By the Committees on Appropriations; Communications, Energy, and Public Utilities; and Communications, Energy, and Public Utilities; and Senator Latvala

i	576-04261-15 2015288c3
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to utilities regulation; amending s.
3	350.01, F.S.; providing term limits for commissioners
4	appointed after a specified date; requiring the
5	Florida Public Service Commission to hold public
6	customer service meetings in certain service
7	territories; requiring that specified meetings,
8	workshops, hearings, or proceedings of the commission
9	be streamed live and recorded copies be made available
10	on the commission's web page; amending s. 350.031,
11	F.S.; requiring a person who lobbies a member of the
12	Florida Public Service Commission Nominating Council
13	to register as a lobbyist; reenacting and amending s.
14	350.041, F.S.; requiring public service commissioners
15	to annually complete ethics training; providing
16	applicability; amending s. 350.042, F.S.; revising the
17	prohibition against ex parte communication to apply to
18	any matter that a commissioner knows or reasonably
19	expects will be filed within a certain timeframe;
20	providing legislative intent; defining terms; applying
21	the prohibition against ex parte communications to
22	specified meetings; requiring the Governor to remove
23	from office any commissioner found to have willfully
24	and knowingly violated the ex parte communications
25	statute; amending s. 350.0611, F.S.; authorizing the
26	Public Counsel to be a party to settlement agreements
27	in any proceeding before the commission in which he or
28	she has participated as a party; prohibiting a
29	settlement agreement from being submitted to or

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30	approved by the Florida Public Service Commission
31	under certain circumstances; amending s. 366.05, F.S.;
32	limiting the use of tiered rates in conjunction with
33	extended billing periods; limiting deposit amounts;
34	requiring a utility to notify each customer if it has
35	more than one rate for any customer class; requiring
36	the utility to provide good faith assistance to the
37	customer in determining the best rate; assigning
38	responsibility to the customer for the rate selection;
39	requiring that the commission approve new tariffs and
40	certain changes to existing tariffs; amending s.
41	366.82, F.S.; requiring that money received by a
42	utility for the development of demand-side renewable
43	energy systems be used solely for that purpose;
44	creating s. 366.95, F.S.; defining terms; authorizing
45	electric utilities to petition the Florida Public
46	Service Commission for certain financing orders that
47	authorize the issuance of nuclear asset-recovery
48	bonds, the imposition, collection, and periodic
49	adjustments of nuclear asset-recovery charges, and the
50	creation of nuclear asset-recovery property; providing
51	requirements; providing exceptions to the commission's
52	jurisdictions as it relates to financing orders;
53	specifying duties of electric utilities that have
54	obtained a financing order and issued nuclear asset-
55	recovery bonds; specifying properties, requirements
56	and limitations relating to nuclear asset-recovery
57	property; providing requirements as to the sufficiency
58	of the description of certain nuclear asset-recovery

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59	property; subjecting financing statements to the
60	Uniform Commercial Code; providing an exception;
61	specifying that nuclear asset-recovery bonds are not
62	public debt; specifying certain state pledges relating
63	to bondholders; declaring that certain entities are
64	not electric utilities under certain circumstances;
65	specifying effect of certain provisions in situations
66	of conflict; providing for protecting the validity of
67	nuclear-asset recovery bonds under certain
68	circumstances; providing penalties; reenacting ss.
69	403.537(1)(a) and 403.9422(1)(a), F.S., relating to
70	determination of need for electric and natural gas
71	transmission lines, respectively; reenacting s.
72	350.043, F.S., relating to the enforcement and
73	interpretation of laws relating to the commission;
74	providing an appropriation; providing an effective
75	date.
76	
77	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
78	
79	Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 350.01, Florida
80	Statutes, is amended, and subsections (8) and (9) are added to
81	that section, to read:
82	350.01 Florida Public Service Commission; terms of
83	commissioners; vacancies; election and duties of chair; quorum;
84	proceedings
85	(3) Any person serving on the commission who seeks to be
86	appointed or reappointed shall file with the nominating council
87	no later than June 1 prior to the year in which his or her term
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88	expires a statement that he or she desires to serve an
89	additional term. <u>A commissioner appointed after July 1, 2015,</u>
90	may not serve more than three consecutive terms.
91	(8) At least annually, the commission shall hold a customer
92	service meeting, open to the public, in the service territory of
93	each public utility regulated by the commission which supplies
94	electricity.
95	(9) Each meeting, including an internal affairs meeting,
96	workshop, hearing, or proceeding that is attended by two or more
97	commissioners and each meeting, workshop, hearing, or proceeding
98	at which a decision is made which concerns the rights or
99	obligations of any person, shall be streamed live on the
100	Internet, and a recorded copy of such meeting, workshop,
101	hearing, or proceeding must be made available on the
102	commission's web page.
103	Section 2. Subsection (10) is added to section 350.031,
104	Florida Statutes, to read:
105	350.031 Florida Public Service Commission Nominating
106	Council
107	(10) In keeping with the purpose of the council, which is
108	to select nominees to be appointed to an arm of the legislative
109	branch of government, a person who lobbies a member of the
110	council, legislator or nonlegislator, must register as a
111	lobbyist pursuant to s. 11.045 and comply with the requirements
112	of that section.
113	Section 3. Present subsection (3) of section 350.041,
114	Florida Statutes, is reenacted and amended, and a new subsection
115	(3) is added to that section, to read:
116	350.041 Commissioners; standards of conduct
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117	(3) ETHICS TRAININGBeginning January 1, 2016, a
118	commissioner must annually complete 4 hours of ethics training
119	that addresses, at a minimum, s. 8, Art. II of the State
120	Constitution, the Code of Ethics for Public Officers and
120	Employees, and the public records and public meetings laws of
121	
122	this state. This requirement may be satisfied by completion of a
	continuing legal education class or other continuing
124	professional education class, seminar, or presentation, if the
125	required subjects are covered.
126	(4) COMMISSION ON ETHICS.—The Commission on Ethics shall
127	accept and investigate any alleged violations of this section
128	pursuant to the procedures contained in ss. 112.322-112.3241.
129	The Commission on Ethics shall provide the Governor and the
130	Florida Public Service Commission Nominating Council with a
131	report of its findings and recommendations. The Governor is
132	authorized to enforce the findings and recommendations of the
133	Commission on Ethics, pursuant to part III of chapter 112. A
134	public service commissioner or a member of the Florida Public
135	Service Commission Nominating Council may request an advisory
136	opinion from the Commission on Ethics, pursuant to s.
137	112.322(3)(a), regarding the standards of conduct or
138	prohibitions set forth in this section and ss. 350.031, 350.04,
139	and 350.042.
140	Section 4. Subsections (1) and (3) and paragraph (b) of
141	subsection (7) of section 350.042, Florida Statutes, are amended
142	to read:
143	350.042 Ex parte communications
144	(1) A commissioner should accord to every person who is
145	legally interested in a proceeding, or the person's lawyer, full

