

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
Comm: WD	•	
02/01/2016		
	•	
	•	
	•	

The Committee on Appropriations (Hukill) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

3 4

1 2

5 6

7

8

9

10

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 376.305, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

376.305 Removal of prohibited discharges.-

(6) The Legislature created the Abandoned Tank Restoration Program in response to the need to provide financial assistance for cleanup of sites that have abandoned petroleum storage

12 13

14

15 16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39



systems. For purposes of this subsection, the term "abandoned petroleum storage system" means a petroleum storage system that has not stored petroleum products for consumption, use, or sale since March 1, 1990. The department shall establish the Abandoned Tank Restoration Program to facilitate the restoration of sites contaminated by abandoned petroleum storage systems.

- (a) To be included in the program:
- 1. An application must be submitted to the department by June 30, 1996, certifying that the system has not stored petroleum products for consumption, use, or sale at the facility since March 1, 1990.
- 2. The owner or operator of the petroleum storage system when it was in service must have ceased conducting business involving consumption, use, or sale of petroleum products at that facility on or before March 1, 1990.
- 3. The site is not otherwise eliqible for the cleanup programs pursuant to s. 376.3071 or s. 376.3072.
- 4. The site is not otherwise eligible for the Petroleum Cleanup Participation Program under s. 376.3071(13) based on any discharge reporting form received by the department before January 1, 1995, or a written report of contamination submitted to the department on or before December 31, 1998.
- (b) In order to be eligible for the program, petroleum storage systems from which a discharge occurred must be closed pursuant to department rules before an eligibility determination. However, if the department determines that the owner of the facility cannot financially comply with the department's petroleum storage system closure requirements and all other eligibility requirements are met, the petroleum

41

42

43 44

45

46

47

48

49 50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58 59

60 61

62

6.3

64

65

66

67

68



storage system closure requirements shall be waived. The department shall take into consideration the owner's net worth and the economic impact on the owner in making the determination of the owner's financial ability. The June 30, 1996, application deadline shall be waived for owners who cannot financially comply.

- (c) Sites accepted in the program are eligible for site rehabilitation funding as provided in s. 376.3071.
  - (d) The following sites are excluded from eligibility:
  - 1. Sites on property of the Federal Government;
- 2. Sites contaminated by pollutants that are not petroleum products; or
- 3. Sites where the department has been denied site access; <del>or</del>
- 4. Sites which are owned by a person who had knowledge of the polluting condition when title was acquired unless the person acquired title to the site after issuance of a notice of site eligibility by the department.
- (e) Participating sites are subject to a deductible as determined by rule, not to exceed \$10,000.

This subsection does not relieve a person who has acquired title after July 1, 1992, from the duty to establish by a preponderance of the evidence that he or she undertook, at the time of acquisition, all appropriate inquiry into the previous ownership and use of the property consistent with good commercial or customary practice in an effort to minimize liability, as required by s. 376.308(1)(c).

Section 2. Subsection (4), paragraph (b) of subsection (5),

70

71

72

73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84 85

86

87

88 89

90

91

92

93

94

95

96

97



paragraph (b) of subsection (12), and subsection (13) of section 376.3071, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

376.3071 Inland Protection Trust Fund; creation; purposes; funding.-

- (4) USES.-Whenever, in its determination, incidents of inland contamination related to the storage of petroleum or petroleum products may pose a threat to the public health, safety, or welfare, water resources, or the environment, the department shall obligate moneys available in the fund to provide for:
- (a) Prompt investigation and assessment of contamination sites.
- (b) Expeditious restoration or replacement of potable water supplies as provided in s. 376.30(3)(c)1.
- (c) Rehabilitation of contamination sites, which shall consist of cleanup of affected soil, groundwater, and inland surface waters, using the most cost-effective alternative that is technologically feasible and reliable and that provides adequate protection of the public health, safety, and welfare, and water resources, and that minimizes environmental damage, pursuant to the site selection and cleanup criteria established by the department under subsection (5), except that this paragraph does not authorize the department to obligate funds for payment of costs which may be associated with, but are not integral to, site rehabilitation, such as the cost for retrofitting or replacing petroleum storage systems.
  - (d) Maintenance and monitoring of contamination sites.
- (e) Inspection and supervision of activities described in this subsection.

