	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
03/23/2015		
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The Committee on Criminal Justice (Bradley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 895.02, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:

895.02 Definitions.—As used in ss. 895.01-895.08, the term: (8) (1) "Racketeering activity" means to commit, to attempt to commit, to conspire to commit, or to solicit, coerce, or intimidate another person to commit:

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- (a) Any crime that is chargeable by petition, indictment, or information under the following provisions of the Florida Statutes:
- 1. Section 210.18, relating to evasion of payment of cigarette taxes.
- 2. Section 316.1935, relating to fleeing or attempting to elude a law enforcement officer and aggravated fleeing or eluding.
- 3. Section 403.727(3)(b), relating to environmental control.
- 4. Section 409.920 or s. 409.9201, relating to Medicaid fraud.
 - 5. Section 414.39, relating to public assistance fraud.
- 6. Section 440.105 or s. 440.106, relating to workers' compensation.
- 7. Section 443.071(4), relating to creation of a fictitious employer scheme to commit reemployment assistance fraud.
- 8. Section 465.0161, relating to distribution of medicinal drugs without a permit as an Internet pharmacy.
- 9. Section 499.0051, relating to crimes involving contraband and adulterated drugs.
 - 10. Part IV of chapter 501, relating to telemarketing.
- 11. Chapter 517, relating to sale of securities and investor protection.
- 12. Section 550.235 or s. 550.3551, relating to dogracing and horseracing.
 - 13. Chapter 550, relating to jai alai frontons.
 - 14. Section 551.109, relating to slot machine gaming.
 - 15. Chapter 552, relating to the manufacture, distribution,



and use of explosives.

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- 16. Chapter 560, relating to money transmitters, if the violation is punishable as a felony.
 - 17. Chapter 562, relating to beverage law enforcement.
- 18. Section 624.401, relating to transacting insurance without a certificate of authority, s. 624.437(4)(c)1., relating to operating an unauthorized multiple-employer welfare arrangement, or s. 626.902(1)(b), relating to representing or aiding an unauthorized insurer.
- 19. Section 655.50, relating to reports of currency transactions, when such violation is punishable as a felony.
- 20. Chapter 687, relating to interest and usurious practices.
- 21. Section 721.08, s. 721.09, or s. 721.13, relating to real estate timeshare plans.
- 22. Section 775.13(5)(b), relating to registration of persons found to have committed any offense for the purpose of benefiting, promoting, or furthering the interests of a criminal gang.
- 23. Section 777.03, relating to commission of crimes by accessories after the fact.
 - 24. Chapter 782, relating to homicide.
 - 25. Chapter 784, relating to assault and battery.
- 26. Chapter 787, relating to kidnapping or human trafficking.
 - 27. Chapter 790, relating to weapons and firearms.
- 28. Chapter 794, relating to sexual battery, but only if such crime was committed with the intent to benefit, promote, or further the interests of a criminal gang, or for the purpose of

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69 increasing a criminal gang member's own standing or position 70 within a criminal gang.

- 29. Former section 796.03, former s. 796.035, s. 796.04, s. 796.05, or s. 796.07, relating to prostitution.
 - 30. Chapter 806, relating to arson and criminal mischief.
 - 31. Chapter 810, relating to burglary and trespass.
- 32. Chapter 812, relating to theft, robbery, and related crimes.
 - 33. Chapter 815, relating to computer-related crimes.
- 34. Chapter 817, relating to fraudulent practices, false pretenses, fraud generally, and credit card crimes.
- 35. Chapter 825, relating to abuse, neglect, or exploitation of an elderly person or disabled adult.
- 36. Section 827.071, relating to commercial sexual exploitation of children.
- 37. Section 828.122, relating to fighting or baiting animals.
 - 38. Chapter 831, relating to forgery and counterfeiting.
- 39. Chapter 832, relating to issuance of worthless checks and drafts.
 - 40. Section 836.05, relating to extortion.
 - 41. Chapter 837, relating to perjury.
- 42. Chapter 838, relating to bribery and misuse of public 91 office. 92
 - 43. Chapter 843, relating to obstruction of justice.
 - 44. Section 847.011, s. 847.012, s. 847.013, s. 847.06, or s. 847.07, relating to obscene literature and profanity.
 - 45. Chapter 849, relating to gambling, lottery, gambling or gaming devices, slot machines, or any of the provisions within



