1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to water resources; amending s.
3	373.019, F.S.; revising the definition of "water
4	resource development" to include self-suppliers;
5	amending s. 373.0421, F.S.; directing the Department
6	of Environmental Protection and water management
7	
	district governing boards to implement certain
8	recovery or prevention strategies concurrent with the
9	adoption of minimum flows and levels; providing
10	criteria for such recovery or prevention strategies;
11	requiring revisions to regional water supply plans to
12	be concurrent with relevant portions of the recovery
13	or prevention strategy; directing water management
14	districts to notify the department when water use
15	permit applications are denied for a specified reason;
16	providing for the review and update of regional water
17	supply plans in such cases; creating s. 373.0465,
18	F.S.; providing legislative intent; defining the term
19	"Central Florida Water Initiative Area"; providing for
20	an interagency agreement between the Department of
21	Environmental Protection, the St. Johns River Water
22	Management District, the South Florida Water
23	Management District, the Southwest Florida Water
24	Management District, and the Department of Agriculture
25	and Consumer Services to develop and implement a
26	multi-district regional water supply plan; providing
	Page 1 of 88

Page 1 of 88

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2015

27	plan criteria and requirements; providing
28	applicability; amending s. 373.1501, F.S.; specifying
29	authority of the South Florida Water Management
30	District to allocate quantities of, and assign
31	priorities for the use of, water within its
32	jurisdiction; directing the district to provide
33	recommendations to the United States Army Corps of
34	Engineers when developing or implementing certain
35	water control plans or regulation schedules; amending
36	s. 373.2234, F.S.; directing water management district
37	governing boards to give priority consideration to the
38	identification of preferred water supply sources for
39	certain water users; amending s. 373.233, F.S.;
40	providing conditions under which the department and
41	water management district governing boards are
42	directed to give preference to certain applications;
43	amending s. 373.4591, F.S.; providing priority
44	consideration to certain public-private partnerships
45	for water storage, groundwater recharge, and water
46	quality improvements on private agricultural lands;
47	amending s. 373.4595, F.S.; revising and providing
48	definitions relating to the Northern Everglades and
49	Estuaries Protection Program; clarifying provisions of
50	the Lake Okeechobee Watershed Protection Program;
51	directing the South Florida Water Management District
52	to revise certain rules and provide for a water
ļ	Dage 2 of 99

Page 2 of 88

53 quality monitoring program; revising provisions for 54 the Caloosahatchee River Watershed Protection Program 55 and the St. Lucie River Watershed Protection Program; 56 revising permitting and annual reporting requirements 57 relating to the Northern Everglades and Estuaries Protection Program; amending s. 373.536, F.S.; 58 59 requiring a water management district to include an 60 annual funding plan in the water resource development work program; directing the department to post the 61 work program on its website; amending s. 373.703, 62 63 F.S.; authorizing water management districts to 64 contract with private landowners for water production; 65 amending s. 373.705, F.S.; providing first 66 consideration for funding assistance to certain water 67 supply development projects; requiring governing boards to include certain information in their annual 68 69 budget submittals; amending s. 373.707, F.S.; 70 authorizing water management districts to provide 71 technical and financial assistance to self-suppliers 72 and to waive certain construction costs of alternative 73 water supply development projects by certain water 74 users; amending s. 373.709, F.S.; requiring water 75 supply plans to include traditional and alternative 76 water supply project options that are technically and 77 financially feasible; directing the department to 78 include certain funding analyses and project

Page 3 of 88

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79 explanations in regional water supply planning reports; creating part VIII of chapter 373, F.S., 80 81 relating to the Florida Springs and Aquifer Act; 82 providing legislative findings and intent; defining 83 terms; providing criteria and requirements for the development of recovery or prevention strategies for 84 85 Priority Florida Springs; directing the department to 86 perform water quality assessments, establish total maximum daily loads, and establish basin management 87 action plans for Priority Florida Springs; providing 88 89 criteria and requirements for agricultural best 90 management practices within the geographic area encompassed by a basin management action plan that 91 includes a Priority Florida Spring; requiring each 92 93 person engaged in the occupation of agriculture within 94 such geographic area to implement certain best 95 management practices or conduct certain water quality monitoring; amending s. 403.061, F.S.; directing the 96 97 department to adopt by rule a specific surface water 98 classification to protect surface waters used for 99 treated potable water supply; providing criteria for 100 such rule; authorizing the reclassification of surface 101 waters used for treated potable water supply notwithstanding such rule; amending s. 403.861, F.S.; 102 directing the department to establish rules concerning 103 104 the use of surface waters for public water supply;

Page 4 of 88

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105 requiring permit applicants using surface water to provide potable public water supply to petition the 106 107 department to reclassify the surface water or to 108 certify that the potable public water supply will meet 109 certain drinking water standards; directing the 110 department to designate treated potable water supplies 111 as a use of surface water; providing an effective 112 date. 113 114 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 115 116 Section 1. Subsection (24) of section 373.019, Florida 117 Statutes, is amended to read: 118 373.019 Definitions.-When appearing in this chapter or in 119 any rule, regulation, or order adopted pursuant thereto, the 120 term: 121 (24)"Water resource development" means the formulation 122 and implementation of regional water resource management 123 strategies, including the collection and evaluation of surface 124 water and groundwater data; structural and nonstructural 125 programs to protect and manage water resources; the development 126 of regional water resource implementation programs; the 127 construction, operation, and maintenance of major public works 128 facilities to provide for flood control, surface and underground 129 water storage, and groundwater recharge augmentation; and 130 related technical assistance to local governments, and to Page 5 of 88

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131 government-owned and privately owned water utilities, and self-132 suppliers.

Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 373.0421, Florida Statutes, is amended, subsection (3) is renumbered as subsection (5), and new subsections (3) and (4) are added to that section, to read:

137 373.0421 Establishment and implementation of minimum flows138 and levels.-

If the existing flow or level in a water body is 139 (2) 140 below, or is projected to fall within 20 years below, the 141 applicable minimum flow or level established pursuant to s. 142 373.042, the department or governing board, concurrent with the adoption of the minimum flow or level and as part of the 143 144 regional water supply plan described in s. 373.709, shall 145 expeditiously implement a recovery or prevention strategy, which includes the development of additional water supplies and other 146 147 actions, consistent with the authority granted by this chapter, 148 to:

(a) Achieve recovery to the established minimum flow orlevel as soon as practicable; or

(b) Prevent the existing flow or level from falling belowthe established minimum flow or level.

153

The recovery or prevention strategy shall include phasing or a timetable which will allow for the provision of sufficient water supplies for all existing and projected reasonable-beneficial

Page 6 of 88

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157 uses, including development of additional water supplies and 158 implementation of conservation and other efficiency measures 159 concurrent with, to the maximum extent practical, and to offset, 160 reductions in permitted withdrawals, consistent with the 161 provisions of this chapter. The recovery or prevention strategy 162 may not depend solely on water shortage restrictions declared 163 pursuant to s. 373.175 or s. 373.246. 164 In order to ensure that sufficient water is available (3) 165 for all existing and future reasonable-beneficial uses and the 166 natural systems, the applicable regional water supply plan 167 prepared pursuant to s. 373.709 shall be amended to include any 168 water supply development projects and water resource development 169 projects identified in a recovery or prevention strategy. Such 170 amendment shall be approved concurrently with relevant portions 171 of the recovery or prevention strategy. 172 The water management district shall notify the (4) 173 department if an application for a water use permit is denied 174 based upon the impact that the use will have on an established 175 minimum flow or level. Upon receipt of such notice, the 176 department shall, as soon as practicable and in cooperation with 177 the water management district, conduct a review of the 178 applicable regional water supply plan prepared pursuant to s. 179 373.709. Such review shall include an assessment by the 180 department of the adequacy of the plan to meet the legislative intent of s. 373.705(2)(b) that sufficient water be available 181 182 for all existing and future reasonable-beneficial uses and the

Page 7 of 88

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183	natural systems and that the adverse effects of competition for
184	water supplies be avoided. If the department determines, based
185	upon this review, that the regional water supply plan does not
186	adequately address the legislative intent of s. 373.705(2)(b),
187	the water management district shall immediately initiate an
188	update of the plan consistent with s. 373.709.
189	Section 3. Section 373.0465, Florida Statutes, is created
190	to read:
191	373.0465 Central Florida Water Initiative
192	(1) FINDINGSThe Legislature finds that:
193	(a) Historically, the Floridan aquifer system has supplied
194	the vast majority of the water used in the Central Florida
195	Coordination Area, as defined in s. 373.0363, which includes
196	southern Lake County and all of Orange, Osceola, Polk, and
197	Seminole Counties.
198	(b) Because the boundaries of the St. Johns River Water
199	Management District, the South Florida Water Management
200	District, and the Southwest Florida Water Management District
201	meet within the Central Florida Coordination Area, the three
202	districts and the Department of Environmental Protection have
203	worked cooperatively to determine that the Floridan aquifer
204	system is locally approaching the sustainable limits of use and
205	are exploring the need to develop sources of water to meet the
206	long-term water needs of the area.
207	(c) The Central Florida Water Initiative, a collaborative
208	process involving the Department of Environmental Protection,
ļ	Page 8 of 88

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2015

209	the St. Johns River Water Management District, the South Florida
210	Water Management District, the Southwest Florida Water
211	Management District, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
212	Services, regional public water supply utilities, and other
213	stakeholders, has developed a framework, as set forth in the
214	Central Florida Water Initiative Guiding Document of June 27,
215	2014, for a unified process to address the current and long-term
216	water supply needs of central Florida without causing harm to
217	the water resources and associated natural systems.
218	(d) In order to ensure that the Central Florida Water
219	Initiative participants continue to develop and implement an
220	effective and consistent long-term water resource planning,
221	development, and management strategy for the central Florida
222	area an interagency agreement between the Department of
223	Environmental Protection, the St. Johns River Water Management
224	District, the South Florida Water Management District, the
225	Southwest Florida Water Management District, and the Department
226	of Agriculture and Consumer Services is needed.
227	(e) Developing water sources as an alternative to
228	continued reliance on the Floridan aquifer will benefit human
229	and natural systems beyond the boundaries of the Central Florida
230	Water Initiative.
231	(2) CENTRAL FLORIDA WATER INITIATIVE INTERAGENCY
232	AGREEMENT
233	(a) As used in this subsection, the term "Central Florida
234	Water Initiative Area" means all of Orange, Osceola, Polk, and
	Page 9 of 88

2015

235	Seminole Counties, and southern Lake County, as designated by
236	the Southwest Florida Water Management District, the South
237	Florida Water Management District, and the St. Johns River Water
238	Management District.
239	(b) By December 31, 2015, the Department of Environmental
240	Protection shall complete a Central Florida Water Initiative
241	interagency agreement pursuant to s. 373.046 with the St. Johns
242	River Water Management District, the South Florida Water
243	Management District, the Southwest Florida Water Management
244	District, and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
245	Services. The interagency agreement shall apply only to the
246	Central Florida Water Initiative Area and shall be adopted
247	pursuant to chapter 120 in the same manner as a rule.
248	(c) The interagency agreement shall:
249	1. Provide for a continuation of the collaborative process
250	among the state agencies, affected water management districts,
251	regional public water supply utilities, and other stakeholders.
252	2. Include the guiding principles and goals set forth in
253	the Central Florida Water Initiative Guiding Document of June
254	27, 2014, and build upon the work that has already been
255	accomplished by the Central Florida Water Initiative
256	participants in addressing these guiding principles and goals.
257	3. Require, as set forth in the Central Florida Water
258	Initiative Guiding Document of June 27, 2014, the development
259	and implementation of a single multi-district regional water
260	supply plan, including any needed recovery or prevention
	Page 10 of 88

Page 10 of 88

261	strategies and the approved list of water resource or water
262	supply development projects, by the affected water management
263	districts.
264	4. Require uniform rules for regulatory programs that
265	<u>include:</u>
266	a. A single hydrologic model to assess the availability of
267	groundwater.
268	b. A single, uniform definition of "harmful to the water
269	resources" consistent with the term's usage in s. 373.219.
270	c. A single reference condition.
271	d. A single process for permit reviews.
272	e. A single, consistent process, as appropriate, to set
273	minimum flows and levels and reservations.
274	f. A single method for calculating residential per capita
275	water use.
276	(d) In developing the water supply planning and regulatory
277	program consistent with the goals set forth in paragraph (c),
278	the parties to the interagency agreement shall:
279	1. Consider limitations on groundwater use together with
280	opportunities for new, increased, or redistributed groundwater
281	uses that are based on environmental constraints.
282	2. Establish a coordinated process for the identification
283	of new or revised environmental constraints.
284	3. Consider existing prevention and recovery strategies.
285	4. Include a list of water supply options sufficient to
286	meet the water needs of all existing and future reasonable-

Page 11 of 88

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287	beneficial uses which avoid environmental harm and are
288	consistent with the public interest.
289	5. Identify which of the water supply sources are
290	preferred water supply sources pursuant to s. 373.2234.
291	6. Provide for partnership agreements among the Department
292	of Environmental Protection, the Department of Agriculture and
293	Consumer Services, water management districts, and water users.
294	(e) Water management district planning and regulatory
295	programs developed pursuant to the interagency agreement shall
296	be approved or adopted as required under this chapter. However,
297	such planning and regulatory programs may not serve to modify
298	planning and regulatory programs in areas of the affected
299	districts that are not within the Central Florida Water
300	Initiative Area, but may include interregional projects located
301	outside the Central Florida Water Initiative Area that are
302	consistent with planning and regulatory programs in the areas in
303	which they are located.
304	Section 4. Subsection (4) of section 373.1501, Florida
305	Statutes, is amended, subsections (7) and (8) are renumbered as
306	subsections (8) and (9), respectively, and a new subsection (7)
307	is added to that section, to read:
308	373.1501 South Florida Water Management District as local
309	sponsor
310	(4) The district is authorized to act as local sponsor of
311	the project for those project features within the district as
312	provided in this subsection and subject to the oversight of the
	Page 12 of 88

313 department as further provided in s. 373.026. The district shall continue to exercise the authority of the state to allocate 314 315 quantities of water within its jurisdiction, including the water 316 supply in relation to the project, and be responsible for 317 allocating water and assigning priorities among the other water 318 uses served by the project pursuant to state law. The district 319 may: 320 Act as local sponsor for all project features (a) 321 previously authorized by Congress.+ 322 (b) Continue data gathering, analysis, research, and 323 design of project components, participate in preconstruction 324 engineering and design documents for project components, and 325 further refine the Comprehensive Plan of the restudy as a quide 326 and framework for identifying other project components.+ 327 Construct pilot projects that will assist in (C) 328 determining the feasibility of technology included in the 329 Comprehensive Plan of the restudy.; and 330 Act as local sponsor for project components. (d) 331 (7) When developing or implementing water control plans or 332 regulation schedules required for the operation of the project, 333 the district shall provide recommendations to the United States 334 Army Corps of Engineers that are consistent with all district 335 programs and plans. 336 Section 5. Section 373.2234, Florida Statutes, is amended 337 to read: 338 373.2234 Preferred water supply sources.-Page 13 of 88

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339 The governing board of a water management district is (1) authorized to adopt rules that identify preferred water supply 340 341 sources for consumptive uses for which there is sufficient data 342 to establish that a preferred source will provide a substantial 343 new water supply to meet the existing and projected reasonable-344 beneficial uses of a water supply planning region identified 345 pursuant to s. 373.709(1), while sustaining existing water resources and natural systems. At a minimum, such rules must 346 347 contain a description of the preferred water supply source and 348 an assessment of the water the preferred source is projected to 349 produce.

