By Senator Soto

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the Florida Election Code; amending s. 106.011, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "contribution"; amending s. 106.021, F.S.; removing an exception to contribution or expenditure restrictions that authorizes an affiliated party committee or political party to make an expenditure to jointly endorse three or more candidates; amending s. 106.07, F.S.; revising reporting requirements with respect to specifying the purpose of each expenditure; providing a penalty; amending s. 106.08, F.S.; prohibiting the transfer of funds or contributions between electioneering communications organizations, political committees, and political parties; prohibiting elected officers and candidates from soliciting or accepting contributions to or on behalf of a political committee or electioneering communications organization; prohibiting elected officers and candidates from controlling, coordinating, or consulting with respect to the expenditure and raising of funds of a political committee or electioneering communications organization; providing penalties; amending s. 106.15, F.S.; specifying that a candidate may not use a public servant's services during working hours in furtherance of his or her candidacy; prohibiting a person from soliciting or knowingly accepting a political contribution in a government-leased building; providing an exception; amending s. 106.24, F.S.; authorizing the Florida Elections Commission to

conduct audits of reports and statements required under ch. 106, F.S.; requiring the Division of Elections to assist the commission with such audits upon request; amending s. 106.25, F.S.; revising conditions under which the commission may initiate an investigation; authorizing a filing officer to report violations of the Florida Election Code to the commission; authorizing the commission to initiate an investigation upon a supermajority vote of commission members; revising commission jurisdiction to include the nonwillful performance of an act prohibited by chs. 104 and 106, F.S.; removing final order authority for hearings referred to the Division of Administrative Hearings; amending ss. 104.2715, 106.023, 106.0703, 106.087, 106.143, and 106.265, F.S.; conforming provisions and cross-references to changes made by the act; reenacting s. 106.0705(3), F.S., relating to electronic filing of campaign treasurer's reports, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 106.07, F.S., in a reference thereto; requiring the Division of Elections to establish a website for state and local campaign filings by a specified date; specifying website requirements; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 106.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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106.011 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the following terms have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

- (5) "Contribution" means:
- (a) A gift, subscription, conveyance, deposit, loan, payment, or distribution of money or anything of value, including contributions in kind having an attributable monetary value in any form, made for the purpose of influencing the results of an election or making an electioneering communication.
- (b) A transfer of funds between political committees, between electioneering communications organizations, or between any combination of these groups.
- (b)(c) The payment, by a person other than a candidate or political committee, of compensation for the personal services of another person which are rendered to a candidate or political committee without charge to the candidate or committee for such services.
- (c) (d) The transfer of funds by a campaign treasurer or deputy campaign treasurer between a primary depository and a separate interest-bearing account or certificate of deposit, and the term includes interest earned on such account or certificate.

Notwithstanding the foregoing meanings of the term "contribution," the term may not be construed to include services, including, but not limited to, legal and accounting services, provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of a

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candidate or political committee or editorial endorsements.

Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 106.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.021 Campaign treasurers; deputies; primary and secondary depositories.—

- (3) \underline{A} No contribution or expenditure, including contributions or expenditures of a candidate or of the candidate's family, \underline{may} not \underline{shall} be directly or indirectly made or received in furtherance of the candidacy of any person for nomination or election to political office in the state or on behalf of any political committee except through the duly appointed campaign treasurer of the candidate or political committee, subject to the following exceptions:
 - (a) Independent expenditures;
- (b) Reimbursements to a candidate or any other individual for expenses incurred in connection with the campaign or activities of the political committee by a check drawn upon the campaign account and reported pursuant to s. 106.07(4). The full name of each person to whom the candidate or other individual made payment for which reimbursement was made by check drawn upon the campaign account shall be reported pursuant to s. 106.07(4), together with the purpose of such payment; or
- (c) Expenditures made indirectly through a treasurer for goods or services, such as communications media placement or procurement services, campaign signs, insurance, or other expenditures that include multiple integral components as part of the expenditure and reported pursuant to s. 106.07(4)(a)13.÷ or
 - (d) Expenditures made directly by any affiliated party

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committee or political party regulated by chapter 103 for obtaining time, space, or services in or by any communications medium for the purpose of jointly endorsing three or more candidates, and any such expenditure may not be considered a contribution or expenditure to or on behalf of any such candidates for the purposes of this chapter.