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- 46. Chapter 874, relating to criminal gangs.
- 100 47. Chapter 893, relating to drug abuse prevention and 101 control.
 - 48. Chapter 896, relating to offenses related to financial transactions.
 - 49. Sections 914.22 and 914.23, relating to tampering with or harassing a witness, victim, or informant, and retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant.
 - 50. Sections 918.12 and 918.13, relating to tampering with jurors and evidence.
 - (b) Any conduct defined as "racketeering activity" under 18 U.S.C. s. 1961(1).
 - (12) (2) "Unlawful debt" means any money or other thing of value constituting principal or interest of a debt that is legally unenforceable in this state in whole or in part because the debt was incurred or contracted:
 - (a) In violation of any one of the following provisions of law:
 - 1. Section 550.235 or s. 550.3551, relating to dogracing and horseracing.
 - 2. Chapter 550, relating to jai alai frontons.
 - 3. Section 551.109, relating to slot machine gaming.
 - 4. Chapter 687, relating to interest and usury.
- 122 5. Section 849.09, s. 849.14, s. 849.15, s. 849.23, or s. 123 849.25, relating to gambling.
- 124 (b) In gambling activity in violation of federal law or in 125 the business of lending money at a rate usurious under state or 126 federal law.

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(5) (3) "Enterprise" means any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, business trust, union chartered under the laws of this state, or other legal entity, or any unchartered union, association, or group of individuals associated in fact although not a legal entity; and it includes illicit as well as licit enterprises and governmental, as well as other, entities. A criminal gang, as defined in s. 874.03, constitutes an enterprise.

(7) (4) "Pattern of racketeering activity" means engaging in at least two incidents of racketeering conduct that have the same or similar intents, results, accomplices, victims, or methods of commission or that otherwise are interrelated by distinguishing characteristics and are not isolated incidents, provided at least one of such incidents occurred after October 1, 1977, the effective date of this act and that the last of such incidents occurred within 5 years after a prior incident of racketeering conduct.

(4) (5) "Documentary material" means any book, paper, document, writing, drawing, graph, chart, photograph, phonorecord, magnetic tape, computer printout, other data compilation from which information can be obtained or from which information can be translated into usable form, or other tangible item.

(10) "RICO lien notice" means the notice described in s. 895.05(13) 895.05(12) or in s. 895.07.

(6) (7) "Investigative agency" means the Department of Legal Affairs, the Office of Statewide Prosecution, or the office of a state attornev.

(1) (8) "Beneficial interest" means any of the following:

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- 156 (a) The interest of a person as a beneficiary under a trust 157 established pursuant to s. 689.07 or s. 689.071 in which the trustee for the trust holds legal or record title to real 158 159 property;
 - (b) The interest of a person as a beneficiary under any other trust arrangement pursuant to which a trustee holds legal or record title to real property for the benefit of such person;
 - (c) The interest of a person under any other form of express fiduciary arrangement pursuant to which any other person holds legal or record title to real property for the benefit of such person.

The term "beneficial interest" does not include the interest of a stockholder in a corporation or the interest of a partner in either a general partnership or a limited partnership. A beneficial interest shall be deemed to be located where the real property owned by the trustee is located.

- (9) "Real property" means any real property or any interest in such real property, including, but not limited to, any lease of or mortgage upon such real property.
 - (11) (10) "Trustee" means any of the following:
- (a) Any person acting as trustee pursuant to a trust established under s. 689.07 or s. 689.071 in which the trustee holds legal or record title to real property.
- (b) Any person who holds legal or record title to real property in which any other person has a beneficial interest.
- (c) Any successor trustee or trustees to any or all of the foregoing persons.