350 (2) (a) If an applicant proposes to use a preferred water 351 supply source, that applicant's proposed water use is subject to 352 s. 373.223(1), except that the proposed use of a preferred water 353 supply source must be considered by a water management district 354 when determining whether a permit applicant's proposed use of 355 water is consistent with the public interest pursuant to s. 356 373.223(1)(c).

357 (b) The governing board of a water management district
 358 shall consider the identification of preferred water supply
 359 sources for water users for whom access to or development of new
 360 water supplies is not technically or financially feasible.

361 (c) A consumptive use permit issued for the use of a 362 preferred water supply source must be granted, when requested by 363 the applicant, for at least a 20-year period and may be subject 364 to the compliance reporting provisions of s. 373.236(4).

# Page 14 of 88

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365 (3) (a) Nothing in This section does not shall be construed <del>to</del>: 366 367 1. Exempt the use of preferred water supply sources from 368 the provisions of ss. 373.016(4) and 373.223(2) and (3).7 or be 369 construed to 370 Provide that permits issued for the use of a 2. 371 nonpreferred water supply source must be issued for a duration 372 of less than 20 years or that the use of a nonpreferred water 373 supply source is not consistent with the public interest. 374 Additionally, nothing in this section shall be 3. 375 interpreted to Require the use of a preferred water supply 376 source or to restrict or prohibit the use of a nonpreferred 377 water supply source. (b) Rules adopted by the governing board of a water 378 379 management district to implement this section shall specify that the use of a preferred water supply source is not required and 380 381 that the use of a nonpreferred water supply source is not 382 restricted or prohibited. 383 Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 373.233, Florida 384 Statutes, is amended to read: 385 373.233 Competing applications.-386 (2) (a) If In the event that two or more competing 387 applications qualify equally under the provisions of subsection 388 (1), the governing board or the department shall give preference 389 to a renewal application over an initial application. 390 If two or more competing applications qualify equally (b) Page 15 of 88

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391 under subsection (1) and none of the competing applications is a renewal application, the governing board or the department shall 392 393 give preference to the use for which an alternate water supply 394 is not technically and financially feasible. 395 Section 7. Section 373.4591, Florida Statutes, is amended 396 to read: 397 373.4591 Improvements on private agricultural lands.-398 The Legislature encourages public-private partnerships (1) 399 to accomplish water storage, groundwater recharge, and water 400 quality improvements on private agricultural lands. Priority 401 consideration shall be given to public-private partnerships 402 that: 403 (a) Store or treat water on private lands for purposes of 404 hydrologic improvement, water quality, or water supply; 405 (b) Provide critical ground water recharge; or 406 (c) Provide for changes in land use to activities that 407 minimize nutrient loads and maximize water conservation. 408 (2) (a) When an agreement is entered into between the 409 department, a water management district, or the Department of 410 Agriculture and Consumer Services and a private landowner to 411 establish such a public-private partnership that may create or 412 impact wetlands or other surface waters, a baseline condition 413 determining the extent of wetlands and other surface waters on 414 the property shall be established and documented in the agreement before improvements are constructed. 415 416 When an agreement is entered into between the (b) Page 16 of 88

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417 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and a private 418 landowner to implement best management practices pursuant to s. 419 403.067(7)(c), a baseline condition determining the extent of 420 wetlands and other surface water on the property may be 421 established at the option and expense of the private landowner 422 and documented in the agreement before improvements are 423 constructed. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 424 shall submit the landowner's proposed baseline condition 425 documentation to the lead agency for review and approval, and 426 the agency shall use its best efforts to complete the review 427 within 45 days.

428 (3) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, 429 the department, and the water management districts shall provide 430 a process for reviewing these requests in the timeframe 431 specified. The determination of a baseline condition shall be 432 conducted using the methods set forth in the rules adopted 433 pursuant to s. 373.421. The baseline condition documented in an 434 agreement shall be considered the extent of wetlands and other 435 surface waters on the property for the purpose of regulation 436 under this chapter for the duration of the agreement and after 437 its expiration.

438 Section 8. Paragraph (h) of subsection (1) and subsections 439 (2) through (7) of section 373.4595, Florida Statutes, are 440 amended to read:

441 373.4595 Northern Everglades and Estuaries Protection442 Program.-

# Page 17 of 88

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(1) FINDINGS AND INTENT.-

The Legislature finds that the expeditious 444 (h) 445 implementation of the Lake Okeechobee Watershed Protection Program, the Caloosahatchee River Watershed Protection Program, 446 447 Plan and the St. Lucie River Watershed Protection Program Plans 448 is needed to improve the quality, quantity, timing, and 449 distribution of water in the northern Everglades ecosystem and 450 that this section, in conjunction with s. 403.067, including the 451 implementation of the plans developed and approved pursuant to 452 subsections (3) and (4), and any related basin management action 453 plan developed and implemented pursuant to s. 403.067(7)(a), 454 provide a reasonable means of achieving the total maximum daily 455 load requirements and achieving and maintaining compliance with 456 state water quality standards.

457

(2) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term:

458 "Best management practice" means a practice or (a) 459 combination of practices determined by the coordinating 460 agencies, based on research, field-testing, and expert review, 461 to be the most effective and practicable on-location means, 462 including economic and technological considerations, for 463 improving water quality in agricultural and urban discharges. 464 Best management practices for agricultural discharges shall 465 reflect a balance between water quality improvements and 466 agricultural productivity.

Page 18 of 88

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 <sup>(</sup>b) "Biosolids" means the solid, semisolid, or liquid
 residue generated during the treatment of domestic wastewater in

469 a domestic wastewater treatment facility, formerly known as "domestic wastewater residuals" or "residuals," and includes 470 471 products and treated material from biosolids treatment 472 facilities and septage management facilities regulated by the 473 department. The term does not include the treated effluent or 474 reclaimed water from a domestic wastewater treatment facility, 475 solids removed from pump stations and lift stations, screenings 476 and grit removed from the preliminary treatment components of 477 domestic wastewater treatment facilities, or ash generated 478 during the incineration of biosolids.

479 <u>(c) (b)</u> "Caloosahatchee River watershed" means the 480 Caloosahatchee River, its tributaries, its estuary, and the area 481 within Charlotte, Glades, Hendry, and Lee Counties from which 482 surface water flow is directed or drains, naturally or by 483 constructed works, to the river, its tributaries, or its 484 estuary.

485 <u>(d) (c)</u> "Coordinating agencies" means the Department of 486 Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of 487 Environmental Protection, and the South Florida Water Management 488 District.

489 <u>(e) (d)</u> "Corps of Engineers" means the United States Army 490 Corps of Engineers.

491 (f) (e) "Department" means the Department of Environmental
 492 Protection.

493 (g) (f) "District" means the South Florida Water Management 494 District.

# Page 19 of 88

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495 "District's WOD program" means the program implemented pursuant to rules adopted as authorized by this section and ss. 496 373.016, 373.044, 373.085, 373.086, 373.109, 373.113, 373.118, 497 498 373.451, and 373.453, entitled "Works of the District Basin." 499 (h) "Lake Okeechobee Watershed Construction Project" means 500 the construction project developed pursuant to this section 501 paragraph (3) (b). 502 "Lake Okeechobee Watershed Protection Plan" means the (i) 503 Lake Okeechobee Watershed Construction Project and the Lake 504 Okeechobee Watershed Research and Water Quality Monitoring 505 Program plan developed pursuant to this section and ss. 373.451-373.459. 506 507 "Lake Okeechobee watershed" means Lake Okeechobee, its (j) 508 tributaries, and the area within which surface water flow is directed or drains, naturally or by constructed works, to the 509 510 lake or its tributaries. 511 (k) "Lake Okeechobee Watershed Phosphorus Control Program" 512 means the program developed pursuant to paragraph (3)(c). 513 (k) (1) "Northern Everglades" means the Lake Okeechobee 514 watershed, the Caloosahatchee River watershed, and the St. Lucie 515 River watershed. (1) (m) "Project component" means any structural or 516 517 operational change, resulting from the Restudy, to the Central 518 and Southern Florida Project as it existed and was operated as 519 of January 1, 1999. 520 (m) (n) "Restudy" means the Comprehensive Review Study of Page 20 of 88

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521 the Central and Southern Florida Project, for which federal participation was authorized by the Federal Water Resources 522 523 Development Acts of 1992 and 1996 together with related Congressional resolutions and for which participation by the 524 525 South Florida Water Management District is authorized by s. 526 373.1501. The term includes all actions undertaken pursuant to the aforementioned authorizations which will result in 527 528 recommendations for modifications or additions to the Central 529 and Southern Florida Project.

530 <u>(n) (o)</u> "River Watershed Protection Plans" means the 531 Caloosahatchee River Watershed Protection Plan and the St. Lucie 532 River Watershed Protection Plan developed pursuant to this 533 section.

534 (o) "Soil amendment" means any substance or mixture of substances sold or offered for sale for soil enriching or 535 corrective purposes, intended or claimed to be effective in 536 537 promoting or stimulating plant growth, increasing soil or plant 538 productivity, improving the quality of crops, or producing any 539 chemical or physical change in the soil, except amendments, 540 conditioners, additives, and related products that are derived 541 solely from inorganic sources and that contain no recognized 542 plant nutrients.

(p) "St. Lucie River watershed" means the St. Lucie River,
its tributaries, its estuary, and the area within Martin,
Okeechobee, and St. Lucie Counties from which surface water flow
is directed or drains, naturally or by constructed works, to the

# Page 21 of 88

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river, its tributaries, or its estuary.

"Total maximum daily load" means the sum of the 548 (a) 549 individual wasteload allocations for point sources and the load 550 allocations for nonpoint sources and natural background adopted 551 pursuant to s. 403.067. Before Prior to determining individual 552 wasteload allocations and load allocations, the maximum amount 553 of a pollutant that a water body or water segment can assimilate 554 from all sources without exceeding water quality standards must 555 first be calculated.

556 (3) LAKE OKEECHOBEE WATERSHED PROTECTION PROGRAM.-The Lake 557 Okeechobee Watershed Protection Program shall consist of the 558 Lake Okeechobee Watershed Protection Plan, the Lake Okeechobee 559 Basin Management Action Plan adopted pursuant to s. 403.067, the 560 Lake Okeechobee Exotic Species Control Program, and the Lake 561 Okeechobee Internal Phosphorus Management Program. The Lake 562 Okeechobee Basin Management Action Plan adopted pursuant to s. 563 403.067 shall be the component of the Lake Okeechobee Watershed 564 Protection A protection Program for Lake Okeechobee that 565 achieves phosphorus load reductions for Lake Okeechobee shall be 566 immediately implemented as specified in this subsection. The 567 Lake Okeechobee Watershed Protection Program shall address the 568 reduction of phosphorus loading to the lake from both internal 569 and external sources. Phosphorus load reductions shall be 570 achieved through a phased program of implementation. Initial 571 implementation actions shall be technology-based, based upon a 572 consideration of both the availability of appropriate technology

Page 22 of 88

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573 and the cost of such technology, and shall include phosphorus 574 reduction measures at both the source and the regional level. 575 The initial phase of phosphorus load reductions shall be based 576 upon the district's Technical Publication 81-2 and the 577 district's WOD program, with subsequent phases of phosphorus 578 load reductions based upon the total maximum daily loads 579 established in accordance with s. 403.067. In the development 580 and administration of the Lake Okeechobee Watershed Protection 581 Program, the coordinating agencies shall maximize opportunities 582 provided by federal cost-sharing programs and opportunities for 583 partnerships with the private sector.

