	COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION
	ADOPTED (Y/N)
	ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N)
	ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N)
	FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N)
	WITHDRAWN (Y/N)
	OTHER
1	Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Regulatory Affairs
2	Committee
3	Representative Eagle offered the following:
4	
5	Amendment (with title amendment)
6	Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:
7	Section 1. Subsections (2), (3), and (7) of section
8	468.609, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
9	468.609 Administration of this part; standards for
10	certification; additional categories of certification
11	(2) A person may take the examination for certification as
12	a building code inspector or plans examiner pursuant to this
13	part if the person:
14	(a) Is at least 18 years of age.
15	(b) Is of good moral character.
16	(c) Meets eligibility requirements according to one of the
17	following criteria:

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- 1. Demonstrates 5 years' combined experience in the field of construction or a related field, building code inspection, or plans review corresponding to the certification category sought;
- 2. Demonstrates a combination of postsecondary education in the field of construction or a related field and experience which totals 4 years, with at least 1 year of such total being experience in construction, building code inspection, or plans review;
- 3. Demonstrates a combination of technical education in the field of construction or a related field and experience which totals 4 years, with at least 1 year of such total being experience in construction, building code inspection, or plans review;
- 4. Currently holds a standard certificate as issued by the board, or a firesafety fire safety inspector license issued pursuant to chapter 633, has a minimum of 3 5 years' verifiable full-time experience in inspection or plan review, and satisfactorily completes a building code inspector or plans examiner training program that provides at least 100 hours but not more of not less than 200 hours of cross-training in the certification category sought. The board shall establish by rule criteria for the development and implementation of the training programs. The board shall accept all classroom training offered by an approved provider if the content substantially meets the intent of the classroom component of the training program; or
 - 5. Demonstrates a combination of the completion of an

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44 approved training program in the field of building code 45 inspection or plan review and a minimum of 2 years' experience 46 in the field of building code inspection, plan review, fire code inspections, and fire plans review of new buildings as a 47 48 firesafety inspector certified under s. 633.216, or 49 construction. The approved training portion of this requirement 50 shall include proof of satisfactory completion of a training 51 program that provides at least 200 hours but not more of not less than 300 hours of cross-training which is approved by the 52 53 board in the chosen category of building code inspection or plan review in the certification category sought with at least not 54 55 less than 20 hours but not more than 30 hours of instruction in 56 state laws, rules, and ethics relating to professional standards 57 of practice, duties, and responsibilities of a 58 certificateholder. The board shall coordinate with the Building Officials Association of Florida, Inc., to establish by rule the 59 60 development and implementation of the training program. However, 61 the board shall accept all classroom training offered by an approved provider if the content substantially meets the intent 62 of the classroom component of the training program; or 63

- 6. Currently holds a standard certificate issued by the board or a firesafety inspector license issued pursuant to chapter 633 and:
- a. Has at least 5 years' verifiable full-time experience
 as an inspector or plans examiner in a standard certification
 category currently held or has a minimum of 5 years' verifiable

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full-time experience as a firesafety inspector licensed pursuant to chapter 633; and

- b. Satisfactorily completes a building code inspector or plans examiner classroom training course or program that provides at least 200 but not more than 300 hours in the certification category sought, except for one-family and two-family dwelling training programs that are required to provide at least 500 but not more than 800 hours of training as prescribed by the board. The board shall establish by rule criteria for the development and implementation of classroom training courses and programs in each certification category.
- (3) A person may take the examination for certification as a building code administrator pursuant to this part if the person:
 - (a) Is at least 18 years of age.
 - (b) Is of good moral character.
- (c) Meets eligibility requirements according to one of the following criteria:
- 1. Demonstrates 10 years' combined experience as an architect, engineer, plans examiner, building code inspector, registered or certified contractor, or construction superintendent, with at least 5 years of such experience in supervisory positions; or
- 2. Demonstrates a combination of postsecondary education in the field of construction or related field, no more than 5 years of which may be applied, and experience as an architect,

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engineer, plans examiner, building code inspector, registered or certified contractor, or construction superintendent which totals 10 years, with at least 5 years of such total being experience in supervisory positions. In addition, the applicant must have completed training consisting of at least 20 hours but not more than 30 hours of instruction in state laws, rules, and ethics relating to professional standards of practice, duties, and responsibilities of a certificateholder.

- (7) (a) The board shall may provide for the issuance of provisional certificates valid for 1 year, as specified by board rule, to any newly employed or promoted building code inspector or plans examiner who meets the eligibility requirements described in subsection (2) and any newly employed or promoted building code administrator who meets the eligibility requirements described in subsection (3). The provisional license may be renewed by the board for just cause; however, a provisional license is not valid for a period longer than 3 years.
- (b) \underline{A} No building code administrator, plans examiner, or building code inspector may <u>not</u> have a provisional certificate extended beyond the specified period by renewal or otherwise.
- (c) The board <u>shall</u> <u>may</u> provide for appropriate levels of provisional certificates and may issue these certificates with such special conditions or requirements relating to the place of employment of the person holding the certificate, the supervision of such person on a consulting or advisory basis, or

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other matters as the board may deem necessary to protect the public safety and health.

- (d) A newly employed or hired person may perform the duties of a plans examiner or building code inspector for 120 days if a provisional certificate application has been submitted if such person is under the direct supervision of a certified building code administrator who holds a standard certification and who has found such person qualified for a provisional certificate. Direct supervision and the determination of qualifications may also be provided by a building code administrator who holds a limited or provisional certificate in a county having a population of fewer than 75,000 and in a municipality located within such county.
- Section 2. Subsection (5) of section 468.627, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 468.627 Application; examination; renewal; fees.-
- established by board rule, that the certificateholder has completed at least 14 classroom hours of at least 50 minutes each of continuing education courses during each biennium since the issuance or renewal of the certificate, including code—
 related training the specialized or advanced coursework approved by the Florida Building Commission, as part of the building code training program established pursuant to s. 553.841, appropriate to the licensing category sought. A minimum of 3 of the required 14 classroom hours must be on state law, rules, and ethics

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relating to professional standards of practice, duties, and responsibilities of the certificateholder. The board shall by rule establish criteria for approval of continuing education courses and providers, and may by rule establish criteria for accepting alternative nonclassroom continuing education on an hour-for-hour basis.

Section 3. Section 471.0195, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

471.0195 Florida Building Code training for engineers.—All licensees actively participating in the design of engineering works or systems in connection with buildings, structures, or facilities and systems covered by the Florida Building Code shall take continuing education courses and submit proof to the board, at such times and in such manner as established by the board by rule, that the licensee has completed any specialized or code-related training advanced courses on any portion of the Florida Building Code applicable to the licensee's area of practice. The board shall record reported continuing education courses on a system easily accessed by code enforcement jurisdictions for evaluation when determining license status for purposes of processing design documents. Local jurisdictions shall be responsible for notifying the board when design documents are submitted for building construction permits by persons who are not in compliance with this section. The board shall take appropriate action as provided by its rules when such noncompliance is determined to exist.

