House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Floor: NC/2R

04/27/2015 02:14 PM

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Senator Lee moved the following: Senate Amendment (with title amendment) Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (7) of section 120.54, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (d) is added to that subsection, to read: 120.54 Rulemaking.-(7) PETITION TO INITIATE RULEMAKING.-(c) If the agency does not initiate rulemaking or otherwise comply with the requested action within 30 days after following

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12 the public hearing provided for in by paragraph (b), if the 13 agency does not initiate rulemaking or otherwise comply with the 14 requested action, the agency shall publish in the Florida 15 Administrative Register a statement of its reasons for not 16 initiating rulemaking or otherwise complying with the requested 17 action_{τ} and of any changes it will make in the scope or 18 application of the unadopted rule. The agency shall file the 19 statement with the committee. The committee shall forward a copy 20 of the statement to the substantive committee with primary oversight jurisdiction of the agency in each house of the 21 22 Legislature. The committee or the committee with primary 23 oversight jurisdiction may hold a hearing directed to the 24 statement of the agency. The committee holding the hearing may 25 recommend to the Legislature the introduction of legislation 26 making the rule a statutory standard or limiting or otherwise 27 modifying the authority of the agency.

28 (d) If the agency initiates rulemaking after a public hearing provided for in paragraph (b), the agency shall publish 29 30 a notice of rule development within 30 days after the hearing 31 and file a notice of proposed rule within 180 days after the 32 notice of rule development unless, before the 180th day, the 33 agency publishes in the Florida Administrative Register a 34 statement explaining its reasons for not having filed the 35 notice. If rulemaking is initiated under this paragraph, the 36 agency may not rely on the unadopted rule unless the agency publishes in the Florida Administrative Register a statement 37 38 explaining why rulemaking under paragraph (1)(a) is not feasible 39 or practicable until conclusion of the rulemaking proceeding. Section 2. Section 120.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to 40

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41 read: 42 43

120.55 Publication.-

(1) The Department of State shall:

44 (a)1. Through a continuous revision and publication system, 45 compile and publish electronically, on an Internet website 46 managed by the department, the "Florida Administrative Code." 47 The Florida Administrative Code shall contain all rules adopted by each agency, citing the grant of rulemaking authority and the 48 49 specific law implemented pursuant to which each rule was 50 adopted, all history notes as authorized in s. 120.545(7), 51 complete indexes to all rules contained in the code, and any 52 other material required or authorized by law or deemed useful by 53 the department. The electronic code shall display each rule 54 chapter currently in effect in browse mode and allow full text 55 search of the code and each rule chapter. The department may 56 contract with a publishing firm for a printed publication; 57 however, the department shall retain responsibility for the code 58 as provided in this section. The electronic publication shall be 59 the official compilation of the administrative rules of this 60 state. The Department of State shall retain the copyright over 61 the Florida Administrative Code.

62 2. Rules general in form but applicable to only one school 63 district, community college district, or county, or a part 64 thereof, or state university rules relating to internal 65 personnel or business and finance shall not be published in the 66 Florida Administrative Code. Exclusion from publication in the 67 Florida Administrative Code shall not affect the validity or 68 effectiveness of such rules.

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3. At the beginning of the section of the code dealing with



70 an agency that files copies of its rules with the department, 71 the department shall publish the address and telephone number of 72 the executive offices of each agency, the manner by which the 73 agency indexes its rules, a listing of all rules of that agency 74 excluded from publication in the code, and a statement as to 75 where those rules may be inspected.

76 4. Forms shall not be published in the Florida 77 Administrative Code; but any form which an agency uses in its 78 dealings with the public, along with any accompanying 79 instructions, shall be filed with the committee before it is 80 used. Any form or instruction which meets the definition of 81 "rule" provided in s. 120.52 shall be incorporated by reference 82 into the appropriate rule. The reference shall specifically 83 state that the form is being incorporated by reference and shall 84 include the number, title, and effective date of the form and an 85 explanation of how the form may be obtained. Each form created 86 by an agency which is incorporated by reference in a rule notice 87 of which is given under s. 120.54(3)(a) after December 31, 2007, 88 must clearly display the number, title, and effective date of 89 the form and the number of the rule in which the form is 90 incorporated.

