1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to prescription medication; amending ss. 458.347 and 459.022, F.S.; authorizing a licensed 3 4 physician assistant acting under the direction of a 5 supervisory physician to order medication for 6 administration to a specified patient; conforming 7 provisions; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; authorizing an 8 advanced registered nurse practitioner to order 9 medication for administration to a specified patient; 10 amending ss. 465.003 and 893.02, F.S.; revising the 11 definition of the term "prescription" to exclude an order that is dispensed for administration to a 12 specified patient; amending ss. 465.187 and 893.04, 13 F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 893.05, F.S.; 14 15 authorizing a licensed physician assistant or advanced registered nurse practitioner acting under the 16 17 direction and with authorization of a supervisory physician to order a controlled substance for 18 administration to a specified patient; providing an 19 effective date. 20 21 22 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 23 24 Section 1. Paragraph (g) of subsection (4) of section

Physician assistants.—

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458.347, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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458.347

(4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.-

- physician assistant the authority to, and the licensed physician assistant acting under the direction of the supervisory physician may, order medication medications for administration to the supervisory physician's patient during his or her care in a facility licensed under chapter 395, notwithstanding any provisions in chapter 465 or chapter 893 which may prohibit this delegation. For the purpose of this paragraph, an order is not considered a prescription. A licensed physician assistant working in a facility that is licensed under chapter 395 may order any medication under the direction of the supervisory physician.
- Section 2. Paragraph (f) of subsection (4) of section 459.022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 459.022 Physician assistants.-
 - (4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.-
- (f) A supervisory physician may delegate to a licensed physician assistant the authority to, and the licensed physician assistant acting under the direction of the supervisory physician may, order medication medications for administration to the supervisory physician's patient during his or her care in a facility licensed under chapter 395, notwithstanding any provisions in chapter 465 or chapter 893 which may prohibit this delegation. For the purpose of this paragraph, an order is not considered a prescription. A licensed physician assistant

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working in a facility that is licensed under chapter 395 may order any medication under the direction of the supervisory physician.

Section 3. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (3) of section 464.012, Florida Statutes, to read:

464.012 Certification of advanced registered nurse practitioners; fees.—

- (3) An advanced registered nurse practitioner shall perform those functions authorized in this section within the framework of an established protocol that is filed with the board upon biennial license renewal and within 30 days after entering into a supervisory relationship with a physician or changes to the protocol. The board shall review the protocol to ensure compliance with applicable regulatory standards for protocols. The board shall refer to the department licensees submitting protocols that are not compliant with the regulatory standards for protocols. A practitioner currently licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 shall maintain supervision for directing the specific course of medical treatment. Within the established framework, an advanced registered nurse practitioner may:
- (e) Order medication for administration to a patient in a facility licensed under chapter 395.
- Section 4. Subsection (14) of section 465.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 465.003 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

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"Prescription" includes any order for drugs or medicinal supplies written or transmitted by any means of communication by a duly licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of the state to prescribe such drugs or medicinal supplies and intended to be dispensed by a pharmacist. The term also includes an orally transmitted order by the lawfully designated agent of such practitioner. The term also includes an order written or transmitted by a practitioner licensed to practice in a jurisdiction other than this state, but only if the pharmacist called upon to dispense such order determines, in the exercise of her or his professional judgment, that the order is valid and necessary for the treatment of a chronic or recurrent illness. The term "prescription" also includes a pharmacist's order for a product selected from the formulary created pursuant to s. 465.186. The term "prescription" does not include an order that is dispensed for administration to a patient in a facility licensed under chapter 395. Prescriptions may be retained in written form or the pharmacist may cause them to be recorded in a data processing system, provided that such order can be produced in printed form upon lawful request.

Section 5. Section 465.187, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

465.187 Sale of medicinal drugs.—The sale of medicinal drugs dispensed upon the <u>prescription</u> order of a practitioner pursuant to this chapter shall be entitled to the exemption from sales tax provided for in s. 212.08.

