1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to animal control; amending s. 588.17, 3 F.S.; providing a procedure for adopting or humanely 4 disposing of impounded livestock as an alternative to 5 sale or auction; amending s. 588.18, F.S.; requiring a 6 designated impounder to establish fees and to be 7 responsible for damages caused while impounding 8 livestock; amending s. 588.20, F.S.; clarifying that 9 the requirements for reporting a sale or disposition 10 apply only if the impounded livestock is offered for 11 sale; amending s. 588.23, F.S.; conforming provisions 12 to changes made by this act; amending s. 828.03, F.S.; authorizing specified municipalities to appoint agents 13 for the purpose of investigating violations of certain 14 15 laws; amending s. 828.073, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; authorizing agents 16 17 appointed by specified municipalities to take charge of certain animals; authorizing certain municipalities 18 19 to take custody of an animal found neglected or cruelly treated or to order the owner of such an 20 21 animal to provide certain care at the owner's expense; 22 authorizing county courts to remand animals to the 23 custody of certain municipalities; authorizing courts 24 to require the owner of an animal to pay for the care 25 of the animal while in the care of an officer's 26 designee; authorizing the allocation of auction

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proceeds to certain municipalities; amending s. 828.27, F.S.; deleting obsolete provisions; clarifying that certain provisions relating to local animal control are not the exclusive means of enforcing animal control laws; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 588.17, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

588.17 Disposition of impounded livestock.—

(1) Upon the impounding of any Livestock impounded pursuant to this chapter shall be disposed of by sale or auction, adoption, or humane disposition. by the sheriff or his or her deputies or designees, or any other law enforcement officers of the county, the county animal control center, or state highway patrol officers,

- (1) If the livestock is to be offered for sale, the sheriff shall forthwith serve written notice upon the owner, advising the such owner of the location or place where the livestock is being held and impounded, of the amount due by reason of the such impounding, and that unless the such livestock is be redeemed within 3 days from date thereof that the livestock will same shall be offered for sale.
- $\underline{\text{(a)}}$ $\underline{\text{(2)}}$ $\underline{\text{If}}$ $\underline{\text{In}}$ the event the owner of $\underline{\text{the}}$ such livestock is unknown or cannot be found, service upon the owner shall be

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obtained by once publishing a notice in a newspaper of general circulation where the livestock is impounded (Sundays and holidays excluded). If there <u>is</u> be no such newspaper, then by posting of the notice shall be posted at the courthouse door and at two other conspicuous places within the said county.

Such notice shall be in substantially the following form:

"TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED LIVESTOCK ... (GIVING FULL AND ACCURATE DESCRIPTION OF SAME, INCLUDING MARKS AND BRANDS)... IS NOW IMPOUNDED AT ... (GIVING LOCATION WHERE LIVESTOCK IS IMPOUNDED)... AND THE AMOUNT DUE BY REASON OF SUCH IMPOUNDING IS DOLLARS. THE ABOVE DESCRIBED LIVESTOCK WILL, UNLESS REDEEMED WITHIN 3 DAYS FROM DATE HEREOF, BE OFFERED FOR SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION TO THE HIGHEST AND BEST BIDDER FOR CASH.

...(DATE)...

OF COUNTY, FLORIDA"

(b) (3) Unless the impounded livestock is redeemed within 3 days after from date of notice, the sheriff shall forthwith give notice of sale, thereof which shall be held at least not less than 5 days but not nor more than 10 days (excluding Sundays and holidays) after from the first publication of the notice of sale. The Said notice of sale shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the said county (excluding Sundays and

