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A bill to be entitled An act relating to electronic commerce; providing a directive to the Division of Law Revision and Information; creating the "Computer Abuse and Data Recovery Act"; creating s. 668.801, F.S.; providing a statement of purpose; creating s. 668.802, F.S.; defining terms; creating s. 668.803, F.S.; prohibiting a person from intentionally committing specified acts without authorization with respect to a protected computer; providing penalties for a violation; creating s. 668.804, F.S.; specifying remedies for civil actions brought by persons affected by a violation; providing that specified criminal judgments or decrees against a defendant act as estoppel as to certain matters in specified civil actions; providing that specified civil actions must be filed within certain periods of time; creating s. 668.805, F.S.; providing that the act does not prohibit specified activity by certain state, federal, and foreign law enforcement agencies, regulatory agencies, and political subdivisions; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. The Division of Law Revision and Information is

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directed to create part V of chapter 668, Florida Statutes,

27	consisting of ss. 668.801-668.805, Florida Statutes, to be
28	entitled the "Computer Abuse and Data Recovery Act."
29	Section 2. Section 668.801, Florida Statutes, is created
30	to read:
31	668.801 Purpose.—This part shall be construed liberally
32	to:
33	(1) Safeguard an owner, operator, or lessee of a protected
34	computer used in the operation of a business from harm or loss
35	caused by unauthorized access to such computer.
36	(2) Safeguard an owner of information stored in a
37	protected computer used in the operation of a business from harm
38	or loss caused by unauthorized access to such computer.
39	Section 3. Section 668.802, Florida Statutes, is created
10	to read:
11	668.802 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
12	(1) "Business" means any trade or business regardless of
13	its for-profit or not-for-profit status.
14	(2) "Computer" means an electronic, magnetic, optical,
15	electrochemical, or other high-speed data processing device that
16	performs logical, arithmetic, or storage functions and includes
17	any data storage facility, data storage device, or
18	communications facility directly related to or which operates in
19	conjunction with the device.
50	(3) "Harm" means any impairment to the integrity, access,
51	or availability of data, programs, systems, or information.
50	(4) "Logg" moons any of the following:

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(a) Any reasonable cost incurred by the owner, operator,
or lessee of a protected computer or the owner of stored
information, including the reasonable cost of conducting a
damage assessment for harm associated with the violation and the
reasonable cost for remediation efforts, such as restoring the
data, programs, systems, or information to the condition it was
in before the violation.

- (b) Economic damages.
- (c) Lost profits.

- (d) Consequential damages including the interruption of service.
- (e) Profits earned by a violator as a result of the violation.
- (5) "Protected computer" means a computer that is used in connection with the operation of a business and stores information, programs, or code in connection with the operation of the business in which the stored information, programs, or code can only be accessed by employing a technological access barrier.
- (6) "Technological access barrier" means a password, security code, token, key fob, access device, or similar measure.
  - (7) "Traffic" means to sell, purchase, or deliver.
- (8) "Without authorization" means circumvention of a technological access barrier on a protected computer without the express or implied permission of the owner, operator, or lessee

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79	of the computer or the express or implied permission of the
80	owner of information stored in the protected computer, but the
81	term does not include circumventing a technological measure that
82	does not effectively control access to the protected computer or
83	the information stored in the protected computer.
84	Section 4. Section 668.803, Florida Statutes, is created
85	to read:
86	668.803 Prohibited actsA person who knowingly and with
87	intent to cause harm or loss:
88	(1) Obtains information from a protected computer without
89	authorization and, as a result, causes harm or loss;
90	(2) Causes the transmission of a program, code, or command
91	from a protected computer without authorization and, as a result
92	of the transmission, causes harm or loss; or
93	(3) Traffics in any technological access barrier through
94	which access to a protected computer may be obtained without
95	authorization,
96	
97	is liable to the extent provided in s. 668.804 in a civil action
98	to the owner, operator, or lessee of the protected computer, or
99	the owner of information stored in the protected computer who
100	uses the information in connection with the operation of a
101	business.
102	Section 5. Section 668.804, Florida Statutes, is created
103	to read:
104	668.804 Remedies.—

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_	(1)	Α	person	who	brings	а	civil	action	for	а	violation
under	s.	668	3.803 m	ay:							

- (a) Recover actual damages, including the person's lost profits and economic damages.
- (b) Recover the violator's profits that are not included in the computation of actual damages under paragraph (a).
- (c) Obtain injunctive or other equitable relief from the court to prevent a future violation of s. 668.803.
- (d) Recover the misappropriated information and all copies of the misappropriated information that are subject to the violation.
- (2) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees to the prevailing party in any action arising under this part.
- (3) The remedies available for a violation of s. 668.803 are in addition to remedies otherwise available for the same conduct under federal or state law.
- (4) A final judgment or decree in favor of the state in any criminal proceeding under chapter 815 shall estop the defendant in any subsequent action brought pursuant to s.

  668.803 as to all matters as to which the judgment or decree would be an estoppel as if the plaintiff had been a party in the previous criminal action.
- (5) A civil action filed under s. 668.803 must be commenced within 3 years after the violation occurred or within 3 years after the violation was discovered or should have been discovered with due diligence.

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131	Section 6. Section 668.805, Florida Statutes, is created
132	to read:
133	668.805 Exclusions.—This part does not prohibit any
134	lawfully authorized investigative, protective, or intelligence
135	activity of any law enforcement agency, regulatory agency, or
136	political subdivision of this state, any other state, the United
137	States, or any foreign country.
138	Section 7. This act shall take effect October 1, 2015.

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