By the Committee on Banking and Insurance; and Senator Brandes

A bill to be entitled

597-01652-15

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1	K DITI CO DE ENCLUER
2	An act relating to property and casualty insurance;
3	amending s. 627.0628, F.S.; increasing the length of
4	time during which an insurer is not required to adhere
5	to certain models found by the Commission on Hurricane
6	Loss Projection Methodology to be accurate or reliable
7	in determining probable maximum loss levels with
8	respect to certain rate filings; amending s. 627.0651,
9	F.S.; revising provisions for the making and use of
10	rates for motor vehicle insurance; amending s.
11	627.3518, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending
12	s. 627.4133, F.S.; increasing the amount of prior
13	notice required with respect to the nonrenewal,
14	cancellation, or termination of certain insurance
15	policies; deleting certain provisions that require
16	extended periods of prior notice with respect to the
17	nonrenewal, cancellation, or termination of certain
18	insurance policies; prohibiting the cancellation of
19	certain policies that have been in effect for a
20	specified amount of time except under certain
21	circumstances; amending s. 627.421, F.S.; authorizing
22	a policyholder of personal lines insurance to
23	affirmatively elect delivery of policy documents by
24	electronic means; amending s. 627.7074, F.S.; revising
25	notification requirements for participation in the
26	neutral evaluation program; amending s. 627.736, F.S.;
27	revising the applicability of certain Medicare fee
28	schedules or payment limitations; defining the term
29	"service year"; amending s. 627.744, F.S.; revising

Page 1 of 14

	597-01652-15 2015258c1
30	the preinsurance inspection requirements for private
31	passenger motor vehicles; repealing s. 631.65, F.S.,
32	relating to prohibited advertisement or solicitation;
33	providing an effective date.
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35	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
36	
37	Section 1. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section
38	627.0628, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
39	627.0628 Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection
40	Methodology; public records exemption; public meetings
41	exemption
42	(3) ADOPTION AND EFFECT OF STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES
43	(d) With respect to a rate filing under s. 627.062, an
44	insurer shall employ and may not modify or adjust actuarial
45	methods, principles, standards, models, or output ranges found
46	by the commission to be accurate or reliable in determining
47	hurricane loss factors for use in a rate filing under s.
48	627.062. An insurer shall employ and may not modify or adjust
49	models found by the commission to be accurate or reliable in
50	determining probable maximum loss levels pursuant to paragraph
51	(b) with respect to a rate filing under s. 627.062 made more
52	than $\underline{180}$ $\overline{60}$ days after the commission has made such findings.
53	This paragraph does not prohibit an insurer from using a
54	straight average of model results or output ranges for the
55	purposes of a rate filing for personal lines residential flood
56	insurance coverage under s. 627.062.
57	Section 2. Subsection (8) of section 627.0651, Florida
58	Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 2 of 14

2015258c1 597-01652-15 59 627.0651 Making and use of rates for motor vehicle 60 insurance.-61 (8) Rates are not unfairly discriminatory if averaged 62 broadly among members of a group; nor are rates unfairly 63 discriminatory even though they are lower than rates for nonmembers of the group. However, such rates are unfairly 64 65 discriminatory if they are not actuarially measurable and 66 credible and sufficiently related to actual or expected loss and expense experience of the group so as to ensure assure that 67 68 nonmembers of the group are not unfairly discriminated against. 69 Use of a single United States Postal Service zip code as a rating territory shall be deemed unfairly discriminatory unless 70 71 filed pursuant to paragraph (1)(a) and such territory incorporates sufficient actual or expected loss and loss 72 73 adjustment expense experience so as to be actuarially measurable 74 and credible. 75 Section 3. Subsection (9) of section 627.3518, Florida 76 Statutes, is amended to read: 77 627.3518 Citizens Property Insurance Corporation 78 policyholder eligibility clearinghouse program.-The purpose of

79 this section is to provide a framework for the corporation to 80 implement a clearinghouse program by January 1, 2014.

