**By** Senator Bradley

5-00645-17

2017676\_\_\_

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the availability of health care
3	services; repealing s. 154.245, F.S., relating to the
4	issuance of certificates of need by the Agency for
5	Health Care Administration; amending s. 159.27, F.S.;
6	revising the term "health care facility"; amending s.
7	189.08, F.S.; removing a requirement that a special
8	district notify a local general-purpose government of
9	its plans to build, improve, or expand a public
10	facility that requires a certification of need;
11	creating s. 381.4066, F.S.; establishing local health
12	councils as public or private nonprofit agencies
13	serving the counties of certain districts; providing
14	for council members to be appointed by county
15	commissions; providing that appointees must represent
16	health care providers, health care purchasers, and
17	nongovernmental health care consumers; requiring a
18	certain schedule to be provided to county commissions
19	regarding council appointments; providing terms;
20	establishing health service planning districts;
21	establishing duties of local health councils;
22	requiring local health councils to enter into
23	memoranda of agreement with certain regional planning
24	councils and local governments in their districts;
25	specifying a requirement for the memoranda of
26	agreement; authorizing local health councils to employ
27	personnel or contract for staffing services;
28	authorizing local health councils to accept and
29	receive funds, grants, and services from governmental
30	agencies and from private or civic sources; requiring
31	an annual accounting of receipts and disbursement of
32	funds; providing legislative intent regarding funding

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33	of local health councils; authorizing fees and
34	allowing fees to be collected from certain facilities
35	at the time of licensure renewal and prorated;
36	requiring the agency to adopt by rule fees for
37	hospitals, nursing homes, and other facilities;
38	providing penalties and authorizing fines; delegating
39	to the agency the responsibility for planning health
40	care services in the state; requiring the agency to
41	develop and maintain a comprehensive health care
42	database; requiring the Department of Health to
43	contract with local health councils for certain
44	services; specifying that certain funds must be
45	distributed according to an allocation plan the
46	department develops; authorizing the department to
47	withhold funds or cancel contracts if certain
48	standards are not met; amending s. 395.1055, F.S.;
49	removing a requirement that hospitals must submit
50	certain data related to certificate-of-need reviews;
51	requiring providers of adult diagnostic cardiac
52	catheterization services to comply with the most
53	recent guidelines of the American College of
54	Cardiology, the American Heart Association Guidelines
55	for Cardiac Catheterization and Cardiac
56	Catheterization Laboratories, and the rules of the
57	agency; providing rule requirements; amending s.
58	395.602, F.S.; deleting the terms "emergency care
59	hospital," "essential access community hospital,"
60	"inactive rural hospital bed," and "rural primary care
61	hospital"; repealing s. 395.6025, F.S., relating to

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62	rural hospital replacement facilities; amending s.
63	395.603, F.S.; removing a requirement that the agency
64	adopt by rule a process by which a rural hospital may
65	deactivate general hospital beds; removing a
66	requirement that rural primary care hospitals and
67	emergency care hospitals maintain a number of actively
68	licensed general hospital beds necessary for
69	certification for Medicare reimbursement; repealing s.
70	395.604, F.S., relating to other rural hospital
71	programs; repealing s. 395.605, F.S., relating to
72	emergency care hospitals; amending s. 400.071, F.S.;
73	removing a statement of legislative intent that
74	preference be given to certain applications when
75	reviewing certificate-of-need applications; amending
76	s. 400.606, F.S.; requiring hospices that are
77	initially licensed after a certain date to be
78	accredited by a national accreditation organization;
79	requiring such hospices to establish and maintain
80	freestanding hospice facilities that are engaged in
81	providing inpatient and related services; removing the
82	authority of the agency to deny a license to an
83	applicant that fails to meet any condition for the
84	provision of hospice care or services imposed by the
85	agency on a certificate of need; amending s. 400.6085,
86	F.S.; removing a provision prohibiting hospices
87	contracting for inpatient care beds from being
88	required to obtain an additional certificate of need
89	for the number of designated beds; repealing s.
90	408.031, F.S., relating to a short title for the

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91	Health Facility and Services Development Act;
92	repealing s. 408.032, F.S., relating to definitions
93	for the act; repealing s. 408.033, F.S., relating to
94	local and state health planning; repealing s. 408.034,
95	F.S., relating to the duties and responsibilities of
96	the agency; repealing s. 408.035, F.S., relating to
97	review criteria for certificate-of-need
98	determinations; repealing s. 408.036, F.S., relating
99	to health-care-related projects subject to review;
100	repealing s. 408.0361, F.S., relating to
101	cardiovascular services and burn unit licensure;
102	repealing s. 408.037, F.S., relating to content of
103	certificate-of-need applications; repealing s.
104	408.038, F.S., relating to fees for certificate-of-
105	need applications; repealing s. 408.039, F.S.,
106	relating to the review process for certificates of
107	need; repealing s. 408.040, F.S., relating to
108	conditions imposed on certificates of need; repealing
109	s. 408.041, F.S., relating to the penalties for
110	failing to obtain a valid certificate of need;
111	repealing s. 408.042, F.S., relating to limitations on
112	transfers of certificates of need; repealing s.
113	408.043, F.S., relating to special provisions relating
114	to certificates of need; repealing s. 408.0436, F.S.,
115	relating to a limitation on nursing home certificates
116	of need; repealing s. 408.044, F.S., relating to the
117	authority of the agency to obtain an injunction to
118	restrain or prevent the pursuit of a project in the
119	absence of a valid certificate of need; repealing s.

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120	408.045, F.S., relating to competitive sealed
121	proposals for certificates of need; repealing s.
122	408.0455, F.S., relating to rules of the agency in
123	effect as of a certain date; amending s. 408.808,
124	F.S.; authorizing the agency to issue an inactive
125	license to a hospital, nursing home, intermediate care
126	facility for the developmentally disabled, or an
127	ambulatory surgical center under certain
128	circumstances; removing authority for the agency to
129	renew an inactive designation for a statutory rural
130	hospital under certain circumstances; repealing s.
131	651.118, F.S., relating to sheltered nursing home beds
132	and community beds; amending ss. 154.246, 186.503,
133	220.1845, 376.30781, 376.86, 383.216, 395.0191,
134	395.1065, 408.07, 408.806, 408.810, 408.820, 409.9116,
135	641.60, and 1009.65 F.S.; conforming provisions to
136	changes made by the act; providing an effective date.
137	
138	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
139	
140	Section 1. Section 154.245, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
141	Section 2. Subsection (16) of section 159.27, Florida
142	Statutes, is amended to read:
143	159.27 Definitions.—The following words and terms, unless
144	the context clearly indicates a different meaning, <del>shall</del> have
145	the following meanings:
146	(16) "Health care facility" means property operated in the
147	private sector, whether operated for profit or not, used for or
148	useful in connection with the diagnosis, treatment, therapy,

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

5-00645-17 2017676 149 rehabilitation, housing, or care of or for aged, sick, ill, 150 injured, infirm, impaired, disabled, or handicapped persons, 151 without discrimination among such persons due to race, religion, 152 or national origin; or for the prevention, detection, and 153 control of disease, including, without limitation thereto, hospital, clinic, emergency, outpatient, and intermediate care, 154 155 including, but not limited to, facilities for the elderly such as assisted living facilities, facilities defined in s. 156 157 154.205(8), day care and share-a-home facilities, nursing homes, 158 and the following related property when used for or in 159 connection with the foregoing: laboratory; research; pharmacy; 160 laundry; health personnel training and lodging; patient, quest, 161 and health personnel food service facilities; and offices and 162 office buildings for persons engaged in health care professions 163 or services; provided, if required by ss. 400.601-400.611 and 164 ss. 408.031-408.045, a certificate of need therefor is obtained 165 prior to the issuance of the bonds. 166

Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 189.08, Florida Statutes, is amended, and present subsections (4) through (10) are redesignated as subsections (3) through (9), respectively, to read:

170

189.08 Special district public facilities report.-

171 (3) A special district proposing to build, improve, or
172 expand a public facility which requires a certificate of need
173 pursuant to chapter 408 shall elect to notify the appropriate
174 local general-purpose government of its plans either in its 7175 year plan or at the time the letter of intent is filed with the
176 Agency for Health Care Administration pursuant to s. 408.039.
177 Section 4. Section 381.4066, Florida Statutes, is created

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178	to read:
179	381.4066 Local and state health planning
180	(1) LOCAL HEALTH COUNCILS
181	(a) Local health councils are hereby established as public
182	or private nonprofit agencies serving the counties of a district
183	as described in paragraph (b). The members of each council shall
184	be appointed in an equitable manner by the county commissions
185	having jurisdiction in the respective district. Each council
186	shall be composed of a number of members equal to one and one-
187	half times the number of counties comprising the district or 12
188	members, whichever is greater. Each county in a district shall
189	be entitled to at least one member on the council. The balance
190	of the council's membership shall be allocated among the
191	counties of the district on the basis of population, with the
192	number of council seats rounded to the nearest whole number,
193	except that in a district composed of only two counties, no
194	county shall have fewer than four members. The appointees shall
195	be representatives of health care providers, health care
196	purchasers, and nongovernmental health care consumers, but not
197	excluding elected government officials. The members who are
198	health care consumers shall include a representative number of
199	persons over 60 years of age. A majority of the council members
200	must consist of health care purchasers and health care
201	consumers. Each local health council shall provide each county
202	commission a schedule for appointing council members to ensure
203	that council membership complies with this paragraph. The
204	members of the local health council shall elect a chair and
205	vice-chair. Members shall serve for terms of 2 years and may be
206	eligible for reappointment.

