1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Petroleum Restoration Program;
3	amending s. 376.305, F.S.; revising the eligibility
4	requirements of the Abandoned Tank Restoration
5	Program; deleting provisions prohibiting the relief of
6	liability for persons who acquired title after a
7	certain date; amending s. 376.3071, F.S.; revising
8	legislative intent and purpose; deleting an expiration
9	date; revising the criteria for determining what
10	constitutes certain rehabilitation program tasks;
11	revising the conditions for eligibility and methods
12	for payment of costs for the low-scored site
13	initiative; revising the eligibility requirements for
14	receiving rehabilitation funding; specifying that the
15	issuance of a site rehabilitation completion order
16	does not alter eligibility for state-funded
17	remediation under certain circumstances; clarifying
18	that a change in ownership does not preclude a site
19	from entering into the program; providing additional
20	funding for remediation and monitoring under certain
21	circumstances; amending s. 376.30713, F.S.; revising
22	advanced cleanup application requirements; increasing
23	the total amount for which the department may contract
24	for advanced cleanup work in a fiscal year;
25	authorizing property owners and responsible parties to
26	enter into voluntary cost-share agreements under
27	certain circumstances; providing an effective date.
28	
29	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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30	
31	Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 376.305, Florida
32	Statutes, is amended to read:
33	376.305 Removal of prohibited discharges
34	(6) The Legislature created the Abandoned Tank Restoration
35	Program in response to the need to provide financial assistance
36	for cleanup of sites that have abandoned petroleum storage
37	systems. For purposes of this subsection, the term "abandoned
38	petroleum storage system" means a petroleum storage system that
39	has not stored petroleum products for consumption, use, or sale
40	since March 1, 1990. The department shall establish the
41	Abandoned Tank Restoration Program to facilitate the restoration
42	of sites contaminated by abandoned petroleum storage systems.
43	(a) To be included in the program:
44	1. An application must be submitted to the department $rac{by}{}$
45	June 30, 1996, certifying that the system has not stored
46	petroleum products for consumption, use, or sale at the facility
47	since March 1, 1990.
48	2. The owner or operator of the petroleum storage system
49	when it was in service must have ceased conducting business
50	involving consumption, use, or sale of petroleum products at
51	that facility on or before March 1, 1990.
52	3. The site is not otherwise eligible for the cleanup
53	programs pursuant to s. 376.3071 or s. 376.3072.
54	4. The site is not otherwise eligible for the Petroleum
55	Cleanup Participation Program under s. 376.3071(13) based on any
56	discharge reporting form received by the department before
57	January 1, 1995, or a written report of contamination submitted
58	to the department on or before December 31, 1998.

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1	
59	(b) In order to be eligible for the program, petroleum
60	storage systems from which a discharge occurred must be closed
61	pursuant to department rules before an eligibility
62	determination. However, if the department determines that the
63	owner of the facility cannot financially comply with the
64	department's petroleum storage system closure requirements and
65	all other eligibility requirements are met, the petroleum
66	storage system closure requirements shall be waived. The
67	department shall take into consideration the owner's net worth
68	and the economic impact on the owner in making the determination
69	of the owner's financial ability. The June 30, 1996, application
70	deadline shall be waived for owners who cannot financially
71	comply.
72	(c) Sites accepted in the program are eligible for site
73	rehabilitation funding as provided in s. 376.3071.
74	(d) The following sites are excluded from eligibility:
75	1. Sites on property of the Federal Government;
76	2. Sites contaminated by pollutants that are not petroleum
77	products; <u>or</u>
78	3. Sites where the department has been denied site access $ au$
79	or
80	4. Sites which are owned by a person who had knowledge of
81	the polluting condition when title was acquired unless the
82	person acquired title to the site after issuance of a notice of
83	site eligibility by the department.
84	(e) Participating sites are subject to a deductible as
85	determined by rule, not to exceed \$10,000.
86	
87	This subsection does not relieve a person who has acquired title
I	