91 5. The department shall allow adopted rules and material 92 incorporated by reference to be filed in electronic form as 93 prescribed by department rule. When a rule is filed for adoption 94 with incorporated material in electronic form, the department's 95 publication of the Florida Administrative Code on its Internet 96 website must contain a hyperlink from the incorporating 97 reference in the rule directly to that material. The department may not allow hyperlinks from rules in the Florida 98

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99 Administrative Code to any material other than that filed with 100 and maintained by the department, but may allow hyperlinks to 101 incorporated material maintained by the department from the 102 adopting agency's website or other sites.

(b) Electronically publish on an Internet website managed by the department a continuous revision and publication entitled the "Florida Administrative Register," which shall serve as the official publication and must contain:

1. All notices required by s. $\frac{120.54(2)}{120.54(3)}$ and $\frac{(3)(a)}{120.54(3)}$, showing the text of all rules proposed for consideration.

2. All notices of public meetings, hearings, and workshops conducted in accordance with s. 120.525, including a statement of the manner in which a copy of the agenda may be obtained.

3. A notice of each request for authorization to amend or repeal an existing uniform rule or for the adoption of new uniform rules.

4. Notice of petitions for declaratory statements or administrative determinations.

5. A summary of each objection to any rule filed by the Administrative Procedures Committee.

6. A list of rules filed for adoption in the previous 7 days.

7. A list of all rules filed for adoption pending legislative ratification under s. 120.541(3). A rule shall be taken off the list once notice of ratification or withdrawal of such rule is received.

126 <u>8.6.</u> Any other material required or authorized by law or 127 deemed useful by the department.

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128 129 The department may contract with a publishing firm for a printed 130 publication of the Florida Administrative Register and make 131 copies available on an annual subscription basis. 132 (c) Prescribe by rule the style and form required for 133 rules, notices, and other materials submitted for filing. 134 (d) Charge each agency using the Florida Administrative 135 Register a space rate to cover the costs related to the Florida 136 Administrative Register and the Florida Administrative Code. 137 (e) Maintain a permanent record of all notices published in 138 the Florida Administrative Register. 139 (2) The Florida Administrative Register Internet website 140 must allow users to: 141 (a) Search for notices by type, publication date, rule 142 number, word, subject, and agency. 143 (b) Search a database that makes available all notices 144 published on the website for a period of at least 5 years. 145 (c) Subscribe to an automated e-mail notification of 146 selected notices to be sent out before or concurrently with 147 publication of the electronic Florida Administrative Register. 148 Such notification must include in the text of the e-mail a 149 summary of the content of each notice. 150 (d) View agency forms and other materials submitted to the 151 department in electronic form and incorporated by reference in 152 proposed rules. 153 (e) Comment on proposed rules. 154 (3) Publication of material required by paragraph (1)(b) on 155 the Florida Administrative Register Internet website does not

preclude publication of such material on an agency's website or

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157 by other means.

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(4) Each agency shall provide copies of its rules upon request, with citations to the grant of rulemaking authority and the specific law implemented for each rule.

(5) Each agency that provides an e-mail notification service to inform licensees or other registered recipients of notices shall use that service to notify recipients of each notice required under s. 120.54(2) and (3) and provide Internet links to the appropriate rule page on the Secretary of State's website or Internet links to an agency website that contains the proposed rule or final rule.

(6)(5) Any publication of a proposed rule promulgated by an agency, whether published in the Florida Administrative Register or elsewhere, shall include, along with the rule, the name of the person or persons originating such rule, the name of the agency head who approved the rule, and the date upon which the rule was approved.

(7)(6) Access to the Florida Administrative Register Internet website and its contents, including the e-mail notification service, shall be free for the public.

(8)(7)(a) All fees and moneys collected by the Department of State under this chapter shall be deposited in the Records Management Trust Fund for the purpose of paying for costs incurred by the department in carrying out this chapter.