584 (a) Lake Okeechobee Watershed Protection Plan.-In order to 585 protect and restore surface water resources, the district, in cooperation with the other coordinating agencies, shall complete 586 587 a Lake Okeechobee Watershed Protection Plan in accordance with 588 this section and ss. 373.451-373.459. Beginning March 1, 2020, 589 and every 5 years thereafter, the district shall update the Lake 590 Okeechobee Watershed Protection Plan to ensure that it is 591 consistent with the Lake Okeechobee Basin Management Action Plan 592 adopted pursuant to s. 403.067. The Lake Okeechobee Watershed 593 Protection Plan shall identify the geographic extent of the 594 watershed, be coordinated with the plans developed pursuant to 595 paragraphs (4)(a) and (c) (b), and include the Lake Okeechobee 596 Watershed Construction Project and the Lake Okeechobee Watershed 597 Research and Water Quality Monitoring Program contain an 598 implementation schedule for subsequent phases of phosphorus load

Page 23 of 88

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599 reduction consistent with the total maximum daily loads established in accordance with s. 403.067. The plan shall 600 601 consider and build upon a review and analysis of the following: 602 1. the performance of projects constructed during Phase I and Phase II of the Lake Okeechobee Watershed Construction 603 604 Project, pursuant to subparagraph 1.; paragraph (b). 605 2. relevant information resulting from the Lake Okeechobee 606 Basin Management Action Plan Watershed Phosphorus Control 607 Program, pursuant to paragraph (b); (c). 608 3. relevant information resulting from the Lake Okeechobee 609 Watershed Research and Water Quality Monitoring Program, 610 pursuant to subparagraph 2.; paragraph (d). 4. relevant information resulting from the Lake Okeechobee 611 612 Exotic Species Control Program, pursuant to paragraph (c); and 613 <del>(e)</del>. 614 5. relevant information resulting from the Lake Okeechobee 615 Internal Phosphorus Management Program, pursuant to paragraph 616 (d) <del>(f)</del>. 617 1.(b) Lake Okeechobee Watershed Construction Project.-To improve the hydrology and water quality of Lake Okeechobee and 618 619 downstream receiving waters, including the Caloosahatchee and 620 St. Lucie Rivers and their estuaries, the district, in 621 cooperation with the other coordinating agencies, shall design 622 and construct the Lake Okeechobee Watershed Construction 623 Project. The project shall include: 624 a.1. Phase I.-Phase I of the Lake Okeechobee Watershed Page 24 of 88

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625 Construction Project shall consist of a series of project 626 features consistent with the recommendations of the South 627 Florida Ecosystem Restoration Working Group's Lake Okeechobee 628 Action Plan. Priority basins for such projects include S-191, S-629 154, and Pools D and E in the Lower Kissimmee River. In order to 630 obtain phosphorus load reductions to Lake Okeechobee as soon as 631 possible, the following actions shall be implemented:

632 (I)a. The district shall serve as a full partner with the 633 Corps of Engineers in the design and construction of the Grassy 634 Island Ranch and New Palm Dairy stormwater treatment facilities 635 as components of the Lake Okeechobee Water Retention/Phosphorus 636 Removal Critical Project. The Corps of Engineers shall have the 637 lead in design and construction of these facilities. Should 638 delays be encountered in the implementation of either of these facilities, the district shall notify the department and 639 640 recommend corrective actions.

<u>(II)</u>b. The district shall obtain permits and complete
construction of two of the isolated wetland restoration projects
that are part of the Lake Okeechobee Water Retention/Phosphorus
Removal Critical Project. The additional isolated wetland
projects included in this critical project shall further reduce
phosphorus loading to Lake Okeechobee.

647 <u>(III)</u>e. The district shall work with the Corps of
648 Engineers to expedite initiation of the design process for the
649 Taylor Creek/Nubbins Slough Reservoir Assisted Stormwater
650 Treatment Area, a project component of the Comprehensive

# Page 25 of 88

Everglades Restoration Plan. The district shall propose to the Corps of Engineers that the district take the lead in the design and construction of the Reservoir Assisted Stormwater Treatment Area and receive credit towards the local share of the total cost of the Comprehensive Everglades Restoration Plan.

656 b.2. Phase II technical plan and construction. By February 657 1, 2008, The district, in cooperation with the other 658 coordinating agencies, shall develop a detailed technical plan for Phase II of the Lake Okeechobee Watershed Construction 659 660 Project which provides the basis for the Lake Okeechobee Basin 661 Management Action Plan adopted by the department pursuant to s. 403.067. The detailed technical plan shall include measures for 662 663 the improvement of the quality, quantity, timing, and 664 distribution of water in the northern Everglades ecosystem, 665 including the Lake Okeechobee watershed and the estuaries, and 666 for facilitating the achievement of water quality standards. Use 667 of cost-effective biologically based, hybrid wetland/chemical and other innovative nutrient control technologies shall be 668 669 incorporated in the plan where appropriate. The detailed 670 technical plan shall also include a Process Development and 671 Engineering component to finalize the detail and design of Phase 672 II projects and identify additional measures needed to increase 673 the certainty that the overall objectives for improving water 674 quality and quantity can be met. Based on information and 675 recommendations from the Process Development and Engineering 676 component, the Phase II detailed technical plan shall be

# Page 26 of 88

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677 periodically updated. Phase II shall include construction of 678 additional facilities in the priority basins identified in <u>sub-</u> 679 <u>subparagraph 1.a.</u> <del>subparagraph 1.</del>, as well as facilities for 680 other basins in the Lake Okeechobee watershed. <del>This detailed</del> 681 <del>technical plan will require legislative ratification pursuant to</del> 682 <del>paragraph (i).</del> The technical plan shall:

(I)a. Identify Lake Okeechobee Watershed Construction
Project facilities designed to contribute to achieving all
applicable total maximum daily loads established pursuant to s.
403.067 within the Lake Okeechobee watershed.

687 <u>(II)</u>b. Identify the size and location of all such Lake
 688 Okeechobee Watershed Construction Project facilities.

(III) c. Provide a construction schedule for all such Lake
 Okeechobee Watershed Construction Project facilities, including
 the sequencing and specific timeframe for construction of each
 Lake Okeechobee Watershed Construction Project facility.

693 <u>(IV)</u>d. Provide a schedule for the acquisition of lands or 694 sufficient interests necessary to achieve the construction 695 schedule.

696 <u>(V)</u>e. Provide a detailed schedule of costs associated with 697 the construction schedule.

698 <u>(VI)</u>f. Identify, to the maximum extent practicable, 699 impacts on wetlands and state-listed species expected to be 700 associated with construction of such facilities, including 701 potential alternatives to minimize and mitigate such impacts, as 702 appropriate.

# Page 27 of 88

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703 <u>(VII)</u> Provide for additional measures, including 704 voluntary water storage and quality improvements on private 705 land, to increase water storage and reduce excess water levels 706 in Lake Okeechobee and to reduce excess discharges to the 707 estuaries.

708 <u>(VIII)</u> The technical plan shall also Develop the 709 appropriate water quantity storage goal to achieve the desired 710 Lake Okeechobee range of lake levels and inflow volumes to the 711 Caloosahatchee and St. Lucie estuaries while meeting the other 712 water-related needs of the region, including water supply and 713 flood protection.

714 <u>(IX)</u>h. Provide for additional source controls needed to 715 enhance performance of the Lake Okeechobee Watershed 716 Construction Project facilities. Such additional source controls 717 shall be incorporated into the Lake Okeechobee <u>Basin Management</u> 718 <u>Action Plan Watershed Phosphorous Control Program</u> pursuant to 719 paragraph (b) <del>(c)</del>.

720 c.3. Evaluation.-Within 5 years after the adoption of the 721 Lake Okeechobee Basin Management Action Plan pursuant to s. 722 403.067 and every 5 By January 1, 2004, and every 3 years 723 thereafter, the department district, in cooperation with the 724 other coordinating agencies, shall conduct an evaluation of the 725 Lake Okeechobee Watershed Construction Project and identify any 726 further load reductions necessary to achieve compliance with the 727 all Lake Okeechobee watershed total maximum daily loads 728 established pursuant to s. 403.067. Additionally, The district

Page 28 of 88

729 shall identify modifications to facilities of the Lake 730 Okeechobee Watershed Construction Project as appropriate to meet 731 the total maximum daily loads. Modifications to the Lake 732 Okeechobee Watershed Construction Project resulting from this 733 evaluation shall be incorporated into the Lake Okeechobee Basin 734 Management Action Plan and The evaluation shall be included in 735 the applicable annual progress report submitted pursuant to 736 subsection (6).

737 d.4. Coordination and review.-To ensure the timely 738 implementation of the Lake Okeechobee Watershed Construction 739 Project, the design of project facilities shall be coordinated 740 with the department and other interested parties, including 741 affected local governments, to the maximum extent practicable. 742 Lake Okeechobee Watershed Construction Project facilities shall 743 be reviewed and commented upon by the department before prior to 744 the execution of a construction contract by the district for 745 that facility.

746 2. Lake Okeechobee Watershed Research and Water Quality 747 Monitoring Program.-The coordinating agencies shall implement a 748 Lake Okeechobee Watershed Research and Water Quality Monitoring 749 Program. Results from the program shall be used by the 750 department, in cooperation with the other coordinating agencies, 751 to make modifications to the Lake Okeechobee Basin Management 752 Action Plan adopted pursuant to s. 403.067, as appropriate. The 753 program shall: 754 a. Evaluate all available existing water quality data

Page 29 of 88

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2015

755	concerning total phosphorus in the Lake Okeechobee watershed,
756	develop a water quality baseline to represent existing
757	conditions for total phosphorus, monitor long-term ecological
758	changes, including water quality for total phosphorus, and
759	measure compliance with water quality standards for total
760	phosphorus, including any applicable total maximum daily load
761	for the Lake Okeechobee watershed as established pursuant to s.
762	403.067. Beginning March 1, 2020, and every 5 years thereafter,
763	the department shall reevaluate water quality and quantity data
764	to ensure that the appropriate projects are being designated and
765	incorporated into the Lake Okeechobee Basin Management Action
766	Plan adopted pursuant to s. 403.067. The district shall
767	implement a total phosphorus monitoring program at appropriate
768	structures owned or operated by the district and within the Lake
769	Okeechobee watershed.
770	b. Develop a Lake Okeechobee water quality model that
771	reasonably represents the phosphorus dynamics of Lake Okeechobee
772	and incorporates an uncertainty analysis associated with model
773	predictions.
774	c. Determine the relative contribution of phosphorus from
775	all identifiable sources and all primary and secondary land
776	uses.
777	d. Conduct an assessment of the sources of phosphorus from
778	the Upper Kissimmee Chain-of-Lakes and Lake Istokpoga, and their
779	relative contribution to the water quality of Lake Okeechobee.
780	The results of this assessment shall be used by the coordinating
l	Page 30 of 88

2015

781	agencies as part of the Lake Okeechobee Basin Management Action
782	Plan adopted pursuant to s. 403.067 to develop interim measures,
783	best management practices, or regulations, as applicable.
784	e. Assess current water management practices within the
785	Lake Okeechobee watershed and develop recommendations for
786	structural and operational improvements. Such recommendations
787	shall balance water supply, flood control, estuarine salinity,
788	maintenance of a healthy lake littoral zone, and water quality
789	considerations.
790	f. Evaluate the feasibility of alternative nutrient
791	reduction technologies, including sediment traps, canal and
792	ditch maintenance, fish production or other aquaculture,
793	bioenergy conversion processes, and algal or other biological
794	treatment technologies and include any alternative nutrient
795	reduction technologies determined to be feasible in the Lake
796	Okeechobee Basin Management Action Plan adopted pursuant to s.
797	403.067.
798	g. Conduct an assessment of the water volumes and timing
799	from the Lake Okeechobee watershed and their relative
800	contribution to the water level changes in Lake Okeechobee and
801	to the timing and volume of water delivered to the estuaries.
802	<u>(b)</u> Lake Okeechobee <u>Basin Management Action Plan</u>
803	Watershed Phosphorus Control Program.—The Lake Okeechobee <u>Basin</u>
804	Management Action Plan adopted pursuant to s. 403.067 shall be
805	the watershed phosphorus control component for Lake Okeechobee
806	and shall be <del>Program is</del> designed to be a multifaceted approach
I	Page 31 of 88

2015

807 to reducing phosphorus loads by improving the management of 808 phosphorus sources within the Lake Okeechobee watershed through 809 implementation of regulations and best management practices, 810 continued development and continued implementation of improved 811 best management practices, improvement and restoration of the 812 hydrologic function of natural and managed systems, and use 813 utilization of alternative technologies for nutrient reduction. 814 The plan shall contain an implementation schedule for pollutant 815 load reductions consistent with the adopted total maximum daily 816 load. The coordinating agencies shall develop an interagency 817 agreement pursuant to ss. 373.046 and 373.406 that is consistent 818 with the department taking the lead on water quality protection 819 measures through the Lake Okeechobee Basin Management Action 820 Plan adopted pursuant to s. 403.067; the district taking the 821 lead on hydrologic improvements pursuant to paragraph (3)(a); 822 and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services taking 823 the lead on agricultural interim measures, best management 824 practices, and other measures adopted pursuant to s. 403.067. 825 The interagency agreement shall specify how best management 826 practices for nonagricultural nonpoint sources are developed and 827 how all best management practices are implemented and verified 828 consistent with s. 403.067 and this section. The interagency 829 agreement shall address measures to be taken by the coordinating 830 agencies during any best management practice reevaluation 831 performed pursuant to subparagraphs 5. and 10. The department 832 shall use best professional judgment in making the initial

Page 32 of 88

2015

833	determination of best management practice effectiveness. The
834	coordinating agencies may develop an intergovernmental agreement
835	with local governments to implement nonagricultural nonpoint
836	source best management practices within their respective
837	geographic boundaries. The coordinating agencies shall
838	facilitate the application of federal programs that offer
839	opportunities for water quality treatment, including
840	preservation, restoration, or creation of wetlands on
841	agricultural lands.
842	1. Agricultural nonpoint source best management practices,
843	developed in accordance with s. 403.067 and designed to achieve
844	the objectives of the Lake Okeechobee Watershed Protection
845	Program as part of a phased approach of management strategies
846	within the Lake Okeechobee Basin Management Action Plan, shall
847	be implemented on an expedited basis. The coordinating agencies
848	shall develop an interagency agreement pursuant to ss. 373.046
849	and 373.406(5) that assures the development of best management
850	practices that complement existing regulatory programs and
851	specifies how those best management practices are implemented
852	and verified. The interagency agreement shall address measures
853	to be taken by the coordinating agencies during any best
854	management practice reevaluation performed pursuant to sub-
855	subparagraph d. The department shall use best professional
856	judgment in making the initial determination of best management
857	practice effectiveness.
858	<u>2.</u> a. As provided in s. <u>403.067</u> <del>403.067(7)(c)</del> , the

Page 33 of 88

2015

859 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in consultation with the department, the district, and affected parties, shall 860 861 initiate rule development for interim measures, best management 862 practices, conservation plans, nutrient management plans, or 863 other measures necessary for Lake Okeechobee watershed total maximum daily load reduction. The rule shall include thresholds 864 865 for requiring conservation and nutrient management plans and 866 criteria for the contents of such plans. Development of 867 agricultural nonpoint source best management practices shall 868 initially focus on those priority basins listed in paragraph (a) 869 subparagraph (b)1. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer 870 Services, in consultation with the department, the district, and affected parties, shall conduct an ongoing program for 871 872 improvement of existing and development of new agricultural 873 nonpoint source interim measures and or best management 874 practices. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 875 shall adopt for the purpose of adoption of such practices by 876 rule. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall 877 work with the University of Florida Florida's Institute of Food 878 and Agriculture Sciences to review and, where appropriate, 879 develop revised nutrient application rates for all agricultural 880 soil amendments in the watershed.