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after July 1, 1992, from the duty to establish by a
preponderance of the evidence that he or she undertook, at the
time of acquisition, all appropriate inquiry into the previous
ownership and use of the property consistent with good
commercial or customary practice in an effort to minimize
liability, as required by s. 376.308(1)(c).
Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2), subsection (4),
paragraph (b) of subsection (5), paragraph (b) of subsection
(12), and subsection (13) of section 376.3071, Florida Statutes,
are amended to read:
376.3071 Inland Protection Trust Fund; creation; purposes;
funding
(2) INTENT AND PURPOSE
(b) It is the intent of the Legislature that the department
implement rules and procedures to improve the efficiency <u>and</u>
productivity of the Petroleum Restoration Program. The
department is directed to implement rules and policies to
eliminate and reduce duplication of site rehabilitation efforts,
paperwork, and documentation, and micromanagement of site
rehabilitation tasks. The department shall make efficiency and
productivity a priority in the administration of the Petroleum
Restoration Program and to this end, when necessary, shall use
petroleum program contracted services to improve the efficiency
and productivity of the program. Furthermore, when implementing
rules and procedures to improve such efficiency and
productivity, the department shall recognize and consider the
potential value of utilizing contracted inspection and
professional resources to efficiently and productively
administer the program.

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117 (4) USES.-Whenever, in its determination, incidents of 118 inland contamination related to the storage of petroleum or 119 petroleum products may pose a threat to the public health, 120 safety, or welfare, water resources, or the environment, the 121 department shall obligate moneys available in the fund to 122 provide for: 123 (a) Prompt investigation and assessment of contamination 124 sites. 125 (b) Expeditious restoration or replacement of potable water 126 supplies as provided in s. 376.30(3)(c)1. 127 (c) Rehabilitation of contamination sites, which shall 128 consist of cleanup of affected soil, groundwater, and inland 129 surface waters, using the most cost-effective alternative that 130 is technologically feasible and reliable and that provides 131 adequate protection of the public health, safety, and welfare, 132 and water resources, and that minimizes environmental damage, 133 pursuant to the site selection and cleanup criteria established 134 by the department under subsection (5), except that this 135 paragraph does not authorize the department to obligate funds

136 for payment of costs which may be associated with, but are not 137 integral to, site rehabilitation, such as the cost for 138 retrofitting or replacing petroleum storage systems.

139

(d) Maintenance and monitoring of contamination sites.

(e) Inspection and supervision of activities described inthis subsection.

(f) Payment of expenses incurred by the department in its efforts to obtain from responsible parties the payment or recovery of reasonable costs resulting from the activities described in this subsection.

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146 (g) Payment of any other reasonable costs of 147 administration, including those administrative costs incurred by the Department of Health in providing field and laboratory 148 149 services, toxicological risk assessment, and other assistance to 150 the department in the investigation of drinking water 151 contamination complaints and costs associated with public 152 information and education activities. 153 (h) Establishment and implementation of the compliance 154 verification program as authorized in s. 376.303(1)(a), 155 including contracting with local governments or state agencies 156 to provide for the administration of such program through 157 locally administered programs, to minimize the potential for 158 further contamination sites. (i) Funding of the provisions of ss. 376.305(6) and 159 376.3072. 160 161 (j) Activities related to removal and replacement of 162 petroleum storage systems, exclusive of costs of any tank, 163 piping, dispensing unit, or related hardware, if soil removal is 164 approved as a component of site rehabilitation and requires 165 removal of the tank where remediation is conducted under this 166 section or if such activities were justified in an approved 167 remedial action plan. 168 (k) Reasonable costs of restoring property as nearly as 169 practicable to the conditions which existed before activities associated with contamination assessment or remedial action 170 taken under s. 376.303(4). 171 172 (1) Repayment of loans to the fund.

(m) Expenditure of sums from the fund to cover ineligible sites or costs as set forth in subsection (13), if the

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department in its discretion deems it necessary to do so. In such cases, the department may seek recovery and reimbursement of costs in the same manner and pursuant to the same procedures established for recovery and reimbursement of sums otherwise owed to or expended from the fund.

(n) Payment of amounts payable under any service contract
entered into by the department pursuant to s. 376.3075, subject
to annual appropriation by the Legislature.

(o) Petroleum remediation pursuant to this section 183 184 throughout a state fiscal year. The department shall establish a process to uniformly encumber appropriated funds throughout a 185 186 state fiscal year and shall allow for emergencies and imminent 187 threats to public health, safety, and welfare, water resources, 188 and the environment as provided in paragraph (5)(a). This 189 paragraph does not apply to appropriations associated with the 190 free product recovery initiative provided in paragraph (5)(c) or 191 the advanced cleanup program provided in s. 376.30713.

(p) Enforcement of this section and ss. 376.30-376.317 by
the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. The department
shall disburse moneys to the commission for such purpose.

(q) Payments for program deductibles, copayments, and limited contamination assessment reports that otherwise would be paid by another state agency for state-funded petroleum contamination site rehabilitation. This paragraph expires July 1, 2016.

