

2016 Legislature

1	House Joint Resolution
2	A joint resolution proposing amendments to Sections 3
3	and 4 of Article VII and the creation of Section 34 of
4	Article XII of the State Constitution to authorize the
5	Legislature, by general law, to exempt from ad valorem
6	taxation the assessed value of solar devices or
7	renewable energy source devices that are subject to
8	tangible personal property tax, to authorize the
9	Legislature, by general law, to prohibit the
10	consideration of the installation of such devices in
11	determining the assessed value of residential and
12	nonresidential real property for the purpose of ad
13	valorem taxation, and to provide effective and
14	expiration dates.
15	
16	Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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18	That the following amendments to Sections 3 and 4 of
19	Article VII and the creation of Section 34 of Article XII of the
20	State Constitution are agreed to and shall be submitted to the
21	electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next
22	general election or at an earlier special election specifically
23	authorized by law for that purpose:
24	ARTICLE VII
25	FINANCE AND TAXATION
26	SECTION 3. Taxes; exemptions
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27 All property owned by a municipality and used (a) 28 exclusively by it for municipal or public purposes shall be 29 exempt from taxation. A municipality, owning property outside 30 the municipality, may be required by general law to make payment to the taxing unit in which the property is located. Such 31 32 portions of property as are used predominantly for educational, 33 literary, scientific, religious or charitable purposes may be exempted by general law from taxation. 34

(b) There shall be exempt from taxation, cumulatively, to every head of a family residing in this state, household goods and personal effects to the value fixed by general law, not less than one thousand dollars, and to every widow or widower or person who is blind or totally and permanently disabled, property to the value fixed by general law not less than five hundred dollars.

42 Any county or municipality may, for the purpose of its (C) 43 respective tax levy and subject to the provisions of this 44 subsection and general law, grant community and economic 45 development ad valorem tax exemptions to new businesses and expansions of existing businesses, as defined by general law. 46 47 Such an exemption may be granted only by ordinance of the county or municipality, and only after the electors of the county or 48 municipality voting on such question in a referendum authorize 49 50 the county or municipality to adopt such ordinances. An exemption so granted shall apply to improvements to real 51 52 property made by or for the use of a new business and

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53 improvements to real property related to the expansion of an 54 existing business and shall also apply to tangible personal 55 property of such new business and tangible personal property 56 related to the expansion of an existing business. The amount or 57 limits of the amount of such exemption shall be specified by 58 general law. The period of time for which such exemption may be 59 granted to a new business or expansion of an existing business 60 shall be determined by general law. The authority to grant such 61 exemption shall expire ten years from the date of approval by the electors of the county or municipality, and may be renewable 62 by referendum as provided by general law. 63

64 Any county or municipality may, for the purpose of its (d) 65 respective tax levy and subject to the provisions of this subsection and general law, grant historic preservation ad 66 67 valorem tax exemptions to owners of historic properties. This 68 exemption may be granted only by ordinance of the county or 69 municipality. The amount or limits of the amount of this 70 exemption and the requirements for eligible properties must be 71 specified by general law. The period of time for which this 72 exemption may be granted to a property owner shall be determined 73 by general law.

74 (e) By general law and subject to conditions specified
75 therein: 7

76 (1) Twenty-five thousand dollars of the assessed value of 77 property subject to tangible personal property tax shall be 78 exempt from ad valorem taxation.

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79	(2) The assessed value of solar devices or renewable
80	energy source devices subject to tangible personal property tax
81	may be exempt from ad valorem taxation, subject to limitations
82	provided by general law.
83	(f) There shall be granted an ad valorem tax exemption for
84	real property dedicated in perpetuity for conservation purposes,
85	including real property encumbered by perpetual conservation
86	easements or by other perpetual conservation protections, as
87	defined by general law.
88	(g) By general law and subject to the conditions specified
89	therein, each person who receives a homestead exemption as
90	provided in section 6 of this article; who was a member of the
91	United States military or military reserves, the United States
92	Coast Guard or its reserves, or the Florida National Guard; and
93	who was deployed during the preceding calendar year on active
94	duty outside the continental United States, Alaska, or Hawaii in
95	support of military operations designated by the legislature
96	shall receive an additional exemption equal to a percentage of
97	the taxable value of his or her homestead property. The
98	applicable percentage shall be calculated as the number of days
99	during the preceding calendar year the person was deployed on
100	active duty outside the continental United States, Alaska, or
101	Hawaii in support of military operations designated by the
102	legislature divided by the number of days in that year.
103	SECTION 4. Taxation; assessmentsBy general law
104	regulations shall be prescribed which shall secure a just
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105 valuation of all property for ad valorem taxation, provided: 106 (a) Agricultural land, land producing high water recharge 107 to Florida's aquifers, or land used exclusively for 108 noncommercial recreational purposes may be classified by general 109 law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

