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CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

2	An act relating to health care representatives;	
3	amending s. 743.0645, F.S.; conforming provisions to	
4	changes made by the act; amending s. 765.101, F.S.;	
5	defining terms for purposes of provisions relating to	
6	health care advanced directives; revising definitions	
7	to conform to changes made by the act; amending s.	
8	765.102, F.S.; revising legislative intent to include	
9	reference to surrogate authority that is not dependent	
10	on a determination of incapacity; amending s. 765.104,	
11	F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the	
12	act; amending s. 765.105, F.S.; conforming provisions	
13	to changes made by the act; providing an exception for	
14	a patient who has designated a surrogate to make	
15	health care decisions and receive health information	
16	without a determination of incapacity being required;	
17	amending ss. 765.1103 and 765.1105, F.S.; conforming	
18	provisions to changes made by the act; amending s.	
19	765.202, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the	
20	designation of health care surrogates; amending s.	
21	765.203, F.S.; revising the suggested form for	
22	designation of a health care surrogate; creating s.	
23	765.2035, F.S.; providing for the designation of	
24	health care surrogates for minors; providing for	
25	designation of an alternate surrogate; providing for	
26	decisionmaking if neither the designated surrogate nor	
	Page 1 of 35	



2015 Legislature

27 the designated alternate surrogate is willing, able, 28 or reasonably available to make health care decisions 29 for the minor on behalf of the minor's principal; 30 authorizing designation of a separate surrogate to 31 consent to mental health treatment for a minor; 32 providing that the health care surrogate authorized to 33 make health care decisions for a minor is also the minor's principal's choice to make decisions regarding 34 35 mental health treatment for the minor unless provided otherwise; providing that a written designation of a 36 37 health care surrogate establishes a rebuttable presumption of clear and convincing evidence of the 38 minor's principal's designation of the surrogate; 39 creating s. 765.2038, F.S.; providing a suggested form 40 for the designation of a health care surrogate for a 41 42 minor; amending s. 765.204, F.S.; specifying that a 43 principal's wishes are controlling while he or she has 44 decisionmaking capacity; providing a duty for 45 providers to communicate to such a principal; 46 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 47 providing for notification of incapacity of a 48 principal; providing that a health care provider may justifiably rely on decisions made by a surrogate; 49 providing for situations when there are conflicting 50 51 decisions between surrogate and patient; amending s. 52 765.205, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made Page 2 of 35



2015 Legislature

53	by the act; amending ss. 765.302, 765.303, 765.304,	
54	765.306, 765.404, and 765.516, F.S.; conforming	
55	provisions to changes made by the act; providing an	
56	effective date.	
57		
58	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:	
59		
60	Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph	
61	(a) of subsection (2) of section 743.0645, Florida Statutes, are	
62	amended to read:	
63	743.0645 Other persons who may consent to medical care or	
64	treatment of a minor	
65	(1) As used in this section, the term:	
66	(b) "Medical care and treatment" includes ordinary and	
67	necessary medical and dental examination and treatment,	
68	including blood testing, preventive care including ordinary	
69	immunizations, tuberculin testing, and well-child care, but does	
70	not include surgery, general anesthesia, provision of	
71	psychotropic medications, or other extraordinary procedures for	
72	which a separate court order, health care surrogate designation	
73	under s. 765.2035 executed after September 30, 2015, power of	
74	attorney executed after July 1, 2001, or informed consent as	
75	provided by law is required, except as provided in s. 39.407(3).	
76	(2) Any of the following persons, in order of priority	
77	listed, may consent to the medical care or treatment of a minor	
78	who is not committed to the Department of Children and Families	
I	Page 3 of 35	

FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

or the Department of Juvenile Justice or in their custody under chapter 39, chapter 984, or chapter 985 when, after a reasonable attempt, a person who has the power to consent as otherwise provided by law cannot be contacted by the treatment provider and actual notice to the contrary has not been given to the provider by that person: (a) A health care surrogate designated under s. 765.2035

after September 30, 2015, or a person who possesses a power of 86 87 attorney to provide medical consent for the minor. A health care surrogate designation under s. 765.2035 executed after September 88 89 30, 2015, and a power of attorney executed after July 1, 2001, 90 to provide medical consent for a minor includes the power to 91 consent to medically necessary surgical and general anesthesia services for the minor unless such services are excluded by the 92 individual executing the health care surrogate for a minor or 93 94 power of attorney.

95 There shall be maintained in the treatment provider's records of 96 the minor documentation that a reasonable attempt was made to 97 contact the person who has the power to consent.