99

100

101

102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110 111

112

113 114

115

116 117

118 119

120

121

122

123

124

125

126



- (f) Payment of expenses incurred by the department in its efforts to obtain from responsible parties the payment or recovery of reasonable costs resulting from the activities described in this subsection.
- (g) Payment of any other reasonable costs of administration, including those administrative costs incurred by the Department of Health in providing field and laboratory services, toxicological risk assessment, and other assistance to the department in the investigation of drinking water contamination complaints and costs associated with public information and education activities.
- (h) Establishment and implementation of the compliance verification program as authorized in s. 376.303(1)(a), including contracting with local governments or state agencies to provide for the administration of such program through locally administered programs, to minimize the potential for further contamination sites.
- (i) Funding of the provisions of ss. 376.305(6) and 376.3072.
- (j) Activities related to removal and replacement of petroleum storage systems, exclusive of costs of any tank, piping, dispensing unit, or related hardware, if soil removal is approved as a component of site rehabilitation and requires removal of the tank where remediation is conducted under this section or if such activities were justified in an approved remedial action plan.
- (k) Reasonable costs of restoring property as nearly as practicable to the conditions which existed before activities associated with contamination assessment or remedial action



taken under s. 376.303(4).

127

128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136

137

138

139

140

141

142

143

144

145

146

147

148 149

150

151

152

153

154

155

- (1) Repayment of loans to the fund.
- (m) Expenditure of sums from the fund to cover ineligible sites or costs as set forth in subsection (13), if the department in its discretion deems it necessary to do so. In such cases, the department may seek recovery and reimbursement of costs in the same manner and pursuant to the same procedures established for recovery and reimbursement of sums otherwise owed to or expended from the fund.
- (n) Payment of amounts payable under any service contract entered into by the department pursuant to s. 376.3075, subject to annual appropriation by the Legislature.
- (o) Petroleum remediation pursuant to this section throughout a state fiscal year. The department shall establish a process to uniformly encumber appropriated funds throughout a state fiscal year and shall allow for emergencies and imminent threats to public health, safety, and welfare, water resources, and the environment as provided in paragraph (5)(a). This paragraph does not apply to appropriations associated with the free product recovery initiative provided in paragraph (5)(c) or the advanced cleanup program provided in s. 376.30713.
- (p) Enforcement of this section and ss. 376.30-376.317 by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. The department shall disburse moneys to the commission for such purpose.
- (q) Payments for program deductibles, copayments, and limited contamination assessment reports that otherwise would be paid by another state agency for state-funded petroleum contamination site rehabilitation. This paragraph expires July 1, 2016.



158

159 160

161

162

163

Upon the issuance of a site rehabilitation completion order pursuant to subsection (5) or an order pursuant to paragraph (12) (b), for contamination eligible for programs funded by this section, the issuance of such orders does not alter eligibility for state-funded remediation where the department determines that site conditions are not protective of human health under actual or proposed circumstances of exposure under subsection (5).

164 165

166

167

168

169

170

171

172

173

174

175

176

177

178

179

180

181 182

183

184

The Inland Protection Trust Fund may only be used to fund the activities in ss. 376.30-376.317 except ss. 376.3078 and 376.3079. Amounts on deposit in the fund in each fiscal year shall first be applied or allocated for the payment of amounts payable by the department pursuant to paragraph (n) under a service contract entered into by the department pursuant to s. 376.3075 and appropriated in each year by the Legislature before making or providing for other disbursements from the fund. This subsection does not authorize the use of the fund for cleanup of contamination caused primarily by a discharge of solvents as defined in s. 206.9925(6), or polychlorinated biphenyls when their presence causes them to be hazardous wastes, except solvent contamination which is the result of chemical or physical breakdown of petroleum products and is otherwise eligible. Facilities used primarily for the storage of motor or diesel fuels as defined in ss. 206.01 and 206.86 are not excluded from eligibility pursuant to this section.