(b) The unencumbered balance in the Records Management
Trust Fund for fees collected pursuant to this chapter may not
exceed \$300,000 at the beginning of each fiscal year, and any
excess shall be transferred to the General Revenue Fund.
(9) The failure to follow the provisions of this section

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186	may not be raised in a proceeding challenging the validity of a
187	rule pursuant to s. 120.52(8)(a).
188	Section 3. Subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (2),
189	and subsection (4) of section 120.56, Florida Statutes, are
190	amended to read:
191	120.56 Challenges to rules
192	(1) GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR CHALLENGING THE VALIDITY OF A
193	RULE OR A PROPOSED RULE
194	(a) Any person substantially affected by a rule or a
195	proposed rule may seek an administrative determination of the
196	invalidity of the rule on the ground that the rule is an invalid
197	exercise of delegated legislative authority.
198	(b) The petition <u>challenging the validity of a proposed or</u>
199	adopted rule under this section seeking an administrative
200	determination must state: with particularity
201	<u>1.</u> The <u>particular</u> provisions alleged to be invalid <u>and a</u>
202	statement with sufficient explanation of the facts or grounds
203	for the alleged invalidity <u>.</u> and
204	2. Facts sufficient to show that the <u>petitioner</u> person
205	challenging a rule is substantially affected by <u>the challenged</u>
206	adopted rule it_r or that the person challenging a proposed rule
207	would be substantially affected by the proposed rule it.
208	(c) The petition shall be filed by electronic means with
209	the division which shall, immediately upon filing, forward by
210	electronic means copies to the agency whose rule is challenged,
211	the Department of State, and the committee. Within 10 days after
212	receiving the petition, the division director shall, if the
213	petition complies with the requirements of paragraph (b), assign
214	an administrative law judge who shall conduct a hearing within



215 30 days thereafter, unless the petition is withdrawn or a 216 continuance is granted by agreement of the parties or for good 217 cause shown. Evidence of good cause includes, but is not limited 218 to, written notice of an agency's decision to modify or withdraw 219 the proposed rule or a written notice from the chair of the 220 committee stating that the committee will consider an objection 221 to the rule at its next scheduled meeting. The failure of an 222 agency to follow the applicable rulemaking procedures or 223 requirements set forth in this chapter shall be presumed to be 224 material; however, the agency may rebut this presumption by 225 showing that the substantial interests of the petitioner and the 226 fairness of the proceedings have not been impaired.

(d) Within 30 days after the hearing, the administrative law judge shall render a decision and state the reasons therefor in writing. The division shall forthwith transmit by electronic means copies of the administrative law judge's decision to the agency, the Department of State, and the committee.

232 (e) Hearings held under this section shall be de novo in 233 nature. The standard of proof shall be the preponderance of the 234 evidence. Hearings shall be conducted in the same manner as 235 provided by ss. 120.569 and 120.57, except that the 236 administrative law judge's order shall be final agency action. 237 The petitioner and the agency whose rule is challenged shall be 2.38 adverse parties. Other substantially affected persons may join 239 the proceedings as intervenors on appropriate terms which shall 240 not unduly delay the proceedings. Failure to proceed under this section does shall not constitute failure to exhaust administrative remedies.

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(2) CHALLENGING PROPOSED RULES; SPECIAL PROVISIONS.-



244 (a) A substantially affected person may seek an 245 administrative determination of the invalidity of a proposed 246 rule by filing a petition seeking such a determination with the 247 division within 21 days after the date of publication of the 248 notice required by s. 120.54(3)(a); within 10 days after the 249 final public hearing is held on the proposed rule as provided by 250 s. 120.54(3)(e)2.; within 20 days after the statement of 251 estimated regulatory costs or revised statement of estimated 252 regulatory costs, if applicable, has been prepared and made 253 available as provided in s. 120.541(1)(d); or within 20 days 254 after the date of publication of the notice required by s. 255 120.54(3)(d). The petition must state with particularity the 256 objections to the proposed rule and the reasons that the 257 proposed rule is an invalid exercise of delegated legislative 258 authority. The petitioner has the burden of going forward with 259 evidence sufficient to support the petition. The agency then has 260 the burden to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the 261 proposed rule is not an invalid exercise of delegated 262 legislative authority as to the objections raised. A person who 263 is substantially affected by a change in the proposed rule may 264 seek a determination of the validity of such change. A person who is not substantially affected by the proposed rule as 265 266 initially noticed, but who is substantially affected by the rule 2.67 as a result of a change, may challenge any provision of the 268 resulting proposed rule and is not limited to challenging the 269 change to the proposed rule. 270

