512206

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: PEND		
01/27/2016		
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The Committee on Transportation (Simpson) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Between lines 362 and 363

4 insert:

Section 13. Subsections (1), (3), and (4) of section 322.2715, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

322.2715 Ignition interlock device.

(1) Before issuing a permanent or restricted driver license under this chapter, the department shall require the placement of a department-approved ignition interlock device for any

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person convicted of committing an offense of driving under the influence as specified in subsection (3), except that consideration may be given to those individuals having a documented medical condition that would prohibit the device from functioning normally. If a medical waiver has been granted for a convicted person seeking a restricted license, the convicted person shall not be entitled to a restricted license until the required ignition interlock device installation period under subsection (3) expires, in addition to the time requirements under s. 322.271. If a medical waiver has been approved for a convicted person seeking permanent reinstatement of the driver license, the convicted person must be restricted to an employment-purposes-only license and be supervised by a licensed DUI program until the required ignition interlock device installation period under subsection (3) expires. An interlock device shall be placed on all vehicles that are individually or jointly leased or owned and routinely operated by the convicted person. Effective October 1, 2016, a qualified sobriety and drug monitoring program as defined in s. 316.193(15) and authorized by 23 U.S.C. s. 164 may be used by the department as an alternative to the placement of an ignition interlock device required by this section.

- (3) If the person is convicted of:
- (a) A first offense of driving under the influence under s. 316.193 and has an unlawful blood-alcohol level or breathalcohol level as specified in s. 316.193(1), the ignition interlock device may be installed for at least 6 continuous months.
 - (b) A first offense of driving under the influence under s.

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316.193 and has an unlawful blood-alcohol level or breathalcohol level as specified in s. 316.193(4), or if a person is convicted of a violation of s. 316.193 and was at the time of the offense accompanied in the vehicle by a person younger than 18 years of age, the person shall have the ignition interlock device installed for at least 6 continuous months for the first offense and for at least 2 continuous years for a second offense.

- (c) A second offense of driving under the influence, the ignition interlock device shall be installed for a period of at least 1 continuous year.
- (d) A third offense of driving under the influence which occurs within 10 years after a prior conviction for a violation of s. 316.193, the ignition interlock device shall be installed for a period of at least 2 continuous years.
- (e) A third offense of driving under the influence which occurs more than 10 years after the date of a prior conviction, the ignition interlock device shall be installed for a period of at least 2 continuous years.
- (f) A fourth or subsequent offense of driving under the influence, the ignition interlock device shall be installed for a period of at least 5 years.

Effective October 1, 2016, for the offenses specified in this subsection, a qualified sobriety and drug monitoring program as defined in s. 316.193(15) and authorized by 23 U.S.C. s. 164 may be used by the department as an alternative to the placement of an ignition interlock device required by this section.

(4) If the court fails to order the mandatory placement of



the ignition interlock device or fails to order for the applicable period the mandatory placement of an ignition interlock device under s. 316.193 or s. 316.1937 at the time of imposing sentence or within 30 days thereafter, the department shall immediately require that the ignition interlock device be installed as provided in this section, except that consideration may be given to those individuals having a documented medical condition that would prohibit the device from functioning normally. Effective October 1, 2016, a qualified sobriety and drug monitoring program as defined in s. 316.193(15) and authorized by 23 U.S.C. s. 164 may be used by the department as an alternative to the placement of an ignition interlock device required by this section. This subsection applies to the reinstatement of the driving privilege following a revocation, suspension, or cancellation that is based upon a conviction for the offense of driving under the influence which occurs on or after July 1, 2005. ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete line 53

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mental condition; amending s. 322.2715, F.S.; providing that a certain qualified sobriety and drug monitoring program may be used by the department by a specified date as an alternative to the placement of an ignition interlock device; providing an effective date.

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