- (5) SITE SELECTION AND CLEANUP CRITERIA.-
- (b) It is the intent of the Legislature to protect the

186

187

188

189 190

191 192

193

194

195

196

197

198

199

200

201

202

203

204

205

206

207

208

209

210

211

212

213



health of all people under actual circumstances of exposure. The secretary shall establish criteria by rule for the purpose of determining, on a site-specific basis, the rehabilitation program tasks that compose comprise a site rehabilitation program and the level at which a rehabilitation program task and a site rehabilitation program are completed. In establishing the rule, the department shall incorporate, to the maximum extent feasible, risk-based corrective action principles to achieve protection of the public health, safety, and welfare, water resources, and the environment in a cost-effective manner as provided in this subsection. Criteria for determining what constitutes a rehabilitation program task or completion of site rehabilitation program tasks and site rehabilitation programs shall be based upon the factors set forth in paragraph (a) and the following additional factors:

- 1. The current exposure and potential risk of exposure to humans and the environment including multiple pathways of exposure.
- 2. The appropriate point of compliance with cleanup target levels for petroleum products' chemicals of concern. The point of compliance must shall be at the source of the petroleum contamination. However, the department may temporarily move the point of compliance to the boundary of the property, or to the edge of the plume when the plume is within the property boundary, while cleanup, including cleanup through natural attenuation processes in conjunction with appropriate monitoring, is proceeding. The department may also, pursuant to criteria provided for in this paragraph, temporarily extend the point of compliance beyond the property boundary with

215

216

217

218

219

220

221

222

223

224

225

226

227

228

229

230

231

232

233

234

235

236

237 238

239

240 241

242



appropriate monitoring, if such extension is needed to facilitate natural attenuation or to address the current conditions of the plume, if the public health, safety, and welfare, water resources, and the environment are adequately protected. Temporary extension of the point of compliance beyond the property boundary, as provided in this subparagraph, must include notice to local governments and owners of any property into which the point of compliance is allowed to extend.

- 3. The appropriate site-specific cleanup goal. The sitespecific cleanup goal is shall be that all petroleum contamination sites ultimately achieve the applicable cleanup target levels provided in this paragraph. However, the department may allow concentrations of the petroleum products' chemicals of concern to temporarily exceed the applicable cleanup target levels while cleanup, including cleanup through natural attenuation processes in conjunction with appropriate monitoring, is proceeding, if the public health, safety, and welfare, water resources, and the environment are adequately protected.
- 4. The appropriateness of using institutional or engineering controls. Site rehabilitation programs may include the use of institutional or engineering controls to eliminate the potential exposure to petroleum products' chemicals of concern to humans or the environment. Use of such controls must have prior department approval, and institutional controls may not be acquired with moneys from the fund, with the exception of the costs associated with a specific purpose survey, if needed, or a professional land survey, and costs associated with obtaining a title report and recording fees. When institutional

244

245

246

247

248

249

250

2.51 252

253

254

255

256

257

258

259

260

261

262

263

264

265

266

267

268

269

270

271



or engineering controls are implemented to control exposure, the removal of such controls must have prior department approval and must be accompanied immediately by the resumption of active cleanup or other approved controls unless cleanup target levels pursuant to this paragraph have been achieved.

- 5. The additive effects of the petroleum products' chemicals of concern. The synergistic effects of petroleum products' chemicals of concern must also be considered when the scientific data becomes available.
- 6. Individual site characteristics which must include, but not be limited to, the current and projected use of the affected groundwater in the vicinity of the site, current and projected land uses of the area affected by the contamination, the exposed population, the degree and extent of contamination, the rate of contaminant migration, the apparent or potential rate of contaminant degradation through natural attenuation processes, the location of the plume, and the potential for further migration in relation to site property boundaries.
  - 7. Applicable state water quality standards.
- a. Cleanup target levels for petroleum products' chemicals of concern found in groundwater shall be the applicable state water quality standards. Where such standards do not exist, the cleanup target levels for groundwater shall be based on the minimum criteria specified in department rule. The department shall consider the following, as appropriate, in establishing the applicable minimum criteria: calculations using a lifetime cancer risk level of 1.0E-6; a hazard index of 1 or less; the best achievable detection limit; the naturally occurring background concentration; or nuisance, organoleptic, and



aesthetic considerations.

