

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: WD 03/02/2016 House

The Committee on Appropriations (Gaetz) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (941552) (with title amendment)

insert:

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125.0104 Tourist development tax; procedure for levying;

Section 1. Effective October 1, 2016, paragraph (m) of

subsection (3) and subsection (5) of section 125.0104, Florida

Between lines 4 and 5

Statutes, are amended to read:

authorized uses; referendum; enforcement.-



11 (3) TAXABLE PRIVILEGES; EXEMPTIONS; LEVY; RATE.-12 (m)1. In addition to any other tax which is imposed pursuant to this section, a high tourism impact county may 13 14 impose an additional 1-percent tax on the exercise of the privilege described in paragraph (a) by extraordinary vote of 15 16 the governing board of the county. The tax revenues received 17 pursuant to this paragraph shall be used for one or more of the authorized uses pursuant to subparagraph (5)(a)2., paragraph 18 19 (5) (b), or paragraph (5) (c) subsection (5).

20 2. A county is considered to be a high tourism impact county after the Department of Revenue has certified to such 21 22 county that the sales subject to the tax levied pursuant to this 23 section exceeded \$600 million during the previous calendar year, 24 or were at least 18 percent of the county's total taxable sales 25 under chapter 212 where the sales subject to the tax levied 26 pursuant to this section were a minimum of \$200 million, except 27 that no county authorized to levy a convention development tax 28 pursuant to s. 212.0305 shall be considered a high tourism 29 impact county. Once a county qualifies as a high tourism impact 30 county, it shall retain this designation for the period the tax 31 is levied pursuant to this paragraph.

32 3. The provisions of Paragraphs (4)(a)-(d) do shall not 33 apply to the adoption of the additional tax authorized in this 34 paragraph. The effective date of the levy and imposition of the 35 tax authorized under this paragraph shall be the first day of 36 the second month following approval of the ordinance by the 37 governing board or the first day of any subsequent month as may 38 be specified in the ordinance. A certified copy of such 39 ordinance shall be furnished by the county to the Department of

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40	Revenue within 10 days after approval of such ordinance.
41	(5) AUTHORIZED USES OF REVENUE
42	(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, and after
43	deducting payments required by subparagraph (c)2., all tax
44	revenues received pursuant to this section by a county imposing
45	the tourist development tax shall be used by that county <u>as</u>
46	follows for the following purposes only:
47	1. In a Gulf Coast tourism county, to fund lifeguards, and
48	up to 10 percent of the revenues may be used to provide
49	emergency medical services, as defined in s. 401.107(3), or law
50	enforcement services that are needed for enhanced emergency
51	medical or public safety services related to increased tourism
52	and visitors to an area. If taxes collected pursuant to this
53	section are used to fund emergency medical services or public
54	safety services for tourism or special events, the governing
55	board of a county or municipality is prohibited from using such
56	taxes to supplant the normal operating expenses of an emergency
57	services department, a fire department, a sheriff's office, or a
58	police department. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the
59	term "Gulf Coast Tourism County" shall mean a county which:
60	a. Is located adjacent to the Gulf of Mexico but not
61	adjacent to the Atlantic Ocean; or
62	b. Collects a minimum of \$10 million in annual revenues
63	from any tax, or any combination of taxes, authorized to be
64	levied pursuant to this section.
65	2. The remaining revenues shall be used for the following
66	purposes only:
67	<u>a.<del>l.</del> To acquire, construct, extend, enlarge, remodel, </u>
68	repair, improve, maintain, operate, or promote one or more:

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<u>(I)</u><del>a.</del> Publicly owned and operated convention centers, sports stadiums, sports arenas, coliseums, or auditoriums within the boundaries of the county or subcounty special taxing district in which the tax is levied; or

(II) b. Aquariums or museums that are publicly owned and operated or owned and operated by not-for-profit organizations and open to the public, within the boundaries of the county or subcounty special taxing district in which the tax is levied;

<u>b.2.</u> To promote zoological parks that are publicly owned and operated or owned and operated by not-for-profit organizations and open to the public;

<u>c.3.</u> To promote and advertise tourism in this state and nationally and internationally; however, if tax revenues are expended for an activity, service, venue, or event, the activity, service, venue, or event must have as one of its main purposes the attraction of tourists as evidenced by the promotion of the activity, service, venue, or event to tourists;

<u>d.4.</u> To fund convention bureaus, tourist bureaus, tourist information centers, and news bureaus as county agencies or by contract with the chambers of commerce or similar associations in the county, which may include any indirect administrative costs for services performed by the county on behalf of the promotion agency; or

92 <u>e.5.</u> To finance beach park facilities or beach improvement, 93 maintenance, renourishment, restoration, and erosion control, 94 including shoreline protection, enhancement, cleanup, or 95 restoration of inland lakes and rivers to which there is public 96 access as those uses relate to the physical preservation of the 97 beach, shoreline, or inland lake or river. However, any funds

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98 identified by a county as the local matching source for beach 99 renourishment, restoration, or erosion control projects included 100 in the long-range budget plan of the state's Beach Management 101 Plan, pursuant to s. 161.091, or funds contractually obligated 102 by a county in the financial plan for a federally authorized 103 shore protection project may not be used or loaned for any other purpose. In counties with a population of fewer than 100,000 104 105 population, up to 10 percent of the revenues from the tourist 106 development tax may be used for beach park facilities.

