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A bill to be entitled An act relating to transportation; amending s. 316.003, F.S.; providing definitions; amending s. 316.083, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the passing of a vehicle; creating s. 316.0833, F.S.; prohibiting passing and turning in front of a vulnerable user in an unsafe manner; providing penalties; amending s. 316.0875, F.S.; revising exceptions to provisions for designated no-passing zones; creating s. 316.1921, F.S.; prohibiting harassing, taunting, or throwing object at person riding a bicycle; providing penalties; amending s. 316.1925, F.S.; revising provisions relating to careless driving; amending s. 316.2065, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "substandard-width lane"; creating s. 318.142, F.S.; providing penalties for specified infractions contributing to bodily injury of a vulnerable user; amending s. 318.19, F.S.; requiring a hearing for specified offenses; amending s. 322.095, F.S.; requiring traffic law and substance abuse education courses to include instruction on traffic laws relating to rights and safety of vulnerable users; amending s. 322.12, F.S.; requiring driver license examinations to include a test of the applicant's knowledge of traffic laws relating to rights and safety of vulnerable users; amending s.

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27	1003.48, F.S.; requiring driver education courses
8.8	offered by a school district to include certain
9	instruction; providing severability; providing an
30	effective date.
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32	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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34	Section 1. Subsections (94) and (95) are added to section
35	316.003, Florida Statutes, to read:
86	316.003 Definitions.—The following words and phrases, when
37	used in this chapter, shall have the meanings respectively
88	ascribed to them in this section, except where the context
39	otherwise requires:
0 ا	(94) BODILY INJURY.—
1	(a) A cut, abrasion, bruise, burn, or disfigurement;
12	(b) Physical pain;
13	(c) Illness;
4	(d) Impairment of the function of a bodily member, organ,
15	or mental faculty; or
6	(e) Any other injury to the body, no matter how temporary.
17	(95) VULNERABLE USER OF A PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY OR
8	VULNERABLE USER.—
9	(a) A pedestrian, including a person actually engaged in
0	work upon a highway, work upon utility facilities along a
51	highway, or the provision of emergency services within the
52	right-of-way:

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53	(b) A person operating, or who is a passenger on, a
54	bicycle, motorcycle, scooter, or moped lawfully on the roadway;
55	(c) A person riding an animal; or
56	(d) A person lawfully operating on a public right-of-way,
57	crosswalk, or shoulder of the roadway:
58	1. A farm tractor or similar vehicle designed primarily
59	for farm use;
60	2. A skateboard, roller skates, or in-line skates;
61	3. A horse-drawn carriage;
62	4. An electric personal assistive mobility device; or
63	5. A wheelchair.
64	Section 2. Section 316.083, Florida Statutes, is amended
65	to read:
66	316.083 Overtaking and passing a vehicle.—The following
67	provisions rules shall govern the overtaking and passing of
68	vehicles proceeding in the same direction, subject to those
69	limitations, exceptions, and special rules hereinafter stated:
70	(1) The driver of a vehicle overtaking another vehicle
71	proceeding in the same direction shall give an appropriate
72	signal as provided for in s. 316.156, shall pass to the left
73	thereof at a safe distance, and shall not again drive to the
74	right side of the roadway until safely clear of the overtaken
75	vehicle.
76	(2) The driver of a motor vehicle overtaking a person
77	operating a bicycle or other vulnerable user of a public right-

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of-way nonmotorized vehicle must pass the person operating the

bicycle or other <u>vulnerable user</u> nonmotorized vehicle at a safe distance of not less than 3 feet between <u>any part of or</u> attachment to the <u>motor</u> vehicle, any thing extending from the <u>motor vehicle</u>, and any trailer or other thing being towed by the <u>motor vehicle</u> and the bicycle, the person operating the bicycle, or other vulnerable user nonmotorized vehicle.

- (3) (2) Except when overtaking and passing on the right is permitted, the driver of an overtaken vehicle shall give way to the right in favor of the overtaking vehicle, on audible signal or upon the visible blinking of the headlamps of the overtaking vehicle if such overtaking is being attempted at nighttime, and shall not increase the speed of his or her vehicle until completely passed by the overtaking vehicle.
- (4)(3) A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving violation as provided in chapter 318. If a violation of this section contributed to the bodily injury of a vulnerable user of a public right-of-way, the law enforcement officer issuing the citation for the violation shall note such information on the citation.
- Section 3. Section 316.0833, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
  - 316.0833 Right turn when passing vulnerable user.-
- (1) A person operating a vehicle who overtakes and passes a vulnerable user of a public right-of-way proceeding in the same direction may not make a right turn at an intersection or into a private road or driveway unless the turn can be made at a