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However, the term "trustee" does not include any person appointed or acting as a personal representative as defined in s. 731.201 or appointed or acting as a trustee of any testamentary trust or as a trustee of any indenture of trust under which any bonds have been or are to be issued.

- (3) (11) "Criminal proceeding" means any criminal proceeding commenced by an investigative agency under s. 895.03 or any other provision of the Florida RICO Act.
- (2) (12) "Civil proceeding" means any civil proceeding commenced by an investigative agency under s. 895.05 or any other provision of the Florida RICO Act.

Section 2. Present subsections (9) through (12) of section 895.05, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (10) through (13), respectively, subsection (2) and present subsections (9) through (12) are amended, and a new subsection (9) is added to that section, to read:

895.05 Civil remedies.

- (2) (a) All property, real or personal, including money, used in the course of, intended for use in the course of, derived from, or realized through conduct in violation of a provision of ss. 895.01-895.05 is subject to civil forfeiture to the state.
- (b) An investigative agency may, on behalf of the state, institute a civil proceeding for forfeiture in the circuit court for the judicial circuit in which real or personal tangible property as described in paragraph (a) is located. An investigative agency may, on behalf of the state, institute a civil proceeding for forfeiture in a circuit court in the state

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regarding intangible property as described in paragraph (a).

- (c) Upon the entry of a final judgment of forfeiture in favor of the state, the title of the state to the forfeited property shall relate back:
- 1. In the case of real property or a beneficial interest, to the date of filing of the RICO lien notice in the official records of the county where the real property or beneficial trust is located; if no RICO lien notice is filed, then to the date of the filing of any notice of lis pendens under s. 895.07(5)(a) in the official records of the county where the real property or beneficial interest is located; and if no RICO lien notice or notice of lis pendens is filed, then to the date of recording of the final judgment of forfeiture in the official records of the county where the real property or beneficial interest is located.
- 2. In the case of personal property, to the date the personal property was seized by the investigating agency.
- (d) If property subject to forfeiture is conveyed, alienated, disposed of, diminished in value, or otherwise rendered unavailable for forfeiture after the filing of a RICO lien notice or after the filing of a civil proceeding or criminal proceeding, whichever is earlier, the investigative agency may, on behalf of the state, institute an action in any circuit court against the person named in the RICO lien notice or the defendant in the civil proceeding or criminal proceeding, and the court shall enter final judgment against the person named in the RICO lien notice or the defendant in the civil proceeding or criminal proceeding in an amount equal to the fair market value of the property, together with investigative costs

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and attorney attorney's fees incurred by the investigative agency in the action. In the alternative, the court may order the forfeiture of any other property of the defendant up to the value of the property subject to forfeiture. If a civil proceeding is pending, such action shall be filed only in the court where the civil proceeding is pending.

- (e) (c) The state shall dispose of all forfeited property as soon as commercially feasible. If property is not exercisable or transferable for value by the state, it shall expire. All forfeitures or dispositions under this section shall be made with due provision for the rights of innocent persons. The proceeds realized from such forfeiture and disposition shall be promptly distributed in accordance with the provisions of s. 895.09.
- (9) The Department of Legal Affairs may bring an action for a violation of s. 895.03 to obtain injunctive relief, civil penalties as provided in this subsection, attorney fees, and costs incurred in the investigation and prosecution of any action under this chapter.
- (a) A natural person who violates s. 895.03 is subject to a civil penalty of up to \$100,000. Any other person who violates s. 895.03 is subject to a civil penalty of up to \$1 million. Moneys recovered for civil penalties under this paragraph shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (b) Moneys recovered by the Department of Legal Affairs for attorney fees and costs under this subsection shall be deposited into the Legal Affairs Revolving Trust Fund, which may be used to investigate and enforce this chapter.
 - (c) In a civil action brought under this subsection by the

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Department of Legal Affairs, any party to such action may petition the court for entry of a consent decree or for approval of a settlement agreement. The proposed decree or settlement shall specify the alleged violations, the future obligations of the parties, the relief agreed upon, and the reasons for entering into the consent decree or settlement agreement.

