1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to electronic commerce; providing a
3	directive to the Division of Law Revision and
4	Information; creating the "Computer Abuse and Data
5	Recovery Act"; creating s. 668.801, F.S.; providing a
6	statement of purpose; creating s. 668.802, F.S.;
7	defining terms; creating s. 668.803, F.S.; prohibiting
8	a person from intentionally committing specified acts
9	without authorization with respect to a protected
10	computer; providing penalties for a violation;
11	creating s. 668.804, F.S.; specifying remedies for
12	civil actions brought by persons affected by a
13	violation; providing that specified criminal judgments
14	or decrees against a defendant act as estoppel as to
15	certain matters in specified civil actions; providing
16	that specified civil actions must be filed within
17	certain periods of time; creating s. 668.805, F.S.;
18	providing that the act does not prohibit specified
19	activity by certain state, federal, and foreign law
20	enforcement agencies, regulatory agencies, and
21	political subdivisions; providing that the act does
22	not impose liability on specified providers in certain
23	circumstances; providing an effective date.
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25	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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27	Section 1. The Division of Law Revision and Information is
28	directed to create part V of chapter 668, Florida Statutes,
29	consisting of ss. 668.801-668.805, Florida Statutes, to be
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30	entitled the "Computer Abuse and Data Recovery Act."
31	Section 2. Section 668.801, Florida Statutes, is created to
32	read:
33	668.801 PurposeThis part shall be construed liberally to:
34	(1) Safeguard an owner, operator, or lessee of a protected
35	computer used in the operation of a business from harm or loss
36	caused by unauthorized access to such computer.
37	(2) Safeguard an owner of information stored in a protected
38	computer used in the operation of a business from harm or loss
39	caused by unauthorized access to such computer.
40	Section 3. Section 668.802, Florida Statutes, is created to
41	read:
42	668.802 DefinitionsAs used in this part, the term:
43	(1) "Authorized user" means a director, officer, employee,
44	third-party agent, contractor, or consultant of the owner,
45	operator, or lessee of the protected computer or the owner of
46	information stored in the protected computer if the director,
47	officer, employee, third-party agent, contractor, or consultant
48	is given express permission by the owner, operator, or lessee of
49	the protected computer or by the owner of information stored in
50	the protected computer to access the protected computer through
51	a technological access barrier. Such permission, however, is
52	terminated upon revocation by the owner, operator, or lessee of
53	the protected computer or by the owner of information stored in
54	the protected computer, or upon cessation of employment,
55	affiliation, or agency with the owner, operator, or lessee of
56	the protected computer or the owner of information stored in the
57	protected computer.
58	(2) "Business" means any trade or business regardless of

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59	its for-profit or not-for-profit status.
60	(3) "Computer" means an electronic, magnetic, optical,
61	electrochemical, or other high-speed data processing device that
62	performs logical, arithmetic, or storage functions and includes
63	any data storage facility, data storage device, or
64	communications facility directly related to, or operating in
65	conjunction with, the device.
66	(4) "Harm" means any impairment to the integrity, access,
67	or availability of data, programs, systems, or information.
68	(5) "Loss" means any of the following:
69	(a) Any reasonable cost incurred by the owner, operator, or
70	lessee of a protected computer or the owner of stored
71	information, including the reasonable cost of conducting a
72	damage assessment for harm associated with the violation and the
73	reasonable cost for remediation efforts, such as restoring the
74	data, programs, systems, or information to the condition it was
75	in before the violation.
76	(b) Economic damages.
77	(c) Lost profits.
78	(d) Consequential damages, including the interruption of
79	service.
80	(e) Profits earned by a violator as a result of the
81	violation.
82	(6) "Protected computer" means a computer that is used in
83	connection with the operation of a business and stores
84	information, programs, or code in connection with the operation
85	of the business in which the stored information, programs, or
86	code can be accessed only by employing a technological access
87	barrier.

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88	(7) "Technological access barrier" means a password,
89	security code, token, key fob, access device, or similar
90	measure.
91	(8) "Traffic" means to sell, purchase, or deliver.
92	(9) "Without authorization" means access to a protected
93	computer by a person who:
94	(a) Is not an authorized user;
95	(b) Has stolen a technological access barrier of an
96	authorized user; or
97	(c) Circumvents a technological access barrier on a
98	protected computer without the express or implied permission of
99	the owner, operator, or lessee of the computer or the express or
100	implied permission of the owner of information stored in the
101	protected computer. The term does not include circumventing a
102	technological measure that does not effectively control access
103	to the protected computer or the information stored in the
104	protected computer.
105	Section 4. Section 668.803, Florida Statutes, is created to
106	read:
107	668.803 Prohibited actsA person who knowingly and with
108	intent to cause harm or loss:
109	(1) Obtains information from a protected computer without
110	authorization and, as a result, causes harm or loss;
111	(2) Causes the transmission of a program, code, or command
112	to a protected computer without authorization and, as a result
113	of the transmission, causes harm or loss; or
114	(3) Traffics in any technological access barrier through
115	which access to a protected computer may be obtained without
116	authorization,

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118	is liable to the extent provided in s. 668.804 in a civil action
119	to the owner, operator, or lessee of the protected computer, or
120	the owner of information stored in the protected computer who
121	uses the information in connection with the operation of a
122	business.
123	Section 5. Section 668.804, Florida Statutes, is created to
124	read:
125	668.804 Remedies
126	(1) A person who brings a civil action for a violation
127	<u>under s. 668.803 may:</u>
128	(a) Recover actual damages, including the person's lost
129	profits and economic damages.
130	(b) Recover the violator's profits that are not included in
131	the computation of actual damages under paragraph (a).
132	(c) Obtain injunctive or other equitable relief from the
133	court to prevent a future violation of s. 668.803.
134	(d) Recover the misappropriated information, program, or
135	code, and all copies thereof, that are subject to the violation.
136	(2) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees to the
137	prevailing party in any action arising under this part.
138	(3) The remedies available for a violation of s. 668.803
139	are in addition to remedies otherwise available for the same
140	conduct under federal or state law.
141	(4) A final judgment or decree in favor of the state in any
142	criminal proceeding under chapter 815 shall estop the defendant
143	in any subsequent action brought pursuant to s. 668.803 as to
144	all matters as to which the judgment or decree would be an
145	estoppel as if the plaintiff had been a party in the previous

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146	criminal action.
147	(5) A civil action filed under s. 668.803 must be commenced
148	within 3 years after the violation occurred or within 3 years
149	after the violation was discovered or should have been
150	discovered with due diligence.
151	Section 6. Section 668.805, Florida Statutes, is created to
152	read:
153	668.805 ExclusionsThis part does not prohibit any
154	lawfully authorized investigative, protective, or intelligence
155	activity of any law enforcement agency, regulatory agency, or
156	political subdivision of this state, any other state, the United
157	States, or any foreign country. This part may not be construed
158	to impose liability on any provider of an interactive computer
159	service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 230(f), of an information
160	service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153, or of a communications
161	service as defined in s. 202.11, if the provider provides the
162	transmission, storage, or caching of electronic communications
163	or messages of a person other than the provider, related
164	telecommunications or commercial mobile radio services, or
165	content provided by a person other than the provider.
166	Section 7. This act shall take effect October 1, 2015.

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