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) and paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section 106.07, Florida Statutes, are amended, present paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (8) are redesignated as paragraphs (d) and (e), respectively, and a new paragraph (c) is added to that subsection, to read:

- 106.07 Reports; certification and filing.-
- (4)(a) Except for daily reports, to which only the contributions provisions below apply, and except as provided in paragraph (b), each report required by this section must contain:
- 1. The full name, address, and occupation, if any, of each person who has made one or more contributions to or for such committee or candidate within the reporting period, together with the amount and date of such contributions. For corporations, the report must provide as clear a description as practicable of the principal type of business conducted by the corporation. However, if the contribution is \$100 or less or is from a relative, as defined in s. 112.312, provided that the relationship is reported, the occupation of the contributor or the principal type of business need not be listed.
- 2. The name and address of each political committee from which the reporting committee or the candidate received, or to which the reporting committee or candidate made, any transfer of

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funds, together with the amounts and dates of all transfers.

- 3. Each loan for campaign purposes to or from any person or political committee within the reporting period, together with the full names, addresses, and occupations, and principal places of business, if any, of the lender and endorsers, if any, and the date and amount of such loans.
- 4. A statement of each contribution, rebate, refund, or other receipt not otherwise listed under subparagraphs 1. through 3.
- 5. The total sums of all loans, in-kind contributions, and other receipts by or for such committee or candidate during the reporting period. The reporting forms shall be designed to elicit separate totals for in-kind contributions, loans, and other receipts.
- 6. The full name and address of each person to whom expenditures have been made by or on behalf of the committee or candidate within the reporting period; the amount, date, and purpose of each such expenditure; and the name and address of, and office sought by, each candidate on whose behalf such expenditure was made. The purpose of each expenditure must specify the name of the candidate, issue, or position that the expenditure is intended to support or oppose. However, expenditures made from the petty cash fund provided by s. 106.12 need not be reported individually.
- 7. The full name and address of each person to whom an expenditure for personal services, salary, or reimbursement for authorized expenses as provided in s. 106.021(3) has been made and which is not otherwise reported, including the amount, date, and purpose of such expenditure. However, expenditures made from

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the petty cash fund provided for in s. 106.12 need not be reported individually. Receipts for reimbursement for authorized expenditures shall be retained by the treasurer along with the records for the campaign account.

- 8. The total amount withdrawn and the total amount spent for petty cash purposes pursuant to this chapter during the reporting period.
- 9. The total sum of expenditures made by such committee or candidate during the reporting period.
- 10. The amount and nature of debts and obligations owed by or to the committee or candidate, which relate to the conduct of any political campaign.
- 11. Transaction information for each credit card purchase. Receipts for each credit card purchase shall be retained by the treasurer with the records for the campaign account.
- 12. The amount and nature of any separate interest-bearing accounts or certificates of deposit and identification of the financial institution in which such accounts or certificates of deposit are located.
- 13. The primary purposes of an expenditure made indirectly through a campaign treasurer pursuant to s. 106.021(3) for goods and services such as communications media placement or procurement services, campaign signs, insurance, and other expenditures that include multiple components as part of the expenditure. The primary purpose of an expenditure shall be that purpose, including integral and directly related components, that comprises 80 percent of such expenditure.
 - (8)
 - (b) Upon determining that a report is late, the filing

officer shall immediately notify the candidate or chair of the political committee as to the failure to file a report by the designated due date and that a fine is being assessed for each late day. The fine is \$50 per day for the first 3 days late and, thereafter, \$500 per day for each late day, not to exceed 25 percent of the total receipts or expenditures, whichever is greater, for the period covered by the late report. However, for the reports immediately preceding each special primary election, special election, primary election, and general election, the fine is \$500 per day for each late day, not to exceed 25 percent of the total receipts or expenditures, whichever is greater, for the period covered by the late report. For reports required under s. 106.141(8), the fine is \$50 per day for each late day, not to exceed 25 percent of the total receipts or expenditures, whichever is greater, for the period covered by the late report. Upon receipt of the report, the filing officer shall determine the amount of the fine which is due and shall notify the candidate or chair or registered agent of the political committee. The filing officer shall determine the amount of the fine due based upon the earliest of the following:

- 1. When the report is actually received by such officer.
- 2. When the report is postmarked.
- 3. When the certificate of mailing is dated.
- 4. When the receipt from an established courier company is dated.
- 5. When the electronic receipt issued pursuant to s. 106.0705 or other electronic filing system authorized in this section is dated.

