The claim is based upon a construction contract in which the contractor did not hold a valid and current license at the time of the construction contract;
- (e) The claimant was associated in a business relationship with the licensee other than the contract at issue; or
- (f) The claimant has suffered damages as the result of making improper payments to a contractor as defined in part I of chapter 713; or
- (f) (g) The claimant has entered into a contract contracted with a licensee to perform a scope of work described in s. 489.105(3)(d)-(q) before July 1, 2015 s. 489.105(3)(d)-(p).
  - Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 489.1425, Florida



Statutes, is amended to read:

489.1425 Duty of contractor to notify residential property owner of recovery fund.-

(1) Each Any agreement or contract for repair, restoration, improvement, or construction to residential real property must contain a written statement explaining the consumer's rights under the recovery fund, except where the value of all labor and materials does not exceed \$2,500. The written statement must be substantially in the following form:

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# FLORIDA HOMEOWNERS' CONSTRUCTION RECOVERY FUND

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PAYMENT, UP TO A LIMITED AMOUNT, MAY BE AVAILABLE FROM THE FLORIDA HOMEOWNERS' CONSTRUCTION RECOVERY FUND IF YOU LOSE MONEY ON A PROJECT PERFORMED UNDER CONTRACT, WHERE THE LOSS RESULTS FROM SPECIFIED VIOLATIONS OF FLORIDA LAW BY A LICENSED CONTRACTOR. FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THE RECOVERY FUND AND FILING A CLAIM, CONTACT THE FLORIDA CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY LICENSING BOARD AT THE FOLLOWING TELEPHONE NUMBER AND ADDRESS:

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The statement must shall be immediately followed by the board's address and telephone number as established by board rule.

Section 13. Section 489.143, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.143 Payment from the fund.-

- (1) The fund shall be disbursed as provided in s. 489.141 on a final order of the board.
  - (2) A Any claimant who meets all of the conditions

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prescribed in s. 489.141 may apply to the board to cause payment to be made to a claimant from the recovery fund in an amount equal to the judgment, award, or restitution order or \$25,000, whichever is less, or an amount equal to the unsatisfied portion of such person's judgment, award, or restitution order, but only to the extent and amount of actual damages suffered by the claimant, and only up to the maximum payment allowed for each respective Division I and Division II claim. Payment from the fund for other costs related to or pursuant to civil proceedings such as postjudgment interest, attorney attorney's fees, court costs, medical damages, and punitive damages is prohibited. The recovery fund is not obligated to pay a any judgment, an award, or a restitution order, or any portion thereof, which is not expressly based on one of the grounds for recovery set forth in s. 489.141.

- (3) Beginning January 1, 2005, for each Division I contract entered into after July 1, 2004, payment from the recovery fund shall be subject to a \$50,000 maximum payment for each Division I claim. Beginning January 1, 2016, for each Division II contract entered into on or after July 1, 2015, payment from the recovery fund is subject to a \$15,000 maximum payment for each Division II claim.
- (4) (4) (3) Upon receipt by a claimant under subsection (2) of payment from the recovery fund, the claimant shall assign his or her additional right, title, and interest in the judgment, award, or restitution order, to the extent of such payment, to the board, and thereupon the board shall be subrogated to the right, title, and interest of the claimant; and any amount subsequently recovered on the judgment, award, or restitution

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order, to the extent of the right, title, and interest of the board therein, shall be for the purpose of reimbursing the recovery fund.

(5) (4) Payments for claims arising out of the same transaction shall be limited, in the aggregate, to the lesser of the judgment, award, or restitution order or the maximum payment allowed for a Division I or Division II claim, regardless of the number of claimants involved in the transaction.