272

273

274

275

276

277

278

279

280

281

282

283

284

285

286

287 288

289

290

291

292

293

294

295

296

297

298

299

300

- b. Where surface waters are exposed to petroleum contaminated groundwater, the cleanup target levels for the petroleum products' chemicals of concern shall be based on the surface water standards as established by department rule. The point of measuring compliance with the surface water standards shall be in the groundwater immediately adjacent to the surface water body.
- 8. Whether deviation from state water quality standards or from established criteria is appropriate. The department may issue a "No Further Action Order" based upon the degree to which the desired cleanup target level is achievable and can be reasonably and cost-effectively implemented within available technologies or engineering and institutional control strategies. Where a state water quality standard is applicable, a deviation may not result in the application of cleanup target levels more stringent than the standard. In determining whether it is appropriate to establish alternate cleanup target levels at a site, the department may consider the effectiveness of source removal that has been completed at the site and the practical likelihood of the use of low yield or poor quality groundwater; the use of groundwater near marine surface water bodies; the current and projected use of the affected groundwater in the vicinity of the site; or the use of groundwater in the immediate vicinity of the storage tank area, where it has been demonstrated that the groundwater contamination is not migrating away from such localized source, if the public health, safety, and welfare, water resources, and the environment are adequately protected.

302

303 304

305

306

307

308

309

310

311

312

313

314

315

316

317

318

319

320

321

326

327

328

329



- 9. Appropriate cleanup target levels for soils.
- a. In establishing soil cleanup target levels for human exposure to petroleum products' chemicals of concern found in soils from the land surface to 2 feet below land surface, the department shall consider the following, as appropriate: calculations using a lifetime cancer risk level of 1.0E-6; a hazard index of 1 or less; the best achievable detection limit; or the naturally occurring background concentration.
- b. Leachability-based soil target levels shall be based on protection of the groundwater cleanup target levels or the alternate cleanup target levels for groundwater established pursuant to this paragraph, as appropriate. Source removal and other cost-effective alternatives that are technologically feasible shall be considered in achieving the leachability soil target levels established by the department. The leachability goals do not apply if the department determines, based upon individual site characteristics, that petroleum products' chemicals of concern will not leach into the groundwater at levels which pose a threat to public health, safety, and welfare, water resources, or the environment.

322 This paragraph does not restrict the department from temporarily 323 postponing completion of any site rehabilitation program for 324 which funds are being expended whenever such postponement is 325 necessary in order to make funds available for rehabilitation of

a contamination site with a higher priority status.

- (12) SITE CLEANUP.
- (b) Low-scored site initiative. Notwithstanding subsections (5) and (6), a site with a priority ranking score of 29 points

331

332 333

334

335

336

337

338

339

340

341

342

343

344

345

346

347

348 349

350 351

352

353

354 355

356

357

358



or less may voluntarily participate in the low-scored site initiative regardless of whether the site is eligible for state restoration funding.

- 1. To participate in the low-scored site initiative, the responsible party or property owner, or a responsible party that provides evidence of authorization from the property owner, must submit a "No Further Action" proposal and affirmatively demonstrate that the following conditions under subparagraph 4. are met. +
- a. Upon reassessment pursuant to department rule, the site retains a priority ranking score of 29 points or less.
- b. Excessively contaminated soil, as defined by department rule, does not exist onsite as a result of a release of petroleum products.
- c. A minimum of 6 months of groundwater monitoring indicates that the plume is shrinking or stable.
- d. The release of petroleum products at the site does not adversely affect adjacent surface waters, including their effects on human health and the environment.
- e. The area of groundwater containing the petroleum products' chemicals of concern is less than one-quarter acre and is confined to the source property boundaries of the real property on which the discharge originated.
- f. Soils onsite that are subject to human exposure found between land surface and 2 feet below land surface meet the soil cleanup target levels established by department rule or human exposure is limited by appropriate institutional or engineering controls.
  - 2. Upon affirmative demonstration that  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial t}$  the conditions

360

361 362

363

364

365

366 367

368

369

370

371

372

373

374

375 376

377 378

379

380 381

382

383 384

385 386

387



under subparagraph 4. are met subparagraph 1., the department shall issue a site rehabilitation completion order incorporating the determination of "No Further Action." proposal submitted by the property owner or the responsible party which provides evidence of authorization from the property owner Such determination acknowledges that minimal contamination exists onsite and that such contamination is not a threat to the public health, safety, or welfare, water resources, or the environment. If no contamination is detected, the department may issue a site rehabilitation completion order.