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146	right to be heard according to law, and, except as authorized by
147	law, shall neither initiate nor consider ex parte communications
148	concerning the merits, threat, or offer of reward in any
149	proceeding under s. 120.569 or s. 120.57 which is currently
150	pending before the commission or which he or she knows or
151	reasonably expects will be filed with the commission within 180
152	days after the date of any such communication, other than a
153	proceeding under s. 120.54 or s. 120.565, workshops, or internal
154	affairs meetings. <u>An</u> No individual <u>may not</u> shall discuss ex
155	parte with a commissioner the merits of any issue that he or she
156	knows will be filed with the commission within $\underline{180}$ $\underline{90}$ days. The
157	provisions of This subsection <u>does</u> shall not apply to commission
158	staff.
159	(3) (a) The Legislature finds that it is important to have
160	commissioners who are educated and informed on regulatory
161	policies and developments in science, technology, business
162	management, finance, law, and public policy which are associated
163	with the industries that the commissioners regulate. The
164	Legislature also finds that it is in the public interest for
165	commissioners to become educated and informed on these matters
166	through active participation in meetings that are scheduled by
167	the sponsoring organization, such as sessions, programs, or
168	conferences, which are duly noticed and open to the public.
169	(b) As used in this subsection, the term "active
170	participation" or the term "participating in" includes, but is
171	not limited to, attending or speaking at educational sessions,
172	participating in organization governance by attending meetings,
173	serving on committees, or in leadership positions, participating
174	in panel discussions, and attending meals and receptions

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576-04261-15 2015288c3 175 associated with such events that are open to all attendees. 176 (c) The prohibition in subsection (1) remains in effect at 177 all times at such meetings wherever located. While participating 178 in such meetings, a commissioner shall: 179 1. Refrain from commenting on or discussing the subject 180 matter of any proceeding under s. 120.569 or s. 120.57 which is 181 currently pending before the commission or which he or she knows or reasonably expects will be filed with the commission within 182 183 180 days after the meeting; and 184 2. Use reasonable care to ensure that the content of the 185 educational session or other session in which the commissioner 186 participates is not designed to address or create a forum to 187 influence the commissioner on the subject matter of any proceeding under s. 120.569 or s. 120.57 which is currently 188 pending before the commission or which he or she knows or 189 190 reasonably expects will be filed with the commission within 180 191 days after the meeting This section shall not apply to oral communications or discussions in scheduled and noticed open 192 193 public meetings of educational programs or of a conference or 194 other meeting of an association of regulatory agencies. 195 (7)196 (b) If the Commission on Ethics finds that there has been a 197 violation of this section by a public service commissioner, it 198 shall provide the Governor and the Florida Public Service 199 Commission Nominating Council with a report of its findings and 200 recommendations. The Governor shall remove from office a 201 commissioner who willfully and knowingly violates this section 202 and is authorized to enforce the findings and recommendations of 203 the Commission on Ethics, pursuant to part III of chapter 112.

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576-04261-15 2015288c3 204 Section 5. Section 350.0611, Florida Statutes, is amended 205 to read: 206 350.0611 Public Counsel; duties and powers.-It shall be the 207 duty of the Public Counsel to provide legal representation for 208 the people of the state in proceedings before the commission and 209 in proceedings before counties pursuant to s. 367.171(8). The 210 Public Counsel shall have such powers as are necessary to carry 211 out the duties of his or her office, including, but not limited to, the following specific powers: 212 213 (1) To recommend to the commission or the counties, by petition, the commencement of any proceeding or action or to 214 215 appear, in the name of the state or its citizens, in any 216 proceeding or action before the commission or the counties and 217 urge therein any position which he or she deems to be in the public interest, whether consistent or inconsistent with 218 219 positions previously adopted by the commission or the counties, 220 and utilize therein all forms of discovery available to 221 attorneys in civil actions generally, subject to protective 222 orders of the commission or the counties which shall be

223 reviewable by summary procedure in the circuit courts of this
224 state;

(2) To have access to and use of all files, records, and data of the commission or the counties available to any other attorney representing parties in a proceeding before the commission or the counties;

(3) In any proceeding before the commission in which he or
 she has participated as a party, to be a party to a settlement
 agreement. If he or she is not a party to the settlement
 agreement, and has filed a written objection to it, the

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576-04261-15 2015288c3 settlement agreement may not be submitted to or approved by the 233 234 commission; 235 (4) (3) In any proceeding in which he or she has 236 participated as a party, to seek review of any determination, 237 finding, or order of the commission or the counties, or of any 238 hearing examiner designated by the commission or the counties, 239 in the name of the state or its citizens; 240 (5) (4) To prepare and issue reports, recommendations, and proposed orders to the commission, the Governor, and the 241 242 Legislature on any matter or subject within the jurisdiction of 243 the commission, and to make such recommendations as he or she 244 deems appropriate for legislation relative to commission 245 procedures, rules, jurisdiction, personnel, and functions; and 246 (6) (5) To appear before other state agencies, federal 247 agencies, and state and federal courts in connection with 248 matters under the jurisdiction of the commission, in the name of 249 the state or its citizens. 250 Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 366.05, Florida 251 Statutes, is amended to read: 252 366.05 Powers.-253 (1) (a) In the exercise of such jurisdiction, the commission 254 shall have power to prescribe fair and reasonable rates and 255 charges, classifications, standards of quality and measurements, 256 including the ability to adopt construction standards that 257 exceed the National Electrical Safety Code, for purposes of 258 ensuring the reliable provision of service, and service rules

and regulations to be observed by each public utility; to require repairs, improvements, additions, replacements, and extensions to the plant and equipment of any public utility when

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262	reasonably necessary to promote the convenience and welfare of
263	the public and secure adequate service or facilities for those
264	reasonably entitled thereto; to employ and fix the compensation
265	for such examiners and technical, legal, and clerical employees
266	as it deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this
267	chapter; and to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and
268	120.54 to implement and enforce the provisions of this chapter.
269	(b) If the commission authorizes a public utility to charge
270	tiered rates based upon levels of usage and to vary the billing
271	period, the utility may not charge a customer a higher rate
272	because of an increase in usage attributable to an extension of
273	the billing period.
274	(c) Notwithstanding any commission rule to the contrary, a
275	utility may not charge or receive a deposit in excess of the
276	amounts specified in subparagraphs 1. and 2.
277	1. For an existing customer, the total deposit cannot
278	exceed the total charges for 2 months of average actual usage,
279	calculated by adding the monthly charges from the 12-month
280	period immediately before the date any change in the deposit
281	amount is sought, dividing this total by 12, and multiplying the
282	result by 2.
283	2. For a new customer, the amount may not exceed 2 months
284	of projected charges, calculated using the process specified in
285	subparagraph 1. Once a new customer has had continuous service
286	for a 12-month period, the amount of the deposit shall be
287	recalculated, using actual usage data. Any difference between
288	the projected and actual amounts must be resolved by the
289	customer paying any additional amount due or the utility
290	returning any overcharge.