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L05	safe distance from the vulnerable user with reasonable safety
106	and will not impede the travel of the vulnerable user.
L07	(2) A violation of subsection (1) is a noncriminal traffic
108	infraction, punishable as a moving violation as provided in
L09	chapter 318. If a violation of subsection (1) contributed to the
110	bodily injury of a vulnerable user of a public right-of-way, the
111	law enforcement officer issuing the citation for the violation
12	shall note such information on the citation.
113	Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 316.0875, Florida
114	Statutes, is amended to read:
115	316.0875 No-passing zones.—
116	(3) This section does not apply:
117	(a) When an obstruction exists making it necessary to
118	drive to the left of the center of the highway: $ au_ au$ nor
119	(b) To the driver of a vehicle turning left into or from
L20	an alley, private road <u>,</u> or driveway <u>; or</u>
121	(c) When the driver of a motor vehicle is required to
L22	cross pavement striping indicating a no-passing zone when
L23	passing a vulnerable user of a public right-of-way in order to
L24	provide at least 3 feet between the motor vehicle and the
L25	vulnerable user.
L26	Section 5. Section 316.1921, Florida Statutes, is created
L27	to read:
L28	316.1921 Harassing, taunting, or throwing object at person
L29	riding a bicycle.—It is unlawful to harass, taunt, or
130	maliciously throw an object at or in the direction of a person

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131 riding a bicycle. A person who violates this section commits a 132 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable by a fine of at 133 least \$250 or by imprisonment of not more than 30 days, or both. 134 Section 6. Section 316.1925, Florida Statutes, is amended 135 to read: 136 316.1925 Careless driving.-137 A Any person operating a vehicle upon the streets or 138 highways within the state shall drive the same in a careful and 139 prudent manner, having regard for the width, grade, curves, corners, traffic, and all other attendant circumstances, so as 140 141 not to endanger the life, limb, or property of any person. A 142 person who fails Failure to drive in such manner commits shall 143 constitute careless driving and a violation of this section. (2) Any person who violates this section shall be cited 144 145 for a moving violation, punishable as provided in chapter 318. If a violation under this section contributed to the 146 147 bodily injury of a vulnerable user of a public right-of-way, the 148 law enforcement officer issuing the citation for the violation 149 shall note such information on the citation. 150

Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 316.2065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.2065 Bicycle regulations.-

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(5)(a) Any person operating a bicycle upon a roadway at less than the normal speed of traffic at the time and place and under the conditions then existing shall ride in the lane marked for bicycle use or, if no lane is marked for bicycle use, as

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close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway except under any of the following situations:

- 1. When overtaking and passing another bicycle or vehicle proceeding in the same direction.
- 2. When preparing for a left turn at an intersection or into a private road or driveway.
- 3. When reasonably necessary to avoid any condition or potential conflict, including, but not limited to, a fixed or moving object, parked or moving vehicle, bicycle, pedestrian, animal, surface hazard, turn lane, or substandard-width lane, which makes it unsafe to continue along the right-hand curb or edge or within a bicycle lane. For the purposes of this subsection, a "substandard-width lane" is a lane that is <a href="Less than 14">Less than 14 feet wide which is not adjacent to a bicycle lane that is at least 5 feet wide too narrow for a bicycle and another vehicle to travel safely side by side within the lane.</a>
- Section 8. Section 318.142, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 318.142 Infractions contributing to bodily injury of a vulnerable user of a public right-of-way.—
- (1) (a) In addition to any other penalty imposed for a violation under s. 316.083, s. 316.0833, or s. 316.1925, if the violation contributed to the bodily injury of a vulnerable user of a public right-of-way as defined in s. 316.003, the designated official shall impose a fine of not more than \$2,000 and the department shall suspend the offender's driving

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privileges for 6 months.

- (b) Imposition of the penalties under paragraph (a) shall be delayed upon the condition that, within 1 year after the date of sentencing, the offender complete a traffic safety course approved by the department and perform at least 100 but not more than 200 hours of community service, which must include activities related to driver improvement and public education on traffic safety. The designated official may grant an extension of the 1-year period for good cause shown.
- (2) (a) If the offender successfully completes the requirements under paragraph (1) (b) within the time allowed, the penalties under paragraph (1) (a) shall be vacated.
- (b) If the offender does not successfully complete the requirements under paragraph (1) (b) within the time allowed, the penalties under paragraph (1) (a) shall be imposed.
- Section 9. Section 318.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 318.19 Infractions requiring a mandatory hearing.—Any person cited for the infractions listed in this section shall not have the provisions of s. 318.14(2), (4), and (9) available to him or her but must appear before the designated official at the time and location of the scheduled hearing:
- (1) Any infraction which results in a crash that causes the death of another;
- (2) Any infraction which results in a crash that causes "serious bodily injury" of another as defined in s. 316.1933(1);