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207	(b) Health service planning districts are composed of the
208	following counties:
209	1. District 1Escambia, Santa Rosa, Okaloosa, and Walton
210	Counties.
211	2. District 2Holmes, Washington, Bay, Jackson, Franklin,
212	Gulf, Gadsden, Liberty, Calhoun, Leon, Wakulla, Jefferson,
213	Madison, and Taylor Counties.
214	3. District 3Hamilton, Suwannee, Lafayette, Dixie,
215	Columbia, Gilchrist, Levy, Union, Bradford, Putnam, Alachua,
216	Marion, Citrus, Hernando, Sumter, and Lake Counties.
217	4. District 4Baker, Nassau, Duval, Clay, St. Johns,
218	Flagler, and Volusia Counties.
219	5. District 5Pasco and Pinellas Counties.
220	6. District 6Hillsborough, Manatee, Polk, Hardee, and
221	Highlands Counties.
222	7. District 7Seminole, Orange, Osceola, and Brevard
223	Counties.
224	8. District 8Sarasota, DeSoto, Charlotte, Lee, Glades,
225	Hendry, and Collier Counties.
226	9. District 9Indian River, Okeechobee, St. Lucie, Martin,
227	and Palm Beach Counties.
228	10. District 10Broward County.
229	11. District 11Miami-Dade and Monroe Counties.
230	(c) Each local health council may:
231	1. Develop a district area health plan that includes
232	strategies and sets priorities for the council's implementation
233	based on that district's unique local health needs.
234	2. Advise the Agency for Health Care Administration on
235	health care issues and resource allocations.

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236	3. Promote public awareness of community health needs,
237	emphasizing health promotion and cost-effective health service
238	selection.
239	4. Collect data and conduct analyses and studies related to
240	health care needs of the district, including the needs of
241	medically indigent persons, and assist the agency and other
242	state offices in carrying out data collection activities that
243	relate to the functions in this subsection.
244	5. Advise and assist any regional planning councils within
245	each district which have elected to address health issues in
246	their strategic regional policy plans, including the development
247	of the plans' health elements that address the health goals and
248	policies in the state comprehensive plan.
249	6. Advise and assist local governments within each district
250	on the development of an optional health plan element of the
251	state comprehensive plan provided in chapter 163, to assure
252	compatibility with the health goals and policies in the state
253	comprehensive plan and district health plan. To facilitate the
254	implementation of this section, the local health council shall
255	annually provide the local governments in its service area, upon
256	request, with:
257	a. A copy and appropriate updates of the district health
258	plan;
259	b. A report of hospital and nursing home utilization
260	statistics for facilities within the local government
261	jurisdiction.
262	7. Monitor and evaluate the adequacy, appropriateness, and
263	effectiveness of local, state, federal, and private funds
264	distributed within the district to meet the needs of the

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5-00645-17 2017676 265 medically indigent and other underserved population groups. 266 8. In conjunction with the Department of Health, plan for services at the local level for persons infected with the human 267 268 immunodeficiency virus. 269 9. Provide technical assistance to encourage and support 270 activities by providers, purchasers, consumers, and local, 271 regional, and state agencies in meeting the health care goals, 272 objectives, and policies adopted by the local health council. 273 (d) Each local health council shall enter into a memorandum 274 of agreement with each regional planning council in its district 275 which elects to address health issues in its strategic regional 276 policy plan. In addition, each local health council shall enter into a memorandum of agreement with each local government that 277 278 includes an optional health element in its comprehensive plan. 279 Each memorandum of agreement must specify the manner in which 280 each local government, regional planning council, and local 281 health council will coordinate its activities to ensure a 282 unified approach to health planning and implementation efforts. 283 (e) Local health councils may employ personnel or contract 284 for staffing services with persons who possess appropriate 285 qualifications to carry out the councils' purposes. However, 286 such personnel are not state employees. 287 (f) Personnel of the local health councils shall provide an annual orientation to council members about council member 288 289 responsibilities. 290 (g) Each local health council may accept and receive, in 291 furtherance of its health planning functions, funds, grants, and 292 services from governmental agencies and from private or civic 293 sources and to perform studies related to local health planning

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294	in exchange for such funds, grants, or services. Each council
295	shall, no later than January 30 of each year, prepare an
296	accounting of the receipt and disbursement of funds it received
297	during the previous calendar year and submit that report to the
298	Department of Health.
299	(2) FUNDING
300	(a) The Legislature intends that the cost of local health
301	councils be borne by assessments on selected health care
302	facilities subject to licensure by the Agency for Health Care
303	Administration, including abortion clinics, assisted living
304	facilities, ambulatory surgical centers, birthing centers;
305	clinical laboratories, except community nonprofit blood banks
306	and clinical laboratories operated by practitioners for their
307	exclusive use under s. 483.035; home health agencies, hospices,
308	hospitals, intermediate care facilities for the developmentally
309	disabled, nursing homes, health care clinics, and multiphasic
310	testing centers, and by assessments on organizations subject to
311	certification by the agency pursuant to chapter 641, part III,
312	including health maintenance organizations and prepaid health
313	clinics. Fees assessed may be collected prospectively at the
314	time of licensure renewal and prorated for the licensure period.
315	(b)1. A hospital licensed under chapter 395, a nursing home
316	licensed under chapter 400, and an assisted living facility
317	licensed under chapter 429 shall be assessed an annual fee based
318	on number of beds.
319	2. All other facilities and organizations listed in
320	paragraph (a) shall each be assessed an annual fee of \$150.
321	3. Facilities operated by the Department of Children and
322	Families, the Department of Health, or the Department of
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323 <u>Corrections and any hospital that meets the definition of residual pursuant to s. 395.602 are exempt from the assessment in this subsection.</u> 326 <u>(c)1. The agency shall by rule establish fees for hospital nursing homes based on an assessment of \$2 per bed. Hower and nursing homes based on an assessment of \$2 per bed. Hower no such facility shall be assessed more than a total of \$500 annually under this subsection. 320 <u>2. The agency shall by rule establish fees for assisted living facilities based on an assessment of \$1 per bed. Hower no such facility shall be assessed more than a total of \$100 per bed. Hower and nursing facilities based on an assessment of \$1 per bed. Hower and such facility shall be assessed more than a total of \$150 per bed. Hower how shall be assessed more than a total of \$150 per bed. Hower how shall be assessed more than a total of \$150 per bed. Hower how shall be assessed more than a total of \$150 per bed. Hower how shall be assessed more than a total of \$150 per bed. Hower how shall be assessed more than a total of \$150 per bed. Hower how shall be assessed more than a total of \$150 per bed. Hower how shall be assessed more than a total of \$150 per bed. Hower how shall be assessed more than a total of \$150 per bed. Hower how shall be assessed more than a total of \$150 per bed. Hower how shall be assessed more than a total of \$150 per bed. Hower how shall be assessed more than a total of \$150 per bed. Hower how shall be assessed more than a total of \$150 per bed. How shall be assessed more than a total of \$150 per bed. How shall be assessed more than a total of \$150 per bed. How shall be assessed more than a total of \$150 per bed. How shall be assessed more than a total of \$150 per bed.</u></u>	ent itals ever, <u>)</u> d
325 required in this subsection. 326 (c)1. The agency shall by rule establish fees for hosp: 327 and nursing homes based on an assessment of \$2 per bed. Howe 328 no such facility shall be assessed more than a total of \$500 329 annually under this subsection. 330 2. The agency shall by rule establish fees for assisted 331 living facilities based on an assessment of \$1 per bed. Howe	itals ever, D
326 (c)1. The agency shall by rule establish fees for hosp: 327 and nursing homes based on an assessment of \$2 per bed. Howe 328 no such facility shall be assessed more than a total of \$500 329 annually under this subsection. 330 2. The agency shall by rule establish fees for assisted 331 living facilities based on an assessment of \$1 per bed. Howe	ever,
327 and nursing homes based on an assessment of \$2 per bed. Howe 328 no such facility shall be assessed more than a total of \$500 329 annually under this subsection. 330 2. The agency shall by rule establish fees for assisted 331 living facilities based on an assessment of \$1 per bed. Howe	ever,
328 no such facility shall be assessed more than a total of \$500 329 annually under this subsection. 330 2. The agency shall by rule establish fees for assisted 331 living facilities based on an assessment of \$1 per bed. Howe	<u>)</u> d ever,
329 <u>annually under this subsection.</u> 330 <u>2. The agency shall by rule establish fees for assisted</u> 331 <u>living facilities based on an assessment of \$1 per bed. Howe</u>	<u>d</u> ever,
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331 living facilities based on an assessment of \$1 per bed. Howe	ever,
<u>^</u>	
332 no such facility shall be assessed more than a total of \$150	)
333 annually under this subsection.	
334 <u>3. The agency shall by rule establish an annual fee of</u>	\$150
335 for all other facilities and organizations listed in paragra	<u>aph</u>
336 <u>(a).</u>	
337 (d) The agency shall by rule establish a facility bill:	Lng
338 and collection process for the health facility fees authoriz	zed
339 by this subsection.	
340 (e) A health facility that is assessed a fee under this	3
341 subsection is subject to a fine of \$100 per day for each day	<u>/ the</u>
342 facility is late in submitting its annual fee up to the max:	Lmum
343 of the annual fee owed by the facility. A facility that refu	ises
344 to pay the fee or fine is subject to the forfeiture of its	
345 <u>license.</u>	
346 (f) The agency shall deposit in the Health Care Trust H	fund
347 <u>all health care facility assessments that are collected purs</u>	suant
348 to this subsection and shall transfer such funds to the	
349 Department of Health for funding of the local health council	LS.
350 (3) DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE AGENCY	
351 (a) The Agency for Health Care Administration is	

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352	responsible for the coordinated planning of health care services
353	in the state.
354	(b) The agency shall develop and maintain a comprehensive
355	health care database. The agency or its contractor is authorized
356	to require the submission of information from health facilities,
357	health service providers, and licensed health professionals
358	which is determined by the agency through rule to be necessary
359	for meeting the agency's responsibilities as established in this
360	section.
361	(c) The Department of Health shall contract with the local
362	health councils for services that may be performed by the local
363	health councils under subsection (1). All contract funds shall
364	be distributed according to an allocation plan developed by the
365	department. The department may withhold funds from a local
366	health council or cancel its contract with a local health
367	council that does not meet performance standards agreed upon by
368	the department and the local health council.
369	Section 5. Paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) of subsection (1)
370	of section 395.1055, Florida Statutes, are amended, and
371	subsections (10) through (14) are added to that section, to
372	read:
373	395.1055 Rules and enforcement
374	(1) The agency shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1)
375	and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this part, which shall
376	include reasonable and fair minimum standards for ensuring that:
377	(f) All hospitals submit such data as necessary to conduct
378	certificate-of-need reviews required under part I of chapter
379	408. Such data shall include, but shall not be limited to,
380	patient origin data, hospital utilization data, type of service
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381 reporting, and facility staffing data. The agency may not 382 collect data that identifies or could disclose the identity of 383 individual patients. The agency shall utilize existing uniform 384 statewide data sources when available and shall minimize 385 reporting costs to hospitals.