(4) CHALLENGING AGENCY STATEMENTS DEFINED AS <u>UNADOPTED</u> RULES; SPECIAL PROVISIONS.-

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(a) Any person substantially affected by an agency

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273 statement that is an unadopted rule may seek an administrative 274 determination that the statement violates s. 120.54(1)(a). The 275 petition shall include the text of the statement or a 276 description of the statement and shall state with particularity 277 facts sufficient to show that the statement constitutes an 278 unadopted a rule under s. 120.52 and that the agency has not 279 adopted the statement by the rulemaking procedure provided by s. 120.54. 280

2.81 (b) The administrative law judge may extend the hearing 282 date beyond 30 days after assignment of the case for good cause. 283 Upon notification to the administrative law judge provided 284 before the final hearing that the agency has published a notice of rulemaking under s. 120.54(3), such notice shall 285 286 automatically operate as a stay of proceedings pending adoption 287 of the statement as a rule. The administrative law judge may 288 vacate the stay for good cause shown. A stay of proceedings 289 pending rulemaking shall remain in effect so long as the agency 290 is proceeding expeditiously and in good faith to adopt the 291 statement as a rule.

292 (c) If a hearing is held and the petitioner proves the 293 allegations of the petition, the agency shall have the burden of proving that rulemaking is not feasible or not practicable under 295 s. 120.54(1)(a).

(d) (c) The administrative law judge may determine whether 296 297 all or part of a statement violates s. 120.54(1)(a). The 298 decision of the administrative law judge shall constitute a 299 final order. The division shall transmit a copy of the final 300 order to the Department of State and the committee. The Department of State shall publish notice of the final order in 301

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302 the first available issue of the Florida Administrative 303 Register.

(e) (d) If an administrative law judge enters a final order that all or part of an <u>unadopted rule</u> agency statement violates s. 120.54(1)(a), the agency must immediately discontinue all reliance upon the <u>unadopted rule</u> statement or any substantially similar statement as a basis for agency action.

309 (f) (e) If proposed rules addressing the challenged 310 unadopted rule statement are determined to be an invalid 311 exercise of delegated legislative authority as defined in s. 312 120.52(8)(b)-(f), the agency must immediately discontinue 313 reliance upon on the unadopted rule statement and any 314 substantially similar statement until rules addressing the 315 subject are properly adopted, and the administrative law judge 316 shall enter a final order to that effect.

<u>(g) (f)</u> All proceedings to determine a violation of s. 120.54(1)(a) shall be brought pursuant to this subsection. A proceeding pursuant to this subsection may be consolidated with a proceeding under subsection (3) or under any other section of this chapter. This paragraph does not prevent a party whose substantial interests have been determined by an agency action from bringing a proceeding pursuant to s. 120.57(1)(e).

Section 4. Paragraphs (e) and (h) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 120.57, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

120.57 Additional procedures for particular cases.-

328 (1) ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES APPLICABLE TO HEARINGS INVOLVING
329 DISPUTED ISSUES OF MATERIAL FACT.—

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(e)1. An agency or an administrative law judge may not base

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331	agency action that determines the substantial interests of a
332	party on an unadopted rule or a rule that is an invalid exercise
333	of delegated legislative authority. The administrative law judge
334	shall determine whether an agency statement constitutes an
335	unadopted rule. This subparagraph does not preclude application
336	of valid adopted rules and applicable provisions of law to the
337	facts.
338	2. In a matter initiated as a result of agency action
339	proposing to determine the substantial interests of a party, the
340	party's timely petition for hearing may challenge the proposed
341	agency action based on a rule that is an invalid exercise of
342	delegated legislative authority or based on an alleged unadopted
343	rule. For challenges brought under this subparagraph:
344	a. The challenge may be pled as a defense using the
345	procedures set forth in s. 120.56(1)(b).
346	b. Section 120.56(3)(a) applies to a challenge alleging
347	that a rule is an invalid exercise of delegated legislative
348	authority.
349	c. Section 120.56(4)(c) applies to a challenge alleging an
350	unadopted rule.
351	d. This subparagraph does not preclude the consolidation of
352	any proceeding under s. 120.56 with any proceeding under this
353	paragraph.
354	3.2. Notwithstanding subparagraph 1., if an agency
355	demonstrates that the statute being implemented directs it to
356	adopt rules, that the agency has not had time to adopt those
357	rules because the requirement was so recently enacted, and that
358	the agency has initiated rulemaking and is proceeding
359	expeditiously and in good faith to adopt the required rules,