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Section 4. Subsection (5) of section 481.215, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

481.215 Renewal of license.-

- (5) The board shall require, by rule adopted pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, a specified number of hours in specialized or code-related training advanced courses, approved by the Florida Building Commission, on any portion of the Florida Building Code, adopted pursuant to part IV of chapter 553, relating to the licensee's respective area of practice. Section 5. Subsection (5) of section 481.313, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 481.313 Renewal of license.-
- (5) The board shall require, by rule adopted pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, a specified number of hours in specialized or code-related training advanced courses, approved by the Florida Building Commission, on any portion of the Florida Building Code, adopted pursuant to part IV of chapter 553, relating to the licensee's respective area of practice.
- Section 6. Paragraph (m) of subsection (3) of section 489.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 489.105 Definitions.—As used in this part:
- (3) "Contractor" means the person who is qualified for, and is only responsible for, the project contracted for and means, except as exempted in this part, the person who, for compensation, undertakes to, submits a bid to, or does himself or herself or by others construct, repair, alter, remodel, add

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to, demolish, subtract from, or improve any building or structure, including related improvements to real estate, for others or for resale to others; and whose job scope is substantially similar to the job scope described in one of the paragraphs of this subsection. For the purposes of regulation under this part, the term "demolish" applies only to demolition of steel tanks more than 50 feet in height; towers more than 50 feet in height; and all buildings or residences. Contractors are subdivided into two divisions, Division I, consisting of those contractors defined in paragraphs (a)-(c), and Division II, consisting of those contractors defined in paragraphs (d)-(q):

(m) "Plumbing contractor" means a contractor whose services are unlimited in the plumbing trade and includes contracting business consisting of the execution of contracts requiring the experience, financial means, knowledge, and skill to install, maintain, repair, alter, extend, or, if not prohibited by law, design plumbing. A plumbing contractor may install, maintain, repair, alter, extend, or, if not prohibited by law, design the following without obtaining an additional local regulatory license, certificate, or registration: sanitary drainage or storm drainage facilities, water and sewer plants and substations, venting systems, public or private water supply systems, septic tanks, drainage and supply wells, swimming pool piping, irrigation systems, and solar heating water systems and all appurtenances, apparatus, or equipment used in connection

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226 therewith, including boilers and pressure process piping and 227 including the installation of water, natural gas, liquefied 228 petroleum gas and related venting, and storm and sanitary sewer 229 lines. The scope of work of the plumbing contractor also 230 includes the design, if not prohibited by law, and installation, 231 maintenance, repair, alteration, or extension of air-piping, 232 vacuum line piping, oxygen line piping, nitrous oxide piping, 233 and all related medical gas systems; fire line standpipes and 234 fire sprinklers if authorized by law; ink and chemical lines; 235 fuel oil and gasoline piping and tank and pump installation, 236 except bulk storage plants; and pneumatic control piping 237 systems, all in a manner that complies with all plans, 238 specifications, codes, laws, and regulations applicable. The 239 scope of work of the plumbing contractor applies to private 240 property and public property, including any excavation work incidental thereto, and includes the work of the specialty 241 242 plumbing contractor. Such contractor shall subcontract, with a qualified contractor in the field concerned, all other work 243 244 incidental to the work but which is specified as being the work 245 of a trade other than that of a plumbing contractor. This 246 definition does not limit the scope of work of any specialty contractor certified pursuant to s. 489.113(6), and does not 247 require certification or registration under this part for a 248 249 category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer, LP gas installer, or specialty installer who is licensed under chapter 527 or an of 250 251 any authorized employee of a public natural gas utility or of a

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private natural gas utility regulated by the Public Service
Commission when disconnecting and reconnecting water lines in
the servicing or replacement of an existing water heater. A
plumbing contractor may perform drain cleaning and clearing and
install or repair rainwater catchment systems; however, a
mandatory licensing requirement is not established for the
performance of these specific services.

Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 489.115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.115 Certification and registration; endorsement; reciprocity; renewals; continuing education.—

(4)

(b)1. Each certificateholder or registrant shall provide proof, in a form established by rule of the board, that the certificateholder or registrant has completed at least 14 classroom hours of at least 50 minutes each of continuing education courses during each biennium since the issuance or renewal of the certificate or registration. The board shall establish by rule that a portion of the required 14 hours must deal with the subject of workers' compensation, business practices, workplace safety, and, for applicable licensure categories, wind mitigation methodologies, and 1 hour of which must deal with laws and rules. The board shall by rule establish criteria for the approval of continuing education courses and providers, including requirements relating to the content of courses and standards for approval of providers, and may by rule

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establish criteria for accepting alternative nonclassroom continuing education on an hour-for-hour basis. The board shall prescribe by rule the continuing education, if any, which is required during the first biennium of initial licensure. A person who has been licensed for less than an entire biennium must not be required to complete the full 14 hours of continuing education.

- 2. In addition, the board may approve specialized continuing education courses on compliance with the wind resistance provisions for one and two family dwellings contained in the Florida Building Code and any alternate methodologies for providing such wind resistance which have been approved for use by the Florida Building Commission. Division I certificateholders or registrants who demonstrate proficiency upon completion of such specialized courses may certify plans and specifications for one and two family dwellings to be in compliance with the code or alternate methodologies, as appropriate, except for dwellings located in floodways or coastal hazard areas as defined in ss. 60.3D and E of the National Flood Insurance Program.
- 3. The board shall require, by rule adopted pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, a specified number of hours in specialized or code-related training advanced module courses, approved by the Florida Building Commission, on any portion of the Florida Building Code, adopted pursuant to part IV of chapter 553, relating to the contractor's respective discipline.