881 <u>3.b.</u> As provided in s. 403.067, where agricultural 882 nonpoint source best management practices or interim measures 883 have been adopted by rule of the Department of Agriculture and 884 Consumer Services, the owner or operator of an agricultural

# Page 34 of 88

2015

885 nonpoint source addressed by such rule shall either implement 886 interim measures or best management practices or demonstrate 887 compliance with state water quality standards addressed by the 888 Lake Okeechobee Basin Management Action Plan adopted pursuant to 889 s. 403.067 the district's WOD program by conducting monitoring 890 prescribed by the department or the district. Owners or 891 operators of agricultural nonpoint sources who implement interim 892 measures or best management practices adopted by rule of the 893 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall be subject 894 to the provisions of s. 403.067 403.067(7). The Department of 895 Agriculture and Consumer Services, in cooperation with the 896 department and the district, shall provide technical and 897 financial assistance for implementation of agricultural best 898 management practices, subject to the availability of funds.

899 <u>4.e.</u> The district or department shall conduct monitoring 900 at representative sites to verify the effectiveness of 901 agricultural nonpoint source best management practices.

902 5.d. Where water quality problems are detected for 903 agricultural nonpoint sources despite the appropriate 904 implementation of adopted best management practices, the 905 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in consultation 906 with the other coordinating agencies and affected parties, shall 907 institute a reevaluation of the best management practices shall 908 be conducted pursuant to s. 403.067(7)(c)4. and make appropriate 909 changes to the rule adopting best management practices. 910 6.2. As provided in s. 403.067, nonagricultural nonpoint

Page 35 of 88

911 source best management practices, developed in accordance with s. 403.067 and designed to achieve the objectives of the Lake 912 913 Okeechobee Watershed Protection Program as part of a phased 914 approach of management strategies within the Lake Okeechobee 915 Basin Management Action Plan, shall be implemented on an 916 expedited basis. The department and the district shall develop 917 an interagency agreement pursuant to ss. 373.046 and 373.406(5) 918 that assures the development of best management practices that 919 complement existing regulatory programs and specifies how those 920 best management practices are implemented and verified. The 921 interagency agreement shall address measures to be taken by the 922 department and the district during any best management practice 923 reevaluation performed pursuant to sub-subparagraph d.

924 7.a. The department and the district are directed to work 925 with the University of Florida Florida's Institute of Food and 926 Agricultural Sciences to develop appropriate nutrient 927 application rates for all nonagricultural soil amendments in the watershed. As provided in s. 403.067 403.067(7)(c), the 928 929 department, in consultation with the district and affected 930 parties, shall develop nonagricultural nonpoint source interim 931 measures, best management practices, or other measures necessary 932 for Lake Okeechobee watershed total maximum daily load 933 reduction. Development of nonagricultural nonpoint source best 934 management practices shall initially focus on those priority 935 basins listed in paragraph (a) subparagraph (b)1. The 936 department, the district, and affected parties shall conduct an

# Page 36 of 88

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937 ongoing program for improvement of existing and development of new interim measures and <del>or</del> best management practices. The 938 939 department or the district shall adopt such practices by rule 940 The district shall adopt technology-based standards under the 941 district's WOD program for nonagricultural nonpoint sources of 942 phosphorus. Nothing in this sub-subparagraph shall affect the 943 authority of the department or the district to adopt basin-944 specific criteria under this part to prevent harm to the water 945 resources of the district.

946 8.b. Where nonagricultural nonpoint source best management 947 practices or interim measures have been developed by the 948 department and adopted by the district, the owner or operator of 949 a nonagricultural nonpoint source shall implement interim 950 measures or best management practices and be subject to the 951 provisions of s. 403.067 403.067(7). The department and district 952 shall provide technical and financial assistance for 953 implementation of nonagricultural nonpoint source best 954 management practices, subject to the availability of funds.

955 <u>9.e.</u> As provided in s. 403.067, the district or the 956 department shall conduct monitoring at representative sites to 957 verify the effectiveness of nonagricultural nonpoint source best 958 management practices.

959 <u>10.d.</u> Where water quality problems are detected for 960 nonagricultural nonpoint sources despite the appropriate 961 implementation of adopted best management practices, the 962 department and the district shall institute a reevaluation of

### Page 37 of 88

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963 the best management practices shall be conducted pursuant to s. 964 403.067(7)(c)4. 11.3. This subparagraph does The provisions of 965 966 subparagraphs 1. and 2. may not preclude the department or the 967 district from requiring compliance with water quality standards 968 or with current best management practices requirements set forth 969 in any applicable regulatory program authorized by law for the 970 purpose of protecting water quality. This subparagraph is 971 Additionally, subparagraphs 1. and 2. are applicable only to the 972 extent that it does they do not conflict with any rules adopted 973 by the department that are necessary to maintain a federally 974 delegated or approved program. 975 12. The program of agricultural best management practices 976 set forth in chapter 40E-63, Florida Administrative Code, meets 977 the requirements of this paragraph and s. 403.067(7) for the 978 Lake Okeechobee watershed. An entity in compliance with best 979 management practices set forth in chapter 40E-63, Florida 980 Administrative Code, may elect to use that permit in lieu of the 981 requirements of this paragraph. The provisions of s. 982 373.4595(3)(b)5. apply to this subparagraph. 983 13. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, 984 in cooperation with the department and the district, shall 985 provide technical and financial assistance for implementation of 986 agricultural best management practices, subject to the 987 availability of funds. The department and district shall provide 988 technical and financial assistance for implementation of

### Page 38 of 88

# 989 <u>nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices</u>, 990 subject to the availability of funds.

991 <u>14.4.</u> Projects that reduce the phosphorus load originating 992 from domestic wastewater systems within the Lake Okeechobee 993 watershed shall be given funding priority in the department's 994 revolving loan program under s. 403.1835. The department shall 995 coordinate and provide assistance to those local governments 996 seeking financial assistance for such priority projects.

997 15.5. Projects that make use of private lands, or lands 998 held in trust for Indian tribes, to reduce nutrient loadings or 999 concentrations within a basin by one or more of the following 1000 methods: restoring the natural hydrology of the basin, restoring wildlife habitat or impacted wetlands, reducing peak flows after 1001 1002 storm events, increasing aquifer recharge, or protecting range 1003 and timberland from conversion to development, are eligible for 1004 grants available under this section from the coordinating 1005 agencies. For projects of otherwise equal priority, special 1006 funding priority will be given to those projects that make best 1007 use of the methods outlined above that involve public-private 1008 partnerships or that obtain federal match money. Preference 1009 ranking above the special funding priority will be given to 1010 projects located in a rural area of opportunity designated by 1011 the Governor. Grant applications may be submitted by any person or tribal entity, and eligible projects may include, but are not 1012 1013 limited to, the purchase of conservation and flowage easements, 1014 hydrologic restoration of wetlands, creating treatment wetlands,

### Page 39 of 88

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1015 development of a management plan for natural resources, and 1016 financial support to implement a management plan.

1017 16.6.a. The department shall require all entities 1018 disposing of domestic wastewater biosolids residuals within the 1019 Lake Okeechobee watershed and the remaining areas of Okeechobee, 1020 Glades, and Hendry Counties to develop and submit to the 1021 department an agricultural use plan that limits applications 1022 based upon phosphorus loading consistent with the Lake 1023 Okeechobee Basin Management Action Plan adopted pursuant to s. 1024 403.067. By July 1, 2005, phosphorus concentrations originating 1025 from these application sites may not exceed the limits 1026 established in the district's WOD program. After December 31, 1027  $\frac{2007}{7}$  The department may not authorize the disposal of domestic 1028 wastewater biosolids residuals within the Lake Okeechobee 1029 watershed unless the applicant can affirmatively demonstrate 1030 that the phosphorus in the biosolids residuals will not add to 1031 phosphorus loadings in Lake Okeechobee or its tributaries. This 1032 demonstration shall be based on achieving a net balance between 1033 phosphorus imports relative to exports on the permitted 1034 application site. Exports shall include only phosphorus removed 1035 from the Lake Okeechobee watershed through products generated on 1036 the permitted application site. This prohibition does not apply 1037 to Class AA biosolids residuals that are marketed and distributed as fertilizer products in accordance with department 1038 1039 rule.

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17.b. Private and government-owned utilities within

### Page 40 of 88

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1041 Monroe, Miami-Dade, Broward, Palm Beach, Martin, St. Lucie, Indian River, Okeechobee, Highlands, Hendry, and Glades Counties 1042 1043 that dispose of wastewater biosolids residual sludge from 1044 utility operations and septic removal by land spreading in the 1045 Lake Okeechobee watershed may use a line item on local sewer 1046 rates to cover wastewater biosolids residual treatment and 1047 disposal if such disposal and treatment is done by approved 1048 alternative treatment methodology at a facility located within 1049 the areas designated by the Governor as rural areas of 1050 opportunity pursuant to s. 288.0656. This additional line item 1051 is an environmental protection disposal fee above the present 1052 sewer rate and may not be considered a part of the present sewer 1053 rate to customers, notwithstanding provisions to the contrary in 1054 chapter 367. The fee shall be established by the county 1055 commission or its designated assignee in the county in which the 1056 alternative method treatment facility is located. The fee shall 1057 be calculated to be no higher than that necessary to recover the 1058 facility's prudent cost of providing the service. Upon request 1059 by an affected county commission, the Florida Public Service 1060 Commission will provide assistance in establishing the fee. 1061 Further, for utilities and utility authorities that use the 1062 additional line item environmental protection disposal fee, such 1063 fee may not be considered a rate increase under the rules of the Public Service Commission and shall be exempt from such rules. 1064 1065 Utilities using the provisions of this section may immediately 1066 include in their sewer invoicing the new environmental

### Page 41 of 88

1067 protection disposal fee. Proceeds from this environmental protection disposal fee shall be used for treatment and disposal 1068 1069 of wastewater biosolids residuals, including any treatment 1070 technology that helps reduce the volume of biosolids residuals 1071 that require final disposal, but such proceeds may not be used 1072 for transportation or shipment costs for disposal or any costs 1073 relating to the land application of biosolids residuals in the Lake Okeechobee watershed. 1074

1075 18.c. No less frequently than once every 3 years, the 1076 Florida Public Service Commission or the county commission 1077 through the services of an independent auditor shall perform a 1078 financial audit of all facilities receiving compensation from an 1079 environmental protection disposal fee. The Florida Public 1080 Service Commission or the county commission through the services 1081 of an independent auditor shall also perform an audit of the 1082 methodology used in establishing the environmental protection 1083 disposal fee. The Florida Public Service Commission or the 1084 county commission shall, within 120 days after completion of an 1085 audit, file the audit report with the President of the Senate 1086 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives and shall 1087 provide copies to the county commissions of the counties set 1088 forth in subparagraph 17 sub-subparagraph b. The books and 1089 records of any facilities receiving compensation from an 1090 environmental protection disposal fee shall be open to the 1091 Florida Public Service Commission and the Auditor General for 1092 review upon request.

### Page 42 of 88

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1093 19.7. The Department of Health shall require all entities disposing of septage within the Lake Okeechobee watershed to 1094 1095 develop and submit to that agency an agricultural use plan that 1096 limits applications based upon phosphorus loading consistent 1097 with the Lake Okeechobee Basin Management Action Plan adopted 1098 pursuant to s. 403.067. By July 1, 2005, phosphorus 1099 concentrations originating from these application sites may not 1100 exceed the limits established in the district's WOD program. 1101 20.8. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 1102 shall initiate rulemaking requiring entities within the Lake 1103 Okeechobee watershed which land-apply animal manure to develop 1104 resource management system level conservation plans, according to United States Department of Agriculture criteria, which limit 1105 1106 such application. Such rules may include criteria and thresholds 1107 for the requirement to develop a conservation or nutrient 1108 management plan, requirements for plan approval, and 1109 recordkeeping requirements. 1110 21. The district shall revise chapter 40E-61, Florida 1111 Administrative Code, to be consistent with this section and s. 403.067; provide for a monitoring program for nonpoint source 1112

1113 dischargers required to monitor water quality by s. 403.067; and 1114 provide for the results of such monitoring to be reported to the 1115 coordinating agencies.

- 11169. The district, the department, or the Department of1117Agriculture and Consumer Services, as appropriate, shall
- 1118 implement those alternative nutrient reduction technologies

Page 43 of 88

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1119 determined to be feasible pursuant to subparagraph (d)6. (d) Lake Okeechobee Watershed Research and Water Quality 1120 1121 Monitoring Program.-The district, in cooperation with the other 1122 coordinating agencies, shall establish a Lake Okeechobee 1123 Watershed Research and Water Quality Monitoring Program that 1124 builds upon the district's existing Lake Okeechobee research 1125 program. The program shall: 1126 1. Evaluate all available existing water quality data 1127 concerning total phosphorus in the Lake Okeechobee watershed, 1128 develop a water quality baseline to represent existing 1129 conditions for total phosphorus, monitor long-term ecological 1130 changes, including water quality for total phosphorus, and measure compliance with water quality standards for total 1131 1132 phosphorus, including any applicable total maximum daily load 1133 for the Lake Okeechobee watershed as established pursuant to s. 1134 403.067. Every 3 years, the district shall reevaluate water 1135 quality and quantity data to ensure that the appropriate 1136 projects are being designated and implemented to meet the water 1137 quality and storage goals of the plan. The district shall also 1138 implement a total phosphorus monitoring program at appropriate 1139 structures owned or operated by the South Florida Water 1140 Management District and within the Lake Okeechobee watershed. 1141 2. Develop a Lake Okeechobee water quality model that 1142 reasonably represents phosphorus dynamics of the lake and incorporates an uncertainty analysis associated with model 1143 1144 predictions.

