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An act relating to taxation; amending s. 193.0235, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "common element" for purposes of prorating ad valorem taxes for certain properties under certain circumstances; amending s. 202.12, F.S.; reducing the tax rates applied to the sale of communications services and the retail sale of direct-to-home satellite services; amending s. 202.12001, F.S.; conforming rates to the reduction of the communications services tax; amending s. 202.18, F.S.; revising the allocation of tax revenues received from the communications services tax; amending s. 202.27, F.S.; authorizing dealers of communications services to elect to use an alternative-period basis for filing and remitting communications services taxes; defining the term "alternate-period basis"; specifying requirements for the election; amending s. 202.28, F.S.; limiting the disallowance of the collection allowance under specified circumstances; providing that specified provisions of the act are remedial, apply retroactively, and do not provide a basis for certain assessments or create a right to certain refunds or credits; specifying that communication sales tax returns filed before a certain date are deemed to have been filed pursuant to a specified provision of the

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act; amending s. 203.001, F.S.; conforming rates to the reduction of the communications services tax; providing applicability for certain provisions of the act; amending s. 206.9825, F.S.; providing an aviation fuel tax exemption and authorizing a refund of such taxes paid for certain colleges and universities that offer graduate programs in aeronautical or aerospace engineering or flight training and certain wholesalers and terminal suppliers; amending s. 212.02, F.S.; revising the definitions of the terms "livestock" and "agricultural production"; amending s. 212.04, F.S.; exempting from the sales and use tax admissions to and membership fees for gun clubs; defining the term "gun club"; amending s. 212.05, F.S.; limiting the amount of tax that may be imposed and collected on each repair of a boat; amending s. 212.08, F.S.; exempting from the sales and use tax irrigation equipment, replacement parts and accessories for power farm equipment and irrigation equipment, certain trailers, stakes used by farmers to support plants during agricultural production, and certain motor vehicles purchased by active members of the United States Armed Forces or their spouses; specifying for certain fiscal years the total amount of community contribution tax credits which may be granted against the sales and use tax for contributions made to eligible sponsors of

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specified projects; expanding such tax credit to include contributions made to eligible sponsors of housing projects for persons with certain special needs; defining terms; requiring enterprise zones to have been designated as of a certain date for purposes of such tax credit; extending the expiration date applicable to the granting of such tax credit; revising provisions related to the exemption of prepaid meal plans at colleges and institutions of higher learning; authorizing school support organizations to pay tax to their suppliers on the cost price of food, drink, and supplies purchased for resale in lieu of collecting tax on their final sales; authorizing the executive director of the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules to implement specified amendments made by the act; specifying the duration of such rules; amending s. 212.20, F.S.; revising the distributions of tax revenues received from the sales and use tax, communications services tax, and gross receipts tax; requiring communications services dealers to provide credits by a specified date to their customers for taxes collected in excess of those authorized by certain provisions of the act; specifying that a cause of action is not created if such dealers are unable to provide the credits under certain circumstances; authorizing such dealers to

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take credits on their communications services tax returns for certain amounts credited to their customers; amending s. 220.03, F.S.; extending the expiration date applicable to the definition of the term "community contribution"; revising, and extending the expiration date applicable to, the definition of the term "project"; amending s. 220.183, F.S.; specifying for certain fiscal years the total amount of community contribution tax credits which may be granted for contributions made to eliqible sponsors of specified projects; expanding such tax credit to include contributions made to eligible sponsors of housing projects for persons with certain special needs; requiring enterprise zones to have been designated as of a certain date for purposes of such tax credit; extending the expiration date applicable to the granting of such tax credit; amending s. 220.1845, F.S.; increasing the total amount of contaminated site rehabilitation tax credits that may be granted for 1 fiscal year; amending s. 220.196, F.S.; revising eligibility requirements for certain research and development tax credits for certain business enterprises; increasing the total amount of tax credits that may be granted to business enterprises during a specified calendar year; revising the deadline for the filing of an application for the

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tax credit; providing for the proration of tax credits under certain circumstances; amending s. 376.30781, F.S.; increasing the total amount of tax credits for the rehabilitation of drycleaning-solvent-contaminated sites and brownfield sites in designated brownfield areas which may be granted for 1 fiscal year; conforming provisions to changes made by act; amending s. 624.509, F.S.; requiring expiration by a specified date of an exemption from the premium tax for any portion of the title insurance premium retained by a title insurance agent or agency unless the Department of Economic Opportunity makes a specified determination relating to certain increases in fulltime equivalent positions by title insurers; authorizing the department to verify certain information provided by title insurers; requiring the department to submit its determination to the Legislature and the Department of Revenue by a certain date; amending s. 624.5105, F.S.; specifying for certain fiscal years the total amount of community contribution tax credits which may be granted for contributions made to eligible sponsors of specified projects; expanding such tax credit to include contributions made to eligible sponsors of housing projects for persons with certain special needs; requiring enterprise zones to have been designated as

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of a certain date for purposes of such tax credit; extending the expiration date applicable to the granting of such tax credit; reenacting s. 220.02(8), F.S., relating to legislative intent for the corporate income tax code, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 220.183, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting s. 220.183(1)(g), F.S., relating to the community contribution tax credit, to incorporate amendments made by the act to s. 624.5105, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 377.809(4)(a), F.S., relating to the Energy Economic Zone Pilot Program, to incorporate amendments made by the act to ss. 212.08, 220.183, and 624.5105, F.S., in references thereto; providing an exemption from the sales and use tax for the retail sale of certain clothes, school supplies, and personal computers and personal computer-related accessories during a specified period; providing exceptions to the exemption; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules; providing an appropriation to the Department of Revenue for administrative purposes; providing an exemption from the sales and use tax for the retail sale of certain textbooks; defining terms; providing exceptions to the exemption; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules; providing that businesses that enter into certain

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157 contracts with the Department of Economic Opportunity 158 for certain economic development programs may apply 159 for specified tax exemptions, refunds, and credits for 160 certain projects; specifying the duties and 161 responsibilities of the Department of Economic 162 Opportunity; providing an appropriation to the 163 Department of Revenue to implement certain amendments 164 made by the act; providing for construction of the act 165 in pari materia with laws enacted during the 2015 166 Regular Session of the Legislature; providing effective dates. 167 168 169 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 170 171 Section 1. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (2) of 172 section 193.0235, Florida Statutes, to read: 193.0235 Ad valorem taxes and non-ad valorem assessments 173 174 against subdivision property.-175 (2) As used in this section, the term "common element" 176 includes: 177 (d) Property located within the same county as the subdivision and used for at least 10 years exclusively for the 178 179 benefit of lot owners within the subdivision. 180 Section 2. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of 181 section 202.12, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 202.12 Sales of communications services.—The Legislature 182

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finds that every person who engages in the business of selling communications services at retail in this state is exercising a taxable privilege. It is the intent of the Legislature that the tax imposed by chapter 203 be administered as provided in this chapter.

- (1) For the exercise of such privilege, a tax is levied on each taxable transaction, and  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, at  $\underline{\text{the}}$  a rate of  $\underline{4.92}$  6.65 percent applied to the sales price of the communications service that which:
  - 1. Originates and terminates in this state, or
- 2. Originates or terminates in this state and is charged to a service address in this state,

when sold at retail, computed on each taxable sale for the purpose of remitting the tax due. The gross receipts tax imposed by chapter 203 shall be collected on the same taxable transactions and remitted with the tax imposed by this paragraph. If no tax is imposed by this paragraph due to the exemption provided under by reason of s. 202.125(1), the tax imposed by chapter 203 shall nevertheless be collected and remitted in the manner and at the time prescribed for tax collections and remittances under this chapter.

(b) At the rate of  $9.07 \, 10.8$  percent applied to on the retail sales price of any direct-to-home satellite service

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received in this state. The proceeds of the tax imposed under this paragraph shall be accounted for and distributed in accordance with s. 202.18(2). The gross receipts tax imposed by chapter 203 shall be collected on the same taxable transactions and remitted with the tax imposed by this paragraph.

Section 3. Section 202.12001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

202.12001 Combined rate for tax collected pursuant to ss. 202.12(1)(a) and 203.01(1)(b).—In complying with ss. 1-3, ch. 2010-149, Laws of Florida, the dealer of communication services may collect a combined rate of 5.07 6.8 percent, composed comprised of the 4.92 6.65 percent and 0.15 percent rates required by ss. 202.12(1)(a) and 203.01(1)(b)3., respectively, if as long as the provider properly reflects the tax collected with respect to the two provisions as required in the return to the department of Revenue.