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201 The issuance of a site rehabilitation completion order pursuant 202 to subsection (5) or paragraph (12) (b) for contamination 203 eligible for programs funded by this section does not alter the

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204 project's eligibility for state-funded remediation if the 205 department determines that site conditions are not protective of 206 human health under actual or proposed circumstances of exposure 207 under subsection (5). The Inland Protection Trust Fund may only 208 be used only to fund the activities in ss. 376.30-376.317 except 209 ss. 376.3078 and 376.3079. Amounts on deposit in the fund in 210 each fiscal year must shall first be applied or allocated for 211 the payment of amounts payable by the department pursuant to paragraph (n) under a service contract entered into by the 212 213 department pursuant to s. 376.3075 and appropriated in each year by the Legislature before making or providing for other 214 215 disbursements from the fund. This subsection does not authorize the use of the fund for cleanup of contamination caused 216 217 primarily by a discharge of solvents as defined in s. 218 206.9925(6), or polychlorinated biphenyls when their presence 219 causes them to be hazardous wastes, except solvent contamination 220 which is the result of chemical or physical breakdown of 221 petroleum products and is otherwise eligible. Facilities used 222 primarily for the storage of motor or diesel fuels as defined in 223 ss. 206.01 and 206.86 are not excluded from eligibility pursuant 224 to this section.

225

(5) SITE SELECTION AND CLEANUP CRITERIA.-

(b) It is the intent of the Legislature to protect the health of all people under actual circumstances of exposure. The secretary shall establish criteria by rule for the purpose of determining, on a site-specific basis, the rehabilitation program tasks that comprise a site rehabilitation program and the level at which a rehabilitation program task and a site rehabilitation program are completed. In establishing the rule,

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233 the department shall incorporate, to the maximum extent 234 feasible, risk-based corrective action principles to achieve 235 protection of the public health, safety, and welfare, water 236 resources, and the environment in a cost-effective manner as 237 provided in this subsection. Criteria for determining what 238 constitutes a rehabilitation program task or completion of site 239 rehabilitation program tasks and site rehabilitation programs 240 shall be based upon the factors set forth in paragraph (a) and the following additional factors: 241

1. The current exposure and potential risk of exposure to humans and the environment including multiple pathways of exposure.

245 2. The appropriate point of compliance with cleanup target 246 levels for petroleum products' chemicals of concern. The point 247 of compliance shall be at the source of the petroleum 248 contamination. However, the department may temporarily move the 249 point of compliance to the boundary of the property, or to the 250 edge of the plume when the plume is within the property 251 boundary, while cleanup, including cleanup through natural 252 attenuation processes in conjunction with appropriate 253 monitoring, is proceeding. The department may also, pursuant to 254 criteria provided for in this paragraph, temporarily extend the 255 point of compliance beyond the property boundary with 256 appropriate monitoring, if such extension is needed to 257 facilitate natural attenuation or to address the current 258 conditions of the plume, if the public health, safety, and 259 welfare, water resources, and the environment are adequately 260 protected. Temporary extension of the point of compliance beyond the property boundary, as provided in this subparagraph, must 261

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262 263

include notice to local governments and owners of any property into which the point of compliance is allowed to extend.

264 3. The appropriate site-specific cleanup goal. The site-265 specific cleanup goal shall be that all petroleum contamination 266 sites ultimately achieve the applicable cleanup target levels 267 provided in this paragraph. However, the department may allow 268 concentrations of the petroleum products' chemicals of concern 269 to temporarily exceed the applicable cleanup target levels while 270 cleanup, including cleanup through natural attenuation processes 271 in conjunction with appropriate monitoring, is proceeding, if 272 the public health, safety, and welfare, water resources, and the 273 environment are adequately protected.

274 4. The appropriateness of using institutional or 275 engineering controls. Site rehabilitation programs may include 276 the use of institutional or engineering controls to eliminate 277 the potential exposure to petroleum products' chemicals of 278 concern to humans or the environment. Use of such controls must 279 have prior department approval, and institutional controls may 280 not be acquired with moneys from the fund other than the costs 281 associated with a professional land survey or a specific purpose 282 survey, if such is needed, and costs associated with obtaining a title report and recording fees. When institutional or 283 284 engineering controls are implemented to control exposure, the 285 removal of such controls must have prior department approval and must be accompanied immediately by the resumption of active 286 287 cleanup or other approved controls unless cleanup target levels 288 pursuant to this paragraph have been achieved.