Page 44 of 88

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1145 3. Determine the relative contribution of phosphorus from all identifiable sources and all primary and secondary land 1146 1147 uses. 1148 4. Conduct an assessment of the sources of phosphorus from 1149 the Upper Kissimmee Chain-of-Lakes and Lake Istokpoga, and their relative contribution to the water quality of Lake Okeechobee. 1150 The results of this assessment shall be used by the coordinating 1151 1152 agencies to develop interim measures, best management practices, 1153 or regulation, as applicable. 1154 5. Assess current water management practices within the 1155 Lake Okeechobee watershed and develop recommendations for 1156 structural and operational improvements. Such recommendations shall balance water supply, flood control, estuarine salinity, 1157 1158 maintenance of a healthy lake littoral zone, and water quality 1159 considerations. 1160 6. Evaluate the feasibility of alternative nutrient 1161 reduction technologies, including sediment traps, canal and ditch maintenance, fish production or other aquaculture, 1162 1163 bioenergy conversion processes, and algal or other biological 1164 treatment technologies. 1165 7. Conduct an assessment of the water volumes and timing 1166 from the Lake Okeechobee watershed and their relative contribution to the water level changes in Lake Okeechobee and 1167 1168 to the timing and volume of water delivered to the estuaries. (c) (c) Lake Okeechobee Exotic Species Control Program.-The 1169 1170 coordinating agencies shall identify the exotic species that Page 45 of 88

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1171 threaten the native flora and fauna within the Lake Okeechobee 1172 watershed and develop and implement measures to protect the 1173 native flora and fauna.

1174 (d) (f) Lake Okeechobee Internal Phosphorus Management 1175 Program.-The district, in cooperation with the other 1176 coordinating agencies and interested parties, shall evaluate the 1177 feasibility of complete a Lake Okeechobee internal phosphorus load removal projects feasibility study. The evaluation 1178 feasibility study shall be based on technical feasibility, as 1179 1180 well as economic considerations, and shall consider address all reasonable methods of phosphorus removal. If projects methods 1181 1182 are found to be feasible, the district shall immediately pursue 1183 the design, funding, and permitting for implementing such 1184 projects methods.

1185 (e) (g) Lake Okeechobee Watershed Protection Program Plan 1186 implementation.-The coordinating agencies shall be jointly 1187 responsible for implementing the Lake Okeechobee Watershed 1188 Protection Program Plan, consistent with the statutory authority 1189 and responsibility of each agency. Annual funding priorities shall be jointly established, and the highest priority shall be 1190 1191 assigned to programs and projects that address sources that have 1192 the highest relative contribution to loading and the greatest potential for reductions needed to meet the total maximum daily 1193 loads. In determining funding priorities, the coordinating 1194 agencies shall also consider the need for regulatory compliance, 1195 1196 the extent to which the program or project is ready to proceed,

### Page 46 of 88

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1197 and the availability of federal matching funds or other nonstate 1198 funding, including public-private partnerships. Federal and 1199 other nonstate funding shall be maximized to the greatest extent 1200 practicable.

1201 <u>(f)(h)</u> Priorities and implementation schedules.—The 1202 coordinating agencies are authorized and directed to establish 1203 priorities and implementation schedules for the achievement of 1204 total maximum daily loads, compliance with the requirements of 1205 s. 403.067, and compliance with applicable water quality 1206 standards within the waters and watersheds subject to this 1207 section.

(i) Legislative ratification.—The coordinating agencies shall submit the Phase II technical plan developed pursuant to paragraph (b) to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives prior to the 2008 legislative session for review. If the Legislature takes no action on the plan during the 2008 legislative session, the plan is deemed approved and may be implemented.

1215 CALOOSAHATCHEE RIVER WATERSHED PROTECTION PROGRAM AND (4)1216 ST. LUCIE RIVER WATERSHED PROTECTION PROGRAM.-A protection 1217 program shall be developed and implemented as specified in this 1218 subsection. In order to protect and restore surface water 1219 resources, the program shall address the reduction of pollutant 1220 loadings, restoration of natural hydrology, and compliance with 1221 applicable state water quality standards. The program shall be 1222 achieved through a phased program of implementation. In

### Page 47 of 88

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1223 addition, pollutant load reductions based upon adopted total maximum daily loads established in accordance with s. 403.067 1224 1225 shall serve as a program objective. In the development and 1226 administration of the program, the coordinating agencies shall 1227 maximize opportunities provided by federal and local government 1228 cost-sharing programs and opportunities for partnerships with 1229 the private sector and local government. The program plan shall include a goal for salinity envelopes and freshwater inflow 1230 targets for the estuaries based upon existing research and 1231 1232 documentation. The goal may be revised as new information is 1233 available. This goal shall seek to reduce the frequency and 1234 duration of undesirable salinity ranges while meeting the other 1235 water-related needs of the region, including water supply and 1236 flood protection, while recognizing the extent to which water 1237 inflows are within the control and jurisdiction of the district.

1238 Caloosahatchee River Watershed Protection Plan.-No (a) 1239 later than January 1, 2009, The district, in cooperation with 1240 the other coordinating agencies, Lee County, and affected 1241 counties and municipalities, shall complete a River Watershed Protection Plan in accordance with this subsection. The 1242 1243 Caloosahatchee River Watershed Protection Plan shall identify 1244 the geographic extent of the watershed, be coordinated as needed 1245 with the plans developed pursuant to paragraph (3)(a) and 1246 paragraph (c) (b) of this subsection, and contain an implementation schedule for pollutant load reductions consistent 1247 1248 with any adopted total maximum daily loads and compliance with

Page 48 of 88

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1249 applicable state water quality standards. The plan shall include 1250 the Caloosahatchee River Watershed Construction Project and the 1251 <u>Caloosahatchee River Watershed Research and Water Quality</u> 1252 <u>Monitoring Program.</u>÷

1253 1. Caloosahatchee River Watershed Construction Project.-To 1254 improve the hydrology, water quality, and aquatic habitats 1255 within the watershed, the district shall, no later than January 1256 1, 2012, plan, design, and construct the initial phase of the 1257 Watershed Construction Project. In doing so, the district shall:

a. Develop and designate the facilities to be constructed
to achieve stated goals and objectives of the Caloosahatchee
River Watershed Protection Plan.

b. Conduct scientific studies that are necessary to
support the design of the Caloosahatchee River Watershed
Construction Project facilities.

c. Identify the size and location of all such facilities.

1265 d. Provide a construction schedule for all such 1266 facilities, including the sequencing and specific timeframe for 1267 construction of each facility.

e. Provide a schedule for the acquisition of lands or
sufficient interests necessary to achieve the construction
schedule.

f. Provide a schedule of costs and benefits associated
with each construction project and identify funding sources.
To ensure timely implementation, coordinate the design,

1274 scheduling, and sequencing of project facilities with the

### Page 49 of 88

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1275 coordinating agencies, Lee County, other affected counties and 1276 municipalities, and other affected parties.

1277 2. Caloosahatchee River Watershed Research and Water 1278 Quality Monitoring Program.-The district, in cooperation with 1279 the other coordinating agencies and local governments, shall 1280 implement a Caloosahatchee River Watershed Research and Water 1281 Quality Monitoring Program that builds upon the district's 1282 existing research program and that is sufficient to carry out, 1283 comply with, or assess the plans, programs, and other 1284 responsibilities created by this subsection. The program shall 1285 also conduct an assessment of the water volumes and timing from 1286 Lake Okeechobee and the Caloosahatchee River watershed and their relative contributions to the timing and volume of water 1287 1288 delivered to the estuary.

1289 (b) 2. Caloosahatchee River Watershed Basin Management 1290 Action Plans Pollutant Control Program. - The basin management 1291 action plans adopted pursuant to s. 403.067 for the 1292 Caloosahatchee River watershed shall be the Caloosahatchee River 1293 Watershed Pollutant Control Program. The plans shall be is 1294 designed to be a multifaceted approach to reducing pollutant 1295 loads by improving the management of pollutant sources within 1296 the Caloosahatchee River watershed through implementation of 1297 regulations and best management practices, development and implementation of improved best management practices, 1298 1299 improvement and restoration of the hydrologic function of 1300 natural and managed systems, and utilization of alternative

### Page 50 of 88

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1301 technologies for pollutant reduction, such as cost-effective biologically based, hybrid wetland/chemical and other innovative 1302 1303 nutrient control technologies. The plans shall contain an 1304 implementation schedule for pollutant load reductions consistent 1305 with the adopted total maximum daily load. The coordinating 1306 agencies shall facilitate the use utilization of federal 1307 programs that offer opportunities for water quality treatment, 1308 including preservation, restoration, or creation of wetlands on 1309 agricultural lands.

1310 1.a. Nonpoint source best management practices consistent 1311 with s. 403.067 paragraph (3) (c), designed to achieve the 1312 objectives of the Caloosahatchee River Watershed Protection 1313 Program, shall be implemented on an expedited basis. The 1314 coordinating agencies may develop an intergovernmental agreement 1315 with local governments to implement the nonagricultural, 1316 nonpoint-source best management practices within their 1317 respective geographic boundaries.

1318 2.<del>b.</del> This subsection does not preclude the department or 1319 the district from requiring compliance with water quality 1320 standards, adopted total maximum daily loads, or current best 1321 management practices requirements set forth in any applicable 1322 regulatory program authorized by law for the purpose of 1323 protecting water quality. This subsection applies only to the extent that it does not conflict with any rules adopted by the 1324 1325 department or district which are necessary to maintain a 1326 federally delegated or approved program.

### Page 51 of 88

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1327 3.c. Projects that make use of private lands, or lands held in trust for Indian tribes, to reduce pollutant loadings or 1328 1329 concentrations within a basin, or that reduce the volume of 1330 harmful discharges by one or more of the following methods: 1331 restoring the natural hydrology of the basin, restoring wildlife habitat or impacted wetlands, reducing peak flows after storm 1332 events, or increasing aquifer recharge, are eligible for grants 1333 1334 available under this section from the coordinating agencies. 1335 4.<del>d.</del> The Caloosahatchee River Watershed Basin Management 1336 Action Plans Pollutant Control Program shall require assessment 1337 of current water management practices within the watershed and 1338 shall require development of recommendations for structural, 1339 nonstructural, and operational improvements. Such 1340 recommendations shall consider and balance water supply, flood 1341 control, estuarine salinity, aquatic habitat, and water quality 1342 considerations. 1343 5.e. After December 31, 2007, The department may not 1344 authorize the disposal of domestic wastewater biosolids 1345 residuals within the Caloosahatchee River watershed unless the 1346 applicant can affirmatively demonstrate that the nutrients in 1347 the biosolids residuals will not add to nutrient loadings in the 1348 watershed. This demonstration shall be based on achieving a net 1349 balance between nutrient imports relative to exports on the

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### Page 52 of 88

permitted application site. Exports shall include only nutrients

removed from the watershed through products generated on the

permitted application site. This prohibition does not apply to

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1353 Class AA biosolids residuals that are marketed and distributed 1354 as fertilizer products in accordance with department rule. 1355 6.f. The Department of Health shall require all entities 1356 disposing of septage within the Caloosahatchee River watershed 1357 to develop and submit to that agency an agricultural use plan 1358 that limits applications based upon nutrient loading consistent 1359 with any basin management action plan adopted pursuant to s. 1360 403.067. By July 1, 2008, nutrient concentrations originating 1361 from these application sites may not exceed the limits 1362 established in the district's WOD program.

1363 7.<del>g.</del> The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 1364 shall require initiate rulemaking requiring entities within the 1365 Caloosahatchee River watershed which land-apply animal manure to 1366 develop a resource management system level conservation plan, 1367 according to United States Department of Agriculture criteria, 1368 which limit such application. Such rules may include criteria 1369 and thresholds for the requirement to develop a conservation or 1370 nutrient management plan, requirements for plan approval, and 1371 recordkeeping requirements.

3. Caloosahatchee River Watershed Research and Water Quality Monitoring Program. The district, in cooperation with the other coordinating agencies and local governments, shall establish a Caloosahatchee River Watershed Research and Water Quality Monitoring Program that builds upon the district's existing research program and that is sufficient to carry out, comply with, or assess the plans, programs, and other

Page 53 of 88

1379 responsibilities created by this subsection. The program shall 1380 also conduct an assessment of the water volumes and timing from 1381 the Lake Okeechobee and Caloosahatchee River watersheds and 1382 their relative contributions to the timing and volume of water 1383 delivered to the estuary.

1384 (c) (b) St. Lucie River Watershed Protection Plan. - No later 1385 than January 1, 2009, The district, in cooperation with the 1386 other coordinating agencies, Martin County, and affected counties and municipalities shall complete a plan in accordance 1387 1388 with this subsection. The St. Lucie River Watershed Protection 1389 Plan shall identify the geographic extent of the watershed, be 1390 coordinated as needed with the plans developed pursuant to paragraph (3) (a) and paragraph (a) of this subsection, and 1391 contain an implementation schedule for pollutant load reductions 1392 1393 consistent with any adopted total maximum daily loads and 1394 compliance with applicable state water quality standards. The 1395 plan shall include the St. Lucie River Watershed Construction 1396 Project and St. Lucie River Watershed Research and Water Quality 1397 Monitoring Program. +

St. Lucie River Watershed Construction Project.-To 1398 1. 1399 improve the hydrology, water quality, and aquatic habitats 1400 within the watershed, the district shall, no later than January 1401 1, 2012, plan, design, and construct the initial phase of the Watershed Construction Project. In doing so, the district shall: 1402 1403 Develop and designate the facilities to be constructed a. 1404 to achieve stated goals and objectives of the St. Lucie River

### Page 54 of 88

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1405 Watershed Protection Plan.

b. Identify the size and location of all such facilities.
c. Provide a construction schedule for all such
facilities, including the sequencing and specific timeframe for
construction of each facility.

1410 d. Provide a schedule for the acquisition of lands or 1411 sufficient interests necessary to achieve the construction 1412 schedule.

1413 e. Provide a schedule of costs and benefits associated1414 with each construction project and identify funding sources.

1415 f. To ensure timely implementation, coordinate the design, 1416 scheduling, and sequencing of project facilities with the 1417 coordinating agencies, Martin County, St. Lucie County, other 1418 interested parties, and other affected local governments.