(b) As provided by general law and subject to conditions, limitations, and reasonable definitions specified therein, land used for conservation purposes shall be classified by general law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

(c) Pursuant to general law tangible personal property held for sale as stock in trade and livestock may be valued for taxation at a specified percentage of its value, may be classified for tax purposes, or may be exempted from taxation.

(d) All persons entitled to a homestead exemption under Section 6 of this Article shall have their homestead assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year following the effective date of this amendment. This assessment shall change only as provided in this subsection.

(1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be
changed annually on January 1st of each year; but those changes
in assessments shall not exceed the lower of the following:

a. Three percent (3%) of the assessment for the prioryear.

b. The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for all
urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or
successor reports for the preceding calendar year as initially

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131 reported by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of132 Labor Statistics.

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(2) No assessment shall exceed just value.

(3) After any change of ownership, as provided by general
law, homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of
January 1 of the following year, unless the provisions of
paragraph (8) apply. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed
as provided in this subsection.

139 (4) New homestead property shall be assessed at just value
140 as of January 1st of the year following the establishment of the
141 homestead, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. That
142 assessment shall only change as provided in this subsection.

(5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to homestead property shall be assessed as provided for by general law; provided, however, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

(6) In the event of a termination of homestead status, theproperty shall be assessed as provided by general law.

(7) The provisions of this amendment are severable. If any of the provisions of this amendment shall be held unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, the decision of such court shall not affect or impair any remaining provisions of this amendment.

(8)a. A person who establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2009, or January 1 of any subsequent year and who has Page 6 of 13

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157 received a homestead exemption pursuant to Section 6 of this 158 Article as of January 1 of either of the two years immediately 159 preceding the establishment of the new homestead is entitled to 160 have the new homestead assessed at less than just value. If this 161 revision is approved in January of 2008, a person who establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2008, is entitled 162 163 to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value only 164 if that person received a homestead exemption on January 1, 165 2007. The assessed value of the newly established homestead 166 shall be determined as follows:

167 1. If the just value of the new homestead is greater than 168 or equal to the just value of the prior homestead as of January 169 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the 170 assessed value of the new homestead shall be the just value of the new homestead minus an amount equal to the lesser of 171 172 \$500,000 or the difference between the just value and the 173 assessed value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the 174 year in which the prior homestead was abandoned. Thereafter, the 175 homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

2. If the just value of the new homestead is less than the just value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be equal to the just value of the new homestead divided by the just value of the prior homestead and multiplied by the assessed value of the prior homestead. However, if the difference between the just value of the new

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homestead and the assessed value of the new homestead calculated pursuant to this sub-subparagraph is greater than \$500,000, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be increased so that the difference between the just value and the assessed value equals \$500,000. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

b. By general law and subject to conditions specified
therein, the legislature shall provide for application of this
paragraph to property owned by more than one person.

192 The legislature may, by general law, for assessment (e) purposes and subject to the provisions of this subsection, allow 193 194 counties and municipalities to authorize by ordinance that 195 historic property may be assessed solely on the basis of 196 character or use. Such character or use assessment shall apply 197 only to the jurisdiction adopting the ordinance. The 198 requirements for eligible properties must be specified by 199 general law.