(6) For contracts entered into before July 1, 2004, payments for claims against any one licensee may shall not exceed, in the aggregate, \$100,000 annually, up to a total aggregate of \$250,000. For any claim approved by the board which is in excess of the annual cap, the amount in excess of \$100,000 up to the total aggregate cap of \$250,000 is eligible for payment in the next and succeeding fiscal years, but only after all claims for the then-current calendar year have been paid. Payments may not exceed the aggregate annual or per claimant limits under law. Beginning January 1, 2005, for each Division I contract entered into after July 1, 2004, payment from the recovery fund is subject only to a total aggregate cap of \$500,000 for each Division I licensee. Beginning January 1, 2016, for each Division II contract entered into on or after July 1, 2015, payment from the recovery fund is subject only to a total aggregate cap of \$150,000 for each Division II licensee.

(7) <del>(6)</del> Claims shall be paid in the order filed, up to the aggregate limits for each transaction and licensee and to the limits of the amount appropriated to pay claims against the fund for the fiscal year in which the claims were filed. Payments may not exceed the total aggregate cap per license or per claimant



## limits under this section.

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(8)  $\frac{(7)}{(7)}$  If the annual appropriation is exhausted with claims pending, such claims shall be carried forward to the next fiscal year. Any moneys in excess of pending claims remaining in the recovery fund at the end of the fiscal year shall be paid as provided in s. 468.631.

(9) (8) Upon the payment of any amount from the recovery fund in settlement of a claim in satisfaction of a judgment, award, or restitution order against a licensee as described in s. 489.141, the license of such licensee shall be automatically suspended, without further administrative action, upon the date of payment from the fund. The license of such licensee may shall not be reinstated until he or she has repaid in full, plus interest, the amount paid from the fund. A discharge of bankruptcy does not relieve a person from the penalties and disabilities provided in this section.

(10) (9) A Any firm, a corporation, a partnership, or an association, or a any person acting in his or her individual capacity, who aids, abets, solicits, or conspires with another any person to knowingly present or cause to be presented a any false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss under this act commits is quilty of a third-degree felony, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.084 and by a fine of up to not exceeding \$30,000, unless the value of the fraud exceeds that amount, \$30,000 in which event the fine may not exceed double the value of the fraud.

(11) (10) Each payment All payments and disbursement disbursements from the recovery fund shall be made by the Chief Financial Officer upon a voucher signed by the secretary of the

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department or the secretary's designee.

Section 14. Subsection (24) is added to section 489.503, Florida Statutes, to read:

489.503 Exemptions.—This part does not apply to:

(24) A person who installs low-voltage landscape lighting that contains a factory-installed electrical cord and plug and does not require installation, wiring, or modification to the electrical wiring of the structure.

Section 15. Subsection (6) of section 489.517, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.517 Renewal of certificate or registration; continuing education.-

(6) The board shall require, by rule adopted pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, a specialized number of hours in specialized or code-related training advanced module courses, approved by the Florida Building Commission, on any portion of the Florida Building Code, adopted pursuant to part IV of chapter 553, relating to the contractor's respective discipline.

Section 16. Subsection (3) of section 514.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

514.011 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:

(3) "Private pool" means a facility used only by an individual, family, or living unit members and their guests which does not serve any type of cooperative housing or joint tenancy of five or more living units. The term includes a portable pool used exclusively for providing swimming lessons or related instruction in support of an established educational program sponsored or provided by a county school district for the purposes of the exemptions provided under s. 514.0115.

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Section 17. Subsection (3) of section 514.0115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

514.0115 Exemptions from supervision or regulation; variances.-

(3) A private pool used for instructional purposes in swimming may shall not be regulated as a public pool. A portable pool used for instructional purposes or in furtherance of an approved educational program may not be regulated as a public pool.