Sub-subparagraphs a. and b. Subparagraphs 1. and 2. may be implemented through service contracts and leases with lessees that have sufficient expertise or financial capability to operate such facilities.

112 (b) Tax revenues received pursuant to this section by a county with a population of less than 750,000 population 113 114 imposing a tourist development tax may only be used by that 115 county for the following purposes in addition to those purposes 116 allowed pursuant to paragraph (a): to acquire, construct, 117 extend, enlarge, remodel, repair, improve, maintain, operate, or 118 promote one or more zoological parks, fishing piers, or nature 119 centers which are publicly owned and operated or owned and 120 operated by not-for-profit organizations and open to the public. All population figures relating to this subsection shall be 121 122 based on the most recent population estimates prepared pursuant 123 to the provisions of s. 186.901. These population estimates 124 shall be those in effect on July 1 of each year.

125 (c)<u>1.</u> The revenues to be derived from the tourist
126 development tax may be pledged to secure and liquidate revenue

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127 bonds issued by the county for the purposes set forth in subsubparagraphs (a)2.a., b., and e. subparagraphs (a)1., 2., and 128 129 5. or for the purpose of refunding bonds previously issued for 130 such purposes, or both; however, no more than 50 percent of the 131 revenues from the tourist development tax may be pledged to 132 secure and liquidate revenue bonds or revenue refunding bonds 133 issued for the purposes set forth in sub-subparagraph (a)2.e. 134 subparagraph (a)5. Such revenue bonds and revenue refunding 135 bonds may be authorized and issued in such principal amounts, 136 with such interest rates and maturity dates, and subject to such 137 other terms, conditions, and covenants as the governing board of 138 the county shall provide. The Legislature intends that this 139 paragraph be full and complete authority for accomplishing such 140 purposes, but such authority is supplemental and additional to, 141 and not in derogation of, any powers now existing or later 142 conferred under law.

2. Revenues from tourist development taxes that are pledged to secure and liquidate revenue bonds or other forms of indebtedness issued pursuant to subparagraph 1. that are outstanding as of March 11, 2016, shall be made available first to make payments when due on the outstanding bonds or other forms of indebtedness before any other uses of the tax revenues.

(d) In order to recommend a proposed use of tourist development tax revenues authorized in subparagraph (a)2. or paragraph (b) to the governing board of a county, the tourist development council or a member of the public must submit a written proposal to the governing board of the county. The governing board of each county may determine the requirements for a written proposal, but, at a minimum, each proposal must

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156 include a description of the proposed use and an estimate of the 157 cost.

158 (e) Before expending any revenues from a tourist 159 development tax on a use authorized in subparagraph (a)2. or 160 paragraph (b) in excess of \$100,000, the governing board of a 161 county or a person authorized by the governing board must 162 perform or provide for the performance of a return-on-investment 163 analysis or cost-benefit analysis for the proposed use. The 164 return-on-investment analysis or cost-benefit analysis must be 165 performed by an individual who has prior experience with input-166 output modeling or the application of economic multipliers, such 167 as the Regional Input-Output Modeling System created by the 168 Bureau of Economic Analysis of the United States Department of 169 Commerce. The return-on-investment analysis or cost-benefit 170 analysis shall be paid for by revenues received pursuant to 171 paragraphs (3)(c) and (d).

(f) (d) Any use of the local option tourist development tax revenues collected pursuant to this section for a purpose not expressly authorized by paragraph (3)(l) or paragraph (3)(n) or paragraph (a), paragraph (b), or paragraph (c) of this subsection is expressly prohibited.

177 (g) As an additional means of enforcing the prohibition in 178 paragraph (f), a county's decision to use revenues in violation 179 of paragraph (f) is subject to administrative review pursuant to 180 ss. 120.569 and 120.57. A party may file a petition with the Division of Administrative Hearings within 60 days after such 181 182 decision, except that a county's decision to use such revenues 183 for a facility for which tax revenues under this section have 184 already been pledged to secure and liquidate revenue bonds

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185	pursuant to paragraph (c) is not subject to administrative
186	review. Any remitter of the tax provided for in this section, or
187	any organization representing multiple remitters of the tax,
188	shall be considered to be a party whose substantial interests
189	are affected by such use and may challenge a particular use or
190	uses alleged to be in violation of paragraph (f). During the
191	pendency of the administrative proceeding and any resulting
192	appeal, tax revenues collected under this section may not be
193	used to fund the challenged use or uses. The county's
194	interpretation of this section shall be afforded no deference in
195	the proceedings. The decision of the administrative law judge
196	constitutes a final order in such action, subject to judicial
197	review as provided in s. 120.68. A prevailing remitter or
198	remitter organization shall be awarded the reasonable costs of
199	the action plus reasonable attorney fees, including on appeal.
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201	=========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
202	And the title is amended as follows:
203	Delete line 371
204	and insert:
205	An act relating to taxation; amending s. 125.0104,
206	F.S.; revising uses of certain tourist development
207	taxes; requiring the performance of a return-on-
208	investment or cost-benefit analysis in specified
209	circumstances; authorizing certain entities to file
210	administrative challenges against counties for using
211	tourist development taxes for unauthorized purposes;
212	prohibiting use of those revenues for purposes which
213	are the subject of a challenge; authorizing reasonable

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214 attorney fees and costs under specified circumstances; 215 amending s. 212.08, F.S.;

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