98 Section 2. Section 765.101, Florida Statutes, is amended 99 to read:

100

765.101 Definitions.-As used in this chapter:

(1) "Advance directive" means a witnessed written document or oral statement in which instructions are given by a principal or in which the principal's desires are expressed concerning any aspect of the principal's health care <u>or health information</u>, and

Page 4 of 35

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hb0889-05-er



2015 Legislature

105	includes, but is not limited to, the designation of a health
106	care surrogate, a living will, or an anatomical gift made
107	pursuant to part V of this chapter.
108	(2) "Attending physician" means the primary physician who
109	has <u>primary</u> responsibility for the treatment and care of the
110	patient while the patient receives such treatment or care in a
111	hospital as defined in s. 395.002(12).
112	(3) "Close personal friend" means any person 18 years of
113	age or older who has exhibited special care and concern for the
114	patient, and who presents an affidavit to the health care
115	facility or to the <u>primary</u> <del>attending or treating</del> physician
116	stating that he or she is a friend of the patient; is willing
117	and able to become involved in the patient's health care; and
118	has maintained such regular contact with the patient so as to be
119	familiar with the patient's activities, health, and religious or
120	moral beliefs.
121	(4) "End-stage condition" means an irreversible condition
122	that is caused by injury, disease, or illness which has resulted
123	in progressively severe and permanent deterioration, and which,
124	to a reasonable degree of medical probability, treatment of the
125	condition would be ineffective.
126	(5) "Health care" means care, services, or supplies
127	related to the health of an individual and includes, but is not
128	limited to, preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative,
129	maintenance, or palliative care, and counseling, service,
130	assessment, or procedure with respect to the individual's
I	Page 5 of 35

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hb0889-05-er



CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

131	physical or mental condition or functional status or that affect		
132	the structure or function of the individual's body.		
133	(6)(5) "Health care decision" means:		
134	(a) Informed consent, refusal of consent, or withdrawal of		
135	consent to any and all health care, including life-prolonging		
136	procedures and mental health treatment, unless otherwise stated		
137	in the advance directives.		
138	(b) The decision to apply for private, public, government,		
139	or veterans' benefits to defray the cost of health care.		
140	(c) The right of access to <u>health information</u> <del>all records</del>		
141	of the principal reasonably necessary for a health care		
142	surrogate or proxy to make decisions involving health care and		
143	to apply for benefits.		
144	(d) The decision to make an anatomical gift pursuant to		
145	part V of this chapter.		
146	(7) <del>(6)</del> "Health care facility" means a hospital, nursing		
147	home, hospice, home health agency, or health maintenance		
148	organization licensed in this state, or any facility subject to		
149	part I of chapter 394.		
150	<u>(8)</u> "Health care provider" or "provider" means any		
151	person licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized by law to		
152	administer health care in the ordinary course of business or		
153	practice of a profession.		
154	(9) "Health information" means any information, whether		
155	oral or recorded in any form or medium, as defined in 45 C.F.R.		
156	s. 160.103 and the Health Insurance Portability and		
I	Page 6 of 35		



ENROLLED

CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

157	Accountability Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. s. 1320d, as amended,	
158	that:	
159	(a) Is created or received by a health care provider,	
160	health care facility, health plan, public health authority,	
161	employer, life insurer, school or university, or health care	
162	clearinghouse; and	
163	(b) Relates to the past, present, or future physical or	
164	mental health or condition of the principal; the provision of	
165	health care to the principal; or the past, present, or future	
166	payment for the provision of health care to the principal.	
167	(10) (8) "Incapacity" or "incompetent" means the patient is	
168	physically or mentally unable to communicate a willful and	
169	knowing health care decision. For the purposes of making an	
170	anatomical gift, the term also includes a patient who is	
171	deceased.	
172	(11) (9) "Informed consent" means consent voluntarily given	
173	by a person after a sufficient explanation and disclosure of the	
174	subject matter involved to enable that person to have a general	
175	understanding of the treatment or procedure and the medically	
176	acceptable alternatives, including the substantial risks and	
177	hazards inherent in the proposed treatment or procedures, and to	
178	make a knowing health care decision without coercion or undue	
179	influence.	
180	(12) (10) "Life-prolonging procedure" means any medical	
181	procedure, treatment, or intervention, including artificially	
182	provided sustenance and hydration, which sustains, restores, or	
Į	Page 7 of 35	



2015 Legislature

183	supplants a spontaneous vital function. The term does not		
184	include the administration of medication or performance of		
185	medical procedure, when such medication or procedure is deemed		
186	necessary to provide comfort care or to alleviate pain.		
187	(13)(11) "Living will" or "declaration" means:		
188	(a) A witnessed document in writing, voluntarily executed		
189	by the principal in accordance with s. 765.302; or		
190	(b) A witnessed oral statement made by the principal		
191	expressing the principal's instructions concerning life-		
192	prolonging procedures.		
193	(14) "Minor's principal" means a principal who is a		
194	natural guardian as defined in s. 744.301(1); legal custodian;		
195	or, subject to chapter 744, legal guardian of the person of a		
196	minor.		
197	(15) (12) "Persistent vegetative state" means a permanent		
198	and irreversible condition of unconsciousness in which there is:		
199	(a) The absence of voluntary action or cognitive behavior		
200	of any kind.		
201	(b) An inability to communicate or interact purposefully		
202	with the environment.		
203	(16) (13) "Physician" means a person licensed pursuant to		
204	chapter 458 or chapter 459.		
205	(17) "Primary physician" means a physician designated by		
206	an individual or the individual's surrogate, proxy, or agent		
207	under a durable power of attorney as provided in chapter 709, to		
208	have primary responsibility for the individual's health care or,		
I	Page 8 of 35		