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Such fine shall be paid to the filing officer within 20 days after receipt of the notice of payment due, unless appeal is made to the Florida Elections Commission pursuant to paragraph (d) (e). Notice is deemed complete upon proof of delivery of written notice to the mailing or street address on record with the filing officer. In the case of a candidate, such fine is not an allowable campaign expenditure and shall be paid only from personal funds of the candidate. An officer or member of a political committee is not personally liable for such fine.

(c) Notwithstanding any other law and in addition to any fine assessed pursuant to paragraph (b), the commission shall assess a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 against any candidate who has repeatedly late filed a report required under this section. The commission shall deposit any penalty assessed pursuant to this paragraph into the General Revenue Fund.

Section 4. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (6) of section 106.08, Florida Statutes, and paragraph (c) is added to subsection (7) of that section, to read:

106.08 Contributions; limitations on.—

(6)

(c) A transfer of funds or any contribution between electioneering communications organizations, between political committees, between political parties, or between any combination of such groups is prohibited.

(7)

(c) Any elected officer or any candidate for elective office may not, directly or indirectly, solicit, cause to be solicited, or accept any contribution to or on behalf of a political committee or an electioneering communications

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organization and may not control, coordinate, or consult regarding the expenditure or raising of funds for any such committee or organization. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, any person who knowingly and willfully violates any provision of this paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 5. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 106.15, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (5) of that section is republished, to read:

106.15 Certain acts prohibited.-

- (3) A candidate may not, in the furtherance of his or her candidacy for nomination or election to public office in any election, use the services of any state, county, municipal, or district officer, or employee, or other public servant during working hours.
- (4) A No person may not shall make, and no person shall solicit, or knowingly accept any political contribution in a building owned or leased by a governmental entity. For purposes of this subsection, the term "accept" means to receive a contribution by personal hand delivery from a contributor or the contributor's agent. This subsection does shall not apply when a government-owned or government-leased building or any portion thereof is rented for the specific purpose of holding a campaign fund raiser.
- (5) Any person violating the provisions of this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
 - Section 6. Present subsections (6), (7), and (8) of section

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291 106.24, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (7),

- (8), and (9), respectively, and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:
 - 106.24 Florida Elections Commission; membership; powers; duties.—
 - (6) The commission is authorized to conduct audits of reports and statements filed by candidates pursuant to the requirements of this chapter. The division shall assist the commission with any audits conducted pursuant to this subsection, upon the commission's request.
 - Section 7. Section 106.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 106.25 Reports of alleged violations to Florida Elections Commission; disposition of findings.—
 - (1) Jurisdiction to investigate and determine violations of this chapter and chapter 104 is vested in the Florida Elections Commission; however, nothing in this section does not limit limits the jurisdiction of any other officers or agencies of government authorized empowered by law to investigate, act upon, or dispose of alleged violations of this code.
 - (2) The commission shall investigate all violations of this chapter and chapter 104. The commission may begin an investigation, but only after having received either a sworn complaint, or information reported to it under this subsection by the division or other filing officer, or after approval by a supermajority vote of the commission as provided in subsection (3) of Elections. Such sworn complaint must be based upon personal information or information other than hearsay. Any person, other than the division or other filing officer, having