- Section 4. Effective August 1, 2015, subsection (2) of section 202.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 202.18 Allocation and disposition of tax proceeds.—The proceeds of the communications services taxes remitted under this chapter shall be treated as follows:
- (2) The proceeds of the taxes remitted under s. 202.12(1)(b) shall be allocated divided as follows:
- (a) The portion of  $\underline{\text{the}}$  such proceeds which constitutes gross receipts taxes, imposed at the rate prescribed in chapter 203, shall be deposited as provided by law and in accordance

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with s. 9, Art. XII of the State Constitution.

- (b) Fifty-five and nine-tenths Sixty-three percent of the remainder shall be allocated to the state and distributed pursuant to s. 212.20(6), except that the proceeds allocated pursuant to s. 212.20(6)(d)2. shall be prorated to the participating counties in the same proportion as that month's collection of the taxes and fees imposed pursuant to chapter 212 and paragraph (1)(b).
- (c)1. During each calendar year, the remaining portion of the such proceeds shall be transferred to the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund. Seventy percent of such proceeds shall be allocated in the same proportion as the allocation of total receipts of the half-cent sales tax under s. 218.61 and the emergency distribution under s. 218.65 in the prior state fiscal year. Thirty percent of such proceeds shall be distributed pursuant to s. 218.67.
- 2. The proportion of the proceeds allocated based on the emergency distribution under s. 218.65 shall be distributed pursuant to s. 218.65.
- 3. In each calendar year, the proportion of the proceeds allocated based on the half-cent sales tax under s. 218.61 shall be allocated to each county in the same proportion as the county's percentage of total sales tax allocation for the prior state fiscal year and distributed pursuant to s. 218.62.
- 4. The department shall distribute the appropriate amount to each municipality and county each month at the same time that

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local communications services taxes are distributed pursuant to subsection (3).

Section 5. Effective October 1, 2015, subsection (1) of section 202.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

202.27 Return filing; rules for self-accrual.-

For the purpose of ascertaining the amount of tax payable under this chapter and chapter 203, each every dealer must has the duty to file a return and remit the taxes required to be collected in any calendar month to the department, on or before the 20th day of the subsequent month, upon forms prepared and furnished by the department or in a format prescribed by it. The department shall, by rule, prescribe the information to be furnished by taxpayers on such returns. For the purpose of determining the taxes required to be remitted under this subsection, a dealer may elect to use an alternative-period basis. As used in this subsection, the term "alternative-period basis" means any month-long period, other than a calendar month, with an end date on or after the 15th day of the calendar month. The election shall be made on forms prepared and furnished by the department or in a format prescribed by the department. A dealer making such election is bound by the election for at least 12 months. If an election is made, the dealer must file a return and remit the taxes required to be collected in the chosen alternative-period basis to the department on or before the 20th day of the subsequent month.

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Section 6. Effective October 1, 2015, paragraph (d) is



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added to subsection (1) of section 202.28, Florida Statutes, to read:

- 202.28 Credit for collecting tax; penalties.-
- (1) Except as otherwise provided in s. 202.22, for the purpose of compensating persons providing communications services for the keeping of prescribed records, the filing of timely tax returns, and the proper accounting and remitting of taxes, persons collecting taxes imposed under this chapter and under s. 203.01(1)(a)2. shall be allowed to deduct 0.75 percent of the amount of the tax due and accounted for and remitted to the department.
- (d) A disallowance of a collection allowance based on a delinquent tax payment is limited to the percentage of the total tax due which was delinquent when the payment was remitted to the department. The taxpayer has the burden to demonstrate the percentage of the payment which is not delinquent if that percentage is not readily evident at the time of payment.

Section 7. The amendments made by this act to ss. 202.27 and 202.28, Florida Statutes, are remedial in nature and apply retroactively, but do not provide a basis for an assessment of any unpaid tax or create a right to a refund of or credit for any tax paid before October 1, 2015. Communications services tax returns filed by dealers on an alternative-period basis before October 1, 2015, are deemed to have been filed pursuant to the election provided in s. 202.27(1), Florida Statutes, as amended by this act.

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313 Section 8. Section 203.001, Florida Statutes, is amended 314 to read: 203.001 Combined rate for tax collected pursuant to ss. 315 316 202.12(1)(a) and 203.01(1)(b).—In complying with ss. 1-3, ch. 317 2010-149, Laws of Florida, the dealer of communication services may collect a combined rate of 5.07 6.8 percent, composed 318 319  $\frac{\text{comprised}}{\text{comprised}}$  of the 4.92  $\frac{6.65}{\text{comprised}}$  percent and 0.15 percent rates 320 required by ss. 202.12(1)(a) and 203.01(1)(b)3., respectively, 321 if as long as the provider properly reflects the tax collected 322 with respect to the two provisions as required in the return to 323 the Department of Revenue. 324 Section 9. The amendments made by this act to ss. 202.12(1), 202.12001, and 203.001, Florida Statutes, apply to 325 326 taxable communications services transactions on bills dated on 327 or after July 1, 2015. 328 Section 10. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (1) of section 206.9825, Florida Statutes, to read: 329 206.9825 Aviation fuel tax.-330 331 (1)(e)1. Sales of aviation fuel to, and exclusively used for 332 333 flight training through a school of aeronautics or college of aviation by, a college based in this state which is a tax-exempt 334 335 organization under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code or 336 a university based in this state are exempt from the tax imposed 337 by this part if the college or university: 338 Is accredited by or has applied for accreditation by

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339	the	Aviation	Accreditation	Board	International;	and
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- b. Offers a graduate program in aeronautical or aerospace engineering or offers flight training through a school of aeronautics or college of aviation.
- 2. A licensed wholesaler or terminal supplier that sells aviation fuel to a college or university qualified under this paragraph and that does not collect the aviation fuel tax from the college or university on such sale may receive an ultimate vendor credit for the 6.9-cent excise tax previously paid on the aviation fuel delivered to such college or university.
- 3. A college or university qualified under this paragraph which purchases fuel from a retail supplier, including a fixed-base operator, and pays the 6.9-cent excise tax on the purchase may apply for and receive a refund of the aviation fuel tax paid.
- Section 11. Subsections (29) and (32) of section 212.02, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 212.02 Definitions.—The following terms and phrases when used in this chapter have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:
- (29) "Livestock" includes all animals of the equine, bovine, or swine class, including goats, sheep, mules, horses, hogs, cattle, ostriches, and other grazing animals raised for commercial purposes. The term "livestock" shall also includes all aquaculture products, as defined in s. 597.0015 and

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identified by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to s. 597.003, include fish raised for commercial purposes.

(32) "Agricultural production" means the production of plants and animals useful to humans, including the preparation, planting, cultivating, or harvesting of these products or any other practices necessary to accomplish production through the harvest phase, including storage of raw products on a farm. The term and includes aquaculture, horticulture, floriculture, viticulture, forestry, dairy, livestock, poultry, bees, and any and all forms of farm products and farm production.

Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 212.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.04 Admissions tax; rate, procedure, enforcement.-

(2)(a) A tax may not be levied on:

1. Admissions to athletic or other events sponsored by elementary schools, junior high schools, middle schools, high schools, community colleges, public or private colleges and universities, deaf and blind schools, facilities of the youth services programs of the Department of Children and Families, and state correctional institutions if only student, faculty, or inmate talent is used. However, this exemption does not apply to admission to athletic events sponsored by a state university, and the proceeds of the tax collected on such admissions shall be retained and used by each institution to support women's athletics as provided in s. 1006.71(2)(c).

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- 2. Dues, membership fees, and admission charges imposed by not-for-profit sponsoring organizations. To receive this exemption, the sponsoring organization must qualify as a not-for-profit entity under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended.
- 3. Admission charges to an event sponsored by a governmental entity, sports authority, or sports commission if held in a convention hall, exhibition hall, auditorium, stadium, theater, arena, civic center, performing arts center, or publicly owned recreational facility and if 100 percent of the risk of success or failure lies with the sponsor of the event and 100 percent of the funds at risk for the event belong to the sponsor, and student or faculty talent is not exclusively used. As used in this subparagraph, the terms "sports authority" and "sports commission" mean a nonprofit organization that is exempt from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that contracts with a county or municipal government for the purpose of promoting and attracting sportstourism events to the community with which it contracts.
- 4. An admission paid by a student, or on the student's behalf, to any required place of sport or recreation if the student's participation in the sport or recreational activity is required as a part of a program or activity sponsored by, and under the jurisdiction of, the student's educational institution if his or her attendance is as a participant and not as a spectator.