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79 holidays) and by posting a copy of the such notice at the courthouse door. If there is be no such newspaper, the then by posting such copy shall be posted at the courthouse door and at two other conspicuous places in the said county. Such notice of sale shall be in substantially the following form: 86 "...(NAME OF OWNER, IF KNOWN, OTHERWISE 'TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN')... YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT I WILL OFFER FOR SALE 87 AND SELL AT PUBLIC SALE TO THE HIGHEST AND BEST BIDDER FOR CASH THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED LIVESTOCK ... (GIVING FULL AND ACCURATE 89 DESCRIPTION OF EACH HEAD OF LIVESTOCK)... AT O'CLOCK, M. (THE HOUR OF SALE TO BE BETWEEN 11 A.M. AND 2 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME) ON THE DAY OF AT THE FOLLOWING PLACE (WHICH PLACE SHALL BE WHERE THE LIVESTOCK IS IMPOUNDED OR AT THE PLACE PROVIDED BY THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS FOR THE TAKING 95 UP AND KEEPING OF SUCH LIVESTOCK) TO SATISFY A CLAIM IN THE SUM OF FOR FEES, EXPENSES FOR FEEDING AND CARE AND COSTS HEREOF. ...(DATE)... ...(SHERIFF)... OF COUNTY, FLORIDA" (2) If the livestock is to be offered for adoption or 102 humanely disposed of, the designated impounder shall:

- (a) Provide written notice to the owner, if known, advising the owner of the location where the livestock is

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105	impounded, of the amount due by reason of the impounding, and
106	that unless the livestock is redeemed within a timeframe to be
107	established by the impounder, a period of at least 3 days, the
108	livestock will be offered for adoption or disposed of humanely;
109	<u>or</u>
110	(b) If the owner is unknown or cannot be located, obtain
111	service upon the owner by publishing a notice on the impounder's
112	website. If the livestock is not redeemed within a timeframe to
113	be established by the impounder, a period of at least 3 days,
114	the livestock will be offered for adoption or disposed of
115	humanely.
116	Section 2. Section 588.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to
117	read:
118	588.18 Livestock at large; fees.—The fees allowed for
119	impounding, serving notice, care and feeding, advertising, and
120	disposing of impounded animals shall be determined by the
121	sheriff of each county or the designated impounder. Damages done
122	by the sheriff, sheriff's designees, or any other law
123	enforcement officer or designated impounder in pursuit, or in
124	the capture, handling, or care of the livestock are the sole
125	responsibility of the sheriff, or other law enforcement agency,
126	or designated impounder.
127	Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 588.20, Florida
128	Statutes, is amended to read:
129	588.20 Report of sale and disposition of proceeds.—
130	(1) The sheriff, upon making a sale or other disposal

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pursuant to s. 588.19 as herein provided, shall forthwith make a written return thereof to the clerk of the circuit court of such county, with a full and accurate description of the livestock sold or disposed of by her or him, to whom, and the sale price thereof, which report shall be filed by said clerk.

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Section 4. Section 588.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

588.23 Right of owner.—The owner of any impounded livestock has shall have the right at any time before the disposition sale thereof to redeem the livestock same by paying to the sheriff or designated impounder all impounding expenses, including fees, keeping charges, advertising, or other costs incurred therewith which sum shall be deposited by the sheriff or designated impounder with the clerk of the circuit court who shall pay all fees and costs as allowed in s. 588.18. If In the event there is a dispute as to the amount of such costs and expenses, the owner may give bond with sufficient sureties to be approved by the sheriff or designated impounder, in an amount to be determined by the sheriff or designated impounder, but not exceeding the fair cash value of such livestock, conditioned to pay such costs and damages; thereafter, within 10 days, the owner shall institute suit in equity to have the damage adjudicated by a court of equity or referred to a jury if requested by either party to such suit.

Section 5. Section 828.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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828.03 Agents of counties, <u>municipalities</u>, societies, etc., may prosecute violators.—

- officers certified pursuant to s. 828.27, or any society or association for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals, organized under the laws of this state, may appoint agents for the purpose of investigating violations of any of the provisions of this chapter or any other law of the state for the purpose of protecting children and animals or preventing any act of cruelty thereto.
- societies or association corporations must have the approval of the mayor of the municipality city in which the society or association exists, and if the society or association exists or works outside a municipality of any city, the appointment must be approved by the county court judge or the judge of the circuit court for the county, and the mayor or judge shall keep a record of such appointment. The approval of the appointment of any agent by a county for either the incorporated or unincorporated areas of such county shall be by the county commission.