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information of any violation of this chapter or chapter 104 shall file a sworn complaint with the commission. The commission shall investigate only those alleged violations specifically contained within the sworn complaint. If any complainant fails to allege all violations that arise from the facts or allegations alleged in a complaint, the commission shall be barred from investigating a subsequent complaint from such complainant that is based upon such facts or allegations that were raised or could have been raised in the first complaint. If the complaint includes allegations of violations relating to expense items reimbursed by a candidate, committee, or organization to the campaign account before a sworn complaint is filed, the commission is shall be barred from investigating such allegations. Such sworn complaint must shall state whether a complaint of the same violation has been made to a any state attorney. Within 5 days after receipt of a sworn complaint, the commission shall transmit a copy of the complaint to the alleged violator. The respondent shall have 14 days after receipt of the complaint to file an initial response, and the executive director may not determine the legal sufficiency of the complaint during that time period. If the executive director finds that the complaint is legally sufficient, the respondent shall be notified of such finding by letter, which sets forth the statutory provisions alleged to have been violated and the alleged factual basis that supports the finding. All sworn complaints alleging violations of the Florida Election Code over which the commission has jurisdiction shall be filed with the commission within 2 years after the alleged violations. The period of limitations is tolled on the day a sworn complaint is

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filed with the commission. The complainant may withdraw the sworn complaint at any time before prior to a probable cause hearing if good cause is shown. Withdrawal must shall be requested in writing, signed by the complainant, and witnessed by a notary public, stating the facts and circumstances constituting good cause. The executive director shall prepare a written recommendation regarding disposition of the request which shall be given to the commission together with the request. The term "good cause" shall be determined based upon the legal sufficiency or insufficiency of the complaint to allege a violation and the reasons given by the complainant for wishing to withdraw the complaint. If withdrawal is permitted, the commission must close the investigation and the case. No further action may be taken. The complaint becomes will-becomes a public record at the time of withdrawal.

investigation of an alleged violation of this chapter or chapter 104. Upon a written complaint executed under oath or affirmation by the executive director of the commission, the commission shall meet to determine if the commission should initiate an investigation. In order to begin a preliminary investigation, the commission must vote to approve the investigation by an affirmative vote of six of the nine members. Within 5 days after the commission approves the preliminary investigation, a copy of the commission's complaint shall be transmitted to the alleged violator.

 $\underline{(4)}$ For the purposes of commission jurisdiction, a violation $\underline{\text{means}}$ shall $\underline{\text{mean}}$ the willful $\underline{\text{or nonwillful}}$ performance of an act prohibited by this chapter or chapter 104 or the

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willful or nonwillful failure to perform an act required by this chapter or chapter 104. The commission may not by rule determine what constitutes willfulness or further define the term "willful" for purposes of this chapter or chapter 104. Willfulness is a determination of fact; however, at the request of the respondent at any time after probable cause is found, willfulness may be considered and determined in an informal hearing before the commission.

- (5)(4) The commission shall undertake a preliminary investigation to determine if the facts alleged in a sworn complaint or a matter initiated by the division or other filing officer constitute probable cause to believe that a violation has occurred.
- (a) When the investigator's report is completed, the executive director shall notify the respondent that the report is completed and shall send to the respondent a copy of the investigator's report. The investigatory file and main complaint file shall be open for inspection by the respondent and the respondent's counsel at that time, and copies may be obtained at no more than cost.
- (b) The respondent shall be given at least not less than 14 days from the date of mailing of the investigator's report to file with the commission a written response to the investigator's report. This time period may be shortened with the consent of the respondent, or without the consent of the respondent when the passage of time could reasonably be expected to render moot the ultimate disposition of the matter by the commission so long as reasonable notice under the circumstances is given.

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(c) Counsel for the commission shall review the investigator's report and shall make a written recommendation to the commission for the disposition of the complaint. If the counsel for the commission recommends that the commission find probable cause, the recommendation shall include a statement of what charges shall be at issue. A copy of the recommendation shall be furnished to the respondent. The respondent shall be given at least not less than 14 days from the date of mailing of the recommendation of counsel for the commission to file with the commission a written response to the recommendation. This time period may be shortened with the consent of the respondent, or without the consent of the respondent when the passage of time could reasonably be expected to render moot the ultimate disposition of the matter by the commission, so long as the recommendation is furnished to the respondent within a reasonable period of time under the circumstances.

