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By the Committees on Fiscal Policy; and Regulated Industries; and Senator Altman

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to engineers; amending s. 471.003, F.S.; prohibiting a person who is not licensed as an engineer or a structural engineer from using specified names and titles or practicing engineering or structural engineering; exempting certain persons from the licensing requirements; amending s. 471.005, F.S.; providing definitions; amending s. 471.011, F.S.; establishing various fees for the examination and licensure of structural engineers; amending s. 471.013, F.S.; revising provisions authorizing the Board of Professional Engineers to refuse to certify an applicant due to lack of good moral character to include structural engineer licensure applicants, to conform; amending s. 471.015, F.S.; providing licensure and application requirements for a structural engineer license; exempting, under certain conditions, a structural engineer who applies for licensure before a specified date from passage of a certain national examination; requiring the board to certify certain applicants for licensure by endorsement; amending ss. 471.019 and 471.025, F.S.; revising continuing education requirements for reactivation of a license and provisions requiring an engineer with a revoked or suspended license to surrender his or her seal, respectively, to include structural engineers, to conform; amending s. 471.031, F.S.; prohibiting specified persons from using specified names and titles; amending s. 471.033, F.S.;

providing various acts which constitute grounds for disciplinary action against a structural engineer, to which penalties apply; amending s. 471.037, F.S.; revising applicability, to conform to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 471.003, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

471.003 Qualifications for practice; exemptions.-

- (1) (a) No person other than a duly licensed engineer shall practice engineering or use the name or title of "licensed engineer," "professional engineer," "registered engineer," or any other title, designation, words, letters, abbreviations, or device tending to indicate that such person holds an active license as an engineer in this state.
- (b) Beginning March 1, 2017, no person other than a duly licensed structural engineer shall practice structural engineering or use the name or title of "licensed structural engineer," "professional structural engineer," "registered structural engineer," "structural engineer," or any other title, designation, words, letters, abbreviations, or device tending to indicate that such person holds an active license as a structural engineer in this state.
- (2) The following persons are not required to be licensed under the provisions of this chapter as a licensed engineer <u>or</u> structural engineer:
 - (a) Any person practicing engineering for the improvement

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of, or otherwise affecting, property legally owned by her or him, unless such practice involves a public utility or the public health, safety, or welfare or the safety or health of employees. This paragraph shall not be construed as authorizing the practice of engineering through an agent or employee who is not duly licensed under the provisions of this chapter.

- (b)1. A person acting as a public officer employed by any state, county, municipal, or other governmental unit of this state when working on any project the total estimated cost of which is \$10,000 or less.
- 2. Persons who are employees of any state, county, municipal, or other governmental unit of this state and who are the subordinates of a person in responsible charge licensed under this chapter, to the extent that the supervision meets standards adopted by rule of the board.
- (c) Regular full-time employees of a corporation not engaged in the practice of engineering as such, whose practice of engineering for such corporation is limited to the design or fabrication of manufactured products and servicing of such products.
- (d) Regular full-time employees of a public utility or other entity subject to regulation by the Florida Public Service Commission, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, or Federal Communications Commission.
- (e) Employees of a firm, corporation, or partnership who are the subordinates of a person in responsible charge, licensed under this chapter.
- (f) Any person as contractor in the execution of work designed by a professional engineer or structural engineer or in

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the supervision of the construction of work as a foreman or superintendent.

- (g) A licensed surveyor and mapper who takes, or contracts for, professional engineering services incidental to her or his practice of surveying and mapping and who delegates such engineering services to a licensed professional engineer qualified within her or his firm or contracts for such professional engineering services to be performed by others who are licensed professional engineers under the provisions of this chapter.
- (h) Any electrical, plumbing, air-conditioning, or mechanical contractor whose practice includes the design and fabrication of electrical, plumbing, air-conditioning, or mechanical systems, respectively, which she or he installs by virtue of a license issued under chapter 489, under part I of chapter 553, or under any special act or ordinance when working on any construction project which:
- 1. Requires an electrical or plumbing or air-conditioning and refrigeration system with a value of \$125,000 or less; and
- 2.a. Requires an aggregate service capacity of 600 amperes (240 volts) or less on a residential electrical system or 800 amperes (240 volts) or less on a commercial or industrial electrical system;
- b. Requires a plumbing system with fewer than 250 fixture units; or
- c. Requires a heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning system not to exceed a 15-ton-per-system capacity, or if the project is designed to accommodate 100 or fewer persons.
 - (i) Any general contractor, certified or registered

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pursuant to the provisions of chapter 489, when negotiating or performing services under a design-build contract as long as the engineering services offered or rendered in connection with the contract are offered and rendered by an engineer or structural engineer licensed in accordance with this chapter.