- 3. Sites that are eligible for state restoration funding may receive payment of costs for the low-scored site initiative as follows:
- a. A responsible party or property owner, or a responsible party that provides evidence of authorization from the property owner, may submit an assessment and limited remediation plan designed to affirmatively demonstrate that the site meets the conditions under subparagraph 4 subparagraph 1. Notwithstanding the priority ranking score of the site, the department may approve the cost of the assessment and limited remediation, including up to 6 months and 12 months, respectively, of groundwater monitoring and limited remediation activities, in one or more task assignments, or modifications thereof, not to exceed the threshold amount provided in s. 287.017 for CATEGORY TWO, \$30,000 for each site where the department has determined that the assessment and limited remediation, if applicable, will likely result in a determination of "No Further Action." $\overline{\ }$  The department may not pay the costs associated with the establishment of institutional or engineering controls, with the

389

390

391

392

393

394

395

396

397

398

399

400

401

402

403

404

405

406

407

408

409

410

411

412

413

414

415

416



exception of the costs associated with a specific purpose survey, if needed, or a professional land survey, and the costs associated with obtaining a title report and paying recording fees.

b. After the approval of initial site assessment results provided pursuant to state funding under sub-subparagraph a., the department may approve an additional amount not to exceed the threshold amount provided in s. 287.017 for CATEGORY TWO for limited remediation where needed to achieve a determination of "No Further Action."

c.b. The assessment and limited remediation work shall be completed no later than 15  $\frac{6}{}$  months after the department authorizes the start of a state-funded, low-scored site initiative task issues its approval. If groundwater monitoring is required after the assessment and limited remediation in order to satisfy the conditions under subparagraph 4., the department may authorize an additional 6 months to complete the monitoring.

d.e. No more than \$15 \$10 million for the low-scored site initiative may be encumbered from the fund in any fiscal year. Funds shall be made available on a first-come, first-served basis and shall be limited to 10 sites in each fiscal year for each responsible party or property owner or each responsible party that provides evidence of authorization from the property owner.

e.d. Program deductibles, copayments, and the limited contamination assessment report requirements under paragraph (13) (d)  $\frac{(13)}{(c)}$  do not apply to expenditures under this paragraph.



- 417 4. The department shall issue an order incorporating the 418 "No Further Action" proposal submitted by a property owner or a 419 responsible party that provides evidence of authorization from 420 the property owner upon affirmative demonstration that all of 421 the following conditions are met:
  - a. Excessively contaminated soil, as defined by department rule, does not exist onsite as a result of a release of petroleum products.
  - b. A minimum of 6 months of groundwater monitoring indicates that the plume is shrinking or stable.
  - c. The release of petroleum products at the site does not adversely affect adjacent surface waters, including their effects on human health and the environment.
  - d. The area of groundwater containing the petroleum products' chemicals of concern is confined to the source property boundaries of the real property on which the discharge originated, or has migrated from the source property to only a transportation facility of the Department of Transportation.
  - e. The groundwater contamination containing the petroleum products' chemicals of concern is not a threat to any permitted potable water supply well.
  - f. Soils onsite found between land surface and 2 feet below land surface which are subject to human exposure meet the soil cleanup target levels established in subparagraph (5)(b)9., or human exposure is limited by appropriate institutional or engineering controls.

422

423

424

425

426

427

428

429

430

431

432

433

434

435

436

437

438

439

440

441

442

444

445

Issuance of a site rehabilitation completion order under this paragraph acknowledges that minimal contamination exists onsite

447

448

449

450

451

452

453

454

455

456

457

458

459

460

461

462

463

464

465

466

467

468

469

470

471

472 473

474



and that such contamination is not a threat to the public health, safety, or welfare; water resources; or the environment. Pursuant to subsection (4), the issuance of the site rehabilitation completion order, with or without conditions, does not alter eligibility for state-funded rehabilitation which would otherwise be applicable under this section.