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360 then the agency's action may be based upon those unadopted rules 361 if, subject to de novo review by the administrative law judge determines that rulemaking is neither feasible nor practicable 362 and the unadopted rules would not constitute an invalid exercise 363 364 of delegated legislative authority if adopted as rules. An 365 unadopted rule The agency action shall not be presumed valid or 366 invalid. The agency must demonstrate that the unadopted rule: 367 a. Is within the powers, functions, and duties delegated by the Legislature or, if the agency is operating pursuant to 368 369 authority vested in the agency by derived from the State 370 Constitution, is within that authority; 371 b. Does not enlarge, modify, or contravene the specific 372 provisions of law implemented; 373 c. Is not vague, establishes adequate standards for agency 374 decisions, or does not vest unbridled discretion in the agency; 375 d. Is not arbitrary or capricious. A rule is arbitrary if 376 it is not supported by logic or the necessary facts; a rule is 377 capricious if it is adopted without thought or reason or is 378 irrational; 379 e. Is not being applied to the substantially affected party 380 without due notice; and 381 f. Does not impose excessive regulatory costs on the 382 regulated person, county, or city. 383 4.3. The recommended and final orders in any proceeding 384 shall be governed by the provisions of paragraphs (k) and (l), 385 except that the administrative law judge's determination 386 regarding an unadopted rule or a rule challenged as an invalid 387 exercise of delegated legislative authority under subparagraph 388 1. or subparagraph 2. shall be included as a conclusion of law

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389 that the agency may not reject not be rejected by the agency unless the agency first determines from a review of the complete 390 391 record, and states with particularity in the order, that such 392 determination is clearly erroneous or does not comply with 393 essential requirements of law. In any proceeding for review under s. 120.68, if the court finds that the agency's rejection 394 395 of the determination regarding the unadopted rule does not 396 comport with the provisions of this subparagraph, the agency 397 action shall be set aside and the court shall award to the 398 prevailing party the reasonable costs and a reasonable 399 attorney's fee for the initial proceeding and the proceeding for 400 review. 401

5. A petitioner may pursue a separate, collateral challenge under s. 120.56 even if an adequate remedy exists through a proceeding under this section. The administrative law judge may consolidate the proceedings.

405 (h) Any party to a proceeding in which an administrative law judge of the Division of Administrative Hearings has final 406 407 order authority may move for a summary final order when there is 408 no genuine issue as to any material fact. A summary final order 409 shall be rendered if the administrative law judge determines 410 from the pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories, and admissions on file, together with affidavits, if any, that no 411 412 genuine issue as to any material fact exists and that the moving 413 party is entitled as a matter of law to the entry of a final 414 order. A summary final order shall consist of findings of fact, 415 if any, conclusions of law, a disposition or penalty, if 416 applicable, and any other information required by law to be 417 contained in the final order.

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418 (2) ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES APPLICABLE TO HEARINGS NOT 419 INVOLVING DISPUTED ISSUES OF MATERIAL FACT.-In any case to which 420 subsection (1) does not apply: 421 (a) The agency shall: 422 1. Give reasonable notice to affected persons of the action 423 of the agency, whether proposed or already taken, or of its 424 decision to refuse action, together with a summary of the 425 factual, legal, and policy grounds therefor. 42.6 2. Give parties or their counsel the option, at a 427 convenient time and place, to present to the agency or hearing 428 officer written or oral evidence in opposition to the action of 429 the agency or to its refusal to act, or a written statement 430 challenging the grounds upon which the agency has chosen to 431 justify its action or inaction. 432 3. If the objections of the parties are overruled, provide 433 a written explanation within 7 days. (b) An agency may not base agency action that determines 434 the substantial interests of a party on an unadopted rule or a 435 rule that is an invalid exercise of delegated legislative 436 437 authority. 438 (c) (b) The record shall only consist of: 439 1. The notice and summary of grounds. 440 2. Evidence received. 3. All written statements submitted. 441 442 4. Any decision overruling objections. 443 5. All matters placed on the record after an ex parte 444 communication. 445 6. The official transcript. 7. Any decision, opinion, order, or report by the presiding 446

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Section 5. Subsections (1), (2), and (9) of section 120.68, 449 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

120.68 Judicial review.-

(1) (a) A party who is adversely affected by final agency action is entitled to judicial review.

