By Senator Rader

29-00922-17 20171162

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the Companion Animal Protection Act; providing definitions; directing animal shelters to take certain measures relating to the holding, care, treatment, and euthanasia of animals; providing exceptions; providing for declaratory or injunctive relief actions; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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- Section 1. Companion Animal Protection Act.-
- (1) As used in this section, the term:
 - (a) "Animal shelter" means a public or private facility that:
 - 1. Has a physical structure that provides temporary or permanent shelter for stray, abandoned, abused, or ownersurrendered animals.
 - 2. Is operated, owned, or maintained by a society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, humane society, pound, animal control officer, government entity, or contractor for a government entity.
 - (b) "Irremediable physical suffering" means a poor or grave prognosis for being able to live without severe, unremitting pain, even with comprehensive, prompt, and necessary veterinary care, as certified in writing by a licensed veterinarian.
 - (c) "Licensed veterinarian" means a person licensed to practice veterinary medicine in this state.
 - (d) "Rescue organization" means an animal rescue organization, animal adoption organization, or organization

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formed for the prevention of cruelty to animals that is described in s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and exempt from taxation under s. 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(2) (a) An animal shelter shall:

- 1. Ensure that all animals are checked as soon as possible after impoundment, but no later than 1 business day, for all currently available methods of identification, including microchips, identification tags, and licenses.
- 2. Maintain continuously updated lists of animals reported lost and found and check animals in the shelter for matches to these lists at least once daily.
- 3. Post a photograph of and information regarding each stray animal impounded by the shelter on the Internet with sufficient detail to allow the animal to be recognized and claimed by its owner.
- (b) If a possible owner is identified, the animal shelter shall undertake due diligence to notify the owner or caretaker of the whereabouts of the animal and any procedures available for the lawful recovery of the animal. These efforts shall include, but are not limited to, notifying the possible owner by telephone, mail, and personal service to the last known address.
- (3) (a) An animal may not be euthanized at an animal shelter sooner than 5 business days after the date of impoundment.
- (b) An animal impounded as a stray with identification or whose owner has been identified shall be held and made available for owner reclamation for 4 business days after the date of impoundment.
 - (c) An animal impounded as a stray without identification

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and whose owner has not been identified shall be made available for owner reclamation for 3 business days after the date of impoundment.

- (d) At any time, an animal impounded as a stray may be placed in foster care or transferred to an animal rescue organization or other shelter, subject to the following:
- $\frac{\hbox{1. An animal transferred under this subsection remains}}{\hbox{subject to reclamation by its owner pursuant to paragraphs (b)}}$ and (c).
- 2. Documentation of an animal transferred under this paragraph, including a photograph of the animal and relevant information pertaining to impoundment and transfer of the animal, shall be maintained in physical or electronic form for public review at the animal shelter that originally impounded the animal or on the shelter's website for the duration of impoundment under paragraphs (b) and (c).
- 3. An owner that satisfies an animal shelter's requirements for reclamation is entitled to reclaim the animal even if the animal has been transferred and is no longer physically in the animal shelter's custody. At the owner's discretion, the owner has the right to physically redeem the animal at the animal shelter that originally impounded the animal.
- (e) An animal that is impounded or surrendered by its owner may be reclaimed upon his or her change of heart for 2 business days after the date of impoundment if the animal has not been adopted or transferred.
 - (f) This subsection does not apply to:
 - 1. An animal impounded for purposes of sterilization.
 - 2. An animal suspected of carrying and exhibiting signs of

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rabies, as determined by a licensed veterinarian.

- 3. A dog that, after physically attacking a person, has been determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be dangerous pursuant to state law.
 - 4. An animal experiencing irremediable physical suffering.
- (g) At any time after impoundment, an animal shelter may transfer an animal, except an animal arriving with identification or an animal with a known owner, to a nonprofit rescue organization or group, a private shelter, or an organization formed for the prevention of cruelty to animals if potential owners are given the same rights of reclamation given to owners of animals held at the animal shelter.
- (4) (a) During the entirety of its stay at an animal shelter, an animal shall be provided:
 - 1. Fresh food and fresh water.
- 2. Environmental enrichment to promote psychological well-being, including, but not limited to, socialization, toys, and treats, and exercise as needed but at least once daily, except that a dog exhibiting vicious behavior towards people or has been determined to be dangerous by a court of competent jurisdiction is not required to be exercised during the holding period.
- 3. Prompt and necessary cleaning of its cage, kennel, or other living environment at least two times per day to prevent disease and to ensure an environment that is welcoming to the public and hygienic for both the public and the animal. The cleaning shall be conducted in accordance with a protocol developed in coordination with a licensed veterinarian and shall require that the animal not be exposed to water from hoses or

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sprays, cleaning solutions, detergents, solvents, or chemicals.