386 (f) (g) Each hospital has a quality improvement program 387 designed according to standards established by their current accrediting organization. This program will enhance quality of 388 389 care and emphasize quality patient outcomes, corrective action for problems, governing board review, and reporting to the 390 391 agency of standardized data elements necessary to analyze 392 quality of care outcomes. The agency shall use existing data, 393 when available, and shall not duplicate the efforts of other 394 state agencies in order to obtain such data.

395 <u>(g) (h)</u> Licensed facilities make available on their Internet 396 websites, no later than October 1, 2004, and in a hard copy 397 format upon request, a description of and a link to the patient 398 charge and performance outcome data collected from licensed 399 facilities pursuant to s. 408.061.

400 (10) Each provider of adult diagnostic cardiac 401 catheterization services shall comply with the most recent 402 guidelines of the American College of Cardiology, the American 403 Heart Association Guidelines for Cardiac Catheterization and Cardiac Catheterization Laboratories, and rules adopted by the 404 405 agency which establish licensure standards governing the 406 operation of adult inpatient diagnostic cardiac catheterization 407 programs. The rules shall ensure that such programs: 408 (a) Perform only adult inpatient diagnostic cardiac

### 409 <u>catheterization services and will not provide therapeutic</u>

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410	cardiac catheterization or any other cardiology services.
411	(b) Maintain sufficient appropriate equipment and health
412	care personnel to ensure quality of care and patient safety.
413	(c) Maintain appropriate times of operation and protocols
414	to ensure availability and appropriate referrals in the event of
415	emergencies.
416	(d) Demonstrate a plan to provide services to Medicaid and
417	charity care patients.
418	(11) Each provider of adult cardiovascular services or
419	operator of a burn unit shall comply with rules adopted by the
420	agency which establish licensure standards that govern the
421	provision of adult cardiovascular services or the operation of a
422	burn unit. Such rules shall consider, at a minimum, staffing,
423	equipment, physical plant, operating protocols, the provision of
424	services to Medicaid and charity care patients, accreditation,
425	licensure period and fees, and enforcement of minimum standards.
426	(12) In establishing rules for adult cardiovascular
427	services, the agency shall include provisions that allow for:
428	(a) Establishment of two hospital program licensure levels:
429	a Level I program authorizing the performance of adult
430	percutaneous cardiac intervention without onsite cardiac
431	surgery, and a Level II program authorizing the performance of
432	percutaneous cardiac intervention with onsite cardiac surgery.
433	(b) Demonstration that, for the most recent 12-month period
434	as reported to the agency, a hospital seeking a Level I program
435	has provided a minimum of 300 adult inpatient and outpatient
436	diagnostic cardiac catheterizations or, for the most recent 12-
437	month period, has discharged or transferred at least 300
438	inpatients with the principal diagnosis of ischemic heart

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439	
440	with a hospital that has a Level II program, including written
441	transport protocols to ensure safe and efficient transfer of a
442	patient within 60 minutes. However, a hospital located more than
443	100 road miles from the closest Level II adult cardiovascular
444	services program does not need to meet the 60-minute transfer
445	time protocol if the hospital demonstrates that it has a
446	formalized, written transfer agreement with a hospital that has
447	a Level II program. The agreement must include written transport
448	protocols to ensure the safe and efficient transfer of a
449	patient, taking into consideration the patient's clinical and
450	physical characteristics, road and weather conditions, and
451	viability of ground and air ambulance service to transfer the
452	patient.
453	(c) Demonstration that, for the most recent 12-month period
454	as reported to the agency, a hospital seeking a Level II program
455	has performed a minimum of 1,100 adult inpatient and outpatient
456	cardiac catheterizations, of which at least 400 must be
457	therapeutic catheterizations, or, for the most recent 12-month
458	period, has discharged at least 800 patients with the principal
459	diagnosis of ischemic heart disease.
460	(d) Compliance with the most recent guidelines of the
461	American College of Cardiology and American Heart Association
462	guidelines for staffing, physician training and experience,
463	operating procedures, equipment, physical plant, and patient
464	selection criteria to ensure quality of care and patient safety.
465	(e) Establishment of appropriate hours of operation and
466	protocols to ensure availability and timely referral in the
467	event of emergencies.

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468	(f) Demonstration of a plan to provide services to Medicaid
469	and charity care patients.
470	(13) Hospitals licensed for Level I or Level II adult
471	cardiovascular services shall participate in clinical outcome
472	reporting systems operated by the American College of Cardiology
473	and the Society of Thoracic Surgeons.
474	(14) Each provider of pediatric cardiac catheterization,
475	pediatric open heart surgery, neonatal intensive care,
476	comprehensive medical rehabilitation, and pediatric and adult
477	organ transplant services shall comply with rules adopted by the
478	agency which establish licensure standards governing the
479	operation of such programs. The rules must ensure that such
480	programs:
481	(a) Comply with established applicable practice guidelines.
482	(b) Maintain sufficient appropriate equipment and health
483	care personnel to ensure quality of care and patient safety.
484	(c) Maintain appropriate times of operation and protocols
485	to ensure availability and appropriate referrals in the event of
486	emergencies.
487	(d) Demonstrate a plan to provide services to Medicaid and
488	charity care patients.
489	Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 395.602, Florida
490	Statutes, is amended to read:
491	395.602 Rural hospitals
492	(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this part, the term:
493	(a) "Emergency care hospital" means a medical facility
494	which provides:
495	1. Emergency medical treatment; and
496	2. Inpatient care to ill or injured persons prior to their
I	

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498care to persons needing care for a period of up to 96 hours. The49996-hour limitation on inpatient care does not apply to respite,500skilled nursing, hospice, or other nonacute care patients.501(b) "Essential access community hospital" means any502facility which:5031. Has at least 100 beds;5042. Is located more than 35 miles from any other essential505access community hospital, rural referral center, or urban506hospital meeting criteria for classification as a regional507referral center;5083. Is part of a network that includes rural primary care509hospitals;5104. Provides emergency and medical backup services to rural511primary care hospitals in its rural health network;5125. Extends staff privileges to rural primary care hospital513physicians in its network; and5146. Accepts patients transferred from rural primary care515hospital bed, as defined in s. 395.002(13), that is518inactive in that it cannot be occupied by acute care inpatients.519(a) (d) "Rural area health education center" means an area		5-00645-17 2017676
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521 484, which provides services in a county with a population 522 density of no greater than 100 persons per square mile. 523 (b) (e) "Rural hospital" means an acute care hospital 524 licensed under this chapter, having 100 or fewer licensed beds	519	<u>(a)</u> "Rural area health education center" means an area
522 density of no greater than 100 persons per square mile. 523 (b) (e) "Rural hospital" means an acute care hospital 524 licensed under this chapter, having 100 or fewer licensed beds	520	health education center (AHEC), as authorized by Pub. L. No. 94-
523 <u>(b) (e)</u> "Rural hospital" means an acute care hospital 524 licensed under this chapter, having 100 or fewer licensed beds	521	484, which provides services in a county with a population
524 licensed under this chapter, having 100 or fewer licensed beds	522	density of no greater than 100 persons per square mile.
	523	<u>(b)</u> "Rural hospital" means an acute care hospital
525 and an emergency room, which is:	524	licensed under this chapter, having 100 or fewer licensed beds
	525	and an emergency room, which is:

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526	1. The sole provider within a county with a population
527	density of up to 100 persons per square mile;
528	2. An acute care hospital, in a county with a population
529	density of up to 100 persons per square mile, which is at least
530	30 minutes of travel time, on normally traveled roads under
531	normal traffic conditions, from any other acute care hospital
532	within the same county;
533	3. A hospital supported by a tax district or subdistrict
534	whose boundaries encompass a population of up to 100 persons per
535	square mile;
536	4. A hospital classified as a sole community hospital under
537	42 C.F.R. s. 412.92 which has up to 175 licensed beds;
538	5. A hospital with a service area that has a population of
539	up to 100 persons per square mile. As used in this subparagraph,
540	the term "service area" means the fewest number of zip codes
541	that account for 75 percent of the hospital's discharges for the
542	most recent 5-year period, based on information available from
543	the hospital inpatient discharge database in the Florida Center
544	for Health Information and Transparency at the agency; or
545	6. A hospital designated as a critical access hospital, as
546	defined in s. 408.07.
547	
548	Population densities used in this paragraph must be based upon
549	the most recently completed United States census. A hospital
550	that received funds under s. 409.9116 for a quarter beginning no
551	later than July 1, 2002, is deemed to have been and shall
552	continue to be a rural hospital from that date through June 30,
553	2021, if the hospital continues to have up to 100 licensed beds
554	and an emergency room. An acute care hospital that has not