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291	(d) If a utility has more than one rate for any customer
292	class, it must notify each customer in that class of the
293	available rates and explain how the rate is charged to the
294	customer. If a customer contacts the utility seeking assistance
295	in selecting the most advantageous rate, the utility must
296	provide good faith assistance to the customer. The customer is
297	responsible for charges for service calculated under the
298	selected rate.
299	(e) New tariffs and changes to an existing tariff, other
300	than an administrative change that does not substantially change
301	the meaning or operation of the tariff, must be approved by vote
302	of the commission.
303	Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 366.82, Florida
304	Statutes, is amended to read:
305	366.82 Definition; goals; plans; programs; annual reports;
306	energy audits
307	(2) The commission shall adopt appropriate goals for
308	increasing the efficiency of energy consumption and increasing
309	the development of demand-side renewable energy systems,
310	specifically including goals designed to increase the
311	conservation of expensive resources, such as petroleum fuels, to
312	reduce and control the growth rates of electric consumption, to
313	reduce the growth rates of weather-sensitive peak demand, and to
314	encourage development of demand-side renewable energy resources.
315	The commission may allow efficiency investments across
316	generation, transmission, and distribution as well as
317	efficiencies within the user base. Money received by a utility
318	for implementation of measures to encourage development of
319	demand-side renewable energy systems shall be used solely for

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320	such purpose.
321	Section 8. Section 366.95, Florida Statutes, is created to
322	read:
323	366.95 Financing for certain nuclear generating asset
324	retirement or abandonment costs
325	(1) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
326	(a) "Ancillary agreement" means any bond, insurance policy,
327	letter of credit, reserve account, surety bond, interest rate
328	lock or swap arrangement, hedging arrangement, liquidity or
329	credit support arrangement, or other financial arrangement
330	entered into in connection with nuclear asset-recovery bonds.
331	(b) "Assignee" means any entity, including, but not limited
332	to, a corporation, limited liability company, partnership or
333	limited partnership, public authority, trust, financing entity,
334	or other legally recognized entity to which an electric utility
335	assigns, sells, or transfers, other than as security, all or a
336	portion of its interest in or right to nuclear asset-recovery
337	property. The term also includes any entity to which an assignee
338	assigns, sells, or transfers, other than as security, its
339	interest in or right to nuclear asset-recovery property.
340	(c) "Commission" means the Florida Public Service
341	Commission.
342	(d) "Electric utility" or "utility" has the same meaning as
343	in s. 366.8255.
344	(e) "Financing costs" means:
345	1. Interest and acquisition, defeasance, or redemption
346	premiums that are payable on nuclear asset-recovery bonds;
347	2. Any payment required under an ancillary agreement and
348	any amount required to fund or replenish a reserve account or
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349	other accounts established under the terms of any indenture,
350	ancillary agreement, or other financing documents pertaining to
351	nuclear asset-recovery bonds;
352	3. Any other cost related to issuing, supporting, repaying,
353	refunding, and servicing nuclear asset-recovery bonds,
354	including, but not limited to, servicing fees, accounting and
355	auditing fees, trustee fees, legal fees, consulting fees,
356	financial advisor fees, administrative fees, placement and
357	underwriting fees, capitalized interest, rating agency fees,
358	stock exchange listing and compliance fees, security
359	registration fees, filing fees, information technology
360	programming costs, and any other costs necessary to otherwise
361	ensure the timely payment of nuclear asset-recovery bonds or
362	other amounts or charges payable in connection with the bonds,
363	including costs related to obtaining the financing order;
364	4. Any taxes and license fees imposed on the revenues
365	generated from the collection of the nuclear asset-recovery
366	charge;
367	5. Any state and local taxes, franchise, gross receipts,
368	and other taxes or similar charges, including, but not limited
369	to, regulatory assessment fees, in any such case whether paid,
370	payable, or accrued; and
371	6. Any costs that are incurred by the commission for any
372	outside consultants or counsel pursuant to subparagraph (2)(c)2.
373	(f) "Financing order" means an order that authorizes the
374	issuance of nuclear asset-recovery bonds; the imposition,
375	collection, and periodic adjustments of the nuclear asset-
376	recovery charge; and the creation of nuclear asset-recovery
377	property.

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378	(g) "Financing party" means any and all of the following:
379	holders of nuclear asset-recovery bonds and trustees, collateral
380	agents, any party under an ancillary agreement, or any other
381	person acting for the benefit of holders of nuclear asset-
382	recovery bonds.
383	(h) "Financing statement" has the same meaning as in Art. 9
384	of the Uniform Commercial Code.
385	(i) "Nuclear asset-recovery bonds" means bonds, debentures,
386	notes, certificates of participation, certificates of beneficial
387	interest, certificates of ownership, or other evidences of
388	indebtedness or ownership that are issued by an electric utility
389	or an assignee pursuant to a financing order, the proceeds of
390	which are used directly or indirectly to recover, finance, or
391	refinance commission-approved nuclear asset-recovery costs and
392	financing costs, and that are secured by or payable from nuclear
393	asset-recovery property. If certificates of participation or
394	ownership are issued, references in this section to principal,
395	interest, or premium shall be construed to refer to comparable
396	amounts under those certificates.
397	(j) "Nuclear asset-recovery charge" means the amounts
398	authorized by the commission to repay, finance, or refinance
399	nuclear asset-recovery costs and financing costs. If determined
400	appropriate by the commission and provided for in a financing
401	order, such amounts are to be imposed on and be a part of all
402	customer bills and be collected by an electric utility or its
403	successors or assignees, or a collection agent, in full through
404	a nonbypassable charge that is separate and apart from the
405	electric utility's base rates, which charge shall be paid by all
406	existing or future customers receiving transmission or

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407	distribution service from the electric utility or its successors
408	or assignees under commission-approved rate schedules or under
409	special contracts, even if a customer elects to purchase
410	electricity from an alternative electricity supplier following a
411	fundamental change in regulation of public utilities in this
412	state.
413	(k) "Nuclear asset-recovery costs" means:
414	1. At the option of and upon petition by the electric
415	utility, and as approved by the commission pursuant to sub-
416	subparagraph (2)(c)1.b., pretax costs that an electric utility
417	has incurred or expects to incur which are caused by, associated
418	with, or remain as a result of the early retirement or
419	abandonment of a nuclear generating asset unit that generated
420	electricity and is located in this state where such early
421	retirement or abandonment is deemed to be reasonable and prudent
422	by the commission through a final order approving a settlement
423	or other final order issued by the commission before July 1,
424	2017, and where the pretax costs to be securitized exceed $\$750$
425	million at the time of the filing of the petition. Costs
426	eligible or claimed for recovery pursuant to s. 366.93 are not
427	eligible for securitization under this section unless they were
428	in the electric utility's rate base and were included in base
429	rates before retirement or abandonment.
430	2. Such pretax costs, where determined appropriate by the
431	commission, include, but are not limited to, the capitalized
432	cost of the retired or abandoned nuclear generating asset unit,
433	other applicable capital and operating costs, accrued carrying
434	charges, deferred expenses, reductions for applicable insurance
435	and salvage proceeds and previously stipulated write-downs or

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436	write-offs, if any, and the costs of retiring any existing
437	indebtedness, fees, costs, and expenses to modify existing debt
438	agreements or for waivers or consents related to existing debt
439	agreements.
440	(1) "Nuclear asset-recovery property" means:
441	1. All rights and interests of an electric utility or
442	successor or assignee of the electric utility under a financing
443	order, including the right to impose, bill, collect, and receive
444	
	nuclear asset-recovery charges authorized under the financing
445	order and to obtain periodic adjustments to such charges as
446	provided in the financing order; or
447	2. All revenues, collections, claims, rights to payments,
448	payments, money, or proceeds arising from the rights and
449	interests specified in subparagraph 1., regardless of whether
450	such revenues, collections, claims, rights to payment, payments,
451	money, or proceeds are imposed, billed, received, collected, or
452	maintained together with or commingled with other revenues,
453	collections, rights to payment, payments, money, or proceeds.
454	(m) "Pledgee" means a financing party to which an electric
455	utility or its successors or assignees mortgages, negotiates,
456	hypothecates, pledges, or creates a security interest or lien on
457	all or any portion of its interest in or right to nuclear asset-
458	recovery property.
459	(n) "Uniform Commercial Code" has the same meaning as in
460	chapters 670-680.
461	(2) FINANCING ORDERS.—
462	(a) An electric utility may petition the commission for a
463	financing order. For each petition, the electric utility shall:
464	1. Describe the nuclear asset-recovery costs;