1419 2. St. Lucie River Watershed Research and Water Quality 1420 Monitoring Program.-The district, in cooperation with the other 1421 coordinating agencies and local governments, shall establish a 1422 St. Lucie River Watershed Research and Water Quality Monitoring 1423 Program that builds upon the district's existing research 1424 program and that is sufficient to carry out, comply with, or 1425 assess the plans, programs, and other responsibilities created 1426 by this subsection. The program shall also conduct an assessment 1427 of the water volumes and timing from Lake Okeechobee and the St. 1428 Lucie River watershed and their relative contributions to the 1429 timing and volume of water delivered to the estuary. 1430 (d) 2. St. Lucie River Watershed Basin Management Action

Page 55 of 88

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1431 Plans Pollutant Control Program.-Basin management action plans for the St. Lucie River watershed adopted pursuant to s. 403.067 1432 1433 shall be the St. Lucie River Watershed Pollutant Control Program 1434 and shall be is designed to be a multifaceted approach to 1435 reducing pollutant loads by improving the management of 1436 pollutant sources within the St. Lucie River watershed through 1437 implementation of regulations and best management practices, development and implementation of improved best management 1438 practices, improvement and restoration of the hydrologic 1439 1440 function of natural and managed systems, and use utilization of 1441 alternative technologies for pollutant reduction, such as cost-1442 effective biologically based, hybrid wetland/chemical and other innovative nutrient control technologies. The plan shall contain 1443 1444 an implementation schedule for pollutant load reductions 1445 consistent with the adopted total maximum daily load. The 1446 coordinating agencies shall facilitate the use utilization of 1447 federal programs that offer opportunities for water quality 1448 treatment, including preservation, restoration, or creation of 1449 wetlands on agricultural lands. 1450 1.a. Nonpoint source best management practices consistent

1450 <u>1.d.</u> Nonpoint source best management practices consistent 1451 with <u>s. 403.067</u> paragraph (3)(c), designed to achieve the 1452 objectives of the St. Lucie River Watershed Protection Program, 1453 shall be implemented on an expedited basis. The coordinating 1454 agencies may develop an intergovernmental agreement with local 1455 governments to implement the nonagricultural nonpoint source 1456 best management practices within their respective geographic

### Page 56 of 88

1457 boundaries.

2.<del>b.</del> This subsection does not preclude the department or 1458 1459 the district from requiring compliance with water quality 1460 standards, adopted total maximum daily loads, or current best 1461 management practices requirements set forth in any applicable 1462 regulatory program authorized by law for the purpose of protecting water quality. This subsection applies only to the 1463 1464 extent that it does not conflict with any rules adopted by the 1465 department or district which are necessary to maintain a 1466 federally delegated or approved program.

1467 3.e. Projects that make use of private lands, or lands 1468 held in trust for Indian tribes, to reduce pollutant loadings or concentrations within a basin, or that reduce the volume of 1469 1470 harmful discharges by one or more of the following methods: 1471 restoring the natural hydrology of the basin, restoring wildlife 1472 habitat or impacted wetlands, reducing peak flows after storm 1473 events, or increasing aquifer recharge, are eligible for grants 1474 available under this section from the coordinating agencies.

1475 4.d. The St. Lucie River Watershed Basin Management Action 1476 Plans Pollutant Control Program shall require assessment of 1477 current water management practices within the watershed and 1478 shall require development of recommendations for structural, nonstructural, and operational improvements. Such 1479 1480 recommendations shall consider and balance water supply, flood control, estuarine salinity, aquatic habitat, and water quality 1481 1482 considerations.

### Page 57 of 88

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1483 5.e. After December 31, 2007, The department may not authorize the disposal of domestic wastewater biosolids 1484 1485 residuals within the St. Lucie River watershed unless the 1486 applicant can affirmatively demonstrate that the nutrients in 1487 the biosolids residuals will not add to nutrient loadings in the 1488 watershed. This demonstration shall be based on achieving a net 1489 balance between nutrient imports relative to exports on the permitted application site. Exports shall include only nutrients 1490 removed from the St. Lucie River watershed through products 1491 1492 generated on the permitted application site. This prohibition 1493 does not apply to Class AA biosolids residuals that are marketed 1494 and distributed as fertilizer products in accordance with 1495 department rule.

1496 6.f. The Department of Health shall require all entities 1497 disposing of septage within the St. Lucie River watershed to 1498 develop and submit to that agency an agricultural use plan that 1499 limits applications based upon nutrient loading consistent with 1500 any basin management action plan adopted pursuant to s. 403.067. 1501 By July 1, 2008, nutrient concentrations originating from these 1502 application sites may not exceed the limits established in the 1503 district's WOD program.

1504 <u>7.g.</u> The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 1505 shall initiate rulemaking requiring entities within the St. 1506 Lucie River watershed which land-apply animal manure to develop 1507 a resource management system level conservation plan, according 1508 to United States Department of Agriculture criteria, which limit

### Page 58 of 88

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1509 such application. Such rules may include criteria and thresholds 1510 for the requirement to develop a conservation or nutrient 1511 management plan, requirements for plan approval, and 1512 recordkeeping requirements.

1513 3. St. Lucie River Watershed Research and Water Quality 1514 Monitoring Program. The district, in cooperation with the other 1515 coordinating agencies and local governments, shall establish a 1516 St. Lucie River Watershed Research and Water Quality Monitoring 1517 Program that builds upon the district's existing research 1518 program and that is sufficient to carry out, comply with, or 1519 assess the plans, programs, and other responsibilities created 1520 by this subsection. The program shall also conduct an assessment 1521 of the water volumes and timing from the Lake Okeechobee and St. Lucie River watersheds and their relative contributions to the 1522 1523 timing and volume of water delivered to the estuary.

1524 (e) (c) River Watershed Protection Plan implementation.-The 1525 coordinating agencies shall be jointly responsible for 1526 implementing the River Watershed Protection Plans, consistent 1527 with the statutory authority and responsibility of each agency. 1528 Annual funding priorities shall be jointly established, and the 1529 highest priority shall be assigned to programs and projects that 1530 have the greatest potential for achieving the goals and 1531 objectives of the plans. In determining funding priorities, the coordinating agencies shall also consider the need for 1532 1533 regulatory compliance, the extent to which the program or 1534 project is ready to proceed, and the availability of federal or

### Page 59 of 88

1535 local government matching funds. Federal and other nonstate 1536 funding shall be maximized to the greatest extent practicable.

(f) (d) Evaluation.-Beginning By March 1, 2020 2012, and 1537 1538 every 5  $\rightarrow$  years thereafter concurrent with the updates of the 1539 basin management action plans adopted pursuant to s. 403.067, 1540 the district, in cooperation with the other coordinating 1541 agencies, shall conduct an evaluation of any pollutant load 1542 reduction goals, as well as any other specific objectives and 1543 goals, as stated in the River Watershed Protection Programs 1544 Plans. Additionally, The district shall identify modifications 1545 to facilities of the River Watershed Construction Projects, as 1546 appropriate, or any other elements of the River Watershed 1547 Protection Programs Plans. The evaluation shall be included in 1548 the annual progress report submitted pursuant to this section.

1549 <u>(g) (e)</u> Priorities and implementation schedules.—The 1550 coordinating agencies are authorized and directed to establish 1551 priorities and implementation schedules for the achievement of 1552 total maximum daily loads, the requirements of s. 403.067, and 1553 compliance with applicable water quality standards within the 1554 waters and watersheds subject to this section.

1555 (f) Legislative ratification. The coordinating agencies shall submit the River Watershed Protection Plans developed pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives prior to the 2009 legislative session for review. If the Legislature takes no action on the plan during the 2009 legislative session,

Page 60 of 88

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1 the plan is deemed approved and may be implemented.

1562 (5)ADOPTION AND IMPLEMENTATION OF TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY 1563 LOADS AND DEVELOPMENT OF BASIN MANAGEMENT ACTION PLANS.-The 1564 department is directed to expedite development and adoption of 1565 total maximum daily loads for the Caloosahatchee River and 1566 estuary. The department is further directed to, no later than 1567 December 31, 2008, propose for final agency action total maximum 1568 daily loads for nutrients in the tidal portions of the 1569 Caloosahatchee River and estuary. The department shall initiate 1570 development of basin management action plans for Lake 1571 Okeechobee, the Caloosahatchee River watershed and estuary, and 1572 the St. Lucie River watershed and estuary as provided in s. 403.067 403.067(7)(a) as follows: 1573

(a) Basin management action plans shall be developed as
soon as practicable as determined necessary by the department to
achieve the total maximum daily loads established for the Lake
Okeechobee watershed and the estuaries.

(b) The Phase II technical plan development pursuant to
paragraph (3) (a) (3) (b), and the River Watershed Protection Plans
developed pursuant to paragraphs (4) (a) and (c) (b), shall
provide the basis for basin management action plans developed by
the department.

(c) As determined necessary by the department in order to achieve the total maximum daily loads, additional or modified projects or programs that complement those in the legislatively ratified plans may be included during the development of the

### Page 61 of 88

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1587	basin management action plan.
1588	(d) As provided in s. 403.067, management strategies and
1589	pollution reduction requirements set forth in a basin management
1590	action plan subject to permitting by the department under
1591	subsection (7) must be completed pursuant to the schedule set
1592	forth in the basin management action plan, as amended. The
1593	implementation schedule may extend beyond the 5-year permit
1594	term.
1595	(e) As provided in s. 403.067, management strategies and
1596	pollution reduction requirements set forth in a basin management
1597	action plan for a specific pollutant of concern are not subject
1598	to challenge under chapter 120 at the time they are
1599	incorporated, in an identical form, into a department or
1600	district issued permit or a permit modification issued in
1601	accordance with subsection (7).
1602	(d) Development of basin management action plans that
1603	implement the provisions of the legislatively ratified plans
1604	shall be initiated by the department no later than September 30
1605	of the year in which the applicable plan is ratified. Where a
1606	total maximum daily load has not been established at the time of
1607	plan ratification, development of basin management action plans
1608	shall be initiated no later than 90 days following adoption of
1609	the applicable total maximum daily load.
1610	(6) ANNUAL PROGRESS REPORTEach March 1 the district, in
1611	cooperation with the other coordinating agencies, shall report
1612	on implementation of this section as part of the consolidated
I	Page 62 of 88

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2015

1613 annual report required in s. 373.036(7). The annual report shall include a summary of the conditions of the hydrology, water 1614 1615 quality, and aquatic habitat in the northern Everglades based on 1616 the results of the Research and Water Quality Monitoring 1617 Programs, the status of the Lake Okeechobee Watershed Construction Project, the status of the Caloosahatchee River 1618 1619 Watershed Construction Project, and the status of the St. Lucie 1620 River Watershed Construction Project. In addition, the report 1621 shall contain an annual accounting of the expenditure of funds 1622 from the Save Our Everglades Trust Fund. At a minimum, the 1623 annual report shall provide detail by program and plan, 1624 including specific information concerning the amount and use of 1625 funds from federal, state, or local government sources. In detailing the use of these funds, the district shall indicate 1626 1627 those designated to meet requirements for matching funds. The 1628 district shall prepare the report in cooperation with the other 1629 coordinating agencies and affected local governments. The 1630 department shall report on the status of the Lake Okeechobee 1631 Basin Management Action Plan, the Caloosahatchee Estuary Basin Management Action Plan, and the St. Lucie River and Estuary 1632 1633 Basin Management Action Plan. The Department of Agriculture and 1634 Consumer Services shall report on the status of the 1635 implementation of the agricultural nonpoint source best 1636 management practices. 1637 LAKE OKEECHOBEE PROTECTION PERMITS.-(7)1638 The Legislature finds that the Lake Okeechobee (a)

### Page 63 of 88

Matershed Protection Program will benefit Lake Okeechobee and downstream receiving waters and is <u>in consistent with</u> the public interest. The Lake Okeechobee <u>Watershed</u> Construction Project<u>,</u> and structures discharging into or from Lake Okeechobee shall be constructed, operated, and maintained in accordance with this section.

1645 (b) Permits obtained pursuant to this section are in lieu 1646 of all other permits under this chapter or chapter 403, except 1647 those issued under s. 403.0885, if applicable. No Additional 1648 permits are not required for the Lake Okeechobee Watershed 1649 Construction Project, or structures discharging into or from 1650 Lake Okeechobee $_{\tau}$  if such projects or structures are permitted under this section. Construction activities related to 1651 implementation of the Lake Okeechobee Watershed Construction 1652 1653 Project may be initiated before prior to final agency action, or 1654 notice of intended agency action, on any permit from the 1655 department under this section.

(c)1. Within 90 days of completion of the diversion plans 1656 set forth in Department Consent Orders 91-0694, 91-0707, 91-1657 0706, 91-0705, and RT50-205564, Owners or operators of existing 1658 1659 structures which discharge into or from Lake Okeechobee that 1660 were subject to Department Consent Orders 91-0694, 91-0707, 91-1661 0706, 91-0705, and RT50-205564 and that are subject to the provisions of s. 373.4592(4)(a) do not require a permit under 1662 1663 this section and shall be governed by permits issued under apply 1664 for a permit from the department to operate and maintain such

Page 64 of 88

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1665 structures. By September 1, 2000, owners or operators of all other existing structures which discharge into or from Lake 1666 1667 Okeechobee shall apply for a permit from the department to 1668 operate and maintain such structures. The department shall issue 1669 one or more such permits for a term of 5 years upon the 1670 demonstration of reasonable assurance that schedules and 1671 strategies to achieve and maintain compliance with water quality 1672 standards have been provided for, to the maximum extent 1673 practicable, and that operation of the structures otherwise 1674 complies with provisions of ss. 373.413 and 373.416 and the Lake 1675 Okeechobee Basin Management Action Plan adopted pursuant to s. 1676 403.067. 1677 1. Permits issued under this paragraph shall also contain 1678 reasonable conditions to ensure that discharges of waters 1679 through structures: 1680 a. Are adequately and accurately monitored; 1681 Will not degrade existing Lake Okeechobee water quality 1682 and will result in an overall reduction of phosphorus input into 1683 Lake Okeechobee, as set forth in the district's Technical 1684 Publication 81-2 and the total maximum daily load established in 1685 accordance with s. 403.067, to the maximum extent practicable; 1686 and 1687 c. Do not pose a serious danger to public health, safety, 1688 or welfare. 1689 For the purposes of this paragraph, owners and 2. 1690 operators of existing structures which are subject to the Page 65 of 88

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1691 provisions of s. 373.4592(4)(a) and which discharge into or from 1692 Lake Okeechobee shall be deemed in compliance with <u>this</u> 1693 <u>paragraph</u> the term "maximum extent practicable" if they are in 1694 full compliance with the conditions of permits under <u>chapter</u> 1695 <u>chapters 40E-61 and</u> 40E-63, Florida Administrative Code.