Section 18. Subsections (2) through (5) of section 514.031, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (3) through (6), respectively, a new subsection (2) is added to that section, and present subsection (5) of that section is amended, to read:

514.031 Permit necessary to operate public swimming pool.-

(2) The department shall ensure through inspections that a public swimming pool with an operating permit continues to be operated and maintained in compliance with rules adopted under this section, the original approved plans and specifications or variances, and the Florida Building Code adopted under chapter 553 applicable to public pools or public bathing places. The department may adopt and enforce rules to implement this subsection, including provisions for closing those pools and bathing places not in compliance. For purposes of this subsection, the department's jurisdiction includes the pool, the pool deck, the barrier as defined in s. 515.25, and the bathroom facilities for pool patrons. The local enforcement agency shall permit and inspect repairs or modifications required as a result of the department's inspections and may take enforcement action

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to ensure compliance. The department shall ensure that the rules enforced by the local enforcement agency under this subsection are consistent with the Florida Building Code adopted under chapter 553.

(6) (5) An owner or operator of a public swimming pool, including, but not limited to, a spa, wading, or special purpose pool, to which admittance is obtained by membership for a fee shall post in a prominent location within the facility the most recent pool inspection report issued by the department pertaining to the health and safety conditions of such facility. The report shall be legible and readily accessible to members or potential members. The department shall adopt rules to enforce this subsection. A portable pool may not be used as a public pool, unless it is exempt under s. 514.0115.

Section 19. Subsections (1), (2), and (5) of section 514.05, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

514.05 Denial, suspension, or revocation of permit; administrative fines.-

- (1) The department may deny an application for an  $\frac{a}{a}$ operating permit, suspend or revoke a permit issued to any person or public body, or impose an administrative fine upon the failure of such person or public body to comply with the provisions of this chapter, the original approved plans and specifications or variances, the Florida Building Code adopted under chapter 553 applicable to public pools or public bathing places, or the rules adopted hereunder.
- (2) The department may impose an administrative fine, which shall not exceed \$500 for each violation, for the violation of this chapter, the original approved plans and specifications or

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variances, the Florida Building Code adopted under chapter 553 applicable to public pools or public bathing places, or the rules adopted hereunder and for the violation of any of the provisions of chapter 386. Notice of intent to impose such fine shall be given by the department to the alleged violator. Each day that a violation continues may constitute a separate violation.

(5) Under conditions specified by rule, the department may close a public pool that is not in compliance with this chapter, the original approved plans and specifications or variances, the Florida Building Code adopted under chapter 553 applicable to public pools or public bathing places, or the rules adopted under this chapter.

Section 20. Section 553.721, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.721 Surcharge.—In order for the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to administer and carry out the purposes of this part and related activities, there is created a surcharge, to be assessed at the rate of 1.5 percent of the permit fees associated with enforcement of the Florida Building Code as defined by the uniform account criteria and specifically the uniform account code for building permits adopted for local government financial reporting pursuant to s. 218.32. The minimum amount collected on any permit issued shall be \$2. The unit of government responsible for collecting a permit fee pursuant to s. 125.56(4) or s. 166.201 shall collect the surcharge and electronically remit the funds collected to the department on a quarterly calendar basis for the preceding quarter and continuing each third month thereafter. The unit of



707 government shall retain 10 percent of the surcharge collected to 708 fund the participation of building departments in the national 709 and state building code adoption processes and to provide 710 education related to enforcement of the Florida Building Code. 711 All funds remitted to the department pursuant to this section 712 shall be deposited in the Professional Regulation Trust Fund. 713 Funds collected from the surcharge shall be allocated to fund 714 the Florida Building Commission and the Florida Building Code 715 Compliance and Mitigation Program under s. 553.841. Funds 716 allocated to the Florida Building Code Compliance and Mitigation 717 Program shall be \$925,000 each fiscal year. The Florida Building 718 Code Compliance and Mitigation Program shall fund the 719 recommendations made by the Building Code System Uniform 720 Implementation Evaluation Workgroup, dated April 8, 2013, from 721 existing resources, not to exceed \$30,000 in the 2015-2016 722 fiscal year. Funds collected from the surcharge shall also be 723 used to fund Florida Fire Prevention Code informal 724 interpretations managed by the State Fire Marshal and shall be 725 limited to \$15,000 each fiscal year. The State Fire Marshal 726 shall adopt rules to address the implementation and expenditure 727 of the funds allocated to fund the Florida Fire Prevention Code 728 informal interpretations under this section. The funds collected 729 from the surcharge may not be used to fund research on 730 techniques for mitigation of radon in existing buildings. Funds 731 used by the department as well as funds to be transferred to the 732 Department of Health and the State Fire Marshal shall be as 733 prescribed in the annual General Appropriations Act. The 734 department shall adopt rules governing the collection and 735 remittance of surcharges pursuant to chapter 120.