(j) Any defense, space, or aerospace company, whether a sole proprietorship, firm, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, joint stock association, corporation, or other business entity, subsidiary, or affiliate, or any employee, contract worker, subcontractor, or independent contractor of the defense, space, or aerospace company who provides engineering for aircraft, space launch vehicles, launch services, satellites, satellite services, or other defense, space, or aerospace-related product or services, or components thereof.

Section 2. Subsections (14) and (15) are added to section 471.005, Florida Statutes, to read:

471.005 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

- (14) "Licensed structural engineer," "professional structural engineer," "registered structural engineer," or "structural engineer" means a person who is licensed to engage in the practice of structural engineering under this chapter.
- (15) "Structural engineering" means an engineering service or creative work that includes the structural analysis and design of structural components or systems for threshold buildings as defined in s. 553.71. The term includes engineering, as defined in subsection (7), which requires significant structural engineering education, training, experience, and examination, as determined by the board.

Section 3. Subsections (1) and (6) of section 471.011, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

471.011 Fees.-

- (1) The board by rule may establish fees to be paid for applications, examination, reexamination, licensing and renewal, inactive status application and reactivation of inactive licenses, and recordmaking and recordkeeping. The board may also establish by rule a delinquency fee. The board shall establish fees that are adequate to ensure the continued operation of the board. Fees shall be based on department estimates of the revenue required to implement this chapter and the provisions of law with respect to the regulation of engineers and structural engineers.
- (6) The fee for a temporary registration or certificate to practice engineering or structural engineering shall not exceed \$25 for an individual or \$50 for a business firm.
- Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 471.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 471.013 Examinations; prerequisites.-
- (2) (a) The board may refuse to certify an applicant for failure to satisfy the requirement of good moral character only if:
- 1. There is a substantial connection between the lack of good moral character of the applicant and the professional responsibilities of a licensed engineer or structural engineer; and
- 2. The finding by the board of lack of good moral character is supported by clear and convincing evidence.
 - Section 5. Present subsections (3) through (7) of section

471.015, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (4) through (8), respectively, present subsection (3) is amended, and a new subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

471.015 Licensure.-

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- (3) (a) The management corporation shall issue a structural engineer license to any applicant who the board certifies as qualified to practice structural engineering and who:
- 1. Is licensed under this chapter as an engineer or is qualified for licensure as an engineer.
- 2. Submits an application in the format prescribed by the board.
 - 3. Pays a fee established by the board under s. 471.011.
- 4. Provides satisfactory evidence of good moral character, as defined by the board.
- 5. Provides a record of 4 years of active structural engineering experience, as defined by the board, under the supervision of a licensed professional engineer.
- 6. Has successfully passed the National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying Structural Engineering examination.
- (b) Before September 1, 2016, an applicant who satisfies subparagraphs (a) 1.-4. may satisfy subparagraphs (a) 5. and 6. by:
- 1. Submitting a signed affidavit in the format prescribed by the board which states that the applicant is currently a licensed engineer in the state and has been engaged in the practice of structural engineering with a record of at least 4 years of active structural engineering design experience;
 - 2. Possessing a current professional engineering license

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and filing the necessary documentation as required by the board, or possessing a current threshold inspector license; and

- 3. Agreeing to meet with the board or a representative of the board, upon the board's request, for the purpose of evaluating the applicant's qualifications for licensure.
- (c) An applicant who is qualified for licensure as an engineer under s. 471.013 may simultaneously apply for licensure as a structural engineer if all requirements of s. 471.013 and this subsection are met.
- $\underline{(4)}$ The board shall certify as qualified for a license by endorsement an applicant who:
- (a) In engineering, by endorsement, an applicant who qualifies to take the fundamentals examination and the principles and practice examination as set forth in s. 471.013, has passed a United States national, regional, state, or territorial licensing examination that is substantially equivalent to the fundamentals examination and principles and practice examination required by s. 471.013, and has satisfied the experience requirements set forth in s. 471.013; or
- (b) In engineering or structural engineering, by endorsement, an applicant who holds a valid license to practice engineering, or, for structural engineering, an applicant who holds a valid license to practice structural engineering, issued by another state or territory of the United States, if the criteria for issuance of the license were substantially the same as the licensure criteria that existed in this state at the time the license was issued; or
- (c) In structural engineering, by endorsement, an applicant who holds a valid license to practice structural engineering

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issued by another state or territory of the United States and who has successfully passed one of the following 16-hour examination combinations:

- 1. The 8-hour National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying Structural Engineering I examination and the 8-hour National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying Structural Engineering II examination.
- 2. The 8-hour National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying Structural Engineering II examination and the 8-hour National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying Civil: Structural examination or the 8-hour National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying Architectural Engineering examination.
- 3. The 16-hour Western States Structural Engineering examination.
- 4. The 8-hour National Council of Examiners for Engineering Structural Engineering II examination and the 8-hour California Structural Engineering Seismic III examination or the 8-hour Washington Structural Engineering III examination.