Section 6. Section 828.073, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 828.073 Animals found in distress; when agent may take charge; hearing; disposition; sale.—
 - (1) The purpose of this section is to provide a means by

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which a neglected or mistreated animal can be:

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- (a) Removed from its present custody, or
- (b) Made the subject of an order to provide care, issued to its owner by the county court, any law enforcement officer, or any agent of the county, any agent of a municipality with animal control officers certified pursuant to s. 828.27, or any agent of a any society or association for the prevention of cruelty to animals appointed under s. 828.03,

and given protection and an appropriate and humane disposition can be made.

- (2) A Any law enforcement officer, an or any agent of any county, any agent of a municipality with animal control officers certified pursuant to s. 828.27, or an agent of any society or association for the prevention of cruelty to animals appointed under the provisions of s. 828.03 may:
- (a) Lawfully take custody of any animal found neglected or cruelly treated by removing the animal from its present location, or
- (b) Order the owner of any animal found neglected or cruelly treated to provide certain care to the animal at the owner's expense without removal of the animal from its present location,

and shall file a petition seeking relief under this section in the county court of the county in which the animal is found

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within 10 days after the animal is seized or an order to provide care is issued. The court shall schedule and commence a hearing on the petition within 30 days after the petition is filed to determine whether the owner, if known, is able to provide adequately for the animal and is fit to have custody of the animal. The hearing shall be concluded and the court order entered thereon within 60 days after the date the hearing is commenced. The timeframes set forth in this subsection are not jurisdictional. However, if a failure to meet such timeframes is attributable to the officer or agent, the owner is not required to pay the officer or agent for care of the animal during any period of delay caused by the officer or agent. A fee may not be charged for filing the petition. This subsection does not require court action for the taking into custody and making proper disposition of stray or abandoned animals as lawfully performed by animal control agents.

with animal control officers certified pursuant to s. 828.27, or of any society or association for the prevention of cruelty to animals taking charge of any animal pursuant to the provisions of this section shall have written notice served, at least 3 days before the hearing scheduled under subsection (2), upon the owner of the animal, if he or she is known and is residing in the county where the animal was taken, in conformance with the provisions of chapter 48 relating to service of process. The sheriff of the county may shall not charge a fee for service of

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235 such notice.

- (4) (a) The officer or agent of any county, any municipality with animal control officers certified pursuant to s. 828.27, or of any society or association for the prevention of cruelty to animals taking charge of an animal as provided for in this section shall provide for the animal until either:
- 1. The owner is adjudged by the court to be able to provide adequately for, and have custody of, the animal, in which case the animal shall be returned to the owner upon payment by the owner for the care and provision for the animal while in the agent's or officer's custody; or
- 2. The animal is turned over to the officer or agent as provided in paragraph (c) and a humane disposition of the animal is made.
- (b) If the court determines that the owner is able to provide adequately for, and have custody of, the animal, the order shall provide that the animal in the possession of the officer or agent be claimed and removed by the owner within 7 days after the date of the order.
- (c) Upon the court's judgment that the owner of the animal is unable or unfit to adequately provide for the animal:
 - 1. The court may:
- a. Order that the current owner have no further custody of the animal and that the animal be sold by the sheriff at public auction or, that the current owner have no further custody of the animal, and that any animal not bid upon be remanded to the

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custody of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, the Humane Society, the county, the municipality with animal control officers certified pursuant to s. 828.27, or any agency or person the judge deems appropriate, to be disposed of as the agency or person sees fit; or