- (13) PETROLEUM CLEANUP PARTICIPATION PROGRAM.—To encourage detection, reporting, and cleanup of contamination caused by discharges of petroleum or petroleum products, the department shall, within the guidelines established in this subsection, implement a cost-sharing cleanup program to provide rehabilitation funding assistance for all property contaminated by discharges of petroleum or petroleum products from a petroleum storage system occurring before January 1, 1995, subject to a copayment provided for in a Petroleum Cleanup Participation Program site rehabilitation agreement. Eligibility is subject to an annual appropriation from the fund. Additionally, funding for eligible sites is contingent upon annual appropriation in subsequent years. Such continued state funding is not an entitlement or a vested right under this subsection. Eligibility shall be determined in the program, notwithstanding any other provision of law, consent order, order, judgment, or ordinance to the contrary.
- (a) 1. The department shall accept any discharge reporting form received before January 1, 1995, as an application for this program, and the facility owner or operator need not reapply.
- 2. Owners or operators of property, regardless of whether ownership has changed, contaminated by petroleum or petroleum products from a petroleum storage system may apply for such

476

477

478

479

480

481

482

483 484

485

486

487

488

489

490

491

492

493 494

495

496

497

498

499

500

501

502

503



program by filing a written report of the contamination incident, including evidence that such incident occurred before January 1, 1995, with the department. Incidents of petroleum contamination discovered after December 31, 1994, at sites which have not stored petroleum or petroleum products for consumption, use, or sale after such date shall be presumed to have occurred before January 1, 1995. An operator's filed report shall be an application of the owner for all purposes. Sites reported to the department after December 31, 1998, are not eligible for the program.

- (b) Subject to annual appropriation from the fund, sites meeting the criteria of this subsection are eligible for up to \$400,000 of site rehabilitation funding assistance in priority order pursuant to subsections (5) and (6). Sites meeting the criteria of this subsection for which a site rehabilitation completion order was issued before June 1, 2008, do not qualify for the 2008 increase in site rehabilitation funding assistance and are bound by the pre-June 1, 2008, limits. Sites meeting the criteria of this subsection for which a site rehabilitation completion order was not issued before June 1, 2008, regardless of whether they have previously transitioned to nonstate-funded cleanup status, may continue state-funded cleanup pursuant to this section until a site rehabilitation completion order is issued or the increased site rehabilitation funding assistance limit is reached, whichever occurs first. The department may not pay expenses incurred beyond the scope of an approved contract.
- (c) The department may approve an additional amount up to \$100,000 for additional remediation and monitoring where needed to achieve a determination of "No Further Action."

505

506

507

508

509

510

511

512

513

514

515

516 517

518

519

520

521

522

523

524

525

526

527 528

529

530

531

532



(d) (c) Upon notification by the department that rehabilitation funding assistance is available for the site pursuant to subsections (5) and (6), the property owner, operator, or person otherwise responsible for site rehabilitation shall provide the department with a limited contamination assessment report and shall enter into a Petroleum Cleanup Participation Program site rehabilitation agreement with the department. The agreement must provide for a 25-percent copayment by the owner, operator, or person otherwise responsible for conducting site rehabilitation. The owner, operator, or person otherwise responsible for conducting site rehabilitation shall adequately demonstrate the ability to meet the copayment obligation. The limited contamination assessment report and the copayment costs may be reduced or eliminated if the owner and all operators responsible for restoration under s. 376.308 demonstrate that they cannot financially comply with the copayment and limited contamination assessment report requirements. The department shall take into consideration the owner's and operator's net worth in making the determination of financial ability. In the event the department and the owner, operator, or person otherwise responsible for site rehabilitation cannot complete negotiation of the cost-sharing agreement within 120 days after beginning negotiations, the department shall terminate negotiations and the site shall be ineligible for state funding under this subsection and all liability protections provided for in this subsection shall be revoked. (e) (d) A report of a discharge made to the department by a person pursuant to this subsection or any rules adopted pursuant

534

535

536

537

538

539

540

541

542

543

544

545

546

547

548

549

550

551

552

553

554

555

556

557

558

559

560

561



to this subsection may not be used directly as evidence of liability for such discharge in any civil or criminal trial arising out of the discharge.

(f) (e) This subsection does not preclude the department from pursuing penalties under s. 403.141 for violations of any law or any rule, order, permit, registration, or certification adopted or issued by the department pursuant to its lawful authority.

(g) (f) Upon the filing of a discharge reporting form under paragraph (a), the department or local government may not pursue any judicial or enforcement action to compel rehabilitation of the discharge. This paragraph does not prevent any such action with respect to discharges determined ineligible under this subsection or to sites for which rehabilitation funding assistance is available pursuant to subsections (5) and (6).