Section 6. Section 471.019, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

471.019 Reactivation.—The board shall prescribe by rule continuing education requirements for reactivating a license. The continuing education requirements for reactivating a license for a licensed engineer or structural engineer may not exceed 12 classroom hours for each year the license was inactive.

Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 471.025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

471.025 Seals.-

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(2) It is unlawful for any person to seal or digitally sign any document with a seal or digital signature after his or her license has expired or been revoked or suspended, unless such license is has been reinstated or reissued. When an engineer's or structural engineer's license is has been revoked or suspended by the board, the licensee shall, within a period of 30 days after the revocation or suspension has become effective, surrender his or her seal to the executive director of the board and confirm to the executive director the cancellation of the licensee's digital signature in accordance with ss. 668.001-668.006. In the event the engineer's license has been suspended for a period of time, his or her seal shall be returned to him or her upon expiration of the suspension period.

Section 8. Present paragraphs (b) through (g) of subsection (1) of section 471.031, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (c) through (h), respectively, present paragraph (b) of that subsection is amended, and a new paragraph (b) is added to that subsection, to read:

471.031 Prohibitions; penalties.-

- (1) A person may not:
- (b) Beginning March 1, 2017, practice structural engineering unless the person is licensed as a structural engineer or exempt from licensure under this chapter.
- (c) (b) 1. Except as provided in subparagraph 2. or subparagraph 3., use the name or title "professional engineer" or any other title, designation, words, letters, abbreviations, or device tending to indicate that such person holds an active license as an engineer when the person is not licensed under this chapter, including, but not limited to, the following

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titles: "agricultural engineer," "air-conditioning engineer,"

"architectural engineer," "building engineer," "chemical
engineer," "civil engineer," "control systems engineer,"

"electrical engineer," "environmental engineer," "fire
protection engineer," "industrial engineer," "manufacturing
engineer," "mechanical engineer," "metallurgical engineer,"

"mining engineer," "minerals engineer," "marine engineer,"

"nuclear engineer," "petroleum engineer," "plumbing engineer,"

"structural engineer," "transportation engineer," "software
engineer," "computer hardware engineer," or "systems engineer."

- 2. Any person who is exempt from licensure under s.

 471.003(2)(j) may use the title or personnel classification of "engineer" in the scope of his or her work under that exemption if the title does not include or connote the term "licensed engineer," "professional engineer," "registered engineer," "licensed professional engineer," "licensed engineer," "registered professional engineer," "licensed structural engineer," "registered structural engineer," "registered structural engineer," or "structural engineer." or "licensed professional engineer."
- 3. Any person who is exempt from licensure under s. 471.003(2)(c) or (e) may use the title or personnel classification of "engineer" in the scope of his or her work under that exemption if the title does not include or connote the term "licensed engineer," "professional engineer," "registered engineer," "licensed professional engineer," "licensed engineer," "registered professional engineer," "licensed structural engineer," "professional structural engineer," "registered structural engineer," or "structural

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engineer," or "licensed professional engineer" and if that
person is a graduate from an approved engineering curriculum of
4 years or more in a school, college, or university which has
been approved by the board.

Section 9. Paragraphs (b) through (e) and (g) of subsection (1) and subsection (4) of section 471.033, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

471.033 Disciplinary proceedings.-

- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions in subsection (3) may be taken:
- (b) Attempting to procure a license to practice engineering or structural engineering by bribery or fraudulent misrepresentations.
- (c) Having a license to practice engineering or structural engineering revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted against, including the denial of licensure, by the licensing authority of another state, territory, or country, for any act that would constitute a violation of this chapter or chapter 455.
- (d) Being convicted or found guilty of, or entering a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of engineering, structural engineering, or the ability to practice engineering or structural engineering.
- (e) Making or filing a report or record that the licensee knows to be false, willfully failing to file a report or record required by state or federal law, willfully impeding or obstructing such filing, or inducing another person to impede or obstruct such filing. Such reports or records include only those which that are signed in the capacity of a licensed engineer or

licensed structural engineer.

- (g) Engaging in fraud or deceit, negligence, incompetence, or misconduct τ in the practice of engineering or structural engineering.
- (4) The management corporation shall reissue the license of a disciplined engineer, structural engineer, or business upon certification by the board that the disciplined person has complied with all of the terms and conditions set forth in the final order.

Section 10. Subsection (1) of section 471.037, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

471.037 Effect of chapter locally.-

(1) Nothing contained in this chapter shall be construed to repeal, amend, limit, or otherwise affect any local building code or zoning law or ordinance, now or hereafter enacted, which is more restrictive with respect to the services of licensed engineers or structural engineers than the provisions of this chapter.

Section 11. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.