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1	5-00645-17 2017676
555	previously been designated as a rural hospital and that meets
556	the criteria of this paragraph shall be granted such designation
557	upon application, including supporting documentation, to the
558	agency. A hospital that was licensed as a rural hospital during
559	the 2010-2011 or 2011-2012 fiscal year shall continue to be a
560	rural hospital from the date of designation through June 30,
561	2021, if the hospital continues to have up to 100 licensed beds
562	and an emergency room.
563	(f) "Rural primary care hospital" means any facility
564	meeting the criteria in paragraph (e) or s. 395.605 which
565	provides:
566	1. Twenty-four-hour emergency medical care;
567	2. Temporary inpatient care for periods of 72 hours or less
568	to patients requiring stabilization before discharge or transfer
569	to another hospital. The 72-hour limitation does not apply to
570	respite, skilled nursing, hospice, or other nonacute care
571	patients; and
572	3. Has no more than six licensed acute care inpatient beds.
573	<u>(c)<del>(g)</del> "Swing-bed" means a bed <u>that</u> <del>which</del> can be used</u>
574	interchangeably as either a hospital, skilled nursing facility
575	(SNF), or intermediate care facility (ICF) bed pursuant to 42
576	C.F.R. parts 405, 435, 440, 442, and 447.
577	Section 7. Section 395.6025, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
578	Section 8. Section 395.603, Florida Statutes, is amended to
579	read:
580	395.603 Deactivation of general hospital beds; rural
581	hospital impact statement
582	(1) The agency shall establish, by rule, a process by which
583	a rural hospital, as defined in s. 395.602, that seeks licensure
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5-00645-17 2017676 as a rural primary care hospital or as an emergency care 584 585 hospital, or becomes a certified rural health clinic as defined 586 in Pub. L. No. 95-210, or becomes a primary care program such as 587 a county health department, community health center, or other 588 similar outpatient program that provides preventive and curative 589 services, may deactivate general hospital beds. Rural primary 590 care hospitals and emergency care hospitals shall maintain the number of actively licensed general hospital beds necessary for 591 592 the facility to be certified for Medicare reimbursement. 593 Hospitals that discontinue inpatient care to become rural health 594 care clinics or primary care programs shall deactivate all 595 licensed general hospital beds. All hospitals, clinics, and 596 programs with inactive beds shall provide 24-hour emergency 597 medical care by staffing an emergency room. Providers with inactive beds shall be subject to the criteria in s. 395.1041. 598 The agency shall specify in rule requirements for making 24-hour 599 600 emergency care available. Inactive general hospital beds shall be included in the acute care bed inventory, maintained by the 601 602 agency for certificate-of-need purposes, for 10 years from the 603 date of deactivation of the beds. After 10 years have elapsed, 604 inactive beds shall be excluded from the inventory. The agency 605 shall, at the request of the licensee, reactivate the inactive 606 general beds upon a showing by the licensee that licensure requirements for the inactive general beds are met. 607

608 (2) In formulating and implementing policies and rules that 609 may have significant impact on the ability of rural hospitals to 610 continue to provide health care services in rural communities, 611 the agency, the department, or the respective regulatory board 612 adopting policies or rules regarding the licensure or

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613	certification of health care professionals shall provide a rural
614	hospital impact statement. The rural hospital impact statement
615	shall assess the proposed action in light of the following
616	questions:
617	(1) (a) Do the health personnel affected by the proposed
618	action currently practice in rural hospitals or are they likely
619	to in the near future?
620	(2) (b) What are the current numbers of the affected health
621	personnel in this state, their geographic distribution, and the
622	number practicing in rural hospitals?
623	(3)(c) What are the functions presently performed by the
624	affected health personnel, and are such functions presently
625	performed in rural hospitals?
626	(4) (d) What impact will the proposed action have on the
627	ability of rural hospitals to recruit the affected personnel to
628	practice in their facilities?
629	(5) <del>(e)</del> What impact will the proposed action have on the
630	limited financial resources of rural hospitals through increased
631	salaries and benefits necessary to recruit or retain such health
632	personnel?
633	<u>(6)<del>(f)</del> Is there a less stringent requirement which could</u>
634	apply to practice in rural hospitals?
635	<u>(7)</u> Will this action create staffing shortages, which
636	could result in a loss to the public of health care services in
637	rural hospitals or result in closure of any rural hospitals?
638	Section 9. Section 395.604, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
639	Section 10. Section 395.605, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
640	Section 11. Present subsection (3) of section 400.071,
641	Florida Statutes, is amended, and present subsections (4) and
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642	(5) of that section are redesignated as (3) and (4),
643	respectively, to read:
644	400.071 Application for license
645	(3) It is the intent of the Legislature that, in reviewing
646	a certificate-of-need application to add beds to an existing
647	nursing home facility, preference be given to the application of
648	a licensee who has been awarded a Gold Seal as provided for in
649	s. 400.235, if the applicant otherwise meets the review criteria
650	specified in s. 408.035.
651	Section 12. Subsections (3), (4), and (5) of section
652	400.606, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
653	400.606 License; application; renewal; conditional license
654	or permit; certificate of need
655	(3) Any hospice initially licensed on or after July 1,
656	2017, must be accredited by a national accreditation
657	organization that is recognized by the Centers for Medicare and
658	Medicaid Services and whose standards incorporate comparable
659	licensure regulations as required by this state. Such
660	accreditation must be maintained as a requirement of licensure.
661	The agency shall not issue a license to a hospice that fails to
662	receive a certificate of need under the provisions of part I of
663	chapter 408. A licensed hospice is a health care facility as
664	that term is used in s. 408.039(5) and is entitled to initiate
665	or intervene in an administrative hearing.
666	(4) Any hospice initially licensed on or after July 1,
667	2017, must establish and maintain a freestanding hospice
668	facility that is engaged in providing inpatient and related
669	services and that is not otherwise licensed as a health care
670	facility shall obtain a certificate of need. However, a

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5-00645-17 2017676 freestanding hospice facility that has six or fewer beds is not 671 672 required to comply with institutional standards such as, but not 673 limited to, standards requiring sprinkler systems, emergency 674 electrical systems, or special lavatory devices. 675 (5) The agency may deny a license to an applicant that 676 fails to meet any condition for the provision of hospice care or 677 services imposed by the agency on a certificate of need by final 678 agency action, unless the applicant can demonstrate that good 679 cause exists for the applicant's failure to meet such condition. 680 Section 13. Paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (2) 681 of section 400.6085, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 682 400.6085 Contractual services.-A hospice may contract out for some elements of its services. However, the core services, 683 684 as set forth in s. 400.609(1), with the exception of physician 685 services, shall be provided directly by the hospice. Any 686 contract entered into between a hospice and a health care 687 facility or service provider must specify that the hospice 688 retains the responsibility for planning, coordinating, and 689 prescribing hospice care and services for the hospice patient 690 and family. A hospice that contracts for any hospice service is 691 prohibited from charging fees for services provided directly by 692 the hospice care team that duplicate contractual services 693 provided to the patient and family. 694 (2) With respect to contractual arrangements for inpatient hospice care:

696 (b) Hospices contracting for inpatient care beds shall not 697 be required to obtain an additional certificate of need for the 698 number of such designated beds. Such beds shall remain licensed 699 to the health care facility and be subject to the appropriate

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700	inspections.
701	<del>(c)</del> Staffing standards for inpatient hospice care provided
702	through a contract may not exceed the staffing standards
703	required under the license held by the contractee.
704	<u>(c)</u> Under no circumstances may a hospice place a patient
705	requiring inpatient care in a health care facility that is under
706	a moratorium, has had its license revoked, or has a conditional
707	license, accreditation, or rating. However, a hospice may
708	continue to provide care or initiate care for a terminally ill
709	person already residing in such a facility.
710	Section 14. Section 408.031, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
711	Section 15. Section 408.032, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
712	Section 16. Section 408.033, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
713	Section 17. Section 408.034, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
714	Section 18. Section 408.035, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
715	Section 19. Section 408.036, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
716	Section 20. Section 408.0361, Florida Statutes, is
717	repealed.
718	Section 21. Section 408.037, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
719	Section 22. Section 408.038, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
720	Section 23. Section 408.039, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
721	Section 24. Section 408.040, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
722	Section 25. Section 408.041, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
723	Section 26. Section 408.042, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
724	Section 27. Section 408.043, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
725	Section 28. Section 408.0436, Florida Statutes, is
726	repealed.
727	Section 29. Section 408.044, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
728	Section 30. Section 408.045, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

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5-00645-17 2017676 729 Section 31. Section 408.0455, Florida Statutes, is 730 repealed. 731 Section 32. Subsection (3) of section 408.808, Florida 732 Statutes, is amended to read: 733 408.808 License categories.-734 (3) INACTIVE LICENSE. - An inactive license may be issued to 735 a hospital, nursing home, intermediate care facility for the 736 developmentally disabled, or ambulatory surgical center if 737 health care provider subject to the certificate-of-need 738 provisions in part I of this chapter when the provider is 739 currently licensed, does not have a provisional license, and 740 will be temporarily unable to provide services due to 741 construction or renovation, but is reasonably expected to resume 742 services within 12 months. Before an inactive license will be 743 issued, the licensee must have plans approved by the agency. 744 Such designation may be made for a period not to exceed 12 745 months but may be renewed by the agency for up to 12 additional 746 months upon demonstration by the licensee of the provider's 747 progress toward reopening. However, if after 20 months in an 748 inactive license status, a statutory rural hospital, as defined 749 in s. 395.602, has demonstrated progress toward reopening, but 750 may not be able to reopen prior to the inactive license 751 expiration date, the inactive designation may be renewed again 752 by the agency for up to 12 additional months. For purposes of 753 such a second renewal, if construction or renovation is 754 required, the licensee must have had plans approved by the 755 agency and construction must have already commenced and pursuant 756 to s. 408.032(4); however, if construction or renovation is not 757 required, the licensee must provide proof of having made an