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Section 8. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 489.1401, 305 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

489.1401 Legislative intent.-

- purpose of the Florida Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund is to compensate an any aggrieved claimant who contracted for the construction or improvement of the homeowner's residence located within this state and who has obtained a final judgment in a any court of competent jurisdiction, was awarded restitution by the Construction Industry Licensing Board, or received an award in arbitration against a licensee on grounds of financial mismanagement or misconduct, abandoning a construction project, or making a false statement with respect to a project. Such grievance must arise and arising directly out of a any transaction conducted when the judgment debtor was licensed and must involve an act performed any of the activities enumerated under s. 489.129(1)(g), (j) or (k) on the homeowner's residence.
- (3) It is the intent of the Legislature that Division I and Division II contractors set apart funds for the specific objective of participating in the fund.
- Section 9. Paragraphs (d), (i), (k), and (l) of subsection (1) of section 489.1402, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 489.1402 Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund;
 definitions.—
- 328 (1) The following definitions apply to ss. 489.140-329 489.144:

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- (d) "Contractor" means a Division I or Division II contractor performing his or her respective services described in s. 489.105(3)(a)-(q) s. 489.105(3)(a)-(c).
- (i) "Residence" means <u>a single-family residence</u>, an individual residential condominium or cooperative unit, or a residential building containing not more than two residential units in which the owner contracting for the improvement is residing or will reside 6 months or more each calendar year upon completion of the improvement.
- (k) "Same transaction" means a contract, or <u>a</u> any series of contracts, between a claimant and a contractor or qualified business, when such contract or contracts involve the same property or contiguous properties and are entered into either at one time or serially.
- (1) "Valid and current license," for the purpose of s. 489.141(2) (d), means <u>a</u> any license issued pursuant to this part to a licensee, including a license in an active, inactive, delinquent, or suspended status.
- Section 10. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 489.141, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 489.141 Conditions for recovery; eligibility.-
- (1) \underline{A} Any claimant is eligible to seek recovery from the recovery fund after \underline{making} having made a claim and exhausting the limits of any available bond, cash bond, surety, guarantee, warranty, letter of credit, or policy of insurance \underline{if} , provided that each of the following conditions is satisfied:

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- (a) The claimant has received <u>a</u> final judgment in a court of competent jurisdiction in this state or has received an award in arbitration or the Construction Industry Licensing Board has issued a final order directing the licensee to pay restitution to the claimant. The board may waive this requirement if:
- 1. The claimant is unable to secure a final judgment against the licensee due to the death of the licensee; or
- 2. The claimant has sought to have assets involving the transaction that gave rise to the claim removed from the bankruptcy proceedings so that the matter might be heard in a court of competent jurisdiction in this state and, after due diligence, the claimant is precluded by action of the bankruptcy court from securing a final judgment against the licensee.
- (b) The judgment, award, or restitution is based upon a violation of s. 489.129(1)(g), (j), or (k) or s. 713.35.
 - (c) The violation was committed by a licensee.
- (d) The judgment, award, or restitution order specifies the actual damages suffered as a consequence of such violation.
- (e) The contract was executed and the violation occurred on or after July 1, 1993, and provided that:
- 1. The claimant has caused to be issued a writ of execution upon such judgment, and the officer executing the writ has made a return showing that no personal or real property of the judgment debtor or licensee liable to be levied upon in satisfaction of the judgment can be found or that the amount realized on the sale of the judgment debtor's or licensee's

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property pursuant to such execution was insufficient to satisfy the judgment;

- 2. If the claimant is unable to comply with subparagraph 1. for a valid reason to be determined by the board, the claimant has made all reasonable searches and inquiries to ascertain whether the judgment debtor or licensee is possessed of real or personal property or other assets subject to being sold or applied in satisfaction of the judgment and by his or her search has discovered no property or assets or has discovered property and assets and has taken all necessary action and proceedings for the application thereof to the judgment but the amount thereby realized was insufficient to satisfy the judgment; and
- 3. The claimant has made a diligent attempt, as defined by board rule, to collect the restitution awarded by the board.
- (f) A claim for recovery is made within 1 year after the conclusion of any civil, criminal, or administrative action or award in arbitration based on the act. This paragraph applies to any claim filed with the board after October 1, 1998.
- (g) Any amounts recovered by the claimant from the judgment debtor or licensee, or from any other source, have been applied to the damages awarded by the court or the amount of restitution ordered by the board.
- (h) The claimant is not a person who is precluded by this act from making a claim for recovery.
 - (2) A claimant is not qualified to make a claim for

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408 recovery from the recovery fund, if:

- (a) The claimant is the spouse of the judgment debtor or licensee or a personal representative of such spouse;
- (b) The claimant is a licensee who acted as the contractor in the transaction that which is the subject of the claim;
- (c) The claim is based upon a construction contract in which the licensee was acting with respect to the property owned or controlled by the licensee;
- (d) The claim is based upon a construction contract in which the contractor did not hold a valid and current license at the time of the construction contract;
- (e) The claimant was associated in a business relationship with the licensee other than the contract at issue; or
- (f) The claimant has suffered damages as the result of making improper payments to a contractor as defined in part I of chapter 713; or
- $\underline{\text{(f)}}$ The claimant has <u>entered into a contract contracted</u> with a licensee to perform a scope of work described in <u>s.</u> 489.105(3)(d)-(q) before July 1, 2015 <u>s. 489.105(3)(d)-(p)</u>.
- Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 489.1425, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 489.1425 Duty of contractor to notify residential property owner of recovery fund.—
- (1) <u>Each</u> Any agreement or contract for repair, restoration, improvement, or construction to residential real property must contain a written statement explaining the

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consumer's rights under the recovery fund, except where the value of all labor and materials does not exceed \$2,500. The written statement must be substantially in the following form:

FLORIDA HOMEOWNERS' CONSTRUCTION

RECOVERY FUND

PAYMENT, UP TO A LIMITED AMOUNT, MAY BE AVAILABLE FROM THE FLORIDA HOMEOWNERS' CONSTRUCTION RECOVERY FUND IF YOU LOSE MONEY ON A PROJECT PERFORMED UNDER CONTRACT, WHERE THE LOSS RESULTS FROM SPECIFIED VIOLATIONS OF FLORIDA LAW BY A LICENSED CONTRACTOR. FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THE RECOVERY FUND AND FILING A CLAIM, CONTACT THE FLORIDA CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY LICENSING BOARD AT THE FOLLOWING TELEPHONE NUMBER AND ADDRESS:

The statement <u>must</u> shall be immediately followed by the board's address and telephone number as established by board rule.

Section 12. Section 489.143, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.143 Payment from the fund.-

- (1) The fund shall be disbursed as provided in s. 489.141 on a final order of the board.
- (2) \underline{A} Any claimant who meets all of the conditions prescribed in s. 489.141 may apply to the board to cause payment to be made to a claimant from the recovery fund in an amount equal to the judgment, award, or restitution order or \$25,000,

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whichever is less, or an amount equal to the unsatisfied portion of such person's judgment, award, or restitution order, but only to the extent and amount of actual damages suffered by the claimant, and only up to the maximum payment allowed for each respective Division I and Division II claim. Payment from the fund for other costs related to or pursuant to civil proceedings such as postjudgment interest, attorney attorney's fees, court costs, medical damages, and punitive damages is prohibited. The recovery fund is not obligated to pay a any judgment, an award, or a restitution order, or any portion thereof, which is not expressly based on one of the grounds for recovery set forth in s. 489.141.

