1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to recreational boating zones; 3 creating s. 327.4107, F.S.; prohibiting overnight 4 anchoring of vessels in specified recreational boating 5 zones; providing exceptions; providing applicability; 6 authorizing specified law enforcement officers and 7 agencies to remove and impound vessels or cause 8 vessels to be removed or impounded under certain 9 conditions; providing indemnification for such law 10 enforcement officers and agencies in certain circumstances; providing requirements for contractors 11 12 performing such removal or impoundment services; 13 providing that certain vessel operators are required 14 to pay removal and storage fees and are subject to 15 specified penalties; amending s. 327.70, F.S.; 16 providing for issuance of citations relating to the unlawful anchoring of vessels in recreational boating 17 zones; amending s. 327.73, F.S.; providing penalties 18 19 relating to the anchoring of vessels in recreational 20 boating zones; providing an effective date. 21 22 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 23 24 Section 1. Section 327.4107, Florida Statutes, is created 25 to read: 26 Anchoring of vessels in recreational boating 327.4107

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27 zones.

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- (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3), a person may not anchor a vessel at any time between the hours from one-half hour after sunset to one-half hour before sunrise in the following recreational boating zones:
- (a) The section of Middle River lying between Northeast 21st Court and the Intracoastal Waterway in Broward County.
 - (b) Sunset Lake in Miami-Dade County.
- (c) The sections of Biscayne Bay in Miami-Dade County lying between:
 - 1. Rivo Alto Island and Di Lido Island.
 - 2. San Marino Island and San Marco Island.
 - 3. San Marco Island and Biscayne Island.
- (d) Crab Island in Choctawhatchee Bay at the East Pass in Okaloosa County.
- (2) A person may anchor a vessel in a recreational boating zone:
- (a) If the vessel suffers a mechanical failure that poses an unreasonable risk of harm to the vessel or the persons onboard unless the vessel anchors. The vessel may anchor for 3 business days or until the vessel is repaired, whichever occurs first.
- (b) If imminent or existing weather conditions in the vicinity of the vessel pose an unreasonable risk of harm to the vessel or the persons onboard unless the vessel anchors. The vessel may anchor until weather conditions no longer pose such

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risk. During a hurricane or tropical storm, weather conditions are deemed to no longer pose an unreasonable risk of harm when the hurricane or tropical storm warning affecting the area has expired.

- (c) During events described in s. 327.48 or other special events, including, but not limited to, public music performances, local government waterfront activities, or fireworks displays. A vessel may anchor for the duration of the special event or for 3 days, whichever occurs first.
 - (3) This section does not apply to:

- (a) Vessels owned or operated by a governmental entity for law enforcement, firefighting, military, or rescue purposes.
- (b) Construction or dredging vessels on an active job site.
 - (c) Vessels actively engaged in commercial fishing.
- (d) Vessels engaged in recreational fishing if the persons onboard are actively tending hook and line fishing gear or nets.
- (4) (a) As used in this subsection, the term "law enforcement officer or agency" means an officer or agency authorized to enforce this section pursuant to s. 327.70.
- (b) A law enforcement officer or agency may remove a vessel from a recreational boating zone and impound the vessel for up to 48 hours, or cause such removal and impoundment, if the vessel operator, after being issued a citation for a violation of this section:
 - 1. Anchors the vessel in violation of this section within

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12 hours after being issued the citation; or

- 2. Refuses to leave the recreational boating zone after being directed to do so by a law enforcement officer or agency.
- (c) A law enforcement officer or agency acting under this subsection to remove or impound a vessel, or to cause such removal or impoundment, shall be held harmless for any damage to the vessel resulting from such removal or impoundment unless the damage results from gross negligence or willful misconduct.
- (d) A contractor performing removal or impoundment services at the direction of a law enforcement officer or agency pursuant to this subsection must:
- 1. Be licensed in accordance with United States Coast Guard regulations, as applicable.
- 2. Obtain and carry a current policy issued by a licensed insurance carrier in this state to insure against any accident, loss, injury, property damage, or other casualty caused by or resulting from the contractor's actions.
 - 3. Be properly equipped to perform such services.
- (e) In addition to the civil penalty imposed under s. 327.73(1)(y), the operator of a vessel that is removed and impounded pursuant to paragraph (a) shall pay all removal and storage fees before the vessel is released. A vessel removed pursuant to paragraph (a) may not be impounded for longer than 48 hours.
- (5) A violation of this section is punishable as provided in s. 327.73(1)(y).

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105	Section 2. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (2) of
106	section 327.70, Florida Statutes, to read:
107	327.70 Enforcement of this chapter and chapter 328
108	(2)
109	(c) A noncriminal violation of s. 327.4107 may be enforced
110	by a uniform boating citation issued to the operator of a vessel
111	unlawfully anchored in a recreational boating zone.
112	Section 3. Paragraph (y) is added to subsection (1) of
113	section 327.73, Florida Statutes, to read:
114	327.73 Noncriminal infractions.—
115	(1) Violations of the following provisions of the vessel
116	laws of this state are noncriminal infractions:
117	(y) Section 327.4107, relating to the anchoring of vessels
118	in recreational boating zones, for which the penalty is:
119	1. For a first offense, up to a maximum of \$50.
120	2. For a second offense, up to a maximum of \$100.
121	3. For a third or subsequent offense, up to a maximum of
122	<u>\$250.</u>
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124	Any person cited for a violation of any provision of this
125	subsection shall be deemed to be charged with a noncriminal
126	infraction, shall be cited for such an infraction, and shall be
127	cited to appear before the county court. The civil penalty for
128	any such infraction is \$50, except as otherwise provided in this
129	section. Any person who fails to appear or otherwise properly

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respond to a uniform boating citation shall, in addition to the

charge relating to the violation of the boating laws of this state, be charged with the offense of failing to respond to such citation and, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. A written warning to this effect shall be provided at the time such uniform boating citation is issued.

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

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