289 5. The additive effects of the petroleum products'290 chemicals of concern. The synergistic effects of petroleum

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291 products' chemicals of concern must also be considered when the 292 scientific data becomes available.

293 6. Individual site characteristics which must include, but 294 not be limited to, the current and projected use of the affected 295 groundwater in the vicinity of the site, current and projected 296 land uses of the area affected by the contamination, the exposed 297 population, the degree and extent of contamination, the rate of 298 contaminant migration, the apparent or potential rate of 299 contaminant degradation through natural attenuation processes, 300 the location of the plume, and the potential for further 301 migration in relation to site property boundaries.

302

7. Applicable state water quality standards.

303 a. Cleanup target levels for petroleum products' chemicals 304 of concern found in groundwater shall be the applicable state 305 water quality standards. Where such standards do not exist, the 306 cleanup target levels for groundwater shall be based on the 307 minimum criteria specified in department rule. The department 308 shall consider the following, as appropriate, in establishing 309 the applicable minimum criteria: calculations using a lifetime 310 cancer risk level of 1.0E-6; a hazard index of 1 or less; the 311 best achievable detection limit; the naturally occurring 312 background concentration; or nuisance, organoleptic, and aesthetic considerations. 313

b. Where surface waters are exposed to petroleum contaminated groundwater, the cleanup target levels for the petroleum products' chemicals of concern shall be based on the surface water standards as established by department rule. The point of measuring compliance with the surface water standards shall be in the groundwater immediately adjacent to the surface

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water body.

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321 8. Whether deviation from state water quality standards or 322 from established criteria is appropriate. The department may 323 issue a "No Further Action Order" based upon the degree to which 324 the desired cleanup target level is achievable and can be 325 reasonably and cost-effectively implemented within available 326 technologies or engineering and institutional control 327 strategies. Where a state water quality standard is applicable, 328 a deviation may not result in the application of cleanup target 329 levels more stringent than the standard. In determining whether 330 it is appropriate to establish alternate cleanup target levels 331 at a site, the department may consider the effectiveness of 332 source removal that has been completed at the site and the 333 practical likelihood of the use of low yield or poor quality 334 groundwater; the use of groundwater near marine surface water 335 bodies; the current and projected use of the affected 336 groundwater in the vicinity of the site; or the use of 337 groundwater in the immediate vicinity of the storage tank area, 338 where it has been demonstrated that the groundwater 339 contamination is not migrating away from such localized source, 340 if the public health, safety, and welfare, water resources, and 341 the environment are adequately protected.

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320

9. Appropriate cleanup target levels for soils.

a. In establishing soil cleanup target levels for human
exposure to petroleum products' chemicals of concern found in
soils from the land surface to 2 feet below land surface, the
department shall consider the following, as appropriate:
calculations using a lifetime cancer risk level of 1.0E-6; a
hazard index of 1 or less; the best achievable detection limit;

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350 351

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b. Leachability-based soil target levels shall be based on protection of the groundwater cleanup target levels or the 352 alternate cleanup target levels for groundwater established 353 pursuant to this paragraph, as appropriate. Source removal and 354 other cost-effective alternatives that are technologically 355 feasible shall be considered in achieving the leachability soil 356 target levels established by the department. The leachability 357 goals do not apply if the department determines, based upon 358 individual site characteristics, that petroleum products' 359 chemicals of concern will not leach into the groundwater at 360 levels which pose a threat to public health, safety, and 361 welfare, water resources, or the environment.

or the naturally occurring background concentration.

363 This paragraph does not restrict the department from temporarily 364 postponing completion of any site rehabilitation program for 365 which funds are being expended whenever such postponement is 366 necessary in order to make funds available for rehabilitation of 367 a contamination site with a higher priority status.

368

362

(12) SITE CLEANUP.-

369 (b) Low-scored site initiative.-Notwithstanding subsections 370 (5) and (6), a site with a priority ranking score of 29 points 371 or less may voluntarily participate in the low-scored site 372 initiative regardless of whether the site is eligible for state 373 restoration funding.