- (3) Beginning January 1, 2005, for each <u>Division I</u> contract entered <u>into</u> after July 1, 2004, payment from the recovery fund shall be subject to a \$50,000 maximum payment <u>for each Division I claim. Beginning January 1, 2016, for each Division II contract entered into on or after July 1, 2015, payment from the recovery fund is subject to a \$15,000 maximum payment for each Division II claim.</u>
- (4)(3) Upon receipt by a claimant under subsection (2) of payment from the recovery fund, the claimant shall assign his or her additional right, title, and interest in the judgment, award, or restitution order, to the extent of such payment, to the board, and thereupon the board shall be subrogated to the right, title, and interest of the claimant; and any amount subsequently recovered on the judgment, award, or restitution

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order, to the extent of the right, title, and interest of the board therein, shall be for the purpose of reimbursing the recovery fund.

- (5)(4) Payments for claims arising out of the same transaction shall be limited, in the aggregate, to the lesser of the judgment, award, or restitution order or the maximum payment allowed for a Division I or Division II claim, regardless of the number of claimants involved in the transaction.
- (6) (5) For contracts entered into before July 1, 2004, payments for claims against any one licensee may shall not exceed, in the aggregate, \$100,000 annually, up to a total aggregate of \$250,000. For any claim approved by the board which is in excess of the annual cap, the amount in excess of \$100,000 up to the total aggregate cap of \$250,000 is eligible for payment in the next and succeeding fiscal years, but only after all claims for the then-current calendar year have been paid. Payments may not exceed the aggregate annual or per claimant limits under law. Beginning January 1, 2005, for each Division I contract entered into after July 1, 2004, payment from the recovery fund is subject only to a total aggregate cap of \$500,000 for each Division I licensee. Beginning January 1, 2016, for each Division II contract entered into on or after July 1, 2015, payment from the recovery fund is subject only to a total aggregate cap of \$150,000 for each Division II licensee.
- (7) (6) Claims shall be paid in the order filed, up to the aggregate limits for each transaction and licensee and to the

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limits of the amount appropriated to pay claims against the fund for the fiscal year in which the claims were filed. Payments may not exceed the total aggregate cap per license or per claimant limits under this section.

- (8)(7) If the annual appropriation is exhausted with claims pending, such claims shall be carried forward to the next fiscal year. Any moneys in excess of pending claims remaining in the recovery fund at the end of the fiscal year shall be paid as provided in s. 468.631.
- (9) (8) Upon the payment of any amount from the recovery fund in settlement of a claim in satisfaction of a judgment, award, or restitution order against a licensee as described in s. 489.141, the license of such licensee shall be automatically suspended, without further administrative action, upon the date of payment from the fund. The license of such licensee may shall not be reinstated until he or she has repaid in full, plus interest, the amount paid from the fund. A discharge of bankruptcy does not relieve a person from the penalties and disabilities provided in this section.
- (10) (9) A Any firm, a corporation, a partnership, or an association, or a any person acting in his or her individual capacity, who aids, abets, solicits, or conspires with another any person to knowingly present or cause to be presented a any false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss under this act commits is guilty of a third-degree felony, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.084 and by a fine of up to not

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538 exceeding \$30,000, unless the value of the fraud exceeds that
539 amount, \$30,000 in which event the fine may not exceed double
540 the value of the fraud.

(11) (10) Each payment All payments and disbursement disbursements from the recovery fund shall be made by the Chief Financial Officer upon a voucher signed by the secretary of the department or the secretary's designee.

Section 13. Subsection (24) is added to section 489.503, Florida Statutes, to read:

489.503 Exemptions.—This part does not apply to:

(24) A person who installs low-voltage landscape lighting that contains a factory-installed electrical cord with plug and does not require installation, wiring, or other modification to the electrical wiring of a structure.

Section 14. Subsection (6) of section 489.517, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.517 Renewal of certificate or registration; continuing education.—

(6) The board shall require, by rule adopted pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, a specialized number of hours in specialized or code-related training advanced module courses, approved by the Florida Building Commission, on any portion of the Florida Building Code, adopted pursuant to part IV of chapter 553, relating to the contractor's respective discipline.

Section 15. Subsection (3) of section 514.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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514.011 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:

individual, family, or living unit members and their guests which does not serve any type of cooperative housing or joint tenancy of five or more living units. The term includes a portable pool used exclusively for providing swimming lessons or related instruction in support of an established educational program sponsored or provided by a county school district for the purposes of the exemptions provided under s. 514.0115.

Section 16. Subsection (3) of section 514.0115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

514.0115 Exemptions from supervision or regulation; variances.—

(3) A private pool used for instructional purposes in swimming may shall not be regulated as a public pool. A portable pool used for instructional purposes or in furtherance of an approved educational program may not be regulated as a public pool.

Section 17. Subsection (5) of 514.031, Florida Statutes, is amended, to read:

(5) An owner or operator of a public swimming pool, including, but not limited to, a spa, wading, or special purpose pool, to which admittance is obtained by membership for a fee shall post in a prominent location within the facility the most recent pool inspection report issued by the department pertaining to the health and safety conditions of such facility.

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The report shall be legible and readily accessible to members or potential members. The department shall adopt rules to enforce this subsection. A portable pool may not be used as a public pool, unless it is exempt under s. 514.0115.

Section 18. Subsection (2) of section 553.512, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.512 Modifications and waivers; advisory council.-

The Accessibility Advisory Council shall consist of the following seven members, who shall be knowledgeable in the area of accessibility for persons with disabilities. The Secretary of Business and Professional Regulation shall appoint the following: a representative from the Advocacy Center for Persons with Disabilities, Inc.; a representative from the Division of Blind Services; a representative from the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation; a representative from a statewide organization representing the physically handicapped; a representative from the hearing impaired; a representative from the Pensacola Pen Wheels Inc. Employ the Handicapped Council President, Florida Council of Handicapped Organizations; and a representative of the Paralyzed Veterans of America. The terms for the first three council members appointed subsequent to October 1, 1991, shall be for 4 years, the terms for the next two council members appointed shall be for 3 years, and the terms for the next two members shall be for 2 years. Thereafter, all council member appointments shall be for terms of 4 years. No council member shall serve more than two 4-year terms

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subsequent to October 1, 1991. Any member of the council may be replaced by the secretary upon three unexcused absences. Upon application made in the form provided, an individual waiver or modification may be granted by the commission so long as such modification or waiver is not in conflict with more stringent standards provided in another chapter.

Section 19. Section 553.721, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Surcharge.—In order for the Department of Business 553.721 and Professional Regulation to administer and carry out the purposes of this part and related activities, there is created a surcharge, to be assessed at the rate of 1.5 percent of the permit fees associated with enforcement of the Florida Building Code as defined by the uniform account criteria and specifically the uniform account code for building permits adopted for local government financial reporting pursuant to s. 218.32. The minimum amount collected on any permit issued shall be \$2. The unit of government responsible for collecting a permit fee pursuant to s. 125.56(4) or s. 166.201 shall collect the surcharge and electronically remit the funds collected to the department on a quarterly calendar basis for the preceding quarter and continuing each third month thereafter. The unit of government shall retain 10 percent of the surcharge collected to fund the participation of building departments in the national and state building code adoption processes and to provide education related to enforcement of the Florida Building Code.