1696 3. By January 1, 2004, The district shall obtain from 1697 submit to the department a permit modification to the Lake Okeechobee structure permits to incorporate proposed changes 1698 1699 necessary to ensure that discharges through the structures 1700 covered by this permit are consistent with the basin management 1701 action plan adopted pursuant to achieve state water quality 1702 standards, including the total maximum daily load established in 1703 accordance with s. 403.067. These changes shall be designed to 1704 achieve such compliance with state water quality standards no 1705 later than January 1, 2015.

(d) The department shall require permits for <u>district</u>
regional projects that are part of the Lake Okeechobee <u>Watershed</u>
Construction Project facilities. However, projects identified in
sub-subparagraph (3) (b)1.b. that qualify as exempt pursuant to
s. 373.406 <u>do</u> shall not require need permits under this section.
Such permits shall be issued for a term of 5 years upon the
demonstration of reasonable assurances that:

1713 1. <u>District regional projects that are part of</u> the Lake 1714 Okeechobee <u>Watershed</u> Construction Project <del>facility, based upon</del> 1715 the conceptual design documents and any subsequent detailed 1716 design documents developed by the district, will <u>shall</u> achieve

Page 66 of 88

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1717 the design objectives for phosphorus required in subparagraph
1718 (3)(a)1. paragraph (3)(b);

1719 2. For water quality standards other than phosphorus, the 1720 quality of water discharged from the facility is of equal or 1721 better quality than the inflows;

Discharges from the facility do not pose a serious
 danger to public health, safety, or welfare; and

4. Any impacts on wetlands or state-listed species
resulting from implementation of that facility of the Lake
Okeechobee Construction Project are minimized and mitigated, as
appropriate.

(e) At least 60 days <u>before</u> prior to the expiration of any
permit issued under this section, the permittee may apply for a
renewal thereof for a period of 5 years.

1731 (f) Permits issued under this section may include any 1732 standard conditions provided by department rule which are 1733 appropriate and consistent with this section.

(g) Permits issued <u>under pursuant to</u> this section may be modified, as appropriate, upon review and approval by the department.

1737Section 9. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (6) of1738section 373.536, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

373.536 District budget and hearing thereon.-

1740 (6) FINAL BUDGET; ANNUAL AUDIT; CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PLAN;1741 WATER RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT WORK PROGRAM.—

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(a)

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### Page 67 of 88

Each district must, by the date specified for each

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1743 item, furnish copies of the following documents to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of 1744 1745 Representatives, the chairs of all legislative committees and 1746 subcommittees having substantive or fiscal jurisdiction over the 1747 districts, as determined by the President of the Senate or the 1748 Speaker of the House of Representatives as applicable, the 1749 secretary of the department, and the governing board of each county in which the district has jurisdiction or derives any 1750 1751 funds for the operations of the district:

1752 1. The adopted budget, to be furnished within 10 days 1753 after its adoption.

2. A financial audit of its accounts and records, to be furnished within 10 days after its acceptance by the governing board. The audit must be conducted in accordance with s. 11.45 and the rules adopted thereunder. In addition to the entities named above, the district must provide a copy of the audit to the Auditor General within 10 days after its acceptance by the governing board.

3. A 5-year capital improvements plan, to be included in the consolidated annual report required by s. 373.036(7). The plan must include expected sources of revenue for planned improvements and must be prepared in a manner comparable to the fixed capital outlay format set forth in s. 216.043.

4. A 5-year water resource development work program to be
furnished within 30 days after the adoption of the final budget.
The program must describe the district's implementation strategy

### Page 68 of 88

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2015

1769	and include an annual funding plan for each of the 5 years
1770	${ m included}$ in the plan for the water resource ${ m and}_{m  au}$ water supply $_{m  au}$
1771	development components, including and alternative water supply
1772	development, components of each approved regional water supply
1773	plan developed or revised under s. 373.709. The work program
1774	must address all the elements of the water resource development
1775	component in the district's approved regional water supply
1776	plans, as well as the water supply projects proposed for
1777	district funding and assistance. The annual funding plan shall
1778	identify both anticipated available district funding and
1779	additional funding needs for the second through fifth years of
1780	the funding plan. The work program and must identify projects in
1781	the work program which will provide water; explain how each
1782	water resource, and water supply, and alternative water supply
1783	development project will produce additional water available for
1784	consumptive uses; estimate the quantity of water to be produced
1785	by each project; and provide an assessment of the contribution
1786	of the district's regional water supply plans in supporting the
1787	implementation of minimum flows and levels and reservations; and
1788	<u>ensure</u> <del>providing</del> sufficient water <u>is available</u> <del>needed</del> to timely
1789	meet the water supply needs of existing and future reasonable-
1790	beneficial uses for a 1-in-10-year drought event and to avoid
1791	the adverse effects of competition for water supplies.
1792	(b) Within 30 days after its submittal, the department
1793	shall review the proposed work program and submit its findings,
1794	questions, and comments to the district. The review must include

# Page 69 of 88

2015

1795 a written evaluation of the program's consistency with the furtherance of the district's approved regional water supply 1796 1797 plans, and the adequacy of proposed expenditures. As part of the 1798 review, the department shall post the work program on its 1799 website and give interested parties the opportunity to provide 1800 written comments on each district's proposed work program. 1801 Within 45 days after receipt of the department's evaluation, the governing board shall state in writing to the department which 1802 1803 of the changes recommended in the evaluation it will incorporate 1804 into its work program submitted as part of the March 1 1805 consolidated annual report required by s. 373.036(7) or specify 1806 the reasons for not incorporating the changes. The department shall include the district's responses in a final evaluation 1807 1808 report and shall submit a copy of the report to the Governor, 1809 the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 1810 Representatives.

1811 Section 10. Subsection (9) of section 373.703, Florida 1812 Statutes, is amended to read:

1813 373.703 Water production; general powers and duties.—In 1814 the performance of, and in conjunction with, its other powers 1815 and duties, the governing board of a water management district 1816 existing pursuant to this chapter:

(9) May join with one or more other water management districts, counties, municipalities, special districts, publicly owned or privately owned water utilities, multijurisdictional water supply entities, regional water supply authorities,

### Page 70 of 88

1821 private landowners, or self-suppliers for the purpose of carrying out its powers, and may contract with such other 1822 1823 entities to finance acquisitions, construction, operation, and 1824 maintenance, provided that such contracts are consistent with 1825 the public interest. The contract may provide for contributions 1826 to be made by each party to the contract for the division and 1827 apportionment of the expenses of acquisitions, construction, operation, and maintenance, and for the division and 1828 1829 apportionment of resulting benefits, services, and products. The 1830 contracts may contain other covenants and agreements necessary 1831 and appropriate to accomplish their purposes.

Section 11. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2), subsection (3), and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 373.705, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1835 373.705 Water resource development; water supply 1836 development.-

1837

(2) It is the intent of the Legislature that:

1838 Water management districts take the lead in (b) 1839 identifying and implementing water resource development 1840 projects, and be responsible for securing necessary funding for 1841 regionally significant water resource development projects, 1842 including regionally significant projects that prevent or limit 1843 adverse water resource impacts, avoid competition among water 1844 users, or support the provision of new water supplies in order 1845 to help implement a minimum flow or level or water reservation. 1846 (3) (a) The water management districts shall fund and

Page 71 of 88

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1847 implement water resource development as defined in s. 373.019. 1848 The water management districts are encouraged to implement water 1849 resource development as expeditiously as possible in areas 1850 subject to regional water supply plans. 1851 (b) Each governing board shall include in its annual 1852 budget submittals required under this chapter: 1853 The amount of funds for each project in the annual 1. 1854 funding plan developed pursuant to s. 373.536(6)(a)4. 1855 The total amount needed for the fiscal year to 2. 1856 implement water resource development projects, as prioritized in 1857 its regional water supply plans. 1858 (4) 1859 Water supply development projects that meet the (b) 1860 criteria in paragraph (a) and that meet one or more of the 1861 following additional criteria shall be given first consideration 1862 for state or water management district funding assistance: 1863 The project brings about replacement of existing 1. sources in order to help implement a minimum flow or level; or 1864 1865 2. The project implements reuse that assists in the 1866 elimination of domestic wastewater ocean outfalls as provided in 1867 s. 403.086(9); or 1868 3. The project reduces or eliminates the adverse effects 1869 of competition between legal users and the natural system. 1870 Section 12. Paragraph (f) of subsection (3), paragraph (a) 1871 of subsection (6), and paragraph (e) of subsection (8) of 1872 section 373.707, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: Page 72 of 88

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1873 373.707 Alternative water supply development.-(3) The primary roles of the water management districts in 1874 1875 water resource development as it relates to supporting 1876 alternative water supply development are: 1877 (f) The provision of technical and financial assistance to 1878 local governments, self-suppliers, and publicly owned and 1879 privately owned water utilities for alternative water supply 1880 projects. 1881 (6) (a) Where state The statewide funds are provided 1882 through specific appropriation or pursuant to the Water 1883 Protection and Sustainability Program, such funds serve to 1884 supplement existing water management district or basin board 1885 funding for alternative water supply development assistance and should not result in a reduction of such funding. For each 1886 1887 project identified in the plans prepared pursuant to s. 1888 373.536(6)(a)4. Therefore, the water management districts shall 1889 include in the annual tentative and adopted budget submittals 1890 required under this chapter the amount of funds allocated for 1891 water resource development that supports alternative water 1892 supply development and the funds allocated for alternative water 1893 supply projects selected for inclusion in the Water Protection 1894 and Sustainability Program. It shall be the goal of each water 1895 management district and basin boards that the combined funds 1896 allocated annually for these purposes be, at a minimum, the 1897 equivalent of 100 percent of the state funding provided to the 1898 water management district for alternative water supply

# Page 73 of 88

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1899 development. If this goal is not achieved, the water management district shall provide in the budget submittal an explanation of 1900 1901 the reasons or constraints that prevent this goal from being 1902 met, an explanation of how the goal will be met in future years, 1903 and affirmation of match is required during the budget review process as established under s. 373.536(5). The Suwannee River 1904 1905 Water Management District and the Northwest Florida Water Management District shall not be required to meet the match 1906 1907 requirements of this paragraph; however, they shall try to 1908 achieve the match requirement to the greatest extent practicable. 1909

1910

(8)

(e) Applicants for projects that may receive funding assistance pursuant to the Water Protection and Sustainability Program shall, at a minimum, be required to pay 60 percent of the project's construction costs. The water management districts may, at their discretion, totally or partially waive this requirement for projects sponsored by:

1917 <u>1.</u> Financially disadvantaged small local governments as 1918 defined in former s. 403.885(5); or

1919 <u>2. Water users for projects determined by a water</u> 1920 <u>management district governing board to be in the public interest</u> 1921 <u>pursuant to paragraph (1)(f), if the projects are not otherwise</u> 1922 <u>financially feasible.</u>

1923

1924 The water management districts or basin boards may, at their

## Page 74 of 88

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1925 discretion, use ad valorem or federal revenues to assist a 1926 project applicant in meeting the requirements of this paragraph.

Section 13. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and paragraphs
(a) and (e) of subsection (6) of section 373.709, Florida
Statutes, are amended to read:

1930

373.709 Regional water supply planning.-

1931 (2) Each regional water supply plan must be based on at 1932 least a 20-year planning period and must include, but need not 1933 be limited to:

(a) A water supply development component for each water
supply planning region identified by the district which
includes:

1937 1. A quantification of the water supply needs for all 1938 existing and future reasonable-beneficial uses within the 1939 planning horizon. The level-of-certainty planning goal 1940 associated with identifying the water supply needs of existing 1941 and future reasonable-beneficial uses must be based upon meeting 1942 those needs for a 1-in-10-year drought event.

1943 Population projections used for determining public a. 1944 water supply needs must be based upon the best available data. 1945 In determining the best available data, the district shall 1946 consider the University of Florida Florida's Bureau of Economic 1947 and Business Research (BEBR) medium population projections and population projection data and analysis submitted by a local 1948 1949 government pursuant to the public workshop described in 1950 subsection (1) if the data and analysis support the local

## Page 75 of 88

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1976

1951 government's comprehensive plan. Any adjustment of or deviation from the BEBR projections must be fully described, and the 1952 1953 original BEBR data must be presented along with the adjusted 1954 data.

1955 b. Agricultural demand projections used for determining 1956 the needs of agricultural self-suppliers must be based upon the 1957 best available data. In determining the best available data for agricultural self-supplied water needs, the district shall 1958 consider the data indicative of future water supply demands 1959 1960 provided by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 1961 pursuant to s. 570.93 and agricultural demand projection data 1962 and analysis submitted by a local government pursuant to the public workshop described in subsection (1), if the data and 1963 1964 analysis support the local government's comprehensive plan. Any 1965 adjustment of or deviation from the data provided by the 1966 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services must be fully 1967 described, and the original data must be presented along with 1968 the adjusted data.

1969 2. A list of water supply development project options, including traditional and alternative water supply project 1970 1971 options that are technically and financially feasible, from 1972 which local government, government-owned and privately owned utilities, regional water supply authorities, 1973 multijurisdictional water supply entities, self-suppliers, and 1974 1975 others may choose for water supply development. In addition to projects listed by the district, such users may propose specific

## Page 76 of 88

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1977 projects for inclusion in the list of alternative water supply projects. If such users propose a project to be listed as an 1978 1979 alternative water supply project, the district shall determine 1980 whether it meets the goals of the plan, and, if so, it shall be 1981 included in the list. The total capacity of the projects 1982 included in the plan must exceed the needs identified in 1983 subparagraph 1. and take into account water conservation and 1984 other demand management measures, as well as water resources constraints, including adopted minimum flows and levels and 1985 1986 water reservations. Where the district determines it is 1987 appropriate, the plan should specifically identify the need for 1988 multijurisdictional approaches to project options that, based on planning level analysis, are appropriate to supply the intended 1989 uses and that, based on such analysis, appear to be permittable 1990 1991 and financially and technically feasible. The list of water 1992 supply development options must contain provisions that 1993 recognize that alternative water supply options for agricultural 1994 self-suppliers are limited.