374 1. To participate in the low-scored site initiative, the 375 responsible party or property owner, or a responsible party who 376 provides evidence of authorization from the property owner, must submit a "No Further Action" proposal and affirmatively 377

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378	demonstrate that the following conditions <u>imposed under</u>
379	<u>subparagraph 4.</u> are met <u>.</u> +
380	a. Upon reassessment pursuant to department rule, the site
381	retains a priority ranking score of 29 points or less.
382	b. Excessively contaminated soil, as defined by department
383	rule, does not exist onsite as a result of a release of
384	petroleum products.
385	c. A minimum of 6 months of groundwater monitoring
386	indicates that the plume is shrinking or stable.
387	d. The release of petroleum products at the site does not
388	adversely affect adjacent surface waters, including their
389	effects on human health and the environment.
390	e. The area of groundwater containing the petroleum
391	products' chemicals of concern is less than one-quarter acre and
392	is confined to the source property boundaries of the real
393	property on which the discharge originated.
394	f. Soils onsite that are subject to human exposure found
395	between land surface and 2 feet below land surface meet the soil
396	cleanup target levels established by department rule or human
397	exposure is limited by appropriate institutional or engineering
398	controls.
399	2. Upon affirmative demonstration <u>that</u> of the conditions
400	imposed under subparagraph 4. are met subparagraph 1., the
401	department shall issue a site rehabilitation completion order
402	incorporating the $rac{ ext{determination of}}{ imes}$ `No Further Action" $ ext{proposal}$
403	submitted by the property owner or the responsible party, who
404	must provide evidence of authorization from the property owner
405	Such determination acknowledges that minimal contamination
406	exists onsite and that such contamination is not a threat to the

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407	public health, safety, or welfare, water resources, or the
408	environment. If no contamination is detected, the department may
409	issue a site rehabilitation completion order.
410	3. Sites that are eligible for state restoration funding
411	may receive payment of costs for the low-scored site initiative
412	as follows:
413	a. A responsible party or property owner <u>, or a responsible</u>
414	party who provides evidence of authorization from the property
415	owner, may submit an assessment and limited remediation plan
416	designed to affirmatively demonstrate that the site meets the
417	conditions imposed under subparagraph 4 subparagraph 1.
418	Notwithstanding the priority ranking score of the site, the
419	department may approve the cost of the assessment and limited
420	remediation, including <u>up to 12</u> 6 months of groundwater
421	monitoring and 12 months of limited remediation activities in
422	one or more task assignments or modifications thereof, not to
423	exceed the threshold amount provided in s. 287.017 for CATEGORY
424	TWO, $\$30,000$ for each site where the department has determined
425	that the assessment and limited remediation, if applicable, will
426	likely result in a determination of "No Further Action." - The
427	department may not pay the costs associated with the
428	establishment of institutional or engineering controls other
429	than the costs associated with a professional land survey or a
430	specific purpose survey, if such is needed, and the costs
431	associated with obtaining a title report and paying recording
432	fees.
433	b. After the approval of initial site assessment results
434	provided pursuant to state funding under sub-subparagraph a.,
435	the department may approve an additional amount not to exceed

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436	the threshold amount provided in s. 287.017 for CATEGORY TWO for
437	limited remediation needed to achieve a determination of "No
438	Further Action."
439	<u>c.b. The assessment and limited remediation</u> work shall be
440	completed no later than $\underline{15}$ $\frac{6}{5}$ months after the department
441	authorizes the start of a state-funded, low-score site
442	initiative task. If groundwater monitoring is required after the
443	assessment and limited remediation in order to satisfy the
444	conditions under subparagraph 4., the department may authorize
445	an additional 12 months to complete the monitoring issues its
446	approval.
447	d.e. No more than $$15$ $$10$ million for the low-scored site
448	initiative may be encumbered from the fund in any fiscal year.
449	Funds shall be made available on a first-come, first-served
450	basis and shall be limited to 10 sites in each fiscal year for
451	each responsible party or property owner <u>or each responsible</u>
452	party who provides evidence of authorization from the property
453	owner.
454	e.d. Program deductibles, copayments, and the limited
455	contamination assessment report requirements under paragraph
456	(13)(d) (13)(c) do not apply to expenditures under this
457	paragraph.
458	4. The department shall issue an order incorporating the
459	"No Further Action" proposal submitted by a property owner or a
460	responsible party who provides evidence of authorization from
461	the property owner upon affirmative demonstration that all of
462	the following conditions are met:
463	a. Soil saturated with petroleum or petroleum products, or
464	soil that causes a total corrected hydrocarbon measurement of
	1