(h) (g) The following are excluded from participation in the program:

- 1. Sites at which the department has been denied reasonable site access to implement this section.
- 2. Sites that were active facilities when owned or operated by the Federal Government.
- 3. Sites that are identified by the United States Environmental Protection Agency to be on, or which qualify for listing on, the National Priorities List under Superfund. This exception does not apply to those sites for which eligibility has been requested or granted as of the effective date of this act under the Early Detection Incentive Program established pursuant to s. 15, chapter 86-159, Laws of Florida.
  - 4. Sites for which contamination is covered under the Early

563

564

565

566

567

568

569

570 571

572 573

574

575

576

577

578

579 580

581

582

583

584

585

586

587

588

589

590



Detection Incentive Program, the Abandoned Tank Restoration Program, or the Petroleum Liability and Restoration Insurance Program, in which case site rehabilitation funding assistance shall continue under the respective program.

Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and subsections (2) and (4) of section 376.30713, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

376.30713 Advanced cleanup.-

- (1) In addition to the legislative findings provided in s. 376.3071, the Legislature finds and declares:
- (d) It is appropriate for a person who is responsible for site rehabilitation to share the costs associated with managing and conducting advanced cleanup, to facilitate the opportunity for advanced cleanup, and to mitigate the additional costs that will be incurred by the state in conducting site rehabilitation in advance of the site's priority ranking. Such cost sharing will result in more contaminated sites being cleaned up and greater environmental benefits to the state. This section is only available for sites eligible for restoration funding under EDI, ATRP, or PLRIP. This section is available for discharges eligible for restoration funding under the petroleum cleanup participation program for the state's cost share of site rehabilitation. Applications must include a cost-sharing commitment for this section in addition to the 25-percentcopayment requirement of the petroleum cleanup participation program. This section is not available for any discharge under a petroleum cleanup participation program where the 25-percentcopayment requirement of the petroleum cleanup participation program has been reduced or eliminated pursuant to s.



376.3071(13)(c).

591

592

593 594

595

596

597

598

599

600

601

602

603

604

605

606

607

608

609

610

611

612

613

614

615

616

617

618

619

- (2) The department may approve an application for advanced cleanup at eligible sites, notwithstanding before funding based on the site's priority ranking established pursuant to s. 376.3071(5)(a), pursuant to this section. Only the facility owner or operator or the person otherwise responsible for site rehabilitation qualifies as an applicant under this section.
- (a) Advanced cleanup applications may be submitted between May 1 and June 30 and between November 1 and December 31 of each fiscal year. Applications submitted between May 1 and June 30 shall be for the fiscal year beginning July 1. An application must consist of:
- 1. A commitment to pay 25 percent or more of the total cleanup cost deemed recoverable under this section along with proof of the ability to pay the cost share.
- a. An application proposing that the department enter into a performance-based contract for the cleanup of five 20 or more sites may use a commitment to pay, a demonstrated cost savings to the department, or both to meet the cost-share requirement. For an application relying on a demonstrated cost savings to the department, the applicant shall, in conjunction with the proposed agency term contractor, establish and provide in the application the percentage of cost savings in the aggregate that is being provided to the department for cleanup of the sites under the application compared to the cost of cleanup of those same sites using the current rates provided to the department by the proposed agency term contractor. The department shall determine whether the cost savings demonstration is acceptable. Such determination is not subject to chapter 120.



b. An application proposing that the department enter into a performance-based contract for the cleanup of an individual site may use a commitment to pay, a demonstrated cost savings to the department, or both to meet the cost-share requirement. For an individual site application relying on a demonstrated cost savings to the department, the applicant shall, in conjunction with the proposed agency term contractor, establish and demonstrate in the application a 25-percent cost savings to the department for cleanup of the site under the application compared to the cost of cleanup of the same site using the current rates provided to the department by the proposed agency term contractor. The department shall determine whether the demonstration of cost savings is acceptable. Such determination is not subject to chapter 120.

- 2. A nonrefundable review fee of \$250 to cover the administrative costs associated with the department's review of the application.
  - 3. A limited contamination assessment report.
  - 4. A proposed course of action.
- 5. A site access agreement from the property owner and evidence of authorization from the property owner for petroleum site rehabilitation program tasks consistent with the proposed course of action when the applicant is not the property owner of any of the sites contained in the application.