1995 3. For each project option identified in subparagraph 2.,1996 the following must be provided:

1997a. An estimate of the amount of water to become available1998through the project.

b. The timeframe in which the project option should be
implemented and the estimated planning-level costs for capital
investment and operating and maintaining the project.

2002

с.

# Page 77 of 88

An analysis of funding needs and sources of possible

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2003 funding options. For alternative water supply projects, the 2004 water management districts shall provide funding assistance 2005 pursuant to s. 373.707(8).

2006 d. Identification of the entity that should implement each 2007 project option and the current status of project implementation.

(6) Annually and in conjunction with the reporting requirements of s. 373.536(6)(a)4., the department shall submit to the Governor and the Legislature a report on the status of regional water supply planning in each district. The report shall include:

(a) A compilation of the estimated costs of and <u>an</u>
analysis of the sufficiency of potential sources of funding <u>from</u>
<u>all sources</u> for water resource development and water supply
development projects as identified in the water management
district regional water supply plans.

2018 An overall assessment of the progress being made to (e) 2019 develop water supply in each district, including, but not limited to, an explanation of how each project in the 5-year 2020 2021 water resource development work program in s. 373.536(6)(a)4., 2022 either alternative or traditional, will produce, contribute to, 2023 or account for additional water being made available for 2024 consumptive uses, minimum flows and levels, or water 2025 reservations; an estimate of the quantity of water to be 2026 produced by each project;  $\tau$  and an assessment of the contribution 2027 of the district's regional water supply plan in providing 2028 sufficient water to meet the needs of existing and future

## Page 78 of 88

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2029 reasonable-beneficial uses for a 1-in-10-year drought event, as 2030 well as the needs of the natural systems. 2031 Section 14. Part VIII of chapter 373, Florida Statutes, 2032 consisting of ss. 373.801-373.809, is created to read: 2033 PART VIII 2034 FLORIDA SPRINGS AND AQUIFER ACT 2035 373.801 Legislative findings and intent.-2036 The Legislature finds that: (1) 2037 Springs are a unique part of this state's scenic (a) 2038 beauty. Springs provide critical habitat for plants and animals, including many endangered or threatened species, as well as 2039 immeasurable natural, recreational, economic, and inherent 2040 2041 value. 2042 (b) Springs provide recreational opportunities for swimming, canoeing, wildlife watching, fishing, cave diving, and 2043 2044 many other activities. Such recreational opportunities and the 2045 accompanying tourism benefit state and local economies. 2046 Springs are of great scientific importance in (C) 2047 understanding the diverse functions of aquatic ecosystems. Water 2048 quality of springs is an indicator of local conditions of the Floridan Aquifer, which is the source of drinking water for many 2049 2050 residents of this state. Water flows in springs reflect regional 2051 aquifer conditions. 2052 (2) It is the intent of the Legislature: 2053 (a) That springs basin management action plans for 2054 Priority Florida Springs are expeditiously developed and

Page 79 of 88

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2055 implemented. 2056 (b) That recovery strategies for Priority Florida Springs 2057 that are not meeting minimum flows and levels are expeditiously 2058 developed and implemented. 2059 (C) To prioritize the development of minimum flows and 2060 levels for Priority Florida Springs and implementation of 2061 recovery or prevention strategies for Priority Florida Springs 2062 as applicable. 2063 To prioritize the assessment of all Priority Florida (d) 2064 Springs for potential nutrient impairment through the Florida 2065 total maximum daily load program. 2066 (e) To prioritize the adoption of total maximum daily 2067 loads for impaired Priority Florida Springs. 2068 (f) To prioritize the implementation of basin management 2069 action plans to restore impaired Priority Florida Springs. 2070 373.802 Definitions.-As used in this part, the term: 2071 "Best management practice" means a practice or (1)2072 combination of practices based on research, field-testing, and 2073 expert review, to be the most effective and practicable on-2074 location means, including economic and technological 2075 considerations, for improving water quality in agricultural and 2076 urban discharges and improving efficiencies in the use and 2077 management of water. 2078 (2) "Department" means the Department of Environmental 2079 Protection, which includes the Florida Geological Survey or its 2080 successor agency or agencies.

# Page 80 of 88

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2081 "Priority Florida Springs" includes all first (3) 2082 magnitude springs in the state and all second magnitude springs 2083 within state or federally owned lands purchased for conservation 2084 purposes. 2085 373.803 Priority Florida Springs; generally.-2086 The department, the water management districts, and (1) 2087 the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall work 2088 together in a coordinated manner to restore and maintain the 2089 water quantity and water quality of Priority Florida Springs. 2090 With respect to Florida springs: (2) 2091 (a) The department has primary responsibility for water 2092 quality protection through the establishment of basin management 2093 action plans and other water quality regulations. 2094 (b) The water management districts have primary 2095 responsibility for the hydrologic recovery of spring flow 2096 through the establishment of minimum flows and levels and 2097 recovery plans. 2098 (c) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 2099 has primary responsibility for the development and 2100 implementation of best management practices for agricultural 2101 nonpoint sources. 2102 (d) Local governments have primary responsibility for 2103 providing urban stormwater management and domestic wastewater 2104 management. 2105 (3) The department, the water management districts, and 2106 the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall Page 81 of 88

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2015

2107	prioritize the implementation of financial assistance and
2108	community outreach programs for springs protection that support
2109	actions to reduce nutrient loading to the environment and
2110	prevent or abate nutrient over-enrichment of springs. Such
2111	actions shall include implementing agricultural best management
2112	practices and may include connecting centralized sewer systems
2113	to densely populated areas presently served by onsite treatment
2114	and disposal systems, stormwater management improvements, and
2115	supporting implementation of ordinances consistent with the
2116	department's Model Ordinance for Florida-Friendly Fertilizer Use
2117	on Urban Landscapes referenced in s. 403.9337.
2118	373.805 Recovery or prevention strategies for Priority
2119	<u>Florida Springs</u>
2120	(1) Recovery or prevention strategies for Priority Florida
2121	Springs shall be developed as follows:
2122	(a) For any minimum flow or level initially adopted after
2123	July 1, 2015, if the Priority Florida Spring is below or is
2124	projected to fall within 20 years below the initial minimum flow
2125	or level, the water management district shall simultaneously
2126	approve the recovery or prevention strategy required by s.
2127	373.0421(2).
2128	(b) When an adopted minimum flow or level is revised, if
2129	the Priority Florida Spring is below or is projected within 20
2130	years to fall below the revised minimum flow or level, the water
2131	management district shall simultaneously approve the recovery or
2132	prevention strategy required by s. 373.0421(2) or modify an

# Page 82 of 88

2015

2133	existing recovery or prevention strategy.
2134	(c) For Priority Florida Springs with an adopted minimum
2135	flow or level but without a prevention or recovery strategy as
2136	of July 1, 2015, when the water management district determines
2137	the Priority Florida Spring has fallen below or is projected
2138	within 20 years to fall below the adopted minimum flow or level,
2139	the water management district shall expeditiously approve a
2140	recovery or prevention strategy.
2141	(2) A recovery or prevention strategy for a Priority
2142	Florida Spring must include, at a minimum:
2143	(a) A prioritized list of specific projects necessary to
2144	achieve the minimum flow or level.
2145	(b) The capital cost, operating cost, and measures of cost
2146	benefit for each listed project.
2147	(c) The source and amount of financial assistance from the
2148	water management districts for each project.
2149	(d) Provisions otherwise required by law.
2150	373.807 Protection of water quality in Priority Florida
2151	Springs
2152	(1) As expeditiously as practicable, but by December 1,
2153	2018, the department or the department in conjunction with a
2154	water management district shall, for Priority Florida Springs:
2155	(a) Complete an assessment pursuant to s. 403.067 of
2156	Priority Florida Springs for which an impairment determination
2157	has not been made under the numeric nutrient criteria in effect
2158	for spring vents.
	Dage 82 of 88

# Page 83 of 88

2015

2159	(b) Establish a total maximum daily load for nutrients
2160	pursuant to s. 403.067 for Priority Florida Springs determined
2161	by the department to be impaired.
2162	(c) Establish basin management action plans pursuant to s.
2163	403.067 that include the impaired Priority Florida Springs that
2164	are subject to a total maximum daily load.
2165	(2) If a Priority Florida Spring is determined to be
2166	impaired after December 1, 2018, the department shall establish
2167	a basin management action plan to include the impaired spring
2168	within 2 years after the determination of impairment.
2169	(3) Basin management action plans for Priority Florida
2170	Springs must include, at a minimum:
2171	1. A priority listing of all specific projects identified
2172	for implementation of the basin management action plan.
2173	2. The capital cost, operating cost, and measures of cost
2174	benefit for each listed project.
2175	3. The source and amount of financial assistance, if any,
2176	from the water management districts, the department, and the
2177	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for each
2178	project.
2179	4. Provisions otherwise required by law.
2180	373.809 Agricultural best management practices for springs
2181	protection
2182	(1) Best management practices for agricultural discharges
2183	shall reflect a balance between water quality improvements in
2184	Priority Florida Springs and agricultural productivity.
I	Page 84 of 88

2185 (2) Subject to the availability of funds, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in cooperation with the 2186 2187 department and the water management districts, shall provide 2188 technical and financial assistance for implementation of 2189 agricultural best management practices pursuant to this section. 2190 The department shall conduct monitoring at (3) 2191 representative sites to verify the effectiveness of agricultural 2192 best management practices in accordance with s. 403.067. 2193 Where water quality problems are detected in a (4) 2194 Priority Florida Spring despite the appropriate implementation 2195 of adopted agricultural best management practices, a 2196 reevaluation of the agricultural best management practices shall 2197 be conducted pursuant to s. 403.067(7)(c)4. 2198 (5) Each person engaged in the occupation of agriculture 2199 within the geographic area encompassed by a basin management 2200 action plan that includes a Priority Florida Spring must either 2201 implement agricultural best management practices in accordance 2202 with the rules of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 2203 Services or conduct water quality monitoring prescribed by the 2204 department or water management district according to the 2205 following schedule: 2206 (a) If a basin management action plan that includes a 2207 Priority Florida Spring was established before July 1, 2015, 2208 each person engaged in the occupation of agriculture within the 2209 geographic area encompassed by the basin management action plan 2210 must, by December 31, 2015, notify the Department of Agriculture

Page 85 of 88

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2211 and Consumer Services of his or her intent to either implement 2212 agricultural best management practices or conduct water quality 2213 monitoring prescribed by the department or water management 2214 district.

(b) 2215 If a basin management action plan that includes a 2216 Priority Florida Spring is established on or after July 1, 2015, 2217 each person engaged in the occupation of agriculture within the 2218 geographic area encompassed by the basin management action plan 2219 must, within 180 days after establishment of the basin 2220 management action plan, notify the Department of Agriculture and 2221 Consumer Services of his or her intent to either implement agricultural best management practices or conduct water quality 2222 2223 monitoring prescribed by the department or water management 2224 district.

2225 Section 15. Subsection (29) of section 403.061, Florida 2226 Statutes, is amended to read:

2227 403.061 Department; powers and duties.-The department 2228 shall have the power and the duty to control and prohibit 2229 pollution of air and water in accordance with the law and rules 2230 adopted and promulgated by it and, for this purpose, to:

2231 (29) (a) Adopt by rule special criteria to protect Class II 2232 and Class III shellfish harvesting waters. Such rules may 2233 include special criteria for approving docking facilities that have 10 or fewer slips if the construction and operation of such 2234 2235 facilities will not result in the closure of shellfish waters. Adopt by rule a specific surface water classification (b)

2236

# Page 86 of 88

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2237	to protect surface waters used for treated potable water supply.
2238	These designated surface waters shall have the same water
2239	quality criteria protections as waters designated for fish
2240	consumption, recreation, and the propagation and maintenance of
2241	a healthy, well-balanced population of fish and wildlife, and
2242	shall be free from discharged substances at a concentration
2243	that, alone or in combination with other discharged substances,
2244	would require significant alteration of permitted treatment
2245	processes at the permitted treatment facility or that would
2246	otherwise prevent compliance with applicable state drinking
2247	water standards in the treated water. Notwithstanding this
2248	classification, a surface water used for treated potable water
2249	supply may be reclassified as waters designated for potable
2250	water supply.
2251	
2252	The department shall implement such programs in conjunction with
2253	its other powers and duties and shall place special emphasis on
2254	reducing and eliminating contamination that presents a threat to
2255	humans, animals or plants, or to the environment.
2256	Section 16. Subsection (21) is added to section 403.861,
2257	Florida Statutes, to read:
2258	403.861 Department; powers and dutiesThe department
2259	shall have the power and the duty to carry out the provisions
2260	and purposes of this act and, for this purpose, to:
2261	(21) Establish rules in accordance with this subsection
2262	concerning the use of surface waters for public water supply.
ļ	Page 87 of 88

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2015

2263	(a) Any permit applicant applying to construct a public
2264	water system to provide potable public water supply using a
2265	surface water of the state that, at the time of the permit
2266	application, does not include potable water supply as a
2267	designated use by the department, shall petition to reclassify
2268	the surface water to include potable water supplies as a
2269	designated use or shall certify in the permit application that
2270	the public water supply utility will provide potable water to
2271	the public that, at a minimum, meets primary drinking water
2272	standards adopted in accordance with s. 403.853. An existing
2273	permittee may elect to file a certification in accordance with
2274	this paragraph.
2275	(b) Upon receipt of the certification described in
2276	paragraph (a) from an existing permittee or, in the case of a
2277	new permittee for surface water that does not include potable
2278	use at the time of application, upon issuance of the permit, the
2279	department shall act on the certification by adding treated
2280	potable water supplies as a designated use of the surface water.
2281	Section 17. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

Page 88 of 88