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209 (3) Any infraction of s. 316.172(1)(b); 210 Any infraction of s. 316.520(1) or (2); or (4) Any infraction of s. 316.183(2), s. 316.187, or s. 211 212 316.189 of exceeding the speed limit by 30 m.p.h. or more; or 213 Any infraction of s. 316.083, s. 316.0833, or s. 214 316.1925 which contributes to bodily injury of a vulnerable user 215 of a public right-of-way as defined in s. 316.003. 216 Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 217 322.095, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 322.095 Traffic law and substance abuse education program 218 for driver license applicants.-219 220 The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles 221 must approve traffic law and substance abuse education courses, 222 including courses that use communications technology as the 223 delivery method. 224 Each course provider seeking approval of a traffic law 225 and substance abuse education course must submit: 226 Proof of ownership, copyright, or written permission 227 from the course owner to use the course in the state. 228 2. The curriculum for the courses which must promote 229 motorcyclist, bicyclist, and pedestrian safety and provide 230 instruction on traffic laws relating to the rights and safety of vulnerable users of public rights-of-way as defined in s. 231

costs of alcohol and drug abuse; the effects of alcohol and drug Page 9 of 13

316.003; the physiological and psychological consequences of the

abuse of alcohol and other drugs; the societal and economic

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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abuse on the driver of a motor vehicle; the laws of this state relating to the operation of a motor vehicle; the risk factors involved in driver attitude and irresponsible driver behaviors, such as speeding, reckless driving, and running red lights and stop signs; and the results of the use of electronic devices while driving.

Section 11. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 322.12, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

322.12 Examination of applicants.-

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For an applicant for a Class E driver license, such examination shall include a test of the applicant's eyesight given by the driver license examiner designated by the department or by a licensed ophthalmologist, optometrist, or physician and a test of the applicant's hearing given by a driver license examiner or a licensed physician. The examination shall also include a test of the applicant's ability to read and understand highway signs regulating, warning, and directing traffic; his or her knowledge of the traffic laws of this state, including laws regulating driving under the influence of alcohol or controlled substances, driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, and driving while intoxicated; and his or her knowledge of the effects of alcohol and controlled substances upon persons and the dangers of driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or controlled substances and shall include an actual demonstration of ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable control in the operation of a motor vehicle.

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Examination under this subsection testing the applicant's knowledge of traffic laws must include laws relating to the rights and safety of vulnerable users of public rights-of-way as defined in s. 316.003.

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The examination for an applicant for a commercial driver license shall include a test of the applicant's eyesight given by a driver license examiner designated by the department or by a licensed ophthalmologist, optometrist, or physician and a test of the applicant's hearing given by a driver license examiner or a licensed physician. The examination shall also include a test of the applicant's ability to read and understand highway signs regulating, warning, and directing traffic; his or her knowledge of the traffic laws of this state pertaining to the class of motor vehicle which he or she is applying to be licensed to operate, including laws regulating driving under the influence of alcohol or controlled substances, driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, and driving while intoxicated; his or her knowledge of the effects of alcohol and controlled substances and the dangers of driving a motor vehicle after having consumed alcohol or controlled substances; and his or her knowledge of any special skills, requirements, or precautions necessary for the safe operation of the class of vehicle which he or she is applying to be licensed to operate. In addition, the examination shall include an actual demonstration of the applicant's ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable control in the safe operation of a motor vehicle or combination of

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vehicles of the type covered by the license classification which the applicant is seeking, including an examination of the applicant's ability to perform an inspection of his or her vehicle.

- (a) The portion of the examination which tests an applicant's safe driving ability shall be administered by the department or by an entity authorized by the department to administer such examination, pursuant to s. 322.56. Such examination shall be administered at a location approved by the department.
- (b) A person who seeks to retain a hazardous-materials endorsement must, upon renewal, pass the test for such endorsement as specified in s. 322.57(1)(e), if the person has not taken and passed the hazardous-materials test within 2 years preceding his or her application for a commercial driver license in this state.
- (c) Examination under this subsection testing the applicant's knowledge of traffic laws must include laws relating to the rights and safety of vulnerable users of public rights-of-way as defined in s. 316.003.
- Section 12. Subsection (6) is added to section 1003.48, Florida Statutes, to read:
  - 1003.48 Instruction in operation of motor vehicles.-
- (6) In addition to the lawful and safe operation of a motor vehicle, a course offered under this section shall include instruction on traffic laws relating to the rights and safety of

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313	vulnerable users of public rights-of-way as defined in s.
314	316.003.
315	Section 13. If any provision of this act or its
316	application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
317	invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of
318	this act which can be given effect without the invalid provision
319	or application, and, to this end, the provisions of this act are
320	severable.
321	Section 14. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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