2015 Legislature

209	in the absence of a designation or if the designated physician	
210	is not reasonably available, a physician who undertakes the	
211	responsibility.	
212	(18) <del>(14)</del> "Principal" means a competent adult executing an	
213	advance directive and on whose behalf health care decisions are	
214	to be made or health care information is to be received, or	
215	both.	
216	(19) (15) "Proxy" means a competent adult who has not been	
217	expressly designated to make health care decisions for a	
218	particular incapacitated individual, but who, nevertheless, is	
219	authorized pursuant to s. 765.401 to make health care decisions	
220	for such individual.	
221	(20) "Reasonably available" means readily able to be	
222	contacted without undue effort and willing and able to act in a	
223	timely manner considering the urgency of the patient's health	
224	care needs.	
225	<u>(21)</u> "Surrogate" means any competent adult expressly	
226	designated by a principal to make health care decisions <u>and to</u>	
227	receive health information. The principal may stipulate whether	
228	the authority of the surrogate to make health care decisions or	
229	to receive health information is exercisable immediately without	
230	the necessity for a determination of incapacity or only upon the	
231	principal's incapacity as provided in s. 765.204 on behalf of	
232	the principal upon the principal's incapacity.	
233	(22) <del>(17)</del> "Terminal condition" means a condition caused by	
234	injury, disease, or illness from which there is no reasonable	
I	Page 9 of 35	



2015 Legislature

235 medical probability of recovery and which, without treatment, 236 can be expected to cause death.

237 Section 3. Subsections (3) through (6) of section 765.102, 238 Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (4) through (7), 239 respectively, present subsections (2) and (3) are amended, and a 240 new subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

241

765.102 Legislative findings and intent.-

242 To ensure that such right is not lost or diminished by (2)243 virtue of later physical or mental incapacity, the Legislature intends that a procedure be established to allow a person to 244 plan for incapacity by executing a document or orally 245 246 designating another person to direct the course of his or her 247 health care or receive his or her health information, or both, 248 medical treatment upon his or her incapacity. Such procedure 249 should be less expensive and less restrictive than guardianship 250 and permit a previously incapacitated person to exercise his or 251 her full right to make health care decisions as soon as the 252 capacity to make such decisions has been regained.

253 The Legislature also recognizes that some competent (3) 254 adults may want to receive immediate assistance in making health 255 care decisions or accessing health information, or both, without 256 a determination of incapacity. The Legislature intends that a 257 procedure be established to allow a person to designate a 258 surrogate to make health care decisions or receive health 259 information, or both, without the necessity for a determination of incapacity under this chapter. 260

Page 10 of 35



2015 Legislature

261 (4) (4) (3) The Legislature recognizes that for some the 262 administration of life-prolonging medical procedures may result 263 in only a precarious and burdensome existence. In order to 264 ensure that the rights and intentions of a person may be 265 respected even after he or she is no longer able to participate 266 actively in decisions concerning himself or herself, and to 267 encourage communication among such patient, his or her family, 268 and his or her physician, the Legislature declares that the laws 269 of this state recognize the right of a competent adult to make 270 an advance directive instructing his or her physician to provide, withhold, or withdraw life-prolonging procedures, or to 271 272 designate another to make the health care treatment decision for 273 him or her in the event that such person should become 274 incapacitated and unable to personally direct his or her health 275 medical care. 276 Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 765.104, Florida 277 Statutes, is amended to read: 278 765.104 Amendment or revocation.-279 An advance directive or designation of a surrogate may (1) be amended or revoked at any time by a competent principal: 280 281 By means of a signed, dated writing; (a) By means of the physical cancellation or destruction 282 (b) 283 of the advance directive by the principal or by another in the 284 principal's presence and at the principal's direction; 285 By means of an oral expression of intent to amend or (C) 286 revoke; or Page 11 of 35

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CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

287 (d) By means of a subsequently executed advance directive 288 that is materially different from a previously executed advance 289 directive. 290 Section 5. Section 765.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 291 292 765.105 Review of surrogate or proxy's decision.-293 The patient's family, the health care facility, or the (1) 294 primary attending physician, or any other interested person who 295 may reasonably be expected to be directly affected by the 296 surrogate or proxy's decision concerning any health care decision may seek expedited judicial intervention pursuant to 297 298 rule 5.900 of the Florida Probate Rules, if that person 299 believes: 300 (a) (1) The surrogate or proxy's decision is not in accord 301 with the patient's known desires or the provisions of this 302 chapter; (b) (2) The advance directive is ambiguous, or the patient 303 304 has changed his or her mind after execution of the advance 305 directive; 306 (c) (3) The surrogate or proxy was improperly designated or 307 appointed, or the designation of the surrogate is no longer effective or has been revoked; 308 309 (d) (4) The surrogate or proxy has failed to discharge 310 duties, or incapacity or illness renders the surrogate or proxy 311 incapable of discharging duties; (e) (5) The surrogate or proxy has abused his or her 312 Page 12 of 35

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hb0889-05-er



CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

313 powers; or

314 <u>(f)(6)</u> The patient has sufficient capacity to make his or 315 her own health care decisions.

316 (2) This section does not apply to a patient who is not 317 incapacitated and who has designated a surrogate who has 318 immediate authority to make health care decisions and receive 319 health information, or both, on behalf of the patient.