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Section 21. Subsection (11) of section 553.73, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (19) and (20) are added to that section, to read:

553.73 Florida Building Code.-

- (11) (a) In the event of a conflict between the Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code and the Life Safety Code as applied to a specific project, the conflict shall be resolved by agreement between the local building code enforcement official and the local fire code enforcement official in favor of the requirement of the code which offers the greatest degree of lifesafety or alternatives which would provide an equivalent degree of lifesafety and an equivalent method of construction. Local boards created to address issues arising under the Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code may combine the appeals boards to create a single, local board having jurisdiction over matters arising under either or both codes. The combined local board of appeals has the authority to grant alternatives or modifications through procedures outlined in NFPA 1, Section 1.4, but does not have the authority to waive the requirements of the Florida Fire Prevention Code. In order to meet the quorum requirement to convene the combined appeals board there must be at least one member of the board who is a fire protection contractor, a fire protection design professional, a fire department operations professional, or a fire code enforcement professional.
- (b) Any decision made by the local fire official regarding application, interpretation, or enforcement of the Florida Fire Prevention Code, and the local building official regarding application, interpretation, or enforcement of the Florida

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Building Code, or the appropriate application of either or both codes in the case of a conflict between the codes, may be appealed to a local administrative board designated by the municipality, county, or special district having firesafety responsibilities. If the decision of the local fire official and the local building official is to apply the provisions of either the Florida Building Code or the Florida Fire Prevention Code and the Life Safety Code, the board may not alter the decision unless the board determines that the application of such code is not reasonable. If the decision of the local fire official and the local building official is to adopt an alternative to the codes, the local administrative board shall give due regard to the decision rendered by the local officials and may modify that decision if the administrative board adopts a better alternative, taking into consideration all relevant circumstances. In any case in which the local administrative board adopts alternatives to the decision rendered by the local fire official and the local building official, such alternatives shall provide an equivalent degree of lifesafety and an equivalent method of construction as the decision rendered by the local officials.

(c) If the local building official and the local fire official are unable to agree on a resolution of the conflict between the Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code and the Life Safety Code, the local administrative board shall resolve the conflict in favor of the code which offers the greatest degree of lifesafety or alternatives which would provide an equivalent degree of lifesafety and an equivalent method of construction.

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- (d) All decisions of the local administrative board, or if none exists, the decisions of the local building official and the local fire official in regard to the application, enforcement, or interpretation of the Florida Fire Prevention Code, or conflicts between the Florida Fire Prevention Code and the Florida Building Code, are subject to review by a joint committee composed of members of the Florida Building Commission and the Fire Code Advisory Council. If the joint committee is unable to resolve conflicts between the codes as applied to a specific project, the matter shall be resolved pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1)(d). Decisions of the local administrative board solely in regard to the provisions of the Florida Building Code are subject to review as set forth in s. 553.775.
- (e) The local administrative board shall, to the greatest extent possible, be composed of members with expertise in building construction and firesafety standards.
- (f) All decisions of the local building official and local fire official and all decisions of the administrative board shall be in writing and shall be binding upon a person but do not limit the authority of the State Fire Marshal or the Florida Building Commission pursuant to paragraph (1)(d) and ss. 633.104 and 633.228. Decisions of general application shall be indexed by building and fire code sections and shall be available for inspection during normal business hours.
- (19) In other than one- and two-family detached dwellings, a local enforcing agency that requires a permit to install or replace a hot water heater shall require that a hard-wired or battery-operated water-level detection device be secured to the

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drain pan area at a level lower than the drain connection upon installation or replacement of the hot water heater. The device must include an audible alarm and, if battery-operated, must have a 10-year low-battery notification capability.