- (d) The respondent and each complainant, their counsel, and the counsel for the commission is authorized shall be permitted to attend the hearing at which the probable cause determination is made. Notice of the hearing shall be sent to the respondent, each complainant, and counsel for the commission at least 14 days before the hearing. This time period may be shortened with the consent of the respondent, or without the consent of the respondent when the passage of time could reasonably be expected to render moot the ultimate disposition of the matter by the commission, so long as the notice is furnished within a reasonable period of time under the circumstances.
- (e) The probable cause determination is the conclusion of the preliminary investigation. The respondent and the counsel

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for the commission <u>are authorized</u> shall be permitted to make brief oral statements in the nature of oral argument to the commission, based on the investigator's report, before the probable cause determination. The commission's determination shall be based upon the investigator's report, the recommendation of counsel for the commission, the complaint, and staff recommendations, as well as any written statements submitted by the respondent and any oral statements made at the hearing. No testimony or other evidence will be accepted at the hearing.

- (f) At its meeting to determine probable cause, the commission may continue its determination to allow further investigation; may order the issuance of a public report of its investigation if it finds no probable cause to believe that there has been a violation of this chapter or chapter 104, concluding the matter before it; may order a final, public hearing of the complaint if it finds probable cause to believe that there has been a violation of this chapter or chapter 104; or may take such other action as it deems necessary to resolve the complaint, consistent with due process of law. In making its determination, the commission may consider:
- 1. The sufficiency of the evidence against the respondent, as contained in the investigator's report;
- 2. The admissions and other stipulations of the respondent, if any;
- 3. The nature and circumstances of the respondent's actions;
 - 4. The expense of further proceedings; and
 - 5. Such other factors as it deems material to its decision.

If the commission finds probable cause, the commission shall determine what charges shall be at issue.

- (g) If no probable cause is found, the commission shall dismiss the case and the case shall become a matter of public record, except as otherwise provided in this section, together with a written statement of the findings of the preliminary investigation and a summary of the facts which the commission shall send to the complainant and the alleged violator. A finding of no probable cause by the commission is a full adjudication of all such matters. The commission may not charge a respondent in a subsequent complaint alleging violations based upon the same actions, nonactions, or circumstances wherein the commission found no probable cause.
- (h) If probable cause is found, the commission shall so notify the complainant and the alleged violator in writing. All documents made or received in the disposition of the complaint shall become public records upon a finding by the commission.
- (i)1. Upon a commission finding of probable cause, the counsel for the commission shall attempt to reach a consent agreement with the respondent. At any time, the commission may enter into a consent order with a respondent without requiring the respondent to admit to a violation of law within the jurisdiction of the commission.
- 2. A consent agreement is not binding upon either party unless and until it is signed by the respondent and by counsel for the commission upon approval by the commission.
- 3. Nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the commission from entering into a consent agreement with a

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respondent prior to a commission finding of probable cause if a respondent indicates in writing a desire to enter into negotiations directed towards reaching such a consent agreement. Any consent agreement reached under this subparagraph is subject to the provisions of subparagraph 2. and shall have the same force and effect as a consent agreement reached after the commission finding of probable cause.

(j) If a consent agreement is reached between the commission and the respondent, counsel for the commission shall send a copy of the signed agreement to both complainant and respondent.

In a case where probable cause is found, the commission shall make a preliminary determination to consider the matter or to refer the matter to the state attorney for the judicial circuit in which the alleged violation occurred. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the commission may, at its discretion, dismiss any complaint at any stage of disposition if it determines that the public interest would not be served by proceeding further, in which case the commission shall issue a public report stating with particularity its reasons for the dismissal.

(6) (5) If there are disputed issues of material fact in a proceeding conducted under ss. 120.569 and 120.57, a person alleged by the Elections commission to have committed a violation of this chapter or chapter 104 may elect, as a matter of right, within 30 days after the date of the filing of the commission's allegations, to have a formal administrative hearing conducted by an administrative law judge in the Division

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of Administrative Hearings. The administrative law judge in such proceedings shall enter a final order, which may include the imposition of civil penalties, subject to appeal as provided in s. 120.68. If the person does not elect to have a hearing by an administrative law judge and does not elect to resolve the complaint by a consent order, the person is entitled to a formal or informal hearing conducted before the commission.

