A bill to be entitled

An act relating to parentage; amending s. 382.015, F.S.; requiring the Department of Health to prepare, file, and issue a new certificate of live birth under specified circumstances; requiring such certificate to bear a specified reference and contain a designation of relationship; amending ss. 382.013, 742.011, 742.091, 742.105, 742.11, and 742.13, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 382.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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382.015 New certificates of live birth; duty of clerks of court and department.—The clerk of the court in which any proceeding for adoption, annulment of an adoption, affirmation of parental status, or determination of parentage paternity is to be registered, shall within 30 days after the final disposition, forward to the department a certified copy of the court order, or a report of the proceedings upon a form to be furnished by the department, together with sufficient information to identify the original birth certificate and to enable the preparation of a new birth certificate. The clerk of the court shall implement a monitoring and quality control plan

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to ensure that all judicial determinations of <u>parentage</u> paternity are reported to the department in compliance with this section. The department shall track <u>parentage</u> paternity determinations reported monthly by county, monitor compliance with the 30-day timeframe, and report the data to the clerks of the court quarterly.

(1) ADOPTION AND ANNULMENT OF ADOPTION. -

- (a) Upon receipt of the report or certified copy of an adoption decree, together with the information necessary to identify the original certificate of live birth, and establish a new certificate, the department shall prepare and file a new birth certificate, absent objection by the court decreeing the adoption, the adoptive parents, or the adoptee if of legal age. The certificate <u>must shall</u> bear the same file number as the original birth certificate. All names and identifying information relating to the adoptive parents entered on the new certificate shall refer to the adoptive parents, but nothing in the certificate shall refer to or designate the parents as being adoptive. All other items not affected by adoption shall be copied as on the original certificate, including the date of registration and filing.
- (b) Upon receipt of the report or certified copy of an annulment-of-adoption decree, together with the sufficient information to identify the original certificate of live birth, the department shall, if a new certificate of birth was filed following an adoption report or decree, remove the new

certificate and restore the original certificate to its original place in the files, and the certificate so removed shall be sealed by the department.

- (c) Upon receipt of a report or certified copy of an adoption decree or annulment-of-adoption decree for a person born in another state, the department shall forward the report or decree to the state of the registrant's birth. If the adoptee was born in Canada, the department shall send a copy of the report or decree to the appropriate birth registration authority in Canada.
- (2) DETERMINATION OF <u>PARENTAGE</u> <u>PATERNITY</u>.—Upon receipt of the report, a certified copy of a final decree of determination of <u>parentage</u> <u>paternity</u>, or a certified copy of a final judgment of dissolution of marriage which requires the former <u>spouse</u> <u>husband</u> to pay child support for the child, together with sufficient information to identify the original certificate of live birth, the department shall prepare and file a new birth certificate, which <u>must shall</u> bear the same file number as the original birth certificate. The registrant's name shall be entered as decreed by the court or as reflected in the final judgment or support order. The names and identifying information of the parents shall be entered as of the date of the registrant's birth.
- (3) AFFIRMATION OF PARENTAL STATUS.—Upon receipt of an order of affirmation of parental status issued pursuant to s. 742.16, together with sufficient information to identify the

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original certificate of live birth, the department shall prepare and file a new birth certificate which <u>must shall</u> bear the same file number as the original birth certificate. The names and identifying information of the registrant's parents entered on the new certificate shall be the commissioning couple, but the new certificate may not make reference to or designate the parents as the commissioning couple.

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- SUBSTITUTION OF NEW CERTIFICATE OF BIRTH FOR ORIGINAL.-When a new certificate of birth is prepared, the department shall substitute the new certificate of birth for the original certificate on file. All copies of the original certificate of live birth in the custody of a local registrar or other state custodian of vital records shall be forwarded to the State Registrar. Thereafter, when a certified copy of the certificate of birth or portion thereof is issued, it must shall be a copy of the new certificate of birth or portion thereof, except when a court order requires issuance of a certified copy of the original certificate of birth. In an adoption, change in parentage paternity, affirmation of parental status, undetermined parentage, or court-ordered substitution, the department shall place the original certificate of birth and all papers pertaining thereto under seal, not to be broken except by order of a court of competent jurisdiction or as otherwise provided by law.
- (5) FORM.—Except for certificates of foreign birth which are registered as provided in s. 382.017, and delayed

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certificates of birth which are registered as provided in ss. 382.019 and 382.0195, all original, new, or amended certificates of live birth <u>must shall</u> be identical in form, regardless of the marital status of the parents or the fact that the registrant is adopted or of undetermined parentage.

- (a) The department shall include on every certificate of live birth, where the name of each parent is printed, the following designations:
 - 1. Mother;

- 2. Father; or
- Parent.
- (b) The parent or parents signing the certificate of live birth shall select a designation of relationship as described in paragraph (a) for each parent.
- (6) RULES.—The department shall adopt and enforce all rules necessary to implement for carrying out the provisions of this section.
- Section 2. Subsection (2) and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3) of section 382.013, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 382.013 Birth registration.—A certificate for each live birth that occurs in this state shall be filed within 5 days after such birth with the local registrar of the district in which the birth occurred and shall be registered by the local registrar if the certificate has been completed and filed in accordance with this chapter and adopted rules. The information

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regarding registered births shall be used for comparison with information in the state case registry, as defined in chapter 61.