(20) The Florida Building Code may not require more than one fire service access elevator in a residential occupancy if the highest occupiable floor in the residential occupancy is less than 420 feet above the level of fire service access. If a fire service access elevator is required, a 1 hour fire-rated fire service access elevator lobby with direct access from the fire service access elevator may not be required if the fire service access elevator opens into an exit access corridor. The exit access corridor must be at least 6 feet wide for its entire length with the exception of door openings and must have a minimum 1 hour fire rating with three quarter hour rated openings. If there is a transient residential occupancy at floor levels more than 420 feet above the level of fire service access, a one hour fire-rated fire service access elevator lobby with direct access from the fire service access elevator is required. The requirement for a second fire service access elevator is not considered to be a part of the Florida Building Code, and therefore, does not take effect until July 1, 2016.

Section 22. Subsections (6) and (11) of section 553.79, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

553.79 Permits; applications; issuance; inspections.-

(6) A permit may not be issued for any building construction, erection, alteration, modification, repair, or addition unless the applicant for such permit complies with the requirements for plan review established by the Florida Building

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Commission within the Florida Building Code. However, the code shall set standards and criteria to authorize preliminary construction before completion of all building plans review, including, but not limited to, special permits for the foundation only, and such standards shall take effect concurrent with the first effective date of the Florida Building Code. After submittal of the appropriate construction documents, the building official is authorized to issue a permit for the construction of foundations or any other part of a building or structure before the construction documents for the whole building or structure have been submitted. No other agency review or approval may be required before the issuance of a phased permit due to the fact that the project will need all the necessary outside agencies' reviews and approvals before the issuance of a master building permit. The holder of such permit for the foundation or other parts of a building or structure shall proceed at the holder's own risk with the building operation and without assurance that a permit for the entire structure will be granted. Corrections may be required to meet the requirements of the technical codes.

(11) (a) The local enforcing agency may not issue a building permit to construct, develop, or modify a public swimming pool without proof of application, whether complete or incomplete, for an operating permit pursuant to s. 514.031. A certificate of completion or occupancy may not be issued until such operating permit is issued. The local enforcing agency shall conduct its review of the building permit application upon filing and in accordance with this chapter. The local enforcing agency may confer with the Department of Health, if necessary, but may not

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delay the building permit application review while awaiting comment from the Department of Health.

(b) If the department determines under s. 514.031(2) that a public pool or a public bathing place is not being operated or maintained in compliance with department's rules, the original approved plans and specifications or variances, and the Florida Building Code, the local enforcing agency shall permit and inspect the repairs or modifications required as a result of the department's inspections and may take enforcement action to ensure compliance.

Section 23. Subsections (4) and (7) of section 553.841, Florida Statutes, are amended, to read:

553.841 Building code compliance and mitigation program.-

(4) In administering the Florida Building Code Compliance and Mitigation Program, the department may shall maintain, update, develop, or cause to be developed code-related training and education advanced modules designed for use by each profession.

(7) The Florida Building Commission shall provide by rule for the accreditation of courses related to the Florida Building Code by accreditors approved by the commission. The commission shall establish qualifications of accreditors and criteria for the accreditation of courses by rule. The commission may revoke the accreditation of a course by an accreditor if the accreditation is demonstrated to violate this part or the rules of the commission.

Section 24. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 553.842, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.842 Product evaluation and approval.-

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- (8) The commission may adopt rules to approve the following types of entities that produce information on which product approvals are based. All of the following entities, including engineers and architects, must comply with a nationally recognized standard demonstrating independence or no conflict of interest:
- (a) Evaluation entities approved pursuant to this paragraph. The commission shall specifically approve the National Evaluation Service, the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials Evaluation Service, the International Code Council Evaluation Services, Underwriters Laboratories, LLC, and the Miami-Dade County Building Code Compliance Office Product Control Division. Architects and engineers licensed in this state are also approved to conduct product evaluations as provided in subsection (5).