- (7) (6) It is the duty of a state attorney receiving a complaint referred by the commission to investigate the complaint promptly and thoroughly; to undertake such criminal or civil actions as are justified by law; and to report to the commission the results of such investigation, the action taken, and the disposition thereof. The failure or refusal of a state attorney to prosecute or to initiate action upon a complaint or a referral by the commission does shall not bar further action by the commission under this chapter.
- (8) (7) Every sworn complaint filed pursuant to this chapter with the commission, every investigation and investigative report or other paper of the commission with respect to a violation of this chapter or chapter 104, and every proceeding of the commission with respect to a violation of this chapter or chapter 104 is confidential, is exempt from the provisions of ss. 119.07(1) and 286.011, and is exempt from publication in the Florida Administrative Register of any notice or agenda with respect to any proceeding relating to such violation, except under the following circumstances:
 - (a) As provided in subsection (7) $\frac{(6)}{(6)}$;
- (b) Upon a determination of probable cause or no probable cause by the commission; or

(c) For proceedings conducted with respect to appeals of fines levied by filing officers for the late filing of reports required by this chapter.

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However, a complainant is not bound by the confidentiality provisions of this section. In addition, confidentiality may be waived in writing by the person against whom the complaint has been filed or the investigation has been initiated. If a finding of probable cause in a case is entered within 30 days before prior to the date of the election with respect to which the alleged violation occurred, such finding and the proceedings and records relating to such case may shall not become public until noon of the day following such election. When two or more persons are being investigated by the commission with respect to an alleged violation of this chapter or chapter 104, the commission may not publicly enter a finding of probable cause or no probable cause in the case until a finding of probable cause or no probable cause for the entire case has been determined. However, once the confidentiality of any case has been breached, the person or persons under investigation have the right to waive the confidentiality of the case, thereby opening up the proceedings and records to the public. Any person who discloses any information or matter made confidential by the provisions of this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

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(9) (8) Any person who files a complaint pursuant to this section while knowing that the allegations contained in such complaint are false or without merit commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.

581 775.083.

(10) (9) The commission shall maintain a database of all final orders and agency actions. Such database shall be available to the public and shall be maintained in such a manner as to be searchable, at a minimum, by issue, statutes, individuals, or entities referenced.

Section 8. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 104.2715, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

104.2715 False representations of military service; penalty.—

- (3) The commission shall adopt rules to provide an expedited hearing of complaints filed under subsection (2), or, in cases referred to the Division of Administrative Hearings pursuant to s. 106.25(5), the director shall assign an administrative law judge to provide an expedited hearing.
- (4) Notwithstanding any other law, the commission $\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial \mathbf{r}}$ administrative law judge shall assess a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 against any candidate who is found to have violated subsection (1), which shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 106.023, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.023 Statement of candidate.

(1) Each candidate must file a statement with the qualifying officer within 10 days after filing the appointment of campaign treasurer and designation of campaign depository, stating that the candidate has read and understands the requirements of this chapter. Such statement shall be provided by the filing officer and shall be in substantially the

14-00833-15 20151380 610 following form: 611 612 STATEMENT OF CANDIDATE 613 614 I,, candidate for the office of, have been provided access to read and understand the requirements of 615 616 Chapter 106, Florida Statutes. 617 618 ... (Signature of candidate) (Date) ... 619 620 Willful failure to file this form is a violation of ss. 621 106.19(1)(c) and 106.25(4) $\frac{106.25(3)}{c}$, F.S. 622 Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 106.0703, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 623 106.0703 Electioneering communications organizations; 624 625 reporting requirements; certification and filing; penalties .-626 (3) (a) Except for daily reports, to which only the 627 contribution provisions below apply, each report required by 628 this section must contain: 629 1. The full name, address, and occupation, if any, of each 630 person who has made one or more contributions to or for such 631 electioneering communications organization within the reporting 632 period, together with the amount and date of such contributions. 633 For corporations, the report must provide as clear a description 634 as practicable of the principal type of business conducted by 635 the corporation. However, if the contribution is \$100 or less, 636 the occupation of the contributor or the principal type of 637 business need not be listed. 2. The name and address of each political committee from 638

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which or to which the reporting electioneering communications organization made any transfer of funds, together with the amounts and dates of all transfers.