- 4. Prompt and necessary veterinary care, including, but not limited to, preventive vaccinations, cage rest, fluid therapy, and pain management or antibiotics sufficient to alleviate any pain caused by disease or injury, to prevent a condition from worsening, and to allow the animal to leave the shelter in reasonable condition.
- (b) An animal shelter shall work with a licensed veterinarian to develop and follow a care protocol for animals with special needs including, but not limited to, nursing mothers, unweaned animals, sick or injured animals, extremely frightened animals, geriatric animals, or animals needing therapeutic exercise. The care protocol shall specify any deviation from the standard requirements of paragraph (a) and the reasons for the deviation.
- (5) (a) At least 2 business days before euthanizing an animal, the animal shelter having care or custody of the animal shall:
- 1. Notify or make a reasonable attempt to notify by verifiable written or electronic communication any rescue organization that has previously requested to be notified before animals at the shelter are euthanized.
- 2. Unless there is evidence of neglect or animal cruelty as certified in writing by a licensed veterinarian, notify or make a reasonable attempt to notify by telephone or verifiable written or electronic communication the owner who surrendered the animal and inform that person that the animal is scheduled to be euthanized.
 - 3. Notify or make a reasonable attempt to notify by

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telephone or verifiable written or electronic communication the finder who surrendered the stray animal and inform that person that the animal is scheduled to be euthanized.

- 4. Offer those notified under this paragraph possession of the animal if requested.
- (b) An animal shelter may not euthanize an animal without making the notification required under this subsection.
 - (6) (a) An animal shelter may not:
- 1. Prohibit or obstruct the adoption or transfer of an animal based on breed, breed mix, species, age, color, appearance, or size.
- 2. Euthanize an animal solely because the animal's holding period has expired.
- (b) Before an animal is euthanized, all of the following conditions must be met:
- 1. There are no empty cages, kennels, or other living environments in the animal shelter.
- 2. The animal cannot share a cage or kennel with another animal.
- 3. A plea has been made to foster homes, and one is not available.
- 4. The owner, finder, and a rescue organization or group have been notified and are not willing to accept the animal.
- 5. The animal cannot be transferred to another shelter with room to house the animal.
- 6. There are no additional rooms at the animal shelter to set up temporary cages, kennels, or living environments in the shelter.
 - 7. The animal is not a cat subject to sterilization and

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release.

- 8. All mandates, programs, and services of this section have been met.
- 9. The director of the animal shelter certifies that he or she has no other alternative.
- (c) The determination that all conditions of paragraph (b) have been met shall be made in writing, signed by the director of the animal shelter, and made available for free public inspection for not fewer than 3 years.
- (7) (a) An animal impounded by an animal shelter shall be euthanized only when necessary and consistent with the requirements of this section by lethal intravenous injection of sodium pentobarbital, except as follows:
- 1. Intraperitoneal injection may be used only under the direction of a licensed veterinarian and only when intravenous injection is not possible for an infant animal, for a companion animal other than a cat or dog, or for a comatose animal with depressed vascular function.
- 2. Intracardiac injection may be used only when intravenous injection is not possible for an animal that is completely unconscious or comatose, and then only by a licensed veterinarian.
 - (b) The room in which an animal is euthanized must:
- 1. Be cleaned and regularly disinfected as necessary, but at least once per day on days the room is used, except that the specific area in the room where the procedure is performed shall be cleaned and disinfected between each procedure.
- $\underline{\text{2. Have adequate ventilation that prevents the accumulation}}$ of odors.

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(c) An animal may not be allowed to witness any other animal being euthanized or being tranquilized or sedated for the purpose of being euthanized or allowed to see the bodies of animals that have already been euthanized.

- (d) An animal must be sedated or tranquilized before being euthanized as necessary to minimize stress or discomfort or, in the case of a vicious animal, to ensure staff safety, except that neuromuscular blocking agents may not be used.
- (e) Following euthanization, an animal must be lowered to the surface on which it is being held and may not be allowed to drop or otherwise collapse without support.
- (f) An animal may not be left unattended until death occurs.
- (g) The body of an animal may not be disposed of until death is verified.
- (8) Verification of death shall be confirmed for each animal when all of the following conditions exist:
 - (a) Lack of heartbeat, verified by a stethoscope.
 - (b) Lack of respiration, verified by observation.
 - (c) Pale, bluish gums and tongue, verified by observation.
- (d) Lack of eye response, verified by the eyelid not blinking when the eye is touched and by the pupil remaining dilated when a light is shined on it.
- (9) A person other than a licensed veterinarian or a euthanasia technician certified by the state euthanasia certification program may not perform the procedures referenced in subsections (7) and (8).
- (10) A person may compel an animal shelter to comply with this section through an action for declaratory or injunctive

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233	relief or any other appropriate remedy of law that will compel
234	compliance.
235	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.