By the Committees on Governmental Oversight and Accountability; and Judiciary; and Senator Ring

585-02889-16 20161278c2

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to public records; amending s. 394.4615, F.S.; providing an exemption from public records requirements for pleadings, orders, and related records, and personal identifying information on a docket, held pursuant to part I of ch. 394, F.S., relating to mental health services; authorizing the clerk of the court to disclose the records and information to specified persons upon request; providing for retroactive application; requiring a person, an agency, or an entity that receives certain information to maintain it as confidential and exempt; providing a statement of public necessity; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 394.4615, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.4615 Clinical records; Confidentiality.-

## (1) CLINICAL RECORDS.—

(a) (1) A clinical record shall be maintained for each patient. The record shall include data pertaining to admission and such other information as may be required under rules of the department. A clinical record is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). Unless waived by express and informed consent, by the patient or the patient's guardian or guardian advocate or, if the patient is deceased, by the patient's personal representative or the family member who stands next in line of intestate succession, the confidential status of the clinical record shall not be lost by either

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authorized or unauthorized disclosure to any person, organization, or agency.

- (b)  $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$  The clinical record shall be released when:
- 1.(a) The patient or the patient's guardian authorizes the release. The guardian or guardian advocate shall be provided access to the appropriate clinical records of the patient. The patient or the patient's guardian or guardian advocate may authorize the release of information and clinical records to appropriate persons to ensure the continuity of the patient's health care or mental health care.
- 2.(b) The patient is represented by counsel and the records are needed by the patient's counsel for adequate representation.
- 3.(c) The court orders such release. In determining whether there is good cause for disclosure, the court shall weigh the need for the information to be disclosed against the possible harm of disclosure to the person to whom such information pertains.
- $\frac{4.(d)}{(d)}$  The patient is committed to, or is to be returned to, the Department of Corrections from the Department of Children and Families, and the Department of Corrections requests such records. These records shall be furnished without charge to the Department of Corrections.
- $\underline{\text{(c)}}$  (3) Information from the clinical record may be released in the following circumstances:
- 1.(a) When a patient has declared an intention to harm other persons. When such declaration has been made, the administrator may authorize the release of sufficient information to provide adequate warning to the person threatened with harm by the patient.

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 $2. ext{(b)}$  When the administrator of the facility or secretary of the department deems release to a qualified researcher as defined in administrative rule, an aftercare treatment provider, or an employee or agent of the department is necessary for treatment of the patient, maintenance of adequate records, compilation of treatment data, aftercare planning, or evaluation of programs.

For the purpose of determining whether a person meets the criteria for involuntary outpatient placement or for preparing the proposed treatment plan pursuant to s. 394.4655, the clinical record may be released to the state attorney, the public defender or the patient's private legal counsel, the court, and to the appropriate mental health professionals, including the service provider identified in s. 394.4655(6)(b)2., in accordance with state and federal law.

(d) (4) Information from clinical records may be used for statistical and research purposes if the information is abstracted in such a way as to protect the identity of individuals.

(e) (5) Information from clinical records may be used by the Agency for Health Care Administration, the department, and the Florida advocacy councils for the purpose of monitoring facility activity and complaints concerning facilities.

(f)(6) Clinical records relating to a Medicaid recipient shall be furnished to the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit in the Department of Legal Affairs, upon request.

 $\underline{(g)}$  Any person, agency, or entity receiving information pursuant to this subsection section shall maintain such

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information as confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).

- (h) (8) Any facility or private mental health practitioner who acts in good faith in releasing information pursuant to this subsection section is not subject to civil or criminal liability for such release.
- (i) (9) Nothing in This subsection does not section is intended to prohibit a the parent or next of kin of a person who is held in or treated under a mental health facility or program from requesting and receiving information limited to a summary of that person's treatment plan and current physical and mental condition. Release of such information shall be in accordance with the code of ethics of the profession involved.
- (j)(10) Patients shall have reasonable access to their clinical records, unless such access is determined by the patient's physician to be harmful to the patient. If the patient's right to inspect his or her clinical record is restricted by the facility, written notice of such restriction shall be given to the patient and the patient's guardian, guardian advocate, attorney, and representative. In addition, the restriction shall be recorded in the clinical record, together with the reasons for it. The restriction of a patient's right to inspect his or her clinical record shall expire after 7 days but may be renewed, after review, for subsequent 7-day periods.
- $\underline{\text{(k)}}$  (11) A Any person who fraudulently alters, defaces, or falsifies the clinical record of  $\underline{a}$  any person receiving mental health services in a facility subject to this part, or causes or procures any of these offenses to be committed, commits a

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misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(2) COURT RECORDS.-

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- (a) All pleadings, orders, and related records, and personal identifying information on a docket, held pursuant to this part are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (b) Pleadings, orders, and related records, and personal identifying information on a docket, made confidential and exempt by this subsection may be disclosed by the clerk of the court, upon request, to:
  - 1. The petitioner.
  - 2. The petitioner's attorney.
  - 3. The respondent.
  - 4. The respondent's attorney.
- 5. The respondent's guardian or guardian advocate, if applicable.
- 6. In the case of a minor respondent, the respondent's parent, guardian, legal custodian, or guardian advocate.
  - 7. The respondent's treating health care practitioner.
  - 8. The respondent's health care surrogate or proxy.
  - 9. The respondent's patient representative.
- 10. A person or an entity authorized to view records and who has obtained a court order finding that there is good cause to release the records. In determining whether there is good cause for disclosure, the court shall weigh the need for the information to be disclosed against the possible harm of disclosure to the respondent.
  - 11. An agency or a person authorized to receive clinical

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records pursuant to paragraphs (1) (b) and (1) (c).

(c) The exemption under this subsection applies retroactively.

(d) A person, an agency, or an entity receiving information pursuant to this subsection shall maintain such information as confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

Section 2. The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity to make confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution, all pleadings, orders, and related records, and personal identifying information on a docket, held pursuant to part I of chapter 394, Florida Statutes, in order to preserve the privacy of the individual who is or who is alleged to have a mental illness. An individual's personal health and mental health are intensely private matters. Making the pleadings, orders, and related records, and personal identifying information on a docket, of an individual who is subject to part I of chapter 394, Florida Statutes, confidential and exempt from disclosure will protect information of a sensitive personal nature, the release of which could cause unwarranted damage to the individual's reputation. Publication of personal identifying information of such an individual on a physical or virtual docket, even if no other records were published, would defeat the purpose and protections afforded by this exemption because a record of the individual's mental health proceedings would be available to the public. The Legislature further finds that the public disclosure of such pleadings, orders, and related records, and personal identifying information on a docket, would

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produce undue harm to an individual who has a mental illness or is alleged to have a mental illness. Furthermore, the knowledge that sensitive personal information is subject to public dissemination would have a chilling effect on the willingness of individuals to seek or comply with mental health treatment.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

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