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642 All funds remitted to the department pursuant to this section 643 shall be deposited in the Professional Regulation Trust Fund. 644 Funds collected from the surcharge shall be allocated to fund 645 the Florida Building Commission and the Florida Building Code 646 Compliance and Mitigation Program under s. 553.841. Funds 647 allocated to the Florida Building Code Compliance and Mitigation 648 Program shall be \$925,000 each fiscal year. The Florida Building 649 Code Compliance and Mitigation Program shall fund the 650 recommendations made by the Building Code System Uniform 651 Implementation Evaluation Workgroup, dated April 8, 2013, from 652 existing resources, not to exceed \$30,000 in the 2015-2016 653 fiscal year. Funds collected from the surcharge shall also be 654 used to fund Florida Fire Prevention Code informal 655 interpretations managed by the State Fire Marshal and shall be 656 limited to \$15,000 each fiscal year. The State Fire Marshal 657 shall adopt rules to address the implementation and expenditure 658 of the funds allocated to fund the Florida Fire Prevention Code 659 informal interpretations under this section. The funds collected 660 from the surcharge may not be used to fund research on 661 techniques for mitigation of radon in existing buildings. Funds 662 used by the department as well as funds to be transferred to the 663 Department of Health and the State Fire Marshal shall be as 664 prescribed in the annual General Appropriations Act. The 665 department shall adopt rules governing the collection and 666 remittance of surcharges pursuant to chapter 120. 667 Section 20. Subsections (11) and (15) of section 553.73,

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Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (19) is added to that section, to read:

553.73 Florida Building Code.-

- (11) (a) In the event of a conflict between the Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code and the Life Safety Code as applied to a specific project, the conflict shall be resolved by agreement between the local building code enforcement official and the local fire code enforcement official in favor of the requirement of the code which offers the greatest degree of lifesafety or alternatives which would provide an equivalent degree of lifesafety and an equivalent method of construction. Local boards created to address issues arising under the Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code may combine the appeals boards to create a single, local board having jurisdiction over matters arising under either or both codes. The combined local board of appeals has the authority to grant alternatives or modifications through procedures outlined in NFPA 1, Section 1.4, but does not have the authority to waive the requirements of the Florida Fire Prevention Code. In order to meet the quorum requirement to convene the combined appeals board there must be at least one member of the board who is a fire protection contractor, a fire protection design professional, a fire department operations professional, or a fire code enforcement professional.
- (b) Any decision made by the local fire official <u>regarding</u> application, interpretation, or enforcement of the Florida Fire

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694 Prevention Code, and the local building official regarding application, interpretation, or enforcement of the Florida Building Code, or the appropriate application of either or both 697 codes in the case of a conflict between the codes, may be appealed to a local administrative board designated by the 699 municipality, county, or special district having firesafety 700 responsibilities. If the decision of the local fire official and the local building official is to apply the provisions of either 702 the Florida Building Code or the Florida Fire Prevention Code 703 and the Life Safety Code, the board may not alter the decision unless the board determines that the application of such code is not reasonable. If the decision of the local fire official and 706 the local building official is to adopt an alternative to the 707 codes, the local administrative board shall give due regard to 708 the decision rendered by the local officials and may modify that 709 decision if the administrative board adopts a better alternative, taking into consideration all relevant 711 circumstances. In any case in which the local administrative 712 board adopts alternatives to the decision rendered by the local 713 fire official and the local building official, such alternatives 714 shall provide an equivalent degree of lifesafety and an 715 equivalent method of construction as the decision rendered by the local officials. 716

If the local building official and the local fire official are unable to agree on a resolution of the conflict between the Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire

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Prevention Code and the Life Safety Code, the local administrative board shall resolve the conflict in favor of the code which offers the greatest degree of lifesafety or alternatives which would provide an equivalent degree of lifesafety and an equivalent method of construction.

- (d) All decisions of the local administrative board, or if none exists, the decisions of the local building official and the local fire official in regard to the application, enforcement, or interpretation of the Florida Fire Prevention Code, or conflicts between the Florida Fire Prevention Code and the Florida Building Code, are subject to review by a joint committee composed of members of the Florida Building Commission and the Fire Code Advisory Council. If the joint committee is unable to resolve conflicts between the codes as applied to a specific project, the matter shall be resolved pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) (d). Decisions of the local administrative board solely in regard to the provisions of the Florida Building Code are subject to review as set forth in s. 553.775.
- (e) The local administrative board shall, to the greatest extent possible, be composed of members with expertise in building construction and firesafety standards.
- (f) All decisions of the local building official and local fire official and all decisions of the administrative board shall be in writing and shall be binding upon a person but do not limit the authority of the State Fire Marshal or the Florida

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Building Commission pursuant to paragraph (1)(d) and ss. 633.104 and 633.228. Decisions of general application shall be indexed by building and fire code sections and shall be available for inspection during normal business hours.

- (15) An agency or local government may not require that existing mechanical equipment located on or above the surface of a roof be installed in compliance with the requirements of the Florida Building Code except <u>during reroofing</u> when the equipment is being replaced or moved <u>during reroofing</u> and is not in compliance with the provisions of the Florida Building Code relating to roof-mounted mechanical units.
- one fire service access elevator in residential occupancies where the highest occupiable floor is less than 420 feet above the level of fire service access and all remaining elevators are provided with Phase I and II emergency operations. Where fire service access elevators are required, a one hour fire-rated fire service access elevator lobby with direct access from the fire service access elevators shall not be required when the fire service access elevators open into an exit access corridor which can be no less than six feet wide for its entire length that is a minimum of 150 square feet with the exception of door openings, and has a minimum one-hour fire rating with three quarter hour fire and smoke rated openings; and during a fire event the fire service access elevators are pressurized and floor-to-floor smoke control is provided. However, where

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transient residential occupancies occur at floor levels above

420 feet above the level of fire service access, a one hour

fire-rated fire service access elevator lobby with direct access

from the fire service access elevators shall be required. The

requirement for a second fire service access elevator shall not

considered to be a part of the Florida Building Code, and

therefore, shall not take effect, until July 1, 2016.