Section 25. Section 553.908, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.908 Inspection.-Before construction or renovation is completed, the local enforcement agency shall inspect buildings for compliance with the standards of this part. The local enforcement agency shall accept duct and air infiltration tests conducted in accordance with the Florida Building Code-Energy Conservation by individuals certified in accordance with s. 553.993(5) or (7) or individuals licensed under s. 489.105(3)(f), (g), or (i). The local enforcement agency may accept inspections in whole or in part by individuals certified in accordance with s. 553.993(5) or (7).

Section 26. Subsection (6) of section 633.104, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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633.104 State Fire Marshal; authority; duties; rules.-(6) Only the State Fire Marshal may issue, and, when requested in writing by any substantially affected person or a local enforcing agency, the State Fire Marshal shall issue declaratory statements pursuant to s. 120.565 relating to the Florida Fire Prevention Code. For the purposes of this section, the term "substantially affected person" means a person who, will be, or may be affected by the application of the Florida Fire Prevention Code to a property or building that the person owns, controls, or is, or is considering purchasing, selling, designing, constructing, or altering. Section 27. Subsections (17) and (18) are added to section 633.202, Florida Statutes, to read: 633.202 Florida Fire Prevention Code.-(17) In all new high-rise and existing high-rise buildings, minimum radio signal strength for fire department communications shall be maintained at a level determined by the authority having jurisdiction. Existing buildings may not be required to comply with minimum radio strength for fire department communications and two-way radio system enhancement communications as required by the Florida Fire Prevention Code until January 1, 2022. However, by December 31, 2019, an existing building that is not in compliance with the requirements for minimum radio strength for fire department communications must initiate an application for an appropriate permit for the required installation with the local government agency having jurisdiction and must demonstrate that the building will become compliant by January 1, 2022. Existing

apartment buildings may not be required to comply until January

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1, 2025. However, existing apartment buildings are required to initiate the appropriate permit for the required communications installation by December 31, 2022.

(18) Areas of refuge shall be provided when required by the Florida Building Code-Accessibility. Required portions of an area of refuge shall be accessible from the space they serve by an accessible means of egress.

Section 28. Subsection (10) is added to section 633.216, Florida Statutes, to read:

633.216 Inspection of buildings and equipment; orders; firesafety inspection training requirements; certification; disciplinary action.—The State Fire Marshal and her or his agents or persons authorized to enforce laws and rules of the State Fire Marshal shall, at any reasonable hour, when the State Fire Marshal has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of this chapter or s. 509.215, or a rule adopted thereunder, or a minimum firesafety code adopted by the State Fire Marshal or a local authority, may exist, inspect any and all buildings and structures which are subject to the requirements of this chapter or s. 509.215 and rules adopted thereunder. The authority to inspect shall extend to all equipment, vehicles, and chemicals which are located on or within the premises of any such building or structure.

(10) In addition to any other requirements that may be imposed by the Florida Statutes, the State Fire Marshal shall adopt, by rule, a certification program for firesafety inspectors who perform fire plan review activities to determine compliance with the Florida Fire Prevention Code. The certification program shall incorporate the knowledge and skills

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contained in NFPA 1031 Plan Examiner Level II at a minimum and shall be Pro Board Accredited. All newly appointed Fire Code Plans Examiners shall, after 24 months from the effective date of this statute, be certified, at a minimum, as NFPA 1031 Plans Examiner Level II by the State Fire Marshal at the time of their appointment to conduct Fire Code plans reviews. The State Fire Marshal shall incorporate provisions by rule for existing Fire Code Plans Examiners to continue to practice in their current employment while actively obtaining the additional certification and shall adopt, by rule, a limited time frame for existing Fire Code Plans Examiners to achieve the required certification. The State Fire Marshal may, by rule, determine alternative educational and experience requirements or certifications as equivalent as long as such equivalence achieve Pro Board Accreditation.