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465	500 parts per million or higher for the Gasoline Analytical
466	Group or 50 parts per million or higher for the Kerosene
467	Analytical Group, as defined by department rule, does not exist
468	onsite as a result of a release of petroleum products.
469	b. A minimum of 12 months of groundwater monitoring
470	indicates that the plume is shrinking or stable.
471	c. The release of petroleum products at the site does not
472	adversely affect adjacent surface waters, including their
473	effects on human health and the environment.
474	d. The area containing the petroleum products' chemicals of
475	concern:
476	(I) Is confined to the source property boundaries of the
477	real property on which the discharge originated, unless the
478	property owner has requested or authorized a more limited area
479	in the "No Further Action" proposal submitted under this
480	subsection; or
481	(II) Has migrated from the source property onto or beneath
482	a transportation facility as defined s. 334.03(30) for which the
483	department has approved, and governmental entity owning the
484	transportation facility has agreed to institutional controls as
485	defined in s. 376.301(21). This sub-sub-subparagraph does not,
486	however, impose any legal liability on the transportation
487	facility owner, obligate such owner to engage in remediation, or
488	waive such owner's right to recover costs for damages.
489	e. The groundwater contamination containing the petroleum
490	products' chemicals of concern is not a threat to any permitted
491	potable water supply well.
492	f. Soils onsite found between land surface and 2 feet below
493	land surface which are subject to human exposure meet the soil

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494	cleanup target levels established in subparagraph (5)(b)9., or
495	human exposure is limited by appropriate institutional or
496	engineering controls.
497	
498	Issuance of a site rehabilitation completion order under this
499	paragraph acknowledges that minimal contamination exists onsite
500	and that such contamination is not a threat to the public
501	health, safety, or welfare; water resources; or the environment.
502	Pursuant to subsection (4), the issuance of the site
503	rehabilitation completion order, with or without conditions,
504	does not alter eligibility for state-funded rehabilitation that
505	would otherwise be applicable under this section.
506	(13) PETROLEUM CLEANUP PARTICIPATION PROGRAMTo encourage
507	detection, reporting, and cleanup of contamination caused by
508	discharges of petroleum or petroleum products, the department
509	shall, within the guidelines established in this subsection,
510	implement a cost-sharing cleanup program to provide
511	rehabilitation funding assistance for all property contaminated
512	by discharges of petroleum or petroleum products <u>from a</u>
513	petroleum storage system occurring before January 1, 1995,
514	subject to a copayment provided for in a Petroleum Cleanup
515	Participation Program site rehabilitation agreement. Eligibility
516	is subject to an annual appropriation from the fund.
517	Additionally, funding for eligible sites is contingent upon
518	annual appropriation in subsequent years. Such continued state
519	funding is not an entitlement or a vested right under this
520	subsection. Eligibility shall be determined in the program,
521	notwithstanding any other provision of law, consent order,
522	order, judgment, or ordinance to the contrary.

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523

(a)1. The department shall accept any discharge reporting 524 form received before January 1, 1995, as an application for this 525 program, and the facility owner or operator need not reapply.

526 2. Regardless of whether ownership has changed, owners or operators of property that is contaminated by petroleum or 527 528 petroleum products from a petroleum storage system may apply for 529 such program by filing a written report of the contamination 530 incident, including evidence that such incident occurred before 531 January 1, 1995, with the department. Incidents of petroleum 532 contamination discovered after December 31, 1994, at sites which 533 have not stored petroleum or petroleum products for consumption, 534 use, or sale after such date shall be presumed to have occurred 535 before January 1, 1995. An operator's filed report shall be an 536 application of the owner for all purposes. Sites reported to the department after December 31, 1998, are not eligible for the 537 538 program.

539 (b) Subject to annual appropriation from the fund, sites 540 meeting the criteria of this subsection are eligible for up to 541 \$400,000 of site rehabilitation funding assistance in priority 542 order pursuant to subsections (5) and (6). Sites meeting the 543 criteria of this subsection for which a site rehabilitation 544 completion order was issued before June 1, 2008, do not qualify 545 for the 2008 increase in site rehabilitation funding assistance and are bound by the pre-June 1, 2008, limits. Sites meeting the 546 criteria of this subsection for which a site rehabilitation 547 548 completion order was not issued before June 1, 2008, regardless 549 of whether they have previously transitioned to nonstate-funded 550 cleanup status, may continue state-funded cleanup pursuant to this section until a site rehabilitation completion order is 551

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552 issued or the increased site rehabilitation funding assistance 553 limit is reached, whichever occurs first. The department may not 554 pay expenses incurred beyond the scope of an approved contract.