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- 5. Admissions to the National Football League championship game or Pro Bowl; admissions to any semifinal game or championship game of a national collegiate tournament; admissions to a Major League Baseball, Major League Soccer, National Basketball Association, or National Hockey League allstar game; admissions to the Major League Baseball Home Run Derby held before the Major League Baseball All-Star Game; or admissions to National Basketball Association all-star events produced by the National Basketball Association and held at a facility such as an arena, convention center, or municipal facility.
- 6. A participation fee or sponsorship fee imposed by a governmental entity as described in s. 212.08(6) for an athletic or recreational program if the governmental entity by itself, or in conjunction with an organization exempt under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, sponsors, administers, plans, supervises, directs, and controls the athletic or recreational program.
- 7. Admissions to live theater, live opera, or live ballet productions in this state which are sponsored by an organization that has received a determination from the Internal Revenue Service that the organization is exempt from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, if the organization actively participates in planning and conducting the event, is responsible for the safety and success of the event, is organized for the purpose of sponsoring

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live theater, live opera, or live ballet productions in this state, has more than 10,000 subscribing members and has among the stated purposes in its charter the promotion of arts education in the communities it serves, and will receive at least 20 percent of the net profits, if any, of the events the organization sponsors and will bear the risk of at least 20 percent of the losses, if any, from the events it sponsors if the organization employs other persons as agents to provide services in connection with a sponsored event. Before March 1 of each year, such organization may apply to the department for a certificate of exemption for admissions to such events sponsored in this state by the organization during the immediately following state fiscal year. The application must state the total dollar amount of admissions receipts collected by the organization or its agents from such events in this state sponsored by the organization or its agents in the year immediately preceding the year in which the organization applies for the exemption. Such organization shall receive the exemption only to the extent of \$1.5 million multiplied by the ratio that such receipts bear to the total of such receipts of all organizations applying for the exemption in such year; however, such exemption granted to any organization may not exceed 6 percent of such admissions receipts collected by the organization or its agents in the year immediately preceding the year in which the organization applies for the exemption. Each organization receiving the exemption shall report each month to

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the department the total admissions receipts collected from such events sponsored by the organization during the preceding month and shall remit to the department an amount equal to 6 percent of such receipts reduced by any amount remaining under the exemption. Tickets for such events sold by such organizations may not reflect the tax otherwise imposed under this section.

- 8. Entry fees for participation in freshwater fishing tournaments.
- 9. Participation or entry fees charged to participants in a game, race, or other sport or recreational event if spectators are charged a taxable admission to such event.
- 10. Admissions to any postseason collegiate football game sanctioned by the National Collegiate Athletic Association.
- 11. Admissions to and membership fees for gun clubs. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "gun club" means an organization whose primary purpose is to offer its members access to one or more shooting ranges for target or skeet shooting.

Section 13. Subsection (5) of section 212.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.05 Sales, storage, use tax.—It is hereby declared to be the legislative intent that every person is exercising a taxable privilege who engages in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this state, including the business of making mail order sales, or who rents or furnishes any of the things or services taxable under this

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chapter, or who stores for use or consumption in this state any item or article of tangible personal property as defined herein and who leases or rents such property within the state.

(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the maximum amount of tax imposed under this chapter and collected on each sale or use of a boat in this state may not exceed \$18,000 and on each repair of a boat in this state may not exceed \$60,000.

Section 14. Subsection (3), paragraphs (a) and (p) of subsection (5), and paragraphs (r) and (11) of subsection (7) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (nnn) is added to subsection (7) of that section, to read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

- (3) EXEMPTIONS; CERTAIN FARM EQUIPMENT.—
- (a) The There shall be no tax may not be imposed on the sale, rental, lease, use, consumption, repair, or storage for use in this state of power farm equipment or irrigation equipment, including replacement parts and accessories for power farm equipment or irrigation equipment, which are used exclusively on a farm or in a forest in the agricultural production of crops or products as produced by those

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agricultural industries included in s. 570.02(1), or for fire prevention and suppression work with respect to such crops or products. Harvesting may not be construed to include processing activities. This exemption is not forfeited by moving farm equipment between farms or forests.

- (b) The tax may not be imposed on that portion of the sales price below \$20,000 for a trailer weighing 12,000 pounds or less and purchased by a farmer for exclusive use in agricultural production or to transport farm products from his or her farm to the place where the farmer transfers ownership of the farm products to another. This exemption is not forfeited by using a trailer to transport the farmer's farm equipment. The exemption provided under this paragraph does not apply to the lease or rental of a trailer.
- (c) The exemptions provided in paragraphs (a) and (b) are However, this exemption shall not be allowed unless the purchaser, renter, or lessee signs a certificate stating that the farm equipment is to be used exclusively on a farm or in a forest for agricultural production or for fire prevention and suppression, as required under by this subsection. Possession by a seller, lessor, or other dealer of a written certification by the purchaser, renter, or lessee certifying the purchaser's, renter's, or lessee's entitlement to an exemption permitted by this subsection relieves the seller from the responsibility of collecting the tax on the nontaxable amounts, and the department shall look solely to the purchaser for recovery of such tax if

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it determines that the purchaser was not entitled to the exemption.

- (5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE.-
- Items in agricultural use and certain nets. There are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter nets designed and used exclusively by commercial fisheries; disinfectants, fertilizers, insecticides, pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, and weed killers used for application on crops or groves, including commercial nurseries and home vegetable gardens, used in dairy barns or on poultry farms for the purpose of protecting poultry or livestock, or used directly on poultry or livestock; portable containers or movable receptacles in which portable containers are placed, used for processing farm products; field and garden seeds, including flower seeds; nursery stock, seedlings, cuttings, or other propagative material purchased for growing stock; seeds, seedlings, cuttings, and plants used to produce food for human consumption; cloth, plastic, and other similar materials used for shade, mulch, or protection from frost or insects on a farm; stakes used by a farmer to support plants during agricultural production; generators used on poultry farms; and liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel used to heat a structure in which started pullets or broilers are raised; however, such exemption is shall not be allowed unless the purchaser or lessee signs a certificate stating that the item to be exempted is for the exclusive use designated herein. Also exempt are cellophane wrappers, glue for tin and glass

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(apiarists), mailing cases for honey, shipping cases, window cartons, and baling wire and twine used for baling hay, when used by a farmer to contain, produce, or process an agricultural commodity.

- (p) Community contribution tax credit for donations.-
- 1. Authorization.—Persons who are registered with the department under s. 212.18 to collect or remit sales or use tax and who make donations to eligible sponsors are eligible for tax credits against their state sales and use tax liabilities as provided in this paragraph:
- a. The credit shall be computed as 50 percent of the person's approved annual community contribution.
- b. The credit shall be granted as a refund against state sales and use taxes reported on returns and remitted in the 12 months preceding the date of application to the department for the credit as required in sub-subparagraph 3.c. If the annual credit is not fully used through such refund because of insufficient tax payments during the applicable 12-month period, the unused amount may be included in an application for a refund made pursuant to sub-subparagraph 3.c. in subsequent years against the total tax payments made for such year. Carryover credits may be applied for a 3-year period without regard to any time limitation that would otherwise apply under s. 215.26.
- c. A person may not receive more than \$200,000 in annual tax credits for all approved community contributions made in any one year.

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- d. All proposals for the granting of the tax credit require the prior approval of the Department of Economic Opportunity.
- e. The total amount of tax credits which may be granted for all programs approved under this paragraph, s. 220.183, and s. 624.5105 is \$18.4 million in the 2015-2016 fiscal year, \$21.4 million in the 2016-2017 fiscal year, and \$21.4 million in the 2017-2018 fiscal year annually for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs or homeownership opportunities for low-income households or very-low-income households as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071 and \$3.5 million annually for all other projects. As used in this paragraph, the term "person with special needs" has the same meaning as in s. 420.0004 and the terms "low-income person," "low-income household," "very-low-income person," and "very-low-income household" have the same meaning as in s. 420.9071.
- f. A person who is eligible to receive the credit provided in this paragraph, s. 220.183, or s. 624.5105 may receive the credit only under one section of the person's choice.
  - 2. Eligibility requirements.—
- a. A community contribution by a person must be in the following form:
  - (I) Cash or other liquid assets;
- (II) Real property;
- 623 (III) Goods or inventory; or
- 624 (IV) Other physical resources identified by the Department

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625 of Economic Opportunity.