(10) (9) The Department of Legal Affairs may, upon timely application, intervene in any civil action or proceeding brought under subsection (6) or subsection (7) if it certifies that, in its opinion, the action or proceeding is of general public importance. In such action or proceeding, the state shall be entitled to the same relief as if the Department of Legal Affairs had instituted the action or proceeding.

(11) (10) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a criminal or civil action or proceeding under this chapter act may be commenced at any time within 5 years after the conduct in violation of a provision of this chapter act terminates or the cause of action accrues. If a criminal prosecution or civil action or other proceeding is brought, or intervened in, to punish, prevent, or restrain any violation of the provisions of this chapter act, the running of the period of limitations prescribed by this section with respect to any cause of action arising under subsection (6), or subsection (7), or subsection (9) which is based in whole or in part upon any matter complained of in any such prosecution, action, or proceeding shall be suspended during the pendency of such prosecution, action, or proceeding and for 2 years following its termination.

(12) (11) The application of one civil remedy under any provision of this chapter act does not preclude the application

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of any other remedy, civil or criminal, under this chapter act or any other provision of law. Civil remedies under this chapter act are supplemental, and not mutually exclusive.

- $(13)\frac{(12)}{(13)}$ (a) In addition to the authority to file a RICO lien notice set forth in s. 895.07(1), the Department of Legal Affairs, the Office of Statewide Prosecution, or the office of a state attorney may apply ex parte to a criminal division of a circuit court and, upon petition supported by sworn affidavit, obtain an order authorizing the filing of a RICO lien notice against real property upon a showing of probable cause to believe that the property was used in the course of, intended for use in the course of, derived from, or realized through conduct in violation of a provision of ss. 895.01-895.05. If the lien notice authorization is granted, the department shall, after filing the lien notice, forthwith provide notice to the owner of the property by one of the following methods:
- 1. By serving the notice in the manner provided by law for the service of process.
- 2. By mailing the notice, postage prepaid, by registered or certified mail to the person to be served at his or her last known address and evidence of the delivery.
- 3. If neither of the foregoing can be accomplished, by posting the notice on the premises.
- (b) The owner of the property may move the court to discharge the lien, and such motion shall be set for hearing at the earliest possible time.
- (c) The court shall discharge the lien if it finds that there is no probable cause to believe that the property was used in the course of, intended for use in the course of, derived

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from, or realized through conduct in violation of a provision ss. 895.01-895.05 or if it finds that the owner of the property neither knew nor reasonably should have known that the property was used in the course of, intended for use in the course of, derived from, or realized through conduct in violation of a provision of ss. 895.01-895.05.

- (d) No testimony presented by the owner of the property at the hearing is admissible against him or her in any criminal proceeding except in a criminal prosecution for perjury or false statement, nor shall such testimony constitute a waiver of the owner's constitutional right against self-incrimination.
- (e) A lien notice secured under the provisions of this subsection is valid for a period of 90 days from the date the court granted authorization, which period may be extended for an additional 90 days by the court for good cause shown, unless a civil proceeding is instituted under this section and a lien notice is filed under s. 895.07, in which event the term of the lien notice is governed by s. 895.08.
- (f) The filing of a lien notice, whether or not subsequently discharged or otherwise lifted, shall constitute notice to the owner and knowledge by the owner that the property was used in the course of, intended for use in the course of, derived from, or realized through conduct in violation of a provision of ss. 895.01-895.05, such that lack of such notice and knowledge shall not be a defense in any subsequent civil or criminal proceeding under this chapter.

Section 3. Section 895.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

895.06 Civil investigative subpoenas.-

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(1) As used in this section, the term "investigative agency" means the Department of Legal Affairs, the Office of Statewide Prosecution, or the office of a state attorney.