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465	2. Indicate whether the utility proposes to finance all or
466	a portion of the nuclear asset-recovery costs using nuclear
467	asset-recovery bonds. If the utility proposes to finance a
468	portion of such costs, the utility must identify which specific
469	portion in the petition;
470	3. Estimate the financing costs related to the nuclear
471	asset-recovery bonds;
472	4. Estimate the nuclear asset-recovery charges necessary to
473	recover the nuclear asset-recovery costs and financing costs and
474	the period for recovery of such costs;
475	5. Estimate any projected cost savings, based on current
476	market conditions, or demonstrate how the issuance of nuclear
477	asset-recovery bonds and the imposition of nuclear asset-
478	recovery charges would avoid or significantly mitigate rate
479	impacts to customers as compared with the traditional method of
480	financing and recovering nuclear asset-recovery costs from
481	customers;
482	6. Demonstrate that securitization has a significant
483	likelihood of resulting in lower overall costs or would avoid or
484	significantly mitigate rate impacts compared to traditional
485	method of cost recovery; and
486	7. File direct testimony supporting the petition.
487	(b) If an electric utility is subject to a settlement
488	agreement that governs the type and amount of principal costs
489	that could be included in nuclear asset-recovery costs, the
490	electric utility must file a petition, or have filed a petition,
491	with the commission for review and approval of those principal
492	costs no later than 60 days before filing a petition for a
493	financing order pursuant to this section. The commission may not

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494	authorize any such principal costs to be included or excluded,
495	as applicable, as nuclear asset-recovery costs if such inclusion
496	or exclusion, as applicable, of those costs would otherwise be
497	precluded by such electric utility's settlement agreement.
498	(c)1. Proceedings on a petition submitted pursuant to
499	paragraph (a) begin with the petition by an electric utility,
500	filed subject to the timeframe specified in paragraph (b), if
501	applicable, and shall be disposed of in accordance with chapter
502	120 and applicable rules, except that this section, to the
503	extent applicable, controls.
504	a. Within 7 days after the filing of a petition, the
505	commission shall publish a case schedule, which must place the
506	matter before the commission on an agenda that permits a
507	commission decision no later than 120 days after the date the
508	petition is filed.
509	b. No later than 135 days after the date the petition is
510	filed, the commission shall issue a financing order or an order
511	rejecting the petition. A party to the commission proceeding may
512	petition the commission for reconsideration of the financing
513	order within 5 days after the date of its issuance. The
514	commission shall issue a financing order authorizing financing
515	of reasonable and prudent nuclear asset-recovery costs and
516	financing costs if the commission finds that the issuance of the
517	nuclear asset-recovery bonds and the imposition of nuclear
518	asset-recovery charges authorized by the financing order have a
519	significant likelihood of resulting in lower overall costs or
520	would avoid or significantly mitigate rate impacts to customers
521	as compared with the traditional method of financing and
522	recovering nuclear asset-recovery costs. Any determination of
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523	whether nuclear asset-recovery costs are reasonable and prudent
524	shall be made with reference to the general public interest and
525	in accordance with paragraph (b), if applicable.
526	2. In a financing order issued to an electric utility, the
527	commission shall:
528	a. Except as provided in sub-subparagraph d. and in
529	subparagraph 4., specify the amount of nuclear asset-recovery
530	costs to be financed using nuclear asset-recovery bonds, taking
531	into consideration, to the extent the commission deems
532	appropriate, any other methods used to recover these costs. The
533	commission shall describe and estimate the amount of financing
534	costs which may be recovered through nuclear asset-recovery
535	charges and specify the period over which such costs may be
536	recovered. Any such determination as to the overall time period
537	for cost recovery must be consistent with a settlement
538	agreement, if any, as referenced in paragraph (b);
539	b. Determine if the proposed structuring, expected pricing,
540	and financing costs of the nuclear asset-recovery bonds have a
541	significant likelihood of resulting in lower overall costs or
542	would avoid or significantly mitigate rate impacts to customers
543	as compared with the traditional method of financing and
544	recovering nuclear asset-recovery costs. A financing order must
545	provide detailed findings of fact addressing cost-effectiveness
546	and associated rate impacts upon retail customers and retail
547	customer classes;
548	c. Require, for the period specified pursuant to sub-
549	subparagraph a., that the imposition and collection of nuclear
550	asset-recovery charges authorized under a financing order be
551	nonbypassable and paid by all existing and future customers

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552	receiving transmission or distribution service from the electric
553	utility or its successors or assignees under commission-approved
554	rate schedules or under special contracts, even if a customer
555	elects to purchase electricity from an alternative electric
556	supplier following a fundamental change in regulation of public
557	utilities in this state;
558	d. Include a formula-based true-up mechanism for making
559	expeditious periodic adjustments in the nuclear asset-recovery
560	charges that customers are required to pay pursuant to the
561	financing order and for making any adjustments that are
562	necessary to correct for any overcollection or undercollection
563	of the charges or to otherwise ensure the timely payment of
564	nuclear asset-recovery bonds and financing costs and other
565	required amounts and charges payable in connection with the
566	nuclear asset-recovery bonds;
567	e. Specify the nuclear asset-recovery property that is, or
568	shall be, created in favor of an electric utility or its
569	successors or assignees and that shall be used to pay or secure
570	nuclear asset-recovery bonds and all financing costs;
571	f. Specify the degree of flexibility to be afforded to the
572	electric utility in establishing the terms and conditions of the
573	nuclear asset-recovery bonds, including, but not limited to,
574	repayment schedules, expected interest rates, and other
575	financing costs consistent with sub-subparagraphs ae.;
576	g. Require nuclear asset-recovery charges to be allocated
577	to the customer classes using the criteria set out in s.
578	366.06(1), in the manner in which these costs or their
579	equivalent were allocated in the cost-of-service study that was
580	approved in connection with the electric utility's last rate

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581 <u>case and that is in effect dur</u>	ing the nuclear asset-recovery
582 <u>charge annual billing period.</u>	If the electric utility's last
583 <u>rate case was resolved by a set</u>	ttlement agreement, the cost-of-
584 service methodology that was ad	dopted in the settlement agreement
585 in that case and that is in ef:	fect during the nuclear asset-
586 recovery charge annual billing	period shall be used;
587 <u>h. Require, after the fina</u>	al terms of an issuance of nuclear
588 asset-recovery bonds have been	established and before the
589 issuance of nuclear asset-recov	very bonds, that the electric
590 <u>utility determine the resulting</u>	g initial nuclear asset-recovery
591 <u>charge in accordance with the </u>	financing order and that such
592 initial nuclear asset-recovery	charge be final and effective
593 upon the issuance of such nucle	ear asset-recovery bonds without
594 further commission action so lo	ong as the nuclear asset-recovery
595 charge is consistent with the :	financing order; and
596 <u>i. Include any other cond</u>	itions that the commission
597 considers appropriate and that	are authorized by this section.
598	
599 In performing the responsibilit	ties of this subparagraph and
600 subparagraph 5., the commission	n may engage outside consultants
601 or counsel. All expenses assoc:	iated with such services must be
602 included as part of financing of	costs and included in the nuclear
603 asset-recovery charge.	
604 3. A financing order issue	ed to an electric utility may
605 provide that creation of the ed	lectric utility's nuclear asset-
606 recovery property pursuant to s	sub-subparagraph 2.e. is
607 conditioned upon, and simultane	eous with, the sale or other
608 transfer of the nuclear asset-:	recovery property to an assignee
609 and the pledge of the nuclear a	asset-recovery property to secure