(9) The 45-day notice of nonrenewal requirement set forth in <u>s. 627.4133(2)(b)5.</u> s. 627.4133(2)(b)5.b. applies when a policy is nonrenewed by the corporation because the risk has received an offer of coverage pursuant to this section which renders the risk ineligible for coverage by the corporation.

86 Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 87 627.4133, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 3 of 14

597-01652-15 2015258c1 88 627.4133 Notice of cancellation, nonrenewal, or renewal 89 premium.-(2) With respect to any personal lines or commercial 90 residential property insurance policy, including, but not 91 92 limited to, any homeowner, mobile home owner, farmowner, 93 condominium association, condominium unit owner, apartment 94 building, or other policy covering a residential structure or 95 its contents: (b) The insurer shall give the first-named insured written 96 97 notice of nonrenewal, cancellation, or termination at least 120 100 days before the effective date of the nonrenewal, 98 99 cancellation, or termination. However, the insurer shall give at 100 least 100 days' written notice, or written notice by June 1, whichever is earlier, for any nonrenewal, cancellation, or 101 102 termination that would be effective between June 1 and November 103 30. The notice must include the reason for the nonrenewal, 104 cancellation, or termination, except that: 105 1. The insurer shall give the first-named insured written 106 notice of nonrenewal, cancellation, or termination at least 120 107 days before the effective date of the nonrenewal, cancellation,

108 or termination for a first-named insured whose residential 109 structure has been insured by that insurer or an affiliated 110 insurer for at least 5 years before the date of the written 111 notice.

112 <u>1.2.</u> If cancellation is for nonpayment of premium, at least 113 10 days' written notice of cancellation accompanied by the 114 reason therefor must be given. As used in this subparagraph, the 115 term "nonpayment of premium" means failure of the named insured 116 to discharge when due her or his obligations for paying the

Page 4 of 14

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

CS for SB 258

597-01652-15 2015258c1 117 premium on a policy or an installment of such premium, whether 118 the premium is payable directly to the insurer or its agent or 119 indirectly under a premium finance plan or extension of credit, 120 or failure to maintain membership in an organization if such 121 membership is a condition precedent to insurance coverage. The term also means the failure of a financial institution to honor 122 123 an insurance applicant's check after delivery to a licensed 124 agent for payment of a premium even if the agent has previously 125 delivered or transferred the premium to the insurer. If a 126 dishonored check represents the initial premium payment, the 127 contract and all contractual obligations are void ab initio 128 unless the nonpayment is cured within the earlier of 5 days 129 after actual notice by certified mail is received by the 130 applicant or 15 days after notice is sent to the applicant by 131 certified mail or registered mail. If the contract is void, any 132 premium received by the insurer from a third party must be 133 refunded to that party in full.

134 2.3. If cancellation or termination occurs during the first 135 90 days the insurance is in force and the insurance is canceled 136 or terminated for reasons other than nonpayment of premium, at 137 least 20 days' written notice of cancellation or termination 138 accompanied by the reason therefor must be given unless there 139 has been a material misstatement or misrepresentation or a 140 failure to comply with the underwriting requirements established by the insurer. 141

142 <u>3. After the policy has been in effect for 90 days, the</u> 143 policy may not be canceled by the insurer unless there has been 144 <u>a material misstatement, a nonpayment of premium, a failure to</u> 145 <u>comply, within 90 days after the date of effectuation of</u>