Section 21. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 553.775, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.775 Interpretations.—

- (3) The following procedures may be invoked regarding interpretations of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction:
- (c) The commission shall review decisions of local building officials and local enforcement agencies regarding interpretations of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction after the local board of appeals has considered the decision, if such board exists, and if such appeals process is concluded within 25 business days.
- 1. The commission shall coordinate with the Building Officials Association of Florida, Inc., to designate <u>a panel</u> panels composed of <u>seven</u> five members to hear requests to review decisions of local building officials. Five The members must be licensed as building code administrators under part XII of chapter 468, one member must be licensed as an architect under

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- 798 chapter 481, and one member must be licensed as an engineer 799 under chapter 471. Each member and must have experience 800 interpreting or and enforcing provisions of the Florida Building Code and the Florida Accessibility Code for Building 802 Construction.
 - 2. Requests to review a decision of a local building official interpreting provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction may be initiated by any substantially affected person, including an owner or builder subject to a decision of a local building official or an association of owners or builders having members who are subject to a decision of a local building official. In order to initiate review, the substantially affected person must file a petition with the commission. The commission shall adopt a form for the petition, which shall be published on the Building Code Information System. The form shall, at a minimum, require the following:
 - The name and address of the county or municipality in which provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction are being interpreted.
 - The name and address of the local building official who has made the interpretation being appealed.
 - The name, address, and telephone number of the petitioner; the name, address, and telephone number of the petitioner's representative, if any; and an explanation of how

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the petitioner's substantial interests are being affected by the local interpretation of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction.

- d. A statement of the provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction which are being interpreted by the local building official.
- e. A statement of the interpretation given to provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction by the local building official and the manner in which the interpretation was rendered.
- f. A statement of the interpretation that the petitioner contends should be given to the provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction and a statement supporting the petitioner's interpretation.
- g. Space for the local building official to respond in writing. The space shall, at a minimum, require the local building official to respond by providing a statement admitting or denying the statements contained in the petition and a statement of the interpretation of the provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction which the local jurisdiction or the local building official contends is correct, including the basis for the interpretation.
- 3. The petitioner shall submit the petition to the local building official, who shall place the date of receipt on the

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petition. The local building official shall respond to the petition in accordance with the form and shall return the petition along with his or her response to the petitioner within 5 days after receipt, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays. The petitioner may file the petition with the commission at any time after the local building official provides a response. If no response is provided by the local building official, the petitioner may file the petition with the commission 10 days after submission of the petition to the local building official and shall note that the local building official did not respond.

- 4. Upon receipt of a petition that meets the requirements of subparagraph 2., the commission shall immediately provide copies of the petition to the a panel, and the commission shall publish the petition, including any response submitted by the local building official, on the Building Code Information System in a manner that allows interested persons to address the issues by posting comments.
- 5. The panel shall conduct proceedings as necessary to resolve the issues; shall give due regard to the petitions, the response, and to comments posed on the Building Code Information System; and shall issue an interpretation regarding the provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction within 21 days after the filing of the petition. The panel shall render a determination based upon the Florida Building Code or the

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Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction or, if the code is ambiguous, the intent of the code. The panel's interpretation shall be provided to the commission, which shall publish the interpretation on the Building Code Information System and in the Florida Administrative Register. The interpretation shall be considered an interpretation entered by the commission, and shall be binding upon the parties and upon all jurisdictions subject to the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction, unless it is superseded by a declaratory statement issued by the Florida Building Commission or by a final order entered after an appeal proceeding conducted in accordance with subparagraph 7.

- 6. It is the intent of the Legislature that review proceedings be completed within 21 days after the date that a petition seeking review is filed with the commission, and the time periods set forth in this paragraph may be waived only upon consent of all parties.
- 7. Any substantially affected person may appeal an interpretation rendered by the a hearing officer panel by filing a petition with the commission. Such appeals shall be initiated in accordance with chapter 120 and the uniform rules of procedure and must be filed within 30 days after publication of the interpretation on the Building Code Information System or in the Florida Administrative Register. Hearings shall be conducted pursuant to chapter 120 and the uniform rules of procedure. Decisions of the commission are subject to judicial review

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pursuant to s. 120.68. The final order of the commission is binding upon the parties and upon all jurisdictions subject to the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction.

- 8. The burden of proof in any proceeding initiated in accordance with subparagraph 7. is on the party who initiated the appeal.
- 9. In any review proceeding initiated in accordance with this paragraph, including any proceeding initiated in accordance with subparagraph 7., the fact that an owner or builder has proceeded with construction may not be grounds for determining an issue to be most if the issue is one that is likely to arise in the future.

This paragraph provides the exclusive remedy for addressing requests to review local interpretations of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction and appeals from review proceedings.

Section 22. Subsection (6) of section 553.79, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.79 Permits; applications; issuance; inspections.-

(6) A permit may not be issued for any building construction, erection, alteration, modification, repair, or addition unless the applicant for such permit complies with the requirements for plan review established by the Florida Building Commission within the Florida Building Code. However, the code

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928	shall set standards and criteria to authorize preliminary
929	construction before completion of all building plans review,
930	including, but not limited to, special permits for the
931	foundation only, and such standards shall take effect concurrent
932	with the first effective date of the Florida Building Code.
933	After submittal of the appropriate construction documents, the
934	building official is authorized to issue a permit for the
935	construction of foundations or any other part of a building or
936	structure before the construction documents for the whole
937	building or structure have been submitted. The holder of such
938	permit for the foundation or other parts of a building or
939	structure shall proceed at the holder's own risk with the
940	building operation and without assurance that a permit for the
941	entire structure will be granted. Corrections may be required to
942	meet the requirements of the technical codes.

Section 23. Subsections (4) and (7) of section 553.841, Florida Statutes, are amended, to read:

553.841 Building code compliance and mitigation program.-

- In administering the Florida Building Code Compliance and Mitigation Program, the department may shall maintain, update, develop, or cause to be developed code-related training and education advanced modules designed for use by each profession.
- (7) The Florida Building Commission shall provide by rule for the accreditation of courses related to the Florida Building Code by accreditors approved by the commission. The commission

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shall establish qualifications of accreditors and criteria for the accreditation of courses by rule. The commission may revoke the accreditation of a course by an accreditor if the accreditation is demonstrated to violate this part or the rules of the commission.

Section 24. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 553.842, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.842 Product evaluation and approval.-

- (8) The commission may adopt rules to approve the following types of entities that produce information on which product approvals are based. All of the following entities, including engineers and architects, must comply with a nationally recognized standard demonstrating independence or no conflict of interest:
- (a) Evaluation entities approved pursuant to this paragraph. The commission shall specifically approve the National Evaluation Service, the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials Evaluation Service, the International Code Council Evaluation Services, <u>Underwriters Laboratories</u>, <u>LLC</u>, and the Miami-Dade County Building Code Compliance Office Product Control <u>Division</u>. Architects and engineers licensed in this state are also approved to conduct product evaluations as provided in subsection (5).