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Section 6. Subsection (22) of section 893.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 893.02 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context otherwise requires:
- "Prescription" means and includes an order for drugs or medicinal supplies written, signed, or transmitted by any word of mouth, telephone, telegram, or other means of communication by a duly licensed practitioner authorized licensed by the laws of the state to prescribe such drugs or medicinal supplies, issued in good faith and in the course of professional practice, intended to be filled, compounded, or dispensed by a another person authorized licensed by the laws of the state to do so, and meeting the requirements of s. 893.04. The term also includes an order for drugs or medicinal supplies so transmitted or written by a physician, dentist, veterinarian, or other practitioner licensed to practice in a state other than Florida, but only if the pharmacist called upon to fill such an order determines, in the exercise of his or her professional judgment, that the order was issued pursuant to a valid patientphysician relationship, that it is authentic, and that the drugs or medicinal supplies so ordered are considered necessary for the continuation of treatment of a chronic or recurrent illness. However, if the physician writing the prescription is not known to the pharmacist, the pharmacist shall obtain proof to a reasonable certainty of the validity of said prescription. A

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prescription order for a controlled substance shall not be issued on the same prescription blank with another prescription order for a controlled substance which is named or described in a different schedule, nor shall any prescription order for a controlled substance be issued on the same prescription blank as a prescription order for a medicinal drug, as defined in s. 465.003(8), which does not fall within the definition of a controlled substance as defined in this act. The term

"prescription" does not include an order that is dispensed for administration to a patient in a facility licensed under chapter 395.

Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 893.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

893.04 Pharmacist and practitioner.-

- (2) (a) A pharmacist may not dispense a controlled substance listed in Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV to any patient or patient's agent without first determining, in the exercise of her or his professional judgment, that the prescription order is valid. The pharmacist may dispense the controlled substance, in the exercise of her or his professional judgment, when the pharmacist or pharmacist's agent has obtained satisfactory patient information from the patient or the patient's agent.
- (b) Any pharmacist who dispenses by mail a controlled substance listed in Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV is exempt from the requirement to obtain suitable identification

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for the prescription dispensed by mail if the pharmacist has obtained the patient's identification through the patient's prescription benefit plan.

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- (c) Any controlled substance listed in Schedule III or Schedule IV may be dispensed by a pharmacist upon an oral prescription if, before filling the prescription, the pharmacist reduces it to writing or records the prescription electronically if permitted by federal law. Such prescriptions must contain the date of the oral authorization.
- Each $\frac{\text{written}}{\text{prescription}}$ prescription written $\frac{\text{prescribed}}{\text{prescribed}}$ by a practitioner in this state for a controlled substance listed in Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV must include both a written and a numerical notation of the quantity of the controlled substance prescribed and a notation of the date in numerical, month/day/year format, or with the abbreviated month written out, or the month written out in whole. A pharmacist may, upon verification by the prescriber, document any information required by this paragraph. If the prescriber is not available to verify a prescription, the pharmacist may dispense the controlled substance but may insist that the person to whom the controlled substance is dispensed provide valid photographic identification. If a prescription includes a numerical notation of the quantity of the controlled substance or date, but does not include the quantity or date written out in textual format, the pharmacist may dispense the controlled substance without verification by the prescriber of the quantity or date if the

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pharmacy previously dispensed another prescription for the person to whom the prescription was written.

- (e) A pharmacist may not dispense more than a 30-day supply of a controlled substance listed in Schedule III upon an oral prescription issued in this state.
- (f) A pharmacist may not knowingly <u>dispense</u> fill a prescription that has been forged for a controlled substance listed in Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV.
- Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 893.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 893.05 Practitioners and persons administering controlled substances in their absence.—
- (1) A practitioner, in good faith and in the course of his or her professional practice only, may prescribe, administer, dispense, mix, or otherwise prepare a controlled substance, or the practitioner may cause the controlled substance same to be administered by a licensed nurse or an intern practitioner under his or her direction and supervision only. A veterinarian may so prescribe, administer, dispense, mix, or prepare a controlled substance for use on animals only, and may cause it to be administered by an assistant or orderly under the veterinarian's direction and supervision only. A certified optometrist licensed under chapter 463 may not administer or prescribe a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or Schedule II of s. 893.03. A licensed physician assistant or advanced registered nurse practitioner, acting under the direction and with the

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209	authorization of a supervisory physician, may order a controlled
210	substance for administration to a patient, consistent with the
211	requirements of s. 458.347, s. 459.022, or s. 464.012.
212	Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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