320 Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 765.1103, Florida 321 Statutes, is amended to read:

322

765.1103 Pain management and palliative care.-

323 (1)A patient shall be given information concerning pain 324 management and palliative care when he or she discusses with the 325 primary attending or treating physician, or such physician's 326 designee, the diagnosis, planned course of treatment, 327 alternatives, risks, or prognosis for his or her illness. If the 328 patient is incapacitated, the information shall be given to the 329 patient's health care surrogate or proxy, court-appointed 330 guardian as provided in chapter 744, or attorney in fact under a 331 durable power of attorney as provided in chapter 709. The court-332 appointed guardian or attorney in fact must have been delegated 333 authority to make health care decisions on behalf of the 334 patient.

335 Section 7. Section 765.1105, Florida Statutes, is amended 336 to read:

- 337 765.1105 Transfer of a patient.-
- 338

(1) A health care provider or facility that refuses to

Page 13 of 35



2015 Legislature

339 comply with a patient's advance directive, or the treatment 340 decision of his or her surrogate or proxy, shall make reasonable 341 efforts to transfer the patient to another health care provider 342 or facility that will comply with the directive or treatment 343 decision. This chapter does not require a health care provider 344 or facility to commit any act which is contrary to the 345 provider's or facility's moral or ethical beliefs, if the 346 patient:

347

(a) Is not in an emergency condition; and

348 (b) Has received written information upon admission
349 informing the patient of the policies of the health care
350 provider or facility regarding such moral or ethical beliefs.

351 (2) A health care provider or facility that is unwilling 352 to carry out the wishes of the patient or the treatment decision 353 of his or her surrogate <u>or proxy</u> because of moral or ethical 354 beliefs must within 7 days either:

(a) Transfer the patient to another health care provider
or facility. The health care provider or facility shall pay the
costs for transporting the patient to another health care
provider or facility; or

(b) If the patient has not been transferred, carry out the
wishes of the patient or the patient's surrogate <u>or proxy</u>,
unless the provisions of s. 765.105 <u>applies</u> <del>apply</del>.

362 Section 8. Subsections (1), (3), and (4) of section 363 765.202, Florida Statutes, are amended, subsections (6) and (7)

## Page 14 of 35



366

CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

364 are renumbered as subsections (7) and (8), respectively, and a 365 new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

765.202 Designation of a health care surrogate.-

367 A written document designating a surrogate to make (1)health care decisions for a principal or receive health 368 information on behalf of a principal, or both, shall be signed 369 370 by the principal in the presence of two subscribing adult 371 witnesses. A principal unable to sign the instrument may, in the 372 presence of witnesses, direct that another person sign the principal's name as required herein. An exact copy of the 373 instrument shall be provided to the surrogate. 374

375 A document designating a health care surrogate may (3) 376 also designate an alternate surrogate provided the designation 377 is explicit. The alternate surrogate may assume his or her 378 duties as surrogate for the principal if the original surrogate 379 is not willing, able, or reasonably available unwilling or unable to perform his or her duties. The principal's failure to 380 381 designate an alternate surrogate shall not invalidate the 382 designation of a surrogate.

(4) If neither the designated surrogate nor the designated alternate surrogate is <u>willing</u>, <u>able</u>, <u>or reasonably available</u> <del>able or willing</del> to make health care decisions on behalf of the principal and in accordance with the principal's instructions, the health care facility may seek the appointment of a proxy pursuant to part IV.

Page 15 of 35



CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

389	(6) A principal may stipulate in the document that the	
390	authority of the surrogate to receive health information or make	
391	health care decisions or both is exercisable immediately without	
392	the necessity for a determination of incapacity as provided in	
393	s. 765.204.	
394	Section 9. Section 765.203, Florida Statutes, is amended	
395	to read:	
396	765.203 Suggested form of designationA written	
397	designation of a health care surrogate executed pursuant to this	
398	chapter may, but need not be, in the following form:	
399	DESIGNATION OF HEALTH CARE SURROGATE	
400	I,(name), designate as my health care surrogate under s.	
401	765.202, Florida Statutes:	
402		
403	Name:(name of health care surrogate)	
404	Address:(address)	
405	Phone:(telephone)	
406		
407	If my health care surrogate is not willing, able, or reasonably	
408	available to perform his or her duties, I designate as my	
409	alternate health care surrogate:	
410		
411	Name:(name of alternate health care surrogate)	
412	Address:(address)	
413	Phone:(telephone)	
414		
	Page 16 of 35	



CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

415	INSTRUCTIONS FOR HEALTH CARE	
416	I authorize my health care surrogate to:	
417	(Initial here) Receive any of my health information,	
418	whether oral or recorded in any form or medium, that:	
419	1. Is created or received by a health care provider,	
420	health care facility, health plan, public health authority,	
421	employer, life insurer, school or university, or health care	
422	clearinghouse; and	
423	2. Relates to my past, present, or future physical or	
424	mental health or condition; the provision of health care to me;	
425	or the past, present, or future payment for the provision of	
426	health care to me.	
427	I further authorize my health care surrogate to:	
428	(Initial here) Make all health care decisions for me,	
429	which means he or she has the authority to:	
430	1. Provide informed consent, refusal of consent, or	
431	withdrawal of consent to any and all of my health care,	
432	including life-prolonging procedures.	
433	2. Apply on my behalf for private, public, government, or	
434	veterans' benefits to defray the cost of health care.	
435	3. Access my health information reasonably necessary for	
436	the health care surrogate to make decisions involving my health	
437	care and to apply for benefits for me.	
438	4. Decide to make an anatomical gift pursuant to part V of	
439	chapter 765, Florida Statutes.	
440	(Initial here) Specific instructions and	
I	Page 17 of 35	



CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

441	restrictions:		
442	<u></u>		
443	<u></u>		
444			
445	While I have decisionmaking capacity, my wishes are controlling		
446	and my physicians and health care providers must clearly		
447	communicate to me the treatment plan or any change to the		
448	treatment plan prior to its implementation.		
449			
450	To the extent I am capable of understanding, my health care		
451	surrogate shall keep me reasonably informed of all decisions		
452	that he or she has made on my behalf and matters concerning me.		
453			
454	THIS HEALTH CARE SURROGATE DESIGNATION IS NOT AFFECTED BY MY		
455	SUBSEQUENT INCAPACITY EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN CHAPTER 765, FLORIDA		
456	STATUTES.		
457			
458	PURSUANT TO SECTION 765.104, FLORIDA STATUTES, I UNDERSTAND THAT		
459	I MAY, AT ANY TIME WHILE I RETAIN MY CAPACITY, REVOKE OR AMEND		
460	THIS DESIGNATION BY:		
461	(1) SIGNING A WRITTEN AND DATED INSTRUMENT WHICH EXPRESSES		
462	MY INTENT TO AMEND OR REVOKE THIS DESIGNATION;		
463	(2) PHYSICALLY DESTROYING THIS DESIGNATION THROUGH MY OWN		
464	ACTION OR BY THAT OF ANOTHER PERSON IN MY PRESENCE AND UNDER MY		
465	DIRECTION;		
466	(3) VERBALLY EXPRESSING MY INTENTION TO AMEND OR REVOKE		
I	Page 18 of 35		



CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

467	THIS DESIGNATION; OR		
468	(4) SIGNING A NEW DESIGNATION THAT IS MATERIALLY DIFFERENT		
469	FROM THIS DESIGNATION.		
470			
471	MY HEALTH CARE SURROGATE'S AUTHORITY BECOMES EFFECTIVE WHEN MY		
472	PRIMARY PHYSICIAN DETERMINES THAT I AM UNABLE TO MAKE MY OWN		
473	HEALTH CARE DECISIONS UNLESS I INITIAL EITHER OR BOTH OF THE		
474	FOLLOWING BOXES:		
475			
476	IF I INITIAL THIS BOX [], MY HEALTH CARE SURROGATE'S		
477	AUTHORITY TO RECEIVE MY HEALTH INFORMATION TAKES EFFECT		
478	IMMEDIATELY.		
479			
480	IF I INITIAL THIS BOX [], MY HEALTH CARE SURROGATE'S		
481	AUTHORITY TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR ME TAKES EFFECT		
482	IMMEDIATELY. PURSUANT TO SECTION 765.204(3), FLORIDA STATUTES,		
483	ANY INSTRUCTIONS OR HEALTH CARE DECISIONS I MAKE, EITHER		
484	VERBALLY OR IN WRITING, WHILE I POSSESS CAPACITY SHALL SUPERCEDE		
485	ANY INSTRUCTIONS OR HEALTH CARE DECISIONS MADE BY MY SURROGATE		
486	THAT ARE IN MATERIAL CONFLICT WITH THOSE MADE BY ME.		
487			
488	SIGNATURES: Sign and date the form here:		
489	(date)		
490	(address)		
491	(city)(state)		
492			

Page 19 of 35



CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

493	SIGNATURES OF WITNESSES:		
494	First witness	Second witness	
495	(print name)	(print name)	
496	(address)	(address)	
497	(city)(state)	(city)(state)	
498	(signature of witness)	(signature of witness)	
499	(date)	(date)	
500	Name:(Last)(First)	.(Middle Initial)	
501	In the event that I have been determined to be		
502	incapacitated to provide informed consent for medical treatment		
503	and surgical and diagnostic procedures, I wish to designate as		
504	my surrogate for health care	decisions:	
505	Name:		
506	Address:		
507			
	·····	Zip Code:	
508			
509	Phone:		
510	If my surrogate is unwilling or unable to perform his or		
511	her duties, I wish to designate as my alternate surrogate:		
512	Name:		
513	Address:		
514			
	·····	Zip Code:	
515			
516	Phone:		
I	F	Page 20 of 35	



CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

517	I fully understand that this designation will permit my
518	designee to make health care decisions and to provide, withhold,
519	or withdraw consent on my behalf; to apply for public benefits
520	to defray the cost of health care; and to authorize my admission
521	to or transfer from a health care facility.
522	Additional instructions (optional):
523	·····
524	·····
525	·····
526	I further affirm that this designation is not being made as
527	a condition of treatment or admission to a health care facility.
528	I will notify and send a copy of this document to the following
529	persons other than my surrogate, so they may know who my
530	surrogate is.
531	Name:
532	Name:
533	·····
534	·····
535	Signed:
536	Date:
537	
	Witnesses: 1.
538	
	2
539	
540	Section 10. Section 765.2035, Florida Statutes, is created
Į	Page 21 of 35



CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

541	to read:
542	765.2035 Designation of a health care surrogate for a
543	minor.—
544	(1) A natural guardian as defined in s. 744.301(1), legal
545	custodian, or legal guardian of the person of a minor may
546	designate a competent adult to serve as a surrogate to make
547	health care decisions for the minor. Such designation shall be
548	made by a written document signed by the minor's principal in
549	the presence of two subscribing adult witnesses. If a minor's
550	principal is unable to sign the instrument, the principal may,
551	in the presence of witnesses, direct that another person sign
552	the minor's principal's name as required by this subsection. An
553	exact copy of the instrument shall be provided to the surrogate.
554	(2) The person designated as surrogate may not act as
555	witness to the execution of the document designating the health
556	care surrogate.
557	(3) A document designating a health care surrogate may
558	also designate an alternate surrogate; however, such designation
559	must be explicit. The alternate surrogate may assume his or her
560	duties as surrogate if the original surrogate is not willing,
561	able, or reasonably available to perform his or her duties. The
562	minor's principal's failure to designate an alternate surrogate
563	does not invalidate the designation.
564	(4) If neither the designated surrogate or the designated
565	alternate surrogate is willing, able, or reasonably available to
566	make health care decisions for the minor on behalf of the
I	Page 22 of 35



CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

567	minor's principal and in accordance with the minor's principal's
568	instructions, s. 743.0645(2) shall apply as if no surrogate had
569	been designated.
570	(5) A natural guardian as defined in s. 744.301(1), legal
571	custodian, or legal guardian of the person of a minor may
572	designate a separate surrogate to consent to mental health
573	treatment for the minor. However, unless the document
574	designating the health care surrogate expressly states
575	otherwise, the court shall assume that the health care surrogate
576	authorized to make health care decisions for a minor under this
577	chapter is also the minor's principal's choice to make decisions
578	regarding mental health treatment for the minor.
579	(6) Unless the document states a time of termination, the
580	designation shall remain in effect until revoked by the minor's
581	principal. An otherwise valid designation of a surrogate for a
582	minor shall not be invalid solely because it was made before the
583	birth of the minor.
584	(7) A written designation of a health care surrogate
585	executed pursuant to this section establishes a rebuttable
586	presumption of clear and convincing evidence of the minor's
587	principal's designation of the surrogate and becomes effective
588	pursuant to s. 743.0645(2)(a).
589	Section 11. Section 765.2038, Florida Statutes, is created
590	to read:
591	765.2038 Designation of health care surrogate for a minor;
592	suggested formA written designation of a health care surrogate
I	Page 23 of 35



2015 Legislature

593	for a minor executed pursuant to this chapter may, but need to
594	be, in the following form:
595	DESIGNATION OF HEALTH CARE SURROGATE
596	FOR MINOR
597	I/We,(name/names), the [] natural guardian(s)
598	as defined in s. 744.301(1), Florida Statutes; [] legal
599	<pre>custodian(s); [] legal guardian(s) [check one] of the</pre>
600	following minor(s):
601	
602	<u>;</u>
603	<u>;</u>
604	<u></u>
605	
606	pursuant to s. 765.2035, Florida Statutes, designate the
607	following person to act as my/our surrogate for health care
608	decisions for such minor(s) in the event that I/we am/are not
609	able or reasonably available to provide consent for medical
610	treatment and surgical and diagnostic procedures:
611	
612	Name:(name)
613	Address:(address)
614	Zip Code:(zip code)
615	Phone:(telephone)
616	
617	If my/our designated health care surrogate for a minor is
618	not willing, able, or reasonably available to perform his or her
ļ	Page 24 of 35



CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

619	duties, I/we designate the following person as my/our alternate
620	health care surrogate for a minor:
621	
622	Name:(name)
623	Address: (address)
624	Zip Code:(zip code)
625	Phone:(telephone)
626	
627	I/We authorize and request all physicians, hospitals, or
628	other providers of medical services to follow the instructions
629	of my/our surrogate or alternate surrogate, as the case may be,
630	at any time and under any circumstances whatsoever, with regard
631	to medical treatment and surgical and diagnostic procedures for
632	a minor, provided the medical care and treatment of any minor is
633	on the advice of a licensed physician.
634	
635	I/We fully understand that this designation will permit
636	my/our designee to make health care decisions for a minor and to
637	provide, withhold, or withdraw consent on my/our behalf, to
638	apply for public benefits to defray the cost of health care, and
639	to authorize the admission or transfer of a minor to or from a
640	health care facility.
641	
642	I/We will notify and send a copy of this document to the
643	following person(s) other than my/our surrogate, so that they
644	may know the identity of my/our surrogate:
I	Page 25 of 35