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5-00645-17 2017676 758 enforceable capital expenditure greater than 25 percent of the 759 total costs associated with the construction or renovation 760 hiring of staff and the purchase of equipment and supplies 761 needed to operate the facility upon opening. A request by a 762 licensee for an inactive license or to extend the previously 763 approved inactive period must be submitted to the agency and 764 must include a written justification for the inactive license 765 with the beginning and ending dates of inactivity specified, a 766 plan for the transfer of any clients to other providers, and the appropriate licensure fees. The agency may not accept a request 767 768 that is submitted after initiating closure, after any suspension 769 of service, or after notifying clients of closure or suspension of service, unless the action is a result of a disaster at the 770 771 licensed premises. For the purposes of this section, the term "disaster" means a sudden emergency occurrence beyond the 772 773 control of the licensee, whether natural, technological, or 774 manmade, which renders the provider inoperable at the premises. 775 Upon agency approval, the provider shall notify clients of any 776 necessary discharge or transfer as required by authorizing 777 statutes or applicable rules. The beginning of the inactive 778 license period is the date the provider ceases operations. The 779 end of the inactive license period shall become the license 780 expiration date. All licensure fees must be current, must be 781 paid in full, and may be prorated. Reactivation of an inactive 782 license requires the approval of a renewal application, 783 including payment of licensure fees and agency inspections 784 indicating compliance with all requirements of this part, 785 authorizing statutes, and applicable rules. Section 33. Section 651.118, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 786

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787	Section 34. Section 154.246, Florida Statutes, is amended
788	to read:
789	154.246 Validation of certain bonds and proceedingsThe
790	Legislature finds and declares that the purpose of chapter 78-
791	115, Laws of Florida, is, in part, to clarify the original
792	meaning of the Health Facilities Authorities Law, and,
793	therefore, all bonds heretofore issued and proceedings conducted
794	pursuant thereto which would have been valid had the amendment
795	to <u>the former</u> s. 154.245, as set forth in s. 2 of chapter 78-
796	115, been in effect when said bonds were issued or proceedings
797	were conducted are hereby declared valid.
798	Section 35. Subsection (7) of section 186.503, Florida
799	Statutes, is amended to read:
800	186.503 Definitions relating to Florida Regional Planning
801	Council Act.—As used in this act, the term:
802	(7) "Local health council" means <u>an</u> <del>a regional</del> agency
803	established pursuant to <u>s. 381.4066</u> <del>s. 408.033</del> .
804	Section 36. Paragraph (k) of subsection (2) of section
805	220.1845, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
806	220.1845 Contaminated site rehabilitation tax credit
807	(2) AUTHORIZATION FOR TAX CREDIT; LIMITATIONS
808	(k) In order to encourage the construction and operation of
809	a new health care facility as defined in <del>s. 408.032 or</del> s.
810	408.07, or a health care provider as defined in s. 408.07 or s.
811	408.7056, on a brownfield site, an applicant for a tax credit
812	may claim an additional 25 percent of the total site
813	rehabilitation costs, not to exceed \$500,000, if the applicant
814	meets the requirements of this paragraph. In order to receive
815	this additional tax credit, the applicant must provide

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816	documentation indicating that the construction of the health
817	care facility or health care provider by the applicant on the
818	brownfield site has received a certificate of occupancy or a
819	license or certificate has been issued for the operation of the
820	health care facility or health care provider.
821	Section 37. Paragraph (f) of subsection (3) of section
822	376.30781, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
823	376.30781 Tax credits for rehabilitation of drycleaning-
824	solvent-contaminated sites and brownfield sites in designated
825	brownfield areas; application process; rulemaking authority;
826	revocation authority
827	(3)
828	(f) In order to encourage the construction and operation of
829	a new health care facility or a health care provider, as defined
830	in <del>s. 408.032,</del> s. 408.07 $_{ au}$ or s. 408.7056, on a brownfield site,
831	an applicant for a tax credit may claim an additional 25 percent
832	of the total site rehabilitation costs, not to exceed \$500,000,
833	if the applicant meets the requirements of this paragraph. In
834	order to receive this additional tax credit, the applicant must
835	provide documentation indicating that the construction of the
836	health care facility or health care provider by the applicant on
837	the brownfield site has received a certificate of occupancy or a
838	license or certificate has been issued for the operation of the
839	health care facility or health care provider.
840	Section 38. Subsection (1) of section 376.86, Florida
841	Statutes, is amended to read:

376.86 Brownfield Areas Loan Guarantee Program.-

842

843 (1) The Brownfield Areas Loan Guarantee Council is created844 to review and approve or deny, by a majority vote of its

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5-00645-17 2017676 845 membership, the situations and circumstances for participation 846 in partnerships by agreements with local governments, financial 847 institutions, and others associated with the redevelopment of 848 brownfield areas pursuant to the Brownfields Redevelopment Act 849 for a limited state guaranty of up to 5 years of loan guarantees 850 or loan loss reserves issued pursuant to law. The limited state 851 loan guaranty applies only to 50 percent of the primary lenders 852 loans for redevelopment projects in brownfield areas. If the 853 redevelopment project is for affordable housing, as defined in 854 s. 420.0004, in a brownfield area, the limited state loan guaranty applies to 75 percent of the primary lender's loan. If 855 856 the redevelopment project includes the construction and 857 operation of a new health care facility or a health care 858 provider, as defined in <del>s. 408.032,</del> s. 408.07, or s. 408.7056, 859 on a brownfield site and the applicant has obtained 860 documentation in accordance with s. 376.30781 indicating that 861 the construction of the health care facility or health care 862 provider by the applicant on the brownfield site has received a 863 certificate of occupancy or a license or certificate has been 864 issued for the operation of the health care facility or health 865 care provider, the limited state loan guaranty applies to 75 866 percent of the primary lender's loan. A limited state guaranty 867 of private loans or a loan loss reserve is authorized for 868 lenders licensed to operate in the state upon a determination by 869 the council that such an arrangement would be in the public 870 interest and the likelihood of the success of the loan is great. 871 Section 39. Subsection (1) of section 383.216, Florida 872 Statutes, is amended to read: 873 383.216 Community-based prenatal and infant health care.-

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874	(1) The Department of Health shall cooperate with
875	localities which wish to establish prenatal and infant health
876	care coalitions, and shall acknowledge and incorporate, if
877	appropriate, existing community children's services
878	organizations, pursuant to this section within the resources
879	allocated. The purpose of this program is to establish a
880	partnership among the private sector, the public sector, state
881	government, local government, community alliances, and maternal
882	and child health care providers, for the provision of
883	coordinated community-based prenatal and infant health care. The
884	prenatal and infant health care coalitions must work in a
885	coordinated, nonduplicative manner with local health <del>planning</del>
886	councils established pursuant to <u>s. 381.4066</u> <del>s. 408.033</del> .
887	Section 40. Subsection (5) of section 395.1065, Florida
888	Statutes, is amended to read:
889	395.1065 Criminal and administrative penalties;
890	moratorium
891	(5) The agency shall impose a fine of \$500 for each
892	instance of the facility's failure to provide the information
893	required by rules adopted pursuant to <u>s. 395.1055(1)(g)</u> <del>s.</del>
894	<del>395.1055(1)(h)</del> .
895	Section 41. Subsection (10) of section 395.0191, Florida
896	Statutes, is amended to read:
897	395.0191 Staff membership and clinical privileges
898	(10) Nothing herein shall be construed by the agency as
899	requiring an applicant for a certificate of need to establish
900	proof of discrimination in the granting of or denial of hospital
901	staff membership or clinical privileges as a precondition to
902	obtaining such certificate of need under the provisions of s.
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903	<del>408.043.</del>
904	Section 42. Section 408.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to
905	read:
906	408.07 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, <del>with the</del>
907	exception of ss. 408.031-408.045, the term:
908	(1) "Accepted" means that the agency has found that a
909	report or data submitted by a health care facility or a health
910	care provider contains all schedules and data required by the
911	agency and has been prepared in the format specified by the
912	agency, and otherwise conforms to applicable rule or Florida
913	Hospital Uniform Reporting System manual requirements regarding
914	reports in effect at the time such report was submitted, and the
915	data are mathematically reasonable and accurate.
916	(2) "Adjusted admission" means the sum of acute and
917	intensive care admissions divided by the ratio of inpatient
918	revenues generated from acute, intensive, ambulatory, and
919	ancillary patient services to gross revenues. If a hospital
920	reports only subacute admissions, then "adjusted admission"
921	means the sum of subacute admissions divided by the ratio of
922	total inpatient revenues to gross revenues.
923	(3) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care
924	Administration.
925	(4) "Alcohol or chemical dependency treatment center" means
926	an organization licensed under chapter 397.
927	(5) "Ambulatory care center" means an organization which
928	employs or contracts with licensed health care professionals to
929	provide diagnosis or treatment services predominantly on a walk-
930	in basis and the organization holds itself out as providing care
931	on a walk-in basis. Such an organization is not an ambulatory

