By the Committees on Rules; and Criminal Justice; and Senators Bradley, Dean, Evers, Bean, and Simpson

595-01811-16 2016344c2

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to justifiable use or threatened use of defensive force; amending s. 776.013, F.S; providing that a person who is in his or her dwelling, residence, or vehicle has no duty to retreat and has the right to use or threaten to use force if he or she reasonably believes that using or threatening to use such force is necessary to prevent imminent death or great bodily harm or the commission of a forcible felony; amending s. 776.032, F.S.; revising the requirements for the court to award certain fees and costs; requiring the burden of proof by clear and convincing evidence in a criminal prosecution to be on the party seeking to overcome the immunity claim under certain circumstances; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 776.013 is amended to read:

776.013 Home protection; use or threatened use of deadly force; presumption of fear of death or great bodily harm.—

(3) A person who is attacked in his or her dwelling, residence, or vehicle has no duty to retreat and has the right to stand his or her ground and use or threaten to use force, including deadly force, if he or she reasonably believes that using or threatening to use such force is necessary to prevent imminent death or great bodily harm to himself or herself or another, or to prevent the commission of a forcible felony uses or threatens to use force in accordance with s. 776.012(1) or (2) or s. 776.031(1) or (2).

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Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 776.032, Florida Statutes, is republished, subsection (3) of that section is amended, and subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

776.032 Immunity from criminal prosecution and civil action for justifiable use or threatened use of force.—

- (1) A person who uses or threatens to use force as permitted in s. 776.012, s. 776.013, or s. 776.031 is justified in such conduct and is immune from criminal prosecution and civil action for the use or threatened use of such force by the person, personal representative, or heirs of the person against whom the force was used or threatened, unless the person against whom force was used or threatened is a law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 943.10(14), who was acting in the performance of his or her official duties and the officer identified himself or herself in accordance with any applicable law or the person using or threatening to use force knew or reasonably should have known that the person was a law enforcement officer. As used in this subsection, the term "criminal prosecution" includes arresting, detaining in custody, and charging or prosecuting the defendant.
- (3) The court shall award reasonable attorney attorney's fees, court costs, compensation for loss of income, and all expenses incurred by the defendant in defense of any civil action brought by a plaintiff if the court finds that the defendant is immune from <u>liability prosecution</u> as provided in subsection (1).
- (4) In a criminal prosecution, once a prima facie claim of self-defense immunity from criminal prosecution has been raised by the defendant at a pretrial immunity hearing, the burden of

595-01811-16 2016344c2 proof by clear and convincing evidence shall be on the party 61 62 seeking to overcome the immunity from criminal prosecution 63 provided in subsection (1). Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law. 64