(b) A preliminary, procedural, or intermediate order of the agency or of an administrative law judge of the Division of Administrative Hearings is immediately reviewable if review of the final agency decision would not provide an adequate remedy.

(2) (a) Judicial review shall be sought in the appellate district where the agency maintains its headquarters or where a party resides or as otherwise provided by law.

460 (b) All proceedings shall be instituted by filing a notice 461 of appeal or petition for review in accordance with the Florida 462 Rules of Appellate Procedure within 30 days after the date that rendition of the order being appealed is filed with the agency 463 464 clerk. If a party receives notice of the filing of the order 465 later than the 25th day after the filing of the order with the 466 agency clerk, the time by which the party must file a notice of 467 appeal or petition for review is extended for 10 days after the 468 date that the party received the notice of the filing of the 469 order. If the appeal is of an order rendered in a proceeding 470 initiated under s. 120.56, the agency whose rule is being 471 challenged shall transmit a copy of the notice of appeal to the 472 committee.

473 (c) (b) When proceedings under this chapter are consolidated 474 for final hearing and the parties to the consolidated proceeding 475 seek review of final or interlocutory orders in more than one



476 district court of appeal, the courts of appeal are authorized to 477 transfer and consolidate the review proceedings. The court may 478 transfer such appellate proceedings on its own motion, upon 479 motion of a party to one of the appellate proceedings, or by 480 stipulation of the parties to the appellate proceedings. In 481 determining whether to transfer a proceeding, the court may consider such factors as the interrelationship of the parties 482 483 and the proceedings, the desirability of avoiding inconsistent results in related matters, judicial economy, and the burden on 484 485 the parties of reproducing the record for use in multiple 486 appellate courts.

487 (9) A No petition challenging an agency rule as an invalid 488 exercise of delegated legislative authority shall not be 489 instituted pursuant to this section, except to review an order 490 entered pursuant to a proceeding under s. 120.56, s. 120.57(1)(e)1., or s. 120.57(2)(b) or an agency's findings of 491 immediate danger, necessity, and procedural fairness 492 493 prerequisite to the adoption of an emergency rule pursuant to s. 494 120.54(4), unless the sole issue presented by the petition is 495 the constitutionality of a rule and there are no disputed issues 496 of fact.

497 Section 6. Section 120.695, Florida Statutes, is amended to 498 read:

499 120.695 Notice of noncompliance; designation of minor 500 violation of rules.-

(1) It is the policy of the state that the purpose of regulation is to protect the public by attaining compliance with the policies established by the Legislature. Fines and other penalties may be provided in order to assure compliance;

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505 however, the collection of fines and the imposition of penalties 506 are intended to be secondary to the primary goal of attaining 507 compliance with an agency's rules. It is the intent of the 508 Legislature that an agency charged with enforcing rules shall 509 issue a notice of noncompliance as its first response to a minor 510 violation of a rule in any instance in which it is reasonable to 511 assume that the violator was unaware of the rule or unclear as 512 to how to comply with it.

513 (2) (a) Each agency shall issue a notice of noncompliance as 514 a first response to a minor violation of a rule. A "notice of 515 noncompliance" is a notification by the agency charged with 516 enforcing the rule issued to the person or business subject to 517 the rule. A notice of noncompliance may not be accompanied with 518 a fine or other disciplinary penalty. It must identify the 519 specific rule that is being violated, provide information on how 520 to comply with the rule, and specify a reasonable time for the 521 violator to comply with the rule. A rule is agency action that 522 regulates a business, occupation, or profession, or regulates a person operating a business, occupation, or profession, and 523 524 that, if not complied with, may result in a disciplinary 525 penalty.