(c) <u>The department may also approve supplemental funding of</u> <u>up to \$100,000 for additional remediation and monitoring if such</u> <u>remediation and monitoring is necessary to achieve a</u> <u>determination of "No Further Action."</u>

559 (d) Upon notification by the department that rehabilitation 560 funding assistance is available for the site pursuant to 561 subsections (5) and (6), the property owner, operator, or person 562 otherwise responsible for site rehabilitation shall provide the 563 department with a limited contamination assessment report and 564 shall enter into a Petroleum Cleanup Participation Program site 565 rehabilitation agreement with the department. The agreement must 566 provide for a 25-percent copayment by the owner, operator, or 567 person otherwise responsible for conducting site rehabilitation. 568 The owner, operator, or person otherwise responsible for 569 conducting site rehabilitation shall adequately demonstrate the 570 ability to meet the copayment obligation. The limited 571 contamination assessment report and the copayment costs may be 572 reduced or eliminated if the owner and all operators responsible 573 for restoration under s. 376.308 demonstrate that they cannot 574 financially comply with the copayment and limited contamination 575 assessment report requirements. The department shall take into 576 consideration the owner's and operator's net worth in making the 577 determination of financial ability. In the event the department 578 and the owner, operator, or person otherwise responsible for 579 site rehabilitation cannot complete negotiation of the cost-580 sharing agreement within 120 days after beginning negotiations,

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581 the department shall terminate negotiations and the site shall 582 be ineligible for state funding under this subsection and all 583 liability protections provided for in this subsection shall be 584 revoked.

585 <u>(e) (d)</u> A report of a discharge made to the department by a 586 person pursuant to this subsection or any rules adopted pursuant 587 to this subsection may not be used directly as evidence of 588 liability for such discharge in any civil or criminal trial 589 arising out of the discharge.

590 <u>(f)(e)</u> This subsection does not preclude the department 591 from pursuing penalties under s. 403.141 for violations of any 592 law or any rule, order, permit, registration, or certification 593 adopted or issued by the department pursuant to its lawful 594 authority.

595 <u>(g)(f)</u> Upon the filing of a discharge reporting form under 596 paragraph (a), the department or local government may not pursue 597 any judicial or enforcement action to compel rehabilitation of 598 the discharge. This paragraph does not prevent any such action 599 with respect to discharges determined ineligible under this 500 subsection or to sites for which rehabilitation funding 601 assistance is available pursuant to subsections (5) and (6).

602 (h) (g) The following are excluded from participation in the 603 program:

604 1. Sites at which the department has been denied reasonable605 site access to implement this section.

606 2. Sites that were active facilities when owned or operated607 by the Federal Government.

6083. Sites that are identified by the United States609Environmental Protection Agency to be on, or which qualify for

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610 listing on, the National Priorities List under Superfund. This 611 exception does not apply to those sites for which eligibility 612 has been requested or granted as of the effective date of this 613 act under the Early Detection Incentive Program established 614 pursuant to s. 15, chapter 86-159, Laws of Florida. 615 4. Sites for which contamination is covered under the Early 616 Detection Incentive Program, the Abandoned Tank Restoration 617 Program, or the Petroleum Liability and Restoration Insurance Program, in which case site rehabilitation funding assistance 618 619 shall continue under the respective program. 620 Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1), paragraph (a) 621 of subsection (2), and subsection (4) of section 376.30713, 622 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 623 376.30713 Advanced cleanup.-624 (1) In addition to the legislative findings provided in s. 625 376.3071, the Legislature finds and declares: 626 (d) It is appropriate for a person who is responsible for 627 site rehabilitation to share the costs associated with managing 628 and conducting advanced cleanup, to facilitate the opportunity 629 for advanced cleanup, and to mitigate the additional costs that 630 will be incurred by the state in conducting site rehabilitation 631 in advance of the site's priority ranking. Such cost sharing 632 will result in more contaminated sites being cleaned up and greater environmental benefits to the state. This section is 633 634 only available for sites eligible for restoration funding under 635 EDI, ATRP, or PLRIP. This section is available for discharges 636 eligible for restoration funding under the petroleum cleanup 637 participation program for the state's cost share of site rehabilitation. Applications must include a cost-sharing 638

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639 commitment for this section in addition to the 25-percent-640 copayment requirement of the petroleum cleanup participation 641 program. This section is not available for any discharge under a 642 petroleum cleanup participation program where the 25-percent-643 copayment requirement of the petroleum cleanup participation 644 program has been reduced or eliminated pursuant to <u>s.</u> 645 <u>376.3071(13)(d)</u> s. 376.3071(13)(c).

(2) The department may approve an application for advanced
cleanup at eligible sites, <u>notwithstanding</u> before funding based
on the site's priority ranking established pursuant to s.
376.3071(5)(a), pursuant to this section. Only the facility
owner or operator or the person otherwise responsible for site
rehabilitation qualifies as an applicant under this section.