Section 25. Section 553.883, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.883 Smoke alarms in one-family and two-family

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dwellings and townhomes. - One-family and two-family dwellings and townhomes undergoing a repair, or a level 1 alteration as defined in the Florida Building Code, may use smoke alarms powered by 10-year nonremovable, nonreplaceable batteries in lieu of retrofitting such dwelling with smoke alarms powered by the dwelling's electrical system. Effective January 1, 2015, a battery-powered smoke alarm that is newly installed or replaces an existing battery-powered smoke alarm must be powered by a nonremovable, nonreplaceable battery that powers the alarm for at least 10 years. The battery requirements of this section do not apply to a fire alarm, smoke detector, smoke alarm, or ancillary component that is electronically connected as a part of a centrally monitored or supervised alarm system; that uses a low-power, radio frequency wireless communication signal; or that contains multiple sensors, such as a smoke alarm combined with a carbon monoxide alarm or other devices as the State Fire Marshal designates through its regulatory process.

Section 26. Section 553.908, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.908 Inspection.—Before construction or renovation is completed, the local enforcement agency shall inspect buildings for compliance with the standards of this part. Notwithstanding any other provision of the code or law, specific section R402.4.1 of the new 5th Edition (2014) of the Florida Building Code, Energy Conservation, which is scheduled to become effective on June 30, 2015, shall not be adopted or become

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1006 effective in Florida. Instead, section 402-4.2 of the 2010 1007 Florida Building Code, Energy Conservation, relating to air 1008 sealing and insulation, in effect prior to June 30, 2015, shall 1009 govern and remain applicable and in effect in Florida after June 1010 30, 2015. Additionally, no state or local enforcement agency or 1011 code official, shall require any type of mandatory blower door 1012 test or air infiltration test to determine specific air 1013 infiltration levels or air leakage rates in a residential 1014 building or dwelling unit and no state or local enforcement 1015 agency or code official shall require the installation of any mechanical ventilation devices designed to filter outside air 1016 through an HVAC system as a condition of a permit or to 1017 1018 determine compliance with the code.

Section 27. Subsections (17) and (18) are added to section 633.202, Florida Statutes, to read:

633.202 Florida Fire Prevention Code.-

buildings, minimum radio signal strength for fire department communications shall be maintained at a level determined by the authority having jurisdiction. Existing buildings may not be required to comply with minimum radio strength for fire department communications and two-way radio system enhancement communications as required by the Florida Fire Prevention Code until January 1, 2022. However, by December 31, 2019, an existing building that is not in compliance with the requirements for minimum radio strength for fire department

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communications must initiate an application for an appropriate permit for the required installation with the local government agency having jurisdiction and must demonstrate that the building will become compliant by January 1, 2022. Existing apartment buildings may not be required to comply until January 1, 2025. However, existing apartment buildings are required to initiate the appropriate permit for the required communications installation by December 31, 2022.

(18) Areas of refuge shall be provided when required by the Florida Building Code-Accessibility. Required portions of an area of refuge shall be accessible from the space they serve by an accessible means of egress.

Section 28. Subsection (5) is added to section 633.206, Florida Statutes, to read:

633.206 Uniform firesafety standards—The Legislature hereby determines that to protect the public health, safety, and welfare it is necessary to provide for firesafety standards governing the construction and utilization of certain buildings and structures. The Legislature further determines that certain buildings or structures, due to their specialized use or to the special characteristics of the person utilizing or occupying these buildings or structures, should be subject to firesafety standards reflecting these special needs as may be appropriate.

(5) The home environment provisions enumerated in the most current edition of the codes adopted by the division may be applied to existing assisted living facilities notwithstanding

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the edition of the codes applied at the time of construction.

Section 29. Subsection (5) of section 633.208, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

633.208 Minimum firesafety standards.-

With regard to existing buildings, the Legislature recognizes that it is not always practical to apply any or all of the provisions of the Florida Fire Prevention Code and that physical limitations may require disproportionate effort or expense with little increase in fire or life safety. Prior to applying the minimum firesafety code to an existing building, the local fire official shall determine that a threat to lifesafety or property exists. If a threat to lifesafety or property exists, the fire official shall apply the applicable firesafety code for existing buildings to the extent practical to assure a reasonable degree of lifesafety and safety of property or the fire official shall fashion a reasonable alternative which affords an equivalent degree of lifesafety and safety of property. The fire official may consider the Fire Safety Evaluation System found in NFPA 101A, Alternative Solutions to Life Safety, current edition adopted by the State Fire Marshal, as an acceptable tool to identify low cost alternatives. It is acceptable to use the Fire Safety Evaluation System for Board and Care Facilities using "prompt" evacuation capabilities parameter values on existing residential high-rise buildings. The decision of the local fire official may be appealed to the local administrative board described in s.

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Section 30. Section 633.336, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.336 Contracting without certificate prohibited; violations; penalty.—

It is unlawful for any organization or individual to engage in the business of layout, fabrication, installation, inspection, alteration, repair, or service of a fire protection system, other than a preengineered system, act in the capacity of a fire protection contractor, or advertise itself as being a fire protection contractor without having been duly certified and holding a valid and existing certificate, except as hereinafter provided. The holder of a certificate used to qualify an organization must be a full-time employee of the qualified organization or business. A certificateholder who is employed by more than one fire protection contractor during the same time is deemed not to be a full-time employee of either contractor. The State Fire Marshal shall revoke, for a period determined by the State Fire Marshal, the certificate of a certificateholder who allows the use of the certificate to qualify a company of which the certificateholder is not a fulltime employee. A contractor who maintains more than one place of business must employ a certificateholder at each location. This subsection does not prohibit an employee acting on behalf of governmental entities from inspecting and enforcing firesafety codes, provided such employee is certified under s. 633.216.

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- (2) A fire protection contractor certified under this chapter may not:
- (a) Enter into a written or oral agreement to authorize, or otherwise knowingly allow, a contractor who is not certified under this chapter to engage in the business of, or act in the capacity of, a fire protection contractor.
- (b) Apply for or obtain a construction permit for fire protection work unless the fire protection contractor or the business organization qualified by the fire protection contractor has contracted to conduct the work specified in the application for the permit.
- required for fire pump control panels and maintenance of electric and diesel pump drivers and that it is not economically feasible for all contractors to employ these experts full-time whose work may be limited. It is therefore deemed acceptable for a fire protection contractor properly licensed under Chapter 633 to subcontract to companies providing advanced technical services for installing, servicing and maintaining fire pump control panels and fire pump drivers. To ensure that integrity of the system and protecting the interests of the property owner, those providing technical support services for fire pump control panels and drivers must be under contract with a properly licensed fire protection contractor.
- $\underline{(4)}$ A person who violates any provision of this act or commits any of the acts constituting cause for disciplinary

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action as herein set forth commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(3), a fire protection contractor certified under this chapter who violates any provision of this section or who commits any act constituting cause for disciplinary action is subject to suspension or revocation of the certificate and administrative fines pursuant to s. 633.338.