2015 Legislature

645	
646	Name:(name)
647	Name:(name)
648	
649	Signed:(signature)
650	Date:(date)
651	
652	WITNESSES:
653	1 (witness)
654	2 (witness)
655	Section 12. Section 765.204, Florida Statutes, is amended
656	to read:
657	765.204 Capacity of principal; procedure
658	(1) A principal is presumed to be capable of making health
659	care decisions for herself or himself unless she or he is
660	determined to be incapacitated. While a principal has
661	decisionmaking capacity, the principal's wishes are controlling.
662	Each physician or health care provider must clearly communicate
663	to a principal with decisionmaking capacity the treatment plan
664	and any change to the treatment plan prior to implementation of
665	the plan or the change to the plan. Incapacity may not be
666	inferred from the person's voluntary or involuntary
667	hospitalization for mental illness or from her or his
668	intellectual disability.
669	(2) If a principal's capacity to make health care
670	decisions for herself or himself or provide informed consent is
I	Page 26 of 35



2015 Legislature

671 in question, the primary or attending physician shall evaluate 672 the principal's capacity and, if the evaluating physician concludes that the principal lacks capacity, enter that 673 674 evaluation in the principal's medical record. If the evaluating attending physician has a question as to whether the principal 675 676 lacks capacity, another physician shall also evaluate the 677 principal's capacity, and if the second physician agrees that 678 the principal lacks the capacity to make health care decisions 679 or provide informed consent, the health care facility shall 680 enter both physician's evaluations in the principal's medical record. If the principal has designated a health care surrogate 681 682 or has delegated authority to make health care decisions to an 683 attorney in fact under a durable power of attorney, the health 684 care facility shall notify such surrogate or attorney in fact in 685 writing that her or his authority under the instrument has 686 commenced, as provided in chapter 709 or s. 765.203. If an 687 attending physician determines that the principal lacks 688 capacity, the hospital in which the attending physician made such a determination shall notify the principal's primary 689 690 physician of the determination.

(3) The surrogate's authority <u>commences either</u> shall commence upon a determination under subsection (2) that the principal lacks capacity <u>or upon a stipulation of such authority</u> <u>pursuant to s. 765.101(21).</u>, and Such authority <u>remains</u> shall <u>remain</u> in effect until a determination that the principal has regained such capacity, if the authority commenced as a result

Page 27 of 35



CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

697	of incapacity, or until the authority is revoked, if the
698	authority commenced immediately pursuant to s. 765.101(21). Upon
699	commencement of the surrogate's authority, a surrogate who is
700	not the principal's spouse shall notify the principal's spouse
701	or adult children of the principal's designation of the
702	surrogate. Except if the principal provided immediately
703	exercisable authority to the surrogate pursuant to s.
704	765.101(21), in the event that the primary or attending
705	physician determines that the principal has regained capacity,
706	the authority of the surrogate shall cease, but <u>recommences</u>
707	shall recommence if the principal subsequently loses capacity as
708	determined pursuant to this section. <u>A health care provider is</u>
709	not liable for relying upon health care decisions made by a
710	surrogate while the principal lacks capacity. At any time when a
711	principal lacks capacity, a health care decision made on the
712	principal's behalf by a surrogate is effective to the same
713	extent as a decision made by the principal. If a principal
714	possesses capacity, health care decisions of the principal take
715	precedence over decisions made by the surrogate that present a
716	material conflict.
717	(4) Notwithstanding subsections (2) and (3), if the
718	principal has designated a health care surrogate and has
719	stipulated that the authority of the surrogate is to take effect
720	immediately, or has appointed an agent under a durable power of
721	attorney as provided in chapter 709 to make health care
722	decisions for the principal, the health care facility shall
I	Page 28 of 35



2015 Legislature

723	notify such surrogate or agent in writing when a determination
724	of incapacity has been entered into the principal's medical
725	record.
726	(5) (4) A determination made pursuant to this section that
727	a principal lacks capacity to make health care decisions shall
728	not be construed as a finding that a principal lacks capacity
729	for any other purpose.
730	(6) (5) If In the event the surrogate is required to
731	consent to withholding or withdrawing life-prolonging
732	procedures, <del>the provisions of</del> part III <u>applies</u> <del>shall apply</del> .
733	Section 13. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and subsection
734	(2) of section 765.205, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
735	765.205 Responsibility of the surrogate
736	(1) The surrogate, in accordance with the principal's
737	instructions, unless such authority has been expressly limited
738	by the principal, shall:
739	(d) Be provided access to the appropriate <u>health</u>
740	information medical records of the principal.
741	(2) The surrogate may authorize the release of <u>health</u>
742	information and medical records to appropriate persons to ensure
743	the continuity of the principal's health care and may authorize
744	the admission, discharge, or transfer of the principal to or
745	from a health care facility or other facility or program
746	licensed under chapter 400 or chapter 429.
747	Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 765.302, Florida
748	Statutes, is amended to read:
Į	Page 29 of 35



2015 Legislature

749	765.302 Procedure for making a living will; notice to
750	physician
751	(2) It is the responsibility of the principal to provide
752	for notification to her or his primary attending or treating
753	physician that the living will has been made. In the event the
754	principal is physically or mentally incapacitated at the time
755	the principal is admitted to a health care facility, any other
756	person may notify the physician or health care facility of the
757	existence of the living will. <u>A primary</u> <del>An attending or treating</del>
758	physician or health care facility which is so notified shall
759	promptly make the living will or a copy thereof a part of the
760	principal's medical records.
761	Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 765.303, Florida
762	Statutes, is amended to read:
763	765.303 Suggested form of a living will
764	(1) A living will may, BUT NEED NOT, be in the following
765	form:
766	Living Will
767	Declaration made this day of,(year), I,
768	, willfully and voluntarily make known my desire that my
769	dying not be artificially prolonged under the circumstances set
770	forth below, and I do hereby declare that, if at any time I am
771	incapacitated and
772	(initial) I have a terminal condition
773	or(initial) I have an end-stage condition
774	or(initial) I am in a persistent vegetative state
I	Page 30 of 35