All community contributions must be reserved exclusively for use in a project. As used in this subsubparagraph, the term "project" means activity undertaken by an eligible sponsor which is designed to construct, improve, or substantially rehabilitate housing that is affordable to lowincome households or very-low-income households as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071; designed to provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs; designed to provide commercial, industrial, or public resources and facilities; or designed to improve entrepreneurial and jobdevelopment opportunities for low-income persons. A project may be the investment necessary to increase access to high-speed broadband capability in a rural community that had an enterprise zone designated pursuant to chapter 290 as of May 1, 2015 rural communities with enterprise zones, including projects that result in improvements to communications assets that are owned by a business. A project may include the provision of museum educational programs and materials that are directly related to a project approved between January 1, 1996, and December 31, 1999, and located in an area which was in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to s. 290.0065 as of May 1, 2015. This paragraph does not preclude projects that propose to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income households or very-lowincome households on scattered sites or housing opportunities for persons with special needs. With respect to housing,

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contributions may be used to pay the following eligible <a href="mailto:special">special</a>
<a href="mailto:needs">needs</a>, low-income</a>, and very-low-income housing-related activities:

- (I) Project development impact and management fees for special needs, low-income, or very-low-income housing projects;
- (II) Down payment and closing costs for <u>persons with</u>

  <u>special needs</u>, low-income persons, and very-low-income persons, as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071;
- (III) Administrative costs, including housing counseling and marketing fees, not to exceed 10 percent of the community contribution, directly related to <u>special needs</u>, low-income, or very-low-income projects; and
- (IV) Removal of liens recorded against residential property by municipal, county, or special district local governments if satisfaction of the lien is a necessary precedent to the transfer of the property to a low-income person or very-low-income person, as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071, for the purpose of promoting home ownership. Contributions for lien removal must be received from a nonrelated third party.
- c. The project must be undertaken by an "eligible
  sponsor," which includes:
  - (I) A community action program;
- (II) A nonprofit community-based development organization whose mission is the provision of housing for <u>persons with</u>

  <u>specials needs</u>, low-income households, or very-low-income households or increasing entrepreneurial and job-development

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0 / /	opportunities for low-income persons;				
678	(III) A neighborhood housing services corporation;				
679	(IV) A local housing authority created under chapter 421;				
680	(V) A community redevelopment agency created under s.				
681	163.356;				
682	(VI) A historic preservation district agency or				
683	organization;				
684	(VII) A regional workforce board;				
685	(VIII) A direct-support organization as provided in s.				
686	1009.983;				
687	(IX) An enterprise zone development agency created under				
688	s. 290.0056;				
689	(X) A community-based organization incorporated under				
690	chapter 617 which is recognized as educational, charitable, or				
691	scientific pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code				
692	and whose bylaws and articles of incorporation include				
693	affordable housing, economic development, or community				
694	development as the primary mission of the corporation;				
695	(XI) Units of local government;				
696	(XII) Units of state government; or				
697	(XIII) Any other agency that the Department of Economic				
698	Opportunity designates by rule.				
699					
700	A contributing person may not have a financial interest in the				
701	eligible sponsor.				
702	d The project must be located in an area which was in an				

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designated an enterprise zone designated pursuant to chapter 290 as of May 1, 2015, or a Front Porch Florida Community, unless the project increases access to high-speed broadband capability in a rural community that had an enterprise zone designated pursuant to chapter 290 as of May 1, 2015, for rural communities that have enterprise zones but is physically located outside the designated rural zone boundaries. Any project designed to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income households or very-low-income households or housing opportunities for persons with special needs as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071 is exempt from the area requirement of this sub-subparagraph.

e.(I) If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs or homeownership opportunities for low-income households or very-low-income households as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071 are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant tax credits for those applications and grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs or homeownership opportunities for low-income households or very-low-income households as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071

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are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant the tax credits for those applications as follows:

- (A) If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor do not exceed \$200,000 in total, the credits shall be granted in full if the tax credit applications are approved.
- (B) If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor exceed \$200,000 in total, the amount of tax credits granted pursuant to sub-sub-sub-subparagraph (A) shall be subtracted from the amount of available tax credits, and the remaining credits shall be granted to each approved tax credit application on a pro rata basis.
- (II) If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs or homeownership opportunities for low-income households or very-low-income households as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071 are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications

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for projects other than those that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs or homeownership opportunities for low-income households or very-low-income households as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071 are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant the tax credits for those applications on a pro rata basis.

- 3. Application requirements.-
- a. An Any eligible sponsor seeking to participate in this program must submit a proposal to the Department of Economic Opportunity which sets forth the name of the sponsor, a description of the project, and the area in which the project is located, together with such supporting information as is prescribed by rule. The proposal must also contain a resolution from the local governmental unit in which the project is located certifying that the project is consistent with local plans and regulations.
- b.  $\underline{A}$  Any person seeking to participate in this program must submit an application for tax credit to the Department of Economic Opportunity which sets forth the name of the sponsor, a description of the project, and the type, value, and purpose of the contribution. The sponsor shall verify, in writing, the terms of the application and indicate its receipt of the contribution, and such verification must accompany the application for tax credit. The person must submit a separate tax credit application to the Department of Economic Opportunity

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for each individual contribution that it makes to each individual project.

- c.  $\underline{A}$  Any person who has received notification from the Department of Economic Opportunity that a tax credit has been approved must apply to the department to receive the refund. Application must be made on the form prescribed for claiming refunds of sales and use taxes and be accompanied by a copy of the notification. A person may submit only one application for refund to the department within a 12-month period.
  - 4. Administration.-
- a. The Department of Economic Opportunity may adopt rules necessary to administer this paragraph, including rules for the approval or disapproval of proposals by a person.
- b. The decision of the Department of Economic Opportunity must be in writing, and, if approved, the notification shall state the maximum credit allowable to the person. Upon approval, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall transmit a copy of the decision to the department.
- c. The Department of Economic Opportunity shall periodically monitor all projects in a manner consistent with available resources to ensure that resources are used in accordance with this paragraph; however, each project must be reviewed at least once every 2 years.
- d. The Department of Economic Opportunity shall, in consultation with the statewide and regional housing and financial intermediaries, market the availability of the

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community contribution tax credit program to community-based organizations.

- 5. Expiration.—This paragraph expires June 30,  $\underline{2018}$   $\underline{2016}$ ; however, any accrued credit carryover that is unused on that date may be used until the expiration of the 3-year carryover period for such credit.
- (7) MISCELLANEOUS EXEMPTIONS. Exemptions provided to any entity by this chapter do not inure to any transaction that is otherwise taxable under this chapter when payment is made by a representative or employee of the entity by any means, including, but not limited to, cash, check, or credit card, even when that representative or employee is subsequently reimbursed by the entity. In addition, exemptions provided to any entity by this subsection do not inure to any transaction that is otherwise taxable under this chapter unless the entity has obtained a sales tax exemption certificate from the department or the entity obtains or provides other documentation as required by the department. Eligible purchases or leases made with such a certificate must be in strict compliance with this subsection and departmental rules, and any person who makes an exempt purchase with a certificate that is not in strict compliance with this subsection and the rules is liable for and shall pay the tax. The department may adopt rules to administer this subsection.
- (r) School books and school lunches; institution of higher learning prepaid meal plans.—This exemption applies to school

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books used in regularly prescribed courses of study, and to school lunches served in public, parochial, or nonprofit schools operated for and attended by pupils of grades K through 12. Yearbooks, magazines, newspapers, directories, bulletins, and similar publications distributed by such educational institutions to their students are also exempt. School books and food sold or served at a college or institution community colleges and other institutions of higher learning are taxable, except that prepaid meal plans purchased for use from a college or other institution of higher learning by students currently enrolled or preparing to enroll in a at that college or other institution of higher learning are exempt. As used in this paragraph, the term "prepaid meal plans" means payment in advance, or payment using financial aid, once disbursed, to a college or institution of higher learning, or to a management entity under contract to provide prepaid meal plans on behalf of a college or institution of higher learning, for the provision of a defined quantities of dollar equivalencies or meal plans quantity of units that must expire at the end of an academic term and, cannot be refunded to the student upon expiration, and which may only be exchanged for food. Prepaid meal plans that contain a defined number of meals or a defined number of dollar equivalencies qualify for this exemption. However, the taxability of the dollar equivalencies of the prepaid meal plans shall be determined upon the plan's use, and tax shall be due when the dollar equivalencies are used to make a purchase if

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that purchase is otherwise subject to sales tax pursuant to this chapter. As used in this paragraph, the term "dollar equivalencies" includes university-specific dollars on a declining balance, such as flex bucks or dining bucks.