Section 31. The Calder Sloan Swimming Pool Electrical-Safety Task Force.—There is established within the Florida
Building Commission the Calder Sloan Swimming Pool Electrical-Safety Task Force.

- (1) The purpose of the task force is to study standards on grounding, bonding, lighting, wiring, and all electrical aspects for safety in and around public and private swimming pools, especially with regard to minimizing risks of electrocutions linked to swimming pools. The task force shall submit a report on its findings, including recommended revisions to the Florida Statutes, if any, to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by November 1, 2015.
- (2) The task force shall consist of the Swimming Pool and Electrical Technical Advisory Committees of the Florida Building Commission.
- 1160 (3) The task force shall be chaired by the Swimming Pool
 1161 Contractor appointed to the Florida Building Commission pursuant

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to s. 553.74, Florida Statutes.

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L163	(4) The Florida Building Commission shall provide such
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- 1166 responsibilities.
 - (5) Members of the task force shall serve without compensation.
 - (6) The task force shall meet as often as necessary to fulfill its responsibilities and meetings may be conducted by conference call, teleconferencing, or similar technology.
 - (7) This section expires December 31, 2015.

 Section 32. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

1179 An act relating to building codes; amending s.

468.609, F.S.; revising the certification examination

requirements for building code inspectors, plans

examiners, and building code administrators; requiring

1183 the Florida Building Code Administrators and

1184 Inspectors Board to provide for issuance of certain

provisional certificates; amending ss. 468.627,

1186 471.0195, 481.215, and 481.313, F.S.; requiring a

1187 licensee or certificateholder to undergo code-related

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training as part of his or her continuing education courses; amending s. 489.105, F.S.; revising the term "plumbing contractor"; amending s. 489.115, F.S.; requiring a certificateholder or registrant to undergo code-related training as part of his or her continuing education requirements; amending s. 489.1401, F.S.; revising legislative intent with respect to the purpose of the Florida Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund; providing legislative intent that Division II contractors set apart funds to participate in the fund; amending s. 489.1402, F.S.; revising terms; amending s. 489.141, F.S.; authorizing certain claimants to make a claim against the recovery fund for certain contracts entered into before a specified date; amending s. 489.1425, F.S.; revising a notification provided by contractors to certain residential property owners to state that payment from the recovery fund is limited; amending s. 489.143, F.S.; revising provisions concerning payments from the recovery fund; specifying claim amounts for certain contracts entered into before or after specified dates; providing aggregate caps for payments; amending s. 489.503, F.S.; exempting certain low-voltage landscape lighting from licensed electrical contractor installation requirements; amending s. 489.517, F.S.; requiring a certificateholder or registrant to undergo

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code-related training as part of his or her continuing
education requirements; amending s. 514.011, F.S.;
revising the term "private pool"; amending s.
514.0115, F.S.; prohibiting a portable pool from being
regulated as a public pool in certain circumstances;
amending s. 514.031, F.S.; providing that a portable
pool may not be used as a public pool, unless it is
exempt under s. 514.0115; amending s. 553.512, F.S.;
replacing a representative on the Accessibility
Advisory Council; amending s. 553.721, F.S.; amending
s. 553.721, F.S.; directing the Florida Building Code
Compliance and Mitigation Program to fund, from
existing resources, the recommendations made by the
Building Code System Uniform Implementation Evaluation
Workgroup; providing a limitation; requiring that a
specified amount of funds from the surcharge be used
to fund certain Florida Fire Prevention Code informal
interpretations; requiring the State Fire Marshal to
adopt specified rules; amending s. 553.73, F.S.;
authorizing local boards created to address specified
issues to combine the appeals boards to create a
single, local board; authorizing the local board to
grant alternatives or modifications through specified
procedures; requiring at least one member of a board
to be a fire protection contractor, a fire protection
design professional, a fire department operations

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professional, or a fire code enforcement professional in order to meet a specified quorum requirement; authorizing the appeal to a local administrative board of specified decisions made by a local fire official; specifying the decisions of the local building official and the local fire official which are subject to review; providing that an agency or local government may not require that existing mechanical equipment located on or above the surface of a roof be installed in compliance with the Florida Building Code under certain circumstances; prohibiting the Florida Building Code from requiring more than one fire access elevator in certain buildings; prohibiting a 1-hour fire-rated fire service access elevator lobby from being required in certain circumstances; requiring a 1-hour fire-related fire service access elevator lobby in certain circumstances; providing that the requirement for a second fire service access elevator is not considered to be part of the Florida Building Code; amending s. 553.775, F.S.; revising a panel that hears requests to review decisions of local building officials; amending s. 553.79, F.S.; authorizing a building official to issue a permit for the construction of the foundation or any other part of a building or structure before the construction documents for the whole building or structure have

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been submitted; providing that the holder of such permit shall begin building at the holder's own risk with the building operation and without assurance that a permit for the entire structure will be granted; amending s. 553.841, F.S.; authorizing the department to maintain, update, develop, or cause to be developed code-related training and education; removing provisions related to the development of advanced courses with respect to the Florida Building Code Compliance and Mitigation Program and the accreditation of courses related to the Florida Building Code; amending s. 553.842, F.S.; providing that Underwriters Laboratories, LLC, is an approved evaluation entity; amending s. 553.883, F.S.; exempting certain devices from certain smoke alarm battery requirements; amending s. 553.908, F.S.; amends blower door requirement; amending s. 633.202, F.S.; requiring all new high-rise and existing highrise buildings to maintain a minimum radio signal strength for fire department communications; providing a transitory period for compliance; requiring existing buildings and existing apartment buildings that are not in compliance with the requirements for minimum radio strength for fire department communications to initiate an application for an appropriate permit by a specified date; requiring areas of refuge to be

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required as determined by the Florida Building Code-Accessibility; amending s. 633.206, F.S.; providing that certain provisions may be applied to existing assisted living facilities notwithstanding the edition of the codes applied at the time of construction; amending s. 633.208, F.S.; authorizing fire officials to consider certain systems as an acceptable tool when identifying low cost alternatives; amending s. 633.336, F.S.; providing a licensed fire protection contractor to subcontract for advanced technical services under certain circumstances; creating the Calder Sloan Swimming Pool Electrical-Safety Task Force within the Florida Building Commission; specifying the purpose of the task force; requiring a report to the Governor and the Legislature by a specified date; providing for membership; requiring the Florida Building Commission to provide staff, information, and other assistance to the task force; providing that members of the task force serve without compensation; authorizing the task force to meet as often as necessary; providing for future repeal of the task force; providing an effective date.

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