644 645

646

647

648

620

621

622

623

624

625

626

627

628

629

630

631

632

633

634

635

636

637

638

639

640 641

642

643

The limited contamination assessment report must be sufficient to support the proposed course of action and to estimate the cost of the proposed course of action. Costs incurred related to conducting the limited contamination assessment report are not

650

651 652

653

654

655

656

657

658

659

660

661

662

663

664

665

666

667

668

669

670

671

672

673

674

675

676

677



refundable from the Inland Protection Trust Fund. Site eligibility under this subsection or any other provision of this section is not an entitlement to advanced cleanup or continued restoration funding. The applicant shall certify to the department that the applicant has the prerequisite authority to enter into an advanced cleanup contract with the department. The certification must be submitted with the application.

- (b) The department shall rank the applications based on the percentage of cost-sharing commitment proposed by the applicant, with the highest ranking given to the applicant who proposes the highest percentage of cost sharing. If the department receives applications that propose identical cost-sharing commitments and that exceed the funds available to commit to all such proposals during the advanced cleanup application period, the department shall proceed to rerank those applicants. Those applicants submitting identical cost-sharing proposals that exceed funding availability must be so notified by the department and offered the opportunity to raise their individual cost-share commitments, in a period specified in the notice. At the close of the period, the department shall proceed to rerank the applications pursuant to this paragraph.
- (4) The department may enter into contracts for a total of up to \$25 \$15 million of advanced cleanup work in each fiscal year. However, a facility or an applicant who bundles multiple sites as specified in subparagraph (2)(a)1. may not be approved for more than \$5 million of cleanup activity in each fiscal year. A property owner or responsible party may enter into a voluntary cost-share agreement where the property owner or responsible party commits to bundle multiple sites and lists the



facilities that will be included in those future bundles. The facilities listed are not subject to agency term contractor assignment pursuant to department rule. The department shall reserve the right to terminate or amend the voluntary cost-share agreement, for any identified site under the voluntary costshare agreement, if the property owner or responsible party fails to submit an application to bundle any site under such the voluntary cost-share agreement, not already covered by an advance cleanup contract, within a subsequent open application period during which it is eligible to participate. A property owner or responsible party may not enter into a voluntary costshare agreement for future individual sites. For the purposes of this section, the term "facility" includes, but is not limited to, multiple site facilities such as airports, port facilities, and terminal facilities even though such enterprises may be treated as separate facilities for other purposes under this chapter.

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

696 697

698

699

700

678

679

680 681

682

683

684

685

686

687

688

689

690

691

692

693

694

695

======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

701 702

703

704

705

706

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the Petroleum Restoration Program; amending s. 376.305, F.S.; revising the eligibility requirements of the Abandoned Tank Restoration Program; deleting provisions prohibiting the relief of liability for persons who acquired title after a

708

709 710

711

712

713

714

715

716

717 718

719

720

721

722

723

724

725

726

727

728

729

730

731

732

733

734

735



certain date; amending s. 376.3071, F.S.; deleting an expiration date for a requirement that the Department of Environmental Protection obligate certain funds to provide payment for deductibles, copayments, and certain reports in certain circumstances; specifying that the issuance of a site rehabilitation completion order does not affect eligibility for state-funded remediation under certain circumstances; providing an exception for the payment of certain survey, title, and recording expenses; revising the conditions for eligibility and methods for payment of costs for the low-score site initiative; revising the eligibility requirements for receiving rehabilitation funding; clarifying that a change in ownership does not preclude a site from entering into the program; providing additional funding for remediation and monitoring under certain circumstances; deleting requirements for the Petroleum Cleanup Participation Program site rehabilitation agreement; amending s. 376.30713, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; reducing the number of sites that may be proposed for certain advanced cleanup applications; providing for advanced cleanup applications for individual sites; requiring a performance-based contract for such cleanup; amending the application requirements for the advanced cleanup program; increasing the total amount for which the department may contract for advanced cleanup work in a fiscal year; authorizing property owners and responsible



parties to enter into voluntary cost-share agreements		
under certain circumstances; prohibiting property		
owners and responsible parties from entering into such		
agreement for future individual sites; providing an		
effective date.		