2015 Legislature

775 and if my primary attending or treating physician and another 776 consulting physician have determined that there is no reasonable 777 medical probability of my recovery from such condition, I direct 778 that life-prolonging procedures be withheld or withdrawn when 779 the application of such procedures would serve only to prolong 780 artificially the process of dying, and that I be permitted to 781 die naturally with only the administration of medication or the 782 performance of any medical procedure deemed necessary to provide 783 me with comfort care or to alleviate pain. 784 It is my intention that this declaration be honored by my family and physician as the final expression of my legal right 785 786 to refuse medical or surgical treatment and to accept the consequences for such refusal. 787 788 In the event that I have been determined to be unable to 789 provide express and informed consent regarding the withholding, 790 withdrawal, or continuation of life-prolonging procedures, I wish to designate, as my surrogate to carry out the provisions 791 792 of this declaration: 793 Name:..... 794 Address:..... 795 Zip Code:..... 796 797 Phone:.... 798 I understand the full import of this declaration, and I am 799 emotionally and mentally competent to make this declaration. Page 31 of 35

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

hb0889-05-er



CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

800	Additional Instructions (optional):
801	
802	
803	
804	(Signed)
805	Witness
806	Address
807	Phone
808	Witness
809	Address
810	Phone
811	Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 765.304, Florida
812	Statutes, is amended to read:
813	765.304 Procedure for living will
814	(1) If a person has made a living will expressing his or
815	her desires concerning life-prolonging procedures, but has not
816	designated a surrogate to execute his or her wishes concerning
817	life-prolonging procedures or designated a surrogate under part
818	II, the <u>person's primary</u> attending physician may proceed as
819	directed by the principal in the living will. In the event of a
820	dispute or disagreement concerning the primary attending
821	physician's decision to withhold or withdraw life-prolonging
822	procedures, the <u>primary</u> <del>attending</del> physician shall not withhold
823	or withdraw life-prolonging procedures pending review under s.
824	765.105. If a review of a disputed decision is not sought within
825	7 days following the <u>primary</u> attending physician's decision to
I	Page 32 of 35



CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

826 withhold or withdraw life-prolonging procedures, the primary 827 attending physician may proceed in accordance with the 828 principal's instructions.

829 Section 17. Section 765.306, Florida Statutes, is amended 830 to read:

831 765.306 Determination of patient condition.-In determining 832 whether the patient has a terminal condition, has an end-stage 833 condition, or is in a persistent vegetative state or may recover 834 capacity, or whether a medical condition or limitation referred 835 to in an advance directive exists, the patient's primary 836 attending or treating physician and at least one other 837 consulting physician must separately examine the patient. The 838 findings of each such examination must be documented in the 839 patient's medical record and signed by each examining physician 840 before life-prolonging procedures may be withheld or withdrawn.

841 Section 18. Section 765.404, Florida Statutes, is amended 842 to read:

843 765.404 Persistent vegetative state.-For persons in a 844 persistent vegetative state, as determined by the person's 845 primary attending physician in accordance with currently 846 accepted medical standards, who have no advance directive and 847 for whom there is no evidence indicating what the person would 848 have wanted under such conditions, and for whom, after a 849 reasonably diligent inquiry, no family or friends are available 850 or willing to serve as a proxy to make health care decisions for 851 them, life-prolonging procedures may be withheld or withdrawn

Page 33 of 35



2015 Legislature

852 under the following conditions:

(1) The person has a judicially appointed guardian
representing his or her best interest with authority to consent
to medical treatment; and

856 The guardian and the person's primary attending (2) 857 physician, in consultation with the medical ethics committee of 858 the facility where the patient is located, conclude that the 859 condition is permanent and that there is no reasonable medical 860 probability for recovery and that withholding or withdrawing 861 life-prolonging procedures is in the best interest of the patient. If there is no medical ethics committee at the 862 863 facility, the facility must have an arrangement with the medical 864 ethics committee of another facility or with a community-based 865 ethics committee approved by the Florida Bio-ethics Network. The 866 ethics committee shall review the case with the quardian, in 867 consultation with the person's primary attending physician, to determine whether the condition is permanent and there is no 868 869 reasonable medical probability for recovery. The individual 870 committee members and the facility associated with an ethics 871 committee shall not be held liable in any civil action related 872 to the performance of any duties required in this subsection. 873 Section 19. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 874 765.516, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

875 765.516 Donor amendment or revocation of anatomical gift.876 (1) A donor may amend the terms of or revoke an anatomical
877 gift by:

## Page 34 of 35

FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



CS/CS/CS/HB 889, Engrossed 1

2015 Legislature

(c) A statement made during a terminal illness or injury
addressed to <u>the primary</u> an attending physician, who must
communicate the revocation of the gift to the procurement
organization.

882

Section 20. This act shall take effect October 1, 2015.

Page 35 of 35