- (11) Parent-teacher organizations, parent-teacher associations, and schools having grades K through 12.—
- 1. Sales or leases to parent-teacher organizations and associations the purpose of which is to raise funds for schools that teach grades K through 12 and that are associated with schools having grades K through 12 are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.
- 2. Parent-teacher organizations and associations described in subparagraph 1., and schools having grades K through 12, may pay tax to their suppliers on the cost price of school materials and supplies purchased, rented, or leased for resale or rental to students in grades K through 12, of items sold for fundraising purposes, and of items sold through vending machines located on the school premises, in lieu of collecting the tax imposed by this chapter from the purchaser. This <u>subparagraph</u> paragraph also applies to food or beverages sold through vending machines located in the student lunchroom or dining room of a school having kindergarten through grade 12.
- 3. In lieu of collecting the tax imposed by this chapter from the purchaser, school support organizations may pay tax to their suppliers on the cost price of food, drink, and supplies necessary to serve such food and drink when the food, drink, and

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supplies are purchased for resale. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "school support organization" means an organization whose sole purpose is to raise funds to support extracurricular activities at public, parochial, or nonprofit schools that teach students in grades K through 12.

(nnn) Importation of motor vehicles; active United States

Armed Forces members.—The importation of a motor vehicle

purchased and used for 6 months or more in a foreign country by

an active member of the United States Armed Forces or his or her

spouse is also exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter when
the vehicle is imported, registered, or titled in this state for
personal use by the member or his or her spouse. Proof of the
active status of the member, and, when applicable, proof of the
spouse's relationship to the member, must be provided when the
vehicle is titled and registered in this state.

Section 15. (1) The executive director of the Department of Revenue is authorized, and all conditions are deemed to be met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, for the purpose of implementing the amendments made by this act to ss. 202.12, 202.27, and 212.08(7), Florida Statutes.

- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, emergency rules adopted pursuant to subsection (1) are effective for 6 months after adoption and may be renewed during the pendency of procedures to adopt permanent rules addressing the subject of the emergency rules.
  - (3) This section expires July 1, 2018.

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Section 16. Effective September 1, 2015, paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 212.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 212.20 Funds collected, disposition; additional powers of department; operational expense; refund of taxes adjudicated unconstitutionally collected.—
- (6) Distribution of all proceeds under this chapter and ss. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) and 203.01(1)(a)3. is as follows:
- (d) The proceeds of all other taxes and fees imposed pursuant to this chapter or remitted pursuant to s. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be distributed as follows:
- 1. In any fiscal year, the greater of \$500 million, minus an amount equal to 4.6 percent of the proceeds of the taxes collected pursuant to chapter 201, or 5.2 percent of all other taxes and fees imposed pursuant to this chapter or remitted pursuant to s. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be deposited in monthly installments into the General Revenue Fund.
- 2. After the distribution under subparagraph 1., 8.9744
  8.8854 percent of the amount remitted by a sales tax dealer
  located within a participating county pursuant to s. 218.61
  shall be transferred into the Local Government Half-cent Sales
  Tax Clearing Trust Fund. Beginning July 1, 2003, the amount to
  be transferred shall be reduced by 0.1 percent, and the
  department shall distribute this amount to the Public Employees
  Relations Commission Trust Fund less \$5,000 each month, which
  shall be added to the amount calculated in subparagraph 3. and

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937 distributed accordingly.

- 3. After the distribution under subparagraphs 1. and 2., 0.0966 0.0956 percent shall be transferred to the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund and distributed pursuant to s. 218.65.
- 4. After the distributions under subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3., 2.0810 2.0603 percent of the available proceeds shall be transferred monthly to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Counties pursuant to s. 218.215.
- 5. After the distributions under subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3.,  $1.3653 \frac{1.3517}{1.3517}$  percent of the available proceeds shall be transferred monthly to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities pursuant to s. 218.215. If the total revenue to be distributed pursuant to this subparagraph is at least as great as the amount due from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000, no municipality shall receive less than the amount due from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000. If the total proceeds to be distributed are less than the amount received in combination from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000, each municipality shall receive an amount proportionate to the amount it was due in state fiscal year 1999-2000.

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- 6. Of the remaining proceeds:
- In each fiscal year, the sum of \$29,915,500 shall be divided into as many equal parts as there are counties in the state, and one part shall be distributed to each county. The distribution among the several counties must begin each fiscal year on or before January 5th and continue monthly for a total of 4 months. If a local or special law required that any moneys accruing to a county in fiscal year 1999-2000 under the thenexisting provisions of s. 550.135 be paid directly to the district school board, special district, or a municipal government, such payment must continue until the local or special law is amended or repealed. The state covenants with holders of bonds or other instruments of indebtedness issued by local governments, special districts, or district school boards before July 1, 2000, that it is not the intent of this subparagraph to adversely affect the rights of those holders or relieve local governments, special districts, or district school boards of the duty to meet their obligations as a result of previous pledges or assignments or trusts entered into which obligated funds received from the distribution to county governments under then-existing s. 550.135. This distribution specifically is in lieu of funds distributed under s. 550.135 before July 1, 2000.
- b. The department shall distribute \$166,667 monthly to each applicant certified as a facility for a new or retained professional sports franchise pursuant to s. 288.1162. Up to

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\$41,667 shall be distributed monthly by the department to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11621 for a facility for a spring training franchise. However, not more than \$416,670 may be distributed monthly in the aggregate to all certified applicants for facilities for spring training franchises. Distributions begin 60 days after such certification and continue for not more than 30 years, except as otherwise provided in s. 288.11621. A certified applicant identified in this sub-subparagraph may not receive more in distributions than expended by the applicant for the public purposes provided in s. 288.1162(5) or s. 288.11621(3).

- c. Beginning 30 days after notice by the Department of Economic Opportunity to the Department of Revenue that an applicant has been certified as the professional golf hall of fame pursuant to s. 288.1168 and is open to the public, \$166,667 shall be distributed monthly, for up to 300 months, to the applicant.
- d. Beginning 30 days after notice by the Department of Economic Opportunity to the Department of Revenue that the applicant has been certified as the International Game Fish Association World Center facility pursuant to s. 288.1169, and the facility is open to the public, \$83,333 shall be distributed monthly, for up to 168 months, to the applicant. This distribution is subject to reduction pursuant to s. 288.1169. A lump sum payment of \$999,996 shall be made after certification and before July 1, 2000.

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- e. The department shall distribute up to \$83,333 monthly to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by a single spring training franchise, or up to \$166,667 monthly to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by more than one spring training franchise. Monthly distributions begin 60 days after such certification or July 1, 2016, whichever is later, and continue for not more than 20 years to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by a single spring training franchise or not more than 25 years to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by more than one spring training franchise. A certified applicant identified in this sub-subparagraph may not receive more in distributions than expended by the applicant for the public purposes provided in s. 288.11631(3).
- f. Beginning 45 days after notice by the Department of Economic Opportunity to the Department of Revenue that an applicant has been approved by the Legislature and certified by the Department of Economic Opportunity under s. 288.11625 or upon a date specified by the Department of Economic Opportunity as provided under s. 288.11625(6)(d), the department shall distribute each month an amount equal to one-twelfth of the annual distribution amount certified by the Department of Economic Opportunity for the applicant. The department may not distribute more than \$7 million in the 2014-2015 fiscal year or more than \$13 million annually thereafter under this sub-

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1041	subparagraph.
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- g. Beginning December 1, 2015, and ending June 30, 2016, the department shall distribute \$26,286 monthly to the State Transportation Trust Fund. Beginning July 1, 2016, the department shall distribute \$15,333 monthly to the State Transportation Trust Fund.
- 7. All other proceeds must remain in the General Revenue 1048 Fund.

Section 17. If a communications services dealer is unable to implement the reduction in communications services tax rates specified in s. 202.12(1)(a) and (b), Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, by July 1, 2015, the dealer must remit all taxes collected at the previous rate during the implementation period to the Department of Revenue, and:

- (1) Must begin collecting tax at the rates specified in s. 202.12(1)(a) and (b), Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, by October 1, 2015.
- (2) Must credit each customer the amount of any tax collected on bills dated on or after July 1, 2015, which exceeds the tax that is due under s. 202.12(1)(a) and (b), Florida

  Statutes, as amended by this act. Such credit must be provided to each affected customer's account by March 1, 2016. The inability of a communications services provider to provide a credit to a customer's account due to the customer's termination of service does not create a cause of action against the provider.