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932 care center if it is wholly owned and operated by five or fewer 933 health care providers. 934 (6) "Ambulatory surgical center" means a facility licensed 935 as an ambulatory surgical center under chapter 395. 936 (7) "Audited actual data" means information contained 937 within financial statements examined by an independent, Florida-938 licensed, certified public accountant in accordance with 939 generally accepted auditing standards, but does not include data 940 within a financial statement about which the certified public 941 accountant does not express an opinion or issues a disclaimer. 942 (8) "Birth center" means an organization licensed under s. 383.305. 943 944 (9) "Cardiac catheterization laboratory" means a 945 freestanding facility that employs or contracts with licensed 946 health care professionals to provide diagnostic or therapeutic 947 services for cardiac conditions such as cardiac catheterization 948 or balloon angioplasty. (10) "Case mix" means a calculated index for each health 949 950 care facility or health care provider, based on patient data, 951 reflecting the relative costliness of the mix of cases to that 952 facility or provider compared to a state or national mix of 953 cases. 954 (11) "Clinical laboratory" means a facility licensed under 955 s. 483.091, excluding: any hospital laboratory defined under s. 956 483.041(6); any clinical laboratory operated by the state or a 957 political subdivision of the state; any blood or tissue bank 958 where the majority of revenues are received from the sale of 959 blood or tissue and where blood, plasma, or tissue is procured from volunteer donors and donated, processed, stored, or 960

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961	distributed on a nonprofit basis; and any clinical laboratory
962	which is wholly owned and operated by physicians who are
963	licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 and who practice
964	in the same group practice, and at which no clinical laboratory
965	work is performed for patients referred by any health care
966	provider who is not a member of that same group practice.
967	(12) "Comprehensive rehabilitative hospital" or
968	"rehabilitative hospital" means a hospital licensed by the
969	agency as a specialty hospital as defined in s. 395.002;
970	provided that the hospital provides a program of comprehensive
971	medical rehabilitative services and is designed, equipped,
972	organized, and operated solely to deliver comprehensive medical
973	rehabilitative services, and further provided that all licensed
974	beds in the hospital are classified as "comprehensive
975	rehabilitative beds" pursuant to s. 395.003(4), and are not
976	classified as "general beds."
977	(13) "Consumer" means any person other than a person who
978	administers health activities, is a member of the governing body
979	of a health care facility, provides health services, has a
980	fiduciary interest in a health facility or other health agency
981	or its affiliated entities, or has a material financial interest
982	in the rendering of health services.
983	(14) "Continuing care facility" means a facility licensed
984	under chapter 651.
985	(15) "Critical access hospital" means a hospital that meets
986	the definition of "critical access hospital" in s. 1861(mm)(1)

987 of the Social Security Act and that is certified by the 988 Secretary of Health and Human Services as a critical access 989 hospital.