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610	nuclear asset-recovery bonds.
611	4. If the commission issues a financing order and nuclear
612	asset-recovery bonds are issued, the electric utility or
613	assignee must file with the commission at least biannually a
614	petition or a letter applying the formula-based true-up
615	mechanism pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2.d. and, based on
616	estimates of consumption for each rate class and other
617	mathematical factors, requesting administrative approval to make
618	the adjustments described in sub-subparagraph 2.d. The review of
619	such a request is limited to determining whether there is any
620	mathematical error in the application of the formula-based
621	mechanism relating to the amount of any overcollection or
622	undercollection of nuclear asset-recovery charges and the amount
623	of any adjustment. Such adjustments must ensure the recovery of
624	revenues sufficient to provide for the timely payment of
625	principal, interest, acquisition, defeasance, financing costs,
626	or redemption premium and other fees, costs, and charges
627	relating to nuclear asset-recovery bonds approved under the
628	financing order. Within 60 days after receiving an electric
629	utility's request pursuant to this paragraph, the commission
630	must approve the request or inform the electric utility of any
631	mathematical errors in its calculation. If the commission
632	informs the utility of mathematical errors in its calculation,
633	the utility may correct its error and refile its request. The
634	timeframes previously described in this paragraph apply to a
635	refiled request.
636	5. Within 120 days after the issuance of nuclear asset-
637	recovery bonds, the electric utility shall file with the
638	commission information on the actual costs of the nuclear asset-

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639	recovery bonds issuance. The commission shall review, on a
640	reasonably comparable basis, such information to determine if
641	such costs incurred in the issuance of the bonds resulted in the
642	lowest overall costs that were reasonably consistent with market
643	conditions at the time of the issuance and the terms of the
644	financing order. The commission may disallow all incremental
645	issuance costs in excess of the lowest overall costs by
646	requiring the electric utility to make a credit to the capacity
647	cost recovery clause in an amount equal to the excess of actual
648	issuance costs incurred, and paid for out of nuclear asset-
649	recovery bonds proceeds, and the lowest overall issuance costs
650	as determined by the commission. The commission may not make
651	adjustments to the nuclear asset-recovery charges for any such
652	excess issuance costs.
653	6. Subsequent to the transfer of nuclear asset-recovery
654	property to an assignee or the issuance of nuclear asset-
655	recovery bonds authorized thereby, whichever is earlier, a
656	financing order is irrevocable and, except as provided in
657	subparagraph 4. and paragraph (d), the commission may not amend,
658	modify, or terminate the financing order by any subsequent
659	action or reduce, impair, postpone, terminate, or otherwise
660	adjust nuclear asset-recovery charges approved in the financing
661	order. After the issuance of a financing order, the electric
662	utility retains sole discretion regarding whether to assign,
663	sell, or otherwise transfer nuclear asset-recovery property or
664	to cause nuclear asset-recovery bonds to be issued, including
665	the right to defer or postpone such assignment, sale, transfer,
666	or issuance. If the electric utility decides not to cause
667	nuclear asset-recovery bonds to be issued, the electric utility

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668	may not recover financing costs as defined in paragraph (1)(e)
669	from customers.
670	(d) At the request of an electric utility, the commission
671	may commence a proceeding and issue a subsequent financing order
672	that provides for refinancing, retiring, or refunding nuclear
673	asset-recovery bonds issued pursuant to the original financing
674	order if the commission finds that the subsequent financing
675	order satisfies all of the criteria specified in paragraph (c).
676	Effective upon retirement of the refunded nuclear asset-recovery
677	bonds and the issuance of new nuclear asset-recovery bonds, the
678	commission shall adjust the related nuclear asset-recovery
679	charges accordingly.
680	(e) Within 30 days after the commission issues a financing
681	order or a decision denying a request for reconsideration or, if
682	the request for reconsideration is granted, within 30 days after
683	the commission issues its decision on reconsideration, an
684	adversely affected party may petition for judicial review in the
685	Florida Supreme Court. The petition for review must be served
686	upon the executive director of the commission personally or by
687	service at the office of the commission. Review on appeal shall
688	be based solely on the record before the commission and briefs
689	to the court and is limited to determining whether the financing
690	order, or the order on reconsideration, conforms to the state
691	constitution and laws of this state and federal law and is
692	within the authority of the commission under this section.
693	Inasmuch as delay in the determination of the appeal of a
694	financing order will delay the issuance of nuclear asset-
695	recovery bonds, thereby diminishing savings to customers which
696	might be achieved if such nuclear asset-recovery bonds were
I	

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697	issued as contemplated by a financing order, the Florida Supreme
698	Court shall proceed to hear and determine the action as
699	expeditiously as practicable and give the action precedence over
700	other matters not accorded similar precedence by law.
701	(f)1. A financing order remains in effect and all such
702	nuclear asset-recovery property continues to exist until nuclear
703	asset-recovery bonds issued pursuant to the financing order have
704	been paid in full and all commission-approved financing costs of
705	such nuclear asset-recovery bonds have been recovered in full.
706	2. A financing order issued to an electric utility remains
707	in effect and unabated notwithstanding the reorganization,
708	bankruptcy, or other insolvency proceedings, or merger, or sale
709	of the electric utility or its successors or assignees.
710	(3) EXCEPTIONS TO COMMISSION JURISDICTION
711	(a) If the commission issues a financing order to an
712	electric utility pursuant to this section, the commission may
713	not, in exercising its powers and carrying out its duties
714	regarding any matter within its authority pursuant to this
715	chapter, consider the nuclear asset-recovery bonds issued
716	pursuant to the financing order to be the debt of the electric
717	utility other than for federal income tax purposes, consider the
718	nuclear asset-recovery charges paid under the financing order to
719	be the revenue of the electric utility for any purpose, or
720	consider the nuclear asset-recovery costs or financing costs
721	specified in the financing order to be the costs of the electric
722	utility, nor may the commission determine any action taken by an
723	electric utility which is consistent with the financing order to
724	be unjust or unreasonable.
725	(b) The commission may not order or otherwise directly or

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726	indirectly require an electric utility to use nuclear asset-
727	recovery bonds to finance any project, addition, plant,
728	facility, extension, capital improvement, equipment, or any
729	other expenditure, unless that expenditure is a nuclear asset-
730	recovery cost and the electric utility has filed a petition
731	pursuant to paragraph (2)(a) to finance such expenditure using
732	nuclear asset-recovery bonds. The commission may not refuse to
733	allow an electric utility to recover nuclear asset-recovery
734	costs in an otherwise permissible fashion, or refuse or
735	condition authorization or approval pursuant to s. 366.04 of the
736	issuance and sale by an electric utility of securities or the
737	assumption by it of liabilities or obligations, solely because
738	of the potential availability of nuclear asset-recovery cost
739	financing.
740	(4) ELECTRIC UTILITY DUTIESThe electric bills of an
741	electric utility that has obtained a financing order and caused
742	nuclear asset-recovery bonds to be issued must:
743	(a) Explicitly reflect that a portion of the charges on
744	such bill represents nuclear asset-recovery charges approved in
745	a financing order issued to the electric utility and, if the
746	nuclear asset-recovery property has been transferred to an
747	assignee, must include a statement to the effect that the
748	assignee is the owner of the rights to nuclear asset-recovery
749	charges and that the electric utility or other entity, if
750	applicable, is acting as a collection agent or servicer for the
751	assignee. The tariff applicable to customers must indicate the
752	nuclear asset-recovery charge and the ownership of that charge.
753	(b) Include the nuclear asset-recovery charge on each
754	customer's bill as a separate line item titled "Asset