Page 5 of 14

597-01652-15 2015258c1 146 coverage, with the underwriting requirements established by the 147 insurer before the effectuation of coverage, or a substantial 148 change in the risk covered by the policy or unless the 149 cancellation is for all insureds under such policies for a given 150 class of insureds. This subparagraph does not apply to 151 individually rated risks that have a policy term of less than 90 152 days. 153 4. After a policy or contract has been in effect for more than 90 days, the insurer may not cancel or terminate the policy 154 or contract based on credit information available in public 155 156 records. 157 5. The requirement for providing written notice by June 1 158 of any nonrenewal that would be effective between June 1 and 159 November 30 does not apply to the following situations, but the 160 insurer remains subject to the requirement to provide such 161 notice at least 100 days before the effective date of 162 nonrenewal: a. A policy that is nonrenewed due to a revision in the 163 164 coverage for sinkhole losses and catastrophic ground cover 165 collapse pursuant to s. 627.706. 166 5.b. A policy that is nonrenewed by Citizens Property 167 Insurance Corporation, pursuant to s. 627.351(6), for a policy 168 that has been assumed by an authorized insurer offering 169 replacement coverage to the policyholder is exempt from the 170 notice requirements of paragraph (a) and this paragraph. In such 171 cases, the corporation must give the named insured written 172 notice of nonrenewal at least 45 days before the effective date of the nonrenewal. 173 174

Page 6 of 14

597-01652-15

2015258c1

175 After the policy has been in effect for 90 days, the policy may 176 not be canceled by the insurer unless there has been a material 177 misstatement, a nonpayment of premium, a failure to comply with underwriting requirements established by the insurer within 90 178 179 days after the date of effectuation of coverage, a substantial 180 change in the risk covered by the policy, or the cancellation is 181 for all insureds under such policies for a given class of insureds. This paragraph does not apply to individually rated 182 183 risks that have a policy term of less than 90 days.

6. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an insurer 184 185 may cancel or nonrenew a property insurance policy after at 186 least 45 days' notice if the office finds that the early 187 cancellation of some or all of the insurer's policies is 188 necessary to protect the best interests of the public or 189 policyholders and the office approves the insurer's plan for 190 early cancellation or nonrenewal of some or all of its policies. 191 The office may base such finding upon the financial condition of 192 the insurer, lack of adequate reinsurance coverage for hurricane 193 risk, or other relevant factors. The office may condition its 194 finding on the consent of the insurer to be placed under 195 administrative supervision pursuant to s. 624.81 or to the 196 appointment of a receiver under chapter 631.

197 7. A policy covering both a home and a motor vehicle may be 198 nonrenewed for any reason applicable to the property or motor vehicle insurance after providing 90 days' notice. 199

200 Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 627.421, Florida 201 Statutes, is amended to read:

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627.421 Delivery of policy.-

203

(1) Subject to the insurer's requirement as to payment of

Page 7 of 14

	597-01652-15 2015258c1
204	premium, every policy shall be mailed, delivered, or
205	electronically transmitted to the insured or to the person
206	entitled thereto not later than 60 days after the effectuation
207	of coverage. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an
208	insurer may allow a policyholder of personal lines insurance to
209	affirmatively elect delivery of the policy documents, including,
210	but not limited to, policies, endorsements, notices, or
211	documents, by electronic means in lieu of delivery by mail.
212	Electronic transmission of a policy for commercial risks,
213	including, but not limited to, workers' compensation and
214	employers' liability, commercial automobile liability,
215	commercial automobile physical damage, commercial lines
216	residential property, commercial nonresidential property,
217	farmowners insurance, and the types of commercial lines risks
218	set forth in s. 627.062(3)(d), <u>constitutes</u> shall constitute
219	delivery to the insured or to the person entitled to delivery $_{m au}$
220	unless the insured or the person entitled to delivery
221	communicates to the insurer in writing or electronically that he
222	or she does not agree to delivery by electronic means.
223	Electronic transmission shall include a notice to the insured or
224	to the person entitled to delivery of a policy of his or her
225	right to receive the policy via United States mail rather than
226	via electronic transmission. A paper copy of the policy shall be
227	provided to the insured or to the person entitled to delivery at
228	his or her request.
229	Section 6. Subsection (3) of section 627.7074, Florida
230	Statutes, is amended to read:
231	627.7074 Alternative procedure for resolution of disputed
232	sinkhole insurance claims