- b. Order that the animal be destroyed or remanded directly to the custody of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, the Humane Society, the county, the municipality with animal control officers certified pursuant to s. 828.27, or any agency or person the judge deems appropriate, to be disposed of as the agency or person sees fit.
- 2. The court, upon proof of costs incurred by the officer, the officer's designee, or the agent, may require that the owner pay for the care of the animal while in the custody of the officer, the officer's designee, or the agent. A separate hearing may be held.
- 3. The court may order that other animals that are in the custody of the owner and that were not seized by the officer or agent be turned over to the officer or agent, if the court determines that the owner is unable or unfit to adequately provide for the animals. The court may enjoin the owner's further possession or custody of other animals.
- (5) In determining the person's fitness to have custody of an animal under the provisions of this act, the court may consider, among other matters:
 - (a) Testimony from the agent or officer who seized the

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animal and other witnesses as to the condition of the animal when seized and as to the conditions under which the animal was kept.

(b) Testimony and evidence as to the veterinary care provided to the animal.

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- (c) Testimony and evidence as to the type and amount of care provided to the animal.
- (d) Expert testimony as to the community standards for proper and reasonable care of the same type of animal.
- (e) Testimony from any witnesses as to prior treatment or condition of this or other animals in the same custody.
- (f) The owner's past record of judgments <u>pursuant to</u> under the provisions of this chapter.
- (g) Convictions $\underline{\text{pursuant to}}$ $\underline{\text{under}}$ the statutes prohibiting cruelty to animals.
- (h) Any Other evidence the court considers to be material or relevant.
- (6) If the evidence indicates a lack of proper and reasonable care of the animal, the burden is on the owner to demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that he or she is able and fit to have custody of and provide adequately for the animal.
- (7) In any case in which an animal is offered for auction under the provisions of this section, the proceeds shall be:
 - (a) Applied, first, to the cost of the sale.
 - (b) Applied, secondly, to the care and provision for the

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animal by the officer or agent of any county, any municipality with animal control officers certified pursuant to s. 828.27, or of any society or association for the prevention of cruelty to animals taking charge.

- (c) Applied, thirdly, to the payment of the owner for the sale of the animal.
- (d) Paid over to the court if the owner is not known. Section 7. Subsection (4) of section 828.27, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:
- 828.27 Local animal control or cruelty ordinances; penalty.—
- (4) (a) 1. County-employed animal control officers <u>must</u> shall, and municipally employed animal control officers may, successfully complete a 40-hour minimum standards training course. Such course <u>must shall</u> include, but is not limited to, training for: animal cruelty investigations, search and seizure, animal handling, courtroom demeanor, and civil citations. The course curriculum must be approved by the Florida Animal Control Association. An animal control officer who successfully completes such course shall be issued a certificate indicating that he or she has received a passing grade.
- 2. Any animal control officer who is authorized <u>before</u> prior to January 1, 1990, by a county or municipality to issue citations is not required to complete the minimum standards training course.

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3. In order to maintain valid certification, every 2 years each certified county-employed animal control officer <u>must shall</u> complete 4 hours of postcertification continuing education training. Such training may include, but is not limited to, training for: animal cruelty investigations, search and seizure, animal handling, courtroom demeanor, and civil citations.

- (b) 1. The governing body of a county or municipality may impose and collect a surcharge of up to \$5 upon each civil penalty imposed for violation of an ordinance relating to animal control or cruelty. The proceeds from such surcharges shall be used to pay the costs of training for animal control officers.
- 2. In addition to the uses set forth in subparagraph 1., a county, as defined in s. 125.011, may use the proceeds specified in that subparagraph and any carryover or fund balance from such proceeds for animal shelter operating expenses. This subparagraph expires July 1, 2014.
- (8) This section is an additional, supplemental, and alternative means of enforcing county or municipal codes or ordinances. This section does not prohibit a county or municipality from enforcing its codes or ordinances by any other means, including, but not limited to, the procedures provided in chapter 162.
 - Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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