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- (3) May take a credit on its communications services tax return for the amounts that have been credited to customers.

  Section 18. Effective upon this act becoming a law, paragraphs (d) and (t) of subsection (1) of section 220.03,
  - 220.03 Definitions.-
  - (1) SPECIFIC TERMS.—When used in this code, and when not otherwise distinctly expressed or manifestly incompatible with the intent thereof, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
  - (d) "Community contribution" means the grant by a business firm of any of the following items:
    - 1. Cash or other liquid assets.

Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 2. Real property.
- 3. Goods or inventory.
- 1082 4. Other physical resources as identified by the 1083 department.

This paragraph expires <u>June 30, 2018</u> on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.

(t) "Project" means any activity undertaken by an eligible sponsor, as defined in s. 220.183(2)(c), which is designed to construct, improve, or substantially rehabilitate housing that is affordable to low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28); designed to provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s.

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420.0004; designed to provide commercial, industrial, or public resources and facilities; or designed to improve entrepreneurial and job-development opportunities for low-income persons. A project may be the investment necessary to increase access to high-speed broadband capability in a rural community that had an enterprise zone designated pursuant to chapter 290 as of May 1, 2015 rural communities with enterprise zones, including projects that result in improvements to communications assets that are owned by a business. A project may include the provision of museum educational programs and materials that are directly related to any project approved between January 1, 1996, and December 31, 1999, and located in an area that was in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to s. 290.0065 as of May 1, 2015. This paragraph does not preclude projects that propose to construct or rehabilitate low-income or very-low-income housing on scattered sites or housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004. With respect to housing, contributions may be used to pay the following eligible project-related activities:

- 1. Project development, impact, and management fees for special needs, low-income, or very-low-income housing projects;
- 2. Down payment and closing costs for eligible persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28);
- 3. Administrative costs, including housing counseling and marketing fees, not to exceed 10 percent of the community contribution, directly related to special needs, low-income, or

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1119 very-low-income projects; and

4. Removal of liens recorded against residential property by municipal, county, or special-district local governments when satisfaction of the lien is a necessary precedent to the transfer of the property to an eligible person, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), for the purpose of promoting home ownership. Contributions for lien removal must be received from a nonrelated third party.

The provisions of This paragraph expires shall expire and be void on June 30, 2018 2015.

Section 19. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1), paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (2), and subsection (5) of section 220.183, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

220.183 Community contribution tax credit.-

(1) AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT COMMUNITY CONTRIBUTION TAX CREDITS; LIMITATIONS ON INDIVIDUAL CREDITS AND PROGRAM SPENDING.—

(c) The total amount of tax credit which may be granted for all programs approved under this section, s. 212.08(5)(p), and s. 624.5105 is \$18.4 million in the 2015-2016 fiscal year, \$21.4 million in the 2016-2017 fiscal year, and \$21.4 million in the 2017-2018 fiscal year annually for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 and homeownership opportunities for low-income households or very-low-income households as defined in s.

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- 1145 420.9071 and \$3.5 million annually for all other projects.

  1146 (2) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.—
  - (b)1. All community contributions must be reserved exclusively for use in projects as defined in s. 220.03(1)(t).
  - If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for lowincome or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant the tax credits for those applications as follows:
  - a. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor do not exceed \$200,000 in total, the credit shall be granted in full if the tax credit

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1171 applications are approved.

- b. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor exceed \$200,000 in total, the amount of tax credits granted under sub-subparagraph a. shall be subtracted from the amount of available tax credits, and the remaining credits shall be granted to each approved tax credit application on a pro rata basis.
- If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant the tax credits for those applications

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1197	on a pro rata basis.
1198	(c) The project must be undertaken by an "eligible
1199	sponsor," defined here as:
1200	1. A community action program;
1201	2. A nonprofit community-based development organization
1202	whose mission is the provision of housing for persons with
1203	special needs or low-income or very-low-income households or
1204	increasing entrepreneurial and job-development opportunities for
1205	low-income persons;
1206	3. A neighborhood housing services corporation;
1207	4. A local housing authority, created pursuant to chapter
1208	421;
1209	5. A community redevelopment agency, created pursuant to
1210	s. 163.356;
1211	6. A historic preservation district agency or
1212	organization;
1213	7. A regional workforce board;
1214	8. A direct-support organization as provided in s.
1215	1009.983;
1216	9. An enterprise zone development agency created pursuant
1217	to s. 290.0056;
1218	10. A community-based organization incorporated under
1219	chapter 617 which is recognized as educational, charitable, or
1220	scientific pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code
1221	and whose bylaws and articles of incorporation include
1222	affordable housing, economic development, or community

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1223 development as the primary mission of the corporation; 1224 Units of local government; 1225 12. Units of state government; or 1226 Such other agency as the Department of Economic 13. 1227 Opportunity may, from time to time, designate by rule. 1228 1229 In no event shall a contributing business firm have a financial 1230 interest in the eligible sponsor. 1231 The project shall be located in an area that was 1232 designated as an enterprise zone pursuant to chapter 290 as of 1233 May 1, 2015, or a Front Porch Florida Community. Any project 1234 designed to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income or 1235 very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and 1236 (28) or provide housing opportunities for persons with special 1237 needs as defined in s. 420.0004 is exempt from the area 1238 requirement of this paragraph. This section does not preclude 1239 projects that propose to construct or rehabilitate housing for 1240 low-income or very-low-income households on scattered sites or 1241 provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs. 1242 Any project designed to provide increased access to high-speed 1243 broadband capabilities which includes coverage of a rural enterprise zone may locate the project's infrastructure in any 1244 1245 area of a rural county. 1246 EXPIRATION.—The provisions of this section, except

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Section 20. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section

paragraph (1)(e), expire and are void on June 30, 2018 2016.

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L249	220.1845, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
L250	220.1845 Contaminated site rehabilitation tax credit
L251	(2) AUTHORIZATION FOR TAX CREDIT; LIMITATIONS.—
L252	(f) The total amount of the tax credits which may be
L253	granted under this section is $\frac{$21.6 \text{ million in the } 2015-2016}{}$
L254	fiscal year and \$5 million annually thereafter.
L255	Section 21. Subsection (2) of section 220.196, Florida
L256	Statutes, is amended to read:
L257	220.196 Research and development tax credit.—
L258	(2) TAX CREDIT.—
L259	(a) As provided in this section Subject to the limitations
L260	contained in paragraph (e), a business enterprise is eligible
L261	for a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter if $\underline{\text{it:}}$ the
L262	<del>business enterprise</del>
L263	$\underline{1.}$ Has qualified research expenses in this state in the
L264	taxable year exceeding the base amount: $\frac{1}{2}$ and, for the same
L265	taxable year,
L266	2. Claims and is allowed a research credit for such
L267	qualified research expenses under 26 U.S.C. s. 41 for the same
L268	taxable year as subparagraph 1.; and
L269	3. Is a qualified target industry business as defined in
L270	s. 288.106(2)(n). Only qualified target industry businesses in
L271	the manufacturing, life sciences, information technology,
L272	aviation and aerospace, homeland security and defense, cloud
L273	information technology, marine sciences, materials science, and
L274	nanotechnology industries may qualify for a tax credit under

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this section. A business applying for a credit pursuant to this section shall include a letter from the Department of Economic Opportunity certifying whether the business meets the requirements of this subparagraph with its application for credit. The Department of Economic Opportunity shall provide such a letter upon receiving a request.

(b) (a) The tax credit shall be 10 percent of the excess qualified research expenses over the base amount. However, the maximum tax credit for a business enterprise that has not been in existence for at least 4 taxable years immediately preceding the taxable year is reduced by 25 percent for each taxable year for which the business enterprise, or a predecessor corporation that was a business enterprise, did not exist.

(c) (b) The credit taken in any taxable year may not exceed 50 percent of the business enterprise's remaining net income tax liability under this chapter after all other credits have been applied under s. 220.02(8).

 $\underline{\text{(d)}}$  (e) Any unused credit authorized under this section may be carried forward and claimed by the taxpayer for up to 5 years.

(e) (d) The combined total amount of tax credits which may be granted to all business enterprises under this section during any calendar year is \$9 million, except that the total amount that may be awarded in the 2016 calendar year is \$23 million.