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755	Securitization Charge" and include both the rate and the amount
756	of the charge on each bill.
757	or one onergo on odon serr.
758	The failure of an electric utility to comply with this
759	subsection does not invalidate, impair, or affect any financing
760	order, nuclear asset-recovery property, nuclear asset-recovery
761	charge, or nuclear asset-recovery bonds, but does subject the
762	electric utility to penalties under s. 366.095.
763	(5) NUCLEAR ASSET-RECOVERY PROPERTY
764	(a)1. All nuclear asset-recovery property that is specified
765	in a financing order constitutes an existing, present property
766	right or interest therein, notwithstanding that the imposition
767	and collection of nuclear asset-recovery charges depends on the
768	electric utility to which the financing order is issued
769	performing its servicing functions relating to the collection of
770	nuclear asset-recovery charges and on future electricity
771	consumption. Such property exists whether or not the revenues or
772	proceeds arising from the property have been billed, have
773	accrued, or have been collected and notwithstanding the fact
774	that the value or amount of the property is dependent on the
775	future provision of service to customers by the electric utility
776	or its successors or assignees.
777	2. Nuclear asset-recovery property specified in a financing
778	order exists until nuclear asset-recovery bonds issued pursuant
779	to the financing order are paid in full and all financing costs
780	and other costs of such nuclear asset-recovery bonds have been
781	recovered in full.
782	3. All or any portion of nuclear asset-recovery property
783	specified in a financing order issued to an electric utility may

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784	be transferred, sold, conveyed, or assigned to a successor or
785	assignee that is wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by the
786	electric utility, created for the limited purpose of acquiring,
787	owning, or administering nuclear asset-recovery property or
788	issuing nuclear asset-recovery bonds under the financing order.
789	All or any portion of nuclear asset-recovery property may be
790	pledged to secure nuclear asset-recovery bonds issued pursuant
791	to the financing order, amounts payable to financing parties and
792	to counterparties under any ancillary agreements, and other
793	financing costs. Each such transfer, sale, conveyance,
794	assignment, or pledge by an electric utility or affiliate of an
795	electric utility is considered to be a transaction in the
796	ordinary course of business.
797	4. If an electric utility defaults on any required payment
798	of charges arising from nuclear asset-recovery property
799	specified in a financing order, a court, upon application by an
800	interested party, and without limiting any other remedies
801	available to the applying party, shall order the sequestration
802	and payment of the revenues arising from the nuclear asset-
803	recovery property to the financing parties. Any such financing
804	order remains in full force and effect notwithstanding any
805	reorganization, bankruptcy, or other insolvency proceedings with
806	respect to the electric utility or its successors or assignees.
807	5. The interest of a transferee, purchaser, acquirer,
808	assignee, or pledgee in nuclear asset-recovery property
809	specified in a financing order issued to an electric utility,
810	and in the revenue and collections arising from that property,
811	is not subject to setoff, counterclaim, surcharge, or defense by
812	the electric utility or any other person or in connection with

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813	the reorganization, bankruptcy, or other insolvency of the
814	electric utility or any other entity.
815	6. Any successor to an electric utility, whether pursuant
816	to any reorganization, bankruptcy, or other insolvency
817	proceeding or whether pursuant to any merger or acquisition,
818	sale, or other business combination, or transfer by operation of
819	law, as a result of electric utility restructuring or otherwise,
820	must perform and satisfy all obligations of, and have the same
821	rights under a financing order as, the electric utility under
822	the financing order in the same manner and to the same extent as
823	the electric utility, including collecting and paying to the
824	person entitled to receive the revenues, collections, payments,
825	or proceeds of the nuclear asset-recovery property.
826	(b)1. Except as provided in this section, the Uniform
827	Commercial Code does not apply to nuclear asset-recovery
828	property or any right, title, or interest of an electric utility
829	or assignee described in subparagraph (1)(1)1., whether before
830	or after the issuance of the financing order. In addition, such
831	right, title, or interest pertaining to a financing order,
832	including, but not limited to, the associated nuclear asset-
833	recovery property and any revenues, collections, claims, rights
834	to payment, payments, money, or proceeds of or arising from
835	nuclear asset-recovery charges pursuant to such order, is not
836	deemed proceeds of any right or interest other than in the
837	financing order and the nuclear asset-recovery property arising
838	from the order.
839	2. The creation, attachment, granting, perfection,
840	priority, and enforcement of liens and security interests in
841	nuclear asset-recovery property to secure nuclear asset-recovery

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842	bonds is governed solely by this section and, except to the
843	extent provided in this section, not by the Uniform Commercial
844	Code.
845	3. A valid, enforceable, and attached lien and security
846	interest in nuclear asset-recovery property may be created only
847	upon the later of:
848	a. The issuance of a financing order;
849	b. The execution and delivery of a security agreement with
850	a financing party in connection with the issuance of nuclear
851	asset-recovery bonds; or
852	c. The receipt of value for nuclear asset-recovery bonds.
853	
854	A valid, enforceable, and attached security interest is
855	perfected against third parties as of the date of filing of a
856	financing statement in the Florida Secured Transaction Registry,
857	as defined in s. 679.527, in accordance with subparagraph 4.,
858	and is thereafter a continuously perfected lien; and such
859	security interest in the nuclear asset-recovery property and all
860	proceeds of such nuclear asset-recovery property, whether or not
861	billed, accrued, or collected, and whether or not deposited into
862	a deposit account and however evidenced, has priority in
863	accordance with subparagraph 8. and takes precedence over any
864	subsequent judicial or other lien creditor. A continuation
865	statement does not need to be filed to maintain such perfection.
866	4. Financing statements required to be filed pursuant to
867	this section must be filed, maintained, and indexed in the same
868	manner and in the same system of records maintained for the
869	filing of financing statements in the Florida Secured
870	Transaction Registry, as defined in s. 679.527. The filing of

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871	such a financing statement is the only method of perfecting a
872	lien or security interest on nuclear asset-recovery property.
873	5. The priority of a lien and security interest perfected
874	under this paragraph is not impaired by any later modification
875	of the financing order or nuclear asset-recovery property or by
876	the commingling of funds arising from nuclear asset-recovery
877	property with other funds, and any other security interest that
878	may apply to those funds is terminated as to all funds
879	transferred to a segregated account for the benefit of an
880	assignee or a financing party or to an assignee or financing
881	party directly.
882	6. If a default or termination occurs under the terms of
883	the nuclear asset-recovery bonds, the financing parties or their
884	representatives may foreclose on or otherwise enforce their lien
885	and security interest in any nuclear asset-recovery property as
886	if they were a secured party under Art. 9 of the Uniform
887	Commercial Code; and a court may order that amounts arising from
888	nuclear asset-recovery property be transferred to a separate
889	account for the financing parties' benefit, to which their lien
890	and security interest applies. Upon application by or on behalf
891	of the financing parties to a circuit court of this state, the
892	court shall order the sequestration and payment to the financing
893	parties of revenues arising from the nuclear asset-recovery
894	property.
895	7. The interest of a pledgee of an interest or any rights
896	in any nuclear asset-recovery property is not perfected until
897	filing as provided in subparagraph 4.
898	8. The priority of the conflicting interests of pledgees in
899	the same interest or rights in any nuclear asset-recovery

