By the Committee on Health Policy; and Senator Grimsley

588-02741A-15 2015476c1

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to mental health; amending s. 394.455, F.S.; redefining the term "psychiatric nurse"; amending s. 394.463, F.S.; adding a psychiatric nurse as a person at a receiving facility authorized to perform a required examination of certain patients; prohibiting the release of a patient from a receiving facility that is owned or operated by a hospital or health system without specified approvals; authorizing the release of a patient by a psychiatric nurse under certain circumstances; prohibiting a psychiatric nurse from releasing a patient if the involuntary examination was initiated by a psychiatrist without the psychiatrist's approval; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (23) of section 394.455, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.455 Definitions.—As used in this part, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the term:

(23) "Psychiatric nurse" means an advanced a registered nurse practitioner certified under s. 464.012 who has a master's or doctoral degree in psychiatric nursing, holds a national advanced practice certification as a psychiatric-mental health advanced practice nurse, licensed under part I of chapter 464 who has a master's degree or a doctorate in psychiatric nursing and has 2 years of post-master's clinical experience under the

588-02741A-15 2015476c1

supervision of a physician.

30

31

32

3334

3536

37

38 39

40

4142

43

4445

46

47

48

49

5051

52

53

5455

56

Section 2. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.463 Involuntary examination.-

- (2) INVOLUNTARY EXAMINATION. -
- (f) A patient shall be examined by a physician, a or clinical psychologist, or a psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist at a receiving facility without unnecessary delay and may, upon the order of a physician, be given emergency treatment if it is determined that such treatment is necessary for the safety of the patient or others. The patient may not be released by the receiving facility or its contractor without the documented approval of a psychiatrist, a clinical psychologist, or, if the receiving facility is owned or operated by a hospital or health system, the release may also be approved by a psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist or an attending emergency department physician with experience in the diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous disorders and after completion of an involuntary examination pursuant to this subsection. A psychiatric nurse may not approve the release of a patient when the involuntary examination has been initiated by a psychiatrist unless the release is approved by the initiating psychiatrist. However, a patient may not be held in a receiving facility for involuntary examination longer than 72 hours.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.