Applications may be filed with the department on or after March 20 and before March 27 for qualified research expenses incurred

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within the preceding calendar year. If the total, and credits for all applicants exceed the maximum amount allowed under this paragraph, the credits shall be allocated on a prorated basis granted in the order in which completed applications are received.

Section 22. Subsections (4), (5), and (11) of section 376.30781, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

376.30781 Tax credits for rehabilitation of drycleaning-solvent-contaminated sites and brownfield sites in designated brownfield areas; application process; rulemaking authority; revocation authority.—

- (4) The Department of Environmental Protection is responsible for allocating the tax credits provided for in s. 220.1845, which may not exceed a total of \$21.6 million in tax credits in the 2015-2016 fiscal year and \$5 million in tax credits annually thereafter.
- waste removal, each tax credit applicant must apply to the Department of Environmental Protection for an allocation of the \$5 million annual credit provided in s. 220.1845 by filing a tax credit application with the Division of Waste Management on a form developed by the Department of Environmental Protection in cooperation with the Department of Revenue. The form shall include an affidavit from each tax credit applicant certifying that all information contained in the application, including all records of costs incurred and claimed in the tax credit

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application, are true and correct. If the application is submitted pursuant to subparagraph (3)(a)2., the form must include an affidavit signed by the real property owner stating that it is not, and has never been, the owner or operator of the drycleaning facility where the contamination exists. Approval of tax credits must be accomplished on a first-come, first-served basis based upon the date and time complete applications are received by the Division of Waste Management, subject to the limitations of subsection (14). To be eligible for a tax credit, the tax credit applicant must:

For site rehabilitation tax credits, have entered into a voluntary cleanup agreement with the Department of Environmental Protection for a drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site or a Brownfield Site Rehabilitation Agreement, as applicable, and have paid all deductibles pursuant to s. 376.3078(3)(e) for eligible drycleaning-solvent-cleanup program sites, as applicable. A site rehabilitation tax credit applicant must submit only a single completed application per site for each calendar year's site rehabilitation costs. A site rehabilitation application must be received by the Division of Waste Management of the Department of Environmental Protection by January 31 of the year after the calendar year for which site rehabilitation costs are being claimed in a tax credit application. All site rehabilitation costs claimed must have been for work conducted between January 1 and December 31 of the year for which the application is being submitted. All payment

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requests must have been received and all costs must have been paid prior to submittal of the tax credit application, but no later than January 31 of the year after the calendar year for which site rehabilitation costs are being claimed.

- (b) For solid waste removal tax credits, have entered into a brownfield site rehabilitation agreement with the Department of Environmental Protection. A solid waste removal tax credit applicant must submit only a single complete application per brownfield site, as defined in the brownfield site rehabilitation agreement, for solid waste removal costs. A solid waste removal tax credit application must be received by the Division of Waste Management of the Department of Environmental Protection subsequent to the completion of the requirements listed in paragraph (3)(e).
- (11) If a tax credit applicant does not receive a tax credit allocation due to an exhaustion of the \$5 million annual tax credit provided in s. 220.1845 authorization, such application will then be included in the same first-come, first-served order in the next year's annual tax credit allocation, if any, based on the prior year application.
- Section 23. Subsection (8) of section 624.509, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 624.509 Premium tax; rate and computation.-
- 1376 (8) The premium tax authorized by this section may not be 1377 imposed on:
  - (a) Any portion of the title insurance premium, as defined

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1379 in s. 627.7711, retained by a title insurance agent or agency. 1380 It is the intent of the Legislature that the continuation of 1381 this exemption be contingent on title insurers adding employees to their payroll. Between July 1, 2014, and July 1, 1382 1383 insurers currently holding a valid certificate of authority from 1384 this state shall, in the aggregate, add a minimum of 600 1385 Florida-based employees to their payroll, as verified by the 1386 Department of Economic Opportunity. The department shall submit 1387 such verification to the President of the Senate and the Speaker 1388 of the House of Representatives by October 1, 2016. This paragraph expires December 31, 2017, unless reenacted by the 1389 1390 Department of Economic Opportunity determines that title insurers holding a valid certificate of authority as of July 1, 1391 1392 2014, have added, in aggregate, at least 600 Florida-based full-1393 time equivalent positions above those existing on July 1, 2014, 1394 including positions obtained from a temporary employment agency 1395 or employee leasing company or through a union agreement or 1396 coemployment under a professional employer organization 1397 agreement by July 1, 2017. For purposes of this paragraph, the 1398 term "full-time equivalent position" means a position in which 1399 the employee works an average of at least 36 hours per week each 1400 month. 1401 The Department of Economic Opportunity may verify 1402 information provided by title insurers concerning additional 1403 positions created with any appropriate agency or authority, 1404 including the Department of Revenue.

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- 2. To facilitate verification of additional positions created by title insurers, the Department of Economic Opportunity may provide a list of employees holding additional positions created by title insurers to any appropriate agency or authority, including the Department of Revenue.
  3. The Department of Economic Opportunity shall submit
- 3. The Department of Economic Opportunity shall submit such determination to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Department of Revenue by October 1, 2017. Legislature before that date; or
- (b) Receipts of annuity premiums or considerations paid by holders in this state if the tax savings derived are credited to the annuity holders. Upon request by the Department of Revenue, an insurer availing itself of this provision shall submit to the department evidence that establishes that the tax savings derived have been credited to annuity holders. As used in this paragraph, the term "holders" includes employers contributing to an employee's pension, annuity, or profit-sharing plan.
- Section 24. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1), paragraphs (d) and (e) of subsection (2), and subsection (6) of section 624.5105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 624.5105 Community contribution tax credit; authorization; limitations; eligibility and application requirements; administration; definitions; expiration.—
  - (1) AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT TAX CREDITS; LIMITATIONS.-
- (c) The total amount of tax credit which may be granted for all programs approved under this section and ss.

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212.08(5)(p) and 220.183 is \$18.4 million in the 2015-2016 fiscal year, \$21.4 million in the 2016-2017 fiscal year, and \$21.4 million in the 2017-2018 fiscal year annually for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071 and \$3.5 million annually for all other projects.

- (2) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.—
- designated as an enterprise zone <u>pursuant to chapter 290 as of May 1, 2015</u>, or a Front Porch Community. Any project designed <u>to provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) is exempt from the area requirement of this paragraph.</u>
- (e)1. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before

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the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant the tax credits for those applications as follows:

- a. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor do not exceed \$200,000 in total, the credits shall be granted in full if the tax credit applications are approved.
- b. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor exceed \$200,000 in total, the amount of tax credits granted under sub-subparagraph a. shall be subtracted from the amount of available tax credits, and the remaining credits shall be granted to each approved tax credit application on a pro rata basis.
- 2. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the

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Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide <a href="https://doi.org/10.2004/10.2009/no.2004/">https://doi.org/10.2009/no.2009/

(6) EXPIRATION.—The provisions of this section, except paragraph (1)(e), expire and are void on June 30, 2018 2016.

Section 25. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 220.183, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (8) of section 220.02, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

220.02 Legislative intent.-

(8) It is the intent of the Legislature that credits against either the corporate income tax or the franchise tax be applied in the following order: those enumerated in s. 631.828, those enumerated in s. 220.191, those enumerated in s. 220.181, those enumerated in s. 220.183, those enumerated in s. 220.182, those enumerated in s. 220.1895, those enumerated in s. 220.195,

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1509 those enumerated in s. 220.184, those enumerated in s. 220.186, 1510 those enumerated in s. 220.1845, those enumerated in s. 220.19, 1511 those enumerated in s. 220.185, those enumerated in s. 220.1875, 1512 those enumerated in s. 220.192, those enumerated in s. 220.193, those enumerated in s. 288.9916, those enumerated in s. 1513 1514 220.1899, those enumerated in s. 220.194, and those enumerated 1515 in s. 220.196. 1516 Section 26. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1517 made by this act to section 624.5105, Florida Statutes, in a 1518 reference thereto, paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section 220.183, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 1519 1520 220.183 Community contribution tax credit. 1521 AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT COMMUNITY CONTRIBUTION TAX 1522 CREDITS; LIMITATIONS ON INDIVIDUAL CREDITS AND PROGRAM 1523 SPENDING.-1524 A taxpayer who is eligible to receive the credit 1525 provided for in s. 624.5105 is not eligible to receive the 1526 credit provided by this section. 1527 Section 27. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 212.08, 220.183, and 1528 1529 624.5105, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 377.809, Florida Statutes, is 1530 1531 reenacted to read: 1532 377.809 Energy Economic Zone Pilot Program.-Beginning July 1, 2012, all the incentives and 1533