(f) 200 A county may, in the manner prescribed by general law, 201 provide for a reduction in the assessed value of homestead 202 property to the extent of any increase in the assessed value of 203 that property which results from the construction or reconstruction of the property for the purpose of providing 204 205 living quarters for one or more natural or adoptive grandparents 206 or parents of the owner of the property or of the owner's spouse 207 if at least one of the grandparents or parents for whom the living quarters are provided is 62 years of age or older. Such a 208

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209	reduction may not exceed the lesser of the following:
210	(1) The increase in assessed value resulting from
211	construction or reconstruction of the property.
212	(2) Twenty percent of the total assessed value of the
213	property as improved.
214	(g) For all levies other than school district levies,
215	assessments of residential real property, as defined by general
216	law, which contains nine units or fewer and which is not subject
217	to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a)
218	through (d) shall change only as provided in this subsection.
219	(1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be
220	changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law; but
221	those changes in assessments shall not exceed ten percent (10%)
222	of the assessment for the prior year.
223	(2) No assessment shall exceed just value.
224	(3) After a change of ownership or control, as defined by
225	general law, including any change of ownership of a legal entity
226	that owns the property, such property shall be assessed at just
227	value as of the next assessment date. Thereafter, such property
228	shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
229	(4) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to
230	such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law;
231	however, after the adjustment for any change, addition,
232	reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as
233	provided in this subsection.

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(h) For all levies other than school district levies,

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assessments of real property that is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d) and (g) shall change only as provided in this subsection.

(1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be
changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law; but
those changes in assessments shall not exceed ten percent (10%)
of the assessment for the prior year.

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(2) No assessment shall exceed just value.

(3) The legislature must provide that such property shall
be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a
qualifying improvement, as defined by general law, is made to
such property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as
provided in this subsection.

(4) The legislature may provide that such property shall
be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a
change of ownership or control, as defined by general law,
including any change of ownership of the legal entity that owns
the property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as
provided in this subsection.

(5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to
such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law;
however, after the adjustment for any change, addition,
reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as
provided in this subsection.

(i) The legislature, by general law and subject toconditions specified therein, may prohibit the consideration of

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261	the following in the determination of the assessed value of real
262	property used for residential purposes:
263	(1) Any change or improvement to real property used for
264	residential purposes made to improve for the purpose of
265	improving the property's resistance to wind damage.
266	(2) The installation of a <u>solar or</u> renewable energy source
267	device.
268	(j)(1) The assessment of the following working waterfront
269	properties shall be based upon the current use of the property:
270	a. Land used predominantly for commercial fishing
271	purposes.
272	b. Land that is accessible to the public and used for
273	vessel launches into waters that are navigable.
274	c. Marinas and drystacks that are open to the public.
275	d. Water-dependent marine manufacturing facilities,
276	commercial fishing facilities, and marine vessel construction
277	and repair facilities and their support activities.
278	(2) The assessment benefit provided by this subsection is
279	subject to conditions and limitations and reasonable definitions
280	as specified by the legislature by general law.
281	ARTICLE XII
282	SCHEDULE
283	SECTION 34. Solar devices or renewable energy source
284	devices; exemption from certain taxation and assessmentThis
285	section, the amendment to subsection (e) of Section 3 of Article
286	VII authorizing the legislature, subject to limitations set
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287	forth in general law, to exempt the assessed value of solar
288	devices or renewable energy source devices subject to tangible
289	personal property tax from ad valorem taxation, and the
290	amendment to subsection (i) of Section 4 of Article VII
291	authorizing the legislature, by general law, to prohibit the
292	consideration of the installation of a solar device or a
293	renewable energy source device in determining the assessed value
294	of real property for the purpose of ad valorem taxation shall
295	take effect on January 1, 2018, and shall expire on December 31,
296	2037. Upon expiration, this section shall be repealed and the
297	text of subsection (e) of Section 3 of Article VII and
298	subsection (i) of Section 4 of Article VII shall revert to that
299	in existence on December 31, 2017, except that any amendments to
300	such text otherwise adopted shall be preserved and continue to
301	operate to the extent that such amendments are not dependent
302	upon the portions of text which expire pursuant to this section.
303	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be
304	placed on the ballot:
305	CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
306	ARTICLE VII, SECTIONS 3 AND 4
307	ARTICLE XII, SECTION 34
308	SOLAR DEVICES OR RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCE DEVICES; EXEMPTION
309	FROM CERTAIN TAXATION AND ASSESSMENTProposing an amendment to
310	the State Constitution to authorize the Legislature, by general
311	law, to exempt from ad valorem taxation the assessed value of
312	solar or renewable energy source devices subject to tangible
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313 personal property tax, and to authorize the Legislature, by 314 general law, to prohibit consideration of such devices in 315 assessing the value of real property for ad valorem taxation 316 purposes. This amendment takes effect January 1, 2018, and 317 expires on December 31, 2037.

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