Section 29. The Calder Sloan Swimming Pool Electrical-Safety Task Force.—There is established within the Florida Building Commission the Calder Sloan Swimming Pool Electrical-Safety Task Force.

- (1) The primary purpose of the task force is to study and report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on recommended revisions to the Florida Statutes concerning standards on grounding, bonding, lighting, wiring, and all electrical aspects for safety in and around public and private swimming pools. The task force report is due by October 1, 2015.
- (2) The task force shall consist of the Swimming Pool and Electrical Technical Advisory Committees of the Florida Building Commission.



1026	(3) The task force shall be chaired by the Swimming Pool
1027	Contractor appointed to the Florida Building Commission pursuant
1028	to s. 553.74, Florida Statutes.
1029	(4) The Florida Building Commission shall provide such
1030	staff, information, and other assistance as is reasonably
1031	necessary to assist the task force in carrying out its
1032	responsibilities.
1033	(5) Members of the task force shall serve without
1034	compensation.
1035	(6) The task force shall meet as often as necessary to
1036	fulfill its responsibilities and meetings may be conducted by
1037	conference call, teleconferencing, or similar technology.
1038	(7) This section expires December 31, 2015.
1039	Section 30. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.
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1041	======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
1042	And the title is amended as follows:
1043	Delete everything before the enacting clause
1044	and insert:
1045	A bill to be entitled
1046	An act relating to building codes; amending s.
1047	468.609, F.S.; revising the certification examination
1048	requirements for building code inspectors, plans
1049	examiners, and building code administrators; requiring
1050	the Florida Building Code Administrators and
1051	Inspectors Board to provide for issuance of certain
1052	provisional certificates; amending ss. 468.627,
1053	471.0195, 481.215, and 481.313, F.S.; requiring a
1054	licensee or certificateholder to undergo code-related

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training as part of his or her continuing education courses; amending s. 489.103, F.S.; providing an exemption for a specified employee who makes minor repairs to existing waters heaters or to existing heating, venting, and air-conditioning systems in certain circumstances; amending s. 489.105, F.S.; revising the term "plumbing contractor"; amending s. 489.115, F.S.; requiring a certificateholder or registrant to undergo code-related training as part of his or her continuing education requirements; amending s. 489.1401, F.S.; revising legislative intent with respect to the purpose of the Florida Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund; providing legislative intent that Division II contractors set apart funds to participate in the fund; amending s. 489.1402, F.S.; revising terms; amending s. 489.141, F.S.; authorizing certain claimants to make a claim against the recovery fund for certain contracts entered into before a specified date; amending s. 489.1425, F.S.; revising a notification provided by contractors to certain residential property owners to state that payment from the recovery fund is limited; amending s. 489.143, F.S.; revising provisions concerning payments from the recovery fund; specifying claim amounts for certain contracts entered into before or after specified dates; providing aggregate caps for payments; amending s. 489.503, F.S.; exempting certain low-voltage landscape lighting from licensed electrical contractor installation requirements; amending s. 489.517, F.S.;

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requiring a certificateholder or registrant to undergo code-related training as part of his or her continuing education requirements; amending s. 514.011, F.S.; revising the term "private pool"; amending s. 514.0115, F.S.; prohibiting a portable pool from being regulated as a public pool in certain circumstances; amending s. 514.031, F.S.; requiring the Department of Health to conduct inspections of certain public pools with operating permits to ensure continued compliance with specified criteria; authorizing the department to adopt rules; specifying the department's jurisdiction for purposes of inspecting certain public pools; specifying duties of local enforcement agencies regarding modifications and repairs made to certain public pools as a result of the department's inspections; requiring the department to ensure that certain rules enforced by local enforcement agencies comply with the Florida Building Code; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 514.05, F.S.; specifying that the department may deny, suspend, or revoke operating permits for certain pools and bathing places if certain plans, variances, or requirements of the Florida Building Code are violated; specifying that the department may assess an administrative fine for violations by certain public pools and bathing places if certain plans, variances, or requirements of the Florida Building Code are violated; amending s. 553.721, F.S.; directing the Florida Building Code Compliance and Mitigation