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benefits provided for enterprise zones pursuant to state law

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shall be available to the energy economic zones designated pursuant to this section on or before July 1, 2010. In order to provide incentives, by March 1, 2012, each local governing body that has jurisdiction over an energy economic zone must, by local ordinance, establish the boundary of the energy economic zone, specify applicable energy-efficiency standards, and determine eligibility criteria for the application of state and local incentives and benefits in the energy economic zone. However, in order to receive benefits provided under s. 288.106, a business must be a qualified target industry business under s. 288.106 for state purposes. An energy economic zone's boundary may be revised by local ordinance. Such incentives and benefits include those in ss. 212.08, 212.096, 220.181, 220.182, 220.183, 288.106, and 624.5105 and the public utility discounts provided in s. 290.007(8). The exemption provided in s. 212.08(5)(c) shall be for renewable energy as defined in s. 377.803. For purposes of this section, any applicable requirements for employee residency for higher refund or credit thresholds must be based on employee residency in the energy economic zone or an enterprise zone. A business in an energy economic zone may also be eligible for funding under ss. 288.047 and 445.003, and a transportation project in an energy economic zone shall be provided priority in funding under s. 339.2821. Other projects shall be given priority ranking to the extent practicable for grants administered under state energy programs. Section 28. Clothes, school supplies, and personal

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1561	computers and personal computer-related accessories sales tax
1562	holiday.—
1563	(1) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes,
1564	may not be collected during the period from 12:01 a.m. on August
1565	7, 2015, through 11:59 p.m. on August 16, 2015, on the retail
1566	<pre>sale of:</pre>
1567	(a) Clothing, wallets, or bags, including handbags,
1568	backpacks, fanny packs, and diaper bags, but excluding
1569	briefcases, suitcases, and other garment bags, having a sales
1570	price of \$100 or less per item. As used in this paragraph, the
1571	<pre>term "clothing" means:</pre>
1572	1. Any article of wearing apparel intended to be worn on
1573	or about the human body, excluding watches, watchbands, jewelry,
1574	umbrellas, and handkerchiefs; and
1575	2. All footwear, excluding skis, swim fins, roller blades,
1576	and skates.
1577	(b) School supplies having a sales price of \$15 or less
1578	per item. As used in this paragraph, the term "school supplies"
1579	means pens, pencils, erasers, crayons, notebooks, notebook
1580	filler paper, legal pads, binders, lunch boxes, construction
1581	paper, markers, folders, poster board, composition books, poster
1582	paper, scissors, cellophane tape, glue or paste, rulers,
1583	computer disks, protractors, compasses, and calculators.
1584	(2) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida
1585	Statutes, may not be collected during the period from 12:01 a.m.
1586	on August 7, 2015, through 11:59 p.m. on August 16, 2015, on the

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1587 first \$750 of the sales price of personal computers or personal computer-related accessories purchased for noncommercial home or personal use. As used in this subsection, the term:

- "Personal computers" includes electronic book readers, (a) laptops, desktops, handhelds, tablets, or tower computers. The term does not include cellular telephones, video game consoles, digital media receivers, or devices that are not primarily designed to process data.
- (b) "Personal computer-related accessories" includes keyboards, mice, personal digital assistants, monitors, other peripheral devices, modems, routers, and nonrecreational software, regardless of whether the accessories are used in association with a personal computer base unit. The term does not include furniture or systems, devices, software, or peripherals that are designed or intended primarily for recreational use.
- "Monitors" does not include devices that include a television tuner.
- The tax exemptions provided in this section do not apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, within a public lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), Florida Statutes, or within an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2), Florida Statutes.
- The Department of Revenue may, and all conditions are (4)deemed met to, adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1)

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1613 and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to administer this section. 1614 For the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the sum of \$233,730 in 1615 nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund 1616 to the Department of Revenue for the purpose of implementing this section. 1617 1618 Section 29. (1) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida 1619 Statutes, may not be collected on the retail sale of textbooks 1620 that are required or recommended for use in a course offered by 1621 a public postsecondary educational institution as described in 1622 s. 1000.04, Florida Statutes, or a nonpublic postsecondary educational institution that is eligible to participate in a 1623 1624 tuition assistance program authorized by s. 1009.89 or s. 1009.891, Florida Statutes. As used in this section, the term 1625 "textbook" means any required or recommended manual of 1626 1627 instruction or any instructional materials for any field of 1628 study. As used in this section, the term "instructional 1629 materials" means any educational materials, in printed or 1630 digital format, that are required or recommended for use in a course in any field of study. To demonstrate that a sale is not 1631 subject to tax, the student must provide a physical or an 1632 1633 electronic copy of the following to the vendor: The student's identification number; and 1634 (a) 1635 An applicable course syllabus or list of required and (b) recommended textbooks and instructional materials that meet the 1636 1637 criteria in s. 1004.085(3), Florida Statutes. 1638

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1639	The vendor must maintain proper documentation, as prescribed by
1640	department rule, to identify the complete transaction or portion
1641	of the transaction that involves the sale of textbooks that are
1642	not subject to tax.
1643	(2) The tax exemptions provided in this section do not
1644	apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as
1645	defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, within a public
1646	lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), Florida
1647	Statutes, or within an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2),
1648	Florida Statutes.
1649	(3) The Department of Revenue may, and all conditions are
1650	deemed met to, adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1)
1651	and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to administer this section.
1652	(4) This section is repealed June 30, 2016.
1653	Section 30. $(1)$ A business may apply to the Department of
1654	Economic Opportunity for the incentives specified in subsection
1655	(2) if each of the following criteria is satisfied:
1656	(a) The business has entered into a contract with the
1657	Department of Economic Opportunity for a project under ss.
1658	288.0659, 288.1045, 288.106, 288.107, 288.108, 288.1088, or
1659	288.1089, Florida Statutes, between January 1, 2012, and July 1,
1660	<u>2015.</u>
1661	(b) The contract is deemed active by the Department of
1662	Economic Opportunity and has not expired or been terminated.
1663	(c) The project that is the subject of the contract is
1661	located within the houndaries of an enterprise zone designated

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1002	pursuant to chapter 290, Florida Statutes, as the boundaries
1666	existed on May 1, 2015.
1667	(2) For a project described under paragraph (1)(c), a
1668	business qualified under subsection (1) may apply for the
1669	following incentives:
1670	(a) The property tax exemption for a licensed child care
1671	facility under s. 196.095, Florida Statutes 2014.
1672	(b) The building sales tax refund under s. 212.08(5)(g),
1673	Florida Statutes 2014.
1674	(c) The business property sales tax refund under s.
1675	212.08(5)(h), Florida Statutes 2014.
1676	(d) The electrical energy sales tax exemption under s.
1677	212.08(15), Florida Statutes 2014.
1678	(e) The enterprise zone jobs tax credit under s. 212.096,
1679	Florida Statutes 2014.
1680	(f) The enterprise zone jobs tax credit under s. 220.181,
1681	Florida Statutes 2014.
1682	(g) The enterprise zone property tax credit under s.
1683	220.182, Florida Statutes 2014.
1684	(3) The Department of Economic Opportunity must provide a
1685	list of businesses that are qualified under subsection (1) to
1686	the Department of Revenue by December 31, 2015. The Department
1687	of Economic Opportunity must also provide notice to the
1688	Department of Revenue within 10 days after the expiration or
1689	termination of a contract.
1690	(4) From January 1, 2016, to December 31, 2018, the

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Department of Economic Opportunity is designated to perform all
the duties and responsibilities that were performed by the
governing body or enterprise zone development agency having
jurisdiction over the enterprise zone under ss. 196.095,
212.08(5)(g) and (h), 212.08(15), 212.096, 220.181, and 220.182,
Florida Statutes 2014, including receipt and review of
applications and verifications.
(E) The incontinue described in subsection (2) and to be

- (5) The incentives described in subsection (2) are to be treated as if they had not expired on December 31, 2015.
- (6) This section is effective January 1, 2016, and expires on December 31, 2018.

Section 31. For the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the sum of \$44,060 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Revenue for the purpose of implementing the amendments made by this act to chapter 202, Florida Statutes, and s. 203.001, Florida Statutes.

Section 32. If any law amended by this act was also amended by a law enacted during the 2015 Regular Session of the Legislature, such laws shall be construed as if enacted during the same session of the Legislature, and full effect shall be given to each if possible.

Section 33. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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