(2) PARENTAGE PATERNITY. -

- (a) If the mother is married at the time of birth, the name of the <u>spouse must</u> husband shall be entered on the birth certificate as <u>a parent</u> the father of the child, unless <u>parentage</u> paternity has been determined otherwise by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if the <u>spouse</u> husband of the mother dies while the mother is pregnant but before the birth of the child, the name of the deceased <u>spouse must</u> husband shall be entered on the birth certificate as <u>a parent</u> the father of the child, unless <u>parentage</u> paternity has been determined otherwise by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (c) If the mother is not married at the time of the birth, the name of the father may not be entered on the birth certificate without the execution of an affidavit signed by both the mother and the person to be named as the father. The facility shall give notice orally or through the use of video or audio equipment, and in writing, of the alternatives to, the legal consequences of, and the rights, including, if one parent is a minor, any rights afforded due to minority status, and responsibilities that arise from signing an acknowledgment of paternity, as well as information provided by the Title IV-D agency established pursuant to s. 409.2557, regarding the

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benefits of voluntary establishment of <u>parentage</u> paternity. Upon request of the mother and the person to be named as the father, the facility shall assist in the execution of the affidavit, a notarized voluntary acknowledgment of <u>parentage</u> paternity, or a voluntary acknowledgment of <u>parentage</u> paternity that is witnessed by two individuals and signed under penalty of perjury as specified by s. 92.525(2).

- (d) If the <u>parentage</u> paternity of the child is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction as provided under s.

 382.015 or there is a final judgment of dissolution of marriage which requires the former <u>spouse</u> <u>husband</u> to pay child support for the child, the name of the <u>former spouse</u> <u>father</u> and the surname of the child shall be entered on the certificate in accordance with the finding and order of the court. If the court fails to specify a surname for the child, the surname <u>must shall</u> be entered in accordance with subsection (3).
- (e) If the <u>parentage</u> paternity of the child is determined pursuant to s. 409.256, the name of the father and the surname of the child <u>must shall</u> be entered on the certificate in accordance with the finding and order of the Department of Revenue.
- (f) If the <u>parents</u> mother and father marry each other at any time after the child's birth, upon receipt of a marriage license that identifies any such child, the department shall amend the certificate with regard to the parents' marital status as though the parents were married at the time of birth.

(g) If the father is not named on the certificate, no other information about the father shall be entered on the certificate.

(3) NAME OF CHILD.

- (a) If the mother is married at the time of birth, the mother and spouse father whose names are entered on the birth certificate shall select the given names and surname of the child if both parents have custody of the child, otherwise the parent who has custody shall select the child's name.
- entered on the birth certificate disagree on the surname of the child and both parents have custody of the child, the surname selected by each parent the father and the surname selected by the mother shall both be entered on the birth certificate, separated by a hyphen, with the selected names entered in alphabetical order. If the parents disagree on the selection of a given name, the given name may not be entered on the certificate until a joint agreement that lists the agreed upon given name and is notarized by both parents is submitted to the department, or until a given name is selected by a court.

Section 3. Section 742.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

742.011 Determination of <u>parentage</u> paternity proceedings; jurisdiction.—Any woman who is pregnant or has a child, <u>any</u> spouse of a woman who is pregnant or has a child, any man who has reason to believe that he is the father of a child, or any

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child may bring proceedings in the circuit court, in chancery, to determine the <u>parentage</u> paternity of the child when <u>parentage</u> paternity has not been established by law or otherwise.

Section 4. Section 742.091, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

born out of wedlock and the reputed parents of a child father shall at any time after its birth intermarry, the child shall in all respects be deemed and held to be the child of the spouses husband and wife, as though born within wedlock, and upon the payment of all costs and attorney fees as determined by the court, the cause shall be dismissed and the bond provided for in s. 742.021 is shall be void. The record of the proceedings in such cases shall be sealed against public inspection in the interests of the child.

Section 5. Section 742.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

742.105 Effect of a determination of parentage paternity from a foreign jurisdiction.—A final order of parentage paternity entered in a foreign jurisdiction, whether resulting from a voluntary acknowledgment or an administrative or judicial process, or an affidavit acknowledging paternity signed in any other state according to its procedures, <u>must shall</u> be given the same legal effect as if such final order was entered or affidavit was signed pursuant to this chapter. In any proceeding in this state, a certified copy of the final order of parentage

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235 paternity from a foreign jurisdiction is shall be conclusive evidence of parentage paternity.

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- Section 6. Section 742.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 742.11 Presumed status of child conceived by means of artificial or in vitro insemination or donated eggs or preembryos.-
- (1) Except in the case of gestational surrogacy, any child born within wedlock who has been conceived by the means of artificial or in vitro insemination is irrebuttably presumed to be the child of the spouses husband and wife, provided that both spouses husband and wife have consented in writing to the artificial or in vitro insemination.
- (2) Except in the case of gestational surrogacy, any child born within wedlock who has been conceived by means of donated eggs or preembryos shall be irrebuttably presumed to be the child of the recipient gestating woman and her spouse husband, provided that both parties have consented in writing to the use of donated eggs or preembryos.
- Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 742.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 742.13 Definitions.—As used in ss. 742.11-742.17, the term:
- "Commissioning couple" means the intended parents mother and father of a child who will be conceived by means of assisted reproductive technology using the eggs or sperm of at

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least one of the intended parents.

Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

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