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 990
            (16) "Cross-subsidization" means that the revenues from one
 991
      type of hospital service are sufficiently higher than the costs
 992
      of providing such service as to offset some of the costs of
 993
      providing another type of service in the hospital. Cross-
      subsidization results from the lack of a direct relationship
 994
 995
      between charges and the costs of providing a particular hospital
 996
      service or type of service.
 997
            (17) "Deductions from gross revenue" or "deductions from
 998
      revenue" means reductions from gross revenue resulting from
 999
      inability to collect payment of charges. For hospitals, such
1000
      reductions include contractual adjustments; uncompensated care;
1001
      administrative, courtesy, and policy discounts and adjustments;
1002
      and other such revenue deductions, but also includes the offset
1003
      of restricted donations and grants for indigent care.
            (18) "Diagnostic-imaging center" means a freestanding
1004
1005
      outpatient facility that provides specialized services for the
1006
      diagnosis of a disease by examination and also provides
1007
      radiological services. Such a facility is not a diagnostic-
1008
      imaging center if it is wholly owned and operated by physicians
1009
      who are licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 and who
1010
      practice in the same group practice and no diagnostic-imaging
1011
      work is performed at such facility for patients referred by any
1012
      health care provider who is not a member of that same group
1013
      practice.
            (19) "FHURS" means the Florida Hospital Uniform Reporting
1014
```

1016 (20) "Freestanding" means that a health facility bills and 1017 receives revenue which is not directly subject to the hospital 1018 assessment for the Public Medical Assistance Trust Fund as

System developed by the agency.

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1019 described in s. 395.701.

1020 (21) "Freestanding radiation therapy center" means a 1021 facility where treatment is provided through the use of radiation therapy machines that are registered under s. 404.22 1022 1023 and the provisions of the Florida Administrative Code 1024 implementing s. 404.22. Such a facility is not a freestanding 1025 radiation therapy center if it is wholly owned and operated by 1026 physicians licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 who practice within the specialty of diagnostic or therapeutic 1027 1028 radiology.

1029

(22) "GRAA" means gross revenue per adjusted admission.

1030 (23) "Gross revenue" means the sum of daily hospital 1031 service charges, ambulatory service charges, ancillary service 1032 charges, and other operating revenue. Gross revenues do not 1033 include contributions, donations, legacies, or bequests made to 1034 a hospital without restriction by the donors.

1035 (24) "Health care facility" means an ambulatory surgical 1036 center, a hospice, a nursing home, a hospital, a diagnostic-1037 imaging center, a freestanding or hospital-based therapy center, 1038 a clinical laboratory, a home health agency, a cardiac catheterization laboratory, a medical equipment supplier, an 1039 1040 alcohol or chemical dependency treatment center, a physical 1041 rehabilitation center, a lithotripsy center, an ambulatory care 1042 center, a birth center, or a nursing home component licensed 1043 under chapter 400 within a continuing care facility licensed under chapter 651. 1044

1045 (25) "Health care provider" means a health care 1046 professional licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 1047 460, chapter 461, chapter 463, chapter 464, chapter 465, chapter

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1048	466, part I, part III, part IV, part V, or part X of chapter										
1049	468, chapter 483, chapter 484, chapter 486, chapter 490, or										
1050	chapter 491.										
1051	(26) "Health care purchaser" means an employer in the										
1052	state, other than a health care facility, health insurer, or										
1053	health care provider, who provides health care coverage for her										
1054	or his employees.										
1055	(27) "Health insurer" means any insurance company										
1056	authorized to transact health insurance in the state, any										
1057	insurance company authorized to transact health insurance or										
1058	casualty insurance in the state that is offering a minimum										
1059	premium plan or stop-loss coverage for any person or entity										
1060	providing health care benefits, any self-insurance plan as										
1061	defined in s. 624.031, any health maintenance organization										
1062	authorized to transact business in the state pursuant to part I										
1063	of chapter 641, any prepaid health clinic authorized to transact										
1064	business in the state pursuant to part II of chapter 641, any										
1065	multiple-employer welfare arrangement authorized to transact										
1066	business in the state pursuant to ss. 624.436-624.45, or any										
1067	fraternal benefit society providing health benefits to its										
1068	members as authorized pursuant to chapter 632.										
1069	(28) "Home health agency" means an organization licensed										
1070	under part III of chapter 400.										
1071	(29) "Hospice" means an organization licensed under part IV										
1072	of chapter 400.										
1073	(30) "Hospital" moans a health care institution licensed by										

1073 (30) "Hospital" means a health care institution licensed by 1074 the Agency for Health Care Administration as a hospital under 1075 chapter 395.

(31) "Lithotripsy center" means a freestanding facility

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1077	that employs or contracts with licensed health care
1078	professionals to provide diagnosis or treatment services using
1079	electro-hydraulic shock waves.
1080	(32) "Local health council" means <u>an</u> <del>the</del> agency <u>established</u>
1081	pursuant to s. 381.4066 defined in s. 408.033.
1082	(33) "Market basket index" means the Florida hospital input
1083	price index (FHIPI), which is a statewide market basket index
1084	used to measure inflation in hospital input prices weighted for
1085	the Florida-specific experience which uses multistate regional
1086	and state-specific price measures, when available. The index
1087	shall be constructed in the same manner as the index employed by
1088	the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and
1089	Human Services for determining the inflation in hospital input
1090	prices for purposes of Medicare reimbursement.
1091	(34) "Medical equipment supplier" means an organization
1092	that provides medical equipment and supplies used by health care
1093	providers and health care facilities in the diagnosis or
1094	treatment of disease.
1095	(35) "Net revenue" means gross revenue minus deductions
1096	from revenue.
1097	(36) "New hospital" means a hospital in its initial year of
1098	operation as a licensed hospital and does not include any
1099	facility which has been in existence as a licensed hospital,
1100	regardless of changes in ownership, for over 1 calendar year.
1101	(37) "Nursing home" means a facility licensed under s.
1102	400.062 or, for resident level and financial data collection
1103	purposes only, any institution licensed under chapter 395 and
1104	which has a Medicare or Medicaid certified distinct part used
1105	for skilled nursing home care, but does not include a facility

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1106 licensed under chapter 651. 1107 (38) "Operating expenses" means total expenses excluding income taxes. (39) "Other operating revenue" means all revenue generated 1109 1110 from hospital operations other than revenue directly associated 1111 with patient care. (40) "Physical rehabilitation center" means an organization 1112 that employs or contracts with health care professionals 1113 licensed under part I or part III of chapter 468 or chapter 486 1114 1115 to provide speech, occupational, or physical therapy services on 1116 an outpatient or ambulatory basis. (41) "Prospective payment arrangement" means a financial 1117 1118 agreement negotiated between a hospital and an insurer, health maintenance organization, preferred provider organization, or 1119 1120 other third-party payor which contains, at a minimum, the elements provided for in s. 408.50. 1121 1122 (42) "Rate of return" means the financial indicators used 1123 to determine or demonstrate reasonableness of the financial 1124 requirements of a hospital. Such indicators shall include, but 1125 not be limited to: return on assets, return on equity, total 1126 margin, and debt service coverage. 1127 (43) "Rural hospital" means an acute care hospital licensed under chapter 395, having 100 or fewer licensed beds and an 1128 emergency room, and which is: 1129 (a) The sole provider within a county with a population 1130 density of no greater than 100 persons per square mile; 1131 1132 (b) An acute care hospital, in a county with a population 1133 density of no greater than 100 persons per square mile, which is

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at least 30 minutes of travel time, on normally traveled roads

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1135	under normal traffic conditions, from another acute care
1136	hospital within the same county;
1137	(c) A hospital supported by a tax district or subdistrict
1138	whose boundaries encompass a population of 100 persons or fewer
1139	per square mile;
1140	(d) A hospital with a service area that has a population of
1141	100 persons or fewer per square mile. As used in this paragraph,
1142	the term "service area" means the fewest number of zip codes
1143	that account for 75 percent of the hospital's discharges for the
1144	most recent 5-year period, based on information available from
1145	the hospital inpatient discharge database in the Florida Center
1146	for Health Information and Transparency at the Agency for Health
1147	Care Administration; or
1148	(e) A critical access hospital.
1149	
1150	Population densities used in this subsection must be based upon
1151	the most recently completed United States census. A hospital
1152	that received funds under s. 409.9116 for a quarter beginning no
1153	later than July 1, 2002, is deemed to have been and shall
1154	continue to be a rural hospital from that date through June 30,
1155	2015, if the hospital continues to have 100 or fewer licensed
1156	beds and an emergency room. An acute care hospital that has not
1157	previously been designated as a rural hospital and that meets
1158	the criteria of this subsection shall be granted such
1159	designation upon application, including supporting
1160	documentation, to the Agency for Health Care Administration.

1161 (44) "Special study" means a nonrecurring data-gathering 1162 and analysis effort designed to aid the agency in meeting its 1163 responsibilities pursuant to this chapter.

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1164(45) "Teaching hospital" means any Florida hospital1165officially affiliated with an accredited Florida medical school1166which exhibits activity in the area of graduate medical1167education as reflected by at least seven different graduate1168medical education programs accredited by the Accreditation1169Council for Graduate Medical Education or the Council on1170Postdoctoral Training of the American Osteopathic Association1171and the presence of 100 or more full-time equivalent resident1172physicians. The Director of the Agency for Health Care1173Administration shall be responsible for determining which1174hospitals meet this definition.1175Section 43. Subsection (6) of section 408.806, Florida1176G) The agency may not isoue an initial license to a health1179care provider subject to the certificate of-need provisions in1180part I of this chapter if the licensee has not been issued a1181certificate of need or certificate of-need exemption, when1182applicable. Failure to apply for the renewal of a license before1183Statutes, is amended to read:1184Section 44. Subsection (10) of section 408.810, Florida1185Statutes, is amended to read:1184Meleshle. Failure to apply for the renewal of a license before1185statutes, is amended to read:1186A08.810 Minimum licensure requirementsIn addition to the1187licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing <th></th> <th></th>		
<pre>1165 officially affiliated with an accredited Florida medical school 1166 which exhibits activity in the area of graduate medical 1167 education as reflected by at least seven different graduate 1168 medical education programs accredited by the Accreditation 1169 Council for Graduate Medical Education or the Council on 1170 Postdoctoral Training of the American Osteopathic Association 1171 and the presence of 100 or more full-time equivalent resident 1172 physicians. The Director of the Agency for Health Care 1173 Administration shall be responsible for determining which 1174 hospitals meet this definition. 1175 Section 43. Subsection (6) of section 408.806, Florida 1176 Statutes, is amended to read: 1177</pre>		5-00645-17 2017676
which exhibits activity in the area of graduate medical education as reflected by at least seven different graduate medical education programs accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the Council on Postdoctoral Training of the American Osteopathic Association and the presence of 100 or more full-time equivalent resident physicians. The Director of the Agency for Health Care Administration shall be responsible for determining which hospitals meet this definition. Section 43. Subsection (6) of section 408.806, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: (6) The agency may not issue an initial license to a health care provider subject to the cortificate-of-need provisions in part I of this chapter if the license has not been issued a certificate of need or certificate-of-need exemption, when applicable. Failure to apply for the renewal of a license <u>before</u> prior to the expiration date renders the license void. Statutes, is amended to read: 408.810 Minimum licensure requirementsIn addition to the licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing	1164	(45) "Teaching hospital" means any Florida hospital
<pre>education as reflected by at least seven different graduate medical education programs accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the Council on Postdoctoral Training of the American Osteopathic Association and the presence of 100 or more full-time equivalent resident physicians. The Director of the Agency for Health Care Administration shall be responsible for determining which hospitals meet this definition. Section 43. Subsection (6) of section 408.806, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: (6) The agency may not issue an initial license to a health care provider subject to the certificate-of-need provisions in part I of this chapter if the license has not been issued a certificate of need or certificate-of-need exemption, when applicable. Failure to apply for the renewal of a license before prior to the expiration (10) of section 408.810, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 408.810 Minimum licensure requirementsIn addition to the licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing</pre>	1165	officially affiliated with an accredited Florida medical school