Page 8 of 14

	597-01652-15 2015258c1
233	(3) Following the receipt of the report provided under s.
234	627.7073 or the denial of a claim for a sinkhole loss, the
235	insurer shall notify the policyholder of his or her right to
236	participate in the neutral evaluation program under this section
237	if there is coverage available under the policy and the claim
238	was submitted within the timeframe provided in s. 627.706(5).
239	Neutral evaluation supersedes the alternative dispute resolution
240	process under s. 627.7015 but does not invalidate the appraisal
241	clause of the insurance policy. The insurer shall provide to the
242	policyholder the consumer information pamphlet prepared by the
243	department pursuant to subsection (1) electronically or by
244	United States mail.
245	Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section
246	627.736, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
247	627.736 Required personal injury protection benefits;
248	exclusions; priority; claims
249	(5) CHARGES FOR TREATMENT OF INJURED PERSONS
250	(a) A physician, hospital, clinic, or other person or
251	institution lawfully rendering treatment to an injured person
252	for a bodily injury covered by personal injury protection
253	insurance may charge the insurer and injured party only a
254	reasonable amount pursuant to this section for the services and
255	supplies rendered, and the insurer providing such coverage may
256	pay for such charges directly to such person or institution
257	lawfully rendering such treatment if the insured receiving such
258	treatment or his or her guardian has countersigned the properly
259	completed invoice, bill, or claim form approved by the office
260	upon which such charges are to be paid for as having actually
261	been rendered, to the best knowledge of the insured or his or

Page 9 of 14

597-01652-15

2015258c1

262 her guardian. However, such a charge may not exceed the amount 263 the person or institution customarily charges for like services 264 or supplies. In determining whether a charge for a particular 265 service, treatment, or otherwise is reasonable, consideration 266 may be given to evidence of usual and customary charges and 267 payments accepted by the provider involved in the dispute, 268 reimbursement levels in the community and various federal and 269 state medical fee schedules applicable to motor vehicle and

270 other insurance coverages, and other information relevant to the 271 reasonableness of the reimbursement for the service, treatment, 272 or supply.

273 1. The insurer may limit reimbursement to 80 percent of the 274 following schedule of maximum charges:

a. For emergency transport and treatment by providerslicensed under chapter 401, 200 percent of Medicare.

b. For emergency services and care provided by a hospital licensed under chapter 395, 75 percent of the hospital's usual and customary charges.

c. For emergency services and care as defined by s. 395.002 provided in a facility licensed under chapter 395 rendered by a physician or dentist, and related hospital inpatient services rendered by a physician or dentist, the usual and customary charges in the community.

d. For hospital inpatient services, other than emergency
services and care, 200 percent of the Medicare Part A
prospective payment applicable to the specific hospital
providing the inpatient services.

e. For hospital outpatient services, other than emergencyservices and care, 200 percent of the Medicare Part A Ambulatory

Page 10 of 14

597-01652-15 2015258c1 291 Payment Classification for the specific hospital providing the 292 outpatient services. 293 f. For all other medical services, supplies, and care, 200 294 percent of the allowable amount under: 295 (I) The participating physicians fee schedule of Medicare 296 Part B, except as provided in sub-subparagraphs (II) and 297 (III). 298 (II) Medicare Part B, in the case of services, supplies, 299 and care provided by ambulatory surgical centers and clinical 300 laboratories. 301 (III) The Durable Medical Equipment Prosthetics/Orthotics 302 and Supplies fee schedule of Medicare Part B, in the case of 303 durable medical equipment. 304 305 However, if such services, supplies, or care is not reimbursable 306 under Medicare Part B, as provided in this sub-subparagraph, the 307 insurer may limit reimbursement to 80 percent of the maximum 308 reimbursable allowance under workers' compensation, as 309 determined under s. 440.13 and rules adopted thereunder which 310 are in effect at the time such services, supplies, or care is 311 provided. Services, supplies, or care that is not reimbursable 312 under Medicare or workers' compensation is not required to be 313 reimbursed by the insurer. 2. For purposes of subparagraph 1., the applicable fee 314