- 2.3. Each loan for electioneering communication purposes to or from any person or political committee within the reporting period, together with the full names, addresses, and occupations and principal places of business, if any, of the lender and endorsers, if any, and the date and amount of such loans.
- 3.4. A statement of each contribution, rebate, refund, or other receipt not otherwise listed under subparagraphs 1. and 2. 1.-3.
- $\underline{4.5.}$ The total sums of all loans, in-kind contributions, and other receipts by or for such electioneering communications organization during the reporting period. The reporting forms shall be designed to elicit separate totals for in-kind contributions, loans, and other receipts.
- 5.6. The full name and address of each person to whom expenditures have been made by or on behalf of the electioneering communications organization within the reporting period and the amount, date, and purpose of each expenditure.
- $\underline{6.7.}$ The full name and address of each person to whom an expenditure for personal services, salary, or reimbursement for expenses has been made and that is not otherwise reported, including the amount, date, and purpose of the expenditure.
- 7.8. The total sum of expenditures made by the electioneering communications organization during the reporting period.
- 8.9. The amount and nature of debts and obligations owed by or to the electioneering communications organization that relate

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to the conduct of any electioneering communication.

<u>9.10.</u> Transaction information for each credit card purchase. Receipts for each credit card purchase shall be retained by the electioneering communications organization.

 $\underline{10.11.}$ The amount and nature of any separate interestbearing accounts or certificates of deposit and identification of the financial institution in which such accounts or certificates of deposit are located.

11.12. The primary purposes of an expenditure made indirectly through an electioneering communications organization for goods and services, such as communications media placement or procurement services and other expenditures that include multiple components as part of the expenditure. The primary purpose of an expenditure shall be that purpose, including integral and directly related components, that comprises 80 percent of such expenditure.

Section 11. Subsection (2) of section 106.087, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.087 Independent expenditures; contribution limits; restrictions on political parties and political committees.—

(2) (a) A Any political committee that accepts the use of public funds, equipment, personnel, or other resources to collect dues from its members $\underline{\text{may}}$ agrees not to make independent expenditures in support of or opposition to a candidate or elected public official. However, expenditures may be made for the sole purpose of jointly endorsing three or more candidates.

(b) \underline{A} Any political committee that violates this subsection is liable for a civil fine of up to \$5,000 to be determined by the Florida Elections Commission or the entire amount of the

697 expenditures, whichever is greater.

Section 12. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 106.143, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.143 Political advertisements circulated prior to election; requirements.—

(1)

(d) Any political advertisement made pursuant to s.

106.021(3)(d) must prominently state the name and address of the political committee or political party paying for the advertisement.

Section 13. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 106.265, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

106.265 Civil penalties.-

- (1) The commission or, in cases referred to the Division of Administrative Hearings pursuant to s. 106.25(5), the administrative law judge is authorized upon the finding of a violation of this chapter or chapter 104 to impose civil penalties in the form of fines not to exceed \$1,000 per count, or, if applicable, to impose a civil penalty as provided in s. 104.271 or s. 106.19.
- (2) In determining the amount of such civil penalties, the commission or administrative law judge shall consider, among other mitigating and aggravating circumstances:
 - (a) The gravity of the act or omission;
 - (b) Any previous history of similar acts or omissions;
- (c) The appropriateness of such penalty to the financial resources of the person, political committee, affiliated party committee, electioneering communications organization, or political party; and

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(d) Whether the person, political committee, affiliated party committee, electioneering communications organization, or political party has shown good faith in attempting to comply with the provisions of this chapter or chapter 104.

Section 14. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 106.07, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (3) of section 106.0705, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

106.0705 Electronic filing of campaign treasurer's reports.—

(3) Reports filed pursuant to this section shall be completed and filed through the electronic filing system not later than midnight of the day designated. Reports not filed by midnight of the day designated are late filed and are subject to the penalties under s. 106.07(8), s. 106.0703(7), or s. 106.29(3), as applicable.

Section 15. By July 1, 2016, the Division of Elections shall establish an enhanced website that includes all state and local campaign filings that are required pursuant to chapter 106, Florida Statutes, in a searchable format that is accessible by an individual using standard web-browsing software.

Section 16. This act shall take effect October 1, 2015.