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Program to fund, from existing resources, the recommendations made by the Building Code System Uniform Implementation Evaluation Workgroup; providing a limitation; requiring that a specified amount of funds from the surcharge be used to fund certain Florida Fire Prevention Code informal interpretations; requiring the State Fire Marshal to adopt specified rules; amending s. 553.73, F.S.; authorizing local boards created to address specified issues to combine the appeals boards to create a single, local board; authorizing the local board to grant alternatives or modifications through specified procedures; requiring at least one member of a board to be a fire protection contractor, a fire protection design professional, a fire department operations professional, or a fire code enforcement professional in order to meet a specified quorum requirement; authorizing the appeal to a local administrative board of specified decisions made by a local fire official; specifying the decisions of the local building official and the local fire official which are subject to review; requiring the permitted installation or replacement of a water heater in a conditioned or attic space to include a water-level detection device; prohibiting the Florida Building Code from requiring more than one fire access elevator in certain buildings; prohibiting a 1 hour fire-rated fire service access elevator lobby from being required in certain circumstances; requiring a 1 hour fire-related fire service access elevator lobby

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in certain circumstances; providing that the requirement for a second fire service access elevator is not considered to be part of the Florida Building Code; amending s. 553.79, F.S.; authorizing a building official to issue a permit for the construction of the foundation or any other part of a building or structure before the construction documents for the whole building or structure have been submitted; providing that the holder of such permit shall begin building at the holder's own risk with the building operation and without assurance that a permit for the entire structure will be granted; requiring local enforcing agencies to permit and inspect modifications and repairs made to certain public pools and public bathing places as a result of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation's inspections; amending s. 553.841, F.S.; authorizing the department to maintain, update, develop, or cause to be developed code-related training and education; removing provisions related to the development of advanced courses with respect to the Florida Building Code Compliance and Mitigation Program and the accreditation of courses related to the Florida Building Code; amending s. 553.842, F.S.; providing that Underwriters Laboratories, LLC, is an approved evaluation entity; amending s. 553.908, F.S.; requiring local enforcement agencies to accept duct and air infiltration tests conducted in accordance with certain guidelines by specified individuals;

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amending s. 633.104, F.S.; defining a term; clarifying intent; amending s. 633.202, F.S.; requiring all new high-rise and existing high-rise buildings to maintain a minimum radio signal strength for fire department communications; providing a transitory period for compliance; requiring existing buildings and existing apartment buildings that are not in compliance with the requirements for minimum radio strength for fire department communications to initiate an application for an appropriate permit by a specified date; requiring areas of refuge to be required as determined by the Florida Building Code-Accessibility; amending s. 633.216, F.S.; requiring the State Fire Marshal to adopt a certification program for specified firesafety inspectors; requiring newly appointed Fire Code Plans Examiners and existing Fire Code Plans Examiners to meet specified certification requirements; requiring the State Fire Marshall to provide a transitory period for existing Fire Code Plans Examiners to receive their certification; authorizing the State Fire Marshal to determine alternative educational and experience requirements or certifications; creating the Calder Sloan Swimming Pool Electrical-Safety Task Force within the Florida Building Commission; specifying the purpose of the task force; requiring a report to the Governor and the Legislature by a specified date; providing for membership; requiring the Florida Building Commission to provide staff, information, and other assistance to the task force;



1200	providing that members of the task force serve without
1201	compensation; authorizing the task force to meet as
1202	often as necessary; providing for future repeal of the
1203	task force; providing an effective date.