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900	property is determined as follows:
901	a. Conflicting perfected interests or rights of pledgees
902	rank according to priority in time of perfection. Priority dates
903	from the time a filing covering the interest or right is made in
904	accordance with this paragraph.
905	b. A perfected interest or right of a pledgee has priority
906	over a conflicting unperfected interest or right of a pledgee.
907	c. A perfected interest or right of a pledgee has priority
908	over a person who becomes a lien creditor after the perfection
909	of such pledgee's interest or right.
910	(c) The sale, assignment, or transfer of nuclear asset-
911	recovery property is governed by this paragraph. All of the
912	following apply to a sale, assignment, or transfer under this
913	paragraph:
914	1. The sale, conveyance, assignment, or other transfer of
915	nuclear asset-recovery property by an electric utility to an
916	assignee that the parties have in the governing documentation
917	expressly stated to be a sale or other absolute transfer is an
918	absolute transfer and true sale of, and not a pledge of or
919	secured transaction relating to, the transferor's right, title,
920	and interest in, to, and under the nuclear asset-recovery
921	property, other than for federal and state income and franchise
922	tax purposes. After such a transaction, the nuclear asset-
923	recovery property is not subject to any claims of the transferor
924	or the transferor's creditors, other than creditors holding a
925	prior security interest in the nuclear asset-recovery property
926	perfected under paragraph (b).
927	2. The characterization of the sale, conveyance,
928	assignment, or other transfer as a true sale or other absolute

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929	transfer under subparagraph 1. and the corresponding
930	characterization of the transferee's property interest are not
931	affected by:
932	a. Commingling of amounts arising with respect to the
933	nuclear asset-recovery property with other amounts;
934	b. The retention by the transferor of a partial or residual
935	interest, including an equity interest, in the nuclear asset-
936	recovery property, whether direct or indirect, or whether
937	subordinate or otherwise;
938	c. Any recourse that the transferee may have against the
939	transferor other than any such recourse created, contingent
940	upon, or otherwise occurring or resulting from one or more of
941	the transferor's customers' inability or failure to timely pay
942	all or a portion of the nuclear asset-recovery charge;
943	d. Any indemnifications, obligations, or repurchase rights
944	made or provided by the transferor, other than indemnity or
945	repurchase rights based solely upon a transferor's customers'
946	inability or failure to timely pay all or a portion of the
947	nuclear asset-recovery charge;
948	e. The responsibility of the transferor to collect nuclear
949	asset-recovery charges;
950	f. The treatment of the sale, conveyance, assignment, or
951	other transfer for tax, financial reporting, or other purposes;
952	or
953	g. The granting or providing to holders of nuclear asset-
954	recovery bonds a preferred right to the nuclear asset-recovery
955	property or credit enhancement by the electric utility or its
956	affiliates with respect to such nuclear asset-recovery bonds.
957	3. Any right that an electric utility has in the nuclear

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958	asset-recovery property before its pledge, sale, or transfer or
959	any other right created under this section or created in the
960	financing order and assignable under this section or assignable
961	pursuant to a financing order is property in the form of a
962	<u>contract right. Transfer of an interest in nuclear asset-</u>
963	recovery property to an assignee is enforceable only upon the
964	later of the issuance of a financing order, the execution and
965	delivery of transfer documents to the assignee in connection
966	with the issuance of nuclear asset-recovery bonds, and the
967	receipt of value. An enforceable transfer of an interest in
968	nuclear asset-recovery property to an assignee is perfected
969	against all third parties, including subsequent judicial or
970	other lien creditors, when a notice of that transfer has been
971	given by the filing of a financing statement in accordance with
972	subparagraph (b)4. The transfer is perfected against third
973	parties as of the date of filing.
974	4. Financing statements required to be filed under this
975	section must be maintained and indexed in the same manner and in
976	the same system of records maintained for the filing of
977	financing statements in the Florida Secured Transaction
978	Registry, as defined in s. 679.527. The filing of such a
979	financing statement is the only method of perfecting a transfer
980	of nuclear asset-recovery property.
981	5. The priority of a transfer perfected under this section
982	is not impaired by any later modification of the financing order
983	or nuclear asset-recovery property or by the commingling of
984	funds arising from nuclear asset-recovery property with other
985	funds. Any other security interest that may apply to those
986	funds, other than a security interest perfected under paragraph
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987	(b), is terminated when they are transferred to a segregated
988	account for the assignee or a financing party. If nuclear asset-
989	recovery property has been transferred to an assignee or
990	financing party, any proceeds of that property must be held in
991	trust for the assignee or financing party.
992	6. The priority of the conflicting interests of assignees
993	in the same interest or rights in any nuclear asset-recovery
994	property is determined as follows:
995	a. Conflicting perfected interests or rights of assignees
996	rank according to priority in time of perfection. Priority dates
997	from the time a filing covering the transfer is made in
998	accordance with subparagraph (b)4.
999	b. A perfected interest or right of an assignee has
1000	priority over a conflicting unperfected interest or right of an
1001	assignee.
1002	c. A perfected interest or right of an assignee has
1003	priority over a person who becomes a lien creditor after the
1004	perfection of such assignee's interest or right.
1005	(6) DESCRIPTION OR INDICATION OF PROPERTYThe description
1006	of nuclear asset-recovery property being transferred to an
1007	assignee in any sale agreement, purchase agreement, or other
1008	transfer agreement, granted or pledged to a pledgee in any
1009	security agreement, pledge agreement, or other security
1010	document, or indicated in any financing statement is only
1011	sufficient if such description or indication describes the
1012	financing order that created the nuclear asset-recovery property
1013	and states that such agreement or financing statement covers all
1014	or part of such property described in such financing order. This
1015	subsection applies to all purported transfers of, and all

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1016	purported grants or liens or security interests in, nuclear
1017	asset-recovery property, regardless of whether the related sale
1018	agreement, purchase agreement, other transfer agreement,
1019	security agreement, pledge agreement, or other security document
1020	was entered into, or any financing statement was filed, before
1021	or after the effective date of this section.
1022	(7) FINANCING STATEMENTSAll financing statements
1023	referenced in this section are subject to Part V of Art. 9 of
1024	the Uniform Commercial Code, except that the requirement as to
1025	continuation statements does not apply.
1026	(8) CHOICE OF LAWThe law governing the validity,
1027	enforceability, attachment, perfection, priority, and exercise
1028	of remedies with respect to the transfer of an interest or right
1029	or the pledge or creation of a security interest in any nuclear
1030	asset-recovery property shall be the laws of this state, and
1031	exclusively, the laws of this section.
1032	(9) NUCLEAR ASSET-RECOVERY BONDS NOT PUBLIC DEBTThe state
1033	or its political subdivisions are not liable on any nuclear
1034	asset-recovery bonds, and the bonds are not a debt or a general
1035	obligation of the state or any of its political subdivisions,
1036	agencies, or instrumentalities. An issue of nuclear asset-
1037	recovery bonds does not, directly or indirectly or contingently,
1038	obligate the state or any agency, political subdivision, or
1039	instrumentality of the state to levy any tax or make any
1040	appropriation for payment of the nuclear asset-recovery bonds,
1041	other than in their capacity as consumers of electricity. This
1042	subsection does not preclude bond guarantees or enhancements
1043	pursuant to this section. All nuclear asset-recovery bonds must
1044	contain on the face thereof a statement to the following effect:

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1045	"Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the
1046	State of Florida is pledged to the payment of the principal of,
1047	or interest on, this bond."
1048	(10) NUCLEAR ASSET-RECOVERY BONDS AS LEGAL INVESTMENTS WITH
1049	RESPECT TO INVESTORS THAT REQUIRE STATUTORY AUTHORITY REGARDING
1050	LEGAL INVESTMENTAll of the following entities may legally
1051	invest any sinking funds, moneys, or other funds belonging to
1052	them or under their control in nuclear asset-recovery bonds:
1053	(a) The state, the investment board, municipal
1054	corporations, political subdivisions, public bodies, and public
1055	officers, except for members of the commission.
1056	(b) Banks and bankers, savings and loan associations,
1057	credit unions, trust companies, savings banks and institutions,
1058	investment companies, insurance companies, insurance
1059	associations, and other persons carrying on a banking or
1060	insurance business.
1061	(c) Personal representatives, guardians, trustees, and
1062	other fiduciaries.
1063	(d) All other persons whatsoever who are now or may
1064	hereafter be authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations
1065	of a similar nature.
1066	(11) STATE PLEDGE.—
1067	(a) For purposes of this subsection, the term "bondholder"
1068	means a person who holds a nuclear asset-recovery bond.
1069	(b) The state pledges to and agrees with bondholders, the
1070	owners of the nuclear asset-recovery property, and other
1071	financing parties that the state will not:
1072	1. Alter the provisions of this section which make the
1073	nuclear asset-recovery charges imposed by a financing order

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1074	irrevocable, binding, and nonbypassable charges;
1075	2. Take or permit any action that impairs or would impair
1076	the value of nuclear asset-recovery property or revises the
1077	nuclear asset-recovery costs for which recovery is authorized;
1078	or
1079	3. Except as authorized under this section, reduce, alter,
1080	or impair nuclear asset-recovery charges that are to be imposed,
1081	collected, and remitted for the benefit of the bondholders and
1082	other financing parties until any and all principal, interest,
1083	premium, financing costs and other fees, expenses, or charges
1084	incurred, and any contracts to be performed, in connection with
1085	the related nuclear asset-recovery bonds have been paid and
1086	performed in full.
1087	
1088	This paragraph does not preclude limitation or alteration if
1089	full compensation is made by law for the full protection of the
1090	nuclear asset-recovery charges collected pursuant to a financing
1091	order and of the holders of nuclear asset-recovery bonds and any
1092	assignee or financing party entering into a contract with the
1093	electric utility.
1094	(c) Any person or entity that issues nuclear asset-recovery
1095	bonds may include the pledge specified in paragraph (b) in the
1096	nuclear asset-recovery bonds and related documentation.
1097	(12) NOT AN ELECTRIC UTILITY.—An assignee or financing
1098	party is not an electric utility or person providing electric
1099	service by virtue of engaging in the transactions described in
1100	this section.
1101	(13) CONFLICTSIf there is a conflict between this section
1102	and any other law regarding the attachment, assignment, or

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1103	perfection, or the effect of perfection, or priority of,
1104	assignment or transfer of, or security interest in nuclear
1105	asset-recovery property, this section governs.
1106	(14) EFFECT OF INVALIDITY ON ACTIONSEffective on the date
1107	that nuclear asset-recovery bonds are first issued under this
1108	section, if any provision of this section is held to be invalid
1109	or is invalidated, superseded, replaced, repealed, or expires
1110	for any reason, that occurrence does not affect the validity of
1111	any action allowed under this section which is taken by an
1112	electric utility, an assignee, a financing party, a collection
1113	agent, or a party to an ancillary agreement; and any such action
1114	remains in full force and effect with respect to all nuclear
1115	asset-recovery bonds issued or authorized in a financing order
1116	issued under this section before the date that such provision is
1117	held to be invalid or is invalidated, superseded, replaced, or
1118	repealed, or that expires for any reason.
1119	(15) PENALTIESA violation of this section or of a
1120	financing order issued under this section subjects the utility
1121	that obtained the order to penalties under s. 366.095 and to any
1122	other penalties or remedies that the commission determines are
1123	necessary to achieve the intent of this section and the intent
1124	and terms of the financing order and to prevent any increase in
1125	financial impact to the utility's customers above that set forth
1126	in the financing order. If the commission orders a penalty or a
1127	remedy for a violation, the monetary penalty or remedy and the
1128	costs of defending against the proposed penalty or remedy may
1129	not be recovered from the customers. The commission may not make
1130	adjustments to nuclear asset-recovery charges for any such
1131	penalties or remedies.

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576-04261-15 2015288c3 1132 Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1133 made by this act to section 350.01, Florida Statutes, in a 1134 reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 403.537, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 1135 1136 403.537 Determination of need for transmission line; powers 1137 and duties.-1138 (1) (a) Upon request by an applicant or upon its own motion, 1139 the Florida Public Service Commission shall schedule a public 1140 hearing, after notice, to determine the need for a transmission 1141 line regulated by the Florida Electric Transmission Line Siting 1142 Act, ss. 403.52-403.5365. The notice shall be published at least 1143 21 days before the date set for the hearing and shall be 1144 published by the applicant in at least one-quarter page size notice in newspapers of general circulation, and by the 1145 1146 commission in the manner specified in chapter 120, by giving notice to counties and regional planning councils in whose 1147 1148 jurisdiction the transmission line could be placed, and by 1149 giving notice to any persons who have requested to be placed on 1150 the mailing list of the commission for this purpose. Within 21 1151 days after receipt of a request for determination by an 1152 applicant, the commission shall set a date for the hearing. The 1153 hearing shall be held pursuant to s. 350.01 within 45 days after 1154 the filing of the request, and a decision shall be rendered 1155 within 60 days after such filing.

1156 Section 10. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 350.01, Florida Statutes, in a 1157 1158 reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 403.9422, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 1159 1160

403.9422 Determination of need for natural gas transmission

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1161 pipeline; powers and duties.-

1162 (1) (a) Upon request by an applicant or upon its own motion, 1163 the commission shall schedule a public hearing, after notice, to determine the need for a natural gas transmission pipeline 1164 1165 regulated by ss. 403.9401-403.9425. Such notice shall be 1166 published at least 45 days before the date set for the hearing 1167 and shall be published in at least one-quarter page size in newspapers of general circulation and in the Florida 1168 1169 Administrative Register, by giving notice to counties and 1170 regional planning councils in whose jurisdiction the natural gas 1171 transmission pipeline could be placed, and by giving notice to any persons who have requested to be placed on the mailing list 1172 1173 of the commission for this purpose. Within 21 days after receipt 1174 of a request for determination by an applicant, the commission 1175 shall set a date for the hearing. The hearing shall be held 1176 pursuant to s. 350.01 within 75 days after the filing of the 1177 request, and a decision shall be rendered within 90 days after 1178 such filing.

1179 Section 11. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1180 made by this act to sections 350.031, 350.041, and 350.042, 1181 Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 350.043, 1182 Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

1183 350.043 Enforcement and interpretation.—Any violation of s. 1184 350.031, s. 350.04, s. 350.041, s. 350.042, or s. 350.0605 by a 1185 commissioner, former commissioner, former employee, or Public 1186 Service Commission Nominating Council member shall be punishable 1187 as provided in ss. 112.317 and 112.324. The Commission on Ethics 1188 is hereby given the power and authority to investigate 1189 complaints of violation of this chapter in the manner provided

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1190	in part III of chapter 112, as if this section were included in
1191	that part. A commissioner may request an advisory opinion from
1192	the Commission on Ethics as provided by s. 112.322(3)(a).
1193	Section 12. For the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the sums of
1194	\$60,395 in recurring and \$13,775 in nonrecurring funds from the
1195	General Revenue Fund are appropriated to the Florida Public
1196	Service Commission for the purpose of implementing this act.
1197	Section 13. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.