

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
04/16/2015		
	•	
	•	
	•	

The Committee on Appropriations (Hays) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

2 3

1

Delete lines 91 - 178

4

and insert:

5 6

7

8

9

10

provided in subsection (2), the governmental entity with jurisdiction shall report that determination in writing to the district school superintendent, who shall initiate a formal request for correction as provided in subsection (4).

(b) If the governmental representatives are unable to reach a consensus, the reasons for lack of consensus shall be reported 11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22 23

24

2.5

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35 36

37

38

39



to the district school superintendent, who shall provide a report and recommendation to the district school board. The district school board may initiate a proceeding under chapter 86 seeking a determination as to whether the condition constitutes a hazardous walking condition as provided in subsection (2) after providing at least 30 days' notice in writing to the state or local governmental entity having jurisdiction over the road of its intent to do so unless, within 30 days after such notice is provided, the state or local governmental entity concurs in writing that the condition is a hazardous walking condition as provided in subsection (2) and provides the position statement pursuant to subsection (4). If a proceeding is <u>initiated under</u> this paragraph, the district school board has the burden of proving such condition by the greater weight of evidence. If the district school board prevails, the district school superintendent shall report the outcome to the Department of Education and initiate a formal request for correction of the hazardous walking condition as provided in subsection (4) The district school superintendent or his or her designee and the state or local governmental entity or its representative shall then make a final determination that is mutually agreed upon regarding whether the hazardous condition meets the state criteria pursuant to this section. The district school superintendent or his or her designee shall report this final determination to the Department. (2) (4) STATE CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING HAZARDOUS WALKING CONDITIONS .-(a) Walkways parallel to the road.-

- 1. It shall be considered a hazardous walking condition

40

41 42

43

44 45

46 47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

6.3 64

65

66

67

68



with respect to any road along which students must walk in order to walk to and from school if there is not an area at least 4 feet wide adjacent to the road, not including drainage ditches, sluiceways, swales, or channels, having a surface upon which students may walk without being required to walk on the road surface. In addition, whenever the road along which students must walk is uncurbed and has a posted speed limit of 50 55 miles per hour or greater, the area as described above for students to walk upon shall be set off the road by no less than 3 feet from the edge of the road.

- 2. The provisions of Subparagraph 1. does do not apply when the road along which students must walk:
- a. Is in a residential area which has little or no transient traffic;
- a.b. Is a road on which the volume of traffic is less than 180 vehicles per hour, per direction, during the time students walk to and from school; or
- b.c. Is located in a residential area and has a posted speed limit of 30 miles per hour or less.
- (b) Walkways perpendicular to the road.-It shall be considered a hazardous walking condition with respect to any road across which students must walk in order to walk to and from school if:
- 1. If The traffic volume on the road exceeds the rate of 360 vehicles per hour, per direction (including all lanes), during the time students walk to and from school and if the crossing site is uncontrolled. For purposes of this subsection, an "uncontrolled crossing site" is an intersection or other designated crossing site where no crossing guard, traffic

69

70

71 72

73

74

75

76

77

81

82

83

84

85

86

87

88

89

90

91

92

93

94 95

96

97



enforcement officer, or stop sign or other traffic control signal is present during the times students walk to and from school.

2. $\pm f$ The total traffic volume on the road exceeds 4,000 vehicles per hour through an intersection or other crossing site controlled by a stop sign or other traffic control signal, unless crossing quards or other traffic enforcement officers are also present during the times students walk to and from school.

78 Traffic volume shall be determined by the most current traffic 79 engineering study conducted by a state or local governmental 80 agency.

- (c) Crossings over the road.—It shall be considered a hazardous walking condition with respect to any road at any uncontrolled crossing site which students must walk in order to walk to and from school if:
- 1. The road has a posted speed limit of 50 miles per hour or greater; or
- 2. The road has six lanes or more, not including turn lanes, regardless of the speed limit.
- (5) CIVIL ACTION. In a civil action for damages brought against a governmental entity under s. 768.28, the designation of a hazardous walking condition under this section is not admissible in evidence.
- (6) INTERLOCAL AGREEMENTS.—This section does not prohibit a district school board and other governmental entities from entering into an interlocal agreement pursuant to s. 163.31777 that addresses the identification and correction of hazardous walking conditions, if such agreement:



98	(a) Implements the Safe Paths to Schools Program as	
99	provided in s. 335.066; or	
100	(b) Establishes standards for the safety of students	
101	walking to school and procedures for identifying and correcting	
102	hazardous walking conditions that meet or exceed the standards	
103	and procedures provided in subsections (2), (3), and (4).	
104		
105	========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ==========	
106	And the title is amended as follows:	
107	Between lines 25 and 26	
108	insert:	
109	authorizing a district school board and other	
110	governmental entities to enter into a specified	
111	interlocal agreement; providing criteria for such	
112	agreements;	