(1) (2) If, pursuant to the civil enforcement provisions of s. 895.05, an investigative agency has reason to believe that a person or other enterprise has engaged in, or is engaging in, activity in violation of this chapter act, the investigative agency may administer oaths or affirmations, subpoena witnesses or material, and collect evidence.

(2) (3) A subpoena issued pursuant to this chapter is confidential for 120 days after the date of its issuance. The subpoenaed person or entity may not disclose the existence of the subpoena to any person or entity other than his or her attorney during the 120-day period. The subpoena must include a reference to the confidentiality of the subpoena and a notice to the recipient of the subpoena that disclosure of the existence of the subpoena to any other person or entity except the subpoenaed person's or entity's attorney is prohibited. The investigative agency may apply ex parte to the circuit court for the circuit in which a subpoenaed person or entity resides, is found, or transacts business for an order directing that the subpoenaed person or entity not disclose the existence of the subpoena to any other person or entity except the subpoenaed person's attorney for an additional a period of time 90 days, which time may be extended by the court for good cause shown by the investigative agency. The order shall be served on the subpoenaed person or entity with the subpoena, and the subpoena must shall include a reference to the order and a notice to the recipient of the subpoena that disclosure of the existence of

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the subpoena to any other person or entity in violation of the order may subject the subpoenaed person or entity to punishment for contempt of court. Such an order may be granted by the court only upon a showing:

- (a) Of sufficient factual grounds to reasonably indicate a violation of ss. 895.01-895.06;
- (b) That the documents or testimony sought appear reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence; and
- (c) Of facts that which reasonably indicate that disclosure of the subpoena would hamper or impede the investigation or would result in a flight from prosecution.
- (3) (4) If matter that the investigative agency seeks to obtain by the subpoena is located outside the state, the person or enterprise subpoenaed may make such matter available to the investigative agency or its representative for examination at the place where such matter is located. The investigative agency may designate representatives, including officials of the jurisdiction in which the matter is located, to inspect the matter on its behalf and may respond to similar requests from officials of other jurisdictions.
- (4) (5) Upon failure of a person or enterprise, without lawful excuse, to obey a subpoena issued under this section or a subpoena issued in the course of a civil proceeding instituted pursuant to s. 895.05, and after reasonable notice to such person or enterprise, the investigative agency may apply to the circuit court in which such civil proceeding is pending or, if no civil proceeding is pending, to the circuit court for the judicial circuit in which such person or enterprise resides, is

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found, or transacts business for an order compelling compliance. Except in a prosecution for perjury, an individual who complies with a court order to provide testimony or material after asserting a privilege against self-incrimination to which the individual is entitled by law shall not have the testimony or material so provided, or evidence derived therefrom, received against him or her in any criminal investigation or proceeding.

- (5) (6) A person who fails to obey a court order entered pursuant to this section may be punished for contempt of court.
- (6) The investigative agency may stipulate to protective orders with respect to documents and information submitted in response to a subpoena issued under this section.

Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 895.09, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (d) is added to that subsection, to read:

895.09 Disposition of funds obtained through forfeiture proceedings.-

- (1) A court entering a judgment of forfeiture in a proceeding brought pursuant to s. 895.05 shall retain jurisdiction to direct the distribution of any cash or of any cash proceeds realized from the forfeiture and disposition of the property. The court shall direct the distribution of the funds in the following order of priority:
- (b) Any claims against the property by persons who have previously been judicially determined to be innocent persons, pursuant to s. 895.05(2) (e) the provisions of s. 895.05(2) (c), and whose interests are preserved from forfeiture by the court and not otherwise satisfied. Such claims may include any claim by a person appointed by the court as receiver pending



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(d) Any claims for restitution by victims of the racketeering activity. Where the forfeiture action was brought by the Department of Legal Affairs, the restitution shall be distributed through the Legal Affairs Revolving Trust Fund; otherwise, the restitution shall be distributed by the clerk of the court.

Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 16.56, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 16.56 Office of Statewide Prosecution. -
- (1) There is created in the Department of Legal Affairs an Office of Statewide Prosecution. The office shall be a separate "budget entity" as that term is defined in chapter 216. The office may:
 - (a) Investigate and prosecute the offenses of:
- 1. Bribery, burglary, criminal usury, extortion, gambling, kidnapping, larceny, murder, prostitution, perjury, robbery, carjacking, and home-invasion robbery;
 - 2. Any crime involving narcotic or other dangerous drugs;
- 3. Any violation of the provisions of the Florida RICO (Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organization) Act, including any offense listed in the definition of racketeering activity in s. 895.02(8) (a) 895.02(1) (a), providing such listed offense is investigated in connection with a violation of s. 895.03 and is charged in a separate count of an information or indictment containing a count charging a violation of s. 895.03, the prosecution of which listed offense may continue independently if the prosecution of the violation of s. 895.03 is terminated for any reason;

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- 475 4. Any violation of the provisions of the Florida Anti-476 Fencing Act;
 - 5. Any violation of the provisions of the Florida Antitrust Act of 1980, as amended;
 - 6. Any crime involving, or resulting in, fraud or deceit upon any person;
 - 7. Any violation of s. 847.0135, relating to computer pornography and child exploitation prevention, or any offense related to a violation of s. 847.0135 or any violation of chapter 827 where the crime is facilitated by or connected to the use of the Internet or any device capable of electronic data storage or transmission;
 - 8. Any violation of the provisions of chapter 815;
 - 9. Any criminal violation of part I of chapter 499;
 - 10. Any violation of the provisions of the Florida Motor Fuel Tax Relief Act of 2004;
 - 11. Any criminal violation of s. 409.920 or s. 409.9201;
 - 12. Any crime involving voter registration, voting, or candidate or issue petition activities;
 - 13. Any criminal violation of the Florida Money Laundering Act;
 - 14. Any criminal violation of the Florida Securities and Investor Protection Act; or
 - 15. Any violation of the provisions of chapter 787, as well as any and all offenses related to a violation of the provisions of chapter 787;

502 or any attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit any of the 503 crimes specifically enumerated above. The office shall have such



power only when any such offense is occurring, or has occurred, in two or more judicial circuits as part of a related transaction, or when any such offense is connected with an organized criminal conspiracy affecting two or more judicial circuits. Informations or indictments charging such offenses shall contain general allegations stating the judicial circuits and counties in which crimes are alleged to have occurred or the judicial circuits and counties in which crimes affecting such circuits or counties are alleged to have been connected with an organized criminal conspiracy.

Section 6. Subsection (3) of section 905.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

905.34 Powers and duties; law applicable.-The jurisdiction of a statewide grand jury impaneled under this chapter shall extend throughout the state. The subject matter jurisdiction of the statewide grand jury shall be limited to the offenses of:

(3) Any violation of the provisions of the Florida RICO (Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organization) Act, including any offense listed in the definition of racketeering activity in s. 895.02(8) (a) 895.02(1) (a), providing such listed offense is investigated in connection with a violation of s. 895.03 and is charged in a separate count of an information or indictment containing a count charging a violation of s. 895.03, the prosecution of which listed offense may continue independently if the prosecution of the violation of s. 895.03 is terminated for any reason;

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> or any attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit any violation of the crimes specifically enumerated above, when any

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such offense is occurring, or has occurred, in two or more judicial circuits as part of a related transaction or when any such offense is connected with an organized criminal conspiracy affecting two or more judicial circuits. The statewide grand jury may return indictments and presentments irrespective of the county or judicial circuit where the offense is committed or triable. If an indictment is returned, it shall be certified and transferred for trial to the county where the offense was committed. The powers and duties of, and law applicable to, county grand juries shall apply to a statewide grand jury except when such powers, duties, and law are inconsistent with the provisions of ss. 905.31-905.40.

Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 895.05, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (4) and paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 16.53, Florida Statutes, are reenacted, and subsection (6) of that section is amended, to read:

- 16.53 Legal Affairs Revolving Trust Fund.-
- (4) Subject to the provisions of s. 895.09, when the Attorney General files an action pursuant to s. 895.05, funds provided to the Department of Legal Affairs pursuant to s. 895.09(2)(a) or, alternatively, attorneys' fees and costs, whichever is greater, shall be deposited in the fund.
- (5)(a) In the case of a forfeiture action pursuant to s. 895.05, the remainder of the moneys recovered shall be distributed as set forth in s. 895.09.
- (6) "Moneys recovered" means damages or penalties or any other monetary payment, including monetary proceeds from

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property forfeited to the state pursuant to s. 895.05 remaining after satisfaction of any valid claims made pursuant to s. $895.09(1)(a)-(d)\frac{895.09(1)(a)-(c)}{a}$, which damages, penalties, or other monetary payment is made by any defendant by reason of any decree or settlement in any Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organization Act or state or federal antitrust action prosecuted by the Attorney General, but excludes attorney attorneys' fees and costs.

Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 895.05, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 27.345, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 27.345 State Attorney RICO Trust Fund; authorized use of funds; reporting.-
- (1) Subject to the provisions of s. 895.09, when a state attorney files an action pursuant to s. 895.05, funds provided to the state attorney pursuant to s. 895.09(2)(a) or, alternatively, attorneys' fees and costs, whichever is greater, shall be deposited in the State Attorney RICO Trust Fund.

Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 895.05, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (3) of section 92.142, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 92.142 Witnesses; pay.-
- (3) Any witness subpoenaed to testify on behalf of the state in any action brought pursuant to s. 895.05 or chapter 542 who is required to travel outside his or her county of residence and more than 50 miles from his or her residence, or who is required to travel from out of state, shall be entitled to per

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diem and travel expenses at the same rate provided for state employees under s. 112.061 in lieu of any state witness fee.

Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ======= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to offenses concerning racketeering and illegal debts; reordering and amending s. 895.02, F.S.; specifying the earliest date that incidents constituting a pattern of racketeering activity may have occurred; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 895.05, F.S.; authorizing an investigative agency to institute a civil proceeding for forfeiture in a circuit court in certain circumstances; adding diminution in value as a ground for an action under certain circumstances; removing certain grounds for an action; authorizing a court to order the forfeiture of other property of the defendant up to the value of the unavailable property in certain circumstances; authorizing the Department of Legal Affairs to bring an action for certain violations to obtain specified relief, fees, and costs for certain purposes; providing for civil penalties for natural persons and other persons who commit certain violations; providing for deposit of moneys received for certain violations; authorizing a party to a specific civil action to petition the court for entry of a consent decree or

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for approval of a settlement agreement; providing requirements for such decrees or agreements; amending s. 895.06, F.S.; deleting the definition of "investigative agency" for purposes of provisions relating to civil investigative subpoenas; providing that a subpoena must be confidential for a specified time; restricting to whom the subpoenaed person or entity may disclose the existence of the subpoena; requiring certain information to be included in the subpoena; authorizing the investigative agency to apply for an order extending the amount of time the subpoena remains confidential rather than having it extended by the court for a specified period; providing that the investigative agency has the authority to stipulate to protective orders with respect to documents and information submitted in response to a subpoena; amending s. 895.09, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; providing for distribution of forfeiture proceeds to victims; amending ss. 16.56 and 905.34, F.S.; conforming crossreferences; reenacting and amending s. 16.53, F.S., relating to the Department of Legal Affairs Trust Fund, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 895.05, F.S., in references thereto; conforming a cross-reference; reenacting ss. 27.345(1) and 92.142(3), F.S., relating to the State Attorney RICO Trust Fund and witness pay, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 895.05, F.S., in references thereto; providing an

649 effective date.