(a) Advanced cleanup applications may be submitted between
May 1 and June 30 and between November 1 and December 31 of each
fiscal year. Applications submitted between May 1 and June 30
shall be for the fiscal year beginning July 1. An application
must consist of:

1. A commitment to pay 25 percent or more of the total
cleanup cost deemed recoverable under this section along with
proof of the ability to pay the cost share. <u>The department shall</u>
<u>determine whether the cost savings demonstration is acceptable.</u>
Such determination is not subject to chapter 120.

662 <u>a. Applications for the aggregate cleanup of 5 or more</u>
 663 <u>sites may be submitted in one of two formats to meet the cost-</u>
 664 share requirement:

665 (I) For an aggregate application proposing that the
 666 department enter into a performance-based contract for the
 667 cleanup of 20 or more sites may use a commitment to pay, a

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668	demonstrated cost savings to the department, or both to meet the
669	cost-share requirement.
670	(II) For an <u>aggregate</u> application relying on a demonstrated
671	cost savings to the department, the applicant shall, in
672	conjunction with the proposed agency term contractor, establish
673	and provide in the application the percentage of cost savings in
674	the aggregate that is being provided to the department for
675	cleanup of the sites under the application compared to the cost
676	of cleanup of those same sites using the current rates provided
677	to the department by the proposed agency term contractor. The
678	department shall determine whether the cost savings
679	demonstration is acceptable. Such determination is not subject
680	to chapter 120.
681	b. Applications for the cleanup of individual sites may be
682	submitted in one of two formats to meet the cost-share
683	requirement:
684	(I) For an individual application proposing that the
685	department enter into a performance-based contract may use a
686	commitment to pay, a demonstrated cost savings to the
687	department, or both to meet the requirement.
688	(II) For an individual application relying on a
689	demonstrated cost savings to the department, the applicant
690	shall, in conjunction with the proposed agency term contractor,
691	establish and provide in the application a 25-percent cost
692	savings to the department for cleanup of the site under the
693	application compared to the cost of cleanup of the same site
694	using the current rates provided to the department by the
695	proposed agency term contractor.
696	2. A nonrefundable review fee of \$250 to cover the

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697 administrative costs associated with the department's review of the application. 698 699 3. A limited contamination assessment report. 700 4. A proposed course of action. 701 5. A department site access agreement, or similar 702 agreements approved by the department that do not violate state 703 law, entered into with the property owner or owners, as 704 applicable, and evidence of authorization from such owner or 705 owners for petroleum site rehabilitation program tasks 706 consistent with the proposed course of action where the 707 applicant is not the property owner for any of the sites 708 contained in the application. 709 710 The limited contamination assessment report must be sufficient 711 to support the proposed course of action and to estimate the 712 cost of the proposed course of action. Costs incurred related to 713 conducting the limited contamination assessment report are not 714 refundable from the Inland Protection Trust Fund. Site 715 eligibility under this subsection or any other provision of this 716 section is not an entitlement to advanced cleanup or continued 717 restoration funding. The applicant shall certify to the 718 department that the applicant has the prerequisite authority to 719 enter into an advanced cleanup contract with the department. The 720 certification must be submitted with the application. 721 (4) The department may enter into contracts for a total of 722 up to \$25 \$15 million of advanced cleanup work in each fiscal 723

723 year. However, a facility or an applicant who bundles multiple 724 sites as specified in subparagraph (2) (a)1. may not be approved 725 for more than \$5 million of cleanup activity in each fiscal

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726	year. <u>A property owner or responsible party may enter into a</u>
727	voluntary cost-share agreement in which the property owner or
728	responsible party commits to bundle multiple sites and lists the
729	facilities that will be included in those future bundles. The
730	facilities listed are not subject to agency term contractor
731	assignment pursuant to department rule. The department reserves
732	the right to terminate or amend the voluntary cost-share
733	agreement for any identified site under the voluntary cost-share
734	agreement if the property owner or responsible party fails to
735	submit an application to bundle any site, not already covered by
736	an advance cleanup contract, under such voluntary cost-share
737	agreement within a subsequent open application period during
738	which it is eligible to participate. For the purposes of this
739	section, the term "facility" includes, but is not limited to,
740	multiple site facilities such as airports, port facilities, and
741	terminal facilities even though such enterprises may be treated
742	as separate facilities for other purposes under this chapter.
743	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

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