526 (b) Each agency shall review all of its rules and designate 527 those for which a violation would be a minor violation and for 528 which a notice of noncompliance must be the first enforcement 529 action taken against a person or business subject to regulation. 530 A violation of a rule is a minor violation if it does not result 531 in economic or physical harm to a person or adversely affect the 532 public health, safety, or welfare or create a significant threat of such harm. If an agency under the direction of a cabinet 533

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534	officer mails to each licensee a notice of the designated rules
535	at the time of licensure and at least annually thereafter, the
536	provisions of paragraph (a) may be exercised at the discretion
537	of the agency. Such notice shall include a subject-matter index
538	of the rules and information on how the rules may be obtained.
539	(c)1. No later than June 30, 2016, and after such date
540	within 3 months after any request of the rules ombudsman in the
541	Executive Office of the Governor, The agency's review and
542	designation must be completed by December 1, 1995; each agency
543	shall review under the direction of the Governor shall make a
544	report to the Governor, and each agency under the joint
545	direction of the Governor and Cabinet shall report to the
546	Governor and Cabinet by January 1, 1996, on which of its rules
547	and certify to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
548	House of Representatives, the committee, and the rules ombudsman
549	those rules that have been designated as rules the violation of
550	which would be a minor violation under paragraph (b), consistent
551	with the legislative intent stated in subsection (1).
552	2. Beginning July 1, 2016, each agency shall:
553	a. Publish all rules that the agency has designated as
554	rules the violation of which would be a minor violation, either
555	as a complete list on the agency's website or by incorporation
556	of the designations in the agency's disciplinary guidelines
557	adopted as a rule.
558	b. Ensure that all investigative and enforcement personnel
559	are knowledgeable about the agency's designations under this
560	section.
561	3. For each rule filed for adoption, the agency head shall
562	certify whether any part of the rule is designated as a rule the
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563	violation of which would be a minor violation and shall update
564	the listing required by sub-subparagraph 2.a.
565	(d) The Governor or the Governor and Cabinet, as
566	appropriate pursuant to paragraph (c) , may evaluate the review
567	and designation effects of each agency subject to the direction
568	and supervision of such authority and may direct apply a
569	different designation than that applied by <u>such</u> the agency.
570	(e) Notwithstanding s. 120.52(1)(a), this section does not
571	apply to <u>:</u>
572	1. The Department of Corrections;
573	2. Educational units;
574	3. The regulation of law enforcement personnel; or
575	4. The regulation of teachers.
576	(f) Designation pursuant to this section is not subject to
577	challenge under this chapter.
578	Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.
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581	And the title is amended as follows:
582	Delete everything before the enacting clause
583	and insert:
584	A bill to be entitled
585	An act relating to administrative procedures; amending
586	s. 120.54, F.S.; providing procedures for agencies to
587	follow when initiating rulemaking after certain public
588	hearings; limiting reliance upon an unadopted rule in
589	certain circumstances; amending s. 120.55, F.S.;
590	providing for publication of notices of rule
591	development and of rules filed for adoption; providing

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592 for additional notice of rule development, proposals, 593 and adoptions in the Florida Administrative Register; 594 requiring certain agencies to provide additional e-595 mail notifications concerning specified rulemaking and 596 rule development activities; providing that failure to 597 follow certain provisions does not constitute grounds 598 to challenge validity of a rule; amending s. 120.56, 599 F.S.; clarifying language; amending s. 120.57, F.S.; 600 conforming proceedings that oppose agency action based 601 on an invalid or unadopted rule to proceedings used for challenging rules; authorizing the administrative 602 603 law judge to make certain findings on the validity of 604 certain alleged unadopted rules; prohibiting agencies 605 from rejecting specific conclusions of law in certain 606 recommended orders rendered by an administrative law 607 judge; authorizing a petitioner to file certain 608 collateral challenges regarding the validity of a 609 rule; authorizing the administrative law judge to 610 consolidate proceedings in such rule challenges; 611 providing that agency action may not be based on an 612 invalid or unadopted rule; amending s. 120.68, F.S.; 613 revising mechanism for determining when appeals or 614 petitions for review must be instituted; authorizing 615 extensions for filing certain appeals or petitions for 616 review under certain circumstances; amending s. 617 120.695, F.S.; removing obsolete provisions with 618 respect to required agency review and designation of 619 minor violations; requiring agency review and 620 certification of minor violation rules by a specified

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621 date; requiring minor violation certification for all 622 rules adopted after a specified date; requiring public 623 notice; providing applicability; conforming provisions 624 to changes made by the act; providing an effective 625 date.