314 2. For purposes of subparagraph 1., the applicable fee 315 schedule or payment limitation under Medicare is the fee 316 schedule or payment limitation in effect on March 1 of the 317 <u>service</u> year in which the services, supplies, or care is 318 rendered and for the area in which such services, supplies, or 319 care is rendered, and the applicable fee schedule or payment

Page 11 of 14

597-01652-15 2015258c1 320 limitation applies to services, supplies, or care rendered 321 during throughout the remainder of that service year, 322 notwithstanding any subsequent change made to the fee schedule 323 or payment limitation, except that it may not be less than the 324 allowable amount under the applicable schedule of Medicare Part 325 B for 2007 for medical services, supplies, and care subject to 326 Medicare Part B. As used in this subparagraph, the term "service year" means the period from March 1 through the last day of 327 328 February of the following year.

329 3. Subparagraph 1. does not allow the insurer to apply any 330 limitation on the number of treatments or other utilization 331 limits that apply under Medicare or workers' compensation. An 332 insurer that applies the allowable payment limitations of 333 subparagraph 1. must reimburse a provider who lawfully provided 334 care or treatment under the scope of his or her license, 335 regardless of whether such provider is entitled to reimbursement 336 under Medicare due to restrictions or limitations on the types 337 or discipline of health care providers who may be reimbursed for 338 particular procedures or procedure codes. However, subparagraph 339 1. does not prohibit an insurer from using the Medicare coding 340 policies and payment methodologies of the federal Centers for 341 Medicare and Medicaid Services, including applicable modifiers, to determine the appropriate amount of reimbursement for medical 342 343 services, supplies, or care if the coding policy or payment methodology does not constitute a utilization limit. 344

4. If an insurer limits payment as authorized by
subparagraph 1., the person providing such services, supplies,
or care may not bill or attempt to collect from the insured any
amount in excess of such limits, except for amounts that are not

Page 12 of 14

597-01652-15 2015258c1 349 covered by the insured's personal injury protection coverage due 350 to the coinsurance amount or maximum policy limits. 351 5. Effective July 1, 2012, An insurer may limit payment as 352 authorized by this paragraph only if the insurance policy 353 includes a notice at the time of issuance or renewal that the 354 insurer may limit payment pursuant to the schedule of charges 355 specified in this paragraph. A policy form approved by the 356 office satisfies this requirement. If a provider submits a 357 charge for an amount less than the amount allowed under 358 subparagraph 1., the insurer may pay the amount of the charge 359 submitted.

360 Section 8. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of 361 section 627.744, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

362 627.744 Required preinsurance inspection of private363 passenger motor vehicles.-

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(2) This section does not apply:

(a) To a policy for a policyholder who has been insured for
2 years or longer, without interruption, under a private
passenger motor vehicle policy <u>that</u> which provides physical
damage coverage <u>for any vehicle</u>, if the agent of the insurer
verifies the previous coverage.

(b) To a new, unused motor vehicle purchased <u>or leased</u> from a licensed motor vehicle dealer or leasing company<u>., if</u> The insurer <u>may require</u> is provided with:

373 1. A bill of sale, or buyer's order, or lease agreement 374 that which contains a full description of the motor vehicle, 375 including all options and accessories; or

376 2. A copy of the title <u>or registration that</u> which
377 establishes transfer of ownership from the dealer or leasing

Page 13 of 14

	597-01652-15 2015258c1
378	company to the customer and a copy of the window sticker or the
379	dealer invoice showing the itemized options and equipment and
380	the total retail price of the vehicle.
381	
382	For the purposes of this paragraph, the physical damage coverage
383	on the motor vehicle may not be suspended during the term of the
384	policy due to the applicant's failure to provide or the
385	insurer's option not to require the required documents. However,
386	if the insurer requires a document under this paragraph at the
387	time the policy is issued, payment of a claim may be is
388	conditioned upon the receipt by the insurer of the required
389	documents, and no physical damage loss occurring after the
390	effective date of the coverage <u>may be</u> is payable until the
391	documents are provided to the insurer.
392	Section 9. Section 631.65, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
393	Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

Page 14 of 14