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<ul> <li>Postdoctoral Training of the American Osteopathic Association</li> <li>and the presence of 100 or more full-time equivalent resident</li> <li>physicians. The Director of the Agency for Health Care</li> <li>Administration shall be responsible for determining which</li> <li>hospitals meet this definition.</li> <li>Section 43. Subsection (6) of section 408.806, Florida</li> <li>Statutes, is amended to read:</li> <li>408.806 License application process</li> <li>(6) The agency may not issue an initial license to a health</li> <li>care provider subject to the certificate-of-need provisions in</li> <li>part I of this chapter if the licensee has not been issued a</li> <li>certificate of need or certificate of need exemption, when</li> <li>applicable. Failure to apply for the renewal of a license before</li> <li>prior to the expiration date renders the license void.</li> <li>Statutes, is amended to read:</li> <li>408.810 Minimum licensure requirementsIn addition to the</li> <li>licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing</li> </ul>	1168	medical education programs accredited by the Accreditation
1171 and the presence of 100 or more full-time equivalent resident 1172 physicians. The Director of the Agency for Health Care 1173 Administration shall be responsible for determining which 1174 hospitals meet this definition. 1175 Section 43. Subsection (6) of section 408.806, Florida 1176 Statutes, is amended to read: 1177 408.806 License application process 1178 (6) The agency may not issue an initial license to a health 1179 care provider subject to the certificate-of-need provisions in 1180 part I of this chapter if the licensee has not been issued a 1181 certificate of need or certificate-of-need exemption, when 1182 applicable. Failure to apply for the renewal of a license before 1183 prior to the expiration date renders the license void. 1184 Section 44. Subsection (10) of section 408.810, Florida 1185 Statutes, is amended to read: 1186 408.810 Minimum licensure requirementsIn addition to the 1187 licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing	1169	Council for Graduate Medical Education or the Council on
physicians. The Director of the Agency for Health Care Administration shall be responsible for determining which hospitals meet this definition. Section 43. Subsection (6) of section 408.806, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: (6) The agency may not issue an initial license to a health care provider subject to the certificate-of-need provisions in part I of this chapter if the licensee has not been issued a certificate of need or certificate-of-need exemption, when applicable. Failure to apply for the renewal of a license before prior to the expiration date renders the license void. Statutes, is amended to read: 408.810 Minimum licensure requirementsIn addition to the licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing	1170	Postdoctoral Training of the American Osteopathic Association
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<ul> <li>1177 408.806 License application process</li> <li>1178 (6) The agency may not issue an initial license to a health</li> <li>1179 care provider subject to the certificate-of-need provisions in</li> <li>1180 part I of this chapter if the licensee has not been issued a</li> <li>1181 certificate of need or certificate-of-need exemption, when</li> <li>1182 applicable. Failure to apply for the renewal of a license before</li> <li>1183 prior to the expiration date renders the license void.</li> <li>1184 Section 44. Subsection (10) of section 408.810, Florida</li> <li>1185 Statutes, is amended to read:</li> <li>1186 408.810 Minimum licensure requirementsIn addition to the</li> <li>1187 licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing</li> </ul>	1175	Section 43. Subsection (6) of section 408.806, Florida
1178 (6) The agency may not issue an initial license to a health 1179 care provider subject to the certificate-of-need provisions in 1180 part I of this chapter if the licensee has not been issued a 1181 certificate of need or certificate-of-need exemption, when 1182 applicable. Failure to apply for the renewal of a license before 1183 prior to the expiration date renders the license void. 1184 Section 44. Subsection (10) of section 408.810, Florida 1185 Statutes, is amended to read: 1186 408.810 Minimum licensure requirementsIn addition to the 1187 licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing	1176	Statutes, is amended to read:
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<pre>1183 prior to the expiration date renders the license void. 1184 Section 44. Subsection (10) of section 408.810, Florida 1185 Statutes, is amended to read: 1186 408.810 Minimum licensure requirements.—In addition to the 1187 licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing</pre>	1181	certificate of need or certificate-of-need exemption, when
1184 Section 44. Subsection (10) of section 408.810, Florida 1185 Statutes, is amended to read: 1186 408.810 Minimum licensure requirements.—In addition to the 1187 licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing	1182	<del>applicable.</del> Failure to apply for the renewal of a license <u>before</u>
<pre>1185 Statutes, is amended to read: 1186 408.810 Minimum licensure requirements.—In addition to the 1187 licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing</pre>	1183	<del>prior to</del> the expiration date renders the license void.
1186 408.810 Minimum licensure requirements.—In addition to the 1187 licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing	1184	Section 44. Subsection (10) of section 408.810, Florida
1187 licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing	1185	Statutes, is amended to read:
	1186	408.810 Minimum licensure requirementsIn addition to the
1188 statutes, and applicable rules, each applicant and licensee must	1187	licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing
	1188	statutes, and applicable rules, each applicant and licensee must
1189 comply with the requirements of this section in order to obtain	1189	comply with the requirements of this section in order to obtain
1190 and maintain a license.	1190	and maintain a license.
1191 (10) The agency may not issue a license to a health care	1191	(10) The agency may not issue a license to a health care

1192 provider subject to the certificate-of-need provisions in part I

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1193	of this chapter if the health care provider has not been issued									
1194	a certificate of need or an exemption. Upon initial licensure of									
1195	any such provider, the authorization contained in the									
1196	certificate of need shall be considered fully implemented and									
1197	merged into the license and shall have no force and effect upon									
1198	termination of the license for any reason.									
1199	Section 45. Section 408.820, Florida Statutes, is amended									
1200	to read:									
1201	408.820 ExemptionsExcept as prescribed in authorizing									
1202	statutes, the following exemptions shall apply to specified									
1203	requirements of this part:									
1204	(1) Laboratories authorized to perform testing under the									
1205	Drug-Free Workplace Act, as provided under ss. 112.0455 and									
1206	440.102, are exempt from <u>s. 408.810(5)-(9)</u> <del>s. 408.810(5)-(10)</del> .									
1207	(2) Birth centers, as provided under chapter 383, are									
1208	exempt from <u>s. 408.810(7)-(9)</u> <del>s. 408.810(7)-(10)</del> .									
1209	(3) Abortion clinics, as provided under chapter 390, are									
1210	exempt from <u>s. 408.810(7)-(9)</u> <del>s. 408.810(7)-(10)</del> .									
1211	(4) Crisis stabilization units, as provided under parts I									
1212	and IV of chapter 394, are exempt from <u>s. 408.810(8)</u> and (9) <del>s.</del>									
1213	<del>408.810(8)-(10)</del> .									
1214	(5) Short-term residential treatment facilities, as									
1215	provided under parts I and IV of chapter 394, are exempt from <u>s.</u>									
1216	408.810(8) and (9) <del>s. 408.810(8)-(10)</del> .									
1217	(6) Residential treatment facilities, as provided under									
1218	part IV of chapter 394, are exempt from <u>s. 408.810(8)</u> and (9) <del>s.</del>									
1219	<del>408.810(8)-(10)</del> .									
1220	(7) Residential treatment centers for children and									
1221	adolescents, as provided under part IV of chapter 394, are									

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1222	exempt from <u>s. 408.810(8) and (9)</u> <del>s. 408.810(8)-(10)</del> .										
1223	(8) Hospitals, as provided under part I of chapter 395, are										
1224	exempt from s. 408.810(7)-(9).										
1225	(9) Ambulatory surgical centers, as provided under part I										
1226	of chapter 395, are exempt from <u>s. 408.810(7)-(9)</u> <del>s. 408.810(7)-</del>										
1227	<del>(10)</del> .										
1228	(10) Mobile surgical facilities, as provided under part I										
1229	of chapter 395, are exempt from <u>s. 408.810(7)-(9)</u> <del>s. 408.810(7)-</del>										
1230	<del>(10)</del> .										
1231	(11) Health care risk managers, as provided under part I of										
1232	chapter 395, are exempt from ss. 408.806(7), <u>408.810(4)-(9)</u>										
1233	<del>408.810(4)-(10)</del> , and 408.811.										
1234	(12) Nursing homes, as provided under part II of chapter										
1235	400, are exempt from ss. 408.810(7) and 408.813(2).										
1236	(13) Assisted living facilities, as provided under part I										
1237	of chapter 429, are exempt from s. 408.810(10).										
1238	(14) Home health agencies, as provided under part III of										
1239	chapter 400, are exempt from s. 408.810(10).										
1240	(13)(15) Nurse registries, as provided under part III of										
1241	chapter 400, are exempt from s. 408.810(6) and (10).										
1242	(14) (16) Companion services or homemaker services										
1243	providers, as provided under part III of chapter 400, are exempt										
1244	from <u>s. 408.810(6)-(9)</u> <del>s. 408.810(6)-(10)</del> .										
1245	(17) Adult day care centers, as provided under part III of										
1246	chapter 429, are exempt from s. 408.810(10).										
1247	<u>(15)<del>(18)</del> Adult family-care homes</u> , as provided under part II										
1248	of chapter 429, are exempt from <u>s. 408.810(7)-(9)</u> <del>s. 408.810(7)-</del>										
1249	<del>(10)</del> .										
1250	(16)(19) Homes for special services, as provided under part										

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1251	V of chapter 400, are exempt from <u>s. 408.810(7)-(9)</u> <del>s.</del>
1252	408.810(7) - (10).
1253	(20) Transitional living facilities, as provided under part
1254	XI of chapter 400, are exempt from s. 408.810(10).
1255	(21) Prescribed pediatric extended care centers, as
1256	provided under part VI of chapter 400, are exempt from s.
1257	<del>408.810(10).</del>
1258	(22) Home medical equipment providers, as provided under
1259	part VII of chapter 400, are exempt from s. 408.810(10).
1260	(17) (23) Intermediate care facilities for persons with
1261	developmental disabilities, as provided under part VIII of
1262	chapter 400, are exempt from s. 408.810(7).
1263	(18) <del>(24)</del> Health care services pools, as provided under part
1264	IX of chapter 400, are exempt from <u>s. 408.810(6)-(9)</u> <del>s.</del>
1265	408.810(6) - (10).
1266	<u>(19)</u> Health care clinics, as provided under part X of
1267	chapter 400, are exempt from s. 408.810(6), and (7), and (10).
1268	<u>(20)</u> Clinical laboratories, as provided under part I of
1269	chapter 483, are exempt from <u>s. 408.810(5)-(9)</u>
1270	<del>(10)</del> .
1271	<u>(21)</u> Multiphasic health testing centers, as provided
1272	under part II of chapter 483, are exempt from <u>s. 408.810(5)-(9)</u>
1273	s. 408.810(5) - (10).
1274	(22) (28) Organ, tissue, and eye procurement organizations,
1275	as provided under part V of chapter 765, are exempt from <u>s.</u>
1276	<u>408.810(5)-(9)</u> <del>s. 408.810(5)-(10)</del> .
1277	Section 46. Subsection (6) of section 409.9116, Florida
1278	Statutes, is amended to read:
1279	409.9116 Disproportionate share/financial assistance
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5-00645-17 2017676 1280 program for rural hospitals.-In addition to the payments made 1281 under s. 409.911, the Agency for Health Care Administration 1282 shall administer a federally matched disproportionate share 1283 program and a state-funded financial assistance program for 1284 statutory rural hospitals. The agency shall make 1285 disproportionate share payments to statutory rural hospitals 1286 that qualify for such payments and financial assistance payments 1287 to statutory rural hospitals that do not qualify for 1288 disproportionate share payments. The disproportionate share 1289 program payments shall be limited by and conform with federal 1290 requirements. Funds shall be distributed quarterly in each 1291 fiscal year for which an appropriation is made. Notwithstanding 1292 the provisions of s. 409.915, counties are exempt from 1293 contributing toward the cost of this special reimbursement for 1294 hospitals serving a disproportionate share of low-income 1295 patients. 1296 (6) This section applies only to hospitals that were 1297 defined as statutory rural hospitals, or their successor-in-

1298 interest hospital, before prior to January 1, 2001. Any 1299 additional hospital that is defined as a statutory rural 1300 hospital, or its successor-in-interest hospital, on or after 1301 January 1, 2001, is not eligible for programs under this section 1302 unless additional funds are appropriated each fiscal year 1303 specifically to the rural hospital disproportionate share and 1304 financial assistance programs in an amount necessary to prevent 1305 any hospital, or its successor-in-interest hospital, eligible 1306 for the programs before prior to January 1, 2001, from incurring 1307 a reduction in payments because of the eligibility of an 1308 additional hospital to participate in the programs. A hospital,

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1309	or its successor-in-interest hospital, which received funds									
1310	pursuant to this section before January 1, 2001, and which									
1311	qualifies under <u>s. 395.602(2)(b)</u> <del>s. 395.602(2)(e)</del> , shall be									
1312	included in the programs under this section and is not required									
1313	to seek additional appropriations under this subsection.									
1314	Section 47. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section									
1315	641.60, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:									
1316	641.60 Statewide Managed Care Ombudsman Committee									
1317	(1) As used in ss. 641.60-641.75:									
1318	(c) "District" means one of the health service planning									
1319	districts as <u>described</u> <del>defined</del> in <u>s. 381.4066</u> <del>s. 408.032</del> .									
1320	Section 48. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section									
1321	1009.65, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:									
1322	1009.65 Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment									
1323	Program									
1324	(2) From the funds available, the Department of Health									
1325	shall make payments to selected medical professionals as									
1326	follows:									
1327	(b) All payments shall be contingent on continued proof of									
1328	primary care practice in an area defined in <u>s. 395.602(2)(b)</u> <del>s.</del>									
1329	<del>395.602(2)(e)</del> , or an underserved area designated by the									
1330	Department of Health, provided the practitioner accepts Medicaid									
1331	reimbursement if eligible for such reimbursement. Correctional									
1332	facilities, state hospitals, and other state institutions that									
1333	employ medical personnel shall be designated by the Department									
1334	of Health as underserved locations. Locations with high									
1335	incidences of infant mortality, high morbidity, or low Medicaid									
1336	participation by health care professionals may be designated as									
1337	underserved.									
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1338	Section	49.	